live six weeks in the wilderness, the one with useless arms and the other with useless legs, the two together making, as it were, only one whole man.

Whoever shall to-day stand upon the levee of the now large and flourishing city of Cincinnati, and glance his eyes across the beautiful Ohio, shall behold the very spot where these remarkable events occurred, at a time when all around, on either shore, was a wild and howling wilderness.

THE PITTSBURGH POST.

JAMES P. BARR, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING.....MAY 18, 1858.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

WILLIAM A. PORTER,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

WESTLEY FROST,

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

THE INFLUENCE OF NEW YORK.

The city of New York is the great financial and commercial centre of the Union. In a great variety of forms, the influence of this city extends and is felt all over the country. Her public press is the most potent engine for good or for evil which exists in the land. Her merchants, through organized systems, such as mercantile agencies and the like, watch over and make or mar the fortunes of two-thirds of the dealers in the country. Her financiers initiate those movements which regulate and control the monetary interests of the whole continent. Her publishers form the literary taste of the people, and supply them with a large proportion of the books which they read. No effort is spared by her citizens to centralize influence of every kind—political, moral, religious and social—in New York city. Whatever occurs there is always presented by the city press as of the most vast importance. Whatever interests the citizens there is presented in glowing colors, and matters which elsewhere would be passed over with but slight attention, are sent broad-cast over the land by the New York press in glaring capitals, and with all the prestige of "sensation articles." Everything there goes by extremes. New York politics, New York morals, New York religion, New York murders, New York rascalities, and everything which originates in New York, is more intensified than could possibly occur with similar things elsewhere.

Everything in the shape of an association, which in the least degree claims the national title of American, must hold its anniversaries and place its head-quarters in the great Babel of New York. During the present month, the anniversaries of we know not how many associations have been held in the Empire City, and their proceedings have been scattered all over the country through the secular press. And here is the starting point of a great social and moral evil. These associations are for a great variety of purposes, and represent a great variety of interests. Instead of being national institutions, as they claim to be, many of them are sectional, and of the worst description of sectionalism, and the "great guns" of each and every ism which disturbs the quiet of the thinking people and outrages the common sense of all good citizens, are permitted to "fire off" their trash and nonsense in any quantity, and because it is done in New York, the press print it, all reported with a nauseating exactness, and away it goes to their millions of readers, poisoning their minds and destroying their sense of moral right.

The report of the anniversary proceedings of the Woman's Rights Convention held last week, is of character which no respectable man would read aloud in his family circle, and others of the anniversaries as reported, have had proceedings of such a character that their publication, elsewhere than in New York, would be considered against good morals, anti-national, and altogether disgraceful.

Beyond a doubt, the New York press has great influence, and those who control it have a vast responsibility. It would redound more to their credit, and certainly be more potent for public good, if they would cease to regard their own city as being at least two-thirds of the Union, and not look at everything about them with a New York magnifying glass. Sensible people at a distance from New York would be better pleased to read something besides inflated accounts, with big letter heads, of all the foolish things which occur in that foolish city. These local occurrences may be interesting enough at home, and may perhaps suit the vitiated taste of a New York population, but it is scarcely fair to thrust such things down the throats of the millions of readers of New York papers all over the country, to the exclusion of general useful information and more agreeable news than sectarian debates and ultra speeches upon woman's rights can afford. There is room for improvement in Gotham.

Reported End of the Mormon War.

The New York *Herald* has received a brief but highly important dispatch from Fort Leavenworth. An express, which left Camp Scott on the 10th ult., arrived at the Fort on Thursday, with intelligence that the Mormons were leaving Salt Lake City for the White River Mountains, and that Governor Cumming had proceeded to the city by invitation. So it appears that the Mormon war ended without so much as the loss of a single drop of blood spilt in battle, notwithstanding the terrible threats of the saints upon leaders—Brigham Young and late assistants in the work of treason, against whom indictments have been found, have fled to the mountains, leaving the rest of the Mormon men and women to insult the United States officials to enter their city and establish a new order of affairs.

