## Raftsman's Journal.



S. B. ROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. CLEARFIELD, PA., APRIL 23, 1856. Nominees of the Philadelphia Convention. FOR PRESIDENT. Entrate and MILLARD FILLMORE. well's delated VICE PRESIDENT, 4.5.30 ANDREW JACKSON DONNELSON. ", FINDER Union State Nominations. CANAL COMMISSIONER. THOMAS P. COCHRAN, of York Co.

AUDITOR GENERAL. DARWIN PHELPS, of Armstrong Co SURVEYOR GENERAL, BARTHOLOMEW LAPORTE, of Bradford Co.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN WAR. By the arrival of the steamer George Law, at New York, last week, intelligence of an important character has been received from Nicaragua and Costa Rica. An engagement took Walker's troops, under the command of Col. under Gen. Mora, President of that State, by which the latter obtained a decisive victory over the former, completely routing the Nicaraguan army, killing many and taking some prisoners, nineteen (1) of whom are reported to have been shot by order of Gen. Mora. The latter, in his official dispatches, gives a rather glowing, and, we suppose, exaggerated account of the fight, stating that whe carnage was terrible," and that only shifteen minutes elapsed when the enemy fled, scattered, panicstricken, without their arms, almost dead with thirst, in a place where water is not found, except at a lake on the side occupied by his troops, routed and pursued by his brave fellows, whose wish to exterminate them was not satisfied. Many were killed on the field ; others wandered, wounded, toward the mountains and twelve were taken prisoners." Gen. Mora contemplates, it is said, invading Nicaragua, and for this purpose the principal army, comed of about 2000 men, have taken up the march for the frontier, and orders were issued voluntarily enlisting. If these accounts of the defeat of Walker's enviable position. Having seen fit, by his fil- Washington Territory, the "Oregon Times" libustering acts, to sunder his connection, as peace, he cannot ask the protection of, or even | Walla-Walla vacinity are bidding us definice | where he will only be looked upon as an outslaw and a pirate, and treated accordingly. Unless the same surprising good fortune which should cling to and extricate him from the difcareer as a conqueror is at an end. The invasion of Costa Rica was certainly an ed and subdued a province, is true enough; but sufficient time had not elapsed since the in. vasion and subjugation to place his government upon a sure footing. Everything connected with it was in an incipient state-no financial resources of any considerable amount at hand, and no reserve troops to call into requisition in the event of defeat. Under such circumstances, it cannot be regarded in any other light than as an act of madness for him to hazard a battle, when he must have known that a defeat would not merely involve the destruction of his army, but that it would forever dispel every hope of his establishing permanently an independent government, of which he was to be the great presiding genius. NAPOLEON III .- Louis Napoleon Buonaparte, the present Emperor of the French, was born on the 20th of April, 1808, at the Tuilleries. His mother was Hortense, Queen of Holland, the wife of Napoleon's brother Louis, to whom the Kingdom had been assigued. The marriage of Hortense and Louis was most unfortunate ; they did nothing but quarrel, and, in September, 1807, they finally sepaminating point of his power and his dignity, of both appears inevitable. From thence he did nothing but descend. He died in exile-his son also. Who succeeded to his name, his fame, his power ? The child of Hortense, who was the child of Josephine ! In the person of the Emperor of the French we find not the offspring of Napoleon the Great, but the offspring of his discarded wife!

### SEVERE STORM. On Saturday night, the 12th inst., a severe

storm passed over a great portion of this State, doing more or less damage in different secroofs torn off of upwards two hundred and fif-

ty others, and otherwise destroying much property, the loss of which will exceed \$100,000, in amount. In Chester County the fences were leveled, barns and houses unroofed and chimneys blown down. In Berks the storm was not quite so severe, still much damage was done in the way of destroying grainstacks, fences, &c. In Huntingdon county the storm was severe. The new bridge over the Juniata in the borough of Huntingdon, was blown from the piers and entirely destroyed, involving a loss of \$3,000, houses and barns were unroofed and much damage done to other property. In Blair, barns, houses and other buildings were unroofed; the Frankstown Lutheran church was destroyed; in Williamsport and

