THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

Raftsman's Journal.

S. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA., AUG. 26, 1857.

WHAT TO DO.—Occasionally, here or there, we find an individual who appears to be perplexed as to the proper course for him to pursue this fall in his opposition to Locofocoism. To us, this seems strange. Every intelligent man knows, or ought to know, that the Democratic party, which is held together solely by "the cohesive power of public plunder," and the leaders of which are mainly actuated by the spirit of selt-aggrandizement, can only be successfully encountered by unity of action on the part of the Opposition. At present the great body of the Americans and Republicans are arrayed under the standard of David Wilmot, and are doing noble service for that great champion of Freedom and the rights and interests of free, white American citizens. Every day his prospects sre brightening more and more, and the Democracy are beginning to tremble for the safety of their "mum" candidate. The effort to create a diversion by getting up a third candidate, in the person of Isaac Hazlehurst, won't work well; the device is too shallow—the veil, with which it is attempted to screen that game of deception and chicanery, is too thin, and every right-minded man can see through it, if he will. As we said before, Hazlehurst is a mere decoy to catch the unwary—a mere sham, humbug and pretence, designed to draw a few thousand votes from Wilmot, and, as a consequence, aid Packer to that extent. The Democrats are mightily tickled whenever they hear of any one who allows himself to be thus gulled and drawn from Wilmot. Now, if any individual, desirous of defeating Packer and his party, wishes to know what to do, we can tell him plainly that he ought to labor and vote for David Wilmot, and the rest of the American Republican State Ticket. The fight is between Wilmot and Packer. Hazlehurst is a "side-door" affair, and every vote given him will be one less for Packer to overcome. Don't then make a simpleton and dolt out of yourself—a laughing-stock for the Locofocos—by voting for him. Don't allow yourself to be gulled and wheedled by a few political scoundrels, who are bellowing patriotic sentiments all over the State and making loud professions of intense love for American principles, for the purpose of deceiving you. We are "no prophet, nor the son of a prophet," but we will venture the prediction that every man who allows himself to be misled by these political "workers of iniquity," will, in less than half a dozen years, be ashamed to acknowledge it. Go, then, to work for Wilmot, Millward, Veech and Lewis, and you will be doing an act of which you may well be proud in after life, besides having the consciousness that you were aiding directly to overthrow the rule of the Sham Democracy in our good old Commonwealth.

"THE TRUTH ABOUT KANSAS."—Dr. John H. Gihon, Private Secretary of Gov. Geary during his seven months' service in Kansas, has embodied the facts which came under his own observation with those which he gleaned from official records and from other sources, in a book, entitled "Gov. Geary's Administration in Kansas; with a complete History of the Territory until June, 1857," a copy of which has been sent us by Charles C. Rhodes, Publisher, Inquirer Building, Philadelphia. The price is, in cloth, $1; paper cover, 50 cents. During the late Presidential contest, the Democratic speakers and press pronounced the accounts of the diabolical and sanguinary outrages that were committed in Kansas, fictions and "abolition lies." Dr. Gihon, like Reeder, Geary and others, went to Kansas a Democrat; but his political predilections have not been so strong as to prevent him from giving a true narrative of events in the Territory. We commend the book to the attention of the public, and hope every individual who wishes to make himself acquainted with "the truth about Kansas," will procure a copy.

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY for September is before us, and possesses an amount of interest that will make it be eagerly sought after, and sustains its high character. Miller & Curtis, 321 Broadway, New York, are the publishers.

"Household Words" are also to hand, laden with their usual choice articles, and lacking none of their wonted interest.

That attractive magazine for little folks, "The Schoolfellow," is likewise on our table. It is a good number, and must meet with favor wherever it makes its appearance.

A new way to fleece the State Treasury has been originated through Henry S. Mott, the democratic Canal Commissioner. Mott endeavored to set aside the sale of the Main Line, and employed the great Charles R. Buckalew and others as Counsel. Everybody thought that Mott did it on his own individual account. But this is not the fact. Recently the Auditor General, Jacob Fry, allowed the Treasurer to pay the claims of Buckalew and other Counsellers, for their services $3,000 in the case. This to say the least, is an outrage—a downright swindle!