The Late Railroad Disaster—Verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

The Coroner's jury in the case of the late frightful accident on the Central Railroad at Sauquoit Creek, Utica, New York, agreed on their verdict on Saturday. The feeling of the jurors is understood to have been unanimous at once. The verdict is:

"We find that the persons whose bodies have been viewed by us, came to their deaths by the giving way of the bridge of the New York Central Railroad, crossing the Sauquoit Creek, in the town of Whitestown, Oneida county, on the morning of the 11th of May, and that they were all passengers by the Cincinnati express train coming east. The deaths were caused by the insecurity of the bridge, owing to the same being decayed and rotten. A portion of the bridge was constructed of inferior timber, the same being bastard elm. We find the deaths were caused by culpable neglect on the part of the Central Railroad Company, in not causing this bridge to be properly examined."

The Three Regiments.

The news from Washington indicates that the appropriation bill will pass, though there will be some sparring over it. The refusal of the President to designate the regiments until after the passage of the appropriation bill has a cooling and healthy effect.

MR. FELIX COSTE recently lost $80,000 worth of lager beer by water filling the cave in which it was stored, near St. Louis.

More Outrages On American Vessels.

The British cruisers in the Gulf are still active in their demonstrations against our commerce. Two additional instances of outrage to American vessels are given in the New York *Herald* of Saturday. The bark Glenburn, at Havana from Antwerp, reported on her arrival that she had been boarded by a British naval officer, who asserted that he had orders to board and search all vessels sailing off the Cuban coast. Capt. Gage, of the bark W. H. Chandler, which arrived at New York on Friday, reports that while lying in the harbor of Sagua la Grande, his vessel was boarded by the second lieutenant of the British steamer Styx, who made a thorough examination of the ship and her papers. He also boarded and searched all the other vessels in the port, eleven of which belonged to the United States. This conduct aroused the indignation of the authorities of Sagua la Grande, and the Port Captain drew up a protest against the action of the British naval officer, to which the masters of the searched vessels affixed their signatures. The passports of several passengers on board the Cortez were kept by the British commander, who refused to return them. Annexed is a brief record of the operations of the British in the Gulf during the past three weeks:—Ship Tropic Bird fired into, boarded and searched; schooner Cortez seized and now detained at Inagua; schooner N. B. Borden fired into, boarded and searched; brig Robert Wing fired into, boarded and searched; bark Glenburn overhauled at sea, and bark W. H. Chandler boarded and searched, while lying at anchor in the port of Sagua la Grande.

These things cannot fail to demand and receive prompt action on the part of the American government. The flag of our country must not be openly and impudently insulted, by the commanders of British steamers, almost in our own waters. If our vessels in the Gulf are to be thus overhauled by British cruisers, it is about time that some of our own cruisers should be put there with orders summarily to chastise all insults to the dignity of our flag. If the government of Great Britain has given orders "to board every vessel that passes up or down the Gulf," such orders should be met by a prompt and manly resistance. This nation will never submit to this kind of action from any power.—Our flag must protect all that it covers.

We are glad to learn by the papers received yesterday that the President has taken prompt action with reference to the outrages committed by British vessels of war on our commerce in the Gulf. It is stated that there is reason to believe that orders have been already issued to the Home Squadron that will effectually stop the outrages complained of. The President will to-day communicate to the Senate his views on the important subject.

A special despatch to the New York *Herald* says:—

"The President will communicate his reply to the Senate resolution as to the outrages by British cruisers on our vessels on Tuesday. The Governments in possession only of the facts which have been published in the newspapers. There is reason to believe, however, that orders have already been despatched to the Home Squadron, which will render a repetition of the outrages on the part of the English unpleasant.

"It is understood Lord Napier's attention has also been directed to the subject. The result of all this will be that these British cruisers will find American guns between them and our merchantmen. Upon no subject is this Government firmer than on the utter repudiation of the right of search. It is believed the outrages are more numerous than the public has any idea of."

Prostitution in New York.

