Clearfield, Pa., Wednesday, August 22, 1855.

PRODUCE .- We have frequently been asked whether we would take Produce in exchange for subscription and job work. Our subscribers are informed, that we will be glad to get all kinds of grain, provisions, &c., at the market price.

THE HARVEST HOME .- Our friends at New Washington will observe that the time of holding their Harvest Home is fixed on the 26th of September, instead of the 19th, which day comes right in the middle of the regular term of our Court. The 26th is the week after. It this is wrong, there is still time to change it.

A MORE FITTING OCCASION .- Our friends in the upper end will, perhaps, be disappointed at not finding an article in this week's paper on the subject of "Religious Persecution."-We have concluded to await a more fitting occasion, which, we think, will be afforded about the 26th of September. We will have it "cut and dry," don't fear.

HOUSEHOLD WORDS, for September, has been received, and is a most interesting number. It contains the new nevel, entitled "The Yellow Mask," in twelve chapters. Besides DICKENS, the distinguished editor, the pages of this periodical are enriched with the contributions of Barry Cornwall, Mary Barton, William Howitt, Faraday, the chemist, and a large number of other distinguished literary and scientific writers. Published by Dix & EDWDRS, 10 Park Joun SHETTER, keeping the old "SEBRING Place, N. Y. Price \$3 per annum in advance.

DEAD .- Our esteemed fellow citizen, GEORGE W. RHEEM, Sr., whose illness we noticed last week, was on Sabbath last, carried to his long, last home. He has left a large circle of warm, generous friends to mourn his departure, and the place in the community, made vacant by his death, will not soon be filled. Over his humble grave may be truly written that proud obituary-"he was a good citizen and an honest man." He was for years a devoted member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and his friends have the cheering consolation that he has left us for "a better land." THE NEW BANK AT CAMDEN .--- We published last week an extract from the Trenton State trazerre, stating that some of the stockholdors were willing to sell their stock below par, being dissatisfied with the expense the Directors were going to in the erection of a building. The Gazette also stated that the capital stock was \$100,000. This is a mistake, as we have learned by inquiry since. The Capital Stock is \$300,000, and so far from Stockholders desiring to sell below par, a gentleman of this place, who is already largely interested, has been endeavoring to buy stock and can not obtain it.

As Excussion .- In company with the gallant Quarter Master PETERS, of Curwensville, we made a tour through the upper part of our county last weak, and were pleased to find it in a most prosperous and healthy condition .--We passed field after field of Corn, Buckwheat, Oats, Potatoes &c., all of which presented a

promising appearance, and the number of grain fields which had been reapt and cleaned up, gave every indication of a most bountiful an original idea just to stir the people up. supply of allkinds of provisions. Every peron appears to be in good spirits and high topes, all protesting that they have never before experienced a more rich and abundant we are not all asleep-mentally, not physicalharvest.

At every point, we were struck with the contemplation of the vast resources of our County. Those who have not seen it, can scarcely conceive the immense quantity of valuable timber yet standing in our vast forests of pine, and every few miles a vein of bituminous coal is exposed by the excavation of a road, or the falling of a tree. We hear, also, in different localities, of rich veins of

iron ore, and other valuable minerals. Nothing is wanting, to develope these resources but good roads, and a convenient access to of the County, are in a most wretched condition; in fact we never traveled over worse .--The ground on which they are laid out is generally good, and it would require but little labor to make, at least passable roads. If the trees were deadened, so that the sun could get at them, it would soon work a decided improvement. If a turnpike could be made from the Pennville rike, to the Cherry Tree, we think it would be a great advantage to our County. At the latter place it would intersect the Plank Road to Willmore Station on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and we have an idea, that the stock would be a more profitable investment than that of some Turnpikes we

wot of. During our 'trip,' we visited New Washington, where we found our friends actively engaged in preparing for the American Harvest Home, to come off in that neighborhood on the 26, of September. We found our friend House," where he is ready to accommodate all who give him a call. He is a good landlord and a clever fellow, besides which he keeps a first rate house. Our old friend D. S. PLOTNER, is still to be found at his former stand. There is no more accommodating man, a better house in the country. Those who visit him will find themselves well taken care of.

