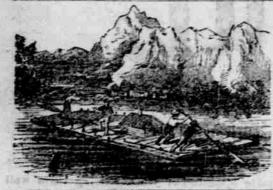
# Raftsman's Journal.



S. B. ROW. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

CLEARFIELD, PA., JULY 2, 1856.

Union State Nominations. CANAL COMMISSIONER. THOMAS E. COCHRAN, of York Co. DARWIN PHELPS, of Armstrong Co. SURVEYOR GENERAL, BARTHOLOMEW LAPORTE, of Bradford Co.

#### WHAT SAY YOU ALL ] TO THE OPPOSITION PRESS IN THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

It is morally certain that, with a half dozen or more opposition tickets in the field against him, Buchanan will be elected. On the other hand, it is almost as sure, that if a union of the opposition elements is effected, he can be defeated. Many plans have been suggested. and various efforts made to concentrate the forces upon one candidate, but all to no purpose. There is a way in which it can be done. though it would undoubtedly be at variance with all precedent, and might not be relished by the political jugglers who are the cause of the present trouble. Our plan is, that all the editors opposed to the Buchanan ticket meet at Harrisburg at an early day, say the 1st of August, and by ballot decide which of the candidates they will support, pledging themselves to the one who shall receive a majority of all the votes cast. By doing this, all jarring and wrangling would cease amongst those who now, if they properly understood each other, coincide in opinion. If such a step were taken in Pennsylvania, it would doubtlessly be followed by other States, and a complete union soon brought about. What say our brethren throughout the State to this suggestion ?

#### "UNITED, WE STAND." &c.

When applied to political parties, this maxim is as truthful as it waz in its original connection. In battle, the primary object of the elder Napoleon was to cut up the enemy's army into as many divisions as possible, knowing that, like twigs, taken singly, they could be that should not be forgotten, which is, that easily broken, but when combined they were the Philadelphia Convention is not the only strong and powerful, and, as at Waterloo, would one that nominated him for the Presidency. end disastrously to him. So it is with the opponents of the Democracy : subdivided into two, three or more straggling parties, each one casting its votes for a different candidate. their efforts will be truitless; but combine them, and it is our deliberately formed opinion that James Buchanan will be defeated. As remarked last week, we believe the election of Mr. Buchanan, standing as he does upon the Cincinnati Platform, by which he says he will square his conduct, neither adding or taking from it a plank, would be a calamity to our country which every patriot should endeavor to avert ; and for this reason, we are the more anxious that a union of the opposition should be speedily effected, so that he may be successfully resisted. This feeling is not limited to a few, but extends to the press all over the State, with the exception of a journal here and there that displays more reckless imprudence than good sense. This almost universal feeling in favor of effecting a union, raises the hope that at an early day all the opposition candidates but one will be either withdrawn. or some arrangement entered into by which the entire vote will be concentrated on a single candidate. Should this be accomplished, discomfiture and defeat will be the lot of the Locofoco candidates.

tend, and in order to restore the government to its pristine purity, effect that union." The Harrisburg Telegraph, Gov. Pollock's organ, after contrasting the two platforms, makes the following remarks :--

"Between two such platforms the reflecting portions of the people cannot long hesitate. It cannot be possible that the opposition forces, with victory within their grasp, will suffer themselves to be distracted and divided. We believe that before the day of the last stern conflict, but one banner will be floating over the embattled host, and then we shall hope that even our glorious old Common wealth, so long the votary of a false faith, will be redeemed from error, and the shout of victory ring forth from every valley and mountain-top, echoing in thunder tones from the waters of the Delaware to the western base of the Alleghenies."

We could give plenty more extracts of a similar import, but these will suffice to show the general feeling relative to a union. With such a spirit pervading the press, the prospect for effecting it is good.

