THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL



Clearfield, Pa., Wednesday, Oct. 24, 1855.

APOLOGETIC .- As we have been moving this week, and necessaarily compelled to be out of the office, we have been unable to give the paper the usual amount of attention. We hope our friends will look over all deficiencies, and hereafter we will endeavor to make amends.

HULING'S HOTEL BURNT .- The Hotel of J. H. Heling, at Lock Haven, so well known to our citizens, together with five or six buildings adjacent, was destroyed by fire on Friday morning, at one o'clock.

to New York states that the Lexington (Mo.,) Express publishes a rumor that Ex-Gov. REE-DER, of Kansas, had been murdered at St. Josephs. The rumor is not credited.

AMERICAN VICTORY IN NASHVILLE .- The municipal election took place in Nashville, on Saturday, and resulted in the triumph of the American ticket with a single exception, that of an Alderman. R. B. Castleman, American candidate for Mayor, has 877 majority.

WELL AGAIN .- We are glad to announce that Dr. A. M. HILLS has entirely recovered from his recent illness, and is again at his post, ready and willing to serve all those who desire to have teeth extracted, inserted, plugged, filed, cleansed, or 'repaired.' Those having business with him, will find him at his office adjoining his store opposite Hemphill's Hotel.

HOUSEHOLD WORDS .- The November number of Dicken's valuable periodical is on our table, containing another new tale in seven chapters, entitled "The Wife's Story." We have so frequently recommended "Household Words" to our readers that it seems like an old song, and yet we cannot refrain from again commending it to those who are fond of this style of literature. It is certainly one of the very best re-prints in circulation. Price \$3 per annum. DIX & EDWARDS, No. 10 Park Place N. Y.

SOUTHER ELECTED .- By the official returns from the Senatorial District, HENRY SOUTHER the American Candidate has 447 majority; as

Counties.	Souther.	Hamlin.
Tioga,	589	
Potter,	126	in guest Thistian
McKean,	97	And the party and
Elk,	THE PERSON NAMED IN	100
Jefferson,	82	297
Clearfield,	man and the min	291
Total,	814	397

POPERY AND PRAVITY .- We call the attention of our readers to the Article under this caption, from the "American and Foreign Christian Union," on our first page. It is one of the most ably written and convincing arguments we have ever read, and we think no candid man, after perusing it, will deny the necessity of the present American movement .-Such an array of facts must convince every unprejudiced mind, and should awake every American from his lethargy, to a true sense of the dangers that menace us. If they do not, then, indeed, is there but little hope for our country.

THE OHIO STATE ELECTION .- The triumph of the Republican party in Ohio is complete. The Republicans have elected their Governor, and whole State ticket, secured a majority in the Taggart. Supreme Court and Canal Board, and swept both branches of the Legislature. The Cincinnati Gazette has returns from seventy-four counties, which give Chase a neat majority of 19,950 for Governor. Theremaining counties will increase this figure. In forty three counties the returns show the election of nineteen Republicans and three Democratic Senators. The returns from forty-eight counties show the election of fifty-four Republican Representatives, and only nineteen Democrats.

CALIFORNIA ERECT!! JOHN BIGLER DEFEATED!

The election in California has resulted in the complete triumph of the "American" party-Johnson's majority over Bigler, the Demceratic candidate for Governor, is over four thousand. The majority for Murray, the American candidate for Supreme Judge, is also large. The Americans have elected 11 Senators-the Democrats 6. Of those holding over, 6 are Americans and 10 Democrats. This secures an American majority of 1 in the Senate. To the assembly, 15 Democrats and 54 Americans have been chosen. These results secure a Utited States Senator for the American party. Good for California.

