

S. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

CLEARFIELD, PA., OCT. 8, 1856.

People's National Ticket. FOR PRESIDENT. JOHN C. FREMONT, FOR VICE PRESIDENT. WILLIAM L. DAYTON,

Union State Ticket. CANAL COMMISSIONER. THOMAS E. COCHRAN, of York Co. DARWIN PHELPS, of Armstrong Co. SURVEYOR GENERAL,
BARTHOLOMEW LAPORTE, of Bradford Co.

FOR CONGRESS, JAMES S. MYERS, of Venango County, JOHN BROOKS, of Elk County

Union District Ticket.

Union County Ticket. Prothonotary, THOMAS ROSS, of Pike Township Associate Judges, ARTHUR BELL, of Bell Township. Register and Recorder, JOHN ADAMS, of Boggs Township. WILLIAM W. CATHCART, of Pike tp. Surveyor,
PETER LAMM, of Girard Township. MILLIAM HOOVER, of Bradford Township

A WORD IN SEASON.

Freemen of Clearfield county! This is the last paper that will reach you from this office before the October election, and we therefore admonish you to consider well the part you will act on next Tuesday. In this election are involved important results. The issues have been presented to you from time to time. On the one side is a party advocating a policy, or rather a series of policies, which, if carried into effect, would in our opinion prove detrimental to the great vital interests of our country, and the welfare and prosperity of our nation. The extension of slavery over territory consecrated to freedom, is the most prominent of these policies-the acquiring of new territories, peaceably if we can, but foreibly if we must, is another-the reduction of the wages of laboring men to a ruinous standard of prices, was a favorite theory of the standardbearer of this party-and a truckling suc honey to the Soptha and be sanctfoning and tetaining these views and policies. Will

On the hand, we have a party with sound conservative principles. A firm adherence to the Constitution and the Union, opposition to the extension of the blight of human bondage over free territory, to the acquiring of more territory by force, to the reduction of wages to a ruinous standard of prices, to the principle advocated by the Southern supporters of Buchanan that slavery is not confined to color, and a maintainance of the principle that slavery is sectional and freedom national, are views that we think every lover of liberty and American institutions should entertain, and which we ask the freemen of this Commonwealth to encourage and support, by easting their votes for the Union State Ticket, and for the Union Congressional and Representative candidates. It will devolve upon our next Legislature gislature to elect a U. S. Senator in the room of Mr. Brodhead, whose term expires on the the right kind of men to the Legislature, must therefore be apparent to every one.

Freemen of Clearfield County! We urge you once more to turn out next Tuesday and Vote for the Union State Ticket! Vote for the Union District Tickets! Vote for the Union County Ticket!

LOOK OUT FOR LYING PAMPHLETS. There are a number of lying pamphlets in circulation, intended to injure the prospects of Col. Fremont, and to advance the cause of Buchanan. Among these is one entitled "Fremont's Romanism," which for silliness and falsehood surpasses anything we have ever seen. Mr. Noble, of Wisconsin, in his speeches at Curwensville and in this place, stated that two weeks before, in answer to his interrogatory, Col. Fremont had declared to him that he was not now, nor never had been a Roman Catholic. And yet men, who pretend to be honorable and honest, persist in circulating what they know to be false. It is also raised as an objection that Col. Fremont cat mule soup, when he and his men were in a starving condition. Should he at present relish the dish, the writer of the above named pamphlet had better keep out of his way, for his production shows that he is the most consummate ass

FREMONT MEETING AT CHERRYTREE .- On Tuesday, the 30th Sept., a spirited meeting of the number present amounted to about 500 .-Lt. Gov. Roberts addressed the People in the evening. He was listened to with marked at- the windows and charring some of the woodtention, and was frequently loudly cheered .-Much enthusiasm was exhibited and the friends ling up a large vote in that section.

that ever was permitted to run at large.

"STIRRING UP THE ANIMALS."

