

8. As soon as the Treasurer shall have received ten dollars, she shall pay it over to the board of Missions, and it shall be the duty of the Treasurer, to report to every annual meeting of the association the amount of all monies received and paid.

8. As soon as ten subscribers shall be obtained, the association may proceed to choose their Treasurer and Committee, who shall serve till the day appointed in the constitution for the annual meeting.

### Treasury Department.

The following report and exhibit of the situation of the funds of the commonwealth, will convince every candid and unprejudiced mind, of the faithful and judicious management of the public money by the officer who presides over that department.

At an adjourned meeting of a number of democratic republican citizens of Harrisburg, at the house of Melchior Rahm, on the fifth day of Sept. instant, Obed Fahnstock, Esq. was appointed chairman, and Col. Joel Bailey, was appointed secretary. The chairman mentioned the object of the meeting.

Jacob Bucher, John Capp, John Zinn, Christian Gleim, and John S. Weistling, a committee appointed on the 21st ult. for the purpose of procuring information and explanations on the subject of charges made against William Findlay, relative to his official acts as treasurer of the commonwealth, in which it was insinuated that he had improperly made use of the public monies in the treasury, made to the meeting the following report:

In the performance of the duty imposed on the committee by their appointment on the 21st ult. they duly deliberated upon the proper course of conduct to be pursued by them in order to attain the object of their appointment. The result of their deliberations was, that the best source of correct information on the subject of their inquiry, must necessarily be in the treasurer himself; and they consequently addressed to him a letter on the 22d ult. requesting from him such explanations as he might think proper to give in relation to certain notes endorsed by him which were discounted in the banks at Harrisburg, and which it was insinuated by some were discounted for the purpose of enabling him to replace in the treasury of the commonwealth certain monies improperly taken therefrom by him. It is with much satisfaction that the committee inform, that on the next day he transmitted an answer to the letter of the committee, so fully explanatory of those parts of clamour against him, as to confirm the opinion entertained by the committee of his strict integrity and fidelity as the guardian of the public treasury.

At the last meeting these letters were submitted to your consideration, and have since been published in the public papers.

The committee, duly impressed with the importance of the character their appointment had given them, were determined to support it by a strict discharge of their duties; well aware that the public mind had been much agitated by the charges against William Findlay, which, although not positively and directly made, were insinuated in a manner designedly calculated to excite a suspicion that he had improperly used the public money—had borrowed from the banks money to replace it upon the annual settlement of his account—and immediately thereafter had taken from the treasury sums sufficient to discharge the notes in bank; and having the following objects in view, viz.

1. A desire to satisfy themselves and the public as to the truth or falsehood of these charges.
2. The best information as to the real state of the treasury, as to any deficit of public money, and also as to the kind of money in the treasury department.

The committee agreed to accept the offer made by William Findlay, in his letter to them, in the following words: "If agreeable to you, the whole situation of the treasury department, with all vouchers and documents for any length of time past, shall now or at any time you may think proper be submitted to your investigation;" and on the first of Sept. inst. waited in person on Mr. Findlay at the treasury office, who, upon being informed of their acceptance of this offer, unhesitatingly submitted to the committee for examination, all the bank books, papers, documents, entries and cash, which could show the real state of the treasury: a statement of which we submit to the meeting, as follows:

1817. Aug. 30th—Balance in the treasury of Pennsylvania - - \$190,807 96  
 In Bank of Pennsylvania \$ 159,976 62  
 Farmers & Mechanics Bank 4,619 40  
 Philadelphia Bank 3,419 96  
 Office of Discount & Deposit in Lancaster 126 35  
 Office of Discount & Deposit in Harrisburg 12,797 89  
 Advances of salaries to officers and clerks\* 2,021 38

Cash in the treasury, (chiefly in notes at par, counted by the committee) † 6,846 38  
 190,807 96

\* It has been the practice time immemorial, for the treasurer to make such advance, and to settle with the officers and clerks when their salaries respectively became due. It appears (we are informed by a member of the committee) that no part of this sum had been advanced either to Mr. Findlay or to Mr. Wilson, the monied clerk of the office.—*Rep.*

† Of which sum (cash in the treasury) \$ 2,410 are in bank at par and specie; leaving out \$ 190,807 06 only about \$ 4,323 in notes under par which are principally on the banks of York, Carlisle and others in the adjoining counties.

