

likely to be done, while Italian houses of the differences are adjusted; the Neapolitan government having agreed to pay, at three stated periods, 1,500,000 ducats. It is certain the fleet is on the verge of going away, as also Mr. Pinkney."

**AMERICAN PATRIOT.**

"To speak his thoughts—  
To every Freeman's right."

BELLEFONTAINE, NOVEMBER 23, 1816.

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**FLOUR,**

At Philadelphia is \$13 per barrel—  
at Baltimore, \$ 14.

**OFFICIAL.**

Monroe and Tompkins Ticket, 25,653  
Carlisle Ticket, 17,588  
Majority, 8,065

Accounts from Washington, state, that a rupture is seriously expected between ours and a foreign government. Spain it is supposed is meant.

**COMMUNICATED.**

A number of the Democrats of this county have expressed a wish that there should be a meeting of the Democratic citizens of Centre and Clearfield counties, held in the Court-house in this town, the Tuesday evening of the next Court, for the purpose of considering the propriety of expressing their sentiments to Congress, at their next meeting, on the subject of the Compensation Bill, or as it is commonly called, the \$500 dollar act. Such democrats as approve of the propriety of a meeting of this kind, are requested to give their attendance.

*Communication.*

**A NEW CANDIDATE for GOVERNOR,** proclaimed in Carlisle, the seat of the mighty caucus of eleven unknown brethren of principle, taken verbatim et literatim, from a Carlisle paper, a professed opposer of caucus nominations. "Mr. Binns calls Gen. Joseph Heister, elected to Congress by the two democratic counties of Berks and Schuylkill, a "non descript." I would merely remark that the fine, honorable, and solid character of Gen. Heister is no where surpassed, and that if friends and advocates of virtuous independence and correct principles will have discernment enough to make public use of his name, as a fit person for our NEXT GOVERNOR, that he will clearly distance any caucus candidate who may be started against him. Let this hint be improved upon, and by life for it, there will be another 1799 Dutch and Irish coalition in his favor."

What does our Old School brethren of principle in Centre county think of this project? Did they really flatter themselves that the dictators of the Carlisle caucus had only offered the golden fleece to them? They may now see how completely they have been duped. The bait has been thrown out to many others, but, it appears, none swallowed it so greedily. They tried to catch Mr. Frailey of Schuylkill county, and his friends, by the same bait: but he knew them too well. They also tried several popular gentlemen in the western counties in the same way, who, we understand, have also spurned the mere deception. It is mortifying that this barefaced trick should succeed no where but in Centre county. It is a consolation, however, that it only deceived a very few there. The great mass of the people penetrated and ridiculed it.

A Correspondent in the last Press remarks, that "It is believed the object of the Aurora is to flatter Joseph Heister, and induce him to believe that he is to be the candidate of Faction for the Governor's chair next year. The same bait is held out to another person in a neighboring county." In addition to this, a writer in the Carlisle Volunteer, says "that if Joseph Heister is taken up for the next Governor, there will be a 1,799 Dutch and Irish coalition in his favor."

Be these things as they may, it would seem, the approving nod of the Aurora

must be given, before any man dares to come forward as a candidate for the executive chair, though never so tremblingly alive to the desire. Tis he and Leib that have the dispensing of the goodly favor of nominating the candidate: All, therefore, must wait, who look that way, in silent suspense, the will of their caprice; or, what is worse. Meanwhile their good partisans are flattered with the belief, that they will have the doing of this thing themselves.

**DEPARTED** this life, at Gettysburg, on the morning of the 8th inst. in the 46th year of his age, Mr. ROBERT HARRER, editor and proprietor of the "Adams Centinel."—The deceased has left a widow and two children. The paper will continue to be printed by Robert G. Harper, son of the deceased, for the benefit of the family, who (tho' but a youth) is qualified by education and talents to render the Centinel worthy of a generous support.

*Franklin Repository.*

**THE FIRST BLOW.**

We just learn that circulars have been sent by the committee of Faction and Federalism, to every member of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, whose vote is calculated upon earnestly requesting them "to be at Harrisburg before the first Tuesday in December next, in order to carry the SPEAKER. As that will be the first test of strength, it is greatly to be desired that we should succeed; by such success, we might hope not only to intimidate some but to gain others. The importance of the object will, it is confidently expected, secure your attendance." We feel it to be our duty to put the democrats on their guard against this insidious intrigue.

*Dem. Press.*

**PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.**

The following statement of the votes given for Electors of President and Vice President of the United States on the 5th instant, is copied from the official returns received at the Secretary of the Commonwealth's office, with the exception of those given in the city and county of Philadelphia.