It was certainly an interesting sight to witness the commotion produced among the clique of politicians, who act as special guardians over the affairs of James Buchanan Platform in this town, by the speeches of Lt.Gov. Roberts, Mr. Noble and others, at Curwensville on the 27th, and in this place on the 29th Sept. During Tuesday and Wednesday, there was a constant 'ren' to the office of our down town "neighbor," and it was notoriously apparent that Roberts and Noble would receive earth." The Republican had to be kept back one day, in order that everything could be properly attended to. In consequence of this detention, public expectation was on tip-toe edge that the feeling extended to ourself. At last, Thursday came, and with it the Republican. Bul, alas! the mountain that was in labor, brought forth an insignificant mouse !instead of the powerful, logical and erudite criticism which we anticipated the speeches would undergo by so learned, sapient and profoundly truthful a corps of reviewers, we had to content ourselves with reading a rehash of stale phrases and an indulgence in misrepresentation, villification and abuse, for which the Republican has become proverbial in this community.

We do not deem it necessary to refute the many specious statements and perversions of the language of our speakers, which appear in the Republican. We will merely touch one or two. In regard to Mr. Noble, the Republican says-"To prove that Congress had been in .. the habit of legislating on the side of slave-"ry in the Territories, he cited an act of Con-" gress of '94 or '98." Now, what Mr. Noble did really attempt to prove was, that Congress had been in the habit of legislating on the sufject of slavery in the territories, and not on the side of it, as stated by the Republican .-

"Again-says the Republican-he took the ground that property is made such by law. Whereas the reverse is the case. In Pennsyl vania, negroes or slaves, are not property, " because it is against law to hold slaves."

Mr. Noble held that property was such by universal law, by natural right-that negroes, on the other hand, are made property by local or special enactment. Any one can discern he perversion. Such is the trickery resorted to by men who set themselves up as paragons of political honesty.

DECIDEDLY RICH! The Clearfield Republican says that James Buchanan does not "favor the extension of slavery to Kansas, or anywhere else." Well, if that isn't rich, then we miss our guess. Our down-town "neighbor" shouldn't become facetious about his candidate on a point of this kind, for if his paper should happen to fall into the hands of Bully Brooks or the editor of the Richmond Enquirer, it might produce a sensation among the "chivalry" and "first fam ilies" at the South, more particularly it it bigler, who, in turn, occupies the same interesting relationship towards Mr. Buchanan, and which might therefore give to our eneighbor's" declaration the appearance of having been made "by authority." At home the joke of the Republican is well understood, and will do no harm, for almost every child knows that the platform, into which James Buchanan has subsided, is a slavery-extending, as well as a fillibuster-favoring, affair. There might, however, be some "method in his madness," and we shouldn't be surprised if our down-town "neighbor" would next assert that Buchanan was standing on the platform of the Republican party. Out upon such arrant hy-

pocrisy! say we. SHOWING THE LONG EARS.

We are amused every time we behold the contortions of our down-town "neighbor" at the large number of people at our meetings, which he incessantly labors to disparage. It to pass a law districting the State and appor- is, however, an up-hill business with him, for tioning the members of the Senate and Lower | the honest people will turn out and hear for House. It will also devolve on the next Le- themselves, even should be exert himself to keep them away. He well knows that if the questions are presented in a fair and truthful 4th March, 1857. The importance of electing light, and the position of "ten-cent Jimmy" properly understood, that his cause suffers. But the most supremely ridiculous thing of all is the attempt the editor of the Republican makes to put on a bold front and look as if all was right-as if he wasn't scared-and that he would frighten everybody else. Every time we see the effort, we are reminded of the fable of the ass who put on the lion's skin and roamed about endeavoring to alarm everything with his appearance; but unfortunately when he attempted to roar, he only emitted a brav, and thus revealed his true character. So with our "neighbor"-he tries to look valiant and formidable; but his constant pitiful whining about our meetings, betrays his real feelings, and shows plainly that he and his party are badly frightened.

"WHAT A WHOPPER!" - Our down-town neighbor" says the number of persons present at the Curwensville meeting did not reach 600. We heard one Loco say there were 800, and another counted 968, besides those eating at the different hotels. There is a "whopper" out somewhere, and we are disposed to think the individual who counted, does not tell it. "Why our neighbor will soon be a match" for a famous and somewhat ancient personage familiarly known as "old Nick."

Fine .- On last Thursday evening, as Mr. John Troutman was heating some Japan varnish, in his unfinished house, the material igthe friends of Fremont and Dayton was held | nited, and in a moment the whole room was in at Cherrytree Borough, Indiana county. Not- a blaze. By immediately closing the door, withstanding the rain was falling in torrents, and then dashing water on the fire, he succeeded in extinguishing it without its doing any other damage than breaking the glass in work. It seems almost miraculous that the house was not destroyed, and should serve as of Freedom bave the brightest prospect of rol- another warning to our citizens to procure an

Cash Store.

