

# THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

## THYATIRA.

Every fact that elucidates the fulfillment of prophecy is worthy the attention of all students and observers. The developments are sometimes almost startling, and always interesting and profitable as matters of general knowledge. This site of one of the seven churches of Asia, was built by Seleucus Nicator, perhaps about two hundred and ninety-five years before the Christian era, during a time of peace. After he had achieved many triumphs over his enemies, he formed an alliance with Sandrocottus, an Indian King, in connection with whom he conquered Antigonus in a final battle, called the battle of Ipsus, which was fought about three hundred years before Christ. Syria and part of Phrygia, and all of the provinces, finally, between that and India, fell into his hands.

He then built many cities and expended large sums to promote the arts of civilization. And among others the above named city was built a few years after the cessation of war.—The modern name of what remains of it is called Ak-hisar and it is situated on the river Hy-las, on the borders of Lydia and Mysia, on a plain about twenty miles wide, between Sardis and Pergamum. Like other cities in that part of the world, it was subject to such changes as war and earthquakes effected until the time of our Saviour. It is not certain by whom the gospel was introduced into Thyatira, whether by Paul from Ephesus, or upon the return of Lydia from Philippi, whether she did not first announce the glad tidings like the woman of Samaria, and thus became an instrument to lead the people to enquire after the truth. The narrative of her conversion is exceedingly interesting, and there is no doubt but the sequel of her life was full of interesting events connected with the spread of christianity. The Jews had places erected for reading the law and prayer, in the places where they were scattered, and accordingly in Philippi they repaired on the Sabbath to such a place, and Paul generally resorted there to preach the gospel. Lydia, who, perhaps, was a proselyte to her religion, was also there, and heard the Apostle, whose heart was opened to the truth, as her conduct afterwards clearly evinced.

Thyatira was celebrated for the manufacture of fine fabric, and for the art of dyeing the most beautiful purple. It entered largely into the coloring of the royal habitations, and the certain decorations of costly buildings.—Lydia had not moved to Philippi for a permanent residence, but was there, like other eastern merchants, only temporarily. Upon her return to Thyatira, she may have made known the Gospel, and then they, as heathen villages now do, may have sent for the missionary of the cross, to preach to them more fully the gospel of salvation.

Of the former buildings of note there is one Turkish name of the place means The White Castle, probably on account of the great profusion of white marble which is strewn around and of which the buildings are erected. There are eight Mahomedan Mosques in Ak-hisar in which the most of the inhabitants worship.—There are thirty thousand inhabitants, all of whom are Turks except about three thousand Greeks and Armenian Christians.

The surrounding scenery of this city is exceedingly beautiful. The mountains on either side ranging with the wide plain in which the city stands with their beautiful undulations covered with Cyprus trees, presented to the eye a fine view of a few miles in the distance, while the City itself is literally embosomed in trees and groves of Cyprus and Poplar. The buildings being of white marble, surrounded and overhung with the deep and paler green foliage of those splendid arbor trees, present altogether the most delightful view. There is no place in this country would present any resemblance except New Haven or Cleveland, and they only some slight resemblance in regard to the trees with their green foliage. When the letter was addressed to the ancient church in this city, it would seem that idolatry was influential and had to some extent seduced some of its members, on account of which the judgment was threatened unless there should be speedy repentance. But the Divine testimony is that this church repented not, and accordingly the candlestick is removed out of its place. Like the other places mentioned, this is a standing monument of Divine displeasure, and a testimony to the New Testament scripture.

There is a melancholy and yet hopeful feeling steals over the imagination in the contemplation of those once splendid and populous cities, now all dilapidated and wasted, if not entirely overthrown and destroyed. While we linger upon the scenes of falling cities, as they pass away before invading armies, wasting pestilence, or overwhelming earthquakes, as direct judgment of Heaven in fulfillment of threatenings revealed; we may anticipate the advantage of the fact in future attempts to spread the Gospel in those cities, that monumental testimony stands all around asserting the immutable truth of the scriptures; and tradition adds her voice to give confirmation to the truth of these assertions, together forming a glare of light flashing in the face of infidelity that will oblige it to retire from the face of common sense in silence and shame.

An old Carolinian once said, "I was born the last day of the week, very late in the day, and have always been behindhand. I believe it would have been fifty dollars in my pocket if I hadn't been born at all!"