From New Washington we went up Chest | thoroughly beaten than last fall. As a body our friend WILLIAM WESTOVER. The next ogy for a road, we arrived at PATCHIN'S Mill, one of the finest establishments in the County. They are extensively engaged in farming and lumbering, and are making such improvements as we have seen no where else in our

Correspondence of the Journal.

PHILADELPHIA, August 18, 1855. Don't expect a single item of news this week, or I fear you will be wofully disappointed. There's not a jot of news to be foundnothing's happened, and for aught we know, there's nothing going to happen worth telling. that President Pierce was allied with its dig-To be sure, the papers are full of something. but its all old. I think of offering a prize for Watermellons and Peaches are so plenty. to say nothing of Corn and Sweet-potatoes ;-I think it is time to stir up and see whether ly-intellectually, I mean.

We have had Dentists' Conventions, Whig and K. N. Conventions, and still we are none the wiser. Would it not be a good idea to call a general Congress, of "every body" who can tell something original-it would at least give editors and correspondents a few chances for writing leaders. You want an original letter, well done! to think of anybody who actually survives a summer in Philadelphia, having a single original idea in him, is simply preposterous-can't be done, .friend Journal;'-you must wait till cold weather comes, and thenmarket. The roads all through the upper part | but I wont promise-then there will be nothing broken. Speaking of Watermellons, they are very plenty now, and "every body and his wife" can enjoy them so long as the Cholera does not make its appearance among us. As yet we are free from it, but I learn from a private source, that in Cincinnati it has again commenced its work of death; though only a few cases have been heard of, yet it is difficult to mark its course. Thus far our city has been quite healthy this season-the principal mortality being among children; generally about two-thirds of the whole number. One cause of so much sickness has been the exceedingly wet weather, but for near a week

past there has been no rain excepting a few showers within a day or two. . The Riots at Louisville seem to occupy about as much attention in the political world just now, as anythingelse, and they are well calculated to set American blood a little on the

boiling-over principle. Every American paper we open contains some bold criticism of the disturbance, while the Administration (or Foreign) Journals keep pretty near silent, or attempt to cast off the responsibility of their origin. Our fall election is approaching, and ere long the opposing parties will have their candidates in the field, and the war will begin here. Our worn out National Government will try another desperate game here in the Keystone State, but only, I hope, to be more

Creek, spending a night very pleasantly with there does not appear to be much difference in sentiment among the American party herei

PIERCE AND THE CATHOLIC CHURCH .- The following letter from the Hon. KENNETH RATNER. to Mr. ELLIS, the former editor of the Washington Organ, establishes the fact, beyond controversy, that the Roman Catholic Church, interfered in the political contest of 1852, and nitaries, who, though living in a foreign country, were imformed of James Campbell's appointment to a place in the Cabinet, in advance of the representatives of our own country :

RALEIGH, N. C., July 19, 1855. My Dear Sir :- I have received yours of the 16th inst., in which you refer to the denial by the Union newspaper, of the truth of the statement (first spoken by me in my speech at Washington, and afterward by you in your or-ation on the 4th) of Hon. Daniel M. Barringer, our late Minister to Spain. Mr. Barringer first mentioned this matter to me last winter, in Raleigh. I have since taken occasion to allude to it several times in delivering popular addresses. About four weeks since, on my return from Philadelphia, I met Mr. Barringer in Baltimore, and in the course of conversation with him, I mentioned the fact that I had taken occasion to speak publicly of what he had said to me about the Pope's Nuncio, at Madrid, having stated to him before he (Mr. Barringer) had heard, and before the news of the same had reached Madrid, of the formation of Pierce's Cabinet, that he (the Pope's Nuncio) could tell him one man that woud be in the Cabinet, to wit : Mr. Campbell, of Penn'a,

a member of the Roman Catholic Church. This was as I had received the statement from Mr. Barringer in the first instance, and it was thus that I had spoken of it. I asked Mr. Barringer if I had represented him correctly, for that I should probably speak of it again, and I wished to be sure, that I might give the statement correctly. Mr. B. replied that I had stated the matter correctly, and then went on to relate the occasion and incidents of this remark to him by the Pope's Nuncio.

