# The Morning Post.

JAMES P. BARR, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING::::::::::::SEPT. 13, 1858.


## DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

**WILLIAM A. PORTER,**

OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

**WESTLEY FROST.**

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

### DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET

CONGRESS, ERIE DISTRICT
ANDREW BURKE, City.

SENATE:
SAMUEL McKEE, Birmingham.

ASSEMBLY:
THOMAS DONNELLY, Collins.
PHILIP H. STEVENSON, Moon.
JOHN M. IRWIN, City.
ROBERT MORROW, Reg.
AUGUSTUS HARTJE, Allegheny.

SHERIFF:
BARNES FORP, Upper St Clair.

PROTHONOTARY:
ALEXANDER BLACK, Sewickley.

COMMISSIONER:
THOMAS FARLEY, Allegheny.

CORONER:
WILLIAM ALEXANDER City.

AUDITOR:
JOHN MURRAY, South Pittsburgh.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:
JOHN BOYLE, Indiana.

☞ DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.—The members of the Democratic State Committee are requested to meet at the ST. CHARLES HOTEL, in the city of Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, September 15th, at 7 o'clock P. M.

R. BIDDLE ROBERTS, Chairman.

The following are the names of the Committee:—

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS:

| | |
|---|---|
| 1st. John Hamilton, Jr., Lewis C. Cassidy, J. D. Campbell, N. B. Browne, Hugh Clark, John H. Bohnert. | 15th Gen. W. H. Miller, Cyrus Gloninger. |
| 2d. John B. Rhodes. | 16th Dr. John K. Raub, H. M. North |
| 3d. Florence Sullivan. | 17th. W. A. Stahle. |
| 4th. Robert Tyler. | 18th. Samuel Robinson. |
| 5th. C. A. Cooper. | 19th. A. H. Coffroth. |
| 6th. Samuel L. Young. | 20th. J. R. Crawford. |
| 7th. F. B. Kaercher. | 21st. J. K. Calhoun. |
| 8th. Asa Packer. | 22d. T. B. Searight. |
| 9th. William Elwell. | 23d W. Workman. |
| 10th. Stephen Jenkins. | 24th. James P. Barr, David Lynch, James A. Gibson. |
| 11th. George White. | 25th Hugh McKee. |
| 12th. Maj. J. Cummings. | 26th. R. P. Cochran. |
| 13 h. F. W. Knox. | 27th. W. P. Shattuck. |
| 14th. J. B. Bratton. | 28th. W. T. Alexander. |

☞ THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE OF CORRESPONDENCE have appointed meetings to be held as follows:—

MONDAY EVENING, 13th September, 7 o'clock, at Hugh McAfee's, in Temperanceville.
SAME EVENING, 7 o'clock, at Public School House, in Lawrenceville
TUESDAY EVENING, 14th September, 7 o'clock, in Diamond, Birmingham.
EVENING OF SAME DAY, 7 o'clock, in Market House, Manchester.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, 15th September, 7 o'clock, at the house of Thomas Lawrence, in Port Perry, Versailles township
EVENING OF SAME DAY, 7 o'clock, in Market House, McKeesport.
THURSDAY EVENING, 16th September, at Brown's house, Turtle Creek.
EVENING OF SAME DAY, 7 o'clock, in Wilkinsburg.
FRIDAY, 17th September, 2 o'clock, P. M., at Taylor's tavern, in Monroeville, Patton township.
EVENING OF SAME DAY, 7 o'clock, at Summerville's tavern, in Texas, Plum township.
SATURDAY, 18th September, 2 o'clock, P. M., at Joseph Moon's, in McCandless township.
SAME DAY, 2 o'clock, P. M., at George W. Boyd's, in Upper St. Clair township.
EVENING OF SAME DAY, 7 o'clock, at H. Belzhoover's, in Baldwin township.

Speakers will be in attendance.

D. D. BRUCE,
Chairman of Dem. County Committee of Correspondence.

### Meeting of Democratic Committee of Correspondence.

The Democratic Committee of correspondence for Allegheny county, met in pursuance of adjournment at the St. Charles Hotel, on Saturday, September 11th, at 11 o'clock.

After the usual preliminary business had been disposed of the Committee appointed to call upon the Democratic candidates for their answer to the interrogatory, "Do you approve and endorse the principles set forth in the preamble and resolutions of the Democratic County Convention of the 18th of August, 1858," reported that they had called upon said candidates, and they had, in writing, answered said interrogatory, briefly and emphatically "Yes."

There being no further business before the Committee, on motion adjourned to meet at St. Charles Hotel, in city of Pittsburgh, on Thursday, the 16th inst, at 10 A. M.

