THE JOURNAL.

MEETING TO CHOOSE CONGRESSIONAL CONFEREES.—A meeting of the citizens of Clearfield county, opposed to the policy of the present National Administration and the election of James Buchanan, are requested to meet in the Borough of Clearfield, on *Saturday the 2nd day of August*, to select three Conferees to represent this county in the Congressional Conference to be held at Brookville on the 6th August. July 23, 1856.

CAMP MEETING FOR NEW WASHINGTON CIRCUIT.—A Camp Meeting will be held by the members and friends of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at New Washington, Clearfield county, commencing on Friday the 15th of August, and closing on Thursday 21st.

JOHN POISAL, P. E.
JAMES HUNTER,
July 23, 1856. THOS. R. SATTERFIELD.

CLIPPINGS AND SCRIBBLINGS.

ABOUT—hooped skirts and huckleberries.

GOING UP—Fremont stock, and several fine buildings in our borough.

HOT—the weather on last Thursday. The mercury raised to 104 deg. in the shade.

GOOD—the "stum-jack" arrangements of Robbins, and the District Attorney's lemonade. We are always on hand, gentlemen.

FINE—Dr. Wood's bay horse. Tried him ourself, and found him "some" in a buggy.—Shouldn't mind trying him again, Doc.

JUST IN SEASON—the self-sealing cans for preserving fresh fruits of all kinds, which can be procured of Merrell & Carter, on 2d street, as will be seen by their advertisement.

ARRESTED.—Adam Stong, who murdered James Devinney about a year ago in Lack tp., Juniata county, has been arrested at Sturges, in the State of Michigan.

"GROWING SMALL by degrees and beautifully less"—the Buck and Breck club. They can now raise eight—including officers, members, outsiders and boys.

BURNT—a field of wheat, consisting of four acres, belonging to John Morris of Chester co., Pa., which caught fire, last week, from the sparks of a locomotive on the Reading railroad.

HENRY CLAY said in the Senate, "I repeat that I never can and never will vote, and no earthly power will ever make me vote, to spread slavery over territory where it does not exist."

RUMORED—that Senator Butler will resign his seat as the representative of South Carolina in the U. S. Senate, and that the Governor of that State will appoint Preston S. Brooks as his successor.

ABOLISHED—all the secret machinery of the order, by the American National Council that met in New York week before last. The cry of "midnight cabal," &c., is, like Othello's occupation, gone!

GIVEN—notices of intended applications to the Legislature of Pennsylvania for new bank charters, together representing a capital of $18,830,000—a sum nearly equal to the whole of the present banking capital of the State.

LET HIM COME ON—the individual who threatens to pitch into us *a la Brooks* style, unless we apologise. We can't afford to comply with his demand. It seems Locofoco bludgeon argument is to be used in Clearfield as well as in Washington city. Go it, bullies!

DEAR AFFAIRS—kisses in Buffalo, N. Y. A genteel looking man, named Cu[illegible] was sent to the penitentiary in tha[illegible]hs, for kissing a young lady [illegible] the night of the 4th July, [illegible] from a display of fire-w[illegible]

PLEASANT—the evening w[illegible] beginning of the week at a friend's house above Curwensville. It always makes us feel cheery, and arouses the kindliest feelings of our heart, when we mingle with such sociable, agreeable and hospitable folks as we met on this occasion.

PIC NIC PARTIES seem to be plenty in this place just now, there having been no less than two or three last week. We attended a large one on Saturday, which was a fine affair. An abundant supply of "the good things of earth" was on hand, to which ample justice was rendered. Such pic-nics are good institutions.

ROYAL GAME OF CHESS.—Dates from Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, of the 24th May, state that the king had officially announced to the Legislature his intention of marrying Miss Emma Rooke. The Philadelphia *Sun* says this is contrary to the rules laid down by Philador: a rook may hold a king in check but cannot take him.

INVASION OF NICARAGUA.—By a late arrival, via Panama, we have news from San Jose, Costa Rica, to June 27. The papers state that General Mora, the Commander-in-Chief of the army, the Vice President and the Secretary of State had all died of cholera. The troops of Guatemala and San Salvador had united for the invasion of Nicaragua.

