

THE AMERICAN PATRIOT.

BELLEFONTAINE, OCTOBER 22, 1814.

Once more, though reluctantly, we are compelled to issue on a half-sheet; but, if, to give it gratis will afford any compensation for the deficiency, we do it most cheerfully.

For the two past weeks, we have been dependant upon the liberality of our neighbors for paper; in the mean time living in anticipation of a supply from those we had a right to expect it of. It has not come; nor (judging from past conduct) do we know when it will come.

We have great pleasure in being enabled to state, that the Centre Bank of Pennsylvania, established in this borough, have this day agreed to advance the sum of 10,000 dollars to the general Government for the purchase of supplies for our armies, &c. to the westward.

Total number of votes given at the election of Centre county, on Tuesday the 11th of Oct. 1814.

Gov.—Simon Snyder	1127
Isaac Wayne	32
George Latimore.	8
Cong.—David Bard	1095
John Blair	89
Assess.—Jacob Kryder	
Isaac McKinney	366
Commis'r—John Benner	570
James Crawford	483
Auditors.—Wm. Kerr, Esq.	925
John Stichel	833
Stephen Davis	608

“Circumstances alter cases.”

A message has been sent by the President to Congress, transmitting the despatches brought by Mr. Dallas from our commissioners at Ghent. They give no hopes of a favorable termination of the negotiation. The terms upon which the enemy offers peace are of so exorbitant a nature, that even the “Tory Editor of the Common Sewer,” A. C. Hanson, is willing to reject them; who, it is said has come out in an animated speech, as violently in favor of the war, as he was once opposed to it. Whether this shifting of conduct and opinion has its cause in a change of principle, or the different character which the war has assumed, those who know most can best decide. Suffice it to say however, that there is every hope it will be followed by that universal coincidence of public sentiment & detestation of party prejudice, which are at all periods desirable, but never more essential than in times like the present.

In Cumberland county in 6 districts the democratic majority is said to be upwards of 900.

The federalists of the state of Del-

aware have succeeded by a majority of 1500 votes. Maryland is also said to be federal.

In Adams county, the federal majority is upwards of 1100

Lebanon county has a democratic majority of 174, exclusive of the votes in camp near Baltimore, which have not yet came in.

[COMMUNICATED.]

The votes given in at the different election districts of Huntingdon county, amount in the whole to 1742----- The democratic ticket succeeded by a majority of 558 votes.

The Rev. David Bard has been re-elected to Congress; and Messrs. Law and Crum are again honored with seats in the state Legislature. The first for his benevolent and highly creditable advice to his sons, warning them “to beware of volunteer corps, as war would soon be declared, and they must march.” The two latter for (what was infinitely better) the taking care of themselves---That is, for taking what money they could get, when it was to be had for the trifling inconvenience of saying-- “Yes.” Some members of more conscience, but less republicanism, acted differently, and therefore, have not fared so well!!

Harrisburgh, Oct. 17.

MARRIED.—On Sunday evening last, by the Rev. F. C. Schaeffer, His Excellency SIMON SNYDER, Governor of this commonwealth, to Mrs. MARY SCOTT, of this borough.

At Mr. Weidman's forge, on Tuesday the 4th of this instant, by the Rev. J. H. Vonhof, Dr. J. B. MISH, to Miss MARIA WEIDMAN, daughter of John Weidman, Esq.

DIED.—in this borough, on Wednesday evening last, after a distressing illness of several weeks Mrs. Elizabeth Laird, consort of Samuel Laird, Esq.

THE ENEMY.

The last accounts from below tend to induce a belief that the enemy are quitting our Bay. It is stated, that they have destroyed the buildings which they had occupied as barracks, on Tangier Island, and that upwards of 30 sail had gone to sea.

It is probable they have by this time ascertained that the promised reinforcements under Lord Hill are not to be expected; or that if they should even have sailed from Europe, that they cannot in time to join them in any attempt on this city before the spring; and we may now reasonably suppose that their boasted return is necessarily postponed, and they are about to seek winter quarters in a warmer climate and a situation of less risk.

Washington City, Oct. 8.

EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

Yesterday commodore Barney sailed from the Navy Yard, with eighty-one British prisoners, among whom was col. Thornton.

We understand that the comman-

der of a British frigate, has demanded 1000 dollars of the town of Orleans, cape cod, and that arrangements are making to pay.

Eric, Penn. Sept. 30.

By the arrival of a vessel from Detroit we learn that the Indians are again becoming troublesome in the neighborhood of that place. They have lately committed a number of murders. The inhabitants were moving into the fort for protection.

A list of French officers who intend to proceed to America, has been handed about in the Parisian circles.

Frankfort, July 26.

Whereas sundry very wide differing accounts are seen in the German papers respecting the mode of life of Bonaparte on the Island of Elbe; the following paragraph is observed in the Vienna Gazette:

“All deeds or acts issued by Bonaparte on his Island, are in the name of his Majesty Napoleon Sovereign Lord of the Island, signed by himself and witnessed by the contra signature of Gen. Druet. The Ci-devant Emperor has ordered the building of a Hospital, and an aqueduct at Porto Ferrajo—he lays out public walks & is occupied in forming a Constitution for his people. He announces to his subjects that he intends to encourage a taste amongst them for arts and sciences. He is almost all day on horse back and during night is at work in his Cabinet.

“It is conjectured that he is employed in writing his life. His body guard consists of 1500 men, all French soldiers who have followed him.”

St. Louis, Missouri, Sept, 10

Yesterday morning four rangers were killed, and two wounded by the Indians near Hills family fort, Illinois Territory.

THE PLAGUE.

By a letter from Smyrna, of the 4th June, we learn, that the plague, which had committed the most frightful ravages there, had put an end to all commerce. The deaths were about 500 daily. Up to that period about 20,000 Turks and 10,000 Greeks Armenians, Jews, &c. had fallen sacrifices to the Plague. The port was almost completely empty of shipping, and Smyrna which lately contained 180,000 inhabitants, seemed now a desert.

From the Bal. Telegraph, Oct. 3.

One of the Editors of this paper Mr Hill, is under an arrest to be tried by a court martial for speaking words “disrespectful of the President of the United States,” while not on duty.—How far freedom of speech in private conversation is subject to a court martial and to what extent the constitution is binding that says congress shall make no law to abridge that freedom we do not pretend to inquire.

BLANKS FOR SALE

AT THIS OFFICE