DO YOU REALLY THINK HE DID!

- I waited till the twilight, And yet he did not come
- I strayed along the brook-side, And slowly wandered home: When who should come behind me, But him I would have bid ;
- He said he came to find me-Do you really think he did?
- He said that since we parted, He thought of naught so sweet, As of the very moment, The moment we should meet.
- He show'd me where, half shaded,
- A cottage home lay hid, He said for me he made it— Do you really think he did? He said when first he saw me. Life seemed at once divine-Each night he dreamed of angels,
- And every face was mine Sometimes a voice, when sleeping, Would all his hopes forbid And then he waked up weeping-Do you really think he did?

A RACE FOR LIFE. Or a Steeple Chase on the Prairies.

The first of June, 1849! Seven years ago How stranger than fiction it seems that on this seventh anniversary of that eventful day, after traversing all the vicissitudes of experience, after boxing the compass of life's stormy sea, and shaking hands with every extremity of fortune, I should be seated at last in this quiet which was then the goal of all our hopes around me; the wild freedom of the illimitable prairies exchanged for the confines of a dingy office; my snorting charger discharged for this old arm chair; the badge of the pioneer laid aside for a more peaceful weapon, this "gray goose quill."

It was on this day seven years ago. Eightyfive of us, weary wanderers over the trackless prairies, were day after day and month after month toiling onward to this land of gold, whose lofty sierras and summer plains have since gathered to their eternal embrace so many members of that gallant youthful band. It was Sunday in the wilderness; the wagons all the toil-worn mule scattered around, joyfully cropping the grass under the watchful vigilance of the guard. Some of the party were bathing in the clear stream, some cooking, mending clothes, washing, lounging, or smoking, and all enjoying to the full a glorious sunshiny day of rest and indolence, when some evil genius possessed me with a sudden desire to be the first of the party to slay the long expected "buffalo," an animal we had not yet encountered, but which now begun to be the constant theme of conversation and conjecture. Several of the boys were hunting turkeys in the margin of the timber, which skirted the river, so that when I saddled ap my steed, and, with rifle at my saddle-bow, started out to the northward, the few who observed my departure exchanged sly winks at my probable disappointment, but never dreamed of the thrilling adventure that I was so rashly rushing into.

Although we knew that we were about the confines of the Pawnee Territories, and had indeed been warned by a convoy of trappers. whom we had met but a few days previous, returning from their distant wintering ground in the mountains, that war parties were out, yet, confident in our numbers, and the entire inability of our unpracticed eyes to detect any traces of them, we had attributed the well meant warning of the old mountaineers rather to a spirit of news mongering than anything else, and rather despised those wild Bedouins of the prairies of whom we heard so much, but had as yet failed to see.

Far away over the beautiful undulating and vernal bosom of the trackless prairies I rode gently along, on the qui vive for any indications of the object of my desires, but though I eagerly scanned the horizon as I proceeded, not a living thing met my eyes except a few antelopes, whose wary caution and quick perception rendered them impossible of approach upon the open prairies.

Far as the vision could reach, nought but a monotonously undulating surface of gently swelling and naked hills, covered only by the buffalo grass and flowers of every hue, extended in every direction towards the fair horizon, tant hills glowing in the fresh verdure of the | wagon wheels.

advancing season. Struck with the voiceless solitude of this untrodden desert, I rode slowly along, lazily musing on the strange vicissitudes which so suddenly translated me from college halfs to pursuers were for a moment out of sight be- done his best, his powers were exhausted, the year 1828 I left Charleston, but I heard he this wild scene, and had almost imperceptibly hind the ridge I had crossed. I reached the and yielding at last to utter prostration, he highly distinguished himself, and graduated placed some seven or eight miles between me front of me, I discerned a column of dust, and, O, despair ! sank to his belly in a treachwhich, as I supposed, betokened the long de- erous swamp! Ah! can the gathering years night, how I covered him with my own share afterwards has been one of heroic adventure, sired buffalo. Away went romance and reflec- of all futurity ever blot from my memory the of blankets and supplied him carefully and tion. The ardor of the hunter took possesand glancing at my rifle's lock, I struck spurs down the rivulet which divided it, I could two weeks, and cherished him like a feeble sion of me, and hastily loosening my pistols to my steed and galloped forward, never doubt- not guess. A terrible yell burst from the ex- child, I have not time to tell; but although ing that the opportunity so ardently coveted was now at hand.