A few days since I received a letter from Mr. Barringer, dated "Niagra Falls, July 6th. 1855," in which, after alluding to the fact that he had lately seen published, a synossis of my sneech in Washington, in which I was reported as having mentioned the matter in terms that of his country. somewhat variant from those in which he had stated it to me, he (Mr. B.) goes on to reiter-

atewhat he had twice before stated to me. I will quote to you, verbatim, the language used by him, in an extract from this letter, just | that of England." received, to wit: "Before I had any authentic and certain news of the formation of the Cabinet, and while it was a subject of conjecture at the Court of Madrid, he (the Pope's Nuncio) told me that Judge Campbell of Pennsylvania was appointed, and that he was a a Catholic : which was the first intimation I had either of adopted :-his appointment or of his religion."

This is the statement as I had given it, when been slightly varied in the newspaper reports; and this, I think, establishes the charge, long since made, and believed by thousands, that worse name, that the Roman Catholic vote ly on the side of Liberty. should be given to Mr. Pierce, and that he in CHAS. D. CLEVELAND, Pres. turn, should give to that Church a seat in his Cabinet, as well as many other high positions. You are at liberty to make any us von please

Philadelphia Sun, thus speaks of a visit to Passmore Williamson, the victim of the ments, so eloquently depicted by some of the papers, had somehow resolved themselves into one of the common prison cells, with no extra comforts except a single strip of common carpet, a table, and two plain chairs, his own wife, who was present, being seated on his prison cot. He is considerably wasted from confinement and disease, but his spirit was as undaunted as ever, and he looked and acted like a man who had made up his mind to die within those walls rather than yield a jot of principle. There is no appearance of bravado about him. Simple, stern, unbending integrity of motive and action, seems to characterize his countenance and demeanor. We are no manworshiper, nor are we disposed to unnecessarily elevate Passmore Williamson into the position of a hero, but we feel that we would rather be in his lonely cell, sustained by his conscious rectitude, than the Judge who placed him there, surrounded though he be with everv luxury of life.23

PASSNORE WILLIAMSON :- The editor of the

PRETTY GOOD FOR BARBARIANS .- The Rusians are not such barbarians but that they can not show a great deal of the amenities of civilization when a proper subject calls for it. In speaking of Lord Raglan's death, one of the

Russian writers says:---

"Lord Raglan was, on several occasions, distinguished by the late Emperor Nicholas, as also by the reigning Emperor. He will be personally regretted in Russia by all who had an opportunity of knowing and appreciating the nobleness of his sentiments and the brightness of his character. As a subject he performed his duty by obeying the command of his Sovereign, and as a soldier, by valiantly defending the honor of his flag; but even in the execution of his duty he preserved unblemished to his death his own personal dignity and

"He has fallen, like so many others, a victim to this disastrous war. Honored be his memory, and respected be his grave, which will be as sacred on tho soil of Russia as on

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION .- At a meeting, which was attended by persons from ten different counties, held in the city of Reading on the 8th inst., the following resolution was

Resolved, That we do hereby call upon all our fellow citizens of Pennsylvania, without alluding to it in public; although it might have former distinctions, to meet in general Mass Convention in the city of Pittsburg, on Wednesday the 5th day of September, 1855, to organize a Republican Party, whose object shall there was an understanding, to call it by no be to place all branches of government active-

CALEB JONES, Secretary.

