

THE JOURNAL.

CLIPPINGS AND SCRIBBLINGS.

HON. D. BARCLAY will please accept our thanks for a copy of the Reports of the Committee on the Kansas troubles.

MR. BLAKELY, one of the Republican electors in Kentucky, has taken the stump for Fremont and Dayton, in that State.

HOOPS vs. HYPERBOBIA.—One virtue, at least, has been discovered in the hoop skirt—mad dogs cannot bite the wearers.

IN Westmoreland county vegetation is suffering from want of rain and the ravages of the grass-hoppers. Corn and potatoes will not yield half last year's crops.

WE call especial attention to the advertisement of the West Branch Insurance Company, as well as to a number of other notices in today's Journal.

A large and spirited meeting of the friends of Temperance was held in the Court House on Monday evening, at which several excellent speeches were made.

ERRATA.—In the acknowledgment of subscriptions to the building fund for a Baptist Church in this place, the name of James C. Graham, should be James B. Graham.

THE GOOD INTENT HOTEL, in Curwensville, has been taken by Mr. Joseph Peters, who will doubtless keep a good house and render satisfaction to his customers. See advertisement.

THE Cincinnati Gazette is authorized by Judge McLean to say there is no truth in the report that he is for Fillmore. The Judge is in favor of Fremont.

ADMITTED.—On yesterday forenoon, Robert J. Wallace, of this place, was admitted to practice in the several Courts of this county. We understand that he underwent a very creditable examination.

JOHN MITCHELL, the Irish patriot, has written a letter to his countrymen on the general aspect of affairs in this country, but especially in respect to their duty in the present contest for the Presidency, advising them to go for Buchanan.

CENTRAL HOTEL, TYNE.—Our old friend, W. W. Fleming, formerly of Curwensville, we are pleased to hear, has taken the above hotel. Mr. Fleming is a good landlord and will keep an excellent house. We trust he will receive a liberal support.

A YOUNG girl committed suicide in Racine, Wisconsin, on the 27th ult., by jumping into the river. The cause for the act was a charge made against her by her employers of stealing money. After her death the money was found in the house where she had lived. It had been accidentally mislaid.

Pic-Nic.—On Thursday last the members of the Episcopal Sabbath School had an anniversary pic-nic party at Liberty Spring. A large number of persons attended it. It was a very fine affair, was conducted in an appropriate manner, and passed off finely and to the entire satisfaction of all present.

THE following is believed to be a correct list of those States which vote prior to the Presidential election:—Vermont, Sept. 2; California, Sept. 4; Maine, Sept. 8; Florida, Oct. 6; Pennsylvania, Oct. 14; Ohio, Oct. 14; Indiana, Oct. 14; South Carolina, Oct. 14. Florida and Indiana vote for Governor.

A DELICATE case has just been decided in New Orleans. A lady had ordered and received an artificial leg from the manufacturer for \$250, and afterwards declined paying for the same. The maker had a writ issued, requiring the Sheriff to take the leg into possession. That gentleman gave his deputy the disagreeable job, and the latter functionary, after some trouble, obtained the litigate limb, and it is now in the Sheriff's office at New Orleans.

DIVIDING THE ELECTORAL VOTE.—In 1820 John Quincy Adams received one electoral vote in New Hampshire, while the balance were cast for Monroe; in 1828 F. O. J. Smith cast one vote from Massachusetts for General Jackson, while the balance were cast for Adams. Also in 1825 the electoral vote of New York was divided among four candidates; that of Maryland among three, and of Delaware, Louisiana, and Illinois between two candidates.

OUTLAWRY.—The Calcasieu Press has a communication from Orange county, Texas, in reference to an organized band of mail robbers, horse thieves and gamblers, in that county, who occasionally get over into the Parish of Calcasieu to practice their villainy. The correspondent of the Press furnishes the names of the crew, and gives the different crimes of which it is notorious that they are guilty.—They hang together, and aid one another in such a manner that it is impossible to bring them to justice.