At the anniversary meeting of the New York Magdalen Society held last week, statistics were produced showing the frightful increase of prostitution in that city. From this it would appear that there are within three miles of the City Hall no fewer than 400 recognized houses of ill-fame, containing at least 4,000 abandoned females. The police returns show that the whole number of professedly dissolute woman in the city cannot be short of twenty-five thousand.

Death of General Larimer Contradicted.

The report which reached this city of the death of Gen. William Larimer, jr., formerly of the city, who was reported to have been killed by the explosion of a cannon, at Leavenworth, Kansas, is contradicted on the authority of a dispatch received from St. Louis on Monday. The contradiction is reliable.

VARIOUS THINGS.

—The receipts into the Government Treasury last week were only $416,000, even now below the usual low average which has ruled for some time past.

—The complaint against Dean & Siller, publishers of the *Golden Prize*, who were arrested on a warrant issued by the Mayor of New York, and sent to the City Judge for a preliminary examination, was dismissed on Tuesday, the Judge being of the opinion that they had committed no offense by offering a gift to induce parties to subscribe for their paper.

—The county treasury of Adair county, Mo., was robbed of $4,000 on last Saturday night week. The money was taken from a safe where the Treasurer was in the habit of keeping it.

—A letter recently received in Erie, Pa., from one of the Directors of the Sunbury and Erie Railroad, conveys assurances that the road will be put under contract within a comparatively short period! It is understood that Mr. Moorhead, the President of the company, is now engaged in perfecting preliminaries for the sale of the canals to responsible parties preparatory to procuring a transfer from the State.

—In New York, on Monday, a very unusual petition for a divorce was presented to the Supreme court, which may be taken as highly illustrative of our age of progress. Edward Ayres, "an infant, aged 13," applied by a petition to have a guardian appointed to prosecute a suit for a divorce from his—the petitioner's—and the gaurdian's—wife. The Judge, looking over the papers, inquired how old the latter—the alleged defendant might be, and was informed she was about sixteen. The Judge then granted the prayer of the petitioner.

A VICTIM TO STEAMBOAT RACING.—The Helena (Ark.) Shield relates the following heart-rending accident:

Last Tuesday night, Mr. Edmondson, a young gentleman of Marshall county, Miss., with his two sisters and his brother-in-law, John Anderson, Esq., of this place, was waiting on the wharf-boat for an up-stream boat. The Josephine Savage was the first to arrive, it appears she was racing with the Eclipse—which was close behind—and would not take time to make fast to the wharf-boat.

Mr. Anderson, who was in a very sickly condition, was carried on at some hazard; his wife being left behind. Miss Edmondson had gone aboard at the risk of her life. The mate was earnestly requested to delay a moment for the rest of the passengers and the baggage. He stated "he would do so," but almost in the same breath, hallooed to the captain, "all right," in an instant, the boat was under way, with the stage-plank still extended over her guards, and on to the wharf-boat. Mr. Edmondson, who was standing on the wharf-boat, superintending the shipment of his baggage, was tripped up by it, knocked between the boats, and mangled in a horrible manner.

"Pa, didn't you whip me for biting Tommy?" "Yes, my child, for you hurt him very much." "Well, then, pa, you ought to whip mamma's teacher, too; for he bit her yesterday right in the mouth; and I know it hurt her, because he put her arms around his neck, and tried to choke him.

"MR. SPEAKER," said a patriotic M. C. from an agricultural county, "if the question is put to me, I answer boldly in the affirmative—no!"

The Latest News:

BY TELEGRAPH.

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON CITY, ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

The Recent Outrages on American Vessels.

The Matter Before Congress.

AN EXPLANATION DEMANDED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Orders Given to the Home Squadron to Put a Stop to It.

LATER FROM EUROPE AND INDIA

&c., &c., &c.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 17.—The War Department has no confirmation of the latest newspaper intelligence from Utah. Lieut. Gen. Scott says there are two chances out of five that it is true.