MORMON EMIGRATION .- From the 27th

STATE TEMPERANCE, CONVENTION :- A Mass Convention of the friends of Temperance assembled in the Odd Fellows' Hall, in the City of Reading, on the 8th instant. On motion of American Jeffries. "His magnificent apart- Henry K. Strong, Esq., the Convention was organized temporarily by the appointment of Hon. JOHN WILLIAMSON as Chairman, and COURTLAND FOLWELL as Secretary. The usual Committees on business and to report officers for permanent organizations, &c., were appointed, when the Convention adjourned to 21 o'clock P M

At 21 P. M., the Convention met pursuant to adjournment. Prayer by the Rev. T. A. Fernly. The Committee on officers reported the following, which was unanimously adopted: President .- Hon. H. K. STRONG, Phil'a

Vice Presidents .- John Williamson, Hunting don ; Jessee Evans, Chester ; Edward Owen Parry, Pottsville; Joseph Henderson, Washington; William Darling, Berks; A. L. Pennock, Delaware ; A. Rood Philadelphia ; Stephen Miller, Dauphin ; Peter Schell, Bedford; Wm Donaldson, Schuylkill. Secretaries .-- J. Knabb, Reading ; Courtland

F. Folwell, Phil'a., J. M. Willis Geist, Lan. The Committee on business reported the following resolutions, which after an interesting discussion-(during which the Rev. A. Roop gave the history of a recent visit to four or five of the Eastern States where the Prohibitory law is in force, and where he assured the Convention scarcely a drunken manor populated prison can be found)-were adopted with great unanimity :

WHEREAS, The Legislature of this State, at its last session, did not deem it advisable to pass a law entirely prohibiting the sale of intoxicating lixuors as a beverage; but at the same time, yielding to the voice of public sentiment, did pass "an act to restrain the sale of intoxicating liquors," which act abollishes all drinking houses, and prohibits the sale in less measure than one quart; and Whereas, This Convention has been called to meet the emergency arising from the violent opposition of the Liquor party to said act, and by the adoption of suitable measures to prevent its repeal by the next Legislature : Therefore,

Resolved, That while, as the advocates of PROHIBITION, we are as much as ever determined not to relax our efforts for the entire abolition of the traffick in intoxicating liquors, we hail, with feelings of devout gratitude, the passage of the "act to restrain the sale of intoxicating liquors,, not only because we are convinced of the great benefits which must result from its enforcement, but because we see in its passage a pledge of our future and final triumph.

2. That the failure of the advocates of the License System to secure, under the most favorable circumstances, the votes of a majority of the voters of the State in its favor, not only instified the Legislature in taking action upon this subject, but the result of the late popular vote imperionsly demanded that some radical change should be made in that system at its. late session.

3. That those members of the Legislature who secure the passage of the late act, not only deserve the thanks of the friends of prohibition, but justice to them requires us. to sustain their law untill it can be tested by its results or repealed by the better one of entire Prohibition.

4. That both policy and principle combine to make it our duty to sustain this late act

THE RAFTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

THE HABEAS CORPUS CASE .- The Supreme Court of this State, which was in Session at Bedford, after hearing the arguments of Counsel for the issuing of a Habeas Corpus in favor of PASSMORE WILLIAMSON, adjourned over until October, without granting the writ .-Thus, while their Honors are amusing themselves at the Springs, regaling on Bedford water and mountain mutton, interspersed with an occasional game of "Brag," Mr. WILLIAMsox remains illegally incarcerated in a gloomy cell. The conduct of Judge KANE and the Supreme Court are on a par-a gross outrage, and an insult to the State.