THE ELECTION .- The returns thus far received of the late election for Canal Commissioner, arow that Arnold Plumer will have a plurality over Nicholson, but not an actual majority over all the candidates. The Democrats are thus in a minority in the State, though strengthened at the late election, by the Liquor League, by dissatisfied Whigs, and by hostile Republicans; and though probably 10,-000 American votes were scattered upon Kimber Cleaver and Peter Martin! The result appears to us to give very little material on the fact clearly proved, that it is at the mercy of an opposition, which has not signally trimpled this fall, because it happened to be distracted. The first of the first of the first of the more of the first of the more of the marked at the more of the

Santa . The contract

THE NEXT PRESIDENCY .- Already the Locooco papers are beginning to speculate in regard to the next Presidency, and the friends of the several candidates have commenced the usual system of wire-pulling which will soon be in full operation. The most prominent andidates in that party are, first, of course, the mighty PIERCE, who having been once elected for fainting in Mexico, has now the additional laurels gathered from the achievment of of Greytown to adorn his heroic brow, which alone must inevitably secure his re-election .-Such splendid qualifications cannot, of course, be overlooked. Next, we have JAMES BUCHAN-IN, at present United States Minister to the Court of St. James, and the same illustrious individual who once attempted to let the last drop of Democratic blood from his veins! After Mr. Buchanan, comes George M. Dallas, who gave the memorable casting vote in the Senate on the Tarriff question, and for the purpose of gaining friends in the South, turned traitor to his own Pennsylvania, and to every other Northern Manufacturing State! Next, we suppose, comes HENRY A. WISE, of Virginia, who was never thought of as a candidate, until since the recent election in that State .-We don't think he stands much chance of the aomination, as his political friends have already got more than enough of him. Following Ex-Gov. REEDER MURDERED .- A despatch | Mr. Wise, we have Ex-Gov. MARCY, of New York, who charged the Government fifty cents for patching the seat of his breeches! [Wonif "Scratchy" couldn't get such a chance ?]-Then we have Ex-Gov. SEYMOUR of New York, Col. BUTLER of Kentucky, Ex-Senator Dick-INSON of New York, Atchinson of Missouri, LANE of Ohio, and the great immortal "stephen arnold douglass" of Illinois! with a host of smaller fry, 'too numerous to mention.' We ought not, perhaps, to omit the name Ex-Gov. BIGLER, as the editors of the "Orgin" will doubtless hoist his name, considering him, as they do, not only fit for President, Lut for Pope!

> Such, then, is the brilliant galaxy, from whence, doubtless, will come the next Locofoco candidate for the Presidency. That Pierce will be the man is not to be expected, tho' he relies upon the official patronage of the Government, and will no doubt be urged by all the office-holders and employees, who always know which side of their bread is buttered. But his Administration has been so utterly weak and contemptible, so pusillanimous and fickle, that he could not possibly receive the united votes of his own party, which fact is so apparent as to render his chances for the nomination utterly hopeless.

forces, and modifying our platform so as to make it National. That we have all the ele- | nor. ments of success, cannot, for a moment, be doubted, but if we continue to be cut up into factions with sectional notions and advodating sound platform, that has for its only object the | there is God also! protection of our Nationality, of our Religion, and our hearths,-that will secure to us and to our posterity the blessings of civil and religious liberty, and enable us to transmit our glorious Union unimpared, down to the millions who shall come after us, and who may gather and rest beneath its broad ægis, "till the last syllable of recorded time !"

PENNSYLVANIA SENATE 1856 .- We annex a list of the persons elected to the Senate,-the | at 200, large and small, and the pirates at 1000, Democrats are in Roman, the Americans in Italics, and Whigin SMALL CAPS. The Senate will contain 17 Democrats to 16 Opposition. 1. Philadelphia City-Eli K. PRICE, Wm.

2. Philadelphia County-N. B. Browne, H.

C. Pratt, Harlan Ingram. ! 3. Montgomery-Thomas P. Knox. !

4. Chester and Delaware-James J. Lewis. 5. Berks-John C. Evans, t

6. Bucks-Johnathan Ely.

Lancaster and Lebanon-J. G. Shuman, John W. Killinger. 8. Northumberland and Dauphin - David 9. Northampton & Lehigh-Jos. Laubach.

10. Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne-J. H.

