

THE JOURNAL.

CLEARFIELD, PA., AUG. 19, 1857.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY NORMAL SCHOOL.—The Convention of School Directors, which met in May last to elect a Superintendent, imposed upon that officer the duty of teaching a Normal School for a period of two months each year. In accordance with this obligation, our worthy Superintendent, Rev. L. L. Still, opened a school of the character named, a week since, in the Borough of Curwensville. During a portion of the time, Professor Allen, of McKean county, a gentleman of fine attainments and well qualified to act the part of instructor, has been in attendance, imparting instruction, and also delivering lectures on educational subjects, on several evenings during the time of his visit. There are, we learn, between 25 and 30 teachers in attendance. This number may appear small, but when the peculiar circumstances by which many teachers are surrounded, are known, it is rather a matter of surprise that the number is so large.—For instance, some of the teachers, we are told, have not been paid their last winter's wages, and this tardiness on the part of districts, is preventing their attendance. One other drawback is, that in several districts, the directors have either opened, or failed to close, as they should have done, the public schools, so as to give their teachers an opportunity of attending. We mention these facts to show the obstacles that intervene, and the difficulties that have to be encountered by the Superintendent. There is certainly no way in which those who follow, or intend pursuing the occupation of teaching, can reap as much benefit, as by attending a Normal School, and in this instance, at least, as to trifling a cost, no tuition fee is charged, and boarding is the only expense to be incurred. The advantages are much greater than is generally supposed, and we trust that not only the school teachers, for whose special benefit the school is intended, but that the citizens of the county generally will take an interest in the matter, and aid in this effort to advance the cause of education in our county.

SABBATH SCHOOL CELEBRATION.—The anniversary celebration of the Episcopal Sabbath School of this place, which was held at Liberty Spring on last Friday, was a very fine affair. Appropriate exercises were had on the occasion. There was a beautiful collation of "the good things of earth," done up in the choicest style, for which those who prepared it, are deserving of high commendation and the thanks of all who participated. Everything passed off agreeably and satisfactorily, and a very pleasing feature was the spirited and enlightening musical performances. It was really heart-cheering to see parents and children, teachers and scholars, out in the free, pure air, mingling and enjoying themselves in such an appropriate and felicitous manner, and it is only to be regretted that such occasions do not occur more frequently.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.—The Democrats of this county held their primary election on last Saturday, and the following are the candidates put in nomination: Assembly—Dr. T. J. Boyer, of Brady tp. Treasurer—John M'Pherson, of Clearfield B. Commissioner—George Barbard, of Knox tp Auditor—A. O. Tate, of Lawrence township. The vote stood—Boyer 239, Hoops 154, Porter 272, Ross 16, M'Pherson 401, Goodlander 503, Earhard 548, Holt 202, Tate 614.

HORSE KILLED IN A STORM.—On last Friday, during the prevalence of a wind storm, a mare belonging to James A. Mead, was killed, near Goshen school house, by the falling of a dead tree. The mare at the time was hitched to a wagon which Mr. Robert Leonard was driving, and the tree falling across the road immediately behind the wagon, struck her on the head, breaking her neck, and a knot penetrating her head, causing instant death.

THE NEW CHURCH OF THE BAPTISTS in this place is progressing in its construction as rapidly as the unsettled state of the weather will permit, and will in a short time be ready to put under roof. The contractor, Mr. James Phillips, who is an excellent workman, is making a very creditable job of it, and when finished, the church will be a decided improvement to that portion of our borough in which it is located.

CAMP MEETING.—We are requested to state that the M. E. Church of the Clearfield and Curwensville charge, will hold a Camp Meeting at the old ground near A. Diemmen's, midway between Clearfield and Curwensville, commencing on Friday, September 4th.

LECTURE ON EDUCATION.—We are requested to announce that Professor Allen, of McKean County, will lecture in the Court House, in Clearfield Borough, on to-morrow (Thursday) evening, on Educational Affairs. A general attendance is requested.

THE yearly expense of the Chicago Post-office amounts to about \$74,000. There are eighty-seven clerks engaged in the office, at an average salary of \$700. There are in the office 3,123 boxes, which rent at \$8,298 a year and 342 drawers, which rent at \$2,520. The receipts for the last quarter are stated at \$200,000.

