

S. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. CLEARFIELD, PA., JULY 16, 1856.

Union State Nominations. CANAL COMMENSIONER. THOMAS E. COCHRAN, of York Co. DARWIN PHELPS, of Armstrong Co SURVEYOR GENERAL, BARTHOLOMEW LAPORTE, of Bradford Co

### HON. DAVID BARCLAY.

The Clearfield Republican, of last week, is down, "like a thousand of brick," on Hon. D. Barclay, the member of Congress from this district, for doing an act, than which there is the exertion, and cemented by the blood of not one in his whole official career more in accordance with the wishes of a majority of his constituents-namely, for moving a reconsideration of a vote which resulted in the House adopting the bill to admit Kansas under the Topeka or Free Constitution. The contortions of the Republican are as amusing, as its wailings are plaintive and vengeful in turn, and the Honorable gentleman had better look to his own safety lest, under the scathing and withering fire of our neighbor, he sink into his political grave, "without benefit of clergy," or privilege of resurrection.

If we recollect aright, this is the same "Hon. D. Barclay," who, the Republican last winter said, was "made the object of the most intemperate and vindictive abuse by both the Know Nothing and Abolition organs of this district," "altogether without cause," and that it was "unfair and unmanly" to charge him with betraying the principles of those who it alleged abused him at that time. So long as he stuck to and carried out the views of such Locofocos as the editor of the Republican, he was regarded by the latter as all right-a good and consistent man-a paragon of uprightness, and a perfect political Israelite in whom there was no guile. Even if, peradventure, he betrayed the Americans and Freesoilers, to whom he in a great measure owed his election, it made no difference-he was doing service to the Democratic party, which was all-sufficient to excuse him in the eyes of the immaculate editor, for the commission of a multitude of ann of a like nature. an - 1 --- ame, nowever, Mr. Barclay manifested a disposition to waver in his subserviency to the Slavery Extensionists, and in about five weeks from the time when our down-town "neighbor" took him under his special protection, he placed himself, by interrogating Mr. Aiken regarding his views on Americanism, which the Republican alleged was the cause of Banks' election, in an "inexplicable position." which the editor "deeply regrets." But the latter, in the plenitude of his forbearance, was willing to wait and hear the explanation of Mr. Barclay, who, he said, "until within a few days of the end of the struggle, was among the most steadfast in resisting the schemes of the Republicans and Know Nothings, and then only gave signs of restiveness by favoring the plurality rule." "And who would not grow restive in a nine week's contest of this kind ?" asked the editor of the Republican, who was still willing to apologise for bim, hoping, no doubt, by the practice of leniency to bring him back into the fold of the faithful. But, alas! for the uncertainty of human calculation ! those hopes have been frustrated-the Democracy, pure and undefiled, have at last been "betrayed"-Mr. Barclay has committed a grievous sin-the guillotine is erected, and his head is in immigent danger. For our part, we believe, so long as Mr. Barclay votes in favor of admitting Kansas with a free constitution, he will be acting in accordance with the views of a large majority of his constituents, and the dictates of humanity and justice; but by doing so, he would undoubtedly arouse the irate feelings of the editor of the Republican, who would heap malediction after malediction upon his devoted head until. in the agony of his heart, Mr. Barclay will, like Cardinal Wolsey, be constrained to exclaim : "Had I but served my God, with half the zeal I served my party, he would not in mine age, Have left me naked to my enemies !" VETOES VETOED .- Legislation, in our Congress, seems to have taken a turn somewhat independent of the Executive, since the Cincinnati Convention. The three bills which the President had vetoed, for the improvement of the Mississippi, the St. Mary's and the St. Clair rivers, were on the 7th passed by the required two-thirds vote in the Senate, notwithstanding there is a large democratic majority in that body. The presumption is that in the lower house, where the administration is in a minority, they will be carried in the same way. Truly the respect for the Presidential dictum has much diminished since the incumbent of the office failed to receive the Cincincati nomination. Party policy would never have permitted a candidate for re-election to Clearfield to make an editor. I have charity receive so decided a rebuke at the hands of enough however, to believe, that he did not his own party as is to be found in the votes of misrepresent me intentionally, as I think he the Senate on the occasion mentioned.