Charging down the hill and across the intervening valley, I rose another gently swelling roll of the prairie, and as I gained the summit, brief moment, as the wild savages came charagain the moving cloud of dust met my gaze, ging down the hill, tumultuous thoughts of and this time considerably nearer, and, as I closely regarded it, I perceived that it was ra- ticipations, as long cherished, of a golden fupidly approaching, and I began to discern the ture in the land of promise, came thronging flashing of bright objects gleaming out from in wild confusion through my teeming brain. private was Ms obscurity. This looked less like buffa- There was one hope left, desperate as it having no

lo. As the object, whatever it might be, con- | seemed; but there was no time for deliberathe morning sun.

Still, however, I scarcely thought of Pawnees, but supposed it might be some hunting I was. party of friendly Pottawatomies or Sioux: and, at all events, knowing the mettle and waiting for a more satisfactory inspection .hollow, and again displayed in bold relief against the sky as they surmounted some prominent ridge.

At length their distance was diminished to horse's head, with a view of riding moderately towards the camp, till they should manifest some design to pursue me; when imagine the chill of horror which curdled my blood, as I saw two smaller parties in my rear, galloping together from either side to cut off my retreat, and heard the terrible yell which all three raislittle sanctum; the hum of that mighty city, ed, as they saw their wild manœuvre discovered, and that further silence would be useless.

Whilst the main body had continued to attract my attention by advancing conspicuously towards me, these two parties had taken advantage of the numerous hollows, which at times had concealed them temporarily from view, to diverge, and by a wide circuit, attain my rear, I, greenhorn that I was, never dreaming of this common Indian stratagem, while stupidly regarding the first and only object which attracted my gaze. The two intercepting parties were rapidly converging towards the line of my retreat, and were already within a quarter of a mile of each other, while I was no more than half the distance from the "corralled" on the banks of the "Little Blue," centre. The main body, with a fearful whoop, dashed on to close me in.

distance those wild coursers of the desert, even if I escaped the immediate danger? But there durance. Onward they swept after us with ca Majora, and four books of Homer's Iliad. the chance. Another moment would be too late. Grasping my rifle with a firmer clutch, and re-assuring with caressing words the fright- the wind. ened steed, who alone could save me from a horrible fate, I made a bold dash for the interval which still seperated the detached parties, and upon which they were rapidly closing.

Nobly the gallant animal responded to the call. Snorting with terror at the wild shouts of our pursuers, trembling in every limb with the intensity of his exertions, he flew over the ground, and with the fleetness of the wind, he dashed between the approaching hordes, within a hundred yards of us on either hand.

With the energy of despair I grasped the saddle with my knees, and bent forward to assist his flying course. On, on, towards the onupon our tracks, their blankets and finery flying in the wind, onward we sped, pursuers and pursued, over the broad expanse of that

Soon the fleetness and blood of my American courser began to tell on the enduring but timber, still about a mile ahead. I strained ings to enthusiasm, and drew from him exslower-footed mustangs of the Indians. Some of the worst mounted were gradually dropping rapture unspeakable! far away, but directly to the rear, and after running two or three miles they were strung out in a long line behind me. Gradually I slackened my speed, for I well knew that the bottom and endurance of Indian horses, accustomed to traverse immense distances at a single stretch is almost without limit, and many a long mile was still | story. before us. Again they would diminish the distance, and again I was obliged to urge my from my lips as I discovered the welcome jaded steed to his best efforts.

But I was begining to breathe freer, the first startling alarm was over, half the distance was accomplished. If my gallant grey could but maintain his tremendous exertions but rage. But their practiced eyes were not slow here and there requiring, as I thought, a very four miles more I was safe. Once in sight of to discover my retuge, and one after another slight amendment. camp and the prudence of my wild pursuers pulled up his panting steed and gazed with would glacce but once at the eighty American when the blue sky of summer kissed the dis- rifles which would gleam from behind our

I was descending a long but gentle inclination towards a broad level depression in the prairie which spread out about a couple of hundred yards wide at its base. My savage faithful creature had toiled to the last; he had take the Sophomore Class. About the end of foot of the hill at full speed; my steed plun- stretched his weary limbs upon the sward, and in 1830. After that he taught mathematics camp, when, far in the distance, directly in ged forward on what seemed hard ground; I thought that the last race of my gallant grey despair of that awful moment? How far this cautiously with grass and water, how I trudseemingly impossible barrier extended up and | ged along on foot day after day for the next | ultant warriors as they appeared over the crest | many a mile he carried me in after days over of the ridge and recognized the dilemma they had too truly anticipated.