11. Adams and Franklin-David Mellinger. 12. York-William H. Welsh. t

13. Cumberland and Perry-Sam'l Wherry. 14. Centre, Lycoming, Sullivan and Clinton

Antrew Gregg. 1 15. Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon-John Cresswell, Jr.

16. Luzerre, Montour and Columbia-C. R.

17. Bradford, Susquehana and Wyoming-W. M. Piatt.

18. Tioga, Potter, M'Kean, Elk, Clearfield. Jefferson and Forrest-Henry Sather. 1 19. Mercer, Venango and Warren-T. Hoge.

20. Erie and Crawford-D. A. Finney. 21. Butler, Beaver and Lawrence-John Fer-

22. Allegheny-Jonas R. McClintock, Will-23. Washington and Greene-J.C. Flenniken.

24. Bedford, Fulton and Somerset-Francis 25. Armstrong, Indiana and Clarion-S. S.

26. Juniata, Mifflin and Union-J. M. Sellers.

27. Westmoreland & Fayette-W. E. Frazer. 28. Schuylkill-C. M. Straub. 1

1 New Members.

DISCOURAGING CONDITION OF UTAH .- A let ter from Utah gives a deplorable account of Mormondom. There is said to be not only discontent and dissension among the saints, but the whole territory is threatened by famine. In the Southern settlements the whole crop, which has looked so promising, has been devoured by grasshoppers: and towards the North the same result is apprehended. These insects were rushing out of the earth by entire destruction of the crop.

THE CONNECTICUT TOWN ELECTIONS .- The which the Democratic party can congratulate | Connecticut town elections have resulted in a itself; for surely it cannot rejoice at having complete triumph of the American Party in a January last, to the first of the present month, stabbed. This was young Thomas Newman. both Courts was 145. At this rate the number

THE NEWS .- The following is Marshall Pe / Dreadfu. Murder at Cumbe I name. - A brilliant Cavalry engagement took place on the 29th of September, at Konghill, five leagues north east of Eupatoria, in which the Russian cavalry, commanded by General Korf. was defeated by those of General Alonville. 6 guns, 12 caissons, and field forges, with the carriages, fell into our hands, with 160 prisoners, and 250 horses of the Uhlans. The enemy left 50 dead upon the field of battle, among whom is Colonel Andreawski. Our loss is small, consisting of 6 killed, and 27 wound-

On the 20th September the Emperor addressed the following rescript to Count Zarewsky, Military Governor of Moscow :

"Count Arsene Andreivitch: Since my accession to the throne of my ancestors it has been my lively desire to visit my ancient capital, that loval and beloved residence, where I was born and where I received baptism under the protection of the relics of the blessed Alexis, the thaumaturgus of Moscow.

Having to-day satisfied that desire, I have witnessed with the greatest satisfaction the cordial and sincere empressment which the inhabitants of Moscow have shown in their reception of myself and all my family, a traditional welcome which Russia has always given to her Sovereigns. I charge you to express my sincere gratitude to all classes of the population of Moscow, and to assure them of my good will. My happiness would have been complete if recent events had not dimmed the satisfaction of these sweet moments.

"My order of the day to the Russian armies has already made public that after an unexampled siege of 11 months, the garrison of Sebastopol, after having given unheard of proofs of courage and self-denial, and having successfully repulsed six desperate assaults. has crossed over to the north side of the town, only leaving "blood stained ruins" to the enmy. The garrison of Sebastopol has done all

that man could do. "I accept past and present events as the impenetrable decrees of Providence, which has given a year of sad trial to Russia. But Russia has supported still greater trials, and the Lord, in his great mercy has always given her his tacit support. Let us, therefore, now also place our trust in him.