For the "Raftsman's" Journal. Mg. EDITOR .- Our third charge against the chief Magistrate of our Republic is that of

"official dishonesty," in removing competent and honorable men, and promoting armed rufflans to office. This charge no American, that knows any

thing about the Pierce administration will deny, for with few exceptions, all the appoint-ments from the Cabinet, down to a post-masters clerk, are selected from the masses of the oreign population, and from the pro-slavery, ncendiary border-ruffian class of inhabitants, so much so, that the present Administration has become noted both in Europe and America, for its hostility to almost every form of Protestant virtue, and the Ministers of the Gospel of all anti-Roman Catholic denominations, are everywhere condemned, and from the Executive to the lowest Administration paper, are forbid to either speak or write a-gainst the burning wrongs of the Pierce dynasty, under the pains and penalties of the most tyrannical rebuke, and withering censure. But what else can the upright moral portion of the people expect, when the nine-tenths of the thousands of office-holders, under the control of the President and his cabinet, are missionaries for the extension of human slavery, and pioneers under Franklin Pierce, the Herostratus of America, to conduct the "peculiar institution," with all its social and political wrongs, over the territorial empire of the free, and fruitful region of the great south-west. until our illustrious Union shall be dissolved. and like the Ephesian temple, its only glory be the epitaph of its desolation. Well may the freemen of America tremble for the safety of the temple of our liberty, that was reared by our fathers, when we see the chief Magistrate of the nation, removing competent, honest and

good men, and promoting to high official stations in the Government, the intemperate, base and unprincipled classes of both Europe and America. The right of a people to elect their own representatives, has been taken from them; the judges of their own choice have been driven from the polls, and drunken ruffians appointed in their places; the ballot box corrupted, and all its most illustrious privileges overthrown ; and citizens under penalty of death, to vote for men of their choice, were forced to stand aside and sec their elections conducted by foreign mobs of brutal ruffians, electing from a neighboring state, a hand of drunken slavery propagandists, as the fit representatives, to make laws for a free people, that had no voice in their election; and yet these unnatural, unconstitutional, and unchristian acts, were all sanctioned, sustained and carried out, by the President Franklin Pierce, and approved of and endorsed by James Buchanan, the present Democratic aspirant to the executive chair. And to complete his reign of terror, Pierce has not only removed good men, from the smaller offices of the Territorial government, and put bad men in their places, but he has even took from the Governor's chair, (for daring to do right,) that great man Andrew H. Reeder, one of Pennsylvania's noblest sons. and appointed in his place the drunken and tyrannical Shannon, who is now at the head of the slave power in Kansas, with his horde of rufflans, plundering, imprisoning, robbing and murdering the inoffensive, and peaceful inhabitants of an American territory ; and because commander Sumner would not burn the property, and kill the people of Kansas with as much haste as Pierce required, he was remov-

# THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL

FOREIGN NEWS. The Collins Steamer Baltic arrived at New

York on Sunday morning, the 6th. The excitement on American affairs had sub-

dided so much as no longer to exercise any unsettling effect on the markets. Several of the leading papers continue to keep up a series such falschoods. of grumbling editorials. The London Times warns the government to have Central American affairs settled up before Mr. Buchanan shall have come to the Presidency.

The town of Kars had been surrendered to the Turks, and the Turkish troops had evacuated the fortress of Redout Kaleh. The demolition by the Russians of the fortifications of Reni and Ismael is confirmed. Workmen were employed, under engineer officers, in levelling the walls, and in sending the stones to Odessa. The Russians say that the fortifications they are destroying were built by themselves, and that they will give up the fortress to the Turks in the same condition it was when captured by Suwarrow.

Advices from the Crimea are dated to June 17. Gen. Codrington telegraphs :- "Health of the British army good ; ten regiments have yet to embark from the Crimea." Only a few thousand French remained, and Gen. Peilssier has fixed the 5th of July as the term of their complete evacuation. The military protection of the inhabitants is to cease from that

The Emperor of Russia has called together a new Cabinet. It includes the well-known names of Gortschakoff, (Foreign Affairs,) Lanskoi, Ostensacken, and Orloff. This new Cabinet has the appearance of being a concession to Western opinion.

The Prussian papers re-assert that Queen Victoria will certainly visit Berlin in September next. No intimation to that effect has yet transpired in London.

The Imperial baptism, by the Pope's Cardinal Legate, took place at Paris according to the programme.