Terrible fears chilled my blood. In that ging down the hill, tumultuous thoughts of home and friends, mingled with the bright anticipations, as long cherished, of a relative

tinued to approach, I halted for a better view, tion, no opportunity for choice. Resistance and was not long in making out a band of was madness. I was hemmed in on every mounted Indians, their snow-white shields and side but one. Straight ahead was my only burnished lance-heads glancing brightly in chance. I might flounder through, and, at all no worse than instantaneous destruction where

Dashing the rowels into the trembling animal, I madly urged him forward. The soil power of my horse, and having a retreat at though covered with grass and apparantly firm pleasure, I thought I incurred no great risk by gave way at every step. Ploughing his way by gigantic efforts, now for an instant raising diligence and indomitable perseverance." We Gradually across the broad expanse of the prai- himself on some harder spot, then sinking rie, they drew nearer and nearer, now disap- to his saddle-girths, urged by my frantic expearing from view in crossing some concealed | ertions, terrified to phrensy by the appalling yells of the rapidly approaching enemy and the shots which began to whistle around us. the noble animal toiled gallantly on and gained the firm bank just as the dusky forms of my teen, or perhaps not so much, of middle size, less than a quarter of a mile and thinking a pursuers, infuriated at the possible loss of graceful in manners, rather slender, but well nearer acquaintance undesirable, I turned my their prey, were clustering on the opposite formed, and upon the whole, what I would call side, seeking a favorable spot to follow.

Their deliberation saved me. It required a strong control of reason to walk my failing horse slowly up the hill while the Indians were floundering after me through the swamp. But I rightly judged that a little breathing time would not be wasted on him. I turned the summit of the hill just as the discomfitted | ed to place him under my care for the purpose Indians were beginnig to crawl out from the bog, and again putting spurs to my jaded horse once more we sprung forward in that mad race gladly received him, for I immediately perfor life or death. Onward we rushed, over hills and valley, across streams and ravines, in head-long flight, pursuers and pursued.

The timber which marked the camp grew more and more distinct; now for a moment more concealed by an intervening hill,-and again as we flew over its summit rising nearer and clearer to view. My horse was rapidly failing-great flakes of foam flew from his mouth. Covered with mud and drenched with sweat, he still, however, toiled gallantly at it, in which he also soon excelled. In short, onward, spurning the sod of the prairie with in the space of one year, he had with the his flying hoofs. But the goal was nearly class, and at odd hours with myself, read four von. Oh! if he could hold his nace a little My horse was fleet and true, but he was also longer! The tireless mustangs of the Indians, books of Virgil, nearly all Horace, and two travel-worn and fatigued. How long could he no match for his fleet limbs in a short stretch, books of Livy; and in Greek, all Greeca Minow exhibited their wonderful powers of en- nora, about the half of the first volume of Græwas no time to deliberate. Now or never was undiminished speed, their unshorn manes and And whatever he read, he retained. It seemsweeping tails mingling with the flowing drapery of the wild riders and flying out upon

The timber banks of the "Little Blue," which I had so eagerly longed for, had for the church, but when I contemplated his bold. some moments been concealed by a long but gentle swelling ascent, the summit of which I was approaching. If from here the white wag- his love of heroic and adventurous deeds, I ons of our camp should be visible over the uninterrupted plain I should yet reach them.

But, oh! if another of these interminable ridges should intervene! My poor horse was on his last legs. But to perish in sight of virtue and modesty. I could not help loving safety, to be taken in view of the camp by him, so much did he captivate me by his genthese implacable savages! My brain teemed | tlemanly conduct and extraordinary progress. with these maddening doubts as I neared the It was easy to see that he would one day raise spot which was to decide my fate, and I tremly hope of safety, fifty yelling demons hard bled with eagerness for the view which might consign me to despair.