There is quite a rage for suicide. Several cases have occurred recently, and we see another girl, an unknown German, threw herself off a ferry boat into the Delaware on the 20th and was drowned.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Ann G. Miller, aged twenty-two years, residing with her parents, on Washington Lane, near Germantown, Pa., committed suicide, on the 18th, by throwing herself before a locomotive on the Germantown rail road. When she was first discovered, the engineer blew his whistle, but the girl, instead of getting out of the road, kept on her way towards the approaching engine. When too late to stop the train, and when the engine was within a short distance of her, she deliberately laid down with her head across the track. The train came thundering on, passing over her body, tearing every shred of clothing from it, and severing the trunk almost in two. The back part of her head was also torn off, and her brains literally dashed out. The train was stopped as soon as possible, and the remains of the deceased gathered together by the roadside. The deceased, according to the statement made by her brother before the Coroner, had been laboring under a depression of mind for some time past.

The Kansas correspondent of the *Democrat* says that nearly two hundred indictments have been found against persons in the neighborhood of Topeka. Six men had been arrested in Franklin by dragoons and taken to the camp. Rumor says that Governor Walker is indignant at Judge Cato's decision, that the payment of taxes was a requisite qualification for voters. Ex-Governor Robinson has been notified to appear at Lecompton on the 18th inst., for trial on the old charge of usurpation of office.

A suit, in which $25,000 is claimed as damages for a breach of promise of marriage, has been commenced by Moses Ingle, of N. York, against Dr. George Hayward and wife, of Boston. Mr. Ingle met the lady in Europe, who was then the wealthy widow of the late Amos Binney. He alleges that she promised to marry him, but subsequently married Mr. Hayward. The defendants are abroad. Rufus W. Choate, and Peleg W. Chandler, are retained for the defence.

The steamer Tennessee, which sailed from New York very mysteriously on the 31st ult., it seems went to San Juan Del Norte, from whence she sailed on her return on the 10th inst., bringing with her 275 passengers, of whom all but fifteen were deserters from Walker's army.

At 20 minutes before one o'clock, on Friday the 21st, M'Kim was executed. He died protesting his innocence. He spoke over an hour from the scaffold. He attempted to commit suicide on the previous evening, by cutting the veins on one of his wrists with a piece of glass, which he procured somehow for this purpose, but failed in accomplishing his object.

S. Bronson, Jr., formerly cashier of the Merchants' and Mechanics' Bank of Chicago, was arrested at St. Paul's, on the 19th, at the instance of Mr. Woodworth, the President, on the charge of the larceny of $50,000 of the funds of the Bank.

Hostilities have again broken out between the Sioux and Chippewa Indians, commenced by the latter. A band of Chippewas having attacked a party of Sioux near Lactroxiers, they took thirty scalps, and then retreated down the Red river.

The General Land Office on the 20th, decided against the pre-emption claim of a colored man to three hundred and sixty acres of land in Wisconsin, taking the ground of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case, that "A free negro, of African race, whose ancestors were brought to this country and sold as slaves, is not a citizen within the meaning of the Constitution of the United States."

This decision of the Land Office applies to the other similar cases pending.

The Interior Department at Washington, has received intelligence from reliable gentlemen and fugitive Mormons, that Brigham Young is preparing to resist General Harney; that he has relapsed into the grossest infidelity and atheism, and continues to hold up the government of the United States to the supreme contempt of the Mormons.

The rumored collision between the Sioux and Chippewa Indians is without foundation.

J. O. Brayman, editor of the *Democrat* of Chicago, was arrested on the 21st for robbing the Post Office drawers of letters containing money, which were found in his possession.—He waived an examination and was held in $9,000 bail.

The Quindaro (Kansas) *Chindowan* says that at the recent August election in that territory there were 10,000 votes cast in favor of the Topeka Constitution. The vote for delegates to the pro-slavery Constitutional Convention was only 1,800.

On the 21st., J. H. Wagstaff, a lawyer, insulted a Mr. Sims, in a saloon in New York, and persisted till the latter fired a pistol at and killed him.

An explosion occurred at Duponte's powder mill at Wilmington, Delaware, on the 22d, by which six persons were killed.