COMPLIMENTARY .- We are indebted to our friend Dr. R. V. WILSON for a copy of the proceedings of the State Medical Society, among which we find the following preamble and resolution, offered by Dr. MORTON, and subsequently adopted with a slight modification :

Whereas, The editors of the Delaware County Republican, Blair County Whig, Raftsman's Journal, and Olive Branch, have, with a spirit of genuine philanthropy, constantly refused to insert in their journals, the advertisements of patent or quack nostrums, and-

Whereas, They have been laboring with a faithful and unapplauded zeal, to enlighten the public mind as to their injurions tendencies, thereby enabling the community to detect and discard the ignorant and illiterate pretender, who has too generally been successful, with the aid of a well-paid press, to foist upon the ignorant and credulous his vile drugs; thus jeopardizing the health and lives of the people, both by their indiscriminate use and by contravening suitable and efficient medication: Therefore, as an evidence of our appreciation of a course so laudable and selfsacrificing, the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, do

Resolve. That the members of the County Medical Societies be requested to extend to them, as well as to their families while under their charge, the gratuitous services of the medical profession.

We can only return our thanks to the medical gentlemen who have thus so highly complimented our course, and assure them that so long as we have charge of the columns of a public journal, its influence shall be used to discountenance patent nostrums and quack panaceas of every class and description. We will not publish such advertisements, because, in the first place, they take up space which can be filled with more profitable and interesting matter, and in the second place, they jeopardize the lives and health of the community, and often-times corrupt its morals. We conceive

County. On our return home, we stopped at Bower, with our old friend JAMES ELDER, who, though down on the Know Nothings 'like a thousand of brick,' is one of the best men in the wild cat region. We always make it suit to stop with him, because we are sure of a hearty laugh and a good dinner.

In every locality we visited, we were assured of the increasing strength of the American party, and found its members, uniformly sanguine of success in the approaching contest. A United and determined effort-a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether, will carry the entire ticket from Senator down to Audi-

THE LOUISVILLE RIOTS .- We gave last week the account of the Riot at Louisville.as published in the Journal of that city. A very different statement is made by the Courier, and we are unable to say which is correct. We have no not suppose the criminality to be all on either side. When men are excited in a political contest it requires but few words to provoke blows, and blows are soon followed by the use

of deadly weapons. It seems, however, that the first gun was fir-

ed by a foreigner, and that while the Election was going on quietly, an American citizen was insulted, stabbed, and beaten by a party of Irishmen. Amercans were fired upon and shot, while quietly passing in the street. One gentleman passing a German Brewery, accompanied by his wife, was shot at. Although the Americans may have been somewhat to blame, there can certainly be no excuse for this indiscriminate slaughter. The deliberate shooting down of American citizens, is not the way for foreigners to obtain redress if they have sustained injury.

We hope the contradictory stories of the papers published at the scene of the disturbance, will soon be reconciled, that we may arrive at the true state of the facts, and place the obloquy of the bloody outrage, where it properly and justly belongs.

DISUNION .- A Mr. J. P. BENJAMIN, U. S. Senator from Louisiana, has published a letter in the New Orleans papers, in which he atproaching session of Congress, to restore the the feet of their tyrant. Missouri Compromise, and to repeal the fugative slave law; or failing in that to defeat the general appropriation bill. What a pity the people will not believe in the threatened danger, and let the mooted question alone ! Tho' the country will probably be as safe this time next year as it is now.

REEDER FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER .- The Crawford Journal, a Whig paper, nominates Gov. REEDER for Canal Commissioner, and urges his support by all the opponents of the pro-slavery National Administration. The that is already accomplished, for he is not editor is of the opinion that in this way, "an now President of the United States His want the Freesoil or Republican party of the North. that the man who lends his aid to foist upon expression of popular sentiment can be secu- of stability, honor, and sincerity, have render- He is of opinion that no substantial good can

day, after driving over a most miserable apol- and in all probability they will carry the City as they did a year ago, for we are so entirely of the Anti-Pierce party, that there is no hope for our Anti-American friends at all. The Catholics and Liquor dealers will vote, as a matter of course, which ever way their sage counsellor who wields the puny helm of "the Pennsylvanian" tells them to,--and he must

> obey-his masters, Pierce & Co. To detail the matters that occur in the City at large, I suppose will include acts of benevolence. Yesterday a meeting of Merchants and others was held at the Exchange to devise means of relief for the poor at Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., where that terrible scourge, the Yellow Fever, is raging with unprecedented violence, and the inhabitants who can leave, have abandoned the place. Quite a large sum no doubt will be raised in aid of this object, and in anticipation of which one thousand dollars was remitted at once. Six hundred dollars was collected yesterday, as far as reported.