neighborhood the storm did much damage in the way of unroofing buildings, demolishing a distillery, and blowning in windows; a Mr. Scott's buggy was blown entirely away from his house. In Indiana county fences were prostrated, buildings unroofed and several houses, barns and stables blown down. In Armstrong county much damage was done. The bridge across the Allegheny river at Kittanning, which had been erected at a cost of \$32,000, was blown down. In Allegheny Co. accomplished, and it would be found that the much injury was done to property. In the integrity and independence of the Turkish village of Harmony, in Butler county, about twenty houses were blown down. In Mifflin said, was creditable to all the contracting Powcounty several buildings were blown down, place on the 25th ult., between 400 of Gen. others unroofed, and property otherwise injur. and to the war, which every friend of human ed. In Juniata county much injury was done. Schlessinger, and about 500 Costa Rica troops, In Lancaster city and county the destruction of property was severe. Among other losses is the York Furnace Bridge over the Susquehanna, between McCall's Ferry and Safe Harhor, of which four spans were blown down, doing damage to the amount of about \$50,000.

A letter from Paris, written the day after the birth of the King of Algiers, says that, of all the legations, the best illumined were the English, Russian and American. The American Minister, and his two Secretaries, Mesars. Wise and Wilbor, called in the course of the day at the Tuilleries to congratulate His Majesty. The Landaster Whig says, that, was an American, and the representative of a government opposed to monarchies and all the tinsel of royalty, it would have been altogether proper for the American Minister not to have illuminated his house, nor to have tendered any special congratulations to a crowned tyrant on the birth of a scion of royalty-a successor to , a throne and the right to rule. In the early days of our Republic such examples could not to increase the army to 2000 men, and to raise be seen. Ben Franklin could not have been funds to prosecute the war, which is said to be | induced thus to play the hyprocrite, or comvery popular with the people, who are daily promise his own principles, or those of our government. OREGON .- The present aspect of Indian hosarmy are correct, it places him in a very un- tilities in Northern and Southern Oregon and says, looks anything but flattering. There is marked the policy of England, and which was a citizen, with our government, and invade a a gloomy aspect pervading the future fortunes neighboring State, with which we were at of the Whites. The hostile hordes in the seek a refuge in, the United States ; and else- yet it is hoped that Colonel Cornelius will be able, with his 600 volunteers, to route this broke out at Macao on Fanuary 4th, and another combination. Though a bloody contest is looked for, and the numbers unequal, we have enabled him to successfully invade Nicaragua, strong hopes that the brave volunteers may be as successful as in the four days' fight in Deficulties and disasters which surround him, his cember. The Willamette Valley is about the only portion of Oregon at present apparently safe from the Indian murders-and this porill-advised movement. That he had conquer- tion of Oregon has furnished hundreds of her best men, and generously advanced its means before that functionary, with his Customand credit for the prosecution of the war and House officers, was expelled by Governor the defense of the frontier settlements. A GREAT CITY IN CENTRAL AFRICA .- Mr. Brown, a Baptist Missionary, sent out from Florida, in his journal mentions a visit made last April to Horrin, the capital of the Kingdom of Yoreba. He speaks of it as about the largest town, with the exception of London, that he has seen. He describes the inhabitants as a peculiar people, with whom he was much pleased -- mostly black, and some nearly white, hair between that of a negro and a white man's had no means of egress, and it is reported that 000, in round number. The total arrivals since beard ; good European features-some of their one hundred men, women and children were noses would even be considered sharp in America. Again he speaks of them as "that superior class of men who have jet black skins with European features, and large beard .---They are sometimes called white black men." ---respondent of the N. Y. Tribune, writing from Honolula, Sandwich Islands, under date of 4th of February, says : The volcano on Owyhee is the floor in the back room was found to be on in a state of unusual activity. It has been rated at Amsterdam, and Hortense returned playing the mischief for the last six months : to her mother in Paris. There the present a stream of llquid lava is flowing from its cra-Emperor was born. There is one circumstance ter from three to seven miles wide, downward connected with the fate of this family, which a distance of seventy miles, filling gulches, is worth mentioning. Napoleon the Great set destroying forests, running its flery track neross its spreading beyond a spot two or three feet aside his own best friend and counsellor, Jo. | rivers, &c., and still it flows on ! The flow of sephine, to obtain an helr to the throne of lava is now within a lew miles of one of the France. He married a Princess of Austria, most lovely villages and valuable harbors on and by her had a son. That birth was the cal. the whole group of islands. The destruction THE PEACH CROP .- It is said the peach crop of New Jersey promises well. A gentleman informs us, that he has examined frees on several farms in this county, and finds many of the peach buds and the young branches dead. and doubts whether many of the trees will so much as even blossom. Some of the larger limbs, and even whole trees have been killed "It is an ill wind that blows no body any good." A short time since a fellow from Buffalo Crock, Carter county, Tonn., was imprisoued for barning a barn. The citizens of the place learning that he was from the neighbor- damage along the Cleveland and Pittsburg members, as follows : 212,565 by the Methohands of Ben Jones. W. S. H. Keys has, in | open the jail and let him out, and then told blown down at Alliance, and one man killed.

# THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

### ABRIVAL OF THE BALTIC. Peace Declared.

on Thursday, with dates from Liverpool to the tions. In Philadelphia much damage was 2d inst. She brings the gratifying intellidone, five dwellings being blown down and the gence that the treaty of peace was signed at wife. This prosecution was induced by the Paris, on Sunday, the 30th ult.

The declaration of peace was announced in England and France by salvoes of artillery. Paris was illuminated, in accordance with previous arrangements, and in England the beils were pealed in joy over the event.

before the final ratifications will be exchanged, cumstantial, the probability of the murder was the details of the adjustment having been referred to a commission.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times says, a council of Ministers was held at murdered made her appearance, to the great the Tuillerles at half past 11 o'clock, and re- surprise and gratification of all, and especially mained till 12 o'clock on Sunday, at which the of the culprit on trial. The woman had aban-Emperor presided. He gave his last instruc- doned her liege lord, and sought the asylum tions.

ENGLAND .- Parliament re-assembled on the Sist (Monday.) Lord Palmerston said, in re- of course, was totally ignorant of the charge of ply to a query, that although the treaty of murder against her husband, and it was only peace was signed, yet it was determined by the Conference that the particular conditions be not made public until the ratifications were exchanged. At the same time he would express his conviction that the treaty would be deemed satisfactory by England and by Europe. It would be found that the objects for which this war was undertaken has been fully Empire had been secured. The treaty, he ers; and while on the one hand, it has put an ity must have naturally wished to see concluded, on the other hand, it will lay the the foun dation of a peace which he trusted would be losting and enduring.

On Monday the Lord Mayor of London made his official proclamation of peace from the portico of the Mansion House, and afterwards at the Exchange. Salutes were fired from the Tower and the Park guns, and flags were generally displayed throughout the city and upon the shipping. In other cities similar displays were made, but there was not much enthusiasm shown.