Col. Roberts arrived at St. Louis on the 22d from New Mexico, and reports that in a battle between the Apache Indians and U. S. troops, on Gila river, 25 Indians were killed and 30 wounded, and Lieuts. Stein and Davis and nine privates were wounded.

A terrible hurricane passed over Moorland, Wisconsin, on the 21st, destroying every house in the place, and doing other damage.

In Pittsburgh, on Monday, flour was dull at $6,25 a $6,50.

THE ATLANTIC OCEAN TELEGRAPH.—The work of laying the telegraphic cable across the Atlantic, was commenced on the 3d of August, the day of the same month 365 years ago, that Columbus left Spain on his voyage of discovery of America. It was estimated that about one hundred miles of the cable a day would be laid, and the distance is 1834 miles. If no accident has happened, the expeditionary squadron must be near the American coast. The result is waited for with much interest on both sides of the Atlantic, though on the other side they have the advantage of knowing the progress at each step of the work, by despatches sent from the vessels, through the submerged cable, to the shore.

AMERICAN REPUBLICAN MEETING.

On last Wednesday evening, a large and highly respectable meeting of the American Republicans of Clearfield county, was held in the Court House in Clearfield borough. The following were the officers:

President,
WM. H. ROBERTSON, of Clearfield borough.

Vice Presidents,
Isaac England, Morris township,
John M. Chase, Woodward township,
Arthur Bell, Bell township,
Horace Patchin, Burnside township,
John Biesh, Boggs township,
John F. Lee, Bell township,
Lewis R. Carter, Clearfield borough,
David J. Cathcart, Knox township,
Daniel McKinney, Ferguson township,
Joseph H. Jones, Clearfield bor.
John S. Williams, Knox township,
Henry B. Bailey, Union township.

Secretaries,
Nathaniel Rishel, W. L. Antes, and Abr. G. Hoyt.

After the organization of the meeting, and a statement of its object, a committee, consisting of R. C. Winslow, Benj. Hartshorn, John Swan, Wm. McKee, Esq., Lewis R. Carter and S. B. Row, was appointed to wait on Hon. J. T. Hale and Sam'l Linn, Esq., and request them to address the meeting.

We regret that lack of space prevents us from giving an abstract of the speeches of Messrs. Linn and Hale. Suffice it to say that their remarks were a pointed review of the questions at issue in this contest; and that it was shown very clearly that the interests of the people of Clearfield county would most likely suffer in the event of Packer's election, whilst, if Wilmot was elected, those interests would be protected and encouraged. The speakers were frequently cheered, and much enthusiasm was manifested throughout the entire proceedings.

After the speakers had finished, the following resolutions were offered, and not only unanimously, but enthusiastically adopted:

Resolved, That in the platform adopted by the American Republican State Convention, which assembled at Harrisburg on the 25th of March last, and in the letter of Hon. David Wilmot in reply to interrogatories propounded by a committee of the American State Council, we find an expression of our views upon the topics at issue in the present political contest.

Resolved, That in Hon. David Wilmot, Hon. Wm. Millward, and James Veech and Joseph J. Lewis, Esquires, we recognize the champions of those principles, men of sterling integrity, in every way fully qualified to discharge the duties of the stations for which they are named, and as such, shall receive our united and hearty support.

A resolution, empowering the President of the meeting to appoint a County Executive Committee of 13, to serve for the space of one year or until another is appointed, was also adopted.

A resolution, tendering the thanks of the meeting to the speakers, was adopted.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the Court House in Clearfield borough, on Wednesday, September 23d, at 2 o'clock p. m., when Hon. David Wilmot will be present to address the people of this county.

It was a matter of remark that this meeting was one of the best and most respectable ever held in the county, and well calculated to inspire the opponents of the Sham Democracy with new vigor and a determination to continue battling for the cause of right and freedom.

The President of the meeting has authorized us to announce the following County Executive Committee:—

S. B. Row, Clearfield, Chairman.

Lewis R. Carter,	M. A. Frank, Esq.
James P. Nelson,	Wm. Hoover,
Abr. G. Hoyt,	Wm. McBride,
Col. S. C. Patchin,	John Russell,
Sam'l Sebring, Esq.,	David Dressler, Esq.
Henry Yothers,	John Blair, Esq.