MORE WILD CATS.—An extra from the office of Thompson's Reporter says: The following banks are thrown out, and are not purchased at former rates of quotations, viz: Merchant's Exchange Bank, Bridgetown, Connecticut; City Bank, Cincinnati, Ohio; Union Bank, Sandusky City, Ohio; Canal Bank, Cleveland, Ohio.

At Tyrone, Blair county, Mrs. Harriet M. Stewart is appointed post-master, vice John B. Stewart, resigned.

It is said that Wm. H. Seward is about to take a voyage round the world.

CLIPPINGS AND SCRIBBLINGS.

Honesty—an excellent joke in these days.

A cracked character, like a kettle once mended, always requires mending.

Next Friday is the day on which McKim is to be executed in Hollidaysburg.

Another interesting letter from our friend Dandy appears in to-day's Journal.

The annual circulation of papers in the United States is about 500,000,000 copies.

Efforts to make horse-flesh a general food, are vigorously continued in Paris, France.

Coming to Clearfield—Wilnot. He will be here on Wednesday, 23d Sept.

Footed—the individual who thought he was kissing *amelody cloe*, but which happened to be his own wife.

Willis calls the nether limbs of Ladies "suppositions." Yes they are supposed to be "there or thereabouts."

Grass-poppers are said to exist in great numbers about Bevidere, N. J. Whole fields are made desolate, as if recently ploughed.

The Verdict of a recent Coroner's jury, on a man who died in a state of insobriety was, "death by hanging—round a rum shop."

There is a gentleman in Boston so polite that he begs his own pardon every time he tumbles down. Being good natured he always grants it.

Mr. Robert Colkitt, of South Mahoning tp. Indiana county, Pa., harvested this season from three acres of ground, 215 dozen of wheat, being 714 dozen to the acre.

A Professional brother, of Boston, has forwarded to the Jersey City "retired physician whose sands of life have nearly run," a cask of fine beach sand to supply the vacuum.

A man in Milwaukee was fined three dollars for kissing a Dutch lady weighing two hundred and fifty pounds. The deed was done in the presence of her husband, who said, "I was so mad I could not speak."

The Indiana, Pa., Register has a notice of the marriage, on the 6th inst., of Mr. Peter Engel, aged 68 years, to Mrs. Mary Bennett, aged 50 years. Who need despair after this, we should like to know.

Jonathan Groves, of White Clay Creek Hundred, Delaware, lost six valuable hoes, worth at least \$1000, on the 10th inst. They were laying under a tree in the field, when it was struck by lightning, and were all instantly killed.

Mr. Guthrie, of Chicago, Illinois, has one field of 550 acres of hay, enclosed with good pine board and cedar post fence. He is cutting from other fields at least 1,000 acres, besides, and expects to cut and press this year 5000 tons of hay.

One of the few, the immortal names not born to die, is, evidently, Smith. It is stated that in England and Wales, every year, 5588 Smiths are born, 4014 Smiths die, and 3000 Smiths, determined to preserve the Smith family from extinction, do marry.

Wasn't here—on Monday evening, Hazlehurst. It is reported that by the time he reached Tyrone he had the "sheller-ache" so bad that he had to return home. A plaster of Loofocoo money applied to the inside of his pocket would, we think, "bring him out," again.

DeBow's mortality statistics show that the people of the United States are the healthiest on the globe. The deaths are three hundred and twenty thousand per year, or one and one-third per centum of the population. In England the ratio is over two per cent., and in France nearly three per cent.

An enormous wager is under way at New Orleans. Col. Williams is to eat one thousand eggs in a thousand hours, on a bet of \$1,000. He has gulped himself to a difficult task. It will take 41 days and 16 hours to accomplish the feat. He has made a big lay on those eggs and should hatch success.

A Charming Domestic Circle.—A St. Francis correspondent of the Helena (Ark.) Democrat says that a snake den was discovered, a few days ago near Taylor's creek, in that country, containing upwards of two hundred and forty reptiles, thirty of which were large rattlesnakes, and the balance moccasins and black snakes.

