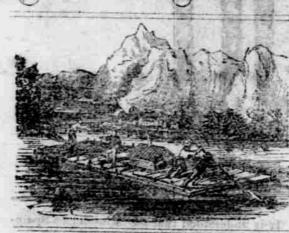
Raftsman's Journal.



S. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

CLEARFIELD, PA , APRIL 30, 1856. Nominees of the Philadelphia Convention. FOR PRESIDENT.

MILLARD FILLMORE. VICE PRESIDENT, ANDREW JACKSON DONNELSON

Union State Nominations. THOMAS E COCHRAN, of York Co. DARWIN PHELPS, of Armstrong Co. BARTHOLOMEW LAPORTE, of Bradford Co.

KANSAS.

Our cotemporary of the Republican has commenced the publication of Judge Douglass' Report. A report ought to contain a fair statement of the facts respecting the matters on which the report is made. But such a statement is nowhere to be found in the report of Judge Douglass. It is in reality an elaborately written speech, setting forth one side, and only one side of the case. Like many other one-sided arguments, it may appear plausible enough till the whole truth is told. It object seems to be to justify the Border Ruffians who invaded Kansas, and to form a kind of manual or text-book for all the faithful followers of Pierce, Douglass & Co.

The author of the report leaves altogether out of view the most important facts that make against him, misrepresents others, and dwells largely upon such statements as he believes Missourians who invaded Kansas in armed hands, took possession of the ballot-boxes, and undertook to elect a Legislature to make laws for the people of the Territory, endeavored to justify their outrages by saying that the people of Massachusetts did wrong. They pretended to consider themselves as innocent as lambs. It appears that Douglass uses the may be considered their favorite champion.

facilities for emigrating and settling. Will very fact of forming the territory was an invitation to all who chose to enter in and settle. All who went in as settlers were doing what election was controlled by a large number of they had a perfect right to do, and what the non-residents, some of whom had come in orlaws of the land invited them to do. Their ganized and armed a day or two before the c act was praiseworthy and lawful; and those lection, and established themselves in camps who furnished them facilities for emigrating. near the polls, and who returned to their homes merely assisted them in doing what was per- in the State of Missouri immediately after the

that "immediate steps were taken by the peo- forenoon, voted, and returned home by the ple of the western counties of Missouri to stim- same boat in the evening. And thus over e ulate, organize and carry into effect a system | leven hundred votes were polled, of which not of emigration similar to that of the Massachu- over three hundred were cast by acturl inhabsetts Emigrant Aid Company." There is then litants of the Territory. In the Thirteenth E. an effort made to represent the conduct of the lection District very few, if any, of the actual Missourlans to have been very much the same inhabitants participated, in consequence of the as that of the emigrants from Massachusetts, presence of a large body of strangers, who took except that the Missourians were not near so the control of the election and polled nearly bad or worthy of blame as those persons from the entire vote.

conduct of the two parties. The men from the out of the district, and toward Missouri, their eastern States pursued a system of Emigra- leader being the Hon. David R. Atchison. In emigration but of invasion ;-they went to illegal voting. Kansas as invaders, and this they had no right "On the day fixed for passing upon the re

On the day of election (March 20, 1855,) the returns being in form and no complaint being sion of the polls, and, by violence, intimids- according to them. The facts in regard to the tion and superior force carried everything their uncontested districts have come to the know-

whose by a lawless mob from a neigh- nity and brutal violence.

days of retinement.

uating class of the Cleveland Medical at its recent commencement.

man, would tamely submit to such high-hand- | the Sixteenth District, received their certified tyranny? Those who would, would be fit

The facts connected with the election of the Border Ruffian Legislature are briefly but clear- trict (elected by a body of strangers), were rely set forth in a statement presented to the Committee on Elections by Ex-Governor Recder of Kansas. Let every one read it. He the certificate of the Governor as required by dy to prove, as follows:

"That immediately before the 30th day of March 1855, being the day fixed for the election of a Legislature for the Territory of Kansas, large bodies of men without pretensions of residence in the Territory, came over from provisions, fodder, accommodations for camping, ammunition, and in one case at least, with artillery. That they marched into the Terri- subdued. tory with banners and marshal music and encamped in parties in the vicinity of different election polls shortly before the said election, for the purpose of preventing the people of the Territory from electing Members of the Legislative Assembly as provided by the Act of Congress, of taking the power into their own hands and by intimidation or violence taking possession of the polls, and themselves going through the form of electing Members of the Legislature; some of whom, thus elected were non-residents of the Territory.