A TERRIBLE DISASTER occurred on the 16th July, by the burning of the steamer Northern Indiana, while on her passage to Toledo from Buffalo. Large numbers of the passengers were rescued by the steamer Mississippi, and others were saved by a propeller and schooner. Notwithstanding this, from thirty to fifty are reported to have been lost.

SAD AFFAIR.—Sarah Terry, aged 13, daughter of John A. Terry, of Liberty, McKean county, Pa., was shot by a younger brother, on the 22d June. They were in the woods hunting, and had treed a squirrel. The girl was standing between it and her brother, who told her to move or he would shoot her. She refused and he fired—the load entering her side, from the effects of which she died in about 36 hours. This should serve as a warning not to leave children have fire-arms.

THE FREMONT BANNER.—"I see," says a correspondent of the Boston Atlas, "that in Pennsylvania the Buchanan men are forming 'Wheatland Clubs,' (Wheatland is the name of Buchanan's home,) with banners bearing as a device a sheaf of Wheat. I beg to suggest that the banner inscribed with the name of John C. Fremont should have as its device a *threshing machine*. That sheaf of wheat is destined to be thrashed, and the wheat to be gathered into any other garner than that of the border ruffians."

IMPROVEMENTS.—We are pleased to see that a spirit of improvement is awake in our town. At this time we observe preparations for building at different points. Mr. Jonathan Boynton has torn away his former residence, and is erecting a fine brick dwelling on its site. W. L. Moore, Esq., is putting up a brick dwelling on the corner of Locust and 2d Sts., and Jas. B. Graham, Esq., is putting a fine addition to his house on the corner of Market and 2d Sts. There are other improvements going on, all of which will add to the appearance of our town.

MURDER.—We learn by the Lock Haven *Watchman*, that on the 9th July, Wm. Hall was killed, at Kettle Creek, by Jacob W. Pfouts. Hall, who was in his employ, it appears, had ridden one of his horses and lamed him. A quarrel ensued, and after handling a man named Jerry Harkins roughly for interfering, Pfouts took his rifle and shot Hall thro' the breast, killing him instantly it is supposed. Mrs. Pfouts gave the alarm, and when the neighbors came in they found the three men lying on the floor. Pfouts was arrested and committed to the Lock Haven jail. It seems Rum was at the bottom of the affair.

A FRIGHTFUL RAILROAD ACCIDENT occurred near Gwynned Station on the North Pennsylvania railroad, 13 miles from Philadelphia, on the 17th inst., by which not less than 50 persons were killed, and between 200 and 300 wounded. An excursion train, containing the scholars and teachers of the Roman Catholic church of St. Michaels, Kensington, who were going to Fort Washington on a pleasure trip, was run into by the regular down train. The cars of the former were driven on top of each other, and to add to the calamity caught fire. A most heart-rending scene ensued—nineteen men, women and children were roasted to death, others crushed and horribly mangled, and the groans and cries of the wounded and burning were appalling in the extreme. Rev. Mr. Sheriden, priest of St. Michael, was tho't to be among the burned. It is estimated that 1100 persons were on the train when the collision occurred.

FLAVORING MATTERS.—One of the most remarkable, and interesting achievements of modern chemistry has been the preparation of certain liquids possessing the flavors of various fruits. So close indeed is the resemblance that we are almost warranted in supposing the flavor of the fruits to be actually caused by the presence of a trace of the above liquids. Several of these articles are employed in confectionary, and are manufactured on a tolerably large scale. The acetate of amylic oxyd, when dissolved in six times its bulk of alcohol, emits a most powerful and agreeable odor of pears, and is used in flavoring pear drops. The valerate of amyle, dissolved in alcohol, gives the scent and flavor of apples.—Butyric-ether communicates the flavor of the pineapple, and is used in the preparation of various beverages. Various other compounds of the so-called fatty acids, with the oxyd of amyle and ethyle, possess very pleasing odors.—*Scientific American.*

MR. OLIVER'S MINORITY REPORT.

This gentleman, as our readers are aware, was one of the Congressional Committee that went to Kansas to inquire into the alleged outrages and wrongs, of which so much has been said. He did not co-operate very kindly with his colleagues, Messrs. Howard and Sherman, for the best of reasons, viz: that the disclosures there made bore very hard against the side he had espoused, and against a large number of Missourians, a part of whom are Mr. Oliver's constituents, who went into Kansas to help the people in voting. When Messrs. Howard and Sherman made their report, which has been extensively read, and has made a deep impression on the public mind, Mr. Oliver announced that he should present a minority report, which would be an embodiment of his views. On Friday last, he fulfilled his promise, and made his report.