Socrates, seeing a scolding wife who had banged herself on an olive tree, exclaimed: "Oh! that all trees would bear such fruit!"

## BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT.

The following waif, adrift on the "sea of reading," we clip from an exchange. We do not know its paternity, but it contains some wholesome truths, beautifully set forth: Men seldom think of the great event of death until the shadow falls across their own path, bidding forever from their eyes the traces of the loved ones, whose living smiles were the sunlight of existence. Death is the great antagonist of life, and the cold thought of the tomb is the skeleton of all feasts. We do not want to go through the dark valley, although its passages may lead to paradise; and, with Charles Lamb, we do not want to lie down in the muddy grave, even with kings and princes for our bed-fellows.

But the flat of nature is inexorable. There is no appeal or relief from the great law which dooms us to dust. We flourish and we fade as the leaves of the forest, and the flower that blooms and withers in a day has not a trailer hold upon life than the mightiest monarch that ever shook the earth with his footsteps. Generations of man appear and vanish as the grass, and the countless multitude that throngs the world to day will to-morrow disappear as the footsteps on the shore.

In the beautiful drama of Ion, the instinct of immortality, so eloquently uttered by the death devoted Greek, finds a deep response in every thoughtful soul. When about to yield his young existence as a sacrifice to fate, his beloved Clematis asks if they shall not meet again, to which he replies: "I have asked that dreadful question of the hills that look eternal—the clear streams that flow forever—the stars among whose fields of azure my spirit hath walked in glory. All were dumb. But while I gaze upon thy living face, I feel that there is something in the love that mantles through its beauty that cannot wholly perish. We shall meet again, Clematis."

An "ORFUL DRAUGHT."—An old acquaintance of ours in the country indulges in a very exaggerated style of description and illustration, in his ordinary conversation. For instance, when describing the effect of an alteration of his kitchen chimney, which he had ordered his mason to make, he said that "before the chimney was altered, it drew the wrong way so powerful, that every flock of wild geese that flew over the town, for ten years, was sucked down into his fire-place, but since the alteration has been made, the draught was so strong that if he should hook one end of a log chain in the middle of the kitchen floor, the other end would stand quivering up the chimney."

A father being applied to for the reason of his son's absence from school, the schoolmaster returned the following intelligent reply:—"Keptathometogoinaterrin!"

OT meets every Saturday evening at 6 o'clock, at their Hall in Merrell & Carter's new building on Second street. (Feb 20)

**JOHN RUSSELL & CO.,**  
TANNERS AND CURRIERS,  
Broadway, Clearfield Co., Pa.  
Keep constantly on hand an excellent assortment of leather, which they offer for sale at the lowest cash prices. Hides taken in exchange.  
July 1, 1855.

**DAVID S. PLOTNER**—Respectfully informs his old friends and the public, that he has obtained the services of a good Cutter and workman as a foreman in the tailoring business, and is now prepared to attend to any orders in his line of work on the most accommodating terms and short notice, and will have clothing on hand at all times, such as dress coats, frock coats, vests, and pantaloons of their own manufacture, and good material at the lowest prices. With a wish to accommodate, he solicits a share of patronage.  
New Washington, May 9, 1855.

**BLACKSMITHING.**—The subscriber would inform the public that he has taken the Blacksmith Shop formerly occupied by George Orr, on the corner of Third and Main streets, in the borough of Clearfield, where he carries on the business in all its various branches.  
JACOB SHUNKWEILER.  
June 6, 1855-1y.

**PHILIPSBURG HOTEL.**—The subscriber would inform his friends in Clearfield, and the public generally, that he has enlarged and refitted his house, and is now enabled to compete successfully with any Hotel in the country. No pains will be spared to render his guests comfortable. His table shall always be supplied with the best market can afford, and his charges moderate. He respectfully invites his friends and others to give him a call.  
DAVID JOHNSTON.  
Philipsburg Jan 31, 1855-1y.

**TYRONE LIVERY STABLE.**—The subscriber, having removed his Livery Stable from Curwensville to Tyrone City, begs leave to his friends and the public, that he is at all times prepared to supply them with Horses, carriages, buggies, and other vehicles on hire, at the most reasonable terms. Inquire at the "City Hotel."  
JAMES CROWTHER.  
Tyrone, January 31, 1855-3mo.