BEWARE OF FALSE REPORTS.

That is a truthful, if it is a trite adage, that "It is hard to teach an old dog new tricks." and it is brought to our mind by the poduct of the Locofoco-wire-workers, who are again busy at their old game of circulating false reports and slanderous documents, on the eve of an important election. They are resorting to every species of trickery to defeat our candidates, and we mentioned last week that one of their leaders boasted that they had "a game" up now, by which they would win. All this, particular "fits" from these "mighty ones of together with the unusual and straining efforts which they are making, by holding meetings and otherwise, indicates plainly that they are terribly frightened-and we think they have good cause for being scared. Be on your to hear what would be said, and we acknowl- guard, therefore, Americans, Republicans, and old line Whigs, for every effort will be made by the Locotoco leaders to induce you to vote against the Union State, District and County Tickets. We have an abiding confidence in your integrity, and we feel certain that you will treat these false reports and vile roorbacks of the Buckaniers with that virtuous disdain which they must inspire in every honest freeman's heart.

FREMONT'S RELIGION.

From the New York Evangelist, Sep. 18. It is not our business to enter into the strife of politics. That is not our vocation, and we have religiously abstained from such contests. Nor shall we depart from this line of strict propriety. But we are sometimes appealed to for information as to matters of fact, by readers who imagine that we have special but we do wish them to vote intelligently.

It is well known that one of the candidates ing a Roman Catholic. To this story we never gave the slightest importance, considering | guage in a late issue : it as one of those bald falsehoods which were fabricated for a party purpose, and which would drop into oblivion, and be despised, as soon as it had served its object. But as the originators of the story cling to it with greater pertinacity, thinking it a very effective weapon to excite odium and prejudice, some good men have thought it worth while to set the matter at once and forever at rest. Clergymen of this city have been applied to by members of their churches, and by letters from abroad, to make personal inquiry, since the public would have entire confidence in their statement, knowing that they were not

Thus appealed to-a number of Cleronnen a Col. Fremont for the purpose of a frank conversation in regard to his religious profession and belief. This they did-not for their own personal satisfaction-for not one of them had a doubt about the matter-but simply that they might be able to satisfy others by an assurance from his own lips. Among those who went were Rev. Dr. De Witt, of the Dutch Reformed Church; Professor Henry B. Smith and R. D. Hitchcock, of the Union Theological Seminary; Rev. David B. Coe. Secretary of the Home Missionary Society, and one of the editors of this paper. (Rev. Henry M. Field.]. They were received with great cordiality, and Col. Fremont responded very frankly and cheerfully to their inquiries.

When it was remarked that some of our good people were disturbed about his religion, he replied, smiling, that he was glad that his opponents were willing to admit that he had some religious feeling-that he was not wholly indifferent to Christianity. One of the ministers inquired if the account of his early religious education and of his joining the Episcopal Church, as given in Bigelow's Life of Fremont, was correct? He replied that he had been born and educated in the Episcopal Church; that he had been confirmed as a member of that Church, and had never had a shadow of a thought of leaving it.

When allusion was made to the persistent that he could not imagine how such a story took its rise, for that in fact he had hardly been inside of a Catholic Church more than half a dozen times in his life, and then upon FREE after this style : occasions of public interest or of curiosity.

All this was said very quietly, and with no apparent desire to intrude his religion or to make capital out of it, but to state the simple fact of his religious education and belief. No one could listen to this frank yet modest statement without feeling that it was perfectly ingenuous; and that, with no bigotry towards others, he was sincerely and unaffectedly attached to the religion in which he had been educated by his pious mother.

POLITICAL STRAWS .- George W. Hoover of Lawrence township, this county, returned home last week. He brings encouraging intelligence for the "Conqueror of California." On the different trains of cars in which he was, votes were taken, which are as follows-

Fremont. Buck. Fillmore Rock Island to Chicago, 83 Chicago to Toledo, 143 19 - to Pittsburg 127 129-130 7.0 This may be regarded as a fair index to the

The Republican don't like the doctrine of white slavery as promulgated by the Richmond Enquirer and other co-workers for Buchanan care of them and their OFF/RING, in sick-

READ AND PONDER!