It is long, but very unsatisfactory and inconclusive. He deals largely in generalities and broad, sweeping assertions, denying the truthfulness of his colleagues' report, but unfortunately, he does not establish the truth of his own. The fact is, Mr. Oliver was in a very delicate position as a member of the Kansas Committee. It is proved conclusively that he *was with his Missouri brethren* when they went into the Territory to aid the people to choose a Legislature. He says he did not vote, but he *did make a speech* to the border men while they were in Kansas cheating the people out of their just rights. He did not vote, but did he admonish the Missourians that they had no right to vote? by no means. He was with them for the purpose of seeing that enough should cast their votes to have the Legislature of the right stamp. Mr. Oliver's report will have very little influence with intelligent, fair-minded men. It is the testimony of one who was *particeps criminis*, partaker of the crime. He must make out the best case he can for himself and his Missouri neighbors and friends.

The more the Kansas troubles are investigated, the worse they appear on the side of Mr. Oliver and the border men. There is not the shadow of a doubt that there was a deep-laid plan to overawe, terrify, and cheat the bona fide inhabitants of Kansas in all their elections, but especially the one on the 31st of March, '55. Then a Legislature was to be chosen, and it was thought if men of the *right stamp* could then be put in power, the institution of slavery would be firmly established in the Territory. The Missourians, therefore, went over to the number of four thousand nine hundred and twenty-one. Not quite so many as that, however; they cast that number of votes, but it is *proved* that some of them voted *five, six* and *seven* times. The votes they polled amounted to 4921, while the real settlers, pro-slavery and anti-slavery, polled but fourteen hundred and ten. We should like to see Mr. Oliver attempt to explain or controvert this fact. Anybody can make bold and bold assertions, but it is hard to make intelligent, reflecting men believe that the facts embodied and *proved* in the Report of Messrs. Howard and Sherman are fictions.—*Phil'a Sun.*

—John B. Stitt, Esq., the Administration Postmaster at Centreville, Wayne county, Ind., has resigned his office and enlisted under the Republican banner.

—Hon. George Rathbun, the war-horse of Democracy in Cayuga county, N. Y., has come out in favor of Fremont and Dayton.

—C. J. Dickinson, of Detroit, Michigan, has come out for Fremont. He reports the greatest enthusiasm in the interior for the Republican ticket, and that Southern Michigan will give it from 5,000 to 10,000 majority.

—The Yonkers (New York) *Examiner*, heretofore an independent journal, has announced its intentioun to support Col. Fremont for the Presidency.

NOTICE.—Having purchased the Books of the *Raftsman's Journal* with the establishment all amounts unpaid for Subscription, Advertising, or Job-work, are to be settled with the undersigned

mar19 S. B. ROW.

J. B. M'ENALLY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, has changed his office to Shaw's row. He now occupies an office with T. J. McCullough, Esq. All business will receive prompt attention.

Clearfield, July 16, 1856.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned against purchasing or meddling with a span of horses and a sett of double harness in the possession of Valentine Hevner, in Huston township, Clearfield county, as they belong to me.

July16—3t* JOHN DU BOIS.

WANTED.—A good Blacksmith at Grahamton. Possession of the shop given immediately, together with dwelling house. One with a small family preferred. The situation is a good one. For any information address

July 2, '56 JAMES B. GRAHAM.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale his Tavern Stand, on the corner of Market and Front streets, in the borough of Clearfield. The house is large and commodious and well calculated for a public house. For particulars inquire of W. A. Wallace, Esq., or of the subscriber living on the premises. W. J. HEMPHILL.

March 5th, 1856

CAUTION.—The undersigned having bought 1 yoke of oxen, 1 sleigh, 1 sett of harness, a lot of square timber in the woods, 1 spring wagon, 1 cow, and 1 colt, at the Sheriff's sale of A. S. Tozer's property, on the 8th July, 1856, notice is hereby given to all persons not to purchase or intermiddle with the aforementioned property, which we leave with the said Tozer, as it belongs to us. McBRIDE & WRIGHT.