Advices from Paris dated on the 23d of lune, evening, say :---- The weather is again very unfavorable in Paris, and according to telegraphic despatches from the provinces, rain continues to fall. In the departments of the Loire and the Cher much anxiety is felt. The Garonne is rising, and threatens fresh inundations. The losses in this district are already of a most alarming extent. At Tonous the prices of provisions were rising, owing to the floods and frosts, which had des troyed the produce of wide districts. The Rhone and the Saone are stationary; but should the rains continue, it is feared that fresh inundations may take place. From this it will be seen how acceptable are the contributions which have been so promptly and generously collected in England and elsewhere. The government has commanded works in all directions to protect threatened towns. Those

From the New York Independent. Shall a man be a Catholic against his will! Political heats are apt to hatch out false hoods as tropical heats do venomous insects. But Christian men should be especially careful that they do not countenance or propagate

At this time many newspapers recklessly charge Col. Fremont with being a Roman Catholic. Though it has been authoritatively contradicted, it still continues to be asserted, and in very positive and impudent forms.

We have taken pains to inform ourselves in this matter, and now state to the Christian by Mr. Woodson, Secretary of the Territory, public the simple truth, that good men, at least, may cease to bear false witness.

Col. Fremont was blessed with a mother of devoted plety. She was a member of the Episcopal Church, St. Philip's, Charleston, S. C., and reared her son in her own faith. Indeed until he was fourteen, Col. Fremont was educated in the hope and expectation that he would become an Episcopal minister. At sixteen he was confirmed in the Episcopal church, and has, ever since, when within reach of the church, been an attendant and communicant. And since his temporary sojourn in New York, he has been an attendant at Dr. Anthon's church, until recently, and now he worships at Grace Church. Mrs. Fremon was reared strictly in the Presbyterian Church. and united with the Episcopal Church upon her marriage with Col. Fremont. Their children have been baptized in the Episcopal Church. It is said that a daughter has been sent to a Catholic institution for education. So far from it, she has never been sent away from home at all, but has been educated by

her own mother. It is well known that Mrs. Fremont is the daughter of Col. Benton, and that, at the time. her father was opposed to her marriage. Col. Fremont personally solicited several Protestant Clergymen to perform the marriage ceremony, but, on account of Col. Benton's opposition to it, they were unwilling to do it. A female friend, in this exigency, said that she could find a clergyman who would aid without fear, and brought in a Catholic clergyman, who married them. Like a true lover and gallant man, Fremont said he did not care who did it, so that it was done quick and strong. Had we been in Col. Fremont's place we would have been married if it had required us to walk through a row of priests and bishops as long as from Washington to Rome, winding up with the Pope himself. Is it not ludicrous to see a class of citizens

so terribly frightened at the spread of Catholicism, and dreading the evils of Papacy above all things, seizing a quiet Protestant gentleman, and insisting upon it that he shall be a Catholic ? In vain he struggles and protests : Catholic he shall be whether he will or not ? trines; I was reared by a Protestant mother

LATER FROM KANSAS.

Meeting of the Free State Legislature .- Dispersion of the Legislature by Col. Summer. St. Louis, July 9 .- We have advices from Topeka to the 4th inst. A Convention met there on the 2nd, and passed resolutions in favor of the Republican nominations, and denunciatory of the Democrats, and appealing to the friends of Free Kansas in Congress .--There were about 800 present, all armed .-Marshall Donaldson and Judge Elmore read

the President's February proclamation, also, Gov. Shannon's proclamation, and one issued together mith a note from Col. Sumner, saying he would prevent the meeting of the Le-

gislature. They were, however, unheeded. Both branches of the Legislature met on the 4th. The same day Col. Sumner entered the town with 200 dragoons, and planted two cannons at the head of Kansas avenue. While the troops were drawn up before Constitutional Hall, where the Legislature was assembled. Col. Summer told the citizens he would not disarm them or break up the Convention ; but he had orders to dissolve the Legislature, and should do so.

Col. Summer repaired to the Hall or Repreform the most painful duty of my life, under the authority of the President of the United States. 1 am here to dissolve the Legislature. In accordance with my orders, I command you to disperse. God knows I have no party feelings in the matter, and I will have none, while I hold my present position in Kansas. I have just returned from the border, where I have been sending home the Missourians ; and I am now here with instructions to disperse the Le-

gislature. Tagain command you to disperse." Judge Schuyler asked if they were to understand that they were to be driven out at the point of the bayonet.

