The Morning Post.

JAMES R. BARR, Editor and Proprietor.

THURSDAY MORNING.....JUNE 24 1858.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

WILLIAM A. PORTER

OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

WESTLEY FROST,

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

OFFICIAL CORRUPTION.

It is an undoubted fact that New York City and Chicago are the two most corrupt cities in America. The depravity of the officials of these municipalities is astounding, and how the tax payers stand the wholesale manner in which they are fleeced, we are at a loss to imagine. We are glad to know that the public officers of Pittsburgh and of Allegheny county are mainly honest men. There may, it is true, be small leaks in the disposition of the public funds, but if so, they amount to mere trifles, and the leak is always stopped as soon as it is discovered. Public officers in this county are rather inclined to penuriousness than liberality in the disposition of the public funds entrusted to their charge. The people here cannot complain of high-salaried officers nor pets paid out of the people's money. But in Chicago and New York things are different. The Chicago *Times* charges, and proves, beyond peradventure, that the municipal authorities actually hire a man to visit houses of prostitution. After passing a night at one of these houses, and paying for it in money furnished by city officials, he the next day goes and prosecutes the keeper of the house. For this delectable business he receives from the city $9 a week, and all the money he may require to prosecute said business.

But this is a petty matter compared with the wholesale manner in which the people of New York are swindled. A report of the Commissioners on the opening of Second Avenue for four and a half blocks, contains a bill for services, expenses, &c., which beats anything we ever heard of.

The following are the items in the commissioner's bill:

David Deans, 240 meetings	$960 00
Henry Beekman, 240 meetings	960 00
Philip W. Engs, 100 meetings	400 00
Adam Badeau, clerk	1,200 00
Carriage hire	25 00
Surveyor's bill	4,652 55
Room rent	720 00
Stationer's bill	175 00
Copying reports	1,300 00
Posting notices	188 00
Advertising	500 00
Total	$11,080 55

It should be borne in mind that the moneys which the commissioners have demanded for their services, is only to pay for declaring the avenue opened. The expense of actual opening is yet to come, and the enormous amounts which are to be paid to property owners along the line of the opening as an indemnity for the proportionate increase in the value of their property, is yet to be added.

Although it is not customary to assess more than eleven to fifteen blocks from the point of opening, the commissioners in this case have assessed all the property down as far as Houston street, a distance of six miles from the contemplated improvement. A large portion of this property has already paid two assessments for opening the avenue, and yet these wise commissioners after meeting two hundred and forty times, and charging four dollars each for their attendance at every meeting, arrived at the conclusion that the owners could stand one more assessment, and they no doubt thought that by spreading it over a course of six miles, the individual expense would be so small that it would not attract attention.

Fortunately for the tax payers of New York, this bill must be approved of by the Supreme Court before it can be paid. It would seem from such exposition as well as from other continually recurring statements of official corruption, that honest men must be scarce in Gotham.

We have now a commission at work for a similar purpose in this city—the opening of Pennsylvania Avenue to Fifth Street. We are not informed what the actual expenses of the commissioners have been in performing this duty, but we will venture to say, that it will not be one twentieth what the New York officials have charged. In this county such flagrant swindling of the public by those appointed to serve it, would forever disgrace all parties connected with it.

THE *Gazette* does not acknowledge its error in stating that the appropriations of Congress were $92,000,000, when they were not two-thirds of that amount. It does not, however, re-iterate the assertion which it had previously made, from which we infer, that it sees its error, but having said "the horse was sixteen feet high," intends to stick to it. It gives us, however, a new lot of figures of alleged governmental expenditures for the last sixteen months, which may, or may not, be correct. We may take occasion to analyze these, when the weather is cooler than it is now.

The *Gazette* charges us with having made "ungentlemanly allusions" to one of its editors. If an allusion to the gentleman's previous political position before becoming one of the proprietors of the *Gazette* is "ungentlemanly," our education has not been a sufficiently polished one to perceive it. If we had said that one of the editors of the *Gazette* was a few months ago a "bloody Locofoco," and edited a "Locofoco Newspaper," we might have been charged with discourtesy in the language used to announce a fact. But we did not use such terms. The editor alluded to is a stranger amongst us and a gentleman. We intended no discourtesy. If he has "turned his coat," it is no more than others high in favor in the party to which he now belongs have done. If he is satisfied with his affiliation with the "happy union" for which he so eloquently pleads, we shall not disturb him with reminiscences which appear to be distasteful to him.

THE PEOPLES CONVENTION.