Curwensville, July 16, 1856.

HAVE YOU SEEN SAM?—The subscriber would inform his old friends and the public generally, that he still continues to keep a house of entertainment in New Washington where those who call with him will receive every attention, and be made comfortable.

Good stabling, and every other convenience for horses on the premises. DAVID S. PLOTNER.

New Washington, Jan. 31, 1855.

FOR SALE—the Farm occupied by Richard Danvers, Jr., situate in Penn township, about one mile from Pennsville. It contains 64 acres, of which 45 are cleared and under good fence. The improvements are a two-story frame house and kitchen, barn and out-houses. There is a young bearing orchard on the place, and the whole is well watered. For terms apply to

L. JACKSON CRANS.

june4 Clearfield, Pa.

THOMAS WILSON'S ESTATE.—Whereas Letters Testamentary on the estate of Thos. Wilson, late of Chest township, Clearfield county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to the said estate, by bond, note or book account, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement, to

HENRY HURD,
WILLIAM FEATH,
July 16—6t* Executors.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Whereas Letters of Administration on the estate of David Moore, late of Pike township, Clearfield co., Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement, to our attorney, L. Jackson Crans, Esq., Clearfield, or to either of us.

CALEB W. MOORE, Lumber City,
THOS J. MOORE, Pike Twp.,
July 16, 1856—6t Administrators.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!—S. & S. WILSON'S PORTABLE THRESHING MACHINES, 2, 3 and 4-horse powers, a beautiful, simple and compact article, can be procured of Benjamin Spackman, who is the authorized agent, in the Borough of Clearfield, at manufacturers' prices. Mr. Spackman is a practical mechanic, and will attend to the repairing of machines, should they require it. Persons desirous of procuring these machines in time to use them the present season, should call immediately on Mr. Spackman and leave their orders, so that he can have them forwarded to him from the manufacturers.

July 16, 1856—3m*

TO THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
NEW LINE OF MAIL HACKS BETWEEN CLEARFIED AND RIDGEWAY!

The undersigned announces to the travelling public that he is now running a semi weekly line of hacks from Clearfield borough to Ridgeway, Elk county. The hacks are comfortable, the horses good, and the drivers careful. By special attention to the comfortable, safe and speedy conveyance of passengers, he hopes to secure a liberal share of travelling custom.

The time for departure and arrival is as follows: Leave Clearfield every Tuesday and Friday morning, and arrive at Ridgeway on the evening of the same days.

Leave Ridgeway every Wednesday and Saturday morning, and arrive at Clearfield on the evening of the same days.

July16—3m A. M. HILLS.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield County, to be held at the Court House in the Borough of Clearfield, on Tuesday, the 19th day of August, 1856, for confirmation and allowance:—

The final account of Simon Rorabaugh, Executor of James Curry, dec'd.

The account of Gould Wilson and Susan Wilson, Administrators of Jesse Wilson, dec'd.

The account of Mary Eckley, Administratrix of Joseph Eckley, dec'd.

The final account of William Merrell, Guardian of Lewis Bloom, minor son of J. R. Bloom, dec'd.

The final account of H. B. Wright, Guardian of Wesley Nevling.

The final account of H. B. Wright, Guardian of Elizabeth Nevling, now Caldwell.

The final account of H. B. Wright, Guardian of Greenbury B. Nevling.

The account of W. A. Wallace, Esq., Guardian of (Ellis, Peter and Sarah,) minor children of Henry Kyler, dec'd.

The account of F. F. Coudriet & Samuel Bradford, jr, Administrators of Samuel Bradford, dec'd.

WM. PORTER, Register

Clearfield, July 16, 1856.

100,000 Feet of good BOARDS wanted by A. M. HILLS, at his store in Clearfield, for which the highest market price will be paid in goods at cash prices. [mar19-tf

FOR SALE.—A second hand 2 horse wagon and a lot of harness for sale very cheap by

Clearfield, apr2 A. M. HILLS.

WAGONS and BUGGIES, for sale cheap, by

(feb13) H. D PATTON.

PORK and DRIED FRUIT, excellent articles, can be procured at the store of

Curwensville, Feb. 13. H. D. PATTON.