"That the country having been recently set tled, and the people as yet few and sparse and comparatively unknown to each other, unorganized, and unprovided with resources of any kind, were of course compelled to submit.

"That in the First Election District there were from six hundred to one thousand o these invaders on the ground, who declared that they came to vote and would vote at all hazards of life and property, and accordingly did vote, outnumbering the inhabitants, and by their violent conduct detering them from

"That in the Second Election District a party of several hundred of these persons, on being refused leave to vote without testifying to their residence, made an effort to demolish the house in which the election was held, and finally, by threats and violence, drove the can be turned to his advantage. Those lawless Judges from the ground and substituted others from their own body, while the actual residents of the district generally retired to their homes and declined voting.

"That in the Third Election District several hundred of them took possession of the polls with similar manifestations of violence and intimidation, substituted election officers from among themselves and took the entire control by the Spanish man-of-war Ferrolano. The same logic and follows in the same track. He of the election, the inhabitants retiring from Spanish Government, most decidedly but courthe ground.

of Massachusetts have committed? It amounts | Election Districts, similar bodies of men apsimply to this, that some of them chose to em- peared at the polls with more or less of miliigrate and settle in Kansas, and that some of fary organization, and more or less of intimithe friends of the emigrants formed an Emi- dation and violence; in each case voting for grant Aid Society or company which afforded Members of the Legislature as though they resided in the Territory, and producing a result any one pretend that northern men had no different from that which would have happenright to go to Kausas as settlers? Why, the ed if the elections had been controlled by the qualified voters of the districts.

"That in the Sixteenth Election District the election; and some of whom had come from We are told in the report of Mr. Douglass Platte County, Mo., by the steamboat in the

with the Eighteenth, (a small district of some its cen read to use manual and the Lindson Piles well are meaning of ow are such representations just? Are twenty or that they true? Every one who knows the course strangers appeared on the st There was in fact no similarity between the immediately after took up their line of march tion ;-they went to Kausas as settlers, and the Eleventh, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Electhis they had a right to do. The system pur- tion Districts, the undersigned will endeavor sued by the Missourians was not a system of to prove, and believes he can prove, similar

to do. Those who assisted in emigration from turns of these elections, to wit, the 5th day of Massachusetts and elsewhere were assisting in April, complaints were made to the Governor a lawful act, but those who assisted in the in- from some of the districts, setting forth these vasion from Missouri were assisting in what facts, and there appeared to be defects in some of the returns. Seven of the said districts In Kansas there were 18 election districts. were set aside, and in the remaining cases the Missourians in armed and organized bands ap- made of illegal votes, as provided in the Propeared in nearly overy district, took posses- clamation, certificates of election were granted own way. After the election they returned a- ledge of the undersigned since that time, and ato to Missouri. he has also learned that the reason why the Every sensible man knows that such an elec- same were not contested was, that the inhabon was a usurpation and a fraud. It would itants were prevented by intimidation and fear e a fraud in any event, no matter whether the of injury to life or property from doing so, concharges against the eastern emigrants were true | sidering it unsafe to assume the position of or false. Representatives thus elected were contestants. One gentleman, who was active not the Representatives of the people of Kan- in getting up a contest in the Sixteenth Discas but of the Missouri mob that elected them. trict, and who made affidavit to the complaint. If such an election can be sustained and pro- was, after much denunciation, forcibly seized ounced legal it makes Kansas a conquered by a party of men, carried off into the State under the control of men elected and Missouri, and there lynched with gross indig-

"An election having been ordered for the puppy in your butants of Kansas may 22d of May, 1865, to fill the vacancies created A near Divide School of rights; some sons were then elected, and in the Sixteenth it ungenteel to say she waith the inva- District, as your memorialist has since learnplained of being Williamous, nce be- ed, the election was again carried for the same nifest candidates and by the same means as it had Four Labres were "embraced" in 1 been on the 30th of March, but no complaint was then made. In the other districts the ac-

cates from the Executive. All the Members cepting those elected from the Sixteenth Dis- inst., has arrived, bringing 130 passengers, injected and their places filled by those whose election had been set aside and who had not proceeds to state the facts which he stands rea- | the organic act, although the Legislature had not the power usually conferred upon legislative bodies, to judge of the qualifications of its own members."