The committee have further, in pursuance of the wishes of the meeting, examined the state of the treasury of the commonwealth at the end of every month since the last annual settlement, and procured from the auditor general, who monthly settle with the treasurer, under seal; and report the following as the result of that part of their investigation:

BALANCE IN THE STATE TREASURY	
On the 30th November, 1816	\$276,664 18
do 30th December, 1817	289,613 51
do 31st January, 1817	355,962 15
do 28th February, 1817	355,962 44
do 31st March, 1817	497,162 98
do 30 April, 1817	182,780 98
do 30th June, 1817	161,066 49
do 31 July, 1817	201,250 98
do 30th August, (21st being Sunday)	190,807 96

I CERTIFY that the monthly reports of the state treasurer in which the foregoing balances are exhibited, have been examined and entered in the books of the office, agreeable to law.—Witness my hand and seal of office this 2d day of Sept. 1817  
 (Signed) GEO. BRYAN, Aud. Gen.

The committee having thus discharged the duty assigned them, think proper to observe that they in the performance of their duty as a committee considered it due both to the public and to William Findlay, that the character of the latter and the confidence of the former in him, should rest upon facts, and not on mere conjectures; and that upon a full investigation of the matters submitted to them, they are of opinion that there does not exist the slightest ground to believe that William Findlay improperly used the public money for his private use and that the charge against him of having speculated in the exchange of notes at par for depreciated notes appear to be totally unfounded; as nearly all the funds of the commonwealth are in the banks whose paper is at par, and payable in their paper.

JACOB BUCHER,  
 JOHN CAPP,  
 JOHN ZINN,  
 C. GLEIM,  
 JOHN S. WIESTLING.

The report of the committee as adopted together with the proceedings of their meeting, be signed by the chairman and secretary, and published in the democratic newspapers of Harrisburg.  
 OBED FAHNSTOCK Chairman,  
 JOEL BAILEY, Sec'y

We wish to put the democrats of Pennsylvania on their guard against believing any of the outrageous falsehoods which will undoubtedly be propagated by the friends of Heister, within so short a period before the election as to preclude the possibility of a reply. This has always formed a favorite part of the Aurora tactics! We must not, therefore, be surprised if we hear of more Jane Marie stories, or something more about an 'equal distribution of property'—any thing, in short, that can have the least possible tendency to impose for a moment, up-

### on the credulity of the ignorant and unsuspecting

American Cent.

By order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county.

#### WILL BE SOLD

ON the premises, on Tuesday the 28th of October next, the following mentioned and described property, being part of the real estate that was of William Wallace late of the county of Dauphin, deceased, viz: One third part of eight thousand acres of land, containing Pennsylvania Furnace and one Ore Bank, situate in the township of Ferguson, in the county of Centre, aforesaid. Terms of sale, one fifth part of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, one fifth on the first day of April, 1818, next ensuing and the residue in three equal yearly payments.

The above property consists of one third of a Furnace, nearly new; a stone Dwelling house, Coal House, Smith's Shop, &c. about twenty houses for laborers; an ore bank of excellent quality, and quantity supposed inexhaustible; about five hundred acres of good arable land 150 acres cleared 6000 acres of wood-land, on Tussey's mountain, oak and chesnut timber; 4000 acres of woodland in the valley, timber pine, soil chiefly limestone; Furnace in complete order and in blast; with a large supply of stock on hand.

John Anderson, the manager at the works, will show the premises to any person wishing to view them before the sale.

By the Court, 6th May 1817.

WM. PETRIKIN Clk. O. C.

Bellefonte Sept. 20th, 1817.

By order of the Orphan's Court of Centre County.

### Will be exposed to public Sale

AT the house of Evan Miles, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Monday the 20th day of October next, the following described and valuable property being part of the real estate of John Dunlop, late of Centre County, deceased, to wit: a certain tract or parcel of land, containing about 270 acres, situate in the Township of Spring, near the said Borough, adjoining lands of P. Benner, J. Harris, and others; this tract will be laid off, and sold in lots to suit purchasers. A tract of land containing 329 acres, and allowance, situate in the said Township, adjoining lands of John Norris, the heirs of John Harbison, and others. A tract of land containing 255 acres and allowance, adjoining the last mentioned tract, lands of Robert Gordon and others. A tract of land containing about 140 acres situate in the said Township adjoining lands of C. Huston, Thomas Burnside, and others, near to Logan Branch. Seventy-seven adjoining tracts of unseated lands, containing each about 414 acres, situate in Bald-Eagle Township, on the South side of the West Branch of Susquehanna. Also the one moiety, or undivided half part of Washington Iron Works, situate in Bald-Eagle Township, with about 1400 acres of land thereto attached. Terms of sale one half of the purchase money to be paid when the sale shall be confirmed, and the residue in three equal annual payments. Sale to commence at twelve o'clock, and to continue from day to day during the week until all is sold. Attendance will be given by Charles Huston and John G. Lowry Adm's

By the Court.