CHAIN PUMPS, for sale at the "Old Corner Stand," in Curwensville by PATTON

CLOCKS.—Eight day, thirty hour and alarm Clocks for sale at Mossop's Store. [Jn. 13.

500,000 SHORT SHINGLES, for sale low for cash by A. M. HILLS.

TWO OPEN AND ONE TOP BUGGY in good running order for sale by A. M. HILLS.

GRAIN! GRAIN!!—Wheat, Rye, Oats and Corn, can at all times be procured at the Pioneer Mills, on the Moshannon, in Morris township, at the lowest selling rates.

July16 HENRY GROE, Agent.

JOHN RUSSELL & CO.,
TANNERS AND CURRIERS,
Pennville, Clearfield Co., Pa.,

Keep constantly on hand an excellent assortment of leather, which they offer for sale at the lowest cash prices. Hides taken in exchange.

July 15, 1854.

RESOLUTION, PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:—

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts, direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SECTION 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation, or to loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMEADMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "*of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively*;" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "*of Philadelphia and of the several counties*;" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the city of Philadelphia nor any*," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "*and no*;" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

SECTION 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

To be section XXVI, *Article* I.

The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 5. On the second amendment, yeas 19, nays 6. On the third amendment, yeas 28, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

Extract from the Journal.

THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, Clerk.

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 72, nays 24. On the second amendment, yeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 64, nays 25; and on fourth amendment, yeas 69, nays 16.

Extract from the Journal.

WILLIAM JACK, Clerk.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Filed April 24, 1866. } A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss.

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

{L.S.} In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856.

Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger and Pratt—5.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry and Wilkins—19.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Ferguson, Gregg, Pratt, Price and Piatt, *Speaker*—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Crabb, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Mellinger, Pratt, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—28.

NAYS—Mr. Gregg—1.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Piatt, *Speaker*—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Mellinger and Pratt—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

JOURNAL of the House of Representatives, April 21, 1856

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first proposed amendment, were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Housekeeper, Huneker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith, (Philadelphia,) Walter, Wintrode and Yearsley—24.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Strouse, Vail, Whallon, Wright (Luzerne) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—63

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huncker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Salisbury, Smith (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright (Dauphin,) and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Riddle, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith (Cambria,) Smith (Wyoming,) Thompson, Wallon, Wright (Dauphin,) Wright (Luzerne,) and Zimmerman—64.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Dowdall, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Huneker, Leisenring, M'Carthy, Magee, Manley, Moorhead, Morris, Patterson, Reinhold, Roberts, Salisbury, Walter, Wintrode, Yearsley and Wright, *Speaker*—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith (Cambria,) Smith (Wyoming,) Thompson, Vail, Walter, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne,) Yearsley, Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—69.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Fulton, Gibboney, Haines, Hancock, Huncker, Ingham, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Patterson, Salisbury and Wintrode—16.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss.

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1856.

{L.S.} Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

July 9, 1856—3m.

IRON! IRON!!—The undersigned has just received, at the shop of T. Mills, on the corner of Locust and Third streets, in the Borough of Clearfield, a large assortment of *Round, Square and Flat* BAR IRON, of all sizes, which he will sell at as low prices as it can be purchased anywhere in this county.

jel1-'55-3m BENJAMIN SPACKMAN.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. The subscriber offers for sale his valuable farm, situate two miles from Curwensville, on the River road leading to Lumber City; said farm containing 105 acres, sixty acres cleared, under good cultivation, the balance well timbered; with a good barn, new plank dwelling house, and a good bearing orchard thereon, and is well watered. For further information enquire of the subscriber living on the premises. SIMON THOMPSON.

February 20, 1856—6m*

CLEARFIELD LODGE No. 198 I. O. of O. F. meets every Saturday evening, at 7½ o'clock, at their Hall in Merrell & Carter's new building on Second street. [feb20

NOTICE.—In the absence of Eli Bloom, Treasurer of Clearfield county, the Books and Papers will be in the possession of John McPherson, who will attend to the business at all times.

Clearfield, May 28, 1856.