SCANDAL IN NEW YORK.—The "Courier des Etats Unis," of Aug. 18th, has an account of an interesting affair which came off in the New York Hotel, on the Saturday evening previous. Mrs. W., a young and pretty lady from Louisiana, had been, in the absence of her husband, carrying on a flirtation with a Mr. F., a rich auctioneer, and their intimacy was carried so far that her husband in New Orleans was informed of it. He immediately started for N. York, without informing any one, and arrived there on Saturday evening, without his wife knowing anything about it. He proceeded to the hotel, inquired for her room, went to it, found the door unlocked, entered the room, and found his "better half" in bed with her new lover. Without uttering a word, Mr. W. drew his revolver and fired at the guilty pair, but missed them. F. jumped up, ran to the door, where he was shot at again, and took flight headlong through the hall, with nothing on but a flannel shirt, whilst persons rushed from all quarters, on hearing the firing. F. dashed down stairs at a fine rate, and finally bro't up in a waste closet, in which he bolted himself close. From this unpoetical shelter he could hear the tumult up-stairs, and the efforts to disarm the infuriated husband; nor would he open the door until summoned by the police, and upon formal promise that his life should be protected. As Mr. W. left for the South next day with his wife, it is believed the affair will go no further, having caused less blood than sweat and tears to be shed.

INDIAN TROUBLES ON THE PLAINS.—The St. Joseph, Missouri, *Journal*, of Aug. 11, says:

Wm. L. Summers and C. P. Buist arrived in this city on Saturday last, from Fort Kearney, August 1, and report that a company of 19 men, having in their charge 824 head of beef cattle belonging to Russel & Waddle, and destined for the Utah expedition, had been attacked by a band of Cheyennes and Camanches, on the 1st inst. The Indians came upon the drovers and fired quite unexpectedly, killing one man and desperately wounding another. At the time of the attack scarcely any of the drovers had their guns loaded. After recovering from the shock they proceeded to load their guns as quickly as possible, and to return the fire. They think they certainly caused three, if not five of the Indians to bite the dust. But this little repaid them for their own loss. The cattle belonging to the drove took a stampede at the first charge of the Indians, and before the skirmish was over, they succeeded in running off 20 out of 22 of the company's mules and horses. This happened about twenty-seven miles above Fort Kearney, and having only only two mules or horses left; the greater part of the company had to foot it back to the fort, which they did by a circuitous route, in order to avoid the Indians, thus making the actual distance much further.—The wounded man suffered excruciating pain during the entire route. The shot he received broke his thigh.

THE EXECUTION OF M'KIM.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, August 21.—This is the day set apart by the Executive for the execution of David Stringer M'Kim, convicted in May last, of the murder of Samuel T. Norcross. Last night people from a distance came into the town, and so great was the rush that beds could not be procured at the hotels, and many were compelled to lie upon floors, tables and chairs.

This morning a stream of humanity commenced pouring into the town at a very early hour, and nothing was talked about or thought of but the condemned and his approaching end. Business is almost entirely suspended here.

The Sheriff was beset yesterday and this morning by persons who were anxious to get within the prison walls to witness the last dread scene, but a very few out of the immense throng were gratified in their wish to be allowed to enter the enclosure and the disappointed multitude had to rest contented with gazing at the prison walls or in picking up such scraps of information from within doors as were retailed outside.

All sorts of rumors were in circulation during the morning, and those who went out of the prison doors during the forenoon were eagerly questioned by the crowd to know what the condemned was saying and doing, and above all to ascertain whether he had made any confession.

M'Kim slept soundly during the greater part of last night. At six o'clock this morning he attempted to commit suicide by opening a vein at his wrist with a piece of glass. The blood flowed freely for a while, but it was discovered in time to prevent serious results, and the wound was immediately bound up. A close watch was then set over the condemned wretch to prevent a second attempt of the same kind.

Neither the awful position of the condemned, his attempted suicide, nor his being foiled in the attempt to destroy himself affected his appetite, for he ate a hearty breakfast.

Great calculations were made on the manuscript statement which the condemned had prepared for the purpose of reading under the gallows, and many thought that in it would be found an admission of his guilt, but this expectation was disappointed this morning, when it was announced that M'Kim had destroyed the paper he had prepared. It seems that in a fit of rage he tore the "statement" to pieces.