Col. Summer replied : "I will use the whole force under my command to enforce my orders." The House then dispersed.

A similar scene was enacted in the Senate Chamber, ending in the dispersion of that body.

The Convention are preparing resolutions, endorsing the State Government and the Topeka Constitution. The fears of invasion kept large numbers from attending.

In addition to the Pennsylvania papers before noted as supporting Fremont, we have now the names of all the opposition papers in Erie. Mercer and Lawrence counties; the People's Journal, Potter county; Agitator, Tioga county, the two papers published at Towanda, Bradford county : the Republican. Susquehanna county : the Wilkesbarre Record Luzerne county ; Courier, Lebanon county Repository, Chambersburg, Franklin county ; But, gentlemen I do not believe in the doc- York Advocate ; Huntingdon Journal ; Philadelphia Free Press, (German;) Warren Mail,

#### New Advertisements.

KAIN' GRAIN !!- Wheat, Rye, Oats and GRAINT GRAINT - wheat, hye, out and Or Corn, can at all times be procured at the Pi oneer Mills, on the Meshannon, in Morris town ship, at the lowest selling rates July 16 HENRY GROE, Agent July16

J. B. M'ENALLY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, has changed his office to Shaw's row. He now occupies an office with T. J. McCullough, Esq. All business will receive prompt attention. Clearfield, July 16, 1858.

CAUTION .- The public are cautioned against purchasing or meddling with a span of bor-ses and a sett of double harness in the possession of Valentine Heyner, in Huston township, Clearfield county, as they belong to me. July16-31\* JOHN DU BOIS.

CAUTION .- The undersigned having bought U 1 yoxe of oxen. 1 sleigh, 1 sett of harness, a lot of square timber in the woods, 1 spring wagor, I cow, and I colt. at the Sheriff's sale of A. S. To zer's property, on the 8th July, 1556, notice is hereby given to all persons not to purchase or in-termiddle with the aforementioned property, aforementioned property, which we leave with the said Tozer, as it belonge to us. MeBRIDE & WRIGHT Curwensville, July 16, 1856.

THOMAS WILSON'S ESTATE .- Where A as Letters Testamentary on the estate of Thos Wilson, late of Chest township, Clearfield county, Pa., decensed, have deen granted to the subscribers. all persons indebted to the said estate, by bond, note or book account, are requested to make immediste payment, and those having claims or dasentatives, and said : "I am called upon to per- mands against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement, to HENRY HURD,

WILLIAM FEATH. July 16-50" Executors.

DMINISTRATORS' NOTICE .- Where A as Letters of Administration on the estate of David Moore, late of Pike township, Clearfield co., Pa., deceased, have been granted to the under-signed, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them , properly authenticated for settlement, to our at-torney, L. Jackson Crans, Esq., Clearfield, or to either of us CALEB W. MOORE, Lumber City, THOS J. MOORE, Pike Twp.

July 16, 1856-6t Administrators

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS! - S. 4 S WILSON'S PORTABLE THRESHING MA. HINES, 2, 3 and 4-horse powers, a beautiful, simand compact article, can be procured of Benain Speckman, who is the authorized agent, in Borough of Clearfield, at manufacturers' pri-Mr. Spashman is a practical mechanic, and will attend to the repairing of machines, should they require it. Persons desirous of procuring these machines in time to use them the present season, should call immediately on Mr. Spackman and leave their orders, so that he can have them forwarded to him from the manufacturers. July 10, 1856-3m\*

#### TTO THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC. NEW LINE OF MAIL HACKS BETWEEN

CLEARFIED AND RIDGEWAY! The undersigned announces to the travelling public that he is now running a semi weekly line f hacks from Clearfield borough to Ridgeway, Elk county. The backs are comfortable, the hor-ses good, and the drivers careful. By special attention to the comfortable, safe and speedy conveyance of passengers, he hopes to secure a liber al share of travelling custom

The time for departure and arrival is as follows Leave Clearfield every Tuesday and Friday morning, and arrive at Ridgeway on the evening of the same days

Leave Ridgeway every Wednesday and Satur-day morning, and arrive at Clearfield on the ere-ning of the same days. A. M. HILLS. July16-3m

THE Erie (Pa,) Dispatch says : A party of Mormons, numbering over 700, passed through this city on the 4th instant, en route for Sait Lake. They were composed of English and Welsh, and embodied all ages, sex and occupation.