"He will defend orthodox Russia, who has taken up arms for a just cause-for the cause of Christianity. It is a great satisfaction to me to see the unceasing proofs which all men are giving in their readiness to sacrifice their But whoever the candidate may be, it be- property, their families, and even the last drop comes us to be prepared by harmonizing our of their blood, for the maintenance of the in- the doctor. Graf was there with him, and tegrity of the empire and for the national ho-

"It is in the manifestation of these sentiments of the nation, in these acts that I derive strength and consolation, and uniting myself different isms, we may as well "hang our harp inseparably with my heart to my heroic and on the willow." It will be useless to go into faithful people, I repeat, putting my trust in the contest, for certain defeat must be the in- the help and grace of the Almighty, the words Mr. Steel alse says that this man, and Graf evitable consequence. We must unite upon a of the emperor Alexander I .- "Where right is

"I am ever and invariably yours. "ALEXANDER."

The boats of the U.S. steamer Powhattan and the British steamer Ratler, aided by the steamer Eaglet, recently attacked a party of pirates near Kulae, chastised them severely. and captured a great quantity of stores, ammunition, and about \$200,000 in treasure .-The officers employed estimate the guns taken | Further Particulars-The Head of Dr. of whom 500 were killed.

IRELAND FOR THE IRISH-AMERICA FOR AMERICANS .- The broad doctrinal ground occupied by DANIEL O'CONNELL, when he afflirmed that Ireland should be governed by Irishmen, is precisely the same upon which we have always been found. The doctrine is one that appeals so strongly to the common sense of every sensible man, that the only wonder is that in a community like ours there should be found a single individual, born on American soil, who avows or obtains an adverse opinion. There is scarcely a nation upon earth where this doctrine is not fully recognized and acted upon. In the countries of enlightend Europe, as well as those of benighted Africa, the principle prevails universally, and the occupancy of an office of honor, trust or profit, of any sort, by a native of any other nation or country, would be an anomaly. In the United Stues alone has this universal principle been discarded, and we alone may be regarded as thus violating what amounts almost to a law of nature. The character and complexion of our mixed population is the undoubted cause of this strange departure from a rule so proper and so necessary to the safety and ultimate prosperity of any n tion. The rapid influx of to West Alexander, and succeeded a second foreigners from every section of the world. during the earlier period of our national his- He is now heavily ironed, and every precautory, and the ease with which they have been allowed to become legal citizens, entitled to all the rights and privileges of those born on the soil, have hitherto prevented the recognition and adoption, as a national measure, of the doctrine that Americans shall rule America. The necessity existing for one or the other great political parties to secure the aid of the foreign vote in order to carry out their plans has induced them alternately to yield their better judgment to the prejudices of those whose assistance they sought, and this great foreign strength, thus vascilating from one side to the other, has managed thus far to stunt the growth of this natural principle of gover: ment and prevent its influences from spreading to such an extent as to become rec- nan, a respectable citizen, was requested to ognized and embodied in our Supreme Consti- vote, which he declined to do. A mob of tution. The time, however, has come at last, when the vitality of this principle will no longer be restrained, but is bursting all the bonds that have hitherto kept it in obeyance. Its artributes possess such an endurance that its progress cannot be checked, and the response it meets in every honest heart it pene- down, and fled. They gave chase, but could trates will soon render its triumph complete. not overtake him. One of the desperadoes It needs no spirit of prophecy to predict a peshot at him with a rifle. The ball pierced his ried in our national history, not now very far in the future, when all our executive, legisla-

FFREIGN PAUPERS IN FRANKLIN COUNTY-THE CAUSES OF TAXATION .- We are informed

lisser's telegraphic despatch, dated Oct. 1st. Murder of Dr J. F. C. Hadel, and Mr. 1 ray, a Senden! in his office-Search for and discon ery of the Bolies-Ar cs. of the Murderer-Great Exci ement.