COL. BENTON AND THE PRESIDENCY .- The Washington Union, the organ of Democracy. is out against "Old Bullion." The Union explains the mistery of the old man's support of Buchanan. Hear the oracle of Democracy on Benton :

We think the nomination of Col. Fremont furnishes an "explanation" which relieves Col. Benton's course of all "mystery." That he is opposed to the election of his own son in-law will be credited by no one: that he was cognizant of the scheme which has resulted in his son in-law's nomination will hardly be questioned. If he can draw off from the Democratic electoral ticket, and thereby give the Fillmore electoral ticket a plurality. he will increase the chances of the election of his son in-law in the House of Representatives. If Colonel Benton was honestly for Mr. Buchanan, (which he cannot be without stultify-

ing himself,) he would decline to run for Governor, and have the Benton electoral ticket withdrawn. His support of Mr. Buchanan, however, is insincere. He is working for the election of Col. Fremont, which would enable Old Bullion to be the power behind the throne greater than the throne.'

That is what the Washington Union, the Pierce organ, says of Benton.

The last invented story of our Democratic friends is the silly report that Col. John C. Fremont is a Catholic. That party must, indeed, be desperate to resort to such stories to deceive the people and prop up its falling fortunes. The Tribune says, Col. Fremont was baptized, reared and confirmed in the Protestant Episcopal church, to which he has ever adhered. His father was a Huguenot, which of itself would go far to disprove the charge made against the son. There is another fact

# THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

THE POLITICAL SKY IS CLEARING UP. The programmes of the different parties are nearly completed ; and people can now calmly and judiciously select their candidates according to their principles. We say principles Foreign Office, on Wednesday. for it would be unworthy of any American patriot to cast his vote for any man for the high office of President, on account of personal friendship or partiality, unless he believed that his political principles would promote the best interests of his country. To friends, to kindred, to neighbors, we may yield much. We may surrender personal interests and, sacrifice our country.

Hitherto, the question has stood between Foco party. We could never for a moment | ner.

think of supporting the nominee of the present false democratic party, with its principles ten-fold worse than ever before, whoever might be his opponent. This was our determination before the nomination was made .--Nor has the nomination (although of one of our respectable neighbors), changed our purpose. The nomination was accompanied by a platform the most atrocious ever invented by

human deprovity. A platform whose planks are Slavery, Fillibustering, and Piracy ; bound together with the cords and shackles of human bondage, and cemented with the blood of the murdered freemen of Kansas.

On that platform, we grieve to say, Mr. Buchanan has placed himself, with nimble alacrity. Lest it might be supposed that he might shun the more loathsome parts of it, he has distinctly announced that he had stretched he hugged the whole of it to his heart. Of course, this renders his support impossible to all conservative men-to all men who love Freedom, and hate national robbery.

Mr. Fillmore was nominated, not by the whole American party, but by the Southern Americans, and those who sympathised with them, north of Mason and Dixon's line .-With one of the principles of the South American party we agree. Against another, perhaps the leading one, we protest. Still, had the choice continued to be, between a candi- | pulsion." date, some of whose principles we approved. and one, all of whose principles we condemn. we should have preferred the former. Fortunately we are left in no such dilemma. The Northern Americans,-the Americans of Freedom,-have concurred with the Republicans, n presenting the name of a gallant, energetic and accomplished Statesmen-Col. Fremont ; modest as he is bold-learned, but too retirng ever to have aspired to that high place. Possessed of extraordinary executive ability. he has been found incorruptable in every transaction of his life. The descendant of a sis in Holland, and the Premier, Vanvail, had Huguenet, who was driven from his own coun- resigned, try by religious persecution, he is not likely to favor the indulgence, or ascendancy of that persecuting foreign power. Reared amidst

### ABRIVAL OF THE ANGLO-SAXON. English and American Troubles.

GREAT BRITAIN .- The American Minister had an interview with Lord Clarendon, at the

The Daily News again calls attention to the tomestic troubles of America. The Post in a leader on the serious aspect of the internal polifics of the United States, says Kansas is but Mr. Fillmore and the nominee of the Loco | jarring States once more under the same ban-

> The Times says : "There is unfortunately, no longer any doubt that Mr. Crampton is to be dismissed, and though the exact news of his dismissal has not yet reached us, we may certainly expect to receive information to that effect by the next arrival. At the same time that our Minister is dismissed, the exequatur will be withdrawn from three Consuls whom violation of their municipal laws."