THE NEW 'DEMOCRATIO" DOCTRINE. Slavery not to be Confined to the Negro Race, but to be Made the Universal Condition of

the Laboring Classes of Society. The people of the Free States have so long yielded to the arrogant demands of the Slave Oligarchy in the South, that the latter has come to think it can carry any measure it sees fit, no matter how degrading it may be to the character of the free white men of the North.

Not many years ago, the Southern slaveholders were content to have their "human chattels? protected in the States where they Next, they demanded and secured fire Slave

States from acquired territory, (Louisiana, Florida, Arkansas, Missouri, and Texas,) while the Free States have only secured two,-Iowa and California.

Next, the Slave power demanded all the territories, and broke down the Missouri Compromise, which secured a part of those territories to free labor.

Next, they demanded the right to come into the free States with their slaves whenever they choose, and stay as long as they please; and the United States Courts seem about to yield to them, and grant this outrageous demand.

But the last, the crowning, the diabolical assumption is, that Slavery is not to be confined to the NEGRO RACE, but must be made to include laboring WHITE MEN also. This doctrine, which is so monstrons and shocking as almost to seem incredible, is now openly avowed and defended by very many of the newsmeans of knowing the truth. In such a case | papers and of the public men of the South we are willing to tell what we know-not for that support James Buchanan. The doctrine the sake of party, but of truth. This we may is also proclaimed by some Northern newspa- Louisiana, in an elaborate and carefully predo without sacrificing our neutral and inde- pers of the so-called Democratic party, but pared speech, published in the Washington pendent character. If we can help to correct not generally with such boildness as in the Globe, says: an error, or to disabuse the public mind of a South. To show the exact extent and nature false impression, we are doing a service to of the doctrine of enslaving WHITE MEN. right-minded men of all parties. We do not the following extracts from Buchanan papers, arge our readers to vote one way or the other, and from the speeches of Buchanan men, are

The Richmond Examiner one of the leading for the Presidency has been charged with be- Democratic papers in Virginia, ardently supporting Mr. Buchanan, holds the following lan-

"Until recently, the defence of Slavery has labored under great difficulties, because its apologists (for they were mere apologists) took all-way grounds. They confined the defence of Slavery to mere negro Slavery; thereby giving up the Slavery principle, admitting other forms of Slavery to be wreng.

"The line of defence, however, is now chang? ed. The South now maintains that Slavery is right, natural and necessary, and does not depend upon difference of complexion! The laws of the Slave States justify the holding of WHITE MEN in bondage.

The Charleston Mercury, the leading Buchanan paper in South Carolina, says:

"Slavery is the natural and normal condition of the taboring man, whether WHITE or likely to be deceived themselves, and that black. The great evil of Northern free societhey could have no motive to misstate the fact. ty is, that it is burdened with a service class of connection with any political question, called | rent and child; and the Northern States will yet have to introduce it. Their theory of free government is a delusion. There's "Democratic" doctrine for you, with

> a vengeance; "our theory of free government a delusion,"-"laboring men, whether white or black, to be slaves?" Verily, matters are coming to a pretty pass with us. The Richmond (Va.) Enquirer, Mr. Buchan-

an's confidential organ, and considered by the "Democratic" party as its ablest paper in the South, speaks as follows in a recent number:

"Repeatedly have we asked the North, thas ot the experiment of universal liberty FAIL-ED? Are not the evils of FREE SOCIETY INSUFFERABLE ? And do not most thinking men among you propose to subrert and reconstruct it ? Still no answer. This gloomy silence is another conclusive proof, added to many other conclusive evidences we have furnished, that free society, in the long run, is an impracticable form of society; it is everywhere starving, demoralized, and insurrection-

We repeat, then, that policy and humanity alike forbid the extension of the evils of free ociely to new people and coming generations. "Two opposite and conflicting forms of society cannot, among civilized men, co-exist and endure. The one must give way and cease to exist. The other become universal.