It really seems strange that in the face of such overwhelming crops of wheat as have been gathered all over the country, that the price still keeps up, and the supply so limited. Dealers are holding off, and the farmers are doubt that both parties are to blame, and do doing the same; but the end will come, and the vast granaries of the West must pour their burdens into our markets, and give us food at a reasonable price.

Flour is still selling at \$8.75 a \$9.25 per barrell, and Wheat at \$1.70 a \$1.90 according to

0. 0. quality. Yours, &c., PARTY SEVILITY .- The Berks County Press. says: "We are glad to see that many of the Democratic papers of Pennsylvania repudiate the President and sustain Reeder. There are still a few, however, who remain tongue tied. and sit like dumb dogs, not daring to make even a bark at their master. This is despicable and slavish. Party ties are stronger than the right in their estimation; and in their opinion, the President, "can do no wrong." What slaves to party! Slaves themselves, cess of the court of the United States,"-as an they know not what is due to freemen. The light of liberty and independence has never Judges. Upon what meat was Mr. CUSHING illumined their souls. They are shackled by party. Their silence upon the subject of Gov. Reeder's removal is worse than cowardly-it thought the Supreme Court was the "last reis servile and base, unworthy of Amdrican citizens and American liberty.

Is this Democracy? If it is, then is Democracy a curse, and not a blessing. But their interpretation of Democracy is not the true interpretation. We repudiate it as false and unmanly. The people repudiate it, and will State Judges? Was there ever a more stupid tempts to show that dis-union is imminent, maintain the truths of pure Democracy in from attempts that will be made at the ap- spite of the shackled hirelings who crouch at

> The people understand this outrage better than these editors. They are not going to be humbugged by falsehoods and misrepresentations as to the conduct and principles of Gov. Reeder. They will discriminate between justice and injustice, between law and disorder, and their judgement will be against Pierce and in favor of Reeder.

The people will judge for themselves, without paying any regard to the instructions of the hireling Pierce press. Their verdict will be for the impeachment of Pierce; and indeed.

of this letter, in vindication of yourself against the charge of falsehood by the Union newspaper, inasmuch as you based your statement on my authority. Yours, very truly, K. RAYNER.

FROM THE CRIMEA .- Advices from the Cri mea on the 29th, announce continued prepar ations for a grand expedition. All the lighter vessels of the fleet were assembled at Kam iesch. It was reported in Paris on the 3d inst. that the French government had official notification, that the bombardment of the Malakoff and the Redan had been resumed, preparatory to another assault. Gortschakoff telegraphs-"There has been a partial cannonade on both sides, but nothing of importance." It was telegraphed from Constantinople on the 26th, that the Bashi Bazouks had murdered Gen.

Beatson, but Lord Pammure, in Parliament, positively contradicts the report. Correspondence from the camp says that Omar Pacha's visit to Constantinople was not, as asserted. to resign, but to consult with reference to accepting the command of the army in Asia .--The Viceroy of Egypt is negotiating with the Bedouins to serve in the Crimea. Kemeish and Balaklava were crowded with vessels recently arrived for the Secret Expedition. The French Government has chartered 97 small steamers for river navigation. Each to convey 500 men. The boats belong to companies on the Rhone and Saone. The "Weekly Newspaper," just issued, says: "We learn

that the siege of Sebastopol is about to be raised; also that a communication has just been received from Germany by the Western Powers, which may lead to startling results."