We refer our readers to our local column for the proceeding of the United American and People's Convention held yesterday. The Convention was fully attended, both the cities and a large number of the boroughs and townships being represented. The movement is one of portent to the opposition. It is idle for the *Gazette* to talk about a "happy union" as long as so many, of the members of its party are determined in their opposition to union. The Convention adjourned until the 25th of August to nominate a county ticket. That it will nominate such a ticket and that it will be supported by a large and respectable number of the members of the opposition party, we have not a doubt. All these things are working well for the Democracy, and badly—very badly—for the *Gazette's* "happy union."

Reform Demanded.

The Butler *Democratic Herald* says that it is undeniable that there is a very general and determined spirit of *reform* existing throughout that county. The heaviness of the taxes; the increase of salaries, and the growing system of speculation that is running into all public offices, are much complained of. But the principle reform demanded is in reference to the office of County Superintendent of Common Schools. The movement already commenced in reference to school affairs, we understand, will settle down in favor of specific *reforms* and not against the whole system as a system. There is a very general opinion in favor of abolishing the Superintendency, and, if necessary, the substituting a less objectionable plan for accomplishing the same object.

A similar spirit of reform is manifested in many of the other counties of the State. While the people are warmly favorable to education, they object to a system which builds up a class of teachers at the expense of others equally if not more meretorious. In other words, the public do not like to be taxed to pay a large salary to a man for doing that, which, in most cases, the public could do for itself, and do it better than a high salaried agent.

Congressional Economy.

The loan bill which passed Congress just at the close of the session was for fifteen millions of dollars. This was all the administration asked. When the bill was pending in the House, Mr. Howard, of Michigan, moved to increase the amount to thirty millions. The proposition was very generally supported by the Black Republicans, but voted down by the Democratic majority. The purpose of the Black Republicans was to vote the loan and then to vote expenditures equal to it; and then, by and by, to charge extravagance upon the administration.

It will be found, we think, that the appropriations at the late session have been governed by considerations of the wisest economy. It is certain that estimates of the departments were governed by such considerations. It is observable that the Black Republicans have uniformly voted for the largest proposed expenditures, except when they could embarrass the administration by retarding some important measure, such as the deficiency bill, and the increase of the army bill.

Lawrence County Nominations.

On Monday last, the Republicans of Lawrence county made the following nominations.

For Congress—W. Stewart, of Mercer.
For Legislature—James D. Bryson.
For Sheriff—Silas Stevenson.
For Coroner—Robert Fulton.
For Register and Recorder—John W. Fulkerson.

The Congressional district is composed of Beaver, Lawrence and Mercer counties. Mr. Stewart is the present member, and will be re-nominated in the district.

A Vigilance Committee called for at Fort Leavenworth.

The following notice has appeared in posters, and the press at Leavenworth, Kansas:

NOTICE!—The citizens of this city are requested to meet at the Recorder's Office, over the Market House this evening at 8 o'clock P. M., to take into consideration the propriety of organizing a

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE
For the safety of the citizens of this city.
BY ORDER OF MANY CITIZENS.

Leavenworth, June 15, 1858.

From some accounts we have seen Leavenworth is infested with a profligate crowd of refugees from justice in various quarters, but this experiment is too strong a measure to be resorted to for even very bad evils, until the entire powers of the law have been tried and proved ineffectual.

VARIOUS THINGS.

—A chief of the Snake Indians, residing near Utah, lately died, and his relatives, in addition to the killing of his favorite horses over his grave, buried with him, alive, a little child, of whom the deceased was very fond, in order that he might accompany him to the spirit-land—They wrapped the boy up alive in a blanket, and, placing him in the grave with the corpse, buried them together.

—Bishop James is to preside at the coming session of the Erie Conference.

—The Buffalo Postmaster has followed the example of the New York official, and placed a lady clerk at the ladies' department of the Post Office.

—A late letter from Kansas says the friends of Lane report his condition as being critical. The ball which struck him has cut the leader of the leg, above the knee: glancing upwards, it has gone in some five or six inches, so far that to this time the physicians have been unable to extract it. He has sent a private note to the United States Judge, Cato, requesting him to preside at his examination. The Judge will comply with this request of his old antagonist in the political world.

—The California papers contain the prospectus of a Catholic journal, the first ever issued on the Pacific coast of North America.

—There has been a case of spontaneous combustion at Havana, among the immense coal deposits of Messrs. Saws & Co. Troops and citizens, laborers, &c., worked three days and nights endeavoring to extinguish it, but in vain. It is said ten thousand tons of coal will be lost—equal to $70,000

—There is said to be an organized gang of swindling land-brokers in Northern Iowa and Southern Minnesota, who rob the emigrants by selling them counterfeit titles to the land. In Iowa there are already detected sales of land to the amount of $100,000 under these fictitious titles.