When the news of the treaty of peace was taken to the Emperor Louis Napoleon, he expressed himself to the following effect : Ile thanked the Plenipotentiaries for having come in person to him with such agreeable tidings. He observed that the result of their labors during the Conferences, was a complete realization of the speech delivered by Lord Clarendon, in the House of Lords, and that the peace which the Allies were determined on conclud- edies will cure the most deeply seated old severe cold of the past winter. , was one which carried with it no humili tion to Russia, and which did not compromise the dignity or independence of any one. It was in fact such a treaty as a great nation might propose to accept without degradation, and therefore, it had all the elements of solidity and durability. He added that so favorable a result was in a great measure owing to the conciliatory spirit and moderation which particularly felt in the course of the present Conferences. CHINA .- The China Mail says, that a fire the following night-which, between them, destroyed the greater portions of the Chinese part of the town, the number of houses burned being, at the lowest estimate, over 1,300, and the property destroyed upward of \$1,000,000. The Hong-Kong Register savs \$2,000,000,1 The first fire commenced in the neighborhood of the house occupied by the Chinese Hoppo, Awarel, and spread to the castward along the Matapao, destroying the whole of the market, until by great exertions on the part of the crews of the French ships of war Virginia and Constantine, It was stopped near the residence of the late Mr. Paiva, close to the Portuguese Custom-House. The second fire 'occurred in | a place known as the Rua do Botelho, Pria Pequena, in some houses and boats surrounded by a high wall, the gate of which is locked every night. The consequence was, the inmates furnishes 66,000, Ireland 40,000, England 29,. of manufactured iron for the next 200 years. smothered in the flames. SAGACITY OF A DOG .- One of the most astonishing instances of the sagacity of a dog, which ever came to our knowledge, transpired, lately at Tioy, N. Y. The Messrs. Strand, tobacco-DESTRUCTIVE VOLCANIC ERUPTION .- A COL- Hists, No.25 Congress street, closed their store one night, leaving their favorite Newfoundland inside. In the morning, on opening the store, fire, and the dog was laboring with his fore feet and mouth, trying to subdue it. A pail of water, which stood in the room, had been poured down the hole. The faithful animal had so successfully combatted the fire, as to prevent square. How long the noble fellow had stood sentinel and fought down the advaucing flames, can only be conjectured-it must have been several hours. His feet, legs and mouth were hadly burned, and it is feared he is seriously injured internally by inhaling the hot air. He refuses food, and is apparently in much pain. He is worth his weight in gold, and may safely be pronounced the noblest of his race. THE Rock Islander of the 28th ult., states on the authority of a gentleman just from Lyons, lowa, that on the 24th a man with a two horse wagon, in which beside himself there Indian depredations in Northern Mexico conwere two women and four children, attempted tinued without abatement. Colonel Senagua to cross the river on the ice above Lyons, but surprised a party of Lipans, killed forty, and the wagon broke through andall seven persons took one hundred prisoners. were drowned. the track between Salem and Damapons.

TRIAL OF & MAN FOR MURDERING HIS WIFE. Sudden Appearance of the Wife in the Court The steamship Baltic arrived at New York Room !-At Cleveland, on Saturday, an examination took place before Esq. Hessenmineller of Michael Wyngert, for the murder of his sudden disappearance of the woman about six weeks sinc ;, and it was supposed, from the habitual ill treatment to which she was subjected, that she had been murdered. No trace

of her could be found, and the statement of the defendent confirmed the suspicion. The evi-Three or four weeks will probably clapse dence had been heard, and though it was cirstrongly sustained. At this juncture-the court room being densely crowded by excited spectators-the woman alleged to have been for the poor at the Infirmary, where, sick and forlorn, she had received care and cure. She, by accident that the intelligence came to those who were cognizant of the trial, and she was sought out and produced at the Court to the pleasant astonishment of all concerned.

> THE MISSISSIPPI BEIDGED .--- We learn from the Chicago Tribune that the great railroad bridge across the Mississippi at Rock Island, ommenced under the anspices of the Chicao and Rock Island Railroad, and continued by the joint efforts of that road and the Missisippi and Missouri Railroad, is now completed nd the locomotive crosses regularly from Hlinois to the lows shere. It was commenced in 1851. The plan adopted is that invented by Howe, including a "draw" for the passage of steamers. The "draw" rests upon a centre pier of 38 feel diameter at the ton, and its entire length is 201 feet in the clear. When open it leaves a space of 137 feet over the main channel. The cost of the bridge is \$800,000.

Hollownu's Oiniment and Pills an infallible Remedy for Blotches on the Skin .- EdgarMortimer, aged 25, of Third-street, Philadelphia. was for five years a severe sufferer with blotches on the skin, the whole of his face, neck, arms, and hands, being disfigured with them like small pox; he consulted several very clev er medical men, who told him it was the predicting symptoms of some disease, which alarmed him exceedingly ; however, he took Holloway's Pills immediately, and rubbed the Ointment on the parts affected, and in 2 weeks the whole of the blotches disappeared, and his

GLEANINGS. LAND is selling on Guadalape river, Texas at \$25 per acre. A NEGRO carpenter was lately sold in Adams county, Mississippi, for \$2,700. THE AMOUNT of lead sent out from Galena,

Ill., the past year, was 80,125,550 pounds ; value, \$2,732,219.