Hard work—reading the address of the Loofocoo State Central Committee. It is signed by C. K. Duckeale as chairman, whose name is connected with a "sumptuary law," yet among the objections this address makes to the objection is that they are in favor of "sumptuary laws, by which dress, food, drink, equipage or other like concerns of use, habit or fashion, is coerced."

MARRIED—August 6th, by Rev. W. H. Rex, Mr. JOHN A. RISHEL to Miss LYDIA ANN HEZE, both of Brandy township, Clearfield county.

POISONED HAY.—A farmer in Ashland, O., complains that he has lately lost seven head of cattle by their eating poisoned hay. It appears that the poison is in the form of ergot, a stinkily excressence which grows on the June grass. It grows as it does on rye, in the shape of a diseased and enlarged seed of dark color, varying from the size of a wheat grain to three-fourths of an inch long.

Arrival and Departure of Mails at Clearfield. ARRIVES. Eastern, daily, Sundays excepted, at 7 P. M. Western, " " " " 8 P. M. Smith's Mills, Saturdays, 5 P. M. Sinnamahoning, Wednesd. & Saturd. 8 P. M. Karthaus, Saturdays, 6 P. M. Kyles town, Mondays & Thursdays, 12 P. M. DEPARTS. Eastern, daily, Sundays excepted, at 4 A. M. Western, " " " " 4 A. M. Smith's Mills, Fridays, 7 A. M. Sinnamahoning, Tuesdays & Fridays, 6 A. M. Karthaus, Thursdays, 8 A. M. Kyles town, Mondays & Thursdays 1 P. M. The Mails will close at 9 o'clock, P. M. N. B. Business men, of town and vicinity, will please preserve this for future reference. C. D. WATSON, Post Master.

Mail arrives at Curwensville from Indiana, via Newman's Mills, Cosh, Burnside, New Washington, Chest, Bower and Grampian Hills, Tuesday and Fridays at 11 1/2 A. M., and departs same days at 1 P. M.

Mail leaves Curwensville for Marrison, via New Millport and Lunaber City, every Saturday at 6 A. M., and returns same day at 8 p.m.

NEW SUPPLY OF COFFEE, TEA, SUGAR, AND BEST SYRUP MOLASSES, for sale at the corner. WM. F. IRWIN.

MAKEREEL.—A lot of superior Makereel for sale at [July 22] WM. F. IRWIN'S.

IRON AND CHAIN PUMPS, for sale cheap at the Corner. WM. IRWIN.

CHILD'S & PETERSON, Publishers, 110 N. 3rd St. Philadelphia. J. B. Lippencott & Co., 29 N. Fourth St., Philadelphia. Phillips, Sampson & Co., 13 Winter St., Boston. Sheldon, Blakeman & Co., 115 Nassau St., New York. G. P. Putnam & Co., 221 Broadway, New York. Appleton & Co., 45 Main street, Cincinnati. S. G. Griggs & Co., 111, Lake street, Chicago. August 12, 1857.

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FARMERS LOOK AT THIS!

The undersigned, agent for the sale of WILSON'S THRASHING MACHINES, gives notice that he is prepared to supply the Farmers of Clearfield county, on the shortest notice, with TWO, THREE or FOUR HORSE MACHINES, at the most reasonable prices. These machines are not surpassed by any in the United States, and will thresh in one day, if properly attended, from 100 to 400 bushels. Repairing done to order. WM. SPACKMAN, Clearfield, August 12, 1857—3m-pd.

FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale, on reasonable terms, his entire interest in that valuable Saw-mill property, situated on Little Anderson's creek, one and a half miles below Moore's Mill, on the road leading from Pennington to Curwensville. There is in connection with the saw-mill, a good frame house, a comfortable house and other out-buildings on the premises.—For further particulars apply to the subscriber, residing in Penn township, one mile south-east of Pennington, Clearfield county. August 27-3m. SAMUEL WIDEMIRE.

