THE JOURNAL.

PEOPLE'S MASS MEETING,

IN CLEARFIELD BOROUGH,

ON MONDAY, OCT. 20, 1856,

(IN THE AFTERNOON.)

THE friends of Free Speech, Free Press and Free Kansas, who are opposed to the election of James Buchanan, will meet in *MASS CONVENTION, at the Court House in CLEARFIELD BOROUGH, on MONDAY the 20th day of OCTOBER, in the afternoon.*

HON. CASSIUS M. CLAY,

OF KENTUCKY,

will POSITIVELY be present to address the people on that occasion, as this meeting has been appointed in accordance with Mr. Clay's own arrangements. Other speakers from a distance, whose names will be announced hereafter, are expected to be present to also discuss the great questions involved in the Presidential election. All are invited to attend. Come one, come all. Friends of Freedom, of the Constitution and the Union—all who are apposed to the election of James Buchanan, who is pledged to continue the baneful policy of the present imbecile National Administration—all who desire to restore peace to our country, to make Kansas a free State, and to aid in advancing the principles of Freedom, are urged to attend

UNION ELECTORAL TICKET.

We have received a circular, numerously signed, addressed to the voters of Pennsylvania opposed to James Buchanan, calling upon them to meet in their respective counties on *Saturday the 11th of October*, and select twice the number of delegates that each district is entitled to members of the Legislature, who are to meet in Convention *at Harrisburg, on Thursday the 16th day of October*, to form a Union Electoral Ticket, upon the plan which we published a short time since, in the event that the several State Committees of the opposition, which were to meet yesterday, at the State capital, did not agree upon a ticket. In accordance with this call, those opposed to the election of Buchanan are requested to meet in Clearfield borough on Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, to select delegates, if it is deemed necessary.

Gov. Geary, of Kansas, seems to hold out in his Inaugural some hopes of peace for unhappy Kansas; but he dashes to the ground, in one sentence, all the hopes that the general tenor of his address would seem to authorize. In spite of all his fair words, he is there simply to do the work of the moss-troopers who surround him. He says he deprecates a continuance of the strife and disorder in the Territory, caused by the illegal and unjustifiable interference of other States, promises just *Legislature*, until they are repealed. This is just the turning point of the whole case.—Those "laws of the Territorial Legislature,"—infamous, invalid and unconstitutional,—are the cause of the whole difficulty. So long as they are in force, it is utterly impossible to effect their repeal. They disfranchise, by their test oaths, every man who wishes and would vote to repeal them. If repealed at all, it must be by the Legislature. Then the Legislature is to be chosen in accordance with the provisions of these very laws;—and one of their requirements is that *no man shall vote, or be eligible to office, who will not take an oath to sustain them.* What a mockery is it, therefore, for Governor Geary to tell the people of Kansas that these laws must be obeyed until repealed!

Gov. Geary may secure momentary peace to the territory by keeping out the Missouri ruffians until after the Presidential election; but any attempt to enforce the infamous territorial laws must end in the triumph of Border Ruffianism. They were made for the express purpose of forcing Slavery upon Kansas, and they so effectually disfranchise the free state men as to render their repeal, under their own operation, impossible. The true purpose of Gov. Geary, evidently, is to keep things quiet for a few weeks, in order to prevent injury to Buchanan from the continual outrages in the territory, and then renew the fight under circumstances disadvantageous to the Free State men.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

A letter from Pittsburg to the editor of the Elmira *Advertiser* says: "I think you can safely rely on Allegheny county giving Fremont 5,000 majority; Beaver, 1,000; Lawrence, 2,000; Washington, (which you know is generally very close,) 600; and Fayette and Greene will be very close, if not give a majority for Fremont. In Westmorland our friends are working hard. In some parts of the county they are holding meetings every day, and are sanguine of success. The West is sound for Fremont by a large majority, as we will demonstrate to your satisfaction on the 14th of October. The Fillmore men are doing but little in this section."