"If free society be unnatural, immoral, nu- MEN slaves! christian, it must fall, and give way to a slave society-a social system old as the world, uni-

And the South Side Democrat, another prominent Buchanan paper, in Virginia, whose assertions that he was a Catholic, he replied editor was supported for Clerk of the House of Representatives, by the Democratic members of the present Congress-T. J. D. Fuller, of Maine, among them-abuses everything

"We have got to hating everything with the prefix FREE, from free negroes down and up through the whole catalogue-FREE farms, FREE labor, FREE society, FREE will, FREE thinking, FREE children, and FREE schools -all belonging to the same brood of damnable isms. But the worst of all these aboninations is the modern system of FREE Schools. The New England system of free schools has been the prolific cause and source of the infidelities and treasons that have turned her cities into Sodoms and Gomorrahs, and her land into the common nestling-places of howling bedlamites. We abominate the system because the SCHOOLS ARE FREE."

The Washington Union, the National Organ of the "Democratic" party, says that the honest and herote FREE LABORING MEN of

BLE, who have been transferred like SO M. NY CATTLE to that country."

The New York Day Book, one of the We papers in New York City that support /mes Buchanan, proposes to enslave poor FERI-CANS, Germans and Irish, who may all into poverty and be unable to support pir famiway things are moving. "The work goes lies. Here are the Day Book's ext words in speaking of the POOR WHITE COPLE :

"Sell the parents of these hildren into SLAVERY. Let our Legish re pass a law

The Richmond Enquirer, of a very recent date, contains the following very 'high' opinion of the people of the North :

"We can bring the capital employed in manufactures, and most of it employed in commerce, South, when we please. We can transfer Manchester, and Birmingham and Lowell to the South, and thus in a single year, quad- is traitors who deserve the halter, the selfish who ruple the wealth of the South. But we would not have your rich, vulgor, licentions bosses. and your brutal, ignorant and insubordinate factory hands in our midst, for all the wealth of "Ormus and of Ind." We are as rich as we care to be. We would not exchange our situation for the vulgar sensuality and brutality of the "nonceanx riches," the coarse parventies, the millionaire cotton factors and grocers of the North or of England, much less for the countless millions of paupers and criminals, who lift up and sustain the cowardly, selfish, sensual, licentious, infidel, agrarian, and revolutionary edifice of free society.

The Muscogee, Alabama, Herald, an enthusiastic Buchanan paper, delivers itself as fol-

"Free society! we sicken at the name .-What is it but a conglomeration of GREASY MECHANICS, FILTHY OPERATIVES, SMALL FISTED FARMERS and MOON STRUCK THEORISTS? All the Northern and especially the New England States are devoid of society fitted for well-bred gentlemen. The provailing class one meets with is that of mechanics struggling to be genteel, and small farmers doing their own drudgery; and who are not fit (nigger) body-servant. This is your free society which the Northern bounds are endeavoring to extend into Kansas.

So much for extracts from "Democratic" newspapers. Now for a few from Democratic

S. W. Downs, late Democratic Senator from

"I call upon the opponents of Slavery to prove that the WHITE LABORERS of the North are as happy, as contented, or as comfortable, as the Stares of the South. In the South the slaves do not suffer one-tenth the evils endured by the white laborers of the North. Poverty is unknown to the Southern slave; for as soon as the master of slaves be comes too poor to provide for them, he SELLS them to others, who can take care of them .-This, sir, is one of the excellencies of the system of slavery, and this the superior condition of the Southern slave over the Northern WHITE laborer.'

According to Mr. Downs, then, (good Democratic authority.) all that the Northern whitelaborer requires is somebody to sell him when be falls into poverty. Admirable philanthropy! Beautiful democracy!!

Senator Clemens, of Alabama, declared in a peech in the U. S. Senate, that-

"The operatives of New England were not s well situated nor as comfortably off as the slaves that cultivate the rice and cotton fields

In a recent speech by Mr. Reynolds, Pierce-Buchanan-Democratic candidate for Congress from Missouri, that gentleman distinctly as-

ment in excluding foreign-born citizens-German and Irish as well as wiggers.

Here a Missouri Democrat classes German and Irish indiscriminately with Negro slaves.

Mr. L. H. Goode, another Atchison Denioerat of Missonri, in a recent speech against the Free State men of Kansas, denounced the laboring men as "WHITE SLAVES!" Senator Butler, (the uncle of "Assassin"

Brooks,) a shining light in the Democratic galaxy, declared in a speech in the UnitedStates Senate this session-"That men have NO RIGHT TO VOTE un-

less they are possessed of property, as required by the Constitution of South Carolina. There no man can VOTE unless he owns TEN NE-GROES, or real estate to the value of Ten Thousand Dollars.