C. B. Curtis, Chapin Hall and G. W. Scoof Warren, are out in favor of Fremont. tia formerly represented this Distrot

in his place. Will it be denied then, that the competent and honorable men and appointing armed ruttians to office ?

ed and the slave-murdering Harney appointed

Who that has an American heart, can read thus far the history of the present Administration, without weeping over the desolation of his country, or burning with the patriotism of the Revolution, to right his country's wrongs. Our Democratic fathers of seventy-six, gave up their wealth, and shed their blood, to establish "THE FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND THE LIB-ERTY OF THE PRESS," to every citizen. But the Democracy of the Pierce administration is directly the reverse. It forbids both the freedom of speech and the liberty of the press under the awful penalty of death in a territory of the United States. And under this very law, Printing presses have been, and arc no being broken up and destroyed; and American citizens tortured and put to death, under the horrible inquisitorial administration of Pierce, for exercising that sacred right, for which many of our illustrious fathers have left their bones to whiten the battle-fields of our once free, but now fettered and wounded coun-And yet James Buchanan, the man that the Democrals are about to vote for, for President, has sanctioned all those foreign, monarchial, and bloody laws, and declares that he will not add to, nor take from, the Pierce platform a single plank. He is pledged then, if elected, to carry out all that Pierce has commenced, which will finally end in the breaking up of our Union, and the destruction of our Constitution. We then say to every American citizen, next to God, remember your country, hold sacred as your own blood, her freedom of speech, and her liberty of the press, for if these fall as they have in Kansas, we are at once a nation of slaves. But you may inquire, who will be the standard bearer of the people? We answer, the Explorer, the Hero, and the Statesman, John C. Freemont, that honest, competent, and great man, who has | peller, and on board there was a safe belonging done more real good, for the American pecple, in the field of discovery, science and agriculture, than any other living man. In vain the desert with its torrid heat, and cloud capped mountains of eternal snow, opposed his march. He swayed to the utility of his beneficent enterprise, even the savage tribes, until the banner of his country's glory was planted on plain and mountain from the shores of the Missouri, to the margin of the Pacific Ocean, making way for the march of freedoms millions until the desert regions of the mighv west, shall resound with agricultural cities, and commerce, and her industrious population, hail John C. Fremont, the American Columbus, as the triumphant leader of national freedom

In reference to the . Republican' man, I would prefer when he attempts to quote from me, that he would do it correctly. In my last communication I stated, that "every owner of five slaves has four votes, and every owner of one thousand slaves has six hundred and one votes in representation." But the editor of the Republican declares that I said, the slave-holder had these votes at the election, and then charges me with untruth. Now almost every person that has seen his effort, to destroy the truth, have pronounced it the most silly and imbecile exertion they have ever witnessed, even a poor old woman after reading his "atdeclared she was sorry that the Demtempt." cerats could not find more able material in does not understand the difference between a vote in representation, and a vote at an election. And as it regards the truth of all I have written on the subject, I am fully prepared to prove it all, by official evidence, and pledge myself to do so in public discussion, with the Editor of the Republican or any other man, of elsewhere. C. J.

SHALLOW plowing operates to impoverish the soil, while, in all cases, it decreases production. Farmers should remember this fact.

f Tours are reported as complete. LATEST .- The Africa arrived at New York

of June. The political and general news are unimportant.

American matters, or rather manners, have again been in everybody's mouth. The exci- cuse us, but we cannot be Catholics.". The ting cause was a contretemps that happened at the Queen's levee. Divested of the ontrageous exaggeration of the British press, the facts are simply these : Mr. Dallas, accompanied by a friend, went to the Queen's levee; the friend's costume was not in accordance with the regulations, and both gentlemen, Mr. Dallas and friend, returned to the embassy in Harley street.

Out of this triffing incident, the London Times concocted a story at variance with truth in every particular, and made it the occasion of an out pouring of vulgar blackguardism against America and Americans generally. As is usual, when the Times gives the key note, the minor presses took up the cry, and for, at least, two days Mr. Dallas labored under the imputation of having put a studied affront upon the Queen.