> Of the correctness of this intelligence the "The American government's intimation of its intention," it says, "is accompanied with the most profuse assurance of good will and respect towards this country."

> Mr. Dallas, the Times is assured, is armed with the fullest powers to negotiate and finally settle the disputes connected with the Cento an agreement the contracting parties are empowered, without further reference to America, to refer the question to the arbitration of mutual concurrence.

"As regards our retaining Mr. Dallas," says the Times, "that question should rest entirely upon the guilt or innocence of Mr. Crampton. If the latter be innocent Mr. Dallas ought not to remain, and if he be guilty no false pride

In the House of Commons, on Thursday, Mr. D'Israeli said if the government did not go on with the army estimates, they might expect a discussion on our relations with the United States. The Chancellor of the Exchequer, in ceply, said he would fix on Monday, if there was no objection, to discussion on the army estimates.

FRANCE .- The Times' correspondent writes from Paris that the French army will be further reduced 20,000 men. HOLLAND .- There had been a Ministerial cri-

The British mail steamer Asia, from Liverpool on the 14th instant, arrived at New York

# FROM NICABAGUA.

Key WEST, June 18, 1856 .- The correspondent of the N. Y. Journal of Commerce says that the United States steam frigate Susquehanna, Com. Sands, with Commodore Pauld-

place she left on the 10th. Nothing very precise had been received from of August, to fill the vacancy. General Walker, who was at Leon, awaiting the field in which the great American question the result of the election then pending for of Slavery is to be debated, most probably in President of Nicaragua, The army of Costa arms; and so thoroughly is the vital character Rica had disappeared before the rifles of the of the crisis understood in America, that there Americans, the cholera and the rainy season. even personal consistency, but we dare not are many who hold that the postponement of From that side Walker had no longer cause the contest would be cheaply purchased by a for anxiety. Harrera, President of Guatemaforeign war, as the only means of uniting the la, had once, with 2,000 men, started to act against Walker, and kept on towards Nicaragua until by dissertion his force was reduced to

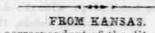
500, by which time he thought it prudent to go home again; so that danger had passed away. Honduras refused to allow the Guatemala army to pass through its territory-saying that Walker would beat it, and then follow the vanquished into Honduras ! St. Salvador and Honduras seem friendly to Nicaragua and to Walker, who is to all appearance the American government considers guilty of firmly established on Central American soil. A large party of armed men have recently gone up to join Walker-said to have had six Times does not pretend to express any doubt. pieces of field artillery and \$18,000 worth of munitions of war, from New Orleans-

> The Tinklepaugh protest seems to have been made without cause. Capt. Tarleton, of the Eurydice, did not think of doing anything of-

ficious or offensive toward our people. On the contrary, he believed he was rendering the Americans a service. This I am sure of. The himself so as to cover every inch of it. That tral American question, and if unable to come fact that he permitted the armed and organized expedition sent out in the schooner Minnie Schaffer, from New Orleans, with six field piecess to pass up the river, with the proclaimed some impartial third person, to be selected by purpose of joining Walker, shows that he had no disposition to interfere. Let the gallant

Englishman have justice at our hands. At Panama all was quiet. The St. Mary's

sloop-of-war was there-and the Commissioner sent out by our government was on the spot. No interference was anticipated for the should prevent us from acquiescing in his ex- future, but a terrible retribution should await the Panama murderers, such as for all time would make an American safe wherever the Spanish lunguage is spoken. .