The Westmoreland District.

The Democrats of Indiana county held a meeting on Monday night last, and unanimously nominated Gen. Henry D. Foster for Congress, as those of Westmoreland had previously done. This insures his nomination, although the Armstrong Democrats will not take action until next week.

The Democrats of the Twentieth District can and will elect Gen. Foster over "Glorious God Covode," or any other man whom the Black Republicans may nominate.

Experiments with potatoes.

Last spring, I planted my potatoes in three different ways, viz:

First bed large potatoes one in hill.

Second bed large potatoes, cut, one piece in a hill.

Third bed small potatoes two in a hill.

The ground was manured broadcast and plowed under. The result was that the first bed had large potatoes, three weeks earlier, than the third bed, and kept ahead of the second and third beds during the entire season. I find plaster spread on the hills after they are up a decided advantage. On the 20th of March I planted them, putting the dirt out of the box in the hills. On the 15th of June I had good potatoes, large enough for use. I never saw more potatoes raised on a piece of ground of the same size. Some of hills have twenty-five large potatoes in them. Nearly every farmer endeavors to get good seed of all kinds except potatoes. In the great majority of cases small potatoes are the only kind planted. As valuable a crop as this should receive more attention than it does I am perfectly satisfied that the quantity raised in the United States could be doubled on the same number of acres, in three years by a proper attention to increasing the quality of the seed and proper culture.

I hope every farmer will note accurately the results upon this important subject and give us their experience. The grand secret of good farming is to have the best seed of all kinds that can be obtained: plant no more than can be tilled and manured. G. W. H.

Berkly Springs, Va., 1858.

The Pennsylvania Disaster.

The Memphis and the St. Louis papers—the latter speaking by the authority of the captain of the ill-fated boat—greatly conflict in their statement of the loss of life by the explosion of the *Pennsylvania*. The St. Louis *Republican*, by its reports, believes that not more than twelve lives were lost, whereas the Memphis papers of the 17th report the loss to the extent of *forty-two*, and there were still lying in the city, more or less injured, many of them then expected to die, not less than fifty. The safe of the boat, which went down with the wreck, contained about $15,000, partly owned by the passengers, partly by the officers.

—The Santa Fe *Gazette* says that there are not more than four hundred *bona fide* residents within the whole territory out of which it is proposed to form Arizonia. This number is exclusive of the inhabitants of Dona Ana county, the latitudinal line having been abandoned.

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

Destructive Fire at Albany.

NEW YORK, June 23.—At four o'clock this afternoon a fire broke out at the lumber yard of Messrs. Bullock & Many, on Water and Orange streets. Owing to the high winds the flames spread rapidly along the piles of lumber and extended to the adjoining lumber yard, Treadwell's fur factory, Luther's extensive coal yard, and the freight depots of the Central railroad.

The efforts are directed towards saving the latter, but the heat is so intense as to render it almost impossible, and it is greatly feared that the exertions to prevent the fire from spreading still further will be futile.

Up to the present time, (eight o'clock, P. M.,) property valued at $50,000 has been destroyed, and the fire is still raging.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—A letter to the *Republican*, from Fort Laramie, dated June 3d, says that Tim Goodale, with eighteen hundred sheep for Camp Scott, had passed that post. He left Col. Loring and Capt. Marcy, with their command and about one thousand mules, on Cache Le Pondre river, about three miles from Camp Scott, which they expected to reach in about fifteen days from the 18th of May. Col. Lander arrived at Laramie on the 12th of May with his wagon road train.

The river fell only six inches yesterday, and is now receding about at the same rate. All the upper streams are on the decline. The weather is clear and dry and very hot.

From Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 23.—The river is falling steadily, with five feet nine inches water on the rocks over the falls. Weather clear. Mercury ninety-four degrees.

Congressional Nomination.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 23.—The Democratic Congressional Convention of the 7th District, held at Terre Haute yesterday, nominated Henry Seigrist, a strong anti-Lecompton candidate, for Congress.

Judicial Dignity in Louisiana.