Of course, an immense deal of patriotic wrath was unnecessarily wasted on his head. The affair made considerable noise.

Further correspondence is published respecting Central American diplomacy.

Raising a Safe from a Sunken Steamboat. In 1852 the steamboat Atlantic was sunk in Lake Erie, by coming in collision with a proto the American Express Company, in which was secured a considerable sum of money .-This safe has been raised by a diver clothed in submarine armor, who went down, and was under water for 40 minutes. The Detroit Adverliser gives the following account of the affair :

"The upper deck of the steamer lies one hundred and sixty feet under water, and far below where there is any current or motion. are to be driven out that their places may be Everything, therefore, is exactly as it first went down. When the diver alighted upon the deck he was surprised to see a beautiful lady whose clothing was well arranged, and her hair elegantly dressed. She was standing erect, with one hand grasping the rigging. Around murders, the news of which, for so many lay the bodies of several others, as if sleeping. In the cabin the furniture was still untouched by decay, and to all appearance had just been arranged by some careful and tasteful hand. In the office he found the safe, and was enabled to move it, and took it upon the deck, where the grappling irons were fastened on and the prize brought safely to light. There were in the safe \$5,000 in gold, \$3,500 in bills of the exploded Government Stock Bank, and a large amount of bills on other banks, amounting in all to about \$36,000. The papers were | intends to beautify the place and improve the uninjured, except that they smelled very strongly of decomposed human bodies. All this money goes to the persons interested in this adventure."

The Detroit Free Press says :- "The new bills, we are told, are comparatively uninjured it derives its name. by their long imprisonment and exposure to dampness, but the old ones are quite injured and defaced, whether so much as to prevent is engaged in collecting information respect. their identification and redemption we have ing the riot of May 6. He meets with good not learned."

On the 1st of June, 1856, the total debt of matter, and is doing nothing. the United States amounted to \$40,049,309 goed character, at any time in Clearfield or 75. Since that time this amount has been reduced to \$32,963,692 98 ; thus, paid on Texas debt, \$6,820,016 77, and United States stock redeemed during the month of June to the amount of \$265,800. ford Herald.

in a frotestant Unufen; i nave married a estant baptism ; we and they attend Protestant worship, and we are, both by education and conviction, Protestants. You must exeager gentlemen will not be baffled. "You shall be Catholics; you are Catholics; we will have you Catholies ; all that you say may be true, in some mysterious manner; you are Catholics, and we will have it so !" Poor Col. Fremont. We do not see how he will get over it ! These terrible Protestants of the Express are out with sword and pen, determined that he shall be a Catholic !

HENRY WARD BEICHER. -----

THE RADICAL DEMOCRACY ON BUCHANAN .-The New York Post, the organ of the Radical Democracy, continues to pour "hot shot" into Buchanan ; and the Democratic party, so far from being united, by reinstating of the Hards and the degradation of the Softs appears to have come out of the Convention worse divided than ever. The Post says :- In an examination of the political character of Mr. Buchanan which we made some months since and in which we showed the superiority of his chances for a nomination, we alluded to the character of his assotiates and confederates. No public man of our day is surrounded by so profligate a set of followers and admirers. He is the center of a circle of unprincipled and restless adventurers, whom men of a higher degree of self respect avoid. There is somethingwe suppose it consists in the case with which he is managed-which attracts to him that class of persons; and he seems to be perfectly content with the associations thus acquired. If Mr. Buchanan could see no harm in seizing upon Cuba for the protection of slavery, it is not likely that he will entertain any scruples concerning the seizure of Kansas by the slaveholders and their myrmidons, for the same purpose. Rely upon it, that the battle is to go on as it has begun, unless stopped by the defeat of the Cincinnati candidate; there is to be no ompromise with the residents of the Territory; no slackening of the persecution by which they supplied by the slave-drivers and their gangs. If Mr. Buchanan is elected, the seal of approval will be set by the people of the United States, on all the fraud, all the violation, all the usurpation, all the burnings, all the robberies and months, has been the melancholy burden of the mails from the West. He will be as easily persuaded into a co-operation with these atrocities, as he was into the folly of the Ostend Manifesto.