**JOHN TROUTMAN,** House, Sign and Ornamental Painter, Glazier, Chair maker and Paper Hanger, offers his services to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity.  
Shop on Market St., just below the Foundry.  
**CHAIRS, LOUNGES, SOFAS, ROCKING-CHAIRS, OTTOMANS, &c.**  
kept constantly on hand and made to order, equal in beauty to any that can be obtained from the East, and more durable in material.  
Aug. 1, 1855.

**HAVE YOU SEEN SAM?**—The subscriber would inform his old friends and the public generally, that he still continues to keep a house of entertainment in New Washington where those who call with him will receive every attention, and be made comfortable.  
Good stabling, and every other convenience for horses on the premises. DAVID S. PLOTNER.  
New Washington, Jan. 31, 1855.

**BERGEE DELAINES.**—A superior article of Bergée Delaines in dress patterns, at 25 cents per yard, never sold in this country before for less than 50 cents at RICHARD MOSSOP'S.  
June 13, '55.

**CHEAP CLOTHING.**—A large lot of cheap Clothing, Men's and Boys, for sale cheap, by June 13, '55. RICHARD MOSSOP.

**BLACKBERRY BRANDY.**—A certain cure for the Dysentery, for sale by RICHARD MOSSOP, June 13, '55.

**MACKEREL, HERRING AND CODFISH,** at the store of W. F. IRWIN. [Jan 18]

**A. K. WRIGHT, MERCHANT, AND EXTENSIVE DEALER IN LUMBER,** Second Street, one door south of his residence, Clearfield, Pa. Clearfield, March 14, 1855.

**HURRAH FOR KANSAS!**—The Blood and Banner boys in triumph on the "Old Corner Store," where A. M. HILLS has just opened the cheapest and most splendid assortment of Goods, ever displayed before this community, and exactly adapted to their many and various necessities. Hats, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, BONNETS, CASIMERE, CLOTHS, DRESS GOODS, TOILET ARTICLES, DE LANES, PRINTS, GLOVES, HARDWARE, STONE and BRASSWARE, ORNAMENTALS, &c., &c., with fancy articles ad infinitum.  
Clearfield, June 20, 1855. A. M. HILLS.

**REMOVAL.**—The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends that he has removed his BOOT AND SHOE STORE, from "Shaw's Row," to his new building, opposite the Office of James Wrigley, and two doors south of the Office of H. BAZZETT, Esq.  
He still keeps constantly on hand, every variety of Ladies slippers, gaiters, pumps, &c. Men's fancy shoes and gaiters, with an excellent assortment of heavy work, all adapted to the various wants of the people of Clearfield. He hopes his friends will call at his NEW STORE, and examine his Stock.  
Boots and Shoes made to order, and mending done here and sent to ISAAC JOHNSTON.  
Clearfield, June 27, 1855.

**GULICH & BENNER,** would respectfully inform the citizens of Clearfield, and public generally that they have entered into co-partnership in the  
**CABINET MAKING BUSINESS,** and keep constantly on hand, every variety of furniture, consisting of  
Dining, Breakfast, and Centre Tables, Sewing, Writing, and Wash-Stands, Mahogany, and Common Bedsteads;  
Mahogany and Cane-bottomed Chairs, Bureaus, Sofas, Lounges, &c. &c.  
Coffins made and funerals attended on the shortest notice, with a neat hearse, and appropriate accompaniments.  
House Painting done on the shortest notice.  
Shop and Ware-rooms, same as formerly occupied by John Gulich, nearly opposite the New Store, Clearfield, Pa.  
May 22, '55-1y. DANIEL BENNER.

**THE GOOD INTENT HOTEL,** CURWENSVILLE, PA.  
The Subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has just refitted and re-furnished his house and is prepared to render every attention to the travelling community.  
His bar contains liquors of the first quality, and his table will always be supplied with the best in market.  
He respectfully solicits his friends and others to give him a call.  
WM. R. FLEMMING.  
August 1, 1855.