Speaking of Grand Juries reminds me that the Parish Court is now in session here, his Honor, Kiah Rogers, presiding—old Kye—or "Ky," they usually called him. Old Ky was passing sentence on a criminal, and delivered himself as follows:

"Prisoner stand up! Mr. Kettles, this court is under the painful necessity of passing sentence of the law upon you, sir. This court has no doubt, Mr. Kettles, but what you were brought into this scrape by intoxicating liquor. The friends of this Court all *know* that of that is any vice this Court abhors, it is intemperance. When this Court was a young man, Mr. Kettles, it was considerably inclined to drink; and the friends of this court *knows* that this Court has *naturally* a very high temper, and of this Court had not stopped short off, stopped the use of intoxicating liquor, I have no doubt, sir, but what this Court, sir, would have been in the Penitentiary, *or in its grave*"

Another case was before the Court. An overseer who had been discharged, brought suit against his employer for the whole year's wages, alleging that he had been discharged without sufficient grounds. "Old Ky" charged the jury as follows:

"The jury will take notice that this Court is well acquainted with the nature of the case.—When the Court started out in the world, it followed the business of overseeing, and of there is any business which the Court understands, it is hosses, mules and niggers—though the court never overseed in his life for less than $800—and this Court in hos-racin was always naterally gifted; and this Court in running a quarter race whar the hosses was turned, could always turn a hoss so as to gain 15 feet in a race; and that on a certain occasion, in the parish of West Feliciana, it was one of the conditions of the race that Ky Rogers shouldn't *turn nary one of the hosses*"

Another case was up, and two lawyers got into a fight—one of them a preacher of our church. Old Ky called hastily for the sheriff—

"Mr. Sheriff! Mr. Sheriff! Take them to jail. I'll be d—d if this court will have her dignity insulted in this manner!"

O'CONNELL'S FIRST SUCCESS.—At the beginning of his career at the bar O'Connell was retained as counsel in an action between the city of W——and another party respecting a salmon-weir on the river. The corporation claimed it as belonging to them; their opponents maintained it was an open fishery. Little was known of its history further than it was in the neighbourhood of an ancient Danish colony. But it had always been known by the name of "the lax-weir," and this formed the chief ground of the legal resistance to the city's claim. Able counsel was urging it, while O'Connell, who had to reply for the city, was anxiously racking his fertile brain for a reply. But little relief came thence. "Lax," it was argued, meant loose, and loose was the opposite of reserved, or preserved, or guarded, or under any custody of a corporation. Nothing could be plainer. A *lax* weir could not be a *close* weir (though such reasoning might not apply to corporations or constituencies,) and no weir could have borne the title of lax if it had ever been a close one. At this critical conjuncture some one threw across the table to O'Connell a screwed up twist of paper, according to the wont of courts of justice. He opened, read it, and nodded grateful thanks.

A change came over his countenance; the well known O'Connell smile, half frolic, half sarcasm played about his lips, he was quite at his ease, and blandly awaited the conclusion of his antagonist's speech. He rose hardly to reply, with hardly a listener; by degrees the jury was motionless, the lack-lustre eye of the Court regained its brightness; the opposing counsel started in amazement and incredulity, and O'Connel's clients rubbed their hands in delight. What had he done? Merely repeated to the gentleman of the jury, the words of the little twist of paper. "Are you aware that in Danish *lachs* means salemon?" The reader may imagine with what wit and scorn the question was prepared, with what an air of triumph it was put, and by what confident demolition of all the adversary's *lax* argumentation it was followed. Whether there was then at hand a Danish dictionary, (a German one would be sufficed) or to the Judge reserved the point, I know not; but the confusion proved triumphant; O'Connell carried the day, was made a standing of the city of W——, and never after wanted a brief. But he sought in vain after his speech for his timely succorer; but no one knew who had thrown the note.—*Wiseman's Recollections of the Last Four Popes.*

MARRIED!

On Tuesday evening, June 22d, by Rev. J. McK. Riley, of Christ's Church, Mr. R. A. WORKMAN, to Miss LETITIA J. GAZZAM, both of Allegheny City.

☞ A GREAT BLESSING TO THE AFFLICTED.—The number and formidable character of diseases of the Liver have long challenged the attention of medical men. Some of their diseases, classed under the general term of Consumption, have been supposed incurable, and the unhappy patient allowed to die, without medical science to offer him a hope of recovery. Happily this can no longer be the case. A remedy has been found which will cure all complaints, of whatever character, arising from derangement of the Liver. The Pills discovered by Dr. M'Lane, prepared solely by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., act directly on the Liver; and by correcting its operation and purifying it from disease, cuts off and extirpates the complaints which have their origin in the diseases of this organ. Remedies hitherto proposed for liver complaints, have failed to operate upon the seat of the disease; but Dr. M'Lane's Pills make themselves felt upon the action of the Liver, and by cleansing the fountain, dry up the impure streams of disease which thence derive their existence.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.
(41) (Jel8:wdaw)

COMMERCIAL.

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Weekly Review of Pittsburgh Markets.

Carefully Reported by JOSEPH SNOWDEN, *Superintendent of the Merchants' Exchange.*

PITTSBURGH, June 23, 1858.