The report of the attempted suicide of the murderer, and of his having torn the much talked of paper to pieces, created an immense sensation out of doors, and the excitement went up to fever heat.

At fifteen minutes past ten o'clock the condemned man was led out of the prison to the gallows. After mounting the scaffold, M'Kim proceeded to address the assembled crowd, and he spoke for one hour and five minutes. He denied his guilt most vehemently, and said that he declared before God and with his last breath that he died an innocent man.

M'Kim said that he had never either committed murder nor stole money or anything else. He also said that Atticks Fleck and another witness had sworn away his life on his trial.

At twenty five minutes before 1 o'clock Sheriff Fort pulled the drop, and the wretched criminal was launched into eternity, declaring his innocence until the last moment.

There were three military companies on duty around the jail, and notwithstanding the immense crowds in the town, everything passed off quietly.

After the body is cut down it will be handed over to the relatives of the malefactor, who have had prepared a handsome coffin for its reception.

It will be remembered that the crime for which M'Kim has suffered the extreme penalty of the law, was the murder, in January last, of a young man named Samuel T. Norcross, formerly of East Lexington Mass. Norcross had gone from his home to the West in the capacity of a music teacher. After residing there some time he returned to Massachusetts and borrowed $1000 from his sisters. This money he returned with to the West, and invested it in lands in Dubuque, Iowa, and Dunleith, Illinois. The property rose so rapidly in value, that he commenced the study of medicine with Dr. Burnhold, relying upon the interest of his money to support him.

In the meantime an abscess formed on his left side, which became painful, and he determined to return home. M'Kim, whose acquaintance he had formed, volunteered to accompany him. Norcross obtained his money in M'Kim's presence—the two started in company on the journey—M'Kim treated Norcross with great kindness until he had won his kindness and esteem, and finally killed and robbed him, on the morning of the 16th of January last, on the Pennsylvania Railroad track, three miles west of Altoona, where the victim was found in a dying condition by some laborers on the same morning, probably two hours after the commission of the deed.

The murderer managed to evade the officers of the law for several weeks after the commission of the crime, and he was finally captured in a wild mountainous spot in Columbia county by a Mr. Wolfe.

His trial commenced at Hollidaysburg the last of April, and although the commission of the fiendish crime was not directly proven, a powerful chain of circumstantial evidence was linked together. The Commonwealth proved conclusively the departure of McKim from Dunleith with Norcross—apparently having charge of him at the Eagle Hotel, in Pittsburgh, and the story he told the landlord about Norcross's insanity; the departure from the hotel in company; the testimony of a railroad employee to seeing two men get off the train at Altoona, and go up the track on the morning of the murder; the non appearance of McKim in Philadelphia to claim his baggage; his subsequent appearance in Pottsville with two lewd women; his reckless squandering of money, and subsequent disappearance when suspicion was aroused, and a number of other very suspicious circumstances.

Against all these tremendous facts the defence offered no testimony, except some entirely unimportant negative evidence, and the result was a conviction of murder in the first degree. After his conviction, he made an unsuccessful attempt to escape by sawing off his hobbles. He persisted in declaring his innocence of the murder until the last.

A Locofoco editor says: "The Democratic party contend for great living and immutable principles." It is true that they contend for "*great living*," and that is the reason why they howled so awful against the sale of the Main Line. The "immutable principles" for which they contend, are Roman Priestcraft and Slavery.

The Philadelphia *News*, the Hazlehurst organ, congratulates Dr. W. B. May, of Michigan, on his reunion with "the National Democracy." This is a significant fact, and shows which way the *News* inclines. We look upon it as a Locofoco concern.

The New York Knickerbocker says that speculation is as fascinating as Madame LaGrange in a low necked dress, and can no more be resisted than a passion for faro and the dice-box.

Bion seeing a person who was tearing the hair on his head for sorrow, said, "Does this man think that baldness is a remedy for grief?"

COMING HOME TO ROOST.

