

Remains of Ex-President Monroe.

The remains of Ex-President Monroe were

removed from New York City to Virginia on

Saturday on board the Jamestown. This cere-

mony was as impressive as on any previous day,

thousands of persons participating in them.

Hon. John Cochrane consigned the remains

to the custody of the committee of Virginians

in an earnest and appropriate speech, to which

Mr. O. Jennings Wise, of Virginia, son of

Gov. Wise, in accepting the trust in the name

of his colleagues, eloquently and solemnly re-

sponded. Minute guns were fired during the

afternoon by the Government forces. Both

the Jamestown and the Erie arrived at Rich-

mond on Sunday. The Mayor of Norfolk

boarded the Jamestown and delivered an

address, which was responded to by the Hon.

John Cochrane. Minute guns were fired and

various appropriate ceremonies were gone

through with.

The remains arrived at Richmond on Mon-

day morning, and were received by the mili-

tary and citizens with appropriate cere-

monies. Gov. Wise delivered an address, giving

a sketch of the life and services of President

Monroe, and the circumstances which led to

the removal of his remains.

A Mormon Manifesto.

Mr. John M. Bernhisel, Delegate to Con-

gress from Utah, publishes an Appeal to the

Public in relation to the march of the

Army towards Salt Lake City. He declares

that the Mormon's profession of a desire

to possess the territory of the United States

is a violation of the laws of the United States

and that the Mormon's demand for a

separate territory is a violation of the

Constitution of the United States.

He adds a threat that war will yet

ensue, if the army persists in the pursuit of

the Mormons.

The only public celebration in Philadelphia

on Monday, was the Democratic meeting in

Independence square, which passed off with

spirit.

One of a gang of rowdies shot a lad, aged

15, son of Col. T. Farlow on Monday. The

murdered escaped.

The weather could not be more favorable

for harvesting than has been during the past

week. The wheat crop will not yield so

much to the acre, as last year; but the num-

ber of acres planted is much larger while the

old stock in the hands of farmers as com-

pared with last year is very large. Breadstuffs

will doubtless be abundant and cheap during

the coming season.

The Cincinnati Price Current of the 30th

of June, says:

Wheat received within the past week, re-

ported on advice from between one and two

hundred districts, chiefly in Ohio, Indiana,

and Kentucky, but including many points in

Illinois, Virginia, Tennessee, and other States.

From this information, which we have examined

and digested, the following conclusions are de-

ducible:

1. The wheat crop, though seriously injured

in some localities, by excessive rains, rust,

weeds, smut, etc., may as a whole, be set down

as a good one—rather above than below an aver-

age, both as regards quantity and quality. This

crop added to the large stocks of last year's

wheat, will furnish the supplies for the coming

summer year considerably in excess of any year

for some years past.

2. One of the crops has been seriously injured in

some localities, by excessive rains, rust,

weeds, smut, etc., may as a whole, be set down

as a good one—rather above than below an aver-

age, both as regards quantity and quality. This

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THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

Further News by the City of Washington.

New York, July 6.—The City of Washington

arrived at New York on Saturday. The principal

features of her news are contained in the Op-

era Record.

The Oculic question had been brought up in

Parliament by the Bishop of Oxford, who in-

terposed the usual declaration of free emigra-

tion had proved to be slavery in its worst form.

Lord Brougham said it was the absolute duty

of the government to immediately prohibit the sys-

tem.

Great preparations were being made for the

formal opening of the submarine telegraph. It

was stated that the cable between London and

Paris had been laid, and that the cable between

London and New York had been laid, and that

the cable between London and San Francisco

had been laid, and that the cable between

London and Honolulu had been laid, and that

the cable between London and Manila had been

laid, and that the cable between London and

Singapore had been laid, and that the cable

between London and Batavia had been laid, and

that the cable between London and Calcutta

had been laid, and that the cable between

London and Rangoon had been laid, and that

the cable between London and Bombay had been

laid, and that the cable between London and

Canton had been laid, and that the cable

between London and Hong Kong had been laid,

and that the cable between London and

Shanghai had been laid, and that the cable

between London and Yokohama had been laid,

and that the cable between London and

Kobe had been laid, and that the cable

between London and Osaka had been laid, and

that the cable between London and

Kyoto had been laid, and that the cable

between London and

Beijing had been laid, and that the cable

between London and

Peking had been laid, and that the cable

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Tientsin had been laid, and that the cable

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Harbin had been laid, and that the cable

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Manchuria had been laid, and that the cable

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

Monday Morning, July 6th, 1888.

Assets:

Loans, Bills and Discounts, \$1,127,000 00

Real Estate and Personal, 476,200 00

Stocks and Bonds, 1,250,000 00

Due by other Banks, 604,600 00

Bank Notes and Checks, and U. S. Treasury, 66,600 00

Specie, 66,600 00

Total, \$3,580,400 00

Liabilities:

Capital Stock, \$1,127,000 00

Surplus, 476,200 00