CUMBERLAND, Oct. 16 .- Our town bas. fo

the past twenty four hours he min the most intense excitement, occasioned by two of the most appalling and unprovoked marders on record, the whole object being, it is supposed plunder. The victims are Dr. J. F. Hadel. formerly health officer of Baltimore, but for the last three years a practising physician of this city, and a young man in his office, named Henry Graf. A German pedlar, lately from Pittsburgh whose name is not known, has been arrested, charged with the murder, and against whom the testimony is so strong that he would almost be lynched if possession could be had of him by the outraged commu-It appears that on Monday evening the body

of young Graf was found in the mountains, short distance from town, bearng evidence of having been killed by a gunshot wound. The body was recognized and brought to town, and on inquiry, it was ascertained that Dr. Hadel was also missing, and inquiry was made of his friends in Baltimore without obtaining any information in relation to him. . In the mean time a German pedlar was arrested on suspicion of murdering Mr. Graf, and on searching him the watch and chain, pocket book and clothing of Dr. Hadel were found in his possession, leaving no doubt as to his having met with the same fate as his unfortunate young

friend. The murderer was arrested at I2 o'clock on Monday night, and the most intense excitement existed until daylight this morning, when a large body of citizens started out to search for the body of Dr. Hadel. This search was continued until about 10 o'clock this morning, when the body was found in the mountains, horribly mutilated. He had been stripped naked, his head cut off from his body, and stabbed, besides the mark of having been shot through the back of the neck. The head is still missing, and it is supposed that the murderer has concealed it in order to prevent

the identification of the body. It appears that the German pedlar who has been arrested on the charge of being the perpetrator of this horrible massacre is a stranger in Cumberland, and has been boarding at a farmer's house by the name of Steel, near town, for some days past. On Sunday morning. between 9 and 10 o'clock, this stranger and the doctor were seen going over the bridge in the direction where the latter was murdered. and Mr. and Mrs. Steel say that this man called and got his gun about that hour, and it is believed he enticed the doctor out by telling him some one was very ill, and shot him through the back of his neck, as his coat, found in the possession of the supposed murderer, had the mark of a bullet through the

After murdering the doctor, it is supposed he returned to Steel's, as the latter says he brought his gun back about noon, and immediately started towards Cumberland. He was next seen in the doctor's office, in Cumberland by a gentleman who called there to inquire for ent'eman's inquiring for the doctor, he was told by Graf that he was out in the mountains, and had met with an accident having fallen in the water. It was supposed that the murderer had told Graf this tale and that the doctor had sent to him to bring him some dry clothes. The murderer and Graf were seen in the afternoon going in the same direction-Mr. Graf carrying a bundle with him .came to his house, and the man got his gun again, and they went on up the mountain together. Two other gen lemen also say that they passed them together on the mountain, and five minutes after heard the report of a

The body of Graf was found with a ganshot wound in the back, and he had been beaten over the head, it is supposed, dying in a few moments. The accused returned the gun and the bundle which Graf had with him, to Steel's again, and left them there. His name is un-

Hadel Found. CUMBERLAND, Oct. 16, 3 P. M .- The search for the head of Dr. Hadel has been continued throughout the day, and a party have just arrived having found the head buried some dis-

tance from where the body was found. It appears that the German arrested was seen in Dr. Hadel's office on Saturday evening. When arrested there was found in his possession the doctor's gold watch, his seal ring with his name upon it, together with all his clothing. books, &c. He acknowledged the stealing the goods from his office on Sunday night, but denies having seen or murdered the doctor and Mr. Graf. The supposition is that, after having murdered the doctor, le enticed Mr. Graf out and murdered him also, in order that he might more easily rob the office, as both of them usually slept in the room over the office, Mrs. Hadel and her children being absent on a visit to their friends in Baltimore. The accused had in his possession a large number of books and valuables from the

A Mr. Dawson, who is here from West Alexander, recognizes the prisoner as an old offender. He says he was imprisoned at that place for robbing a store, but broke jail and made his escape to Pitsburgh, where he stole horse, and was re-arrested and brought back time in breaking jail and making his escape. tion will be taken to prevent his escape from the punishment that his bloody work demands.