IT IS SAID that 500 young men of the South passed through Nashville a few days since on their way to Kansas.

A FRENCH gentleman, of ample means, proposes to establish salt-works, near Savannah, and sell sait at five cents per bushel.

It is estimated that there are now in store on Lake Ontario and the Upper Lakes 340,000 blds, flour, and 1,584,000 bushels of wheat. Two STEAM VESSELS of war were sent out on the 25th ult., by the British Government, to search for the unfortunate steamer Pacific. THE FRENCH government has become greatly alarmed at the cattle murrain, which was said to be spreading all over the continent. Tun Kentucky Legislature has passed a law making all cities and towns responsible to the owners, for all property destroyed by mobs. THERE ARE 1,000 men employed in building. the monster steamer Leviathan, near London.

It will cost a half million of dollars to launch The neverue under the new license law

which will go into the State treasury, it is estimated, in Philadelphia alone, will amount to \$200.0000

THE EMIGRATION from the eastern States, to all parts of the West, is said to be unusually arge this spring. A great portion of which is going to Kansas.

OLD BREAD may be made as good as new by dipping the loaf in cold water, then putting it in the oven after the bread is drawn, or a stove and letting it be well heated through.

On the sunny shores of Cape Cod they are raising the White, or Weymouth pine, from the seed, which is planted in hills like corn, where the soil will produce nothing else.

The Warren Mail says, "about election time a man isn't much of a man-he's nothing but a politician, the littlest end of humanity whittled down to the smallest possible point.

It is exproved that the expenditures of the Government, for the next fiseal year will reach seventy-five millions, which amount is to be raised entirely from the duty on imports.

THE Peoria (III.) Republican states that at the lowest calculation, one-third, and many think one-half, of the fruit trees in that sechealth was considerably improved. These rem- tion of the country, have been killed by the

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RUGISTER'S NOTICE.-Notice is here-been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Of-phane' Court of Clearfield County, to be held at the Court House in the Borough of Clearfield, and Tuesday, the 20th day of May, 1856, for condina-tion and allowance :--The final account of Isaac Goza, Administrator The final account of Isaac Goza, Administrator

Richard Davis, deo'd. WM. PORTER, Register

Clearfield, April 23, 1856.

LICENSE NOTICE. - The following named persons have filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Clearfield County, their respective Petitions for License at May Ses-ston next, agreeably to Act of Assembly of March 28, 1856, entitled "An Act to regulate the Bale of Unterstation in the Sele of

Intoxicating Liquors	A PARTY AND	
Wm. H. Henderson,	Innkcoper,	Woodward tp.
Samuel Evans.	Innkeeper,	Clearfield bor
George D. Lanich.	Innkeeper,	Olearfield bor.
Wm. J. Hemphilt,	Innkeeper,	Clearfield bor.
Stephen Graff.	Restaurant	Curwensville b
David Smith.	Innkeeper.	Curwensvilleb
Isaac Bloom, ir.	Innkeeper,	Curwensvilleb
Wm. A. Mason,	Innkeeper,	Curwensville b
James Bloom, sr.	Innkeeper,	Pike township
Mrs. Mary Draucker	Innkeeper,	Brady towns'p
R W. Moore.	Innkeeper.	Luthersburg b
John Walls, Mobers	Innkeeper,	Brady towns'p
Joseph Mulson.	Innkseper.	Frenchville b
Henry Goodlander,	Innkeeper.	Brady towns'p
George W. Long,	Innkeeper,	Brady towns p
Wm. W. Flemming	Innkeeper.	Curwensville b
Solomen Bawder,	Innkeeper.	Covington tp.
John Selfridge,	Innkeeper.	Goshen town p
ap16 '56]	WM. PORTER, Clerk	