D. D. BRUCE, Chairman.

N. P. FETTERMAN, Secretary, pro tem.

### Hit the Nail.

The Democracy of Massachusetts hit the nail on the head in one of the resolutions of their State convention. They resolved that "the opponents of the Democracy have not only lost their chief element of sectional strife—the Kansas agitation—by its exclusion from Congress, but they have in a most remarkable manner stultified themselves, and reversed their most clamorous professions of "freedom," by voting against the admission of Minnesota and Oregon as free States, and at the same time voting that Kansas might come in as a slave State if the majority of the people should so elect! An inconsistency still more suggestive of political hypocrisy when we find it followed up by these exclusive Pharisees of "freedom," proclaiming in some quarters their abhorrence of negro equality, and their determination, if they get the power, to banish all free and slave blacks out of the States." In Missouri, especially they have proclaimed their abhorrence of negro equality, where Mr. Frank P. Blair advocated on the stump, the plan of abolishing slavery and then excluding all the negroes from the State! Their Topeka constitution excluded free negroes from Kansas.

HON. DAVID TOD has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of Ashtabula District, as the successor of Joshua R. Giddings. This is a strong nomination. Mr. Todd is one of the most prominent and able men in the State, and has a national reputation. If the district was not so atrociously lack in its politics, it would elect Mr. Tod.

### Which is the Party of Freedom?

A Democratic Congress has admitted every new State into the Union. The Democracy voted to admit, and did admit, a free State last winter. The Opposition never admitted a free State, and next winter voted against admitting one. When the Opposition charges the Democracy pro-slaveryism, let them remember these facts.

### Interesting to Newspaper Proprietors.

One of the Courts of the State of Indiana, recently made a decision, which is of interest to all newspaper proprietors throughout the Union. A controversy existed relative to a charge for advertising, between the commissioners of Hamilton county and the *Patriot* newspaper. It was held by the Judge that "the published terms of newspapers, constitute a contract. If work is given to newspaper publishers, without a special contract contravening the published terms, the publisher can charge and receive according to the terms so published. It is not necessary to prove what the work cost, or was worth; the publishers have a right to fix the estimate value of their columns, and if so fixed, no other question need be asked, but the price thus charged can be recovered."

JUDGE BOWLIN of Missouri, has accepted the mission to Paraguay.

—Mrs. Mary Poorman, recently died at the residence of her son, near Massillon, O, at the age of eighty years. For forty-two days previous to her death, she did not partake of a particle of food, drinking but a small portion of water. She died of typhoid fever, and considering her age, she exhibited a most remarkable instance of the tenacity of life without nourishment.

### A SINGLE ISSUE.

Those wise individuals, who, a few weeks ago, were so intensely desirous of fighting the approaching political campaign upon the single and important issue of opposition to railroad taxation to the exclusion of the more vital and comprehensive issues of the party, such as the foreign and domestic policy of the Administration, the tariff, banks, &c., have got themselves into a most unhappy position. They fell into the grievous error of supposing that, by following the example of the Opposition in adopting a temporary and local issue as the basis of the campaign, they would insure the success of the Democratic ticket.—The disposition on the part of the people to resist taxation for railroad purposes until the question had been decided by the Courts, as to their liability in equity and law to pay the railroad interest, was so universal, that the managers of our Convention were deceived into the belief that, by ignoring the Democratic issues of the day and refusing to say anything about either the State or National Administration, they could, for this once, secure enough of abolition and Know Nothing votes to elect the ticket. The Convention was led into the commission of precisely the same foolish error, which has so often defeated our opponents. The Democracy has always regarded the chief point of weakness in the Opposition as lying in its sectionalism, and the readiness with which it seized upon and adopted temporary and local issues. For doing thus, it has been compelled again and again to re-organize its forces—to see them again defeated for a repetition of the same error. But not having the wisdom or the prudence to take warning from the disastrous results to our opponents of the want of any enlarged ideas and national principles around which to rally their forces, the managers of the Convention of the 18th of August, resolved to stake the interest of the Democracy in this county upon a single local issue.—The warnings of old tried, honest, Democrats, that this course could not prove otherwise than disastrous, was scouted at by those wiseacres in the Convention, and now where do they find themselves? Their single plank is not strong enough to bear them up—the nominees upon the ticket cannot stand upon it, and like Peter, when he attempted to walk upon the water, they are ready to cry out "Save us, or we perish." This adoption, as the sole issue of the campaign, of a question which has nothing to do with Democratic principles or policy, but which is of the greatest importance to us as citizens, was a grave error on the part of the Convention, but it is not too late to provide a remedy. Already many of the most sterling men who belong to the Democratic organization, have declared themselves upon the platform of National Democracy. They challenge no man's opinion upon any question which does not bear upon the vital principles of the Democracy, and their example should be followed by every Democrat in the county, as it will by most of them. The Cincinnati platform is sound and whole yet, and we can all stand upon that.—Let the people themselves do what the leaders of the Convention would not do—re-enact that platform in their public meetings and their resolutions. The stand which the Democracy took last year upon the Anti-Tax Question, and which is still maintained by all except a few ultraists, is the stand which will be sustained by the people. It is too late for the Know Nothing Republican party to succeed in stealing that thunder, although they are attempting to do so, and like Zacheus, claim to be anti-tax. The position of our party upon the local issue will aid us in the election of our ticket, and the open, independent acknowledgment of our great principles cannot but give us additional strength.