**GIVE THEM A TRIAL.**—SILVER'S PLASTIC PAINTS—CHEAP, DURABLE AND PROTECTIVE.  
**WEATHER & FIRE-PROOF.**  
The subscriber stands and climates without crack or blister, and harden by exposure; thus making in time an enamel of Stone, protecting Wood from decay, and Iron and other metals from rust and corrosion. It is used on the exterior of the so-called "Imperial Paints" of the dry, which are principally Ochres, and Clays, and are entirely worthless.  
SILVER'S Plastic Paints are purely METALLIC, containing no Lead or Clay.  
The subscriber's paints, mix readily with Linseed Oil, (without the trouble of grinding) and flow under the brush as freesp as the best White Lead, and excel all others in body or covering power. They are sold in kegs, and cost less than two-thirds. There are six distinct colors, viz:  
Olive, Light Brown, Light Chocolate, Black, Dark Do, Deep Do.  
All equally valuable as a preservative, and particularly adapted to painting the outside of BUILDINGS, FENCES, STEAMBOATS, CARS, TIN AND IRON WORKS.

**REMEMBER!** Exposure hardens and increases the strength of the PAINTS.  
**DIRECTIONS.**—Mix with pure Linseed Oil, as thickly as possible, as the Paint is the lasting or protective body, and the oil simply the medium, or agent in spreading it.  
RICHARD H. RICHARDS,  
GENERAL WHOLESALE AGENTS,  
H. W. corner Tenth and Market Streets, PHILADELPHIA.  
For sale, Wholesale and Retail, Dry and Ground in Oil, by SAUL B. DEARLS, Tyrone City, Pa. Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Brushes, Window Glass, &c. [Aug. 15, '55.]

**THE PENNSYLVANIA TELEGRAPH.**—ENLARGED FORM & REDUCED TERMS.—THE CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED.—On and after the first of January, 1855, the PENNSYLVANIA TELEGRAPH, published at Harrisburg, Pa., will be enlarged and condensed, and the undersigned, who will give their best energies to make it worthy of its cause and of its friends.  
It will commence the new year printed on enlarged type, and the Weekly greatly enlarged in form, while the price will be lower than that of any other paper of its class ever published at the Capital of the State, and PAYMENTS WILL BE REQUIRED STRICTLY IN ADVANCE. No paper will be sent until the price is forwarded. It will be discontinued unless the subscribers express a desire that they be renewed. The TELEGRAPH is issued SEMI-WEEKLY, on a sheet of twenty-four columns, during the sessions of the Legislature, and WEEKLY on a double sheet of four columns during the remainder of the year. It will present a comprehensive summary of the Legislative proceedings; all important general laws, as they are passed, and aim to give the fullest and most reliable intelligence of the times in the most interesting and readable manner. It will give a cordial, earnest and independent support to the administration of Gov. POLLOCK.

**TERMS.**—STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.  
The TELEGRAPH will be furnished SEMI-WEEKLY, during the sessions of the Legislature, and WEEKLY, the remainder of the year, at the following low rates—the money INvariably to accompany the ORDER:  
Single subscriptions, \$3 00  
Five copies (\$1.50 per copy) 7 50  
Ten copies (\$1.70 per copy) 17 00  
Twenty copies (\$1.50 per copy) 30 00  
And at the same price (\$1.50 per copy) on any number over twenty. Orders should be made up at once, and the TELEGRAPH forwarded before the first of January, so that they can commence with the session of the Legislature.  
Subscriptions will be forwarded from this office. All orders must be addressed to  
McCLURE & SELLERS,  
Harrisburg, Pa.  
[Dec. 12, '55-2t.]

**CLOCKS**—of every variety and price, from 25 cents to 14 days, for sale by J. A. M. HILLS, June 27, '55.

**LADIES' Handkerchiefs,** all Linen, for sale by June 13, '55. R. MOSSOP.

**CONFECTIONARIES**—"Little the dicker" assortment this Borough ever could boast of, at June 27, '55. A. M. HILLS.

**MUSLIN,** at 5 cents per yard; at Mossop's cheap each shire. [June 13, '55.]

**BOOTS & SHOES.**—A large and splendid assortment of Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Boots and Shoes for sale at Mossop's [Jan 18.]

**ROKER, BROTHERS & JONES,**  
Nos. 158 & 160, Market Street, PHILADELPHIA;  
Importers and manufacturers of City and EASTERN MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.  
Also, every variety of French and English Shoe Lastings, Patent Leather, Kid and Calfskins, Shoe Leaces, Gallons, Bindings, &c., suitable for manufacturers.  
Also, Foreign and Domestic Straw and Silk Bonnets, Leghorn, Panama, and Palm-Leaf Hats, English, French, and American artificial Flowers, Oil Silk, Straw Trimmings, &c. &c.

