

...of the mountains it appears that the federal and oldschool parties have formed an alliance, and that they will support Joseph Heister for the office of governor; the republicans in that part of the state seem to be of opinion that the alliance obtains throughout the commonwealth; in this they are mistaken, the federalists in this neighborhood, and we are enabled to say, from information we have received, in most of the counties west of the mountains, will act independently; they are aware that the motives of the leaders of the oldschool party are to obtain power regardless of the means they employ; the federalists will, therefore, support what they deem an honest republican, rather than a man who, if he was elected would be a tool to aspiring and unprincipled demagogues. They will generally vote for Findlay.

From letters, said to have been written in the western parts of this state, and published in the Aurora and other opposition prints, it would appear that oldschoolism is gaining ground west of the mountains. In those letters were actually written where they are dated, the most honest intentions which can be attributed to their authors, are to deceive the public, and to rise into power. Oldschoolism is out of the fashion in this part of the state, and as it has been found, where it is mostly used, to be composed of bad materials, it is not likely to get in vogue here. With the exception of a few discontented office hunters, in Allegheny and Washington counties, who have established presses for the dissemination of oldschool doctrines and abuse, the politics of western Pennsylvania will be an honor to the state, and we venture to predict that at the ensuing election William Findlay will receive two thirds of the votes.

A GERMAN GOVERNOR.

We have had the fair and just benefit of a German governor since the year 1808; and we should have actually had the benefit of a German governor in 1805, but for the opposition of General Joseph Heister and his friends the ultra federalists. If General Heister had not ardently and openly joined the federalists in August 1805 (only one short year after his warning a dress, against all the federalists in 1804!) in an open opposition to the former democratic nomination of Governor Snyder, there is no doubt, that Mr. Snyder would have been elected, and we would then certainly have had a German and a democratic Governor in 1805. Mr. Heister did all he could, in concert with the Federalists, whom he criminated in a body, to prevent the election of the German republican candidate. He unfairly published a letter, just as if it had been sent to him, (and it actually was never sent to him, as he must admit, being delivered to him for publication in Philadelphia) in which letter was contained a false, unjust and cruel charge against the democratic party, as wishing to take away the lands of all the farmers, who had good large farms. By this letter, written on purpose to spread that false alarm, Mr. Heister, a democrat unfaithfully gave aid to the ultra federalists, at the expense of hard injustice and defeat to the democratic party and our cause!!! The toast contained in the letter was never drank, as was there pretended. The democratic party had nothing to do with the toast, even if five or ten mad heads and bad hearts had drank it. Mr. Heister cannot appear to the honest discerning Germans to have a claim upon them to be their present candidate for the office of Governor, after such conduct. The Germans know that Mr. Snyder has made a just and good Governor, Speaker, Legislator, and member of Convention, for six and twenty long years. It really seems as if no German Governor would please Mr. Heister, but himself. We see that he reprobates all the federalists in a body in 1804, and then lends himself to them in 1805 and 1817. Of all persons on earth, the Germans and the Democrats have the least reason to praise or reward the political conduct of General Heister. The federalists themselves can have no confidence in such conduct. We repeat our regret that we cannot possibly do justice to the public safety without using ideas and expressions, which seem to be reproachful. He must answer, (and that seriously) to Heaven, his conscience and his country for professing decided and ardent democracy, as he does occasionally every week, and yet openly co-operating with the worst enemies of our constitutions, and of our national and state democratic party, in opposing two democratic nominations for the important office of Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Almost every vessel from England brings more or less passengers—the current of emigration is steady, and of very respectable classes.

The distinguished Frenchman, who arrived some months since at Boston, & supposed to have been Marshal Soult, is

now said to have been the duke of Wellington, Caulincourt, who has taken up his residence at New-Orleans.

The arrivals of vessels, from England, France and the West Indies with "lots" of specie are daily announced. We cannot suppose there is any real scarcity of the precious metals in the United States at this time. Though our banks ostensibly pay specie, it is almost as scarce as it was some month ago to see a dollar, "Paper does the business" still; and yet banks are said to be "pulling and hauling" their customers to the utmost—hightened at something.

Ad's Register.

From N. Y. Gazette May 14.