During the past week we have had an uninterrupted spell of dry weather, which has relieved us of all fear of disaster to the crops; from all quarters the accounts are of the most cheering nature, and the Flour and Grain markets, which had been materially affected by anticipations of a failure in the crops, are again settling down to steady figures. Business continues to decline, and the rivers are now diminishing to their low water stage. In short, the business season is over, and there will be but little done until the opening of the fall campaign.

There is no change in money matters; the market continues easy, and as the exigencies of trade require but little bank accommodation, all the good paper offered is readily absorbed by the banks, having little or none to be disposed of in the streets. Exchange remains as last quoted; sight drafts on Philadelphia and New York may be rated at ¼ per cent. premium.

The following aggregates are made up from the official statements of the Banks of this city, for the week ending on Saturday last, as compared with the previous week:—

Banks.	June 14.	June 12.
Loans and Discounts	$5,526,954 77	$5,865,981 16
Due by other Banks	346,044 00	318,861 62
Notes, &c., of other Banks and Treasury Notes	221,568 78	200,386 00
Specie	1,223,765 87	1,218,340 90
LIABILITIES.		
Circulation	1,368,451 00	1,385,926 00
Due to other Banks	131,470 88	108,992 90
Deposites	1,071,259 03	1,036,880 46

The above statement exhibits the following changes:—

Decrease in Loans and Discounts	$28,960 39
Increase in amount due by other Banks	27,181 38
Increase in Notes and Checks of other Banks, &c.	21,182 00
Increase in Specie	5,417 88
Increase in Circulation	10,445 00
Increase in amount due to other Banks	26,447 98
" Deposites	14,378 57

ASHES...The market is dull generally. Soda is selling at 2½@2¾c and Nitrate of Soda 6½c. Concentrated Lye 7@8. Pearls we quote at 5½@5¾. Pots are altogether nominal at 4¼@5.

BACON...There is still a plentiful supply of country cured in the market, which is steady at late quotations. We still quote country at 6@6½c for Shoulders, 7@7½c for Sides, and 8@8½c for Hams, mostly at the inside figures. City cured shoulders 7@7½c, sides 8¼, and plain Hams 9@9¾c; Sugar cured to country, 11@12c ⅌ lb.

BEANS—Scarcely any sales; small white 75c. ⅌ bushel, though some holders are asking $1.

BUTTER...There is but little offering and the prices are almost nominal at 16@12 for choice roll. There is a good supply in the retail market.

BROOMS...There is a good supply in market; sales of common are regularly made at $1.25 and for better kinds $2; fancy lots command $2.25@$2.50 ⅌ dozen.

BUCKETS AND TUBS...The Beaver manufacturers' prices are as follows: Buckets, common, $1.60 ⅌ doz.; Buckets, three hoops, $1.75 ⅌ doz. Extra large Tubs, three hoops, $7.75 ⅌ doz.; do. do. two hoops, $6.75 do.; No. 1 Tubs, $6.00 do.; No. 2 do. $5.50 do.; No. 3 do. $4.75 do.; No. 4 do. $4.00 do.; No. 2 Keelers, $3.75 do.; Half Bushels, $4.75 do.

CORDAGE...

Manilla Rope, coil	13 ⅌ lb
Manilla Rope, cut	14 ⅌ lb
Tarred " " coil	14 ⅌ lb
Tarred " " cut	15 ⅌ lb
Hemp " " coil	15 ⅌ lb
Hemp " " cut	15 ⅌ lb
Tarred " "	15 ⅌ lb
Packing Yarn, fine	13 ⅌ lb
Packing Yarn, com	12 ⅌ lb

Bale Cordage—Manilla $1.87, $2.31@$2.75 ⅌ dozen; Manilla, ⅌ coil, 15c. ⅌ lb.; Hemp $4.87, $4.75, $3.75 ⅌ dozen; Hemp, ⅌ coil, 12c. ⅌ lb.

PLOUGH LINES...Manilla 87c. ⅌ dozen. Hemp 75c. per doz.

COTTON CORDAGE...Cotton Rope ⅌ and upwards, 20; do below ⅌, 22; Bed Cord $2.50@$2.62½@4.75 ⅌ dozen; Plow lines $1.25; Sash Cords $4.50.

CANDLES...The following are now the current rates of city manufacturers: Moulds, 13c. ⅌ lb.; Dips, 12½c.; Star 20@22c. ⅌ lb.

CHEESE...The supply is larger than the demand, the market being dull; sales of Western Reserve to country, in small lots, at 7@7½c. ⅌ lb.