The correspondent of the St. Louis Demorat, writing from Lawrence, K.T., under date of June 16 says, "that a young man named Hopkins was shot early this morning, by a man named Haynau, both residents of this city .-The deceased was a Kentuckian, in favor of making Kansas a free State. Mr. Havnau and

his wife went before the Committee of Safety this forenoon, and made their statement. The testimony of the wife differed very materially from that of the murderer. By their state-

ment it seems that the deceased went to the house of Mr. Haynau, forced the door, enter-

A SCREW LOUSE .- The Loco Foco State Central Committee held a meeting in Harris. burg last week, when it was arranged by these wire-workers to take the name of Timothy Ives, candidate for Surveyor General, off their ing, arrived on the 17th, from San Juan, which State ticket. The Loco Foco State Convention will meet again at Harrisburg, on the 6th

#### MARRIED:

In Philipsburg, on the 25th June, by the Rev. S. M. Cooper, Mr. HARRISON Ross to Miss - FLEAGLE, both of Clearfield county. On Thursday the 19th June, by Rev. James Montgomery, Dr. JOSEPH MCMICKEN, of Mill Hall, Clinton county, to Miss SUSAN W. STER-RETT, of Clarion county.

DIED: In this borough on the 23d June, Miss Evr GLASER, aged about 16 years.

### New Advertisements.

WANTED .- A good Blacksmith at Graham. ton. Possession of the shop given imme-diately, together with dwelling house. One with a small family preferred. The situation is a good one. For any information address July 2, '56 JAMES B. GRAHAM

NOTICE -All persons are hereby cautioned N against purchasing or in any way meddling with a certain span of horses, now in possession of Samuel Sunderlin on my place, in Bell township, as they belong to me, and he has them on loan. JAMES M. KELLY

Glen Hope, Jane 21, 1856 .- jy2-3t

A UDI FOR'S NOTICE .- Natice is hereby A given to all persons interested in the distri-bation of moneys in the hands of Joseph M'Clar-ren, Guardian of — Morgan, minor child of Thomas Morgan, late of Decatur tewnship, Clearfield ounty, dec'd, that Friday the 15th day of August. 1856. at my office in Clearfield, has been appointed as the time and place of auditing accounts, and making distribution of the proceeds aforesaid. July 2, 1856. E. S. DUNDY, Auditor.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE .- By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, there will be exposed to public sale at New Washington. on Saturday the 26th day of July, 1856, at 2 o'clock, P. M., a certain lot of land, situate in Chest township, Clearfield county, begin ning at a hickory on Chest creek, e. 52 perches to a cucumber. n. 12 dog. c. 60 perches to hickory, down, north 47 deg. west 10 perches to post, w. 28 perches to w. oak on Chest creek, thence up the creek to the beginning, containing 21 acres more or less, late the estate of Jonathan Pearce, deceas-ed. TERMS, each. JESSE HUTTON,

JOHN BYERS, Jr.
SAMUEL WEAVER.
Adm'rs of J. Pearce

ORPHANS' COURT SALE .- By virtue . f U on order of sale, issuing out of the Orphans Court of Clearfield County, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at Ponnsville, on Wednesday, An-gust 13th, 1856, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described property, late the estate of James Moore, diceased.

July 2.