THE TRUTH ABOUT KANSAS! KANSAS! GEARY'S ADMINISTRATION IN CLEARFIELD COUNTY, PA. COMPLETE HISTORY OF THE TERRITORY UNTIL JUNE, 1857.—Embracing a full account of its discovery, Geography, Soil, Climate, Products, its organization as a Territory, transactions and events under the successive Administrations, political discussions, Personal Reminiscences, Election frauds, battles and outrages, with Portraits of prominent actors therein, all fully authenticated by JOHN H. GIBSON, M. D., Private Secretary to Governor Geary. Fully compiled from the official documents on file in the department of State at Washington and other papers in the possession of the Author, with full account of the INVASION OF KANSAS BY MISSOURI, the capture, trial and treatment of the "Free State" men, the character and movements of the Missouri Border Ruffians, the murder of Buffum and others. The Controversy between Governor Geary and Judge Le Compte, the proceedings of the Territorial Legislature, of the Presidential election, and the organization of the National Democratic Party, with a Sketch of Kansas during the early troubles under Governors Boeder and Shannon. Its Invasion, Battles, Outrages and Murders. A copy will be sent to any part of the United States, by mail, free of postage, on the receipt of retail price. A liberal discount to the trade. 50c per copy. Agents wanted. Price in Cloth \$1. Paper, 50cts. Publisher, Inquirer Building, July 29, 1857-4m. Philadelphia, Pa.

SALES! SALES! SALES!!! SALES!!! (BUT NOT SHERIFF'S SALES!) AT THE "SHORT SHOE SHOP."

FRANK SHORT informs his friends in general, and all men in particular, that he has on hand a fine assortment of Gents', Gaiters, Ladies' and Children's Gaiters. Also, English Walking Shoes of his own manufacture, of French Patent, French Calf without the Patent, and all other kinds of shoes, made constantly on hand, and the material to make anything in his line from a "creek" up to a back-street Boot. Also, Findings of all kinds, (kit excepted.) Laces and Pink Ribbons, Thread, Nails, Pegs, Heel-Balls, Bristles and Morocco, Boot Morocco, Ladies' dressed and undressed Morocco, French Morocco, Kid and Bindings of all kinds. Come one! Come all! Give Shorty a Call!

and if you don't like the goods, don't soil them. TERMS: On one-half of the goods you purchase, and the other half at the same time. June 21-27-3m. FRANCIS SHORT.

P. S. All old customers indebted to me, are requested to come forward and settle their accounts as early as possible, as I am called upon to settle the other side of my ledger by my creditors, immediately. If said customers have not got the "ready tin," they can give their notes. This is positively the last notice. FRANK SHORT.

DELISHA KENT KANE—A BIOGRAPHY—BY WILLIAM ELDER.—In announcing the Life of Dr. Kane, we are but anticipating the wishes of thousands of our countrymen, and the admirers of that great explorer, the personal friend of the deceased, and enjoying a large share of his confidence. Dr. Elder is well qualified to do justice to the subject. This work will be issued by my publisher, in two volumes, and will equal in every respect the superb volume of "Arctic Explorations," recently published. It will contain a new full-face portrait, engraved by my engraver, in uniform style with the former works. In order to give this work a large circulation it will be sold at the low price of one dollar and fifty cents. (\$1.50.)

MORE THAN \$300,000 SOLD WITHIN NINE MONTHS.—DR. KANE'S GREAT WORK.—ARCTIC EXPLORATIONS.—Is now being read by more than two hundred thousand persons, old and young, learned and unlearned. It is just the book that should be read by every American citizen. 500 newspapers have each pronounced it the most remarkable and marvelous work ever published. The Foreign Journals and the most distinguished circles of Europe are extravagant in its praises. It is more interesting than any other work; being a faithful account of the privations and hardships, the narrative of which cannot be read without a shudder. Our most eminent men have vied with each other in extolling its merits. Two volumes, with superb portraits, in uniform style with the "Arctic Explorations." Price, Five Dollars, (\$5.00.)

DR. KANE'S FIRST NARRATIVE.—The United States Gazette has published the following notice: "John Franklin, during the year 1846-51."—A Personal Narrative, by Eliza Kent Kane, M. D., U. S. N. One volume, 8vo., upwards of 500 pages, containing 200 Steel Portraits of Sir John Franklin, including a Fine Steel Portrait of Sir John Franklin, being the only one ever engraved in America. Also, a Biography of Franklin, by S. Austin Arlino, Esq. This work is totally distinct from the usual Arctic narratives, and contains many valuable and interesting matters never before published. It should be owned by all who have purchased of the last expedition, as it makes Dr. Kane's works complete. Price, Three Dollars, (\$3.00.)