	Democratic Ticket.	Opposition Ticket.
City of Philadelphia	1,139	2,189
County do.	1,698	1,971
Delaware	348	471
Chester	1,999	1,634
Montgomery	1,885	1,219
Lancaster	1,223	1,428
Dauphin	510	253
Lebanon	518	198
York	980	518
Cumberland	1,253	525
Franklin	934	127
Adams	205	448
Bucks	1,789	1,950
Mifflin	525	111
Northumberland	506	157
Columbia	544	64
Lycoming	267	17
Luzerne	378	313
Susquehanna	242	96
Union	522	81
Berks	1,563	821
Schuylkill	340	68
Westmoreland	414	307
Bedford	423	216
Northampton	860	536
Totals,	19,271	15,478

**CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.**

A statement of the majorities of federal and democratic votes given to candidates for congress, in the several counties, at the late Election.

Counties	Federal.	Democratic.
Philadelphia city,	638	—
Do county,	—	707
Delaware,	308	—
Bucks*	—	2299
Montgomery,	—	146
Chester,	275	—
Berks,	—	2208
Schuylkill,	—	474
Lancaster,	388	—
Adams,	528	—
Dauphin,	—	1141
Lebanon,	—	1100
Cumberland,	—	2257
Franklin,	—	70
Bedford,	—	1379
Northumberland,	—	650
Columbia,	—	1501
Lycoming,	—	922
Union,	—	1000
Tioga,	—	339
Luzerne,	—	221
Bradford,	—	311
Susquehanna,	—	210
Westmoreland,	—	202
York,	—	702
Mifflin*	—	1,526
Huntingdon,*	—	794
Indiana and Jefferson,	—	5
Armstrong,	—	21
Greene,*	—	1269

Fayette,*	—
Washington,	—
Allegheny,	958
Butler,	—
Beaver,*	—
Mercer,*	—
Crawford,*	—
Eric,*	—
Venango,*	—
	3077

Democratic majority,

We have not been able to procure the returns from Somerset, Cambria, Northampton, Lehigh, Wayne and Pike counties, consequently our statement is yet imperfect. There can be no doubt however but the majorities in those counties, added to the above would make the majority in the state to exceed 25,900

\*No federal opposition. [Penn. Rep.]

**SUMMARY.**

The legislature of Connecticut have passed an act prohibiting the banks in that state from issuing less in amount than one dollar; and imposing a fine upon any person who shall after the first day of March next, pass any bill of the description.

Gen. Bissell has been found guilty of several of the charges against him, and sentenced to be reprimanded—w which sentence general Jackson approved and executed.

At a meeting of the directors of the bank of the United States, held on the 4th instant at the banking house of Stephen Girard, Esq'r WILLIAM JONES Esq'r was elected President, Jonathan Smith, Esq'r Cashier.

The lieutenant governor of Kentucky (Slaughter) who acts as governor since the decease of gen. Madison, has appointed JOHN POPE, (formerly a senator in congress) to be secretary of state for that state.

The venerable ex-president, JOHN ADAMS, entered his 82d year on the 30th ult.

MANLON DICKERSON (a genuine republican) is re-appointed governor of New Jersey.

Returns, exhibiting the changes made at the late elections, as far as received, and the strength of parties, in the present and the next house of representatives.

**PENNSYLVANIA.**

PRESENT CONGRESS.	NEXT CONGRESS.
John Sergeant	John Sergeant
Joseph Hopkinson	Joseph Hopkinson
Wm. Milnor	Wm. Anderson
Thomas Smith	Adam Seybert
Wm. Darlington	Isaac Darlington
John Hahn	Levi Pawling
James Wallace	James Wallace
John Whiteside	John Whiteside
Hugh Glasgow	Jacob Spangler
Wm. Crawford	Andrew Boden
Wm. Maclay	Wm. Maclay
John Ross	John Ross
Saml. D. Ingham	Saml. D. Ingham
Joseph Heister	Joseph Heister
Wm. Piper	Alexander Ogle
Thomas Burnside	Wm. P. Maclay
William Wilson	William Wilson
Jared Irwin	David Scott
Wm. Findley	David Marchand
Isaac Griffin	Thos. Patterson
Aaron Lyle	Christian Tarr
John Woods	Henry Baldwin
Thomas Wilson	Robert Moore

**VERMONT.**

Aaron Lyon	Mark Richards
Dani. Chipman	Orsam. C. McGill
Chauncey Langdon	Wm. Hunter
Luther Jewett	Charles Rich
Charles Marsh	Saml. C. Crafts
John Noyes	Heman Allen

**CONNECTICUT.**

Epath. Champion	Silvanus Bachus
John Davenport, jr.	Charles Dennison
Lyman Law	S. B. Sherwood
Jonathan O. Mosely	Jon. O. Mosely
Timothy Pitkin	Timothy Pitkin
Lewis B. Sturges	Thos. S. Williams
Benj. Tallmadge	Uriel Holmes