LET THERE BE no secrets in Medicine, or rather no pretended secrets. The Medical Faculty publish as soon as made, all their discoveries, and almost all that is known of real value for the cure of disease, has been discovered by teem. *Dr. Ayer* takes the honorable honest course, and right because it is honest. He goes to work and invents the best remedy which medical skill can devise for the cure of certain comslaints; then publishes what it is and maintains his monopoly of it solely by making it cheaper, better, more perfect, than anybody else can. If the people would exact this of all who offer medicines, they would have much less treacle and trash to swallow.—*New Orleans Organ.*

OCTOBER ELECTIONS.—Florida and Georgia held their State elections on the 6th. Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana elect on next Tuesday the 14th. South Carolina elects one day earlier, the 13th.

A CHALLENGE.—Lieut. Gov. Roberts, in reply to a statement of Governor Bigler's that "Toombs' Kansas Bill was satisfactory" to him, [Lieut. Gov. R.] says it is not so, and challenges Gov. Bigler to meet him before the people of Pennsylvania, and "discuss the provisions of this boasted measure of peace." Lieut. Gov. Roberts publishes his statement in the Pittsburg Gazette.

VERY ACCEPTABLE.—Mr. Abraham Reams presented us a few days since with a number of choice apples, for which we tender him our thanks.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD Philadelphia paper, subscribe for the "Daily Times." It is one of the most spicy, interesting and valuable exchanges on our list.

Hon. JOHN COVODE, will please accept our thanks for favors received.

ACTIVE BOOK AGENTS! CAN CLEAR $150 PER MONTH, BY SELLING **SMUCKER'S LIFE OF FREMONT**—The only Life containing his Reports unabridged, of which the Thirtieth Thousand is now ready! 500 pages, portrait and illustrations, $1,00.

The Repuolican Campaign Songster, price 12½ cts. The 35th thousand ready.

The Republican Party and its Candidates, about 450 pages, two steel portraits, price $1.00.

The Freeman's Glee Book, with choice songs set to music, price 20 cts.

John Charles, or the Young American's Life of Fremont—300 p. 18mo. price 50 cts

Also the largest number and the best Free Soil and other Books, published in this country.

For full particulars address

MILLER, ORTON & MULLIGAN,
Publishers, 25 Park Row, New York, or 108 Genesee-st. Auburn. Sept3-pd

IMPORTANT TO EVERY-BODY.—For the last three years, I have been engaged in a business known only to myself, and, comparatively few others, whom I have instructed for the sum of $200 each, which has averaged me at the rate of $3,000 to $5,000 per annum; and having made arrangements to go to Europe next Spring, to engage in the same business, I am willing to give full instructions in the art to any person in the United States or Canadas, who will remit me the sum of $1. I am induced, from the success I have been favored with, and the many thankful acknowledgments I have received from those whom I have instructed, and who are making from $5 to $15 per day at it, to give any person an opportunity to engage in this business, which is easy, pleasant, and very profitable, at a small cost. There is positively no humbug in the matter. References of the best class can be given as regards its character, and I can refer to persons whom I have instructed, who will testify that they are making from $5 to $15 per day at the same. It is a business at which either ladies or gentlemen can engage, and with perfect ease make a very handsome income. Several *ladies* in various parts of New York State, Pennsylvania, and Maryland, whom I have instructed, are now making from $3 to $6 per day at it. It is a *general business*, and but a few shillings is required to start it. Upon receipt of $1, I will immediately send to the applicant a printed circular containing full instructions in the art, which can be perfectly understood at once. All letters must be addressed to *A. T. Parsons*, 335 Broadway, N. Y.
September 17, 1856-1m

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Where as Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHN DRESSLER, late of Union township, Clearfield county, Pa., dec'd, have been granted *persons* interested: property authenticated for settlement, to

DAVID DRESSLER,
ELIZABETH DRESSLER,
Oct 1, 1856—6t. Adm'rs.

WAGON-MAKING.—THE undersigned would announce that they manufacture Waggons of all descriptions, Buggies, Sleds, &c., at their shop in New Salem, Brady township, Clearfield county, which they offer for sale at as reasonable rates as can be purchased elsewhere. They respectfully solicit a share of patronage.

CAMBRIDGE JOHNSTON,
Oct1-'56-tf WILLIAM LEWIS.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By an order of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, there will be exposed to sale on Tuesday the 4th day of November next, at Simon Rorabough's, in Chest township, the following described property of James Currey, late of Burnside township, deceased, bounded on the south by lands of James Gallagher and James Dowler, on the east by lands of J. Crossman, on the north by lands of Eisenhauer, and on the west by lands of James Riddle, containing 160 acres, more or less, with a dwelling house, barn and other buildings thereon erected.