Such is the system of the Missourians which "a system of emigration." It is however the neighboring counties of the State of Mis- founded on force-it is a system of subjugasouri, armed and organized into companies, Ition. But the mass of the American people with their proper leaders, and supplied with love liberty. Let them examine the question -let them understand the facts, and, as freemen, let them declare that Kansas shall not be

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY .- The May number of this valuable periodical is at hand. It contains its usual variety of choice literary matter. This magazine has one quality about it which is peculiar to itself alone-its contents are exclusively the productions of American authors. The articles are characterized by a vigor and independence which are truly refreshing to the reader; the criticisms are high toned, and the style is chaste and pleasing .-The terms of the Monthly are \$3 a-year; two copies for \$5, and five copies for \$10. Address, Dix & Edwards, 321 Broadway, N. Y.

THE SCHOOL-FELLOW .- We are gratified to announce the receipt of this bright little monthly, which is one of the most charming publications of the sort we have ever been permitted to peruse. We take pleasure in recommending it to the favorable consideration of all who wish to place in the hands of their children, a chaste, pleasing and useful periodical. Price, \$1 a-year; 4 copies to one address, \$3,50; 5 copies, \$4; 8 copies, \$6. Address, Dix & Edwards, 321 Broadway, N. Y.

Housenoth Wonns .- We are indebted to the same publishers for the May number of Household Words, which are a universal favorite and always anxiously looked for. The contents of the number before us sustain the well-earned reputation of this periodical. Terms, \$3 a year; two copies, \$5. Address, Dix & Edwards, 321 Broadway, New York.

THE EL DORADO AFFAIR .- The last steamer brought despatches addressed by the Spanish Minister of Foreign Relations to our Minister at Madrid, in reply to the demands made at different times for redress in the matter of firing into and detaining the steamer El Dorado teously, refuses to comply with the wishes of political separation of the lay and spiritual according to the law of nations, the Comman- ples; the recognition of the national unity of der of the Ferrolano did nothing more than Italy; the removal of foreign troops; a custhe peculiar circumstances at that time in the tom union between Picdmont and Lombardy. neighborhood of Havana justified.

private letter written by ex-President Fillmore | with Piedmont.

has left San Juan for Aspinwall, in consequence | potentaries. Was A day of the land we had

ARCTIC EXPEDITION AT. HORY Gringly of N. Y. has received a letter from Lady Frankin, in which she expresses a desire that Dr. Kane should visit England for the purpose of taking in charge another Arctic Expedition .-She still hopes that some survivor of Sir John Franklin's party my be found living among the Esquimaux, from whom might be obtained the particulars of her husband's fate. She proposes to fit out a propellor at her own expense, and give the command to Dr. Kane.

THE BUSINESS MEN of Kansas are about establishing a new line of steamers between Alton and Kansas. That such a line of steamers would be highly advantageous, both to the people of Kansas and Alten, there can be no doubt; and at the same time afford an unagolested transit for emigrants, with their goods, seeking a home in the new State that is to be, in spite of Douglas and the border-ruffians.

ANTIDOTE FOR POISON .- A correspondent of he London Literary Gazette' says that a dessert-spoonful of made mustard, mixed in a tumbler of warm water, and drank immediatein any case where it is required.

An official communication, received a Washington from Joel Palmer, superintendant of Indian Affairs in Oregon, throws the whole blame of the present war upon the whites, who are denounced for having been guilty of many Chicago Railroad Company," the thre coracts of barbarity toward the red men.

THE COMMUNICATION of our esteemed friend C. J. came too late for this week's paper, but shall appear in our next.