The President has demanded explanations from England and Spain with reference to the search and visitation of American vessels in the vicinity of Cuba and its harbors. The Colorado, which left Norfolk on the 12th, has specific orders to the Home Squadron to stop these interferences with American shipping from any quarter whatever. The recent visitations have caused much indignation on the part of Congress, as well as the Administration, and both Houses have called upon the President for particulars.

The Senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed the nomination of Mr. Rynders as U. S. Marshal for the Southern District of New York. Mr. Schell, as Collector of New York, has not yet been reported from the Committee on Commerce.

The following Postmasters have been confirmed:—Mr. Fowler, for New York; Mr. Gideon Westcott, Philadelphia; Mr. Hutter, Easton, Pa.; Mr. Bratton, Carlisle, Pa.; Mr. Sloan, Erie, Pa.; Mr. M'Farland, Meadville, Pa.; Mr. Stewart, Allegheny city. Also, the following Surveyors General: Francis L. Darey, for Florida; John Loughborough, for Missouri and Illinois; Warren Lewis, of Iowa, for Wisconsin and Iowa. A. C. Davis was also confirmed as District Attorney of Kansas.

Mr. Eigler's bill reported to-day authorizing a change in the buildings for custom house, post office, and court rooms is on the same principle as that passed in the House, but more explicit in its provisions. The Senate refused to consider it.

Two volunteers enrolled by Florida have been discharged, only 32 Indian warriors and a comparatively small number of women and children are now left in that state.

A caucus of Democratic members was held tonight. Joseph L. Wright, of N. J., received the nomination for doorkeeper over many candidates. The lobbies were thronged with persons interested in the result.

THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS

FIRST SESSION.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

SENATE.

Mr. Seward, of New York, submitted the following: *Resolved*, That the Committee on Foreign Relations be instructed to inquire whether any legislation is necessary to enable the President of the United States to protect American vessels against British aggression on the Gulf of Mexico or elsewhere, or to report by bill or otherwise.

The resolution, in consequence of the objection by Mr. Mason that the Senate has only newspaper information as yet, was temporarily laid over.

Mr. Shields, of Minnesota, presented a memorial from the Legislature of Minnesota, asking for the establishment of mail routes in that State.

Mr. Yulee, of Florida, called up the bill to amend the several acts relating to the Patent Office. The bill was read, but the special hour arriving caused its postponement.

The Pacific bill, of Illinois, made an unsuccessful attempt to take up the Texas Boundary bill.

Mr. Gwin, of California, gave notice that he would call up the Pacific Railroad Bill.

On motion of Mr. Hunter, of Virginia, the General Appropriation bill was taken up and passed, substantially as reported from the Finance Committee.

The only matter of discussion that preceded its passage was relative to the amendment to pay the Globe Senate reporters eight hundred dollars each for their extra compensation, which was finally agreed to.

Mr. Pugh moved that the words "to enable John C. Rives" be stricken out, so that the provisions of the bill would be for the direct payment of the Senate to the reporters.

Messrs. Toombs, Brown, Shields, Johnson, of Ark., Stuart, Mason and Fessenden took part in the debate on the proposition, which was finally agreed to.

On the discussion of an amendment reported by Mr. Bayard from the Judiciary Committee to allow the Attorney General to employ two new officers to be called Assistant Counsel, in his office at $3000 salary, Mr. Hunter spoke against it as an attempt to establish a higher order of clerks. He also spoke in favor of advancing the employees in all the departments by merit alone.

Mr. Collamer, of Vt., was in favor of appointing an assistant Attorney General, if such office was really wanted, but he could not sanction the new order of officers.

The amendment was lost, and the bill was then passed.

The Senate went into executive session, and subsequently adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The resolution forthwith to dismiss the doorkeeper was adopted by a vote of 141 against 34. A motion provided to elect a doorkeeper to-morrow.

The committee on the judiciary were discharged from the further consideration of the memorial of William Alexander asking for the impeachment of Judge Watrous. Several other memorials preferring charges are still pending in the committee.

Mr. Quitman asked leave to offer a joint resolution laying down a line of policy in regard to the admission of new states. The House refused to suspend the rules for the purpose of introducing the proposition by a vote of 88 against 88, two-thirds being necessary for that purpose.