TERMS—Cash. SIMON RORABOUGH,
October 1, 1856. Executor.

AMERICANS TO THE RESCUE!

FILLMORE AND DONELSON MEETING.

On Monday evening, October the 13th, 1856, AT CLEARFIELD.

A MEETING of the friends of Fillmore and Donelson, will be held at Clearfield on the Monday evening preceeding the State election. Those who wish to hear the issues of the campaign discussed; the true policy with regard to Kansas, and Fillmore's chances of success, are invited to attend.

All in favor of making Kansas a *free State*, and of restoring peace and concord to our agitated country—all who desire the extension of our naturalization laws, and the success of the principle that "none but Americans born, shall rule their native land," are cordially invited to be present.

Rally Americans, around your standard and your Union!

Distinguished speakers from abroad will address the meeting.

By order of the Fillmore and Donelson club.
Oct1 THOMAS SHEA, President.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS AND TEACHERS.—There will be an educational meeting at Lumberville, on Saturday the 4th of October, at 1 o'clock, P. M., and an examination of Teachers for Penn and Furguson districts, and all others that will attend.

For Brady and Union districts, the examination will be in Luthersburg, on Monday the 6th at 1 o'clock, P. M.

For Bell, Burnside and Chest, at New Washington, on Saturday the 11th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

For Beccaria and Jordan, at Glenhope, on Friday the 10th.

For Decatur and Woodward, at the School house near John Goss', on Thursday the 9th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

For Bradford and Morris, in the new school house at Kylertown, on Monday the 13th, at 12 o'clock, M.

For Boggs and Lawrence, at my residence on Clearfield creek, on Wednesday the 15th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

For Goshen, Girard and Covington, at the School house near Thomas Leonard's, at 10 o'clock, A.M., on Thursday the 16th.

School Directors should furnish black-boards 3 feet wide by 6 in length, for every house in the county, and select a series of reading and spelling books, &c., and have no others used if they wish to advance their schools, and the progress of their children. A. T. SCHRYVER,
Oct1-'56 Co. Superintendent.

THE LAST NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves indebtedto the Estate of George W. Rheem, dec'd, either by Note or Book account, must call and settle on or before the 27th day of October, 1856, so that I can satisfy the claims against said estate. I can be found at all times at my Saddler shop over C. D. Watson's Drug Store.
Sept. 17, 1856. GEO. W. RHEEM, Adm'r.

FOR SALE.—A second hand 2 horse wagon and a lot of harness for sale very cheap by
Clearfield, apr2 A. M. HILLS.

HARDWARE Of every description for sale at a moderate advance at
Eay14'56] WM. F. IRWIN'S.

TO THE FREE AND INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY.—FELLOW CITIZENS:—Being encouraged, I offer myself to your consideration for the office of *Associate Judge*, subject to your action on the second Tuesday of October next. SAMUEL FULTON.
Lawrence township, August 16, 1856.

WANTED.—A male teacher to teach public school in the borough of Clearfield, for the term of four or six months, to commence on or about the 1st October next. Apply to
sept24 E. S. DUNDY.

J. B. M'ENALLY, ATTORNEY AT LAW has changed his office to Shaw's row. He now occupies an office with T. J. McCullough, Esq. All business will receive prompt attention.
Clearfield, July 16, 1856.

REPAIRING.—Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by Frederick Smell on the shortest notice, and all work warranted well done.

Leave all articles in care of A. M. Hills, who has on hand a beautiful assortment of Gold Breast Pins, Shirt Studs and Cuff Buttons, which he will sell VERY LOW for the READY.
Clearfield, Sept. 3, 1856.

IF YOU WANT CHEAP WINTER CLOTHING, call immediately on M. A. FRANK, who has just purchased a lot and is now disposing of them VERY LOW. You will find him in Graham's Row, Clearfield, Pa., three doors east of the *Journal* office. Aug. 27.