OPINION OF CALEB CUSHING .- The Sun speaks of the decision of CALEB CUSHING, that "on habeas corpus ad subjiciendum issued by a State court at the relation of a party held in confinement under legal process of United States court, the State judge cannot lawfully go behind the return of the writ showing such proarrogant interference with the duties of State fed, that the Constitutional courts of a State must submit to his imperial decisions! We sort," and yet this moon struck calf, who has never been known as a jurist, until he was picked up for the present Coalition Cabinet, gravely issues edicts, and expects Pennsylvania to tremble. Who made the United States Attorney General the expounder of law to our

piece of official impudence perpetrated? REMEDY FOR CHOLERA.-Some sea captains who sail out of Liverpool, assert that they care no more for Asiatic Cholera than for an ordinary cholic or sickness of the stomach .-They have a remedy which they pronounce infallible, and so accessable and simple as to relieve all apprehensions of fatal results. We shall probably tell our readers nothing new

when we state the prescription:-Common salt, one table-spoonful ; red pepper, one teaspoonful; in half a pint of hot water.

NEW YORK POLITICS .- Ex Governor HUNT of New York, is out in a letter against the dissolution of the Whig party and its fusion with

November, 1854 to the 26th of April, 1855, 3.626 Mormons emigrated from Great Britain to Utah. Of these, 874 landed in New York, 1,450 in Philadelphia, and 1,302 in New Orleans, from which place they were forwarded to Salt Lake City. 1,127 of their number were indebted to the perpetual Emigrating Fund for the means of emigrating, and from their statement it would appear that there are at present nearly 1,000 persons in England alone, only waiting for the means to join the Saints in Utah.

FROM FORT LARAMIE .- The St. Louis Republican says that Mr.H. F. Mayer left the fort on the 16th July. Everything quiet in that quarter-no outrage having been committed by the Indians since the murden ch Captain Gibson. Mr. Mayer does not confirm the stories which so often reach us through other channels, of large numbers of discontented and hostile Sioux Indians being collected on the route of the emigrant trains, with the intention of murdering or robbing, nor have they assembled at any place within his knowledge to make war upon the United States troops, now rapidly concentrating in that country with a view of compelling the Sioux to obedience.

On his route to Fort Leavenworth he met no Sioux Indians at all.

Captain Foote's company of Infantry had arrived at Fort Laramie. Colonel Howe's command, consisting of several companies of dragoons, was met fifty miles west of Fort Kearny. getting along finely. The road was lined with Russell & Major's trains, conveying government stores to Fort Laramie. They were prog ressing well.

From Fort Riley, the new military post recently established by the government, we have deplorable news. It will be recollected that the government determined to make this prominent post on the Western border, and for this purpose a large number of mechanics were employed to proceed thither and construct additional barracks and other houses. On Sunday last an express reached Fort Leavenworth with intelligence that the cholera had broken out at Fort Riley in a most virulent form, and that numbers had died every day since it made its appearance. Maj. Ogden, U.S. A., and a most efficient officer, was a-

mong the victims of this scourge. All the persons about the fort were panic stricken, and fled to the hills for refuge from he pestilence, leaving the sick to die and the lead unburied. The mortality is represented to have been very great, on report-which we hope is exagerated-stating that as many as orty had died in one day.

By the Polar Star, yesterday: we received a letter dated at Fort Leavenworth on the 7th, in which reference is made to one written on known of the extent of the rayages of the pestilence. That letter has not come to hand. In the one before us the writer says:

learned some further particulars of the state as they are received by persons coming in from there, one by one. It is to be expected that there is no more cholera at that post, perhaps for the reason that there is no victim left -in fact, so far as we learn, the post is abandoned, all who did not die having left panic stricken.

As yet we do not know the exact number of leaths; it is enough to say it was awful. Last Friday, men were offered \$10 to dig a grave, and nobody would do it. The last man from there, who came in yesterday evening, says, when he left he saw four or five dead on the porch, and no man to bury them.