Having removed to our new Store, No. 158 & 160 Market Street, below 5th Street, up stairs, we invite your attention to our large and varied Stock of Straw Goods, Boots and Shoes, which we are preparing for the approaching Fall Sales.  
All our Goods being exclusively of our own direct Importation and Manufacture, we feel confident that our facilities are such that we can offer Goods, unsurpassed by any house in the country.  
ROKER, BROTHERS & JONES,  
Nov. 8, 1854-1y. Philadelphia.

**BROOK, TYSON & REHN**—Wholesale Dry Goods Store, No. 146, Market Street, Philadelphia. [Aug. 1, 185-1y.]

**GOOD NEWS!**—Wholesale Store opened in Tyrone City, where anybody who wants cheap goods can purchase. The subscriber has just opened a large stock of all selected goods in  
**TYRONE CITY,**  
Corner of Logan and Juniata Sts. PHILADELPHIA.  
He has on hand and will constantly keep a large stock of  
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Queensware, Drugs, PROVISIONS  
of all kinds, consisting of  
Potatoes, Bacon, Fruit, Beans, Flour, Wheat, Corn meal, &c. &c.

**ALSO, OATS, CORN, RYE, &c.**  
And he hereby gives notice that he will sell his goods, on the city a splendid assortment of goods in this country, which are determined to sell low for cash, in the very best manner.  
Boards, Shingles, or even money in exchange.  
July 4, '55. F. M. BELL.

**GOING IT ALONE.**—The undersigned having taken to himself the store formerly owned by Patchin & Swan, takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally, that he has just received from the city a splendid assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Confectionaries, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, and every thing else usually kept in a country store. Persons wishing to buy cheap and good Goods should not forget that he is determined not to be undersold by any store in the country. His motto is "a niable price at a low six pence."  
S. C. PATCHIN.  
Glen Hope, July 5, 1854.

**J. P. NELSON & CO.,**  
Morris Township, Clearfield Co., Pa.  
Would respectfully inform the citizens of that vicinity that they keep constantly on hand a large assortment of  
Dry Goods, Hard-Ware, Queensware, Groceries, Confectionaries, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, and all other articles usually kept in a country store, which they are determined to sell low for cash, in the very best manner.  
August 1, 1855.

**EXCHANGE HOTEL, PHILIPSBURG.**  
The subscriber, thankful for past favors, would respectfully solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage bestowed upon his House by the Public. He is prepared to accommodate waiters, editors, drovers, and all others who may call with him, in the very best manner.  
He also proposes to run a line of Hacks from travelling public.  
J. G. RUNK.  
Philipsburg, March 14, 1855-1f.

**NEW MILL.**—At the old Pioneer Mills on the Mohawk, in Morris township. The subscriber has just completed a large new Grist Mill, which is in successful operation. Grain of all kinds bought, stored, and sold on commission.  
Dec. 27, '54. HENRY GROE.

**APPLICANTS FOR BOUNTY LANDS**  
Under the late act of Congress, will find the subscriber fully prepared, with blanks, forms, &c., to assist them in procuring their Warrants.  
Office in the east end of Shaw's Row, up stairs, Mar. 28, '55. H. BUCHER SWOOP.

**PROFESSIONAL.**  
**TIMOTHY J. McULLOUGH, ATTORNEY AT LAW,** in and District Attorney, Clearfield, Pa., may be found at his office in Shaw's Row, four doors west of the "Mansion House." Deeds and other legal instruments prepared with promptness and accuracy. [Feb. 13-1y.]

**BARRETT & LARRIMER,** ATTORNEYS AT LAW, having entered into partnership in the practice of their profession, will cordially attend to all business entrusted to their care in Clearfield county. Office in the east end of Shaw's Row, up stairs. G. R. BARRETT, J. H. LARRIMER.  
Clearfield, July 18, 1855-1y.

**H. BUCHER SWOOP,** ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Two doors East of Journal Office, up stairs. Dec. 1, 1854.