The body of Dr. Hadel has been taken charge of by the Odd Fellows and Masons, in the absence of his family, and will be sent down to Baltimore to night in charge of Mr. Butler, who has been delegated to accompany it. Mr. Graf was originally from New York

more a short time. OUTRAGES IN KANSAS .- The election in Kansas on the 1st instant, in which the free state men refused to participate, was characterised by some outragous proceedings at Leavenworth. According to a letter, Mr. James Fu-Missourians, it is alleged, then gathered around him and threatened to lynch him. The letter adds :

One of the mobb then seized hold of him. but Mr. Furnam being a quick and powerful man, turned round and knocked his assailant hat, but did not hart him, and striking a house went through the clapboards and killed a child spread. The free state men armed them-

In the mean time another citizen had been

Corresponde ce of the New York Tribune. THE CAS. OF M'CREA .- Leaven verb, Kom at. Sept. 24, 1855 .- Outthe 17th instant, th District Court assembled at Leavenworth. 41 Grand Jarors were present, and Chief Justice Lecompte was about to swear and impannel ixteen of them, when M Crea s counsel moved of the election, (as the result w. e might o ject to the mauner of choosing the Grand . ury, and to chalenge for cause. One of the Grand Jurors was engaged with Clark in the attack on M Crea when the latter shot him. Notwithstanding this fact the Judge overruled every motion for defendant, and also refused to sign a bill of exceptions, or explain by what rule he selected the 16 Grand Jurors. The Grand Jury was then sworn and the Court adjourned. Next morning Lecompte secretly added three more to the jury. On Thursday afternoon the Grand Jury came into court for instructions in the M'Crea case. Instead of publicly instructing them the Judge sent them back to their room, and delegated R. R. Rees, the Chairman of the Ruffian mob that attacked Philips, to instruct them in their duties. Being still divided, they again forced their foreman to lead them into Court. The foreman, who is one of the fire eaters under Stringfellow, Atchison & Co.. was exceedingly angry at their obstinacy, and as they came into court exclaimed, "They can't agree; three are for a presentment for murder, five for m nslaughter, and eleven against finding any bill." This announcement produced a great sensation in Court, and the Judge, without instructing the jury that in such a case they should return the bill "ignored." sent them back to their room and caused other business to be brought before them. A majority of the jury, however, being in favor of ignoring the bill against M'Crea, refused to act upon any other business until his case was finally disposed of, and therefore returned again and again into court without making any presentment. This was continued till Saturday, when the Judge, perceiving that he, to go on with the business before him, must do justice to M'Crea by giving the jury proper instructions, dismissed the Grand Jury, and adjourned the Court until the second Monday in November. Such an adjournment is not legal, being authorised by no statute, and is, in fact, a dissolution of the Court. As such it was doubtless intended, in order to detain M Crea in prison until next spring, that another effort may be organized to pack a Grand Jury. The baseness of the Judge has

bility in the Territory who will not sign it. When this man came to the Territory the people looked upon him with hope and confidence; but ever since he sold an extra-judicial opinion for an interest in the proposed location for the Capital, public opinion has hastily changed toward him. Since his encouragement of the ruffians of this neighborhood by showing a disposition to frown down all charges brought against them, the citizens of the town have found it necessary to appoint a special police, and the greater part of the citizens are obliged to carry arms to defend

not been unobserved, nor will it pass without

notice. A petition will be presented to the

President praying for his removal on the

ground of corruption and imbecility in office,

and their is not a single attorney of respecta-

P. S. The night after the Court adjourned, Hughes, the captain of the ruffians who mobbed Mr. Phillips, was seen with a gun prowling around the house of Mr. P, from midnight until four in the morning. It is supposed that a band of lawless Missourians are concealed in the bush near the town, awaiting an opportunity to attack our citizens and destroy the printing press of The Territorial Register. Three hundred well-armed citizens are prepared to receive them, and sentinels are posted in every part of the town with signals for a general rai-