## THE celebrated Mount of Olives, near Jerusalem, has been purchased by Madame Pollack, the widow of a wealthy banker of the Hebrew persuasion at Konigsberg. This lady whole neighborhood, at her sole expense .-The first thing she had done was to plant the whole area with a grove of olive trees and thus to restore it to the original state from which

Several of the American papers of Indiana, that have hitherto gone for Fillmore, feel that Fremont would be a better candidate with whom to crush the slave power. Among

remained contacting and maganeouring subjects on the 11th, with Liverpool dates to the 25th Protestant wife ; my children have had Prot. Greene county. We have now on our list some sixty papers in the State that fly the Fremont flag, and every day adds to the num. ber .- Pittsburg Gazette.

> At the Syracuse (N. Y.) Fremont ratifica. tion meeting, Judge Shankland, a venerable Democrat, presided, assisted by Vice-Presi-dents and Secretaries, selected equally from Administrators of Jesse Wilson, dec'd. the old parties. Speeches were made by Le Ray Morgan, a prominent democrat, and George Saul, editor of the German democrat. of Lewis Bloom, minor son of J. R. Bloom, dec'd ic paper, and a letter endorsing fremont and Wesley Neyling. the platform was read from the Hon. Timothy Jenkins, late a distinguished democratic mem-

ber of Congress.

The Boston Bee, the organ of the American party in Boston, raises the flag of Fremont and Dayton, in conformity with the ratification of the State Convention.

TURY LIST for August term, commencing the 3d Monday, 18th day. GRAND JURORS. Burnside .- John Young. Bradford .- John J. Kyler, Alex. Forcey. ohn Stewart, Sr., Isaac Kline, Thomas Ross, Andrew Peters. Bell .- Lewis J. Hurd. Brady .- Joseph Lines, Jr. Clearfield .- Jon. Boynton, John Winslow, learge W. Rheem. Chest .- Armstrong Curry, Hugh Gallaher. Fergusou .- William L. Moore. Goshen .--- Ephraim Shaw. Girard .--- Francis Hugar. Huston .- E. D. Patterson. Jordan .- George L. Thompson, John Curry Alfred D. Knapp. Morris.-M. R. Denning. Penn.-Elisha Fenton. Pike .- Alexander Caldwell. TRAVERSE JURORS. Beccaria .- Lemnel Root, Samuel Smith, Jr. John Litz. Bell .- John Baker. Boggs .- Charles Sloan, Jonas Peters, David legal, Jr. Bradford .- William Graham, Jr., Michael Soult, Alexander Livingston, John Crowell, John Shirey, Sr Brady .- R. W. Moore, Thomas Taylor, Nathan Peoples, Jos. Postlethwaite, John Potter, Peter Asheafelter. Burnside .- Samuel Sebring, John Henderm, George Horton. Chest .--- William Somerville, James Curry. Covington .- David St. Clair, John Mulson. Curwensville .-- Isaac Bloom, Joseph Peters. Clearfield .- William Alexander. Decatur .- Russell Showalter, Samuel Mclarren, John Gearhart. Girard.-And. Murray, Nicholas Roussolot. Goshen.-Matthew Tate, Isaac W. Graham. Jordan .- Robert M. Johnson. Knox .-- James Cathcart. Karthaus .- Oliver Moore. Lawrence,-Lewis C. Carden, Jac. Hoover. Morris,-Daniel Beems.

Pike-David Dale, Jacob Leidick. Penn .- Greer Bell, Jr. Woodward .- David High, Wm. B. Alexander, John Roles, David Ginter.

NOTICE .- Having purchased the Bocks of the Raftsman's Journal with the establishment all emounts unpaid for Subscription, Advertising, or Job-work, are to be settled with the undersigned. S R ROW

FOR SALE-A two-story frame House, with a half acre of land adjoining, situate in Law-rence township, on the road from Clearfield to Curwensville, about 14 miles from Clearfield. For terms apply to Zebad Lawhead, Lawrence township, or to the subscriber. these are the Fort Wayne Times and the Rock-L. JACKSON CRANS.

Clearfield, Pa.

**REGISTER'S NOTICE** -Nation is here-been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heire. legatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Or-phans' Court of Clearfield County, to be held at the Court House, in the Borough of Clearfield, on Tuesday, the 19th day of August, 1856, for confir

The account of Mary Eckley, Administratrix of

seph Eckley, dec'd. The final account of William Merrell, Guardian

The final account of H. B Wright, Guardian of The final account of H. B. Wright Guardian of

Elizabeth Nevling, now Caldwell.