**L. JACKSON CRANS,** ATTORNEY AT LAW, CLEARFIELD, PA. Office adjoining his residence, on Second St. August 1, 1855.

**JAMES BIDDLE GORDON,** ATTORNEY AT LAW, CLEARFIELD, PA. Office in the room adjoining, on the East, the Drug Store, of Dr. H. Lorrain. He may be consulted in French and German.  
August 1, 1855-1y.

**W. A. WALLACE,** ATTORNEY AT LAW, CLEARFIELD, PA. Office nearly opposite the Court House. August 1, 1855.

**J. B. M'ENALLY,** ATTORNEY AT LAW, CLEARFIELD, PA. Practices in the room adjoining counties. Office nearly opposite Judge Wright's store. August 1, 1855.

**E. S. DUNDY,** ATTORNEY AT LAW, CLEARFIELD, PA. Office in the room adjoining on the West, the Store of Wm. Irwin. August 1, 1855.

**JOHN H. MULLEN,** PHYSICIAN, Frenchville, Clearfield County, Pa. Having retired the property and situation of Dr. F. Hoops, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Frenchville, and vicinity. Office, one door east of Lott's store, Frenchville. May 22, '55-9m.

**DR. B. F. AKLEY,** PHYSICIAN, Grahamston, Clearfield County, Pa. tenders his professional services to the inhabitants of Grahamston and surrounding country—he can at all times be found at his office, directly opposite Mr. J. B. Graham's store, when not professionally engaged. [Apr. 25]

**DENTIST.**  
A. M. HILLS, D. D. S. Office adjoining his Store, Clearfield, Pa. Artificial Teeth, from one to a full set, mounted in the most approved modern style. Filling, Filing, and Cleaning done with care and neatness.  
Teeth extracted with all the care and dispatch modern science can furnish.  
DR. HILLS, can always be found at his office, as he is now devoting his whole attention to his profession. [June 20, '55.]

**WOOD'S ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS,** Ridge Avenue, PHILADELPHIA.  
The attention of the public is invited to the extensive manufactory and ware-room of the subscriber, who is prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, IRON RAILINGS, of every description, for CHIMNEYS, PUBLIC & PRIVATE BUILDINGS, ALSO, VERANDAS, BALCONIES, FOUNTAINS, SETTEES, CHAIRS, LIONS, DOGS, &c. &c. &c. &c.  
and other Ornamental Iron Work of a decorative character, all of which is executed with the express view of pleasing the taste, while they combine all requisites of beauty and substantial construction. Purchasers may rely on having all articles carefully boxed and shipped to their place of destination. A book of designs will be sent to those who wish to make a selection. ROBERT WOOD, Ridge Avenue below Spring Garden St. Oct. 6, '55-3m.] Philadelphia

**CORNBREAD & WALTON,** 235 Market Street, PHILADELPHIA; Importers and Dealers in  
**HARD-WARE,** IRON, NAILS, &c. &c.  
They respectfully invite the people of Clearfield, to continue their favors.  
Aug. 1, 1855-1y.

**MOUNT VERNON HOUSE,** No. 59, North Second Street, PHILADELPHIA.  
The undersigned having taken the old well-known house, which has been renovated and remodelled through the liberality of his friends, would respectfully solicit a continuance of their visits to the city.  
The furniture is all new, and has been selected with care from Henkleys well known establishment in Chestnut Street, and is of the latest and most fashionable style.  
The location for Merchants and others coming to the city is convenient, being in the centre of business. J. L. BARRETT, Proprietor.  
Aug. 1, 1855-1y.]

**HARRIS, ORBISON & CO.,** WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, No. 254, Market St., North side between 9th & 10th, Philadelphia. Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Druggists' Glassware, Window Glass, Paints, Oils, Dyes, Perfumery, &c. &c. JOHN HARRIS, M. D. E. B. ORBISON, Proprietors.  
Aug. 1, 1855-1y.]

**RUSSELL & SCHOTT,** No. 138 Market St., PHILADELPHIA. Importers and Wholesale Dealers in  
**DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.**  
They respectfully invite their Clearfield friends to give them a call. [Jan. 17, '55-1y.]

**FOOD & CO.**—Extensive Dry-goods Dealers, No. 157, Market St., Philadelphia, keep constantly on hand a large, splendid, and cheap stock of the most fashionable and elegant Goods. They invite country Merchants to call and examine their splendid assortment, before purchasing elsewhere.  
August 1, 1855-1y.