COURT PROCLAMATION .--- WHEREAS The Honorable JAMES BURNSIDE, Esq., President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the twenty-fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Clinton-and the Honorable RICHARD SHAW and JOHN P HOYT, Associate Judges of Clearfield county, have issued their precept bearing date the TWENTY-SECOND day of Dec. last, to me directed, for the olding of a Court of Common Pleas, Orphan's Court Court of Quarter Sessions, Court of Over and Terminer, and Court of General Jail Delivery, at learfield, in and for Clearfield county, on the HIRD MONDAY of MAY, next, being the 19th av of the month

NOTICE IS, THEREFORE, HEREBY GIVEN. the Coronor, Justice of the Pence, and Consta-es, in and for the said county of Clearfield, to appear in their own proper persons with their Kolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, and in their behalf, pertain to be done, and Jurots and Witnesses are requested to he then and there attending, and not to depart without leave, at their peril. GIVEN under my hand, at Clearfield, this 16th

day of April, in the year of our Lord one thous and eight hundred and fifty-aix, and the eighti-eth year of American Independence. JOSIAII R REED, Sh'ff. Clearfield, April 23, 1856.-te,

TARIAL LIST FOR MAY TERM, 1856 commencing on the 19th day of the month Wallace vs Joseph E. Logan. Michaels vs. Pearce's Administrators. II. Philips ver Roams & Kephart. W. Ilickman & Co. vs. William Bloom W. Hickman & Co. vs. Thomas Relation.
Ferguson & Alexander vs. Thomas Relation.
Mitchell vs. Tozer.
Torbet et al vs. A. Caldwell.
A. K. Ormond vs. William Bloom.

9. P. W. Barnett vs. Eliga Irvin. Mitchell vs. Montelius. H. Phillips vs. D. Kephart. 12 Hood & Miller vs. Miller & Smith. 13. J. & G. H. Steiner vs. R. Grafus. Arnold vs. J. Thompson John Campbell vs. E. Williams. Corbin & Bro. vs. F. P. Hurxthal & Brother Woods vs. England. J Smith vs. H. Brusler. L. Lucas vs. Davis and Pownal. - territe Patchin vs. J. M. Countings. Fitch & Boynton vs. Wm. H & Jno W. Miller. J. Arthurs vs. John Ethinger. Straws vs. Straws et al. Ritter vs. F. P. Hurxthal. R. V. Cooper vs. Alexander Cook. R. Wallace vs. Thomas E. Miller. 23.J. Thompson vs. Chase et al. Methee per use vs. Jas. McGhee's Executor Josiah Baird vs. William J. Hemphill. John Draucker vs. Bonjamin Hartshorn. J. H. Abbos vs. Dr. Caldwell. J. Warrick vs. Palmer & Stewart et al. 33. M. Hileman vs. Lydia Wall & Eason. 34. H. B. Swoope vs. Thomas Mahaffey.

EMOBATING .- The Lancaster Whig says a large number of the citizens of Lancaster co. by the extreme cold the past winter. are leaving and going to the West. Some of them could be accommodated with cheap and good land in this county. Will the Whig just give then the hint? We need more farmers, good experiented farmers in Clearfield.

nds and ulcers, even of 20 years

A MARRYING MAN .- A few days ago, says the Covington, Ky., Journal, Judge Perrin, of this city, married a man for the fith time. A ingular feature in the case is that the fith wife vas also the third wife. The third marriage tors in corn on the Wabash have sustained not proving a happy one; the parties were sepand when death claimed his fourth wife, the disconsolato widower returned to No. three, and wooed and won her. Judge Perrin thinks duction of the marriage fee, in consequence them"-after a while, of the large business he was doing in that line.

THE small pox is prevailing quite generally broughout the South. In Carter and Washngton counties, Tenn., and Madison and Bunombe counties, North Carolina. In Greene county. Tenn., its ravages have been alarming: and Greenville, the county seat, is gnarded the infected district. The town of Jonesburg, Tenn., is also guarded by armed citizens. In \$10,000-insurance about \$2,000. Sumter, S. C., the disease has made its appoarance, and in the lower counties of Virginia.