No Paper will be issued from this office next week, on account of the editor's absence. ther Representatives, who, as all as those of Fuller, have our thanks for their favors to us. been paid. The another finds to a

ARRIVAL OF THE ARAGO. New York, April 23 .- The steamship Arago. thus elected on the 22d of May, however, ex. with Havre and Southampton Gates to the 9th | was called on the ratts at Lockport, on Th cluding Mr. Buchanan and Mr. Dubois, the Minister from Holland to the United States.

THE PARIS CONGRESS .- The Peace Congress continues its sessions. It is said that Austria gives trouble by persistently refusing to fix the day for evacuating the Principalities. Austria's pretext is the necessity for protecting the country against disorders, until the regular jurisdiction is established, though Mr. Douglass cooly passes over by styling it | bound by treaty to quit the Ottoman ferritory

on the conclusion of peace. Russia is strongly opposed to the positionassumed by Austria. Further intelligence, however, states that the Austrian troops were leaving the Principalities.

THE terms of the treaty of peace. The Opinion of Turin gives, upon good authority, the conditions contained in the Treaty of Peace lately concluded at Paris. They are affirmed to be as follows:

First.-The neutralization of the Black Sea; Russia not to keep there more than ten ships of war armed, for the defence of her coasts. Second .- Nicolaieff is to be reduced to a merchant port, with an engagement that no ships of war shall be constructed beyond the number agreed to as above.

Third .- Russia is to allow Consuls from all the Powers in the ports of the Black Sea and

Fourth.-The fortifications of Bomarsund are not to be constructed. Fifth .- Russia cedes part of the territory of

Bessarabia, comprising the fortress of Ismail. Sixth .- Russia renounces the exclusive protectorate of the Danubian Principalities.

Seventh .-- Russia equally renonnees the protectorate of the Greeks in the Ottoman Em-Eighth .- The free navigation of the Danabe

is guaranteed to all the States, without excep-

Ninth .- This article refers to a commission which is to be sent into the Principalities to study the questions of the frontiers and the mode of government.

The Opinion denies that any stipulation has been made in favor of Sardinia, and that the Italian question will be discussed at large by the plenipotentiaries in their supplementary

Russia will, it is said, send an ambassador o Paris, after the ratifications of the treaty.

THE ITALIAN QUESTION .- London, April S, The Times of to-day announces that the memorandum presented by Count de Cavour, the Sardinian plenipotentiary, to the Congress of Paris, claims in the Roman government the and lastly, material ameliorations and more tiberal institutions in Austrian Italy, as well LETTER FROM EX-PRESIDENT FILLHORE. - A as more indulgence, to facilitate relations

phia, is published in the News, of that city. to the Paris Constitutional, dated Vienna, men started on Thursday last on a prospecting the contest is becoming very spirited. Mr. Fillmore states that he voted for Mr. Ull- April4th, says: "Notwithstanding many for- tour, the result of which was one of the most | THE Washington Sentinel' says that, with man for Governor of New York, and proceeds malities have been gone through with, rela- important discoveries ever made in the exception of Pierce, it will support any to set forth what he conceives to be the dan- tive to the Treaty of Peace, the ratification try. In crossing Table Mountain they obser- nominee that the Democratic Convention shall ger of foreign influence. He deprecates the of Austria will reach Paris about the 18th. ved that in many places the ground seemed deem, after a fair canvass of the qualifications effect of the "foreign" vote of the country, Count Buol will leave to Baron Hubnor the hollow, and in one place, on striking upon the of all, the most suitable for the coming contest. and regrets the large number of foreigners in care of exchanging the ratifications, and will ground with a sledge, the echo was given back office. As a general refle he thinks the coun- leave Paris about the 20th. The form of the with such distinctness that led them to believe try should be governed by native-born Amer- instrument of peace signed at Paris, has been there would be little difficulty in breaking based on that of the treaty of Vienna of 1815. through. Having procured proper implements NICARAGU .- Intelligence from San Juan has Up to the day of the signature of the treaty they set to work. After going the depth of been received to the 16th April. Everything not a single word on the subject of Italy was four feet, one of the party who was using a is in confusion at Nicaragna. Parker H. French uttered in the Congress by any of the Pleni. crowbar was seen suddenly to fall upon his