NATURE sometimes plays strange freaks. A large majority of the fruit orchards in this region are barren, but there is here and there one which is abundantly fruitful. This is the case with the orchard of Mr. Jacob Irwin, in the west of town. Whilst the surrounding orchards have comparatively no fruit at all, his trees are overlaid. He brought a couple twigs to our office as specimens, one of which in a space of about six inches has thirteen large, well formed apples, besides three which were broken off in carrying the branch.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, the best Remedies in the Union for diseases of the skin.—The youngest son of Mr. Edward Wright of Aberdeen, Mississippi, had the misfortune to be afflicted with a most malignant disease of the skin, which rendered the child's life one of misery and suffering. As the mother had tried every remedy likely to benefit him, without receiving the desired result, she became ultimately worn out with trouble and anxiety in the matter, and was lamenting the same to a friend, who recommended Holloway's Ointment and Pills, which the mother commenced using, and by persevering with the same for six weeks, the child was completely cured.

The Monroe Commercial, one of the oldest Democratic papers in the State, this week hands down the nigger-driver's flag, with the names of the Cincinnati candidates, and runs up Fremont and Dayton.

About a year ago a gentleman in Hartford, Ct., while counting some bank notes, carelessly wrote his name on the back of a \$20 bill. A few days since, a son of the Emerald Isle handed him the bill requesting him to give him gold for it. The gentleman, on looking at the Bank Note Reporter, found that the bank had suspended payment, and accordingly gave Pat specie for the bill he had so carelessly endorsed.

JAMES SMITH, who cut his wife's throat in Sheffield, Warren county, Pa., some time ago, cut his own throat on Thursday a-week, and died in an hour and a half. He came out of the woods where he had hidden and was pursued by several men who were hunting. As they were overtaking him he fired his rifle at one of the company without effect, and then cut his throat from ear to ear. He was armed with a rifle, revolver and knife, and seemed to possess the desperation of a fiend. He had been seen round there the night before, probably for the purpose of playing off a hoax, he adapted to Ann Eliza, and with what success we have before mentioned.

THE HISTORY of the wild woman, who caused so much excitement in Cincinnati recently, has at length been found out. J. W. Northcott, the person who had charge of her, has for many years been a resident of Shreveport, La., and his real name is Joe Williams, while the "wild woman" is Ann Eliza Paul, well known in that town as the mistress of Williams. The whole affair was a scheme got up by Williams for speculation. Having availed himself of the description of the capture of a wild man some years ago, which was written for the purpose of playing off a hoax, he adapted it to Ann Eliza, and with what success we have before mentioned.

SHOCKING DELUSION.—The following horrible affair, is condensed from the Pennsylvania Inquirer. A young man died of consumption at the house of his father, a noted believer in spiritualism, in Bordentown, N. J., last week, and, after his death, a young lady, to whom he had been betrothed, was MARRIED TO THE CORPSE, by spiritual ceremony, a boy acting as medium! The young lady at the funeral, raved and flung herself into the grave, and was, with great difficulty, removed to the house of the deceased's father, where she has since resided, and where, at meals a plate, cup, and a portion of all the condiments of the table, are set apart for the dead man, whose empty chair these victims of demonism suppose to be tenanted by his spiritual body.

WHITEHEAD, K. T., Aug. 4.—On Wednesday last, Gen. Richardson sent two men from this place to reconnoitre Lane's regiment, before reported as making their way into the Territory. They returned, this evening, and state that just after crossing the Nebraska line, they came upon an encampment of 250 Free State men; they entered the camp, pretending to be ultra Free Soilers, were kindly treated, and remained all night.

During the night, they learned that General Lane had returned to Chicago, to raise more men and means to send after the party; that he was going from thence to Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, to raise 5,000 men, charter two boats, and bring them through to Kansas without touching at the Missouri towns.

That he would have sufficient artillery to batter down any town from which an attempt would be made to intercept him. That his party was waiting for forces then at Nebraska City before moving down to Topeka.

The spies were also informed that the party expected these forces on Wednesday, when they would take up their line of march. That when General Lane touched the shores of Kansas they would move down from Topeka to meet him.