NO. 1. A certain tract or piece of land, situate in Penn township, Clearfield county, beginning at a post on the township road and corner of lot of los. Russel, and thence extending along said lot south 25 deg, w. 111 perches, thence along lots of Jos. Russel, John Russel and Elisha Fenton, s. 65 deg. e. 17 3-10 perches to a post, thence s. 25 deg w. 100 perches to a post, west 50 perches to a post, north 37 perches to a post, n. 25 deg e, 36 perche-to a post, n. 65 deg. w. 59 perches to stones, n. 25 deg. e. 39 perches to a post, s.65 deg. e 93 perche to a post, s. 32 deg. w. 25 perches to a post and s 65 deg. c. 7 perches to the place of beginning, containing 50 acres 107 perches. The improvements are about 25 acres cleared and under fence, with a young orchard thereon. The balance of the land well timbered with pine, and is about 3 miles from the river. NO. 2. An undivided moiety or half part of a certain tract or piece of land adjoining No.1. Beginning at stones, thence extending along No. 1. s. 65 deg. c. 59 perches to a post, s. 25 deg. w. 74 perches to a post, n. 65 deg. w. 92 perches to a su-gar and thence n. 25 deg. c. 100 perches to stones and place of beginning, containing 42 acres 135 TERMS, One-third of the purchase money to remain charged on the premises during the lifetime of Jane Wrigglesworth. (late Moore.) interest payable semi-annually, and the balance to be paid as follows : One-fourth thereof at the time of sale one-fourth on confirmation of sale, and one-half in one year, with interest, to be secured by bond and morigage. JOHN RUSSEL July 2, 1856. Trustee, &c. TIONICS WON'T DO !- They never did do I more than give temporary relief and they never will. It is because they don't touch the CAUSE of the discase. The CAUSE of all ague and billous diseases is the atmospheric poison called Miasma or Malaria. Neutralizo this poison by its NATURAL ANTIDOTE, and all diseases can sed by it disappears at once. Rhodes' Pever and Ague Cure is this Antidote to Malaria, and more-Rhodes' Fever and over it is a perfectly harmless medicine. The cer-tificate of the colebrated chemist, J. R. Chilton of New York, to this effect, is attached to every bottle; therefore if it does no good it can do no harm This is more than can be said of Quinine, Arsenic. or any tonic in existence, as their use is ruinous to the constitution and brings on DUMB AGUE which never allows a person to fell perfectly well for a single moment. In illustration of these truths I annex some extracts from a letter just received from a Physician : GEORGETOWN, OH10, March 17, 1856. JAS A. RHODES, Esq -- Dear Sir: Yours of 2d inst. is at hand. The Cure arrived late last year and the difficulty in getting any one to try it as greatly increased from the fact that a remedy had been introduced which was growing in favor with the public, as being better than using Qui-nine,-not knowing. I presume the ramedy they nsed to escape taking Quinine, contained the drug itself ! The remedy, (known as "Smith's Tonie,") would invariably break an ague, but it did not cure it, as it would return with renewed vigor. This one circumstance I deemed in your favor, if I could institute a test comparison between it and your cure. The following is the result : Three persons took your "cure," all of which were cases of "Quotidian Intermittent Pever," of many weeks standing. They had tried quinine, and other remedies, occasionally missing a chill, but it was (as in all such cases) slowly wearing them out, and laying the foundation of other and severer maladies. I did succeed in effecting a radical cure in all three eases with your remedy, after "Smith's Tonic" had failed. I think there will be no difficulty now in giving to your "Cure" the vantage ground of any other remedy now in use here, &c. WILLIAM BUCKNER, M. D. Rhodes' Fever and Ague Care, or Antidote to Malaria, the only harmless remedy in existence, is equally certain as a preventive, as a "cure." Take it when you feel the chill coming on, and you will never have a single one. JAS. A. BHÓADS, Proprietor. Providence, R I.

We subjoin a few paragraphs from different journals, to show the spirit of the press on this subject, which may be taken as a fair sample of the opinion of nearly every paper in Pennsylvania, opposed to Buchanan.

The Berks Co. Press, a strong and influential Fillmore paper says :--

"Our preference, it is true, tends towards the nominees of the Philadelphia Convention of February last-but, for the sake of restoring peace to the country, at home and abroad ; for the sake of hurling from power the violators of the laws and the constitution-for the sake of crushing and blotting out of existence a party kept together by the "cohesive power of public plunder," we are for the concentration of the American forces upon a common and fraternal basis. Let us have it-let us have an arrangement by which success can be at-We, for one, are willing to stand by tained. it-fight by it-and, if needs be, die by it !"