CRACKERS...The prices have undergone a further decline. The quotations are now as follows:—Water Crackers ⅌ lb 5c.; Butter do. 6c.; Sugar 7½c.; Soda 6½c.; Boston 6c, Pilot Bread ⅌ bbl. $4.

DRIED FRUIT...Sales of Apples, in lots, at $1.20@1.25 ⅌ bus. Peaches nominal at $3.75.

DRIED BEEF...Sales of small lots, in tierces at 11½@12½c. ⅌ lb.

EGGS...The market is not well supplied and prices are firm at 9½@10c. ⅌ doz.

FLOUR...The speculation feeling manifested last week has subsided, and the prices are settling down. From first hands the sales have been made at $3.30@3.37 for superfine and at $3.62½ for extra. From store sales are being made at $3.62½ for superfine, $4.12½ for extra and $4.50@4.62½ for extra family, the demand being entirely local.

RYE FLOUR...Is selling from store at $3.75@3.00 ⅌ bbl.

FISH...Lake Fish has declined to $7@7.50 ⅌ bbl. and $3.50@3.75 ⅌ half bbl. Trout has also declined and is now selling at $7 ⅌ bbl., Mackerel, No. 3 large, $16@18.50 ⅌ bbl and $3.25@3.50 ⅌ half bbl. Halifax Herring $6@6.25; Codfish 4¾@5c. ⅌ lb.

FEED...Have been considerable sales at the mills and on arrival at from 40 to 80c. ⅌ 100 lbs. for Bran to Middlings.

FEATHERS...Sales of prime Western are made on arrival at 45@50 ⅌ lb in small lots, and from store at 50c.

FIRE BRICK...Sales are regularly made at $23.50 ⅌ M.

GRAIN...Small sales of oats have been made at the wharf at 25@27c. Corn is still scarce and is readily taken on arrival at 55@57c. Rye is selling in small lots at 75c. Wheat is selling at 90c. for Mediterranean and 75c. for Pennsylvania; Southern Red $2.25@2.50, and White $2.60 for ordinary to good. Barley dull; some sales being made at 90 @95c. ⅌ bush.

GERMAN CLAY...The price has declined materially and sales are now made at $85 ⅌ ton.

GROCERIES...Sugar is selling to the trade at 7¼@7¾ cts; and to the country at 6¾@7¼ cts per lb. Molasses steady, at 38 cts per gallon. Coffee, Rio, 12@12½ cts, and Rice at 6 cts. per lb.

HIDES...Green Hides have advanced to 6c. ⅌ lb, with a firm market. The supply of Dry is very limited, and the quoted rate is nominal at 12c.

HAY...There is a fair supply in market. Regular sales are made at the scales at from $9 to $14 per ton.

IRON AND NAILS...The quotations of manufactured Iron are as follows:—Common Bar 2¼ to 2¼c. ⅌ lb. *Nails* are selling at $3@3.25 for 100, to 40d., according to quality; the terms are six months' credit, or 5 ⅌ cent. discount for cash.

LARD...The market is quite dull, and the prices have declined; country is nominal at 10@10¼, and city 11c. for No. 1.

LEATHER...The market is improving with an advance in prices to the following quotations:

Red Spanish Sole ⅌ lb	25@28c.
Slaughter " "	26@28c.
Skirting " "	27@30c.
Harness " "	24@26c.
Upper ⅌ dozen	$30@39
Bridle " "	$30@42

LUMBER, *Seasoned*...The following are the quotations of seasoned lumber, from the yards in the city:—

Common 1 inch Boards, ⅌ 1000 feet	$16 00
Clear do do "	32 00
Flooring dressed do "	22 00
Shingles, ⅌ 1000	3 50
Lath, "	2 25
Oak flooring, dressed, 1 inch—⅌ 1000 feet	30 00
do do 1¼ do "	32 00

LUMBER, *Green*...The market is unchanged; sales are making at the river at $10 per thousand feet for common and $20 for clear. Shingles, $2.50 ⅌ thousand.

MESS PORK...Sales of country at $17, and of city packed at $17.50@18 ⅌ bbl.

METALS...Pig Lead has declined to 6, and Bar to 6¾@7; Sheet Copper 35@36c; Sheet Brass 32c ⅌ lb.

OIL...Lard Oil No. 1 is steady at 85c. Linseed is firm at an advance; it is now held at 70c.

PIG METAL...Some sales of Allegheny No. 1 have recently been made at $24@25 ⅌ ton, 6 months.

POTATOES...The market is now poorly supplied, and there is a good demand, several lots of mixed selling at 55@60c. but choice Neshannocks are rather higher.

POWDER...There has been a decline in the prices of 75c. on former quotations of Blasting and $1 on Rifle; the quotations now are for Blasting $4.25 ⅌ keg; Rifle $5.