That when they did join their forces with Gen. Lane's, "they would defy the Border Ruffians, and all the United States to boot." Richardson's spies then went up to Nebraska City, where they saw 200 of the same regiment, from whom they heard confirmations of the statement of the "vanguard." They are all thoroughly armed with Sharp's rifles, pistols, knives, and have several pieces of cannon with them.

Gen. Richardson immediately sent a statement of the above to Gen. Persifer F. Smith, and advised him that, if the U. S. troops do not stop and disarm these murderers, he (Gen. R.) will be compelled to call out the Territorial militia for that purpose.

The District Court is now in session here, guarded by a troop of dragoons. Benjamin H. Brock will be tried first; he is charged with having illegally acted as Judge at an election.

A SCENE OF HORROR.—One of the items of news by the Canada is an awful earthquake in the Moluccas, involving a loss of nearly three thousand lives. A spectator writes to an English Journal:

"The glowing lava streamed downwards with irresistible force in different directions, bearing with it whatever it encountered on its destructive course, and causing the sea to boil wherever they came in contact. The hot spring opened up, and cast out a flood of boiling water, which destroyed and carried away what the fire had spared. The sea obedient to an unusual impulse, lashed the rocks with frightful violence, dashed upon the shore and heaved itself with a wild haste against the land as if it strove to overmaster the fire stream.

This frightful picture of destruction, the horror of which was increased by the shrieks of men and beasts, the wild roaring of the tempest, and the crashing of thousands of trees torn up and carried away, was followed, about an hour later, by peals of thunder which shook the ground and deafened the ear. A black column of smoke and ashes then shot up from the mountain to an immense height and fell, illumined by the glare of the lava, like a shower of fire upon the surrounding country below.

producing a darkness that, only now and then momentarily broken by the flashes of lightning, was so intense, that the people could not discern objects close at hand, and which completed their confusion and despair. Large stones were hurled through the air, crushing whatever they fell upon. Houses and crops, which had not been destroyed by fire, sunk and disappeared beneath the ashes and stones, and the hill streams stopped by these barriers, formed lakes, which breaking over their banks, soon proved a new source of destruction.

This lasted some hours. About midnight the raging elements sank to rest; but on the following day, about noon, they again resumed their work of destruction, with renewed violence. In the meantime, the fall of ashes continued without intermission, and was so thick on this day that the rays of the sun could not penetrate through it, and an appalling darkness prevailed.

Scarcely recovered in some degree from their fright, the inhabitants of this desolated part, of Sangre were again disturbed by an eruption on the 17th March, which destroyed many fields and a great number of trees on the Tabukan side.

Since then the volcano has remained quiet, the only symptoms of its working has been the smoke rising up in all directions from cracks and fissures in the ground.

The loss of life has been great. It is estimated as follows in the under mentioned districts:—Tarana, men, women and children, 722; Kaudhar, men, women and children, 45; Tabukan, men, women and children, 2036. Total, 2860.

CAMP MEETINGS.—THE METHODISTS OF CLEARFIELD & CURWENSVILLE Station, propose holding a Camp Meeting near the Centre Church, on the land of Mr. Adelman, to commence on the 5th of September. The Rev. John Poissal and other ministers will be present. The friends generally of the adjoining circuits, are invited to attend. [aug 5]

CAMP MEETING.—A Camp Meeting will be held by the United Brethren in Christ, near the Turnpike, about six miles west of Curwensville, commencing on the 5th of September next. A. CROWELL, J. HOLLIS, J. LYDICK, G. LEBCH, J. BELGER, Committee of Arrangements. [aug 6]

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Whereas, as Letters of Administration on the estate of WILLIAM R. BARK, late of Clearfield County, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement, to L. H. TURNER, Administrators. July 20, 1856—6t.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between L. W. WELD, Joseph Hagerty and John W. McCullough, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. L. W. WELD, JOSEPH HAGERTY, JOHN W. McCULLOUGH, Bessaria Mills, July 26, 1856—6t.