JAMES B. GRAHAM, Dealer in SAWED LUMBER, SQUARED TIMBER, SHINGLES, BOARDS, &c., is prepared to fill, on the shortest notice, all orders for articles in his line of business, on as reasonable terms as they can be procured in the county
Grahampton, Clearfield Co., Jan. 23, 1856

CLEARFIELD INSTITUTE.—The first quarter of the next School year of this Institution will commence on Monday, September 1st 1856.

Persons wishing to fit themselves for College, Teachers, Commercial or other avocations in life, will here receive every desired facility. A thorough Scientific and Classical course is here given on terms lower than in similar Institutions in the State. Parents at a distance can obtain boarding for their sons and daughters under the immediate care of the Principal, where they will receive rare advantages, with all the comforts and pleasures of home; and their morals will be carfully guarded.

It is particularly desirous that pupils for the approaching term or year be present at its commencement, to select their seats and be properly arranged in their respective classes.

Further information and Catalogues of the Institute can be had by addressing,

W. A. CAMPBELL, Principal.
Aug. 20, 1856. Clearfield, Pa.

STILL ON HAND!—The undersigned continues the CLOCK AND WATCH MAKING BUSINESS, at his new shop on the corner of Main and Mechanic streets, one door South of Dr. R. V. Wilson's office, where he will be pleased to accommodate his customers at all times. Repairing done on the shortest notice. [aug20] R. R. WELSH.

LOG-FLOATERS TAKE NOTICE—That at a meeting of the Lumbermen held at Clearfield on the 18th inst., the undersigned were appointed a committee to institute prosecutions against all persons obstructing the navigable streams by the floating of loose logs. WE therefore notify all persons concerned, that proceedings will be instituted and prosecuted to conviction against all and every person, whether owner, contractor or laborer, engaged in putting loose logs into the river or any of its tributaries in the counties of Clearfield, Elk and Centre.

W. H. ROBISON,	JOHN M. CHASE,
WM. STEWART,	ROBT. MAHAFFEY,
DANIEL RHOADES,	JAMES ASKEY,
R. C. WINSLOW,	ROBERT BLAKE,
	ROBT. ROTHROCK

Ansons 97, 3/6 and adjoining, situate in Lawrence township, on the road from Clearfield to Curwensville, about 1½ miles from Clearfield. For terms apply to Zebad Lawhead, Lawrence township, or to the subscriber.

L. JACKSON CRANS,
june4 Clearfield, Pa.

FOR SALE.—TWO BUILDING LOTS in the borough of Clearfield; several BUILDING LOTS and PASTURE AND WOOD LOTS, containing from three to ten acres each, near the borough of Clearfield.

Also several desirable FARMS and pieces of TIMBER LAND, in various parts of the county.

Terms accommodating. Apply to

L. JACKSON CRANS,
April 16, 1856. Clearfield, Pa.

GOOD INTENT HOTEL.—The subscriber having taken this well known HOTEL in the borough of Curwensville, wishes his old customers and the travelling public generally to give him a call, as he has the best establishment of the kind in the county. He hopes to give general satisfaction.
Curwensville, Aug14-'59 JOS. PETERS.

WHOLE-SALE.—The subscriber wishing to retire from the Mercantile business, (solely on account of press of Professional business) desires to dispose of his entire stock of Store goods at wholesale and will sell them on the most accommodating terms. Any person wishing to engage in trading in any part of the county will do well to call and see me before making any other arrangements. A. M. HILLS.
Clearfield, August 27, 1856.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that application will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania at its next session, for the Charter of an institution with banking privileges, including those of issue, discount and deposite, to be located at Clearfield, Pennsylvania, under the name and title of "*The Clearfield Bank*," with a capital of $100,000, with the privilege of increasing the same to $200,000.

JOHN PATTON,	JON. BOYNTON,
WM. M'BRIDE,	J. F. WEAVER,
H. P. THOMPSON,	G. L. REED,
JAS. T. LEONARD,	RICHARD SHAW,
WM. A. WALLACE,	JAMES B. GRAHAM.

Clearfield, June 25, 1856-6m.