SAND STONE...Regular sales of Huntingdon county, at $9 ⅌ ton.

SALT...The manufacturers have recently reduced their prices. Alleghany No. 1 and extra may now be quoted at $1@1.15 ⅌ bbl.

SEEDS...The season for Clover and Timothy is now over, and there is nothing doing. Flaxseed is in good demand at $1.12@1.15 ⅌ bush.

SOAPS...The following are the manufacturer's prices:—Rosin 5c.; No. 1 Palm 6¼; Chemical 6½; Castile and Toilet 10c. ⅌ lb.

SHEETINGS, YARNS, &c...The prices have declined, and the following are now the rates: Eagle Sheetings 8¾c. ⅌ yard; Niagara 8¾c.

FOUND YARN.					
Nos. 5 to 10 inclusive, ⅌ lb	22	@	...	No. 16	27 @ ...
Nos. 11 and 12	23	@	...	No. 17	28 @ ...
No. 13	24	@	...	No. 18	29 @ ...
No. 14	25	@	...	No. 19	30 @ ...
No. 15	26	@	...	No. 20	31 @ ...
DOZEN YARN.					
No. 400, ⅌ doz	12	@	...	Carpet Ch'n, ass. col.	28 @ ...
No. 500, ⅌ doz	11	@	...	" white 25 to 35	23 @ ...
No. 600	10	@	...	" 26 to 44	26 @ ...
No. 700	9	@	...	Twine	24 @ ...
No. 800	8	@	...	Batting, No. 1	17 @ ...
No. 900	8	@	...	" No. 2	16 @ ...
No. 1000	8	@	...	Family Batting	18 @ ...
Coverlet Yarn	29	@	...	Carpeting	16 @ ...

TALLOW...The prices have advanced; we quote rough at 7½c ⅌ lb, and rendered at 10½c.

WHITE LEAD, LITHARGE, &c—White Lead is firm and in steady demand at $2.50 ⅌ keg for pure oil, and dry 9c ⅌ lb, subject to the usual discount. Red Lead 9½@9c, net, and Litharge 8½c.

WINDOW GLASS...The prices for city brands have advanced, and we correct our quotations as follows:—6x8 and 7x9, ⅌ box of 50 feet, $1.60; 8x10, $2.15; 8x11, 9x11, 9x12, and 10x12, $2.40; 8x14, 9x13 and 9x14, $2.65; 10x15 and 10x16, $4.75, 10 ⅌ cent discount off. Country brands 40c. lower.

WOOL...The supply has slightly increased, but the transactions are light, a few small lots being offered at 22@35c. ⅌ lb.

WHISKY...The prices continue firm at the late advance; we have no sales of raw to note, and, therefore, quote nominally at 23½c., that being the last figure noted; rectified is selling in small lots at 26@28c ⅌ gallon.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

PITTSBURGH, June 23, 1858.

FLOUR...The market is firm. The sales to-day amount to 343 bbls. viz:—From first hands: 140 bbls. fine, superfine, and extra at $3.50, $3.55 and $3.65 for the three grades. From store: 203 bbls. in lots at $3.60 for superfine, $4.12 for extra and $4.50@4.62 for extra family.

GRAIN...Sales of 150 bush. Oats from store at 30c. ⅌ bush.

HAY...Sales of 12 loads from the scales at $10 to $13 ⅌ ton, and 2 loads of straw at $7 ⅌ ton.

POTATOES...Sales of 50 bush. mixed from store at 65c. ⅌ bush.

CHEESE...Sales of 26 boxes W. R. at 9c.

EGGS...Sales of 124 doz. from store at 9c.

BACON...Sales of 3000 lbs. Shoulders and Hams at 7c. and 9c. ⅌ lb.

SUGAR...Sales of 3 hhds. Porto Rico at 7¼c. ⅌ lb.

LIME...Sales of 35 bbls. Louisville at $1.25 ⅌ bbl.

FEATHERS...Sales of 70 pounds prime at 50c. ⅌ lb.

FISH...Sales of 40 half bbls. White at $5.50@5.75, and 10 do. No. 3 large Mackerel at $6.25.