**DELAWARE.**

Thomas Cooper	Willard Hall
Thomas Clayton	Caleb Rodney

**MARYLAND.**

Alex. C. Hanson	George Peter
Philip Stuart	Philip Stuart
John C. Herbert	John C. Herbert
George Baer	Saml. Ringgold
Samuel Smith	Samuel Smith
Peter Little	Peter Little
Stevenson Archer	Philip Reed
Robert Wright	Thos. Culbreth
C. Goldborough	Thomas Bayly

**SOUTH CAROLINA.**

Henry Middleton	Henry Middleton
Wm. Lowndes	Wm. Lowndes
J. J. Chappell	Joseph Bellinger
Wm. Woodward	Sterling Tucker
John C. Calhoun	John C. Calhoun
Thomas Moore	Wilson Nesbitt
Wm. Mayrant	S. D. Miller

John Taylor	John Taylor
Benj. Huger	Benj. Huger
James Lenoir	James Lenoir
James E. Sevier	James E. Sevier
James M. Smith	James M. Smith
James W. Sevier	James W. Sevier
James W. Sevier	James W. Sevier
James W. Sevier	James W. Sevier
James W. Sevier	James W. Sevier
James W. Sevier	James W. Sevier

At length we have the British official accounts of the humiliation of Algiers, which appears to have been more complete than at first reported. The power of Algiers is extinct, though its name remains. The fate due to all pirates has justly overtaken it, and the wonder only is seeing how long it has existed, that those who had the means to do it had not earlier prostrated this fortified dungeon, for it has deserved no better name. Lord Exmouth has, it is presumed, satisfied the expectations of the British nation. The plan of attack appears, as far as we can judge, to have been judicious, and to have been vigorously executed in the face of a desperate resistance. Satisfied as we are with the result, we wish not to be considered as seeking to detract from the merit of the achievement, when we remark, that to this triumph of the British arms our gallant seamen led the way, by showing with how small a force stout hearts and willing hands could strike with awe, if not with dismay, the hitherto formidable power of Barbary.

**GEORGE MADISON.**

We have announced the decease of this truly excellent Man, George Madison, Governor of Kentucky. He was interred with military and civil honors at Frankfort; on which occasion the following funeral oration was delivered, by George M. Bibb, Esq. in the most feeling manner:

Citizens, While we drop the sympathetic tear over the body of our deceased friend, let not our sorrows drown the recollection of his virtues, which were the moving causes of these sorrows.

I have more need to repress my feelings, than to excite your sensibilities afresh: These you have generously bestowed.

I come to bury, not to praise him. But on this sad, this solemn occasion, it well becomes the office assigned me, to call your senses from the cold and lifeless body; to awaken your recollection to those virtues which glowed within the living Man. So shall the good which Men do, live after them; and the rising generation be instructed to emulate this bright example.

Young Friends, When the Standard of American Independence was but newly erected; when eardful revolutionary conflict tried the stoutest hearts; then, but 17 years of age, he volunteered in the military service of his country. His manly spirit inclined him to Freedom's cause; the purity of his own heart inspired him with a liberal confidence in his Seniors; thus he became a youthful Soldier and a Patriot.

He accompanied the detachment of Greenbriar Militia, to protect the western settlements. At an early period of the settlement of Kentucky, he became a resident of the district. His gallant spirit was signalized in repelling various marauding parties, and in establishing the settlements. In every campaign against the Indians (save that which terminated in the treaty of Greenville) he bore his part, and signalized himself in each.

The wounds he received, as well in St. Clair's Defeat as in other Battles could not shake the solid firmness of his courage; nor disturb the collected presence of his mind. In every Battle he showed himself capable of a superior command.

Military Friends. There lies one who, but 2 days since, was your Chief! Silent is that tongue and pale is that cheek, which, on the plains of Raisin, cheered and animated his companions in arms to deeds of cool collected valor. Dim is that eye which viewed the storm of War and out-faced danger. Lifeless is that form, whose heroic presence checked the plundering hand, and made even Proctor feel, there was a danger more terrible than the dreadful fury of his savage Allies.

In War, he was elevated by his deeds in arms. In Peace, he was elevated by the suffrages of his Countrymen. Imitate his glorious example. In War, he was courageous as the Lion; in Peace, as gentle as the Lamb.

Citizens, You have long witnessed his conduct in private life; you know how faithfully he discharged his various social duties. He was mild and gentle: In him there was no guile. He never detracted from the merit of another; never traduced an absent Friend; nor suffered him to go undefended. His house was ever open to him who needed food or shelter. His eyes overflowed at the tale of woe. His heart swelled with sympathy at the sight of misery. His hand was ever ready to relieve the necessitous. As a friend, how shall I speak of him? Warm, generous, and sincere. He was indeed my friend; he was the friend of us all.

For 20 years and upwards, he filled the important and confidential office of Auditor of public accounts, whose warrant was