LAND FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer for sale a tract of land in Penn township, Clearfield county, containing 131 acres patented land about 60 acres cleared, the balance covered with timber of good quality. The improvements are a good two story frame house, nearly new, log barn and other out buildings, a never failing fountain of excellent water at the door, a large bearing apple orchard, and 12 acres in meadow. The above farm has many advantages, being in the centre of a thriving neighborhood, about ½ of a mile from Pennsville and the Glen Hope and Susquehanna Turnpike; bounded by lands of Joseph Davis, Thomas Waln, Thomas Martin and others. A public road passes by the door, and is about ½ a mile from the Catholic Church. Terms of sale will be made easy and possession given at any time by application to either of the undersigned.

ANDREW MOORE,
NATHAN MOORE.
Penn tp., 8 mo., 18th, 1856-aug27-3mpd.

CLEARFIELD LODGE No. 198 I. O. of O. F. meets every Saturday evening, at 7½ o'clock, at their Hall in Merrell & Carter's new building on Second street. [feb20

KYLERTOWN GIFT DISTRIBUTION! 1,000 GIFTS FOR THE PEOPLE!!

THE subscriber has concluded to dispose of his property by making a Gift Distribution, having Sixteen Hundred Shares, at **ONE DOLLAR A SHARE.** He feels satisfied that he can dispose of it in this way to the entire satisfaction of all who may interest themselves in the Enterprize. The drawing and distribution will be superintended by a committee into whose hands the property will be placed as soon as the tickets are sold. The committee is composed of the following gentlemen—Chester Munson, Thomas G. Snyder and O. P. Wilder. The public are assured that they can rely upon this committee to manage everything fairly and impartially.

For a list of Gifts, see handbills.

All orders for tickets addressed to the undersigned will be promptly attended to.

JOHN W. WILLHELM,
may14 Kylertown, Clearfield Co., Pa.

ONE GOOD TWO-HORSE WAGON for sale by
[june25] A. M. HILLS.

GRAIN! GRAIN!!—Wheat, Rye, Oats and Corn, can at all times be procured at the Pioneer Mills, on the Moshannon, in Morris township, at the lowest selling rates.
July16 HENRY GROE.

JOHN RUSSELL & CO.,
TANNERS AND CURRIERS,
Penville, Clearfield Co., Pa.,
Keep constantly on hand an excellent assortment of leather, which they offer for sale at the lowest cash prices. Hides taken in exchange.
July 15, 1854.

RESOLUTION, PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:—

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts, direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SECTION 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The legislature shall not authorize [illegible] for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMEADMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "*of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively*;" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "*of Philadelphia and of the several counties*;" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the city of Philadelphia nor any*," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "*and no*;" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

SECTION 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, add the following, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

To be section XXVI, Article I.

The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 5. On the second amendment, yeas 19, nays 6. On the third amendment, yeas 28, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

Extract from the Journal.
THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, Clerk.

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 72, nays 24. On the second amendment, yeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 64, nays 25; and on fourth amendment, yeas 69, nays 16.

Extract from the Journal.
WILLIAM JACK, Clerk.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Filed April 24, 1866. } A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss.

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

(L.S.) In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856.

Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger and Pratt—5.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry and Wilkins—19.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Ferguson, Gregg, Pratt, Price and Piatt, *Speaker*—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Crabb, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Mellinger, Pratt, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—28.

NAYS—Mr. Gregg—1.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Mellinger and Pratt—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

JOURNAL of the House of Representatives,
April 21, 1856

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first proposed amendment, were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Mangle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Housekeeper, Huncker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith, (Philadelphia,) Walter, Wintrode and Yearsley—24.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Mangle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Strouse, Vail, Whallon, Wright (Luzerne) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—53.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huncker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Salisbury, Smith (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright (Dauphin,) and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Strouse, Vail, Whallon, Wright (Luzerne) and Wright, *Speaker*—53.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Fulton, Gibboney, Haines, Hancock, Huncker, Ingham, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Patterson, Salisbury and Wintrode—16.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss.

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1856.

(L.S.) Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
July 9, 1856—3m.