WHISKY...Sales of 55 bbls. rectified in lots at 23c. ⅌ gallon.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—The Flour market continues inactive, and prices dropping; sales to the trade at $4.25 for superfine; extra $4.87½ and $5@5.75 for extra family and fancy lots; sales 500 bbls western extra at $4.62½. Rye Flour and Corn Meal steady at $3.31½ for the former and $3.37½ for the latter. Very little demand for Wheat, and coming forward slowly; sales 3,500 bush Pennsylvania red at $1@1.05, 1,500 bush prime white $1.12@1.20. Rye steady at 68 for Pennsylvania and 60 for Delaware. Corn scarce and wanted; sales 3,200 bush yellow at 73@74 in store. Oats meet limited inquiry; 3000 bush prime Pennsylvania sold at 41c. Whisky less firm; sales bbls at 23c, hhds at 22c and drudge at 21c. Provisions no change; Groceries steady without change in prices; sales Cuba Sugar at 6¾@6¾ and some Trinidad Molasses at 27c, on time.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Cotton firm; sales 1000 bales. Flour dull; sales 15,000 bbls sold; State 5c lower at $3.80@$3.90. Wheat buoyant; 60,000 bush sold. Old Southern red $1.10; new $1.40; old white $1.20@$1.30; new $1.30@1.60; Chicago spring 78@78. Corn firm; sales 33,000 bush white at 74@77. Bacon steady at 7¾@8 for sides and 6¾@6 for Shoulders. Molasses dull; Muscovado 24¼@2. Leather average sales, with no quotable change. Hides firm; Western 17. Tobacco quiet. Tallow dull. Whisky firm at 22½@23. Sugar quiet; Orleans 7¼. Molasses 35@36¼. Freights on Cotton to Liverpool 3 16@7-32, on Flour to do. 2s 1½d.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The receipts were 4100 Beeves; 9000 Sheep and Lambs, and 1850 Swine. Beeves have declined 1½c; sales at 6¾@9½, average 8@8½c. Cows; a better business done. Veals in good demand at 4½@6½. Sheep and Lambs have declined 50c. Swine are in moderate demand at $4.50@4.00.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, June 23—Stocks higher. Chicago and Rock Island 71¼; N. Y. Central 82¼; Penna. Coal 74¼; Reading 44¼; Missouri 6's 87¼; Galena and Chicago 85¼; Erie 17¼; Cleveland and Toledo 32½; Tennessee 6's 92¼.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Flour dull at $3.00@3.10 for superfine, and $3.20@4.00 for extra. Whisky 18½c, and dull. Corn is in fair demand at 40@50c. Wheat of fair quality 70c for red and 80 for white. Provisions very dull; small sales of prime barreled Lard at 9½c; bulk Shoulders 5c. Mess Pork nominal at $15, with a few buyers at $14. Sugar has advanced ¼c. Molasses firm at 34@35c ⅌ gallon.

A Remedy for Dyspepsia.

BURKHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS is now the most simple, delightful and effectual remedy for dyspepsia before the public. Many of our most worthy citizens testify to its efficacy. To persons subject to nervous and sick headache, it is a valuable medicine.

Caution!—Be careful to ask for *Boerhave's Holland Bitters*. Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the sole Proprietors, Benjamin Page, Jr., & Co., No. 37 Wood street, between First and Second streets, and Druggists generally.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ SHERIFF—The undersigned offers himself to the Democracy of Allegheny county, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. DANIEL S. FORD,
Upper St Clair.
je24:td

THE STATE MERCANTILE TAX FOR 1858, to be paid into the City Treasury, is now due and must be paid without delay, in par funds, to avoid the cost of collection.
WILLIAM EICHBAUM,
City Treasurer.
je24:1

HUNT & MINER'S

PITTSBURGH

ALMANAC,

No. 1.

FOR 1859:

CALCULATED AND EDITED

BY

SANFORD C. HILL.

This ALMANAC will contain 72 Pages, and will be sold at 5 cents per copy, and at a very heavy discount off to the Trade.

50,000 COPIES

Will be printed for the first edition, and as we expect this Almanac to run through several editions. Booksellers, Variety Dealers, and all others can rely on having their orders filled at any time.

PREFACE

HUNT & MINER'S PITTSBURGH ALMANAC FOR 1859.

We have commenced to calculate and edit a series of Almanacs, beginning with 1859, to be called HUNT & MINER'S PITTSBURGH ALMANAC. The public are already aware that for more than one fourth of a century we have been engaged in calculating and editing Almanacs of every description for various cities and meridians, the general character of which are well known. We need, therefore, say but little, as in time past so in time future, it is our design to make the work all that can be reasonably expected, as such a Family Almanac as every decent parent would wish to place in the hands of his children, for the express purpose of their intellectual entertainment, is fitted to do, is the result of a refined and well regulated mind, possessing the purest chastity of sentiment and maintaining an elevated standard of morality. It is believed that in the other work of like expense, can be found such an amount of interesting and useful knowledge.

The spirit of the age in which we live is STEAM, and while the achievements of science are making rapid progress, it will be expected that in Almanac making as