of a quarrel with Walker. The defeat of Col. St. Petersburg, April 7 .- The official jour-Schlessinger is confirmed, he lost 90 men, killed and announces a naval armistice, and states had slipped and sunk into the bowels of the and missing. He has been Court Marshalled that after the vatification of the peace treaty mountain. The aperture was immediately enon the charges of treason and cowardice .- all ships that have been seized will be released. Walker is reported at the head of an army of Russian Jealousy .- An article in the Nor-700 men and murching to meet the Costa Ri- thern Bee, of St. Petersburg, preaching up gerous working around it. The parties have cans. Another battle is reported to have been the emancipation of Russian civilization from taken up about 5000 feet around the hole, and fought between 14 Americans and 200 Costa foreign influence, and violently attacking Eng. are busy getting windlasses, etc., to prospect ting herself up in a box. When found, sh land, has produced a great sensation.

> FRENCH JEALOUSY .- The Paris Siecle is alarmed at the powerful navies maintained by England and Russia in the North. It fears Denmark, and supported by independent Po- 44 navs. tween two colossal powers like Russia and

CURSES COMING HOME !- The Washington Uuion is down like a thousand of bricks upon the Penusylvanian and the Harrisburg Palriot, because they do not shout perens for PHRCE, after the Democratic State Convention had "in no mineing terms approved and endorsed his administration !" That approval wash mutter-of expediency; gentlemen felt thenselves degraded in voting for it, but the partyinterests demanded it, and now it is thrown in into their teeth! Verdiet "sarved them right!" nia, though the poor party serfs dare lot say so !- Phil'a Bun. RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION .- Gov Pollek has

signed the bill to consolidate into ontcorperation, under the title of "The Pittsbugh and porations whose roads extend in direct line from Pittsburgh to the great lake cityof Illinois. The companies consolidated re the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Compny, the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company. The entire length of the consolidate line is 495 miles, and the amount of capitahuthori-

BAFTSMEN'S MEETING. A large and onthusiastic meeting of rafts day evening, April 20. On motion, Gen. Ros ERT L. FLENMING Was elected President. Hon. B. Graham, Esq., and Ogden Smith, Vive Presidents, and G. L. Reed, Secretary.

The President stated the object of the meeting to be, to change the general landing place and the place for buying and selling lumber, from Lock Haven to the Long Reach. The meeting was addressed by Gen. John Patton. M. Chamberlain, Esq., Hon. A. K. Wright, Og. den Smith, Jonathan Boynton, and others. On motion, the following preamble and res-

lutions were read and unanimously adopted. WHEREAS, the raffsmen on the West Branch the Susquehanna river, suffer great inconvenience and loss in consequence of the short to supply ornamental lakes with water. space for landing, and the rapidity of the current in the dam at Lockhaven; great quanti-ties of inmber being in danger of breaking loose and going over the dam, especially in high freshets; Therefore, Resolved, that in our opinion the Long Reach would be a much safer place for the delivery of lumber and re-letting of contracts; there being at that place several miles of good beach on each side of the river with good trees to tie to, and slow current; and we believe that any quantity of

Resolved, That we recommend the Long Reach as a proper point for the future delivery of lumber and reletting of contracts. Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to make all contracts for the delivery or running of

of Lock Haven. On motion, the following pledge was drawn

lumber in future, at the Long Reach instead

up and read. We, whose names are hereto annexed, pledge ourselves to make all contracts for the delive. the severe cold last winter. y or running of jumber in future at the Long Reach instead of Lock Haven, and agree for any violation of the above pledge to forfeit

he sum of two hundred dollars John Patton. R. L. Flemming, Jonathan Boynton, William Powell, A. K. Wright, H. Patchen, James T. Leonard, C. Pottorff. F. P. Burxthall, Martin Billmeyer, J. M. Commings, Smiths & King. H. Swan, Samuel Mitchell. Thomas Raiston James B. Graham. John Swan. M. Chamberlain, James Forrest. J. M. Kelly, John Brooks, Jas. P. Nelson, & Co. C. W. Blake, Charles Stockholm, P. Billmever. James Irvin & Co. H. D. Rodeamer, H. L. Shafer John Barmey, Powell, Weaver & Co E. L. Miller, H. O. Brittain, C. Rorabaugh, Reuben Miller, Renben Hall, C. Way Moore, James Wiggins A. Carr, Adam Burge William Holt, Thos. J. McCullon h. G. L. Reed;