Curses are not the only thing that, like chickens, come home to roost. The boastings of the locofoco press of this State of Packer's porwess on the stump, before he was challenged, may be instanced as illustrative of this fact. We quoted the other day, from one of his party papers, the statement that he professed his willingness, to the convention which nominated him, to meet his opponent on the stump. In his speech, as revised in the Williamsport *Gazette*, of 18th March last, the same thing is implied, in more reserved terms, as follows:

"*For my own part*, in assuming the position assigned me by your partiality, *I promise you that, so far as I have ability, the canvass shall be so conducted as at least to reflect no discredit* upon this Convention or upon the Democratic party."

Following this avowal, the party press throughout the State acted upon the presumption that Packer would meet our nominee in public discussion, and we give a few more rich extracts of this tenor, to show what the party thought of stumping before Buckalew enlightened them:

"It matters not who the mongrel opposition may select, what his attainments or oratorical powers may be, *he will find in Gen. Packer* a foeman worthy of his steel."—*Phila. Argus.*

"He is one of the most skillful debaters in the State, and his long experience in political affairs has enabled him to become fully informed in regard to all its varied interests. The management of the canvass could not have been entrusted to abler hands. *On the stump, he is able to cope with the best orators* of the opposition.—*Pennsylvanian.*

"Our candidate for Governor, Gen. Wm. F. Packer, of Lycoming county, is a gentleman of fine personal appearance, a ready and fluent debater, *perfectly competent to meet on the political hustings any man* the opposition may bring against him."—*West Chester Repub.*

"He is an excellent polemic debater; indeed, we may say with great truth, he is an orator in the truest sense of the term, inasmuch as he does not only speak well, but always right to the point at issue, and by his earnest manner and flowing style gets right to the hearts of his hearers. *He is the very man to lead the Democratic column next autumn*, and we congratulate the convention in the selection they have made."—*Harrisburg Keystone.*

"We are glad to hear that he (Wilmot) contemplates a careful canvass of the State. Every speech he makes, outside of the Great African desert, is just so much done for the Democratic party, and if he should visit all the counties it will save us a great deal of trouble. The Democracy want the people to hear Mr. Wilmot for themselves, so that they cannot doubt the truth of what has been said of him by the Democratic press. If Mr. Wilmot will only do as the *North American* says he intends to, Gen. Packer will be elected by such a majority as has not been heard of since the last Jackson campaign. *Couldn't arrangements be made for him to commence immediately?*—*Williamsport Gazette.*

All this sounds very funny, now that the same papers have turned completely round, and are seeking to justify their cowardly candidate for declining the challange they coveted. Poor creatures! how contemptible they must feel, if they *have* any feeling, to be compelled thus to stultify themselves and eat up their vain boastings!

Mr. Buckalew, whose letter compelled all these fellows to change their tune so suddenly by advising Packer to run away from his opponent, and who said "there is a considerable public opinion against the propriety of executive candidates appearing at all before popular meetings to solicit votes," seems to be as good at changing ground suddenly as his editorial undergraduates, for he has permitted, if he has not advised, Packer to take the stump by himself, and appear "before popular meetings to solicit votes." After declaring such a thing to be *improper*, this candidate proceeds forthwith to do the improper thing by announcing himself to speak at democratic meetings throughout the State!—*Pittsburgh Gazette.*

JUDGE WILMOT'S APPOINTMENTS.

By appointment of the State Committee, Hon. DAVID WILMOT will address his fellow citizens, at the following places:

Washington, Thursday afternoon, Aug. 27.
Pittsburg, Friday evening, August 28.
Uniontown, Saturday afternoon, August 29.
Bedford, Tuesday afternoon, September 1.
M'Connelsburg, Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 2.
Chambersburg, Thursday afternoon, Sept. 3.
Huntingdon, Friday afternoon, September 4.
Hollidaysburg, Saturday afternoon, Sept. 5.
Altoona, Saturday evening, September 5.
Allegheny City, Monday evening, Sept. 7.
Kittanning, Tuesday afternoon, September 8.
Clarion, Wednesday afternoon, September 9.
Franklin, Thursday afternoon, September 10.
Meadville, Friday afternoon, September 11.
Waterford, Saturday afternoon, Septemb. 12.
Erie, Saturday evening, September 12.
Beaver, Monday afternoon, September 14.
New Castle, Tuesday afternoon, Septemb. 15.
Mercer, Wednesday afternoon, September 16.
Butler, Thursday afternoon, September 17.
Allegheny co. Friday & Sat'day, Sep. 18&19.
Indiana, Monday afternoon, September 21.
Johnstown, Tuesday afternoon, Septemb. 22.
CLEARFIELD, Wednesday, September 23.
Bellefonte, Thursday afternoon, Septemb. 24.
Lewistown, Friday afternoon, September 25.
Bloomfield, Saturday afternoon, Septem. 26.
Duncannon, Saturday evening, September 26.
Harrisburg, Monday afternoon, Septemb. 28.
Mechanicsburg, Monday evening, Sept. 28.
Carlisle, Tuesday afternoon, September 29.
Gettysburg, Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 30.
York, Thursday afternoon, October 1.
Chestnut Level, Friday afternoon, October 2.
Lancaster, Saturday afternoon, October 3.
West Chester, Monday afternoon, October 5.
Media, Tuesday afternoon, October 6.
Phil'a and vicinity, from the 7th to the 13th.

LEMUEL TODD,
Chairman of the Committee.
Edward M'Pherson, Secretary.

MISSOURI.—Telegraphic reports state that the election of Major Rollin as Governor of Missouri is likely to be set aside by the "amended" returns. This game of amended returns is explained in the St. Louis *Democrat* by an example. Polk county gave *one* majority for Stewart, which was sworn to and recorded before the Secretary of State. But as soon as it was found that Rollin's vote in the State was likely to exceed that of Stewart, an amended return was sent up giving Stewart 281 majority. It is also stated that runners have been sent out to meet the messengers of the remaining counties, with instructions to alter the returns to suit the unlooked for exigency. The *Democrat* denounces this "serial of rascality" with just indignation, and invokes the right of revolution as a corrective of these evils.

PENNSYLVANIA ITEMS.

INDIANA COUNTY.—One day last week, a Mr. Snyder of Indiana Bor'o, employed to attend the brick layers, at the new Presbyterian church, while ascending a scaffolding with a load of brick, the scaffolding gave way precipitating him about twenty feet below. He was considerably injured. . . . . On the 15th, two lads, killed, a short distance west of town, a snake of the racer species, measuring between five and six feet in length. . . . . J. T. Barr, Esq., has a prospectus in circulation for a new Democratic paper, to be published at Blairsville. . . . . A boy about six years of age, son of Mr. Samuel Miller, of Bells Mills, Indiana county, was run over by the accommodation train on Friday the 14th, getting one of his thighs broken, and otherwise injured. Fears are entertained of his recovery.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.—On Saturday evening, the 8th inst., Thomas Patterson, while loading a load of hay on the farm of David Milliron, near New Stanton, accidently fell from the wagon and was instantly killed. . . . . One of the mail carriers of the Butler, Freeport and Greensburgh mail, was arrested by officer Turner, of Freeport, on Saturday, charged with robbing the mail on or about the 8th of the present month. The accused was taken before Esquire Reter, and committed for a further hearing.

CLINTON COUNTY.—On Saturday the 13th., the oldest son of Alexander Sloan, of Lock Haven while attempting to remove some loose shingles from the roof of an out house fell some twenty feet to the ground, causing concussion of the brain, Dr. Armstrong was immediately called in and we are happy to learn that under his charge he is doing well, and in all probability will recover.

CLARION COUNTY.—On Tuesday the 18th Mr. Hamilton Corbett, of Clarion township, while in the act of removing a cutting box from the barn floor to a room below, the leg of the box caught which caused him to fall upon the knife, cutting his hand at the wrist, severing sinews, veins and arteries, so that he bled profusely. Dr. Ross dressing the wound and he is doing well.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.—On Friday night last a week some person or persons entered the store room of Wm. Geisluger, in Portstown, and carried off twenty dollars in cash, a gold watch, some jewelry, and a quantity of dry goods. The burglars also attempted to fire the building, but were unsuccessful.

BLAIR COUNTY.—On the evening of the 13th, Cecil, son of Thad. Banks, Esq., of Hollidaysburg, came near losing his life by the explosion of some powder with which he and some other small boys were playing. He was severely burned, but is recovering.