A PHOTOGRAPH OF DR. KANE.—Taken from Life by Brady of New York. Price, \$5.00.

IN PRESS, COL. J. C. FREMONT'S EXPLORATION'S.—PREPARED BY THE AUTHOR, and embracing all his expeditions. Superbly illustrated with Steel Plates and Wood cuts, engraved under the immediate superintendence of Col. Fremont, mostly from photographs taken on the spot, and will be issued in a very complete and valuable form. It will also contain a new Steel Portrait being the only correct likeness of the author ever published. Two volumes, octavo, \$5.00.

BRAZIL AND THE BRAZILIANS.—BY REV. P. D. KIDDER, of the Methodist Episcopal Church. BY REV. J. C. FLETCHER, of the Presbyterian Church. This is a new and splendidly illustrated work, one large volume, octavo, in uniform style with the superb volumes of Kane's Arctic Explorations is the joint effort of the above named gentlemen who, as travellers and missionaries, (and one in an official position as Acting Secretary of the United States Legation at Rio de Janeiro,) have had a varied experience in a land full of interest, whether we regard it in a natural, commercial, political or moral point of view. Price, Three Dollars, (\$3.)

"Any of the above works will be sent by mail free of postage by remitting the published price. AGENTS WANTED. CHILD'S & PETERSON, Publishers, 110 N. 3rd St. Philadelphia. J. B. Lippencott & Co., 29 N. Fourth St., Philadelphia. Phillips, Sampson & Co., 13 Winter St., Boston. Sheldon, Blakeman & Co., 115 Nassau St., New York. G. P. Putnam & Co., 221 Broadway, New York. Appleton & Co., 45 Main street, Cincinnati. S. G. Griggs & Co., 111, Lake street, Chicago. August 12, 1857.

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BY AUTHORITY.

RESOLUTION PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH. Resolved: by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Session, that the following amendments be proposed to the constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT. There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:—

ARTICLE XI. OF PUBLIC DEBTS. SECTION 1. The State may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power, the State may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to redeem the present outstanding liabilities of the State; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except as otherwise specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the State.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the principal and interest on the debt contracted as aforesaid, the Legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof, until the same shall be paid in full, and fifty thousand dollars, which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time awarded by the State, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, or of the proceeds of the sale of stocks owned by the State, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it the proceeds of any other revenue of the State, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used for any other purpose, in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the Commonwealth shall not be pledged, or even to be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the Commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SECTION 6. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the State to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the State in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The Legislature shall not authorize any county, city, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money, in any manner, for any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECTION 8. There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII., as follows:—

ARTICLE XII. OF NEW COUNTIES. No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county, or to be attached to another county, or to any county, or to any portion of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

SECTION 1. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the State to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the State in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power, the State may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to redeem the present outstanding liabilities of the State; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

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ARTICLE XIII. OF NEW COUNTIES. No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county, or to be attached to another county, or to any county, or to any portion of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

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SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power, the State may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to redeem the present outstanding liabilities of the State; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

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SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the principal and interest on the debt contracted as aforesaid, the Legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof, until the same shall be paid in full, and fifty thousand dollars, which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time awarded by the State, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, or of the proceeds of the sale of stocks owned by the State, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it the proceeds of any other revenue of the State, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used for any other purpose, in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the Commonwealth shall not be pledged, or even to be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the Commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SECTION 6. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the State to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the State in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The Legislature shall not authorize any county, city, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money, in any manner, for any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECTION 8. There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XIV., as follows:—

ARTICLE XIV. OF NEW COUNTIES. No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county, or to be attached to another county, or to any county, or to any portion of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

SECTION 1. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the State to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the State in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power, the State may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to redeem the present outstanding liabilities of the State; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except as otherwise specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the State.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the principal and interest on the debt contracted as aforesaid, the Legislature shall,