The final account of H. B. Wright, Gnardian of Freenbury B. Nevling. The account of W. A. Wallace, Esq., Guardian of the minor children of Henry Eyler, dec'd, (Ellis, Peter and Sorah.)

WM. PORTER, Register. Clearfield. July 16, 1856.

TRIAL LIST, F	OR AUGUST TERM, on the third Monday, 18th
. 1856, (commencing	on the third Monday, 18th
lay of the menth ) D. Michaels,	
H Philip's Ex	ve Pearce's Adm'rs,
H. Philip's Ex. J. W. Hickman,	vs. Reams & Kerhart, vs. William Bloom,
valenting Krise	ve. David Horn,
5. Heggerty.	vs. Mathers & Boynton.
Ferguson & Alexander	vs. S. T. Raiston.
AT LCODBER AT &	The S M Chalanat al
Kelly & Dickerson, P. Hurxthal & Bro.	vs H. B Miller,
Mtichell,	vs B. & P. Lownsberry,
forbet et al.	vs Tozer et al. vs A. Caldwell.
George Ross,	vs Samuel Clark.
S. HARISBORD.	vs J. & L. Widemire
TOTAL TRADE & MULTINE	va D. Gorman,
A. P. Ormand, P. W. Barrett,	vs William Bloom,
P. W. Barreti,	vs Eliza Irvin,
MILCROIL.	vs Montelius.
1 Philip's Ex	vs D. Kephart,
Flood & Miller,	va Miller & Smith,
facob Arneld, 2. & G. Miller,	vs S. J. Thompson,
B. D. Hall & Co.	vs Irwin & Hyman,
ohn Campheil,	vs Isane Gaines.
orbin & Brother,	vs Edmund Williams. vs F. P. Hurxthal & Bro.
HeGonegal.	vs I. Gaines.
rwin & Hyman.	Vs Blanchama
oel Caduary and wife	vs D. Britton et al,
. Smith,	vs H. Brussler,
14026.	vs Davis & Pownal.
Patchin use Euntz,	vs J. M. Cummings, vs J. Ellinger, vs F. P. Hurxthal,
Arthurs,	vs J. Ellinger,
0. Ritter.	vs F. P. Hurxthal,
A. V. Cooper, J. Hoover,	vs A. Cook,
& Wallace,	vs M. Forces,
Wilson,	vs Thomas E Miller, vs Mahaffey et al,
loss.	va Gors & Goss.
loss. Joel Cadhury and wife,	vs Stone, Powell et al.
1 BORD District	Now Altering and and the
a Darie K Phorn Fr's	z. vs T. Carson.
	YS JOB, DICHTHOS B LX TS.
onn LTaucker,	vs B. Hartshorn,
. Crow et al,	vs John Overdorff,
C. & Susanna Woods,	vs Wm. L. Moore.
Anron Byers and wife,	v: John Shoff and wife,
d. Hileman,	vs Lydia Wall & Hason,
I. B. Swoope, M. Nolin.	va Thomas Mahaffey;
John Stiles,	vs John M. Chase, vs William Bloom,
Bowman,	ya William Bloom,
Ingal's Adm'rs,	vs Scott & Brockway.
WIIIIIII TYSER	v H. B. Swoope.
julyis	WM. PORTER, Proth'y.
the second of the second	

OR SALE- the Farm occupied by Richard Papvers, Jr., situate in Pean township, about one mile from Pennsville. It contains 64 acres, of which 35 are cleared and under good fence. The aprovements are a two-story frame house and kitchen, barn and out houses. There is a young bearing orchard on the place, and the whole is well watered. For terms apply to

L. JACKSON CRANS inne#

Clearfield, Pa VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE .- The subscriber offers for sale his Tavern Stand, on the corner of Market and Front streets, in the borough of Clearfield. The house The house is large and commodious and well calculated for . public house. For particulars inquire of W. A. Wallace, Esq., or of the subscriber living on the premises. W J HEMPHILL. March 5th, 1856

PANAMA .- The United States commissioner success. The government of Panama waits the action of the United States concerning the