S. B. Taylor, Daniel Fulkerson. Henry Ross. Frederick Zimmerman Daniel Yothers, On motion, Resolved, that the resolutions and proceedings of this meeting be published in all the papers on the West Branch. On motion, Gen. John Patton, Hon. A. K. Ordon Smith, M. Chamberlain and John Brooks were appointed a committee to rations are going forward in the northern pro-

Peter Zimmerman,

John C. Biss,

Thomas Norris.

Henry Cross.

James Feath.

Samuel Miller

and other accommodations for watermen. On motion, the meeting adjourned. ROBT. L. FLEMMING, President. G. L. Reed, Secretary.

SINGULAR DISCOVERY .- The last number of in January, 1855, to Isaac Newton, of Philadel- THE RATIFICATION OF THE TREATY .- A letter the North California says: A party of eight face; upon examination, a hole was found abont four inches wide, through which the bar larged, but it was found that, owing to the brittleness of the rock, it was exceedingly dan- olic, and Presbyterian chaplains there. it further. A correspondent states that both was carefully wrapped in linen. She was to gold and coal have been found there, and wards of 50 years af age. Dispointed le promises as farther information.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE LICENSE LAW .- In the that a slight spark would suffice to kindle the early part of last week Mr. Leisenring of Philfire of animosity choked by the present peace, adelphia county introduced a bill to repeal the when the tranquility of the world would again | 26th and 27th sections of the new license law, be menaced. It says: "We do not wish to und opening the door for beer and other houses, be birds of bad angury, but we demand of the without restriction in many of the cities and alone, he will look out for number one. Congress, would it not be better to constitute counties of the Commonwealth, which was Sweden strong and powerful, solidly bound to passed on Friday last by a vote of 45 Yeas, to

land, than to leave so little political space be- This bill as it passed the House repeals the Journal," Prentice replied : "While he is putassessable basis, in the city of Philadelphia. ting a full stop over our eyes, we will put his There may be any number of hotels, cating houses, and lager beer houses-there is no restriction in number. It creates, too, an invidious distinction between the classes of houses which have licenses. For instance, the law, as it now stands, compels hotel-keepers to procure certificates but it leaves the matter discretionary with the Board of Licensers to grant licenses to beer houses. They may or may not license hotels and eating housesthey must license beer houses .- Lanc. Ind. Whig.

Holioway's Pills .- Wonderful Cure of a disly, is a certain antidote for poison. It acts as Never was man so heartily despised as lank- eased Liver. Emily Burton, aged 34, of Fulan emetic, is always ready, and may be used LIN PIERCE is by the Democrats of Pensylva- ton Street, Brooklyn, Long Island New York, was for a long time in a very precarious state of health, owing to her liver being diseased; the medical faculty prescribed for her in vain, and every remedy she thought likely to benefit her she made use of with the like ill success. About two months ago she commenced using Holloway's Pills, and complied with the printed directions, which quickly produced a very pleasing change, in five weeks, the bloom of health was again upon her cheeks, being per-Ohio and Indiana Railroad Company and the fectly cured, to the agreeable surprise of her friends. These Pills are also infallible in all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

> It is said that Speaker Banks declines be-President, on the Republican ticket. beer saloon!

CLIPPINGS AND SCRIBBLINGS.

OF THE FOURTEEN Presidents of the United States, not one was a citizen of a great city. A. K. Wright, Hon. James T. Leonard, James | THE WATER of Lake Ontario is said to be inches higher than it was at this time last

ANCASTER COUNTY the court has decided on lice sing 184 taverns, 33 of which are to be

Howdorsalinelook without spaces .- Indiana 12 Likeaneditorsirwithoutgraces.