LICENSE NOTICE.—The following named persons have filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Clearfield County, their respective Petitions for License at August Session next, agreeably to Act of Assembly of March 28, 1856, entitled "An Act to regulate the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors." Inkeeper, Brady town p. Geo. Pentz & Wm. Zigler; Inkeeper, Brady town p. Eliza Walton, Inkeeper, Kirby town p. M. P. Marble, Inkeeper, Kirby town p. July 20, 1856. Wm. PORTER, Clerk.

CAUTION.—The undersigned having bought 1 1/2 yokes of oxen, 1 steigh, 1 spring wagon, 1 lot of square timber in the woods, 1 spring wagon, 1 cow, and 1 cart, at the Sheriff's sale of A. S. Tozer's property, on the 8th July, 1856, notice is hereby given to all persons not to purchase or interfere with the aforementioned property, which we leave with the said Tozer, as it belongs to us. McBRIDE & WRIGHT, Curwensville, July 19, 1856.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Whereas, as Letters of Administration on the estate of David Moore, late of Pike township, Clearfield Co., Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated, to our attorney, L. JACKSON CRANS, Esq., Clearfield, or to either of us. CALEB W. MOORE, Lumber City, THOS J. MOORE, Pike Twp., July 16, 1856—6t. Administrators.

FOR SALE.—The farm occupied by Richard Danvers, Jr., situate in Penn township, about one mile from Pennville. It contains 64 acres, of which 45 are cleared and under good fence. The improvements are a two-story frame house and kitchen, barn and out-houses. There is a young bearing orchard on the place, and the whole is well watered. For terms apply to L. JACKSON CRANS, Clearfield, Pa. June 4

J. B. MENALLY, ATTORNEY AT LAW has changed his office to Shaw's row. He now occupies an office with T. J. McCullough, Esq. All business will receive prompt attention. Clearfield July 16, 1856.

COLE HOPE & NEW WASHINGTON TURNPIKE AND PLANK ROAD COMPANY.—The stockholders of this Company will meet in Newburg, Chest township, at the house of Ezra Root, on Saturday the 13th of September, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of organizing and electing officers for the Company. A general attendance is requested by the commissioners. ELIAS HERD, President. James Dowlen, Secretary. New Washington, August 15, 1856.

JAMES B. GRAHAM, Dealer in SAWED LUMBER, SQUARED TIMBER, SHINGLES, &c., is prepared to fill on the shortest notice, all orders for articles in his line of business, on as reasonable terms as they can be procured in the county. Grahampton, Clearfield Co., Jan. 23, 1856.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned against purchasing or meddling with a span of horses and a set of double harness in the possession of Valentine Heyer, in Canton township, Clearfield county, as they belong to me. JOHN DU BOIS, July 16—3t.

NOTICE.—A meeting of the Directors of the Clearfield Rail Road Company, will be held at the office of the Treasurer Josiah W. Smith, in the Borough of Clearfield on Tuesday the 19th of August, at 10 o'clock, P. M., for general business. A general attendance is requested. JAS. T. HALE, Pres. Aug. 6th 1856. All those who have not paid their first installment on their stock subscribed are requested to come forward and pay the same. JOSIAH W. SMITH, Treas. Aug. 6, 1856. H. D. PATTON, (Feb 13) 500,000 SHORT SHINGLES, for sale low price for cash by A. M. HILLS. SALES! SALES!—A quantity of Course and Ground Alum Salt for sale at W. F. IRWIN'S.

GRAIN! GRAIN!!—Wheat, Rye, Oats and Corn, can at all times be procured at the Pioneer Mills, on the Mohannon, in Morris township, at the lowest selling rates. July 16 HENRY GROE, Agent.

JOHN RUSSELL & CO., TANNERS AND CURRIERS, Pennville, Clearfield Co., Pa. Keep constantly on hand an excellent assortment of goods which they offer on credit at the lowest cash prices. Hides taken in exchange. July 15, 1856.

RESOLUTION PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH. Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly, That the following amendments are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

SECTION I. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts, direct and contingent, which are contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except the debts above specified, no debt shall be created on behalf of the state, or for the purpose of which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session after the passage of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of any lands or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, insurrection, or insurrection, or of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. No property of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter be bound, or become a party, in any company, association, or corporation.