JAMES B. GRAHAM, Dealer in SAWED LUMBER, SQUARED TIMBER, SHINGLES, BOARDS, &c., is prepared to fill, on the shortest notice, all orders for articles in his line of business, on as reasonable terms as they can be procured in the county

Grahampton, Clearfield Co., Jan. 23, 1856

DOCTOR J. S. LOVE, having located at Dr. *Irwin & Hyman's Store*, (Pine Swamp P. O.) Centre Co., respectfully tenders his professional services to the public.

REFERENCES.

The Faculty of Jefferson Medical College, Phila.
Dr. W. J. Wilson, Potter's Mills, Centre Co.
Dr. J. P. Wilson, Centre Hall, Centre Co.
Dr. Jas. Irwin and Dr. M. Stewart, Pine Swamp, Centre Co. [July9-3m.

HO! FOR IOWA!!—The undersigned, desirous of going West, offers to sell at private sale, three lots in the village of Marysville, one half mile east of Clearfield Bridge, in Boggs township, having thereon erected a two-story weather boarded dwelling house, good stable, and a blacksmith shop. The terms, which will be reasonable, can be ascertained by inquiring of the undersigned, residing on the premises.

may28-tf SAMUEL B. DILLER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that application will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania at its next session, for the Charter of an institution with banking privileges, including those of issue, discount and deposite, to be located at Clearfield, Pennsylvania, under the name and title of "*The Clearfield Bank*," with a capital of $100,000, with the privilege of increasing the same to $200,000.

JOHN PATTON,	JON. BOYNTON,
WM. M'BRIDE,	J. F. WEAVER,
H. P. THOMPSON,	G. L. REED,
JAS. T. LEONARD,	RICHARD SHAW,
WM. A. WALLACE,	JAMES B. GRAHAM.

Clearfield, June 25, 1856-6m.

HALLOA!—NEW WAGON MANUFACTORY. The undersigned would respectfully announce to his friends and the public generally, that he has opened out a new Wagon-Making Establishment in "New Salem City," Brady township, where he will at all times be prepared to manufacture, on the shortest notice, all kinds of Wagons, Carts, Wheelbarrows, &c. The best material that can be procured will be used, and his work will be made in the most substantial and durable manner, such as will bear the test of strict examination. By a close observance of his business engagements, and by disposing of his work on the most reasonable terms, which he will do for either cash or approved country produce, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public custom PENJ. RISHEL.

New Salem City, Jan. 16, 1856.

KYLERTOWN GIFT DISTRIBUTION! 1,600 GIFTS FOR THE PEOPLE!!

THE subscriber has concluded to dispose of his property by making a Gift Distribution, having Sixteen Hundred Shares, at ONE DOLLAR A SHARE. He feels satisfied that he can dispose of it in this way to the entire satisfaction of all who may interest themselves in the Enterprize. The drawing and distribution will be superintended by a committee into whose hands the property will be placed as soon as the tickets are sold. The committee is composed of the following gentlemen—Chester Munson, Thomas G. Snyder and O. P. Wilder. The public are assured that they can rely upon this committee to manage everything fairly and impartially.

For a list of Gifts, see handbills.

All orders for tickets addressed to the undersigned will be promptly attended to.

JOHN W. WILLHELM,
may14 Kylertown, Clearfield Co., Pa

BOUND FOR CURWENSVILLE.
THE PLACE TO GET ANYTHING YOU WANT IS AT H. D. PATTON'S STORE!
"THAT'S SO!!"

THE undersigned has received and opened at his store in Curwensville, the largest and best selected stock of *SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS* ever offered in the county. The assortment is very extensive and nearly every article that may be wanted can be procured from him.—*LA-D-I-E-S' D-R-E-S-S G-O-O-D-S*, of all kinds, prices and figures, among which will be found Silks, Delaines, Brilliants, Lawns, Ginghams, Prints, Parasols, Embroideries, Undersleeves, Collars, Cuffs, Ribbons, Laces, Fringes, Ladies Dress Buttons and Trimmings, Bonnets, Hosiery of all sizes, qualities and colors, and Gloves of every description.

ALSO, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Boots and Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, Hats, and a Stock of good—*READY-MADE CLOTHING*.—Also, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Fish, Salt, &c., always on hand. All the above articles, together with an abundance of others, will be sold on reasonable terms for cash, or exchanged for approved produce.

The public is invited to call and examine the goods and prices, judge for themselves, and act according to their own convictions.

june25'56