AN ARTESIAN WILL is being bored at Paris, to be 2,500 feet deep and over 2 feet diameter,

THE Sr. LOCK DENGCRAT is confident that 100,000 persons will be added to the population of Kansas before the close or 1856. GRIEF is bad for digestion. Lose a pocket

book containing two fifties and a ten, and you will not care for food for the next 2 days. Cor. M. REYNOLD has been convicted of the

murder of G. D. Satterfield, in Patrick countimber my be held there, with safety, at any ty, Va., and sent to the penitentiary for ten The Lecislature of Ohio has just passed a

law limiting the taxes levied by incorporated towns and cities for local purposes, to 5 mills n the dollar.

THE PEORIA, Illinois, Republican Bays that the peach trees generally, and many most velnable and hardy apple-frees, were killed by

WHEN Mr. Alexander Gun was distailsted from the Edinburg Customs the following entry was made in the books : "A. Gun, discharged for making a false report."

THE TORNADO. - The recent storm is said to have extended over a thousand miles of territory, through which it passed in a few hours, doing an mealeulable amount of damage.

A YANKEE has just invented a suspender that contracts on your approach to water, so that the moment you come to a puddle it lifts you over, and drops you on the other side.

THE EXTREME cold weather the past winter froze the water in the pipes in Reading city and burst them in many places, so that many of the citizens had no water in their hydrauts.

THE IOWA REPEBLICAN SAYS there will be five eclipses this year-two of the sun-two of the moon-and one of Frank Pierce. The latter will be visible all over the United States in

into the Union. The population is said to be now, over fifty thousand, with more wealth than any other community of fifty thousand people on the globe." An Inish paper says that extensive pre

Onegon is taking measures to be admitted

confer with the citizens at Linden and other | vinces of Ireland, for the cultivation of potapoints on the Long Reach, about the Hotels toes the ensuing season, and that in 1855, one million acres were planted. THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION In Philadelphia

> takes place on the 6th of May. The American candidate for Mayor is Henry D. Moore, and that of the Locofocos is Richard Vaux, and

> THE TRIAL of the Wakemanite's in New Ha-

ven was brought to a close, quite abruntly, on April 17; the insanity of the prisoners became so apparent that the States Attorney refused to proceed. Verdict rendered . Not guilty on account of insanity." A METHODIST PREACHER has arrived in the

Crimea to minister to the Methodists among the English troops, and Lord Panmure has given him an order for rations during his stay There are already Episcopalian, Roman Cath. A winow, residing in the village of Douchy

France, committed suicid, recently, by she is said to be the cause of this act of despair PUBLIC SYMPATUT .- The Bridgeport (Ct.

Standard contains the call for a mass meeting of Citizens, in reference to the personal em barrassments of P. T. Barnom, and to extend to him their sympathies, etc. By The poor prince of humbugs! Let him

When the editor of a Mississippi paper

threatened, in print, "to put a full stop over each of the eyes of the editor of the Louisville nose in a parenthesis." It is hard getting the advantage of Prentice.

ROTAL CANDOR, -- Geo. II. being informed that an impudent printer was to be punished for having published a spurious king's speech, replied that he hoped the punishment would be of the mildest sort, because he had read both, and as far as he understood either of them, he liked the spurious speech better than

A VALUABLE PATENT. -It is announced that Yapkee has invented a machine to extract the lies from quack advertisements. It is said to be a queer contrivance, full of springs, wheels, cogs, and thing-a-majiggers .- Exchange We would suggest to the inventor that he adapt his machine so as to act on Locotoco papers, which would enable him to do a whole-

There is a woman in the lunatic asylum at New York who thinks the Roman Catholics are trying to build a cathedral in her stomach, and who goes to bed every night with a club to keep of the Papists. She ought to be admitted into the Know Nothing lodge without a ballot .- Standard.

We opine she would do better service by entering the Democratic ranks, where everybody is just now driving away at everybody else, and where her stomach would be burthenalested, and elected THE Hon. David Barelay, and Hon. H. M. | zed is \$10,000,000, of which \$5,000000 has ling a candidate, either for President or Vice ed with nothing more formulable than a lager-