SECTION 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, township, or any other municipal association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any particular public duty.

SECTION 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to assume a debt in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECTION 8. There shall be no separate article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows: ARTICLE XII. OF NEW COUNTIES. No county shall be divided by a line cutting off one-tenth of its population, or territory, to form a new county (or otherwise) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

SECTION 9. From section four of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "of Philadelphia, and of the several counties;" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "neither the city of Philadelphia nor any," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "and no;" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following: SECTION 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred and thirty, shall be apportioned equally throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxable inhabitants, shall have a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxable inhabitants to elect at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as practicable, which districts shall elect one representative.

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof." The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

SECTION 10. The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or amend any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the incorporators.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856 Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 5. On the second amendment, yeas 19, nays 8. On the third amendment, yeas 23, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 1. Extract from the Journal. THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, Clerk.

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 21, 1856. Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 72, nays 24. On the second amendment, yeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 63, nays 25; and on fourth amendment, yeas 69, nays 16. Extract from the Journal. WILLIAM JACK, Clerk.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, A. G. CURTIN, Filed April 24, 1856. Secretary of the Commonwealth. SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 27, 1856. Pennsylvania, I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to the amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written. A. G. CURTIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856. Resolved, proposing amendments to the Constitution, and was as follows: The years and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Yeomung) Beck (York), Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Cary, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Inis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Callmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menzer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Parcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny) Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Wyoming) Thompson, Whitlow, Wright (Dauphin), Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

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stitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration. On the question. Will the Senate agree to the first amendment? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Brown, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clinton, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Southern, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Platt, Speaker—24. NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger and Pratt—5.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the Senate agree to the second amendment? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Brown, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clinton, Sellers, Shuman, Southern, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry and Wilkins—19. NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Ferguson, Gregg, Pratt, Price and Platt, Speaker—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the Senate agree to the third amendment? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Brown, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clinton, Mellinger, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Southern, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Platt, Speaker—23. NAYS—Mr. Gregg—1.

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So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the Senate agree to the fifth amendment? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Yeomung) Beck (York), Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Cary, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Inis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Callmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menzer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Parcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny) Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Wyoming) Thompson, Whitlow, Wright (Dauphin), Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the House agree to the second amendment? The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Yeomung) Beck (York), Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Cary, Craig, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Inis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Callmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menzer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Parcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny) Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Wyoming) Thompson, Whitlow, Wright (Dauphin), Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the House agree to the third amendment? The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Yeomung) Beck (York), Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Cary, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Inis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Callmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menzer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Parcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny) Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Wyoming) Thompson, Whitlow, Wright (Dauphin), Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the House agree to the fourth amendment? The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Yeomung) Beck (York), Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Cary, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Inis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Callmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menzer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Parcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny) Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Wyoming) Thompson, Whitlow, Wright (Dauphin), Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the House agree to the fifth amendment? The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Yeomung) Beck (York), Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Cary, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Inis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Callmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menzer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Parcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny) Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Wyoming) Thompson, Whitlow, Wright (Dauphin), Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the House agree to the sixth amendment? The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Yeomung) Beck (York), Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Cary, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Inis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Callmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menzer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Parcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny) Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Wyoming) Thompson, Whitlow, Wright (Dauphin), Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the House agree to the seventh amendment? The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Yeomung) Beck (York), Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Cary, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Inis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Callmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menzer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Parcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny) Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Wyoming) Thompson, Whitlow, Wright (Dauphin), Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the House agree to the eighth amendment? The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Yeomung) Beck (York), Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Cary, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Inis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Callmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menzer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Parcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny) Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Wyoming) Thompson, Whitlow, Wright (Dauphin), Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the House agree to the ninth amendment? The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Yeomung) Beck (York), Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Cary, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hippie, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Inis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Callmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menzer, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Parcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny) Smith, (Cambria) Smith, (Wyoming) Thompson, Whitlow, Wright (Dauphin), Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question. Will the House agree to the tenth amendment? The ye