#### The Lewistown Guzette speaks thus:-

"As Pennsylvania will, in a great measure, he the battle ground for the Presidency, the inquiry naturally arises whether it is worth while to conduct a political campaign with two organizations-the American and Republican -and thus ensure the triumph of Buchanan. for that such would be the result we have not a particle of doubt ? Our preference has been and still is for Mr. Fillmore, but we are not so much wedded to Mr. Fillmore as to make him the instrument for aiding Buchanan & Co's election. Had Mr. Buchanan placed himself upon the proud position that every statesman ought to occupy, the case might have been different, and we should have been content to lie neutral ; but his declaration that the ultra slavish and fillibustering Cincinnati platform is henceforth to be James Buchanan's rule of action instead of James Buchanan's own opinto defeat him-one of which means will be to make choice of the least of two evils that may be presented."

The Centre Democrat, a Fillmore paper, in speaking of the Republican Convention, adds; "However, we will see what we will see !--Mr. Buchanan must be defeated, and if it cannot be done without a union, let us, for the

The Northern American Convention which assembled at New York also selected him as their candidate. He, therefore, is before the people not only as a Republican, but as an American candidate.

THE UNION STATE TICKET ENDORSED .- The Republican State Convention which met at Philadelphia on the 17th, endorsed the Union State Ticket. Mr. McCalmont offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted :-

"Resolved, That this Convention, having confidence in the Republican principles, honesty and integrity of the following gentlemen, recommend them to the voters of Pennsylvania for the offices mentioned, viz : Canal Commissioner, Thomas E. Cochran; Surveyor General, Bartholomew Laporte ; Auditor General, Darwin Phelps."

A TEXAS paper says, it has become quite a common sight to see camels and dromedaries marching through the streets. The camels are now employed in carrying government freight from Powder Horn to the depot. They carry the enormous weight of 1,600 pounds, and with the greatest ease. The sight of them stampedes all the horses and mules that come

in sight of them. They are certainly not handsome creatures. A horse, in a brisk trot, can scarcely keep up with the camels when in a walk. They apparently go slow, with their long-measured tread, but in reality they are moving rapidly.

THE VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA .- The Pitts-

burg Gazette carnestly recommends the union of all the opponents of Buchanan in the Presidential election upon a single ticket. The same policy is advocated generally by the opposition press of the State, whether for or against Mr. Fillmore, and from the manner in which it is urged, we do not doubt that an effort will be made to carry it into effect.

JOHN BROWN Jr., was tried and convicted at the last term of the Indiana county Court for receiving a stolen horse, knowing him to be such, and on Monday of last week was sentenced by his Honor, Judge Buffington, to pay a fine of \$100 to the Commonwealth, the costs of prosecution, and undergo solitary confinement in the Western Penitentiary for 3 years.

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY .- The July No. of this valuable periodical is at hand. The contents are unusally interesting and instructive, and furnish us with a rich mental treat. By remitting \$3 to Dix & Edwards, 321 Broadway, New York, any of our friends will receive a copy of Putnam one year, free of postage.

HOUSEHOLD WORDS, for July, retain all the interest which has given them a world-wide celebrity. This periodical is one of the best this country. . . It ill becomes any Amerions of right and wrong, makes it the duty of re-prints of British Magazines, and all who every good citizen to deviae ways and means relish this species of literature, should procure a copy from Dix & Edwards, 321 Broadway, N. Y. Price \$3 a year.

## ..... That sprightly little monthly, "The School. fellow," is also at hand, "rich, rare and spicy." It is designed for the use of children, and is sake of the great principles for which we con- \$1. Address-Dix & Edwards, 321 Br., N.Y. Peace Society !"

the horrors of the "peculiar institution," and having removed from his native "section" to enjoy the blessings of Freedom, he seems a fit person to hold the reigns of a Free Repub-

We as American Republicans, or Republican Americans, we care not which, shall give our support to the man who unites both characters; and who, if clected, will restrain the aggressions of Slavery, and curb, within just

imits, the dangerous pretensions of a foreign hierarchy. In this contest the line will be drawn between Liberty and Slavery ; between the Southern Oligarchy and their train bearers the Northern Dough Faces, and the sturdy, unyielding Freemen of the North .- Lancaster Whig.