The aid of the *True Press*, and the endorsement by the distinctive Anti Tax Convention of the Democratic ticket, has not as yet, done it any serious injury. The ground which the "man who made the Republican party," started out upon, in regard to the men who ought to be elected, has melted away so entirely, that he is glad to cry out "let bygones be bygones." He has found out that the cry of "hireling editors" and a "hireling press," comes with a bad grace from those who indeed were paid for services to railroads and lending their influence in procuring subscriptions, while the poor devils of editors were not. It is manifest, as we argued in Saturday's *Post*, that it will not do to ostracise men for what they have heretofore done in behalf of railroads. If Thomas Williams and James A. Gibson, are not clear upon the record, how can they, as leaders of the Anti-Tax party, demand that the nominees on the Democratic ticket, shall be more pure than they are themselves.

It seems now, to be pretty generally admitted, that the nominees upon the Democratic ticket, will be permitted to go undisturbed by the questions of the *True Press* Convention, Let them now declare themselves as Democrats and all will be well. "Let bygones be bygones" and hereafter let us all take, as the Convention should have done, an honest, open, honorable Democratic stand.

### Convention of Railroad Officers.

Yesterday afternoon, at two o'clock, a Convention of Railroad Officers met at the Girard House The representatives were—Erastus Corning, Esq, President of the N. Y. Central; Moran, New York and Erie; Brooks, Baltimore and Ohio; Thomson and Scott, Penn; Barrow, Ohio and Mississippi; Newton, Vibbard, Pruyn, and Brultard, of the New York Central; Houston, of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago; and Sloan, of the Hudson River Railroad. The Hon. Erastus Corning presided. As no reporters were admited, we are unable to give an account of the proceedings.

The Convention had not adjourned at eleven o'clock last night. The object of the meeting is to effect a settlement of the difficulties which have existed for some time between these companies in excessive competition in trade. They desire to adopt a uniform advance of prices, and a more harmonious action hereafter with each other.

A number of gentlemen, not connected with the Convention, were also present, incidentally; among them William H. Clement, Esq., Vice President and Superintendent of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad; also P. W. Strader, General Ticket Agent; Thomas Lough, an executive officer of the same road, and D S. Gray, Esq., an officer of the Central Ohio Railroad, who are at the Girard House.

In addition to the above, the *Bulletin* of Friday afternoon says:

This morning the meeting went, article by article, over the arrangement of last July, and all were agreed upon, with some exceptions; the representatives of the New York and Erie joining in the arrangement. The points which could not be readily adjusted were the rules which fixed the rates for all rail, and rail and water carriage. At two o'clock, when the reporter of the *Bulletin* left the hotel, these matters were still under discussion, with a prospect that they would be satisfactorily adjusted, and that a uniform living rate would be fixed.

HOW TO STOP BLOOD.—Take the fine dust of tetn or the scraping of the inside of tanned leather, and bind it close upon the wound, and blood will soon cease to flow. These articles are at all times accessible, and easy to be obtained. After the blood has ceased to flow, laudanum may be advantageously applied to the wound. Due regard to these instructions will save agitation of mind, and running for the surgeon, who would probably not make up a better perscription if present

—Wyman, the Wizard, has made an engagement with Barnum, to travel over Europe five years.

### VARIOUS THINGS.

—The Bank of Fayette County, commenced operations on the first of September.

—"Oh, my friend" said a doctor, to an Irish patient, "be composed; we must all die once." "And its that what vexes me," replied Pat; "If I could die a half a dozen times, I'd not care a half a penny about this time."

—An Irish fellow in Albany, is going to have his life insured, so that when he dies, he can have something to live on, and not be dependent upon the cold charities of the world as he once was.

—A man greatly in debt, on his deathbed said to his friends: "I only wish to live till I have paid my debts. His friends commended the motive of his prayer, and the sick man in a low tone, proceeded: "and if heaven would grant me this favor, I know my life would be very long indeed."

—The post offices clerks in Prussia are compelled to wear uniform in the streets, and that Government now intends to impose the same uniform, on the employees of railways and telegraphs. To distinguish, however, these three classes of functionaries, those of the post office are to have on their caps a horn, those of the railways a wheel, and those of the telegraph an arrow.

—There are six steam fire engines in Saint Louis.