YORK COUNTY.—Jackson Burger committed suicide by stripping the bark from a tree, and afterwards hanging himself therewith. He was found suspended by the neck from a tree. Pecuniary difficulties were the cause of the rash act.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.—We learn that one day last week some rascal stole a gold watch worth 60 or $70 and a pocket book, containing some money, we have not heard the amount, from Mr. Amos Hinderlider, of Corsica.

The death of Eugene Sue, the great French novelist, is announced.

Arrival and Departure of Mails at Clearfield.

ARRIVES.

Eastern, daily, Sundays excepted, at	7 P.M.
Western, " " "	8 P.M.
Smith's Mills, Saturdays,	5 P.M.
Sinnamahoning, Wednesd. & Saturd.	8 P.M.
Karthaus, Saturdays,	6 P.M.
Kylertown, Mondays & Thursdays,	12 M.

DEPART.

Eastern, daily, Sundays excepted, at	4 A.M.
Western, " " "	4 A.M.
Smith's Mills, Fridays,	7 A.M.
Sinnamahoning, Tuesdays & Fridays,	6 A.M.
Karthaus, Thursdays,	8 A.M.
Kylertown, Mondays & Thursdays	1 P.M.

The Mails will close at 9 o'clock, P. M.

N. B. Business men, of town and vicinity, will please preserve this for future reference.

C. D. WATSON, Post Master.

Mail arrives at Curwensville from Indiana, via Newman's Mills, Cush, Burnside, New Washington, Chest, Bower and Grampian Hills, Tuesday and Fridays at 11½ A. M., and departs same days at 1 P. M.

Mail leaves Curwensville for Marron, via New Millport and Lumber City, every Saturday at 6 A. M., and returns same day at 8 p.m.

New Advertisements.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against buying or in any way meddling with one cow, one spring calf, two tea plate stoves, and one corner cupboard, as the said property belongs to me, and has been left with John Ellinger on loan only. WILLIAM TEN EYCK.
Curwensville, Aug. 22, 1857—aug26-3t

STRAYED, from the farm of the subscriber in Beccaria township, in the latter part of July, a yoke of Oxen, one a black, with a bell on, and the other a reddish brindle; of ordinary size, and are about six years old. Any person returning the same, or giving information of their whereabouts, will be liberally rewarded.
aug25-3t-pd J. H. GREEN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Books and Accounts of Francis Short, have been placed in my hands for collection, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to him in any way, are earnestly requested to call and settle the same immediately, at the office of the undersigned, as the books must be squared in five weeks from this time, August 25th, 1857.
THOMAS J. McCULLOUGH,
Aug. 26, 1857. Attorney at Law.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to Samuel Biss, by note, bond or book account, are requested to make immediate payment, and persons with unsettled accounts will call and settle before the 15th of November, and save costs. Hides will be taken in payment at the highest market prices.
SAMUEL BISS.
N B. All business from this date will be transacted in the name of S. Biss & Junod. Thankful for past favors, they respectfully solicit a continuance of custom. Cash paid for hides.
New Washington, Aug. 20, 1857—3m

NEWS FOR BAREFOOTED FOLKS. THE SUBSCRIBERS WISH TO INFORM THEIR FRIENDS and the PUBLIC GENERALLY, that they have bought out Frank Short of the
"SHORT SHOE SHOP,"
in Shaw's Row, and mean to continue the BOOT and SHOE making business, as heretofore. Customers wishing to be supplied with substantial work, if they will give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, will find it to their advantage. All kinds of ready made work on hand, or made to order on short notice. Repairing done on short notice, likewise. All work sent out from our establishment is warranted not to be superseded by any in the country, be they Yankee or any body else.
J. McCABE,
GEORGE NEWSON.
Clearfield, Pa., August 26, 1857.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against buying or in any way meddling with a yoke of oxen, now in possession of Wm. W. Wilson, of Chest township, as said oxen belong to me, and have only been loaned by me to said Wilson.
Aug. 19, 1857-3t. F. G. MILLER.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned against meddling with or purchasing a sorrel horse in the possession of Robert Britton, of Brady tp., as the same belongs to me and is only left with said Britton on loan. HENRY B. BAILEY.
Union township, August 19, 1857-3t-pd.