WHY HE WAS DEFEATED .- A paper having

seeing that it is a Prohibilory in its character, inasmuch as it abolishes the sale of liquor by the small and prohibits the existence of all drinking houses.

5. That the title of "jug law" so contemptously given to the late act by the advocates of the license system, because it prohibits the sale in less measure than one quart, applies with equal force to their own system, as the sale by the quart has always been one of its prominent features.

6. That the well known fact that there is less drinking in the country population than in that of towns and cities, proves conclusively that the evils of intemperance result principally from the sale of liquors in taverns and drinking houses, and, as like causes produce like effects, it is equally conclusive proof of the advantages which must result when both classes of population are compelled either to drink at home or abandon the practce.

7. That the wisdom and propriety of this late act is seen in the fact that it prohibits drinking houses of all descriptions, thereby removing the greatest temptations to social drinking, which is the most prolific cause of the formation and cultivation of intemperate habits.

8. That as this late act confers on us the advantages of position, in that it gives us something to defend at the present, and leaves us less to gain in the future, we wil not only sustain this law, but under no circumstances will we vote for any man for the Legislature who is favorable to its repeal, except for the passage of one of entire Prohibition.

9. That should politicians fail to profit by the experience of the past, we renew our pledges to teach them in the future, that no party can escape defeat, which either abanlons or opposes the principle of Prohibition. 10. That the beneficial tendencies of the prohibitory laws adopted by Thirteen States of this Union, are seen in the significant fact that the more reputable class of liquor sellers are withdrawing from the business, leaving the same mostly in the hands of the low and profligate, of which, in this State' nearly threefourths are persons of foreign birth.

The following resolutions were offered by Stephen Miller, and unanimonsly adopted : Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention are hereby tendered to the ladies of Pennsylvania, for the uniform support they have extended to the Temperance reform.

Resolved. That we hereby return our special thanks to the ladies of Reading and Lancaster for the repugnance and coolness with which they received and looked upon the liquor meetings recently held in those cities.

Resolved. That we earnestly solicit the continued prayers and efforts of the ladies of this Commonwealth for the permanency of the law and for ultimate Prohibition.

CROSSING THE ATLANTIC IN THREE DAYS .-The Boston Advertiser says a working engineer, by the name of John Ross, residing in the previous day, giving all that was then Montreal, has addressed a letter to the Mayor of Boston, upon the subject of a recent invention of an extraordinary character. He claims to have discovered a new motive power, which Since my letter of yesterday morning I have will waft a ship across the Atlantic ocean in three days; and further, if a hole were bored of affairs at Fort Riley: and I give them to you in the bottom, the vessel would float with equal safety and freedom. In order to complete a working model, which is wholly independent of steam, he asks the assistance of \$1500 from some gentleman's pocket. No progress, savs Mr. R., has been made in that direction (the sea) to keep pace with the movements over railroads on the land, but this desideratum will certainly be accomplished and demonstrate in his great discovery.

HEBREW CONFERENCE .- A circular signed y the Rev. Dr. Guenzburg, of Baltimore, Rev. Dr. Cohen, of Albany, and others, announces that a conference of the ministers, rabbas, and delegates of the Israelitish congregations are to assemble on the 17th of October next, 5616, ominated Theodore Frelinghuysen for next A. M., in the city of Cleveland, Ohio, to delib-President, the Wheeling Times and Gazette erate on the following points: 1. On the says that a prominent Catholic of that city "told us in 1844 that Mr? Frelinghuysen's "permanent" regular synod or Sanhedrim.--

the public a medical compound, of the compo-sition and effect of which he is ignorant, is vir-thally guilty as an accessory to murder. the longer submit to be trampled upon." red that will make the ears of Pierce & Co. the d him unfit for the office; and a man who is thus distinguished, cannot be President. He will no longer submit to be trampled upon." d him unfit for the office; and a man who is thus distinguished, cannot be President. He will no longer submit to be trampled upon." d him unfit for the office; and a man who is the Catholics would net vote for him."