#### IMPORTANT FROM CALIFORNIA. \$2,250,000 in Gold Coming.

NEW ORLEANS, June 25 .- A despatch from below announces that the steamer Grenada has crossed the bar on her way up the river. She will bring California dates to the 5th inst.

The Illinois left Aspinwall with \$2,250,000 in gold, bound to New York. She has also 900 passengers.

It is understood that the Committee of Vigilance carried out the sentence of death against Casey and Cora, the two murderers in custody when the previous steamer sailed, both having been executed the following day.

Yankee Sullivan, with other notorious charactors, have been arrested by the Vigilance Committee, and on the 1st instant Sullivan committed suicide in his cell.

Martial law had been declared in San Francisco and the Governor was preparing to oppose the measures of the Committee, who still continue making arrests, and were determined to rid the city of all improper characters .-The danger of a conflict is imminent.

"AMERICANS COWARDS AND SONS OF COW-ARDS."-The Boston Pilot, a Papist paper, having received "aid and comfort" from the sham Democracy, has become impudent and insulting. Following the lead of the Sham Democratic papers, the Pilot insults American born citizens with the taunt that they are "Cowards and the Sons of Cowards." What think ve of this, sons of Revolutionary sires ? Does not this stir up your blood ? The next taunt will be, that we are not capable of governing ourselves. Truly, the Roman Catholic element is becoming important, and dictates the course this Government must pursue .-But here is the extract from the Pilot :

"It the party of burglars so rampant in the City of Penn, and in the City of Rip Van Winkle, possessed as much brains collectively Winkle, possessed as much brains collectively as a Choctaw Senate, when by their council flat-boat were crumbled to pieces in the con-has been for the last fifteen years. as a nation depends on the Irish population of ican to taunt Irishmen on the score of bravery. Native courage is a commodity that needs yet to be proved to exist. The flag of America sition that things generally had been getting grain. is not yet seventy years old, and thrice the NATIVE SONS of America have deserted it .-Therefore, we advise these Cowards and Sons of Cowards ! to boast moderately. As shopkeepers, they are excellent; as merchants, enterprising and persevering; as usurers, fully to the heavens, "Great Spirit-whiskey filled with chaste and pleasing matter. Price diers, every native ought to belong to the

on the 27th of June. The following graphic report of her news : There is much excitement in England res-

pecting American affairs. The Fulton arrived at Southampton on the 12th with news of Mr. Crampton's dismissal. The London Times and Morning Post, in articles on this subject, are studiously offensive, and demand the dismissal of Mr. Dallas. It is not generally supposed, however, that he will be dismissed .--The manufacturing and commercial classes of Liverpool and Manchester have issued addresses to the citizens of America, and the feelings of the people are active in favor of received eight thousand signatures in a few hours.

Several ships-of-war, it is said, have been telegraphed to prepare for sea with all possible dispatch, and all the commanders of the gun-boats have been called to the port admirals, as was ramored, to recieve instructions for active service.

Lords Palmerston and Clarendon stated in Parliament on Friday night (the 13th) that it had not been decided to dismiss Mr. Dallas. Lord John Russell gave notice of a motion of inquiry as to the intention of the Government, in as much as there was a universal feeling among the people in favor of peace.

THE GREAT EARTHQUAKE IN THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY .- Many persons had been deterred from going to Illinois by the erroneous supposition that the country was subject to volcanic action. This had originated from the great earthquake of 1811, by which the valley of the Mississippi had been greatly shaken, the shocks having continued for nearly three months. The country just below the mouth of the Ohio river would seem to have been near the centre of the agitation. For miles the land had been seamed with yawning chasms and deep holes, the remains of which are still visible. The bluff on which New Madrid had been built had sunk to the level of the river, and had become soon afterward totally submerged. The commotion in the Mississippi had been very great; the banks had caved in, islands had dissolved, and the channel had become changed. At every shock the surface of the river had risen and fallen like the waves of the sea. An eyewitness, who was coming down on a flat-bont, says : "After escaping many dangers, my boat suddenly swung round in the conflicting curtwain, and pouring down a vast opening into the bowels of the earth. A moment more and the chasm filled ; but the strong sides of the vulsive efforts of the flood to obtain its wonted