I neared the summit; another bound and we went over, and flying with faltering steps down a long gentle inclination which swept of Marathon, the bravery of Miltiades and his away in gentle undulations to the longed for ten thousand Greeks raised his patriotic feelmy eyes for indications of comrades; and oh! before me, nestling at the base of the long dark line of cotton-wood, in full view of the panting fugitive, loomed up the white circle of tents and wagon tops-dearer to my longing gaze than to the desert-worn pilgrim the and asked him if he did not write them; and lofty minarets and marble palaces of Eastern hesitating at first, rather blushingly, he con-

ance. I looked back. One after another savage came bounding over the ridge pressing on with the wild fury of disappointed strong marks of genius stamped on all, but baffled malignity after their expected victim.

sweat my gallant preserver burst into camp, derful progress, that at the end of one year he and, as I sprang from the saddle into the midst of my startled comrades, with a groan of ex- triumphantly, whilst others who had been stuhaustion he sank quivering to the earth. The dying four years and more were obliged to was run. How I nursed him through the long | der a certain celebrated Senator. His career these dreary deserts, and many a time brought | ting you, or in any way losing the old regard reer, yet never again dir an eight mile go back with more pleasure than that spent steeple-chase against with fifty unhis competiyelling in his

In Philade ons are employing and their dwellings, the regular police.

COL. FREMONT.

A friend has called our attention to a very striking testimonial to the talents and acquirement of Col. Fremont. It is found in an edition of the Anabasis of Xenophon, prepared events suffocation or capture in the bog was by Dr. J. Robertson, and published by Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia, in 1850. In the preface to this work, which is dated Philadelphia, August, 1850, Dr. Robertson, addressing himself to the student for whose use his book was designed, relates for their encouragement what he calls "a very remarkable instance of patient subjoin his narrative :

> "In the year 1827, after I had returned to Charleston from Scotland, and my classes were going on, a very respectable lawyer came to my school, I think some time in the month of October, with a youth apparently about sixhandsome; of a keen, piercing eye, and a noble forehead, seemingly the very seat of genius. The gentleman stated that he found him given to study, that he had been about three weeks learning the Latin rudiments, and (hoping, I suppose, to turn the youth's attention from the law to the ministry,) had resolvof learning Greek, Latin and Mathematics, sufficient to enter Charleston college. I very ceived he was no common youth as intelligence beamed in his dark eye, and shone brightly on his countenance, indicating great ability, and an assurance of his future progress. I at once put him in the highest class, just beginning to read Cæsar's Commentaries, and although at first inferior, his prodigious memory and enthusiastic application soon enabled him to surpass the best. He began Greek at the same time, and read with some who had been long books of Cæsar, Cornelius Nepos, Sallust, six ed to me, in fact, that he learned by mere intuition. I was myself utterly astonished, and at the same time delighted with his progress. I have hinted above that he was designed for fearless disposition, his powerful inventive genius, his admiration of warlike exploits, and did not think it likely he would be a Minister of the Gospel. He had not, however, the least appearance of any vice whatever. On the contrary, he was always the very pattern of

himself to eminence. "Whilst under my instruction, I discovered his early genius for poetic composition in the following manner: When the Greek class read the account that Herodotus gives of the battle pressions which I thought were embodied in a few days afterward in some well written verses in a Charleston paper, on that far-famed unequal but successful conflict against tyranny and oppression, and suspecting my talented scholar to be the author, I went to his desk, fessed he did. I then said, "I knew you could A shout of triumph and exultation burst do such things, and I suppose you have some such pieces by you which I should like to see. scene and recognized the gate of my deliver- Do bring them to me.' He consented, and in a day or two brought me a number, which I read with pleasure and admiration, at the

"I had hired a mathematician to teach both him and myself, (for I could not teach that But I was saved! Covered with foam and science,) and in this he also made such wonentered the Junior Class in Charleston College for some time, and then went to study law unof hair-breadth escapes by flood and field, and of scientific explorations which have made him world-wide renowned. In a letter I received from him very lately, he expressed his gratitude to me in the following words : "I am very far from either forgetting you, or neglecwell spent, and of anything I have learned, I remember nothing so well, and so distinctly, as what I required with you.' Here I cannot help saying that the merit was almost all his

of learning had not been of the richest quality, they never would have sprung up to a hundred fold in full ear. Such, my young friends, is but an imperfect sketch of my once beloved and favorite pupil, now a Senator, and who may yet rise to be at the head of this great and growing Republic. My prayer is that he may ever be opposed to war, injustice and oppression of every kind, a blessing to his country, and an example of every noble virtue to the whole world."