**WILLIAM S. HANSELL & SON,** Manufacturers and Importers of Saddlery, and Saddle Hardware, No. 23 Market Street, Philadelphia. Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Trunks, Whips, Saddle Bags, Bridle Filling, Bits, Stirrups, Buckles, Carpet Bags, &c. [Aug. 1, '55-1y.]

**BEDDEMAN & HAYWARD**—Wholesale Grocers, Tea Dealers, and Commission Merchants, No. 273, Market Street, Philadelphia. [Aug. 1, 1855-1y.]

**A. T. LANE & CO.**—Wholesale Clothing Store, No. 171, Market Street. Every variety of ready-made Clothing, in the most fashionable styles, constantly on hand. [Aug. 1, '55-1y.]

**GEORGE J. WEAVER & CO.,** No. 19 North Water Street, Philadelphia. Dealers in Carpet, Chair, Lawn, Mantle and Hemp Ropes, Bed-covers, Cloths, Linens, &c. &c. [Aug. 1, 1855-1y.]

**ISAAC M. ASHTON,**—Hat Store, No. 172 & 173, of every variety, and the best quality, always on hand. [Aug. 1, 1855-1y.]

**GEORGE W. COLLADAY,** Commission Agent, No. 3, Goldenhill's Hall, Philadelphia, will faithfully attend to all business entrusted to his care. [Aug. 1, 1855-1y.]

**PAUL & TAYLOR,** No. 255 Market Street, PHILADELPHIA. Have always on hand, at their Wholesale Warehouse, a large assortment of the Newest Style of  
BOOT, SHOE, AND STRAW GOODS,  
BOTH FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

All their goods being of their own direct Importation and Manufacture, they are enabled to offer superior inducements to Merchants laying in their stock.  
WM. W. PAUL, N. G. TAYLOR.  
Dec. 1, 1854, 1y.

**AVISE'S CHEAP WATCH AND JEWELRY STORE,** No. 72 North Second Street, (opposite the Mount Vernon Hotel) Philadelphia. Gold Watch Latches, full jewelled, 18 K. Cases, Silver Lever do.; Silver Lépine, do.; Quarter; Gold Spectacles, Silver do.; Silver Table Spoons, Silver Dessert do.; Silver Tea do.; Gold Pens and Gold Cases; Gold Pens and Silver do.; together with a variety of fine Gold Jewelry, Gold Curb Guard and Fob Chains. All goods warranted to be as represented. Watches and Jewelry, repaired in the best manner.  
Also, Masonic Marks, Pins, &c. made to order. N. B.—All orders sent by mail or otherwise will be punctually attended to.  
His motto is: "Small Profits and Quick Sales," Philadelphia, April 25, 1855.

**J. Y. RUSHTON & CO.,** PHILADELPHIA; Importers and Dealers in Earthen-Ware, China, Glass, and Queens Ware, Opposite the Red Lion Hotel, Philadelphia. J. Y. RUSHTON, J. C. HOPKINS, ROBT. STILLSON.  
Nov. 8, '54-1y.

**KOONS, HELLMAN & CO.,** No. 107 NORTH THIRD ST., PHILADELPHIA. WHOLESALE DEALERS In Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods. Fifth Door below Race. CHARLES KOONS, AMOS G. HELLMAN.  
Philadelphia, May 15, 1855-1y.

**COWELL & CO.,** 176 Market Street, PHILADELPHIA; WHOLESALE DEALERS in Hats, Caps, Fur, &c. between 5th and 6th St., Philadelphia. Jan. 17, 1855.

**MARTIN, MORRELL & CO.,** (Late OLIVER MARTIN & CO.) Importers and Dealers in HOSIERY, TRIMMINGS, COMBS, BRUSHES, FANCY GOODS, &c. No. 24 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia. CHAS. H. HARRICK, DAML. J. MORRELL, G. R. PEDDLE, Dec. 5, '54.] SANDERSON R. MARTIN.

**FRISWORTH & BROTHER,** WHOLESALE TOBACCO DEALERS, No. 105 N. Third Street, doors below Race Nov. 29, '54-1y.] See PHILADELPHIA.