And this is the doctrine "Democracy," so-

called, would introduce into Pennsylvania. JAMES BUCHANAN, the Presidential candidate of the men and of the party who hold these odious views, advocated the doctrine of standard, which is known to be about TEN CENTS A DAY. What a fit candidate Mr. Bu-

JOHN C. FREMONT, the true Reprolican and true Democrat, who has worked his own way from poverty to greatness, tays a very high tribute to the dignity of FIEE LABOR, and yet his enemies have the deanness to assert that he is aslave-holder. Col. Fremont never owned a dollar in Ayman flesh.

Mechanics, Laborers, Workingmen of all classes, read the following extract from Col. Fremont's letter of Acceptance, and then say whether you will be aslave or a FREEMAN : "FREE LABOR the natural capital which constitutes the red wealth of this great conntry, and creates hat intelligent power in the masses, alone tobe relied on as the bulwark of FREE INSTITUTIONS."

JOHN C. REMONT is the Representative and Advoce of the extension of FREE LA-

JAMP BUCHANAN is the Representative ar Advocate of the extension of SLAVE

REEMEN OF PENNSYLVANIA! For wich will you east your votes?

We perceive by the Boston Post of the 30th "Are a MISERABLE, BLEAR-EYED RAB that the Buchanan Club, of East Cambridge, have at length trotted out a parson as a speaker in their political meetings. He is the Reverend J. C. Lovejoy, of Cambridge. After denouncing the clergy for taking sides in the contest, the Bucks now contest the field with a black coat and white cravat of their own .-Some of his points are amusing enough. He compared the Fremont party with the Crusades of olden time, the object of which was to wrest the Holy Land from the lawful proprietors!" A most unlucky simile for the speaker, since that was a war of Christians ain the South. In another portion of this paper will be found a choice collection of extracts from papers that advocate the doctrine, which we trust every laboring man will read.

care of them and their OFF/MING, in sick-ness, since that was a war of Christians and house them:—shall flegally entitled to their services; and let the me Legislature detected their services; and let the me Legislature detected them and their OFF/MING, in sick-ness, since that was a war of Christians and house them:—shall flegally entitled to their services; and let the me Legislature detected them and their OFF/MING, in sick-ness, since that was a war of Christians and house them:—shall flegally entitled to their services; and let the me Legislature detected them and their OFF/MING, in sick-ness, since that was a war of Christians and house them:—shall flegally entitled to their services; and let the me Legislature detected them and their OFF/MING, in sick-ness, since that was a war of Christians and house them:—shall flegally entitled to their services; and let the me Legislature detected them and their OFF/MING, in sick-ness, since that was a war of Christians and house them:—shall flegally entitled to their services; and let the me Legislature detected them and their OFF/MING, in sick-ness, since that was a war of Christians and house them:—shall flegally entitled to the state of them and their OFF/MING, in sick-ness, since that was a war of Christians and house them:—shall flegally entitled to the state of them and house them:—shall flegally entitled to the state of them and their OFF/MING, in sick-ness, since that was a war of Christians and house them:—shall flegally entitled to the state of them and house them:—shall flegally entitled to the state of them.

So, we shall claim that Fremont is in noble-ness and in health—clothchem, feed them.

The shall flegally entitled to the state of them and their of them.

shall OWN THEM AS LONG AS THEY EXTRACTS from the RICHMOND ENQUIRER This Virginia Buchanan organ, speaking of the friends of Mr. Fillmone at the South

> "The people of the South are not prepared " for all this. The best among them are alis ready taking their places among those who " advocate the election of James Buchanan " leaving to vote for Millard Fillmore, the is seek the spoils, the slupid who cannot compre-" hend the calls of duty, and the prejudiced who would rain the South, sooner than aid the De-" mocratic party in the achievement of a splens did victory over the Black Republicans. A precious crew they are at the South who follow " the fortunes of Millard Fillmore."