LATEST NEWS—By various arrivals yesterday, the editors of the Gazette have received London Bistol, and Bellast papers—and from France, by the Maria Theresa, Skiddy, they have papers down to the 17th of the last month.

The arrivals at Havre for one month to the 16th of April were, 130, including 13 from America.

The King of France was still alive, having on the 14th ult had a private audience with Baron Montalembert.

France was tranquil, and cotton on the rise. Bread stuffs remained stationary.

The rage of speculation has advanced flour in this country to a most unreasonable price, calculating on obtaining still higher and profitable prices abroad. The bubble has burst. It now appears, from undoubted authority, by the last arrivals that flour brings but from 13 to 14 dollars in England and only 13 in France. The price must fall to the just value of the article here.

Nat. Int.

The tract of land about Fort Migs, on the Miami of Lake is twelve miles square, or about 60,000 acres more than the District of Columbia. It was ceded to the United States at the treaty of Greenville; it includes the foot of the rapids, and is the head of navigation for Lake vessels. The town of Perrysburg has been laid out by order of the United States on the south bank of the Miami, opposite to which there is from 6 to 9 feet depth of water. The town has nine parallel streets running north and south, which are intersected by seven streets running east and west. It contains 768 lots, each one quarter of an acre, and 206 out lots from two to four acres each. A Public sale both of the town and of the whole twelve miles square, will be held at the London office in Wooster, Ohio, on the third Tuesday of July next. The minimum price of town lots is twenty dollars an acre. The head waters of the Miami approach within a few miles those of the Wabash. It is probable that a flourishing and respectable settlement will soon appear on this tract. Good roads will soon connect this settlement with Detroit and Lower Sandusky, and the cultivated parts of Ohio. By the Greenville treaty cession was made of two miles square at the lower rapids of Sandusky. This tract also has been surveyed—the town of Chroghansville has been laid out on the East Branch of Sandusky river, and the whole will be offered at public sale at Wooster, on the second Monday of July next.

CUCUMBERS.

The lovers of this vegetable, who would wish for early Cucumbers, are desired to attend to the following method of culture, which I have for many years practised, and uniformly proved successful, viz. Instead of pulling your first Cucumbers for table use; take the first and nearest to the root for seed. By pursuing this practice for several years, you will discover that your vines no sooner begin to spread, than they produce fruit. Consequently, they will not only bring forth earlier, than by the usual way; but the fruit will be tender and sweet in proportion to the rapidity in the growth. By observing this practice, for several years successively, I have brought my vines to yield half a dozen Cucumbers within cover of a hat crown. The same practice, I have no doubt, will succeed in regard to other vine-fruit.

A FARMER.

CENTRE BANK OF PENNSYLVANIA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE STOCKHOLDERS,

THAT the Directors of said Bank have this day declared a Dividend for the last six months at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, payable at any time after the 14th instant.

Jno. Norris,

Bellefonte, May 5, 1817.

Laurel Spring INN NEAR BIRMINGHAM.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general that he has opened a tavern in the stone house opposite the bridge across the Juniata river at Laurel Spring Paper Mill, on the great and direct road from Pittsburg through Sinking Valley, and Long's Valley, past Crawford's and Johnson's taverns to Bellefonte, Great Island, Penn's Valley, Northumberland and the adjacent country.

He has a supply of every necessary suitable for the accommodation of travellers and others; and will pay strict attention to those who may favor his house.

John Stratton.

May 16, 1817.

"THOUGH LAST, NOT LEAST!"

Chambers Colhoon, TAILOR,

INFORMS the fashionable, the plain, the whimsical, and the eccentric, that he, after expelling the scraps and pairings from the domicile lately occupied by Wm. C. Welch, cordwainer, removed, has been regularly appointed to succeed him as the occupant of said tenement, dwelling, or office.

COLHOON, though he cannot boast of having taken his degrees in either Paris, London, sweet Dublin, or the city of Brotherly Love yet, from his studious application to the higher branches of the scientific profession to which he has the honor to belong, and which is copiously the most ancient, and some of its admirers affirm, the most necessary of the polite arts, he feels confident he has attained that happy command of his faculties which enables him to suit his measures to men of all parties, of all sizes, whims, caprices, peculiarities and particularities. Indeed he has made it the great study of his life to set off Nature to the best advantage—to straighten her aberrations—to correct her extravagancies, to compensate for her neglects, and to give to her most exquisite models of beauty, the indispensable accompaniments of fashion, ease and grace.