THE HARVEST IN GERMANY .-- PRICE OF GRAIN AND BREAD .- The Washington Union publishes, under the State Department head, some information respecting the crops of Germany: "The harvest is over. The result is a midling crop of rye-the most important crop in Germany -and a good one of wheat. The potatoes have generally done well. Fruits are more abundant than they have been since the year 1874. There is an immense quantity of plums, pears, apples, &c. Notwithstanding all this, the price of bread rises higher from day to day, and the poorer classes are suffering so severely as to create a fear of riots and revolts, particularly towards, the end of the coming winter. There have already been promonitory symptoms in some of the cities, as Mayence and Mansheim. Large convoys of corn have been sent from Hungary and Galicia; but as the war will hinder the arrivals from the Black Sea, the scarcity will become greater, perhaps than last year. America is now the only country in the world capable of supplying the wants of Germany. Notwithstanding the present necessities of the country, the emigration to America is at a very low scale. There are two reasons for this: The war has in a measure emptied France, and even England partly, of young men, and especially of those belonging to the working classes. The Germans, instead of crossing the sea, find it more advantageous to emigrate to neighboring countries, where their labor is wanted and well remunerated. The other reason is to be found in the American party movement, which the German papers make the best of, in order to divert the stream of emigration from the United States."

Is THERE A FOREIGN PARTY ?-Tuesday's doings have answered this question, with an emphasis that will never be forgotten. Thousands of moderate and careful citizens, who have heretofore disposed to receive with great allowance, or absolute indifference, the frequent warnings of the American press, as the mere exaggeration of partizanship, have been suddenly startled and astounded into both attention and conviction. No man in his senses can hereafter pretend to doubt the existence where his mother resides. He lived in Balti- of a powerful, thoroughly-drilled and thoroughly-organized foreign Catholic party in ready to march en musse at the bidding of their leaders, and to neutralize, by their farudulent and illegally-obtained papers, the votes of the native freemen and citizens of the soil. Knowing and feeling this, who can doubt the consequence of such knowledge? We regard it as truly fortunate-something for which we ought to be thankful—that this all-essential and one the ground, and dragged him prisoner by the great fact in the political position of the country, has been discovered this year, instead of next. We are yet in time to sweep the State and Union, with a gennine, native-American whirlwind, in 1856 !- Philadelphia Times.

A RUSH FOR NATURALIZATION .- Since the 18th of Jan'y. last, 2.537 aliens have received their final papers of naturalization, from the ther to hasten their growth, and to insure the entire destruction of the crop.

The mother of Court of Common Pleas, making the from American soil and Ameri the past week an average of about 100 per day have received their certificates from th . Court of Common Pleas, and 40 or 50 from the Supeupon the best authority, that from the first of insulted in the street and knocked down and rior Court. On Tuesday the whole number in cers. Massachusetts, Tuesday, November 6,

FATAL RIOT IN BALTIS cord he fact that our Oc . 18.) the scene of a disng out of a political excitetaent men in the 19th ward, for a n first branch of the City Conneil. The result that the accused te trought from prison that upon by many as a criterion of the November contest) attracted a large number of persons to the polls early in the day. Every thing was quiet for about an hour after the polls were opened, when a number of persons, led on by Country Thompson, mad their appearance, and

attempted to take possession of the polls. This demonstration aroused a spirit of resistance on the part of the Americans, and the attacking party was repulsed, Thompson, Benjamin Eccleston and others of them having been severely bruised. After this disturbance matters were very quiet till about 2 o'clock when a number of persons, of whom Thompson and George Konig were the leaders, commenced an attack at the corner of Fremont and Saratoga streets, two squares distant from the polls, which resulted in the shooting of several persons.