BROOKS AND BURLINGAME.

The recent acts of the South Carolina rufflan, who has at last relieved the House of Representatives from his presence, by resigning his seat, are in strict keeping with the dastardly deed which first brought him prominently before the public. That he is at heart an arrant coward, whilst it might have been interred from the mode and manner of his attack upon Senator Sumner, has been most conclusively established by the course he has pursued in relation to his difficulty with Burlingame of Massachusetts. It will be remembered that the gentleman referred to delivered in the House of Representatives the most clo- then sum up the figures and add \$5,000,000, quent speech which the expulsion resolution called forth, in which he commented upon the Sumner outrage with just and scathing severity. For this the gallant hero of the bludgeon

saw proper to challenge him to mortal combat. Contrary to his expectations, in all probability, Mr. Burlingame promptly accepted the challenge, fixed the Canada side of the Niagara river as the place of meeting, and after sending Brooks word to that effect, repaired to the city of New York, on his way thither. After some deliberation and consultation with his friends, the challenger concluded that discretion was the better part of valor, and declined to follow his antagonist to the spot selected, upon the absurd plea that he would have to travel some seven hundred miles thro' hair of his head would have been disturbed. The true reason is, Brooks was afraid to meet Mr. Burlingame, who is a dead shot. And what will the South say to the conduct of their champion, who had the courage to strike down an unarmed Senator? According to the 'code of honor,' he is disgraced beyond redemption. Mr. Burlingame subsequently returned to Washington, and both parties are now under bonds to keep the peace.

A FATHER AND SON WITH SIX WIVES APIECE. -The Manchester (N.H.) Mirror, gives a long account of the proceedings in that place and in Rutland, Vt, of two men calling themselves Dr. Lyman A. Abbott and James H. Abbott. said to be father and son, who are now both under arrest on the charge of bigamy. It is stated that they have each, within a short period, married no less than six wives. The father passed at Manchester, N.H., as the "rich old uncle" of his son, and in consequence of his representations, the tradesmen of Manchester were victimized to the amount of several hundred dollars. The career of both parties to us all, but whether he saled the lether, or for a number of years is detailed in the Mirror with great minuteness. At Newark, N. J., in 1854, the elder Abbott was married to Mrs. Elizabeth Roberts, who soon discovered that he had a wife living in Syracuse, N. Y. He was consequently arrested for bigamy, convicted and sentenced to ten years in the New Jersey Penitentiary, but was pardoned out after seven months' detention. A Miss Gardiner, of Westmoreland, N. H., states that she married the same man, under the name of Dr. Lyman Andrews, in 1852. In Sussex county, N. J., in 1849, he persuaded a Miss Sherman to elope with him, and they were married by a Justice of the Peace. He was soon after obliged to abscond for threatening his wife's life in order to obtain her property. It was also ascertained that the true, original name of the wold doctor" is Aaron Andrews Abbey, and the true name of the young man James Henry Abbey-the latter being the eldest son of the former by his first wife. Both parties are held

THE COMMITTEE on Elections of the United States House of Representatives have reported in favor of Governor Reeder's claim to a seat in Congress, as Delegate from Kansas. They decline to send the case back to the people of Kansas for a new election, on account of the certainty of a repetition of the disgraceful scenes which have attended previous elections there; and until the passage of an act, by Congress, by which an election can be legally held there, they recognize Governor Reeder as the Delegate elected by the majority of the

citizens of Kansas. Commodore Robert F. Stockton has written a letter withdrawing from the contest for the Presidency. His associate od the ticket, Kenneth Rayner, withdrew some 'time ago .-This slightly narrows the contest, one ticket me alongside the flying buffele in his mad ca- I had for you. There is no time to which I being entirely out of the field. Fillmore, Fremont, Buchanan and Gerrit Smith are the only men now regularly before the people as candidates for the Presidency.

Apvices from Key West, Florida, state that party of 15 volunteers had attacked a band of Seminole Indians, numbering 75, on the 17th ult., and killed 17. The volunteers lost own. It is true I encouraged and cheered him one-third of their men, but succeeded in dison, but if the soil into which I put the seeds persing the savages.