—The wharves of New Orleans, rent for a million dollars.

—About sixty bales of new cotton have been, received at Mobile.

—In the East India Marine Hall, at Salem, there is a sprig of the veritable Upas tree.

—The expenditures of Hamilton County, O, for the month of August, were $144,088, the receips, $100,186.

—Somebody writes from an American vessel, in the Chinese waters, that a worthy missionary had scattered several copies of the ten commandments. The next day they were sent back, with the request that they might be distributed among the French and English, for the facts contained admirable doctrines, and these people evidently much needed them.

—Two wills have just been recorded in Philadelphia. The first one "I will and and bequeath all moneys and effects owned by me, to——or his heirs." The other is still more brief and reads thus: "I will everything to my wife absolutely." These wills, though brief, are just as effective as though whole quires of paper had been written over.

—A pattern of the new cent proposed to be issued next year has been exhibited to the American Numismatic Society of New York by an officer of the United States Mint. It is of nickel, the same size as that of 1857 and 1858, but differs from that coin in the substitution of an Indian head for the abortive eagle which disgraces the present currency.

—No lady will be admitted so the next "Woman's Rights" Convention, who does not "shave and sing bass." The officers are expected to wear moustaches.

—Did you ever know a redhaired woman who had a very clear notion of where *scarlet* began, and *auburn* terminated?

—A man sitting upon the veranda of an upcountry inn hailed "one of the oldest inhabitants," and inquired the denomination of the church upon the opposite side of the road. The reply was: "Wal, she was a Baptist nat'rally, but they don't run her now."

### How it Looks to an Outsider.

We copy the following extract of a letter dated Kittanning, August 9th, from the Philadelphia *North American*.

I have just returned from Pittsburgh, where political matters are sadly mixed up. The anti railroad tax sentiment is very intense among the Democracy, and it must be confessed that it prevails to some extent among the Republicans, especially in the country districts. In the Democratic party repudiation is the sole plank of their platform. Buchanan and Douglas, Lecompton and anti-Lecompton, free trade and tariff, are alike ignored. But to bring in the scattering repudiators from the other parties, an anti-tax party, headed by Thomas Williams, has been organized, which has adopted the ticket of the Democracy for everything below Congress. This movement has alarmed many old Democrats, who are unable to see where the party may be drifted by this new current, and are not quite satisfied to find themselves marching under the lead of "Tom Williams," and fighting under the black flag of repudiation, and nothing else. These last propose to call another convention, for the purpose of endorsing Buchanan, Lecompton, and other *pure* Democratic men and things. If they do this, it will only make confusion worse confounded.

Williams is the anti-tax nominee for Congress, but has no possible chance of an election. Judge Wilkins, who is opposed to repudiation, was openly insulted and put to silence in the Democratic Convention. Poor old man! He reminds one of Shakspeare's Cardinal Wolsey. Dr. M'Clintock, one of the best men they ever had, has been thrown overboard for the same reason. The fact is, this detestable principle, or rather feeling, overrides everything else, and has spread through that community like an epidemic, irritated and urged on by the inflammatory eloquence of Mr. Williams, who is realy an able man, and who has the reputation of being a sound and deeply learned lawyer. It really seems as if he were laboring under a strong mania on that particular subject. The Republicans feel the disturbing effects of this thing very seriously, but I think they are still safe. They hold on manfully to their cherished principles, and are much calmer than their opponents, and carry a more upright keel amid the storm.

### Living Fairies.

We had the pleasure of seeing yesterday at a gentleman's residence in this city, two little girls who presented in themselves a singular physiological study. Their ages were respectively nine and eleven years, while they weighed but thirteen and fifteen pounds, and their heighth from crown to sole is but twenty-nine and thirty-one inches, respectively; yet they are in all respects symmetrically made, healthy and happy children, able to talk, sing, dance and play like other children of their age.

What is remarkable about these little fairies moreover, is the fact that their father and mother are mortals of the ordinary size, and they have a younger brother and sister, eight and six years old, who have attained a growth usual to their ages. They are a much greater curiosity than the "Aztecs," who made so much excitement here a few years since, for they were idiotic, while these little girls are bright and intelligent as well as diminutive. They will not be made a public exhibition, but will live natural lives in privacy, with their relations, although they might make a fortune for a showman. They are charmingly pretty children, and contributed greatly to the entertainment of a few friends invited to meet them yesterday.