level." The Indians had been utterly bewil-

given himself up for lost, that, upon being questioned as to what the matter was, he had replied, while at the same time pointing fear-

the West:

ed the house and fired several shots, none taking effect. Mr. H. then took his revolver and shot the deceased through the heart, killing him instantly. By the testimony of these interested parties, Mr. Haynau is justified in doing what he did. It was done in self-defence. but after the man was killed, he, in conversation with some of our citizens, declared that he had killed "four other men, and had his eye upon eight others." He is now acting as deputy Sheriff of Douglas county, and as such used the troops this morning in arresting a man named J. Colburn, and taking him to Lecompton; what Colburn was taken prisoner peace. The peace addresses of Manchester for no one knows, as there was no writ out for him.

The U.S. troops, which have been stationed at Topeka for the last three or four weeks, received orders to leave there and go to Turkey Creek day before yesterday. Perhaps it is to prevent the sacking of that city.

It is reported in this city that the Kickapoo Rangers passed up towards Lecompton on the north side of the river yesterday. Their object is not known to our people.

This evening a gentleman came up on the coach and reports that Col. Summer with his troops were driving the armed bands out of Kansas, and that 150 had left for Wesport .-They threaten to return again as soon as the United States forces have left.

GEN. SMITH ORDERED TO KANSAS.-General Persifer Smith arrived at Washington on Saturday, having been sent for by the President. He had an interview with the President on Monday. Orders have been issued, and he will proceed as early as possible to Kansas, to take charge of the United States forces there. His orders are imperitive; in fact, he is clothed with full power to put down all insurrection, come from what quarter it may. This policy has been deemed advisable in order to take Kansas imbroglio out of the halls of Congress, and give peace and quiet to the country .-Gen. Smith is a cool-headed man, and is considered one of the best officers of the army.

Holloway's Pills, an undoubted Remedy for Asthma .-- Mr. Ellis Wilson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., had for 5 years very severe attack of asthma, which deprived him of bodily rest, night and day; the cough at times almost choked him, and caused him continually to spit blood, he was never safe either eating or drinking, rents and rapidly shot up the river. Looking to see him gradually reduced to almost a skeland his family were distressed beyond measure ahead, I beheld the mighty Mississippi cut in cton. Holloway's Pills, in this case, were as usual, efficacious. This gentlemen used them for eleven weeks, and they effected a perfect cure; he feels himself stronger now than he

MORE THAN fifty vessels were affoat, several dered by the carthouake, and could account days since, on the Upper Lakes, bound to Osfor the physical tumult only upon the suppo- wego, loaded with nearly 700,000 bushels of

> Hon. T. Thompson, the first male child born in Charlestown, Mass., after its destruction by the British in 1775, died last week.

Late dates from Havana represent that both too much !"-Ferris's States and Territories of the cholera and the yellow fever are prevailing there to a fearful extent.

For sale by Druggists generally. apr23-3m

STRAY MARE -A black mare with white S stripe down the face, supposed to be about 5 years old, was found trespassing on the enclosed, improved lands, of the subscriber, in Curwenville, Clearfield county, on or about the 7th of June, in-stant. The owner is requested to come forward. prove properly, pay charges, the law directs, or she will be disposed of us the law directs. S' G. PYLES prove property, pay charges, and take her away,

Curwensville, June 25, 1856-2m

RON ! IRON !!- The undersigned has just received, at the shop of T. Mills, on the corner of Locust and Third streets, in the Borough of Clearfield, a large assortment of Round, Square and Plat BAR IRON, of all sizes, which he will Clearfield, a sell at as low prices as it can be purchased anywhere in this county. BENJAMIN SPACKMAN

500,000 LONG SHINGLES wanted by A. M Hills, st his store, for which the highest market price will be paid in Goods at the lowest prices in the county. Impe25-tt

drunk. It is said of one of them, who had