A LEAF FROM THE NATIONAL LEDGER. An exchange, in a calculation of the cost of

the public lands of our domain, says that the

equivalent which we give for them amounts to about a hundred millions of dollars. This we believe to be an altogether inadequate estimate. That this is an immense country, and a growing one beside, and that it will inventory, as the merchants say, at a much higher figure than \$100,000,000, a glance at Uncle Samuel's real estate operations will satisfy the most incredulous. Beginning, then, in 1803, when we first began as a nation to break a portion of the tenth section of the decalogue, we purchased Louisiana from France, giving her as an equivalent \$11,250,000, besides making out for her a receipt in full for obligations of about an equal amount, for which she was previously our debtor. This satisfied us for a while, until in 1819 we paid \$5,000,000 to Spain in order to secure Florida. We then disbursed \$100,000,000 more for the extinguishment of the Indian title, an operation which was afterwards succeeded by the transfer of Texas and the acquired Mexican territory, at a cost of \$35,000,000, more. If we which is a low estimate for the expense of surveying this extensive territory, we find the sum total to be one hundred and sixty odd millions of dollars, not counting the expense of the Florida, the Mexican, and the continued Indian wars. At the present time, say De Bow's statistics, the U. S. own fifteen hundred millions of acres of land, which are worth to it two billions of dollars. What a glorious picture is here presented of the "responsibility," according to commercial parlance, of this great nation! All these immense sums have been paid at maturity, and yet taxation has rested as lightly upon the shoulders of the people as dew upon summer foliage.

We are apt to felicitate ourselves upon living in a progressive era. We do; but whoevan "enemy's country," and was liable to be er lives to see a century hence, when all this attacked on the way. This is essentially a huge domain is under cultivation and every back out-a showing of the white feather- acre is occupied by colleges, newspaper offices, telegraph stations, model farms and machine shops, will witness the prosperity of a country teeming with a population of 500,000,000 of souls. If wickedness don't keep pace with progress in the arts, and the world is not prematurely destroyed for its presumption, the greatest country that ever had an existence upon its surface will be these United States! It is as certain as certainty itself.

> A TRUE SARMINT .- The other morning as Father O'Neil mounted the rostrum of the chapel at Bathfeyland, having just come over from Ballygraddy on his one-eyed minus-tailed shetty, which was tied to a post behind the chapel, he thus addressed his assembled congregation :- "My friends turn wid me if ye plaze, as the subject of our morning's meditations, to Paul's Epistle to the Romans. But I may as well tell you that some of ye knows as little about what an Epistle manes as a Connaught pig knows about plaiting a shirt front. But an epistle, let me inform ye, is neither more nor less than a lether; and that Paul wrote this lether and addhressed it is ivident merely stuck a wafer into it, all the commentators I have consulted have not been able to inform me. Howsumever, my friends, he did not address it to them dirthy Episcopalians, nor them schurvy Presbyterians, nor to them theeven Unitarians, nor any of them Hereticonarians. No! he addressed it to you my friends-the Romans. I intend to divide my discourse this morning into three heads. The first will trate on something that I know myself, and that niver a one o' ye knows a ha'porth about. In the second place, I mane to spake to ye about something yourselves know all about, and I know nothing about meself; and in the third place I mane to spake to ye about something that naither you nor I knows anything about at all, at all. In the first place then as I was mounting my nag this morning to come to praich to ye here, I tore a thumping hole in the knay of my black throusers, and ye knew nothing about that. In the second place you know when you're going to give me a new pair, and I don't; and thurdly, we don't know what that Prottistant tailor oover the way will be after charging us for thim."

It is now evident that Messrs. Toombs and Douglas, in the preparation of their Kansas bill, have been acting in concert with the Missouri propagandists of Slavery. By a telegraphic dispatch from St. Louis, we learn that a hand-bill was issued on the 8th of July by Stringfellow and his associates, calling upon all good Missourians to go over into the Territory before the 1st of August, so as to be in readiness to vote at the November election. There can be no question that if the Senate bill should become a law, hundreds of the border ruffians would be enrolled by the commissioners whom the President is authorized to appoint, and, as they have repeatedly done heretofore, defeat the wishes of the actual

THE MAMMOTH CAVE .- An unknown passage some two miles in length was discovered in the Mammoth Cave, Kentucky, on the 11th inst. This passage is said to lead to chambers far surpassing any before discovered. both in extent and magnificence, and makes the whole length of the Cave eleven miles.