[*Boston Advertiser.*

### A Canal through the Rocky Mountains.

During the recent debate in the British House of Commons on the subject of the renewal of the Hudson Bay Company's privileges, Lord Bury offirmed that a communication might easily be established between Lake Superior and the Pacific Ocean, by the means of a ship canal connecting the Saskatchewan and Columbia rivers. Both rivers take their rise in the Rocky Mountains, the Columbia flowing west to the Pacific and the Saskatchewan running east to Lake Winnipeg, a little to the north west of Lake Superior. With the exception of a single rapid (which might be avoided by a canal,) his lordship stated that the navigation of the Saskatchewan offers no difficulty. With that one exception, a vessel of considerable size can be taken up to the foot of the Rocky Mountains, and at this point there is a gap in the mountain which interposes no great obstacle to the junction of the Columbia and Saskatchewan, whose sources are but a short distance apart. Thus a direct communication would be established with the Pacific.

### The Atlantic Cable.

TRINITY BAY, September 10.—M. De Santy, the electrician of the Atlantic Telegraph Station at this place, declines to make any statement relative to the Atlantic cable for publication, beyond the positive assurance to the agent of the Associated Press that there are only temporary difficulties of an electrical nature, and no reason whatever for any rumor that the cable had parted.

# THE LATEST NEWS

## BY TELEGRAPH.

### Accident on the Steubenville and Indiana Railroad.

STEUBENVILLE, September 11.—The express going west yesterday evening on the Steubenville and Indiana railroad, met with a serious accident thirteen miles west of this place. In crossing a bridge, the express car and rear of the engine jumped the track, and knocking out some of the main timbers, caused the bridge to suddenly give way and the baggage car and front passenger car went down with the bridge ten or twelve feet, while the rear end of the hind car remained on the abutment. The first car was almost completely broken up, and the seats nearly all broken from their fastenings in the rear car.

The following are the persons injured: J. Mooney, conductor, head severely cut; Byron Roach, of Louisville, Ky., both legs broken; E. J. Cornell, baggage master, wrist sprained and badly bruised. Rev. Mr. Watson, of Amsterdam, ankle sprained; James Jacobs of Maysville, Kentucky, slightly bruised; Andrew Anderson, of Harrison county, Ohio, slightly bruised; Mrs. C. Wainwright, of New Jersey, slightly injured; D. C. Gill, of Dayton. Mrs. Meredith, of Xenir, Ohio; Miss Lyons, of Elizabethtown, N. J; Dr. Allen, of Belleville, Arkansas, Rev. S. J. Humphreys, and lady, of Newark, Ohio; H. H. Moore, of Hilton, Indiana; Jno. P. Draper, of Danville, Ill.; Capt. H. I. Barr, of Pittsburgh; Jos. Fleming, of Zanesville, fatally; Oliver Ormsby, of Vevay, Ind., and a great number of others who would not give their names, were injured more or less.

### Convention of Railroad Officers.

PHILADELPHIA, September 11.—The result of the Convention of Railroad Presidents is a general advance of passenger rates from all western points to New York, of $3, and to Philadelphia of a very slight amount, so as to make the rates to both points the same as they were previous to the reduction. These rates, as well as the following freight charges to New York, will go into effect after the ratification of the four lines interested:

| | 1st Cl's. | 2d Cl's. | 3d Cl's | 4th Cl's. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cin., Dayton, Xenia and Piqua | $1 20 | $ 88 | $ 70 | 55 |
| Louisville | 1 35 | 1 02 | 83 | 63 |
| Cairo | 1 75 | 1 40 | 1 15 | 85 |
| Evansville | 1 70 | 1 35 | 1 10 | 80 |
| St. Louis | 1 70 | 1 35 | 1 10 | 80 |
| Alton | 1 65 | 1 30 | 1 05 | 75 |
| Vincennes | 1 55 | 1 20 | 1 00 | 70 |
| Columbus, Newark and Zanesville | 1 15 | 83 | 65 | 53 |
| Springfield, Ohio, Urbana | 1 10 | 88 | 70 | 54 |
| Cleveland | 90 | 68 | 55 | 40 |
| Sandusky | 1 00 | 76 | 63 | 46 |
| Toledo | 1 04 | 79 | 64 | 48 |
| Mansfield, Crestline, Wooster | 1 07 | 82 | 65 | 51 |
| Madison, Indiana | 1 35 | 1 02 | 83 | 63 |
| Terre Haute | 1 60 | 1 18 | 90 | 73 |
| Indianapolis | 1 25 | 93 | 75 | 58 |
| Jeffersonville | 1 35 | — | — | — |
| New Albany | 1 45 | 1 12 | 93 | 73 |
| Bellefontaine | 1 15 | 82 | 68 | 52 |
| Forest, (not less than Bellefontaine) | — | — | — | — |
| Fort Wayne, Indiana | 1 27 | 99 | 80 | 60 |
| Peru, Indiana | 1 34 | 1 05 | 84 | 65 |
| Logansport | 1 36 | 1 07 | 85 | 66 |
| Lafayette | 1 39 | 1 09 | 89 | 68 |
| Attica | 1 44 | 1 14 | 90 | 70 |
| Danville | 1 50 | 1 15 | 15 | 73 |
| Tolona | 1 59 | 1 23 | 1 00 | 78 |
| Decatur | 1 65 | 1 28 | 1 05 | 79 |
| Springfield, Illinois | 1 68 | 1 30 | 1 05 | 84 |
| Jacksonville, Naples | 1 74 | 1 36 | 1 14 | 86 |
| Chicago | 1 55 | 1 16 | 1 00 | 76 |