IRON! IRON!!—The undersigned has just received, at the shop of T. Mills, on the corner of Locust and Third streets, in the Borough of Clearfield, a large assortment of *Round, Square and Flat* **BAR IRON**, of all sizes, which he will sell at as low prices as it can be purchased anywhere in this county.
jel1-'55-3m BENJAMIN SPACKMAN.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. The subscriber offers for sale his valuable farm, situate two miles from Curwensville, on the River road leading to Lumber City; said farm containing 105 acres, sixty acres cleared, under good cultivation, the balance well timbered; with a good barn, new plank dwelling house, and a good bearing orchard thereon, and is well watered. For further information, enquire of the subscriber living on the premises. SIMON THOMPSON.
February 20, 1856—6m*

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, BY AN ACT OF THE General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regulate the General Elections within the Commonwealth," it is enjoined on the Sheriffs of the several counties to give public notice of such election, the places where to be held, and the officers to be elected.—Therefore, I, JOSIAH R. READ, High Sheriff of Clearfield county, Do hereby give PUBLIC NOTICE to the Electors of the County of Clearfield, that a *GENERAL ELECTION* will be held on the *SECOND Tuesday of October next*, (being the FOURTEENTH day of the month,) at the several election districts in said county, at which time and place the qualified electors will elect

ONE PERSON for Auditor General of this Commonwealth.

ONE PERSON for Surveyor General of this Commonwealth.

ONE PERSON for Canal Commissioner of this Commonwealth.

One Person to represent the Counties of Clarion, Clearfield, Elk, Forrest, Jefferson, McKean, Venango and Warren, in the Congress of the United States

One Person to represent the counties of Clearfield, Elk and McKean, in the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth.

Two Persons for Associate Judges of Clearfield county

One Person for the office of Prothonotary, &c., of Clearfield county.

One Person for the office of Register and Recorder of Clearfield county.

One Person for the office of Commissioner of Clearfield county.

One Person for the office of Deputy Surveyor for Clearfield county.

One Person for the office of Auditor of Clearfield county, for the full term of 3 years.

One Person for the office of Auditor of Clearfield county, for the term of 1 year.

The Electors of the County of Clearfield will take notice that the said General Election will be held at the following places:

At the Court House in the borough of Clearfield, for Lawrence township.

At the house of William Hoover, for the township of Bradford.

At the house of John Goss, for the township of Decatur.

At the house of Samuel M. Smith, for the township of Beccaria.

At the house of Isaac Bloom, jr., in the borough of Curwensville, for Pike township.

At the house of Jacob Maurer, for the township of Covington.

At the house formerly occupied by Wm. C. Foley, for Brady township.

At the house of Samuel Smith, for the township of Penn.

At the School House near Simon Rorabough's, for the township of Chest.

At Congress Hill School House, for the township of Girard.

At the house of Thomas Kyler, for the township of Morris.

At the house of John Young, for the township of Burnside.

At the house of Aseph Elkis, for the township of Bell.

At the School House in Ansonville, for the township of Jordan.

At the house of Jesse Wilson, for the township of Huston.

At the house of Thomas B. Davis, for the township of Ferguson.

At the house of John L. Bundy, for the township of Fox.

At the house of John Whiteside, for the township of Woodward.

At the Public Shool House, for the township of Goshen.

At the house of B. D. Hall & Co., for the township of Karthaus.

At the house of R. W. Moore, for the township of Union.

At the house of George Turner, for the township of Pike.

At the house of [illegible], for the township of Graham.

At the Court House for the borough of Clearfield.

At the house of Isaac Bloom, Jr., for the borough of Curwensville.

NOTICE is Further Hereby Given, That all persons, except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of trust, under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judicial departments of this State or of the United States, or any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and the State Legislature, and of the common or select council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, are by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspectator, or Clerk, of any election of this Commonwealth:—and that no Inspector, Judge, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office voted for.

And the Return Judges of the respective districts aforesaid are requested to meet at the court house, in the borough of Clearfield, on the *First Friday* next after the said Second Tuesday of October, then and there to do those things required of them by law.

GIVEN under my hand and seal, at Clearfield, this Third day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and of the Independence of the United States the Eighteenth. JOSIAH R. READ, Sheriff.

LET US REASON TOGETHER.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

WHY ARE WE SICK?

IT has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are specially adapted to the relief of the WEAK, the NERVOUS, the DELICATE, and the INFIRM, of all climes, ages, sexes, and constitutions. Professor Holloway personally superintends the manufacture of his medicines in the United States, and offers them to a free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

THESE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD.

These famous Pills are expressly combined to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the skin, and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountain of life, and thus curing disease in all its forms.

DISPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills. It has been proved in all parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disor