The origin of this disturbance we could not learn, but as soon as it was discovered, the High Constable who was present at the polls with about thirty of his subordinates, sent a number of the officers to quell the riot. On the arrival of the police force the attacking party beat a retreat in order to avoid the off cers; they ran down Saratoga street and were pursued. Several times they turned upon the officers and fired pistols at them, which

forth a return of shot from the police. When near Green street Konig ran into a house and was taken into castody by the officers who were conveying him to the station house when it was discovered that he had been shot, a ball having entered his back above the hip joint which penetrated through his body. He was taken to the Western station house and subsequently removed to his residence in the Second Ward. He is considered to be dangerously wounded. At the time of his arrest, a large bowie knife was removed from

his person. During this riot a man named John Clark was shot in the leg below the knee; the ball was extracted, and he is now consided out of danger. John Gowan was shot in the left side. He is not cons dered to be dangerously injured. Alexander Rutherford was slightly injured by a ball striking him on the boot. A colored woman was seriously wounded having been shot in the face during the firing on the street. Several other persons were slightly

injured. The news of this disturbance attracted per sons from the various parts of the city, a in a short time a crowd of several thousand assembled and remained on the spot until the closing of the polls. There were no further riotous proceedings. Many extravagant sto ries were circulated in reference to the disturbance, and it is almost impossible to give all the facts as they occurred.

We were on the spot before and after the rl. ot, and it gives us pleasure to say that the people of the ward generally conducted themselves in an orderly manner. The scenes of disorderly conduct were generally confined to that class who came from different wards, del-

John Noland and John Welsh were arrested, for rioting, and held to ball for a further examination. John Rhodes was fined \$2) and costs, for attempting to vote with the papers of . F. Gamon; he was sent to jail in default of. payment. Gamon was held to bail for Court for loaning his papers and voting illegally. Hugh Davy was arrested for rioting and committed to jail.

'Late last night Konig was still alive, the' his condition was considered desparate. If . however, has been shot and stabled before, and will recover from injuries that would be certainly fatal to most men .- Balt. Amer.

A NEW PHASE OF THE WILLIAMSON CASE. U. S. ex rel. Wheeler. District Court U. States

Williamson. October 17, 1855. E. Hooper, and C. Gilpin move the Court for leave to file of record in this came

an affidavit of respondent The above will be readily understood by legal gentlemen. For the uninitiated we will state that yesterday morning an application was made by the counsel of Passwork Wil-LIAMSON to Judge KANE, to allow the reading and filing among the records of the Court of an affidavit of Williamson. In reply, the Judge intimated that they could take a rule to show cause why such an affidavit should not be filed. The counsel desired the Judge to say if har declined to entertain the motion as made by them, whereupon the Judge repeated his former declaration, They again pressed their original motion, when the Judge peremptoridirected a jury to be empannelled in in another cause, and the counsel of Passmore-Williamson, engaged in their legitimate calling, were thus unceremoniously but effectually turned out of Court. Those who recollect or will refer to a certain passage in the recent opinion of Judge Kane on the petition of Jane Jonson, will readily appreciate the high handed conduct of Judge Kane on this occasion, and understand what bearing it must necessarily have on the case: We think that. Mr. Williamson's counsel owe it to him and to themselves, as well as to the community, to give immediate publicity to the contents of this affidavit, in order that this monstrons desecration of law and prostitution of justice may meet with the fate it merits and must inovitably receive .- Sun.

HEROISM OF A DOG IN THE CRIMEA .- The folowing account of the exploits of a dog in the Crimea, which we translate from the Gazette of Trieste, surpasses everything heretofore recorded of the devotion and bravery of this no-

"A great sensation has been caused in the camp of the allies by the heroic deeds of a dog belonging to Colonel Metmann, of the 73d rethe State of Pennsylvania, whose cohorts are giment of the line. On the 16th of August, during the battle of the Tchernaya, the quadruped broke his chain, fought in the ranks of the army, saved the life of a sergeant and a soldier, and took three Russian prisoners .-A ball struck his foot, but the wound only embittered the animal the more. He threw himself upon a Russian officer, flung him to coat collar to the French. A physician has bound up the wound, and the four-footed hereis convalescing. He will probably receive seme mark of honor, as another dog in the English army has been rewarded with a medal for his devotion to his master."

> THE ELECTIONS STILL TO COME IN 1855 -Louisiana votes on Monday, November 5. for New York, Tuesday, November 6, State officers, but no Governor or Lieutenant Governor. Wisconsin, Tuesday, November 6, State offi-Governor, State officers and legislature. Mary-