### Anniversary of Perry's Victory.

CLEVELAND, September 11.—Eight steamers and one schooner load of passengers from lake ports, numbering six thousand persons, celebrated Perry's Victory at Put-in-bay yesterday. The U. S. steamer, Michigan, was present. Prayer was offered by Rev. Duffield, of Philadelphia. Speeches were delivered by Dr. Parsons, of Providence, R. I, Surgeon of Perry's flag ship, Capt. Champlin, of the steamer Scorpion, Mayor Starkweather, of Cleveland, Cooke, of Sandusky, Mason, of Toledo, Wilkins, of Detroit, Gov. Chase, Day, Giddings and Senator Wade, were present. The Monumental Association formed, and Hon. Lewis Cass was chosen President.

### From Washington.

WASHINGTON CITY, September 11.—Dr. Thos. Rainey, of New York, has been appointed by the President special agent to accompany the recaptured Africans and deliver them to the authorities of Liberia. He is well known in connection with the enterprise for establishing a line of steamers between the United States and Brazil, which he will continue to press at the next session of Congress.

[Correspondence of the Philadelphia Gazette]

### The Extravagance of Fashion—September Bonnets in Paris.

PARIS, August 17.

I never remember to have seen greater extravagance or more eccentricity in toilette than during the past few months. At the seaside, and the various other watering places of the continent the whole attire of the ladies is not that of sensible women of the nineteenth century, but gives the idea of the fantastic creations of wild girls on a frolic. The hats are so various and so grotesque, the skirts so voluminous, the trimmings and furbelows so profuse that the eye is now more often offended than gratified by the productions of European milliners and manutuamakers.

For September bonnets our milliners are preparing Belgian straw, trimmed with a bow of the same straw, mixed with white ears and poppies placed at the side, and a ponceau ribbon across the forehead, ending on the side in a Pompadour rosette, and on the other in a small bunch of wheat ears and poppies. Black bows of tafies or velvet trim the bonnet; sometimes the tafies is placed as a scarf across the bonnet, and is edged with lace. The strings and flowers should be of bright colors. Leghorn, for the autumn, is generally decorated with rich dark fancy ribbons, with autumn fruits. For the cool mornings and evenings of August and September, the light clear burnous is worn; we see them of brown gray, stripped black and white, Scotch plaid, and cross-barred flannel. The hood has a tassel. All robes of pique are made with a cassock of the same, thus obviating the necessity of any additional wrapping for the street. The black silk burnous, trimmed with a ruche of the same silk, is a very favorite garment; it effectually conceals the dress, and is therefore, useful to wear over a morning peignoise. Flowers and velvet bows are the fashionable evening coiffures: the flowers are principally arranged in wreaths, sometimes quite, but generally fuller behind than in front. The flowers most used are wild roses, daisies of various colors, white and red azaleas, ivy or hollyhock, acacia and water-lillies.

### Fever and Ague!

*A Case of Eight Months' Standing Cured by Boerhave's Holland Bitters.*

Michael Kelly, No. 117 Seventh, near Grant street, Pittsburgh, says:

"Last July, while running on the river, on a cotton boat plying between Natchez and New Orleans, I was taken with Fever and Ague. For eight long months I suffered with this dreadful disease. The greater part of this time I was unable to work, and spent at least fifty dollars for different medicines, but found no permanent relief. Three weeks ago, one of my friends insisted upon my trying Boerhave's Holland Bitters, saying that a cure was guaranteed. After taking it for one week, I must say I was a sound man. I have been at work now for two weeks and have had no return of the Chills or Fever whatever."

I certify that the above statement is true.

THOMAS ADAMS,
Diamond House, or R. Chester's Gothic Hall.

*Caution!*—Be careful to ask for *Boerhave's Holland Bitters.* Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the sole Proprietors, Benjamin Page, Jr., & Co., No. 27 Wood street, between First and Second streets, and Druggists generally.


WILL RE-OPEN ON *THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2D,* PROF. COWPER'S FASHIONABLE DANCING ACADEMY, AT NEVILLE HALL, CORNER FOURTH AND LIBERTY STS.