In another article, in its issue of the same date, after enumerating the persons who have been expelled from the South upon the suspicion of abolitionism, it proceeds to advocate the expulsion from Virginia of all those who are suspected of heterodox opinions upon that question. But hear it speak of rights in that land of liberty :

"With these evidences or practical interference with slavery, we are told by semi-abo-litionists in this State that there is no danger that slavery in the States will be molested, and our intimations that this is possible " are rated as humbug and charlatanry. The " fact is we cannot hope for better things while " men are tolerated in a Southern community, " who occupy the same position of hostility to 
" the South which is maintained by every Black " Republican at the North. Yet such are stalk. or association with a Southern gentleman's | " ing abroad in the community, who claim ex-" emption from the punishment inflicted on " incendiaries, because they reside in Virgiinia. Such men are more to be hated and " feared, and deserve severer punishment than " the vilest Abolitionist of the North. They " are hypocritical pretenders, wolves in sheep's clothing, venomons vipers, and should be " crashed without pity.

This is the kind of talk the organs of Buchanan at the South indulge in. Freemen of the North! what do you think of it!

JOHN C. BRECKINGIDGE ON THE DECLA-RATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

On the second of September, Hon. John C Breckinridge made a speech at Hamilton, () hio, from a report of which we make 'the ful-

"Look at the principles of this party (the Republican.) Listen to the ignomy and revilng which they combine to harl on your sister States. We are told the Declaration of Indecandence is embedied in the Constitution of the United States. The Declaration is an abstruction. Put it in the Constitution and what would follow? It would follow that the Constitution must protect every man in his right to dife, liberty and the pursuit of happiness!'

. You would find it interfering with the ustitutions of the States, and it would lead our country rapidly to destruction. But why do I speculate upon what it would do? Long before this our Union would be obliterated forever. It would become as INTOLERABLE and HATEFUL, as its past has been benificent and glorious.'

Mr. Breckinridge manifestly prefers D'sunion to even a practical recognition of the Declaration of Independence ! Let the people obconvictions of duty. Let every man in the crisis which unscrupulous demagogues have forced upon us, vote and act as his conscience dictates, though the heavens fall.

\$50,000 FOR PENNSYLVANIA

There was a solemn convocation of Buchanan leaders at the New York Hotel, on Thursday night last, at which Mr. Slidell, the disunion Senator from Louisiana, was the principal actor and orator. The great question of the evening was, how can Pennsylvania be saved to the Democracy. Mr. Slidell said that it could be so saved by raising \$50,000 in New York. Without this sum, the State would inevitably go for Fremont. This is putting the old Keystone State, with her twentyseven electoral votes, at a very chesp rate. It is stated that the Buchanan Democracy spent a million of dollars in Maine, prior to the late election. It is rather shabby in them to talk about making Pennsylvania secure with only one-twentieth part of that sum. The Southreducing the WAGES of AMERICAN OPE- ern money and the Southern speeches had a RATIVES and LABORERS to the European very extraordinary effect in Maine, and Penasylvania has a right to look, for an equally liberal outlay of both. We have plenty of Southchanan is for those who would make WHITE ern orators enlightening us in regard to our duties. Cannot the State be supplied with more than fifty thousand democratic dollars? Phil'a Bullelin.

> ABOLITION VERSUS REPUBLICAN. - The October number of the Radical Abolitionist is entirely devoted to an earnest appeal to the enemies of slavery not to vote for Fremont, on the ground that the Republican party is not in any sense, or to any extent, committed to the doctrines of abolition, and that it cannot be relied on to do anything whatever to promote the overthrow of slavery. It says:

> "The Republican party is not a party for the deliverence of the enslaved, but only for the security of the free. It is not a party for the black man, but only for the white man. It is not a party for the rescue of the whole country from the despotism of the slave power, but only for the rescue of Kansas."

> Holloway's Pills, a Cure for Sick Headache and Bile .- William Kaners, of Dover, Maine, was perhaps, one of the greatest sufferers from sick headache and bile, scarcely a day passed without his feeling the dreadful effects of these formidable evils, he put himself in the hands of the doctors, but they did him no good, in fact, he became worse, until his sufferings were more than human nature could bear, and he almost sunk under them; fortunately for him he commenced using Holloway's Pills, which acted upon the system, cleansed the bowels; eteared the head, and by persevering with them for eight weeks, thoroughly restored him to health. He has ever pince been entirely free from these dreadful attacks.

> Kilbourn City, Wisconsin, a place containing one hundred inhabitants, does not contain a single Buchanan man.

> ARRISON, the Cincinnati Torpedo scoundrel, has been sentenced to the Penitcutiary for ten

> > NOTICE OF SERVICE AND ACTION