Wm. Petrikin Clk. O. C.

September 22, 1817.

#### REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

The Commissioned and Staff officers of the 32d regiment, 2d brigade 10th division P. M. will meet at the house of Col. Thos. M. Pherson, on Monday the 20th day of October next, with their arms & accoutrements in order for 3 days training.

By order of the Colonel.

WILLIAM PATTON,  
 Adjutant.

Sept. 20, 1817.

#### Tan Yard.

The subscriber will rent for any term of years, his Tan Yard, house and two lots of ground, in Old Town, Clearfield county. The Yard is now in excellent order, having been about five years in occupancy, and is well situated for making money, as hides can be had, delivered at the Yard, at a very reduced price. If the property cannot be rented, the subscriber will take a partner in the business. Those desirous of viewing the property will please apply to Matthew Ogden, near the premises. For terms apply to the subscriber in Halfmoon, Centre county.

ROBERT ELDER.

Sept. 18.

### Sheriff's Sales.

(By Adjournment.)

BY virtue of sundry writs of vendition exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of Evan Miles, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Monday the 20th day of October next the one moiety or undivided half part of Washington Iron Works, situate in Bald-Eagle Township, Centre County, with about 1400 acres of land, to the said Works attached. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. Seized & taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of William Beatty.

ALSO,

The one undivided sixth part of the Ore Bank called Pennsylvania Furnace Ore Bank, and the one undivided third part of Tussey Furnace, and the lands belonging to the same. Also ten acres of land adjoining Thomas Ferguson, and lands of Edward B. Patton, in the said township. Also an improvement right to a tract of land situate in the said township of Ferguson, containing 400 acres (be the same more or less) adjoining lands of Eli Adams, lands in the possession of Andrew Hunter and others; all seized and taken in execution as the property of William Patton, and to be sold by

Wm. ALEXANDER, Sheriff.

Sept. 22, 1817.

#### CAUTION.

All persons are cautioned from purchasing a due bill for some where about \$400 given by me to John Patterson, either in the months of June or July of 1815, as I have already paid it, and will not pay it again unless compelled by law.

PHILIP WALKER.

Bald Eagle, Aug 25, 1817.

### REMEDY

For the Difficulty of Hearing.

DR. D. GREEN

TAKES this method of letting society know that he has discovered a new and easy way of assisting those who are hard of hearing, quite a new way.

Knowing that Providence has permitted a remedy to grow for every disease he has made it his study, this number of years past, to try to find out this remedy.

At length he flatters himself of being successful, more so than any man yet.

The remedy generally gives help except to very old people, who began to lose their eye-sight about the time that the hearing becomes weakened. To all others it as yet, has seldom failed of restoring that great blessing of hearing.

Directions can be sent to the patient by post or otherways, to any place however distant. At the same time, it may be some-what satisfactory to those distressed to know that they may pursue their usual business, and to eat and drink what tastes best.

The preparing transmission, &c. of the remedy, will come to about five dollars.

One great object is to defuse its benefits as far as possible, therefore, all printers who will give the above an occasional insertion, shall receive its advantages for themselves, or relatives in thus assisting to place it within the reach of the distressed.

Mr. Editor,

Many people in letters to me, express a wish to have the principle of cure explained to them. This I cheerfully will do.

Principle of cure is to invigorate the whole system, for

"Whatever has a tendency to strengthen the whole nervous system, necessarily will strengthen any weak part."

Dr. Rush's Lectures.

This doctrine we have been taught in his lecture room—and on this doctrine my method of cure is founded. Now as hard hearing is nothing more than a weakness of the ears—it of course follows, that by strengthening the whole nervous system,—this weakness will be strengthened at the same time; consequently, hearing returns.

Further—Perhaps it may not be amiss to make known, that the remedy is not to be put into the ears.

No—not even the least particle of it. Putting things into them has been the ruin of thousands.

On the contrary, the reader will be pleased to take notice that my principle of cure goes quite the contrary way. altogether so—and thus, by this contrary way by this new way, (if we may express ourselves) a cure is perfected—and that too, without any kind of danger to the ears, and with very little trouble to the patient.

D GREEN.

Reading Penn. Berks county.

July 17, 1817.