DAYS OF TUITION—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Master and Misses Classes at 3 P. M.; Ladies Class 4 P. M.; Gentlemen's Class 8 P. M. Prof. Cowper can be seen at the Scott House, daily. au26:1m

McKEESPORT—TWO DWELLING Houses and a Store, situate on Fifth street, McKeesport, will be sold at a bargain, by R. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market st. se8

$20,000.....Wanted.....$20,000.

$20,000 GOOD NOTES, BONDS, and Mortgages. Apply to JAMES C. RICHEY, se7 Real Estate and Bill Broker, 65 Fifth st.

4 LOTS FOR SALE—SITUATED ON Federal street, Allegheny City, above North Common, will be sold low and on easy terms. Apply to JAMES C. RICHEY, se7 Real Estate and Bill Broker, 65 Fifth st.

SWEET POTATOES—10 barrels Jersey Sweet Potatoes, just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, se4 Corner Market and First sts.

COOPERS WANTED—2 good Coopers wanted to work on tight work. Inquire of JAMES A. FETZER, se10 Corner Market and Fourth streets.

PERFECT TIME AT HALF THE USUAL COST—AMERICAN WATCHES—APPLETON TRACY & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF PATENT LEVER WATCHES, WALTHAM, MASS.—These Watches are made by the aid of new and original machinery and tools, expressly designed to secure, with a low price, a fine substantial and reliable time keeper. To be had at our agents, REINEMAN & MEYRAN, Pittsburgh, Pa

APPLETON TRACY & CO., se10 Waltham, Mass.


## COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH BOARD OF TRADE AND MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

*President.*
WM. H. SMITH.

*Vice Presidents.*
ISAIAH DICKEY, 1st EDWARD GREGG, 2d.

*Treasurer.*
N. HOLMES, Jr.

*Superintendent.*
JOSEPH SNOWDEN.

*Committee of Arbitration for August.*
ISAIAH DICKEY, V. P.,
C. H. PAULSON, JAMES GARDINER,
DAVID CAMPBELL, AUSTIN LOOMIS.

**Stage of Water.**
One foot six inches water in the channel.

### PITTSBURGH MARKET.

*Reported Expressly for the Daily Morning Post.*

PITTSBURGH, September 11 1858.

FLOUR...The sales to-day amount to 225 bbl ts. viz:—From first hands: 30 bbls superfine at $5,12, and from store 193 bbls. at $5,37@5,50 for superfine; $5,62@5,75 for extra do, and $6 for extra family.

GRAIN...Sales of 50 bush: Oats from first hands at 46c. ℔ 32 lbs.

HAY...Sales 4 loads from scales at $8@12 ℔ ton.

PEACHES...Sales of 20 baskets Peaches at $2,25@2,75 ℔ basket.

APPLES...Sales of 7 baskets from first hands at $1@1,50.

POTATOES...Sales of 5 bbls. large sweet at $4,50.

CHEESE...Sales 50 boxes W. R. at 8c. ℔ lb.

WHISKY...Sales 28 bbls. rectified at 27c.

VINEGAR...Regular sales of Ballou's to city and country at 8c. ℔ gallon; to all other markets 9c.

### Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, September 10.—Flour market quiet, with no export demand; sales to the trade at $5,25@5,37½ for old stock; $5,62½@5,75 for fresh ground at $6,25 for extra, and $6,50 @ $7,50 for extra family and fancy. Nothing doing in Rye Flour or Corn Meal; no sales of importance Less demand for wheat; prices declined 2c ℔ bush; sales at $1,28@ $1,30 for red, and $1 85 for white. Rye unchanged. Corn advanced: sales southern yellow at 92½ afloat, and some Pennsylvania at 93 in store. Oats in demand; sales old Pennsylvania at 50@51 in store, and southern afloat at 42. Whisky dull at 25@26 for Pennsylvania and Ohio in bbls.

### Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, September 11.—Flour is very dull; sales 900 bbls at $4,60@4,75, closing nominal. Wheat dull and nominally unchanged. Whisky has advanced to 20½c, with a fair demand at the advance. There is no change in Provisions, and the market is dull and drooping. Money is easy, and currency is plenty at 10@12; Exchange on New York is very dull at ¼ ℔ cent premium.

### New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 11.—Cotton firm; sales 1100 bales. Flour heavy; 7500 bbls sold. Wheat declined: 5000 bush sold; red $1,17@1,20; white $1,22@1,40. Corn firm; 27,000 bush sold at 66@75. Beef dull at $14@14,50. Pork dull at $15,40@15,50. Bacon quiet at 6½@6¾. Linseed Oil and Leather are quiet but steady. Hides firm. Freights on Cotton to Liverpool 6-32.


☞ HEARTBURN—This painful sensation arises from the stomach and the diseased condition of the digestive organs, which may be cured by the use of WILSON'S PILLS—a remedy which twenty years' experience has proved to be unequalled as a general cathartic medicine. It is prepared and sold by B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and proprietors of B. L. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE. No. 60, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

See advertisement on third page of this day's paper.