As punctuality has, of late become a desideratum in the polite world, as well as among men of business, Colhoon has determined that his promises shall be honorably fulfilled and his engagements rigidly executed. He deems it indelicate to his brethren, to say any thing of the superiority of his style and manner; and it might savour of egotism to produce any of those personal acknowledgements with which he has been honoured, by numerous gentlemen, who are indebted to him for their all of elegance and fashion, and who, through his ingenuity, have become like the *grandis flora* of the parterre,—chief ornaments of the society in which they bloom. He will therefore conclude, in the language of that great captain, General Smyth, Come on horseback, Come on foot,—Come in troops—come singly—Come any how, but armed!

"Tis not ours to command success, But we'll do more—we will deserve it"

Bellefonte, May 5, 1817.

By order of the Ophans' Court of Centre county.

WILL be sold on the premises on Tuesday the third day of June next, one undivided moiety or half part of a certain tract of land, situate, lying, and being in the township of Potter, in the county of Centre aforesaid, bounded by lands of James Potter, the heirs of Alexander Johnston, deceased, and Sinking creek, containing in the whole tract, about eighty acres, more or less, the estate that was of the late Michael Stiver, dec. Terms of sale, one half of the purchase money at the time of the delivery of the deed for the premises, and the remainder in two equal yearly payments. Due attendance will be given at the time and place of sale by Samuel Stiver, administrator.

By THE COURT,

30th April, 1817.

Wm. Petrikin, Ck. O. C.

BLANKS, HANDBILLS, HORSE BILLS, &c. EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE, REASONABLY, AND AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

Caution,

ALL persons are hereby cautioned from purchasing a certain note, given by me to THOMAS HENDERSON for the sum of seventy five dollars, payable on the first day of August next, as I am determined not to pay the same, unless compelled by law.

Henry Sharrer.

May 16, 1817.

VENDUE

WILL be sold at public vendue, on the 2d day of June next, ensuing, at the late dwelling house of Otto Ferdinand Herman Younge, deceased, near Karthause, Covington township, Clearfield county, a variety of household and kitchen furniture.—A quantity of store goods, consisting of

- Dry Goods,
- Hardware,
- Crockery Ware,
- Wine,
- Groceries, &c. &c.

The property that was of the said Otto F. H. Younge, deceased.—The terms will be made known at the time and place of sale, by

F. W. GEISENHAINER, and J. F. W. SCHNARS, Admr's

Take Notice.

All persons indebted to the estate that was of Peter Dewit, late of Patton Township Centre county deceased, are hereby requested to make immediate payment. And all persons who have any demands against the said estate, will please to present them legally authenticated, forthwith to the subscriber living in said township, for settlement; so that he may know whether the said estate be solvent or otherwise.

ARTHUR SMITH Admr,

Bellefonte April 7, 1817.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

BENNER & CAMBRIDGE

Having this day dissolved by mutual consent, requests all those indebted to said firm, to come forward and settle their respective accounts, on or before the first of March next. Grain of any kind will be received in payment at the market prices, either at Rock Iron Works or at their store in Bellefonte.

PHILIP BENNER, P. CAMBRIDGE.

Bellefonte, 20th Jan. 1817

N. B. The business will be continued in future in the name of Philip Benner & Co.

Delmar, Tioga County, Pennsylvania, 2d pril, 1817.

LEFT my house on the 14th of June last, my son WATERS SEELY, aged about 16, of the usual size, has lost a fore tooth, and has the two first letters of his name marked with gun-powder on his arm. He took with him a black coat, striped trousers, wool hat, &c.

The absence of this boy has led some wicked persons to brand his unhappy parents with his murder.—All printers of Newspapers throughout the United States will have humanity I hope to insert the above, by which means my son if living, may return to his disconsolate family; or some person who may have seen him, give some information, whereby the horrid suspicion may be wiped away.

Adam Seely.

N. B. I am led to think he has gone to the State of Ohio from some expressions which dropt from him a short time before his departure.

April 21, 1817.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership of Lawrence and Leonard Peters is this day dissolved by mutual consent, of which circumstance all persons concerned will please to take notice.

LAWRENCE PETERS

April 19, 1817.