IMMIORATION FOR 1855.-From a recent comaunication from the Secretary of State to the lower House of Congress, we learn that the totid number of passengers arriving in the United States during the year 1865, was upwards of 239,000. Nearly \$0,000 were residents, and September 30th, 1843, is 3,400,000.

THE Chicago Domocratic Press relates, that luring the forty-eight hours ending Saturday morning, the eight trains on the Michigan Sonthern Road brought eighty-one coaches, containing 4,000 passengers; and in the same time, the six trains over the Michigan Central took into that city sixty-three coaches, containing 4,662 passengers : nearly nine thousand passungers arriving in two days.

HUNG IN SPITE OF A REPRIEVE .- WC see in he papers an account of the execution of a Alabama, after the receipt by him of a respite from Governor Winston. He is said to have pronounced the document a forgery. If the order of the Governor was formal, the hanging was murder; if it was not, the Sheriff is not responsible.-Montgomery Mait.

THE New Bedford Standard says that Thomas W. Nye, the survivor of the wreck of the will soon be able to leave the house without suffering from any permanent injuries.

By the steamer Lonisiana, at New Orleans, we have Galveston dates to the 8th inst. The

THERE ARE 660,562 slaves owned in the coun-The storm of Saturday did great a deal of try by ministers of the Gospel and church other denominations.

POTATOES were sold at a recent anchion in Spencer, Mass., at prices ranging from 17 to 26 cents a bushel. They can be bought in any quantity in that vicinity for 33 cents a bushel. THE Louisville Courier states that specula-

great losses the present season; 40 and 43 cents arated and divorced. The man married again, have been paid for corn, and it is now selling for 25 cents.

A late lifinois paper contains the announcement of the marriage of R. W. Welf to Mary he has tied them up effectually this time. The L. Lamh, oThe wolf and the lamb shall lie lucky man had the impudence to claim a re- down together, and a little child shall lead

Seven Hogs were sold recently in Cincinnati, whose weight is put down as follows: 775, in 742, 500, 592, 805, 769-total, 4 923 Ibs. -average weight, 703 pounds. The price paid was \$" per hundred gross.

by armed men to prevent communication with ed by Judge Wm. F. Murray, of Harrisburg, ceived : was consumed by fire on the 10th inst. Loss

> COMMODORE PERRY's book giving an account of his expedition to Japan, has cost \$200,000 in preparing it for publication. Many of the plates of this work were destroyed, by the late fire in Ranstead place, Philadelphia.

THE COAL-BEDS OF Missouri can furnish 100, 000,000 tons per annum for the next 1,300 years, and there is iron ore enough near Pilot over 100,000 arrived at New York. Germany Knobb to furnish 100,000,000 tons per annum

GUS-BARNELS have lately been found on the field of Hubbardston battle, in Vermontsome of which, after having been buried more than 75 years, contained cartridges that exploded with considerable violence when the bar- and I might so specify. Yours with resp rel was heated in the fire!

XENOPHON tells us of an Egyptian who, when sent by his wife to purchase perfumes, bro't her a jar of fresh water. A bachelor acquaintance of ours, who hasn't the fear of women before him, says there ought to be a great many like that Egyptian now-a-days.

In manufacturing gas from Newcastle coal a chaldron weighing 27 cwt. is found to yield convict, by the Sheriff of Franklin county, in 8,650 cubic feet of gas, 14 cwt, of coke, 121 that is mentioned in the above certificate. gallons ammonical liquor, and 12 galions of thick tar. Cannel coal will yield upon an avcrage 16,000 cubic feet of gas to the chaldron.

THE progressive development of the Australian group of colonies is on the whole extremely interesting .- In Victoria, the population had increased, during the last year, to the extent of 50,000 souls, and the yield of gold John Rutledge, is getting along finely under continued to average 50,000 ounces per week, the medical treatment he is receiving. He or between eight and nine millions annually.