B. T. KENNEDY.....W. S. KENNEDY.

PEARL STEAM MILL,

*ALLEGHENY CITY,*

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.

WHEAT, RYE, AND CORN PURCHASED.

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, AND HOMINY,

MANUFACTURED AND DELIVERED IN PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY.

au7:1ydaw TERMS CASH ON DELIVERY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPLENDID NEW STOCK

—OF—

PIANOS AND MELODEONS

SELECTED FOR THE FALL TRADE FROM THE CELEBRATED MANUFACTORIES

BY

CHICKERING & SON'S,

BOSTON,

RAVEN, BACON & CO., and A. H. GALE & CO., New York City.

WOODWARD & BROWN, and W. P. EMERSON, Boston, and other distinguished Piano Forte Makers; all of which will be sold at manufacturer's prices, and warranted.

The present stock has been selected by the subscriber personally, and every Piano is warranted to be perfect in every particular and will be sold at less prices than have ever been offered in this city,

PIANOS TO RENT.

Fine new and second hand Pianos to rent at $2, $3, $4 and $5 per month. JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street, se13 Between Diamond Alley and Fourth street.

AN ELEGANT SEVEN OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO FORTE IN EXCHANGE FOR GROCERIES OR DRY GOODS—A splendid 7 octave Piano, entirely new, will be exchanged for Dry Goods or Groceries. The owner having no need for a Piano, is willing to part with it at Eastern cost, and take payment in Dry Goods or Groceries, from good houses.

This Piano may be seen at the Music Store of se13 JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

STUB AND TWIST GUNS AT TEN DOLLARS.

STUB AND TWIST GUNS AT TEN DOLLARS.
STUB AND TWIST GUNS AT TEN DOLLARS.
STUB AND TWIST GUNS AT TEN DOLLARS.
CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG'S,
se13 No. 86 Wood street.

TABLE CUTLERY,
TOILET CUTLERY,
TOILET CUTLERY,
POCKET CUTLERY,
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
GUNS, PISTOLS, AND KNIVES,
FISHING TACKLE,
SPORTING APPARATUS.

☞ Particular attention paid to REPAIRING.
se13 BOWN & TETLEY, No. 136 Wood st.

BUGGIES, BAROUCHES, AND CARRIAGES, AT AUCTION—ON TUESDAY MORNING, September 14th, at 11 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, will be sold: 2 Buggies; 2 Barouches, and one Carriage, made by some of the most celebrated Eastern manufacturers.

se13 P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

ADJOURNED SALE OF WAREHOUSES ON WOOD STREET—ON TUESDAY EVENING, September 14th, at 7½ o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, will be sold: Those two valuable three story brick Warehouses, adjoining the drug warehouse of B. A. Fahnestock & Co., at the corner of Wood and Fourth streets, having each a front of 20 feet, and extending back 80 feet. Terms—One-half cash, residue in 12 months, with interest. (se13) P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

RYE FLOUR—19 bbls fresh ground Rye Flour, just received and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER, se18 Corner Market and First streets

FLOUR—30 bbls. choice Extra Superfine; 45 " " Superfine; Just received and for sale by JAMES A FETZER, se13 Corner Market and First streets.

CHAMOIS SKINS.—I have just received a large supply of fine Chamois Skins. Those wishing anything of the kind, should call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere JOS. FLEMING, se14 Corner Diamond and Market street.

HAIR OILS, POMADES, ETC.—I have just received a large and fine assortment of Hair Oils, Pomades, etc. Also, a fine assortment of genuine Antique Oil, one of the best Oils now in use for beautifying and promoting the growth of the hair.

JOSEPH FLEMING, se13 Corner Diamond and Market street.

MRS. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORATIVE—Another supply of this justly celebrated Hair Restorative; also, a large lot of Wood's excellent Hair Restorative, received by JOS. FLEMING, se13 Corner Diamond and Market street.

ARROW ROOT.—1 case genuine Bermuda Arrow Root, received by JOS. FLEMING. se13 Corner Diamond and Market street.

PIANO AT A BARGAIN.—A fine 6½ octave Rosewood Piano, just from the factory of NUNNS & CLARK, New York, will be sold by the subscribers at a sacrifice. It was purchased some two years ago for $325, and looks fully as well, and is in every respect as good as a new one. Sickness in the owner's family, has prevented them from making any use of it whatever, and several cases of death having since occurred, it will be sold low as above. H. KLEBER & BRO., 53 Fifth st

N. B.—A fresh supply of Steinway & Sons' celebrated Pianos is now on the way. Notice of arrival will be given. se9

DISSOLUTION—THE FIRM OF KNAP, WADE & CO. was dissolved on the first of July last. Their unsettled business will be attended to