**SAMUEL BERLIN,** Juniata St., Tyrone City, Pa. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in  
**DRUGS, CHEMICALS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, WINDOW GLASS, CRISTAL, PERFUMERY, &c. &c.**  
Having just opened an extensive assortment of these articles, Physicians will find it to their advantage to give him a call, and examine his Stock before ordering from the Eastern Cities and Country. Merchants can also be accommodated with all the Essences, Tinctures, Patent Medicines, &c. WHOLESALE and RETAIL, at lowest prices. [He hopes by strict attention to business, and a desire to please, to merit a share of public patronage. [April 25, 1855.]

**A. P. OWENS,** TYRONE CITY. Has just opened a large and splendid assortment of  
**NEW GOODS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,** Of every description and quality, which he is selling off at the lowest prices ever known in this region of Country.  
**DRY GOODS, HARD & QUEENSWARE, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, &c. &c. GROCERIES & CONFECTIONARIES, AT CITY PRICES.**

He invites his Clearfield friends to give him a call, and exchange their rags, lumber, shingles, and every variety of produce, for the cheaper and better goods to be had west of Philadelphia. Feb. 21, 1855-1y.

**SOBUSTOFF TAKEN AT LAST!**  
**STARTLING ANNOUNCEMENT—LATEST ARRIVAL FROM THE EAST.**  
R. H. WELCH, has just returned from the City of New York, with a splendid assortment of Watches, Jewelry, and Silver-ware—the largest, best and cheapest ever brought into Clearfield—consisting of hunting and open-faced gold and silver watches, gold pockets, gold chains, gold Fob Rings, bracelets, spectacles, silver forks, spoons, silver buttons, cuff links, ear rings, &c. &c. &c. Watches and jewelry repaired on the shortest notice. [June 8, '55.]

**THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE, 1855-6.**  
The Tribune is now in the middle of its fifth year, Vol. XV. of its weekly issue commencing on the 1st of September last. Its circulation public need not be made acquainted with a character or claims to consideration. With but a few exceptions, it has been a constant and popular support for truth, for humanity, against fortified Iniquity, Fraud and Oppression. There is not a slave-trader on this Continent, tho' he may never read anything but his bills of sale and notes payable, who does not know enough of the Tribune, to see that it is not an extensive fabricator of drugged and poisonous Liquors who does not consider it a very dangerous and immoral paper, and would wish its circulation to be terminated as a commercial, cotton-buying City like New-York. The Tribune's necessity once forcibly remarked that it had never known a hard griping, screwing avocations employer who was not hostile to the Tribune; nor one eminently generous and kindly man, who was not a friend of the Tribune. It has been a constant and plain-spoken in its denunciations of iniquity and abuses of power, whilst claiming no exemption from human fallibility. It may have done temporary injustice to individuals, but it has never been untrue to the principles of justice, to the cries of the wronged and suffering. In its columns the advocates of novel and unpopular theories contemplating the melioration of human woes, especially those of a political and social nature, have ever found audience and hospitality; while it has already resisted, and will persistently combat, every attempt to proscriber and degrade any class because of its dissent from the majority, or its defence of calumnies the most atrocious, and of hostilities the most deadly and untrue, the Tribune has grown steadily in public appreciation from the day of its origin. Its means of serving the public have been enlarged, and its pages are now instead of a single editor with one or two assistants, the organization now comprises a numerous body of writers—each fitted by special accomplishment and experience for the discharge of his duty; and to which his pen is devoted; the daily amount of reading matter given more than quadruples that of its earliest issues; a staff of valued correspondents, scattered all over the world, send in early and intelligent narrations of whatever most worthy of attention; while Politics, Legislation, Literature, Art, History—in short, whatever affects the social well-being of mankind, Political Economy alone, Missouri Compromise, there is not a more searching discussion.

Attached by profound conviction to the beneficent policy of Industrial development and Inter-Interconnection, the Tribune has been the most conspicuous champion through out its history, of the policy of Henry CLAY—imposed, moreover, with the spirit of forbearance towards our weaker neighbors, and towards the much wronged Aborigines of this Continent, and of Peace and Harmony, and of the name of Whig, the Tribune, while surrendering no jot of its proper independence co-operated as earnestly and ardently with the Whig party so long as its vitality was preserved. When in 1850-2 an attempt was made to introduce a measure into its creed, we sternly resisted that imposition; when, at the close of the last Presidential canvass, it was seen