> AN INHUMAN wretch stopped at the house of an old man named Fox, in Fairfield co., O., a few nights since, and obtain permission to remain until the next day. During the night he murdered the old man, severely injured his wife, and after robbing the house, escaped .----

A REG of specie was recently emptied on the Ine of a Prustian railroad, and re-filled with sand. A microscopic examination of the sand LOTS and PASTURE AND WOOD LOTS, contain-The Tynoxe Enx' has passed entirely into hood where the small pox was raging, broke Railroad. A church and fifteen houses were dists, 77,000 by the Presbyterians, 125,000 by The field of detective inquiry thus narrowed, Also several desirable FARMS and pieces of consequence of the change, withdrawn from the him that if he didn't leave town in fiftcen min- A large number of trees were blown across 101,000 by the Campbelites, and 50,000 by police, and the stolen treasure in a short time L JACKSON CRANS. the Baptists, 88,000 by the Episcopalians, was immediately accupied by the agents of the TIMBER LAND, in various parts of the county traced to one of the cuployees on the road. April 16, 1856.

A HUMAN LIFE SAVED!

Dowastae, Mich., March 11, 1856, A. RHODES, Esq.; Dear Sir-As I took your dieine to sell on consignment. "no cure no pay," SAW-HILL BURNED. - The extensive steam saw-mill at Portsmouth, Dauphin county, own-their testimony is a fair specimen of all I havore-

S Conklin told me- I had taken nine bot tles of Christie's Ague Balsan, and continually run down while using it until my lungs and liver were Congested to that degree that blood discharged from my mouth and bowels, so that all thought it impossible for me to live through another chill.-The doctors too did all they could for me, but tha't I must die. Nothing did me any good until I got Rhode's Fever and Agne Cure, which at once relieved me of the distress and nausea at my stomach and pain in my head and bawels, and produced a permanent cure in a short time.

H. M. Conklin says : "I had been taking mediine of as good a doctor as we have in our county, and taken any quantity of quinine and specifical without any good result, from 25th August to 17th December. December. But seeing how nicely it operated on my brother, I got a bottle of Rhodes' Fever and A-gue Cure, which effected a permanent cure by us. ng two-thirds of a botale."

S. M. Conklin was not here, but both the other brothers say his case was the same as H. M's, I sold the medicine to both the same day, and the care was as speedy from the same small quantity,

A. HUNTINGTON. The above speaks for itself. Good proof as it is t is of no better tonor than the vast number of like certificates I have already published, and the still greateramount that is continually pouring in to me One thing more. Last year I had occasion to caution the public in these words :- Instice one firm who have taken one of my general circulars; substituted the name of their nostrum for my medi-eine, and then with brazen impudence end their pamphlet with the evelomation. Let the proprietor of any other medicine say as much if he dares" Ac Now I take pleasure in saying that the cautio eferred to the same "Dr Christie's Ague Balsam

There are several other industrious people who are applying to their poisonons trash all that I publish about my Fever and Ague Cure, or Antidoto to Malaria, except the certificates of cures, and the certificate of the calebrated Chemist, Dr. James R. Chilton, of N. Y., in favor of its perfect-ly harmless character, which is attached to every ottle. These will always serve to distinguish my edicine from initations. JAS. A. RHODES. spr23-56-3m Proprietor, Proaidence, R I. ottle.

JAMES B. GRAHAM, Dealer in SAWED LUMBER, SQUARED TIMBER, SHINGLES, BOARDS, Ac., is prepared to fill, on the shortest notice, all orders for articles in his line of busi. ness, on as reasonable terms as they can be procured in the county Grahampton, Clearfield Co., Jan. 23, 1856

DISSOLUTION .- The partnership heretofore existing between Alfred Montelius, Edward iontelins and William Ten Eyck was mutual-dissolved on the 1st day of March, 1856. The Wile, and alter robbing the house, escaped.— He was arrested next day, and committed to jail. Curwensville, April 9, 1856.—3t