Mr. Morris, of Pennsylvania, asked leave to offer a resolution setting forth that the existing tariff is found inadequate to the supply of the Government with revenue, and is a source of embarrassment to the country, and instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill for reviving the tariff, substituting home for foreign valuation, and specific for ad valorem duties, and so augmenting duties on articles which come in competition with American manufactures and products as will afford increased protection to American industry and labor.

The House refused to suspend the rules by 96 against 101.

On motion of Mr. Barksdale, a resolution was adopted calling on the President, if not incompatible with the public interest, to communicate any information in his possession relative to the firing into, boarding and searching vessels belonging to the United States, by British ships of war, on the coast of Cuba.

The House adjourned.

Additional by the North America.

ENGLAND.

A collision occurred in St. George's Channel which caused both vessels to sink. Thirty lives were lost. The schooner George, bound on an expedition to the river Niger, foundered in the channel, by which seven of the crew were drowned.

England has made a formal demand on Naples for indemnity for the imprisonment of the English engineers captured on board the Cagliari steamer.

FRANCE.

The grain crops are promising. Breadstuffs are dearer.

INDIA.

Letters from India state that Nana Sahib had been reinforced and was about to recommence offensive operations.

New York Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The Bank Statement for the past week shows an increase in loans of $1,377,000; increase in nominal deposites, $718,000; increase in undrawn deposites, $1,872,000; decrease in specie, $722,000; decrease in circulation, $232,000.

Afternoon Telegraph Report.

[The matter in brackets in the afternoon papers we shall hereafter reproduce in a condensed form, and not further or formally republishing it entire.]

Congressional.

Senate.—The proceedings during the morning hour were unimportant.

The general appropriation bill was then taken up, and an active debate ensued on the amendment striking an appropriation to pay the reporters employed by Mr. Rives.

House.—The House proceeded to the consideration of the resolution from the committee of accounts providing the dismissal of Mr. Hackney, the doorkeeper of the House, for alleged official misconduct. A statement from Mr. Hackney was read, saying that some of the charges made by the committee were incorrect, painted out, and others greatly magnified, motives being ascribed. He asks a thorough investigation.

A friendly debate ensued in which Messrs. Stephens, of Georgia, Kunkel, of Maryland, Spinner, of N. Y., and others took part.

Arrival of the North America from Europe.

HALIFAX, May 17.—The steamer North America is due at this place on the 5th inst.

The Indian mutiny continues. The Government of India is progressing in Parliament.

The resolution endorsing the Danubian Principalities has been defeated in the House of Commons, by a large majority.

The French Legislature has adopted the budget.

The Bankers of the leading powers have requested a convocation of the German Diet, to consider the proposition of Denmark relative to the Duchies.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—The *Republican* received a despatch last night, stating that an express had reached Leavenworth on the 13th, having left Camp Scott on the 10th of April, bringing intelligence that the Mormons had laid down arms. Gov. Cummings, on invitation of Brigham Young, had entered Salt Lake City without an escort. Many of the Mormons had gone to the Southern part of the Territory, and the women and children are preparing to follow.

The Kickapoo correspondent of the *Republican* says there are bandits in the neighborhood of Fort Scott, Kansas, numbering two hundred and fifty men, commanded by the notorious captain Montgomery, thoroughly armed and mounted on fleet horses. They defy the United States troops, and swear they will never be taken. Upwards of one hundred and fifty families have been robbed and driven into Missouri.

Three hundred troops, comprising the first detachment of the Seventh Infantry, left Jefferson barracks yesterday for Leavenworth.

General Harney arrived at Leavenworth on the 12th inst.

American Brig Fired Into.

BOSTON, May 17.—The brig Wingold reports having been fired into with muskets by a British cruiser, soon after leaving Sierra Morena. Afterwards she was boarded and searched by an armed boat's crew.

Connelly Found Guilty.

CINCINNATI, May 17.—William Connelly who has been on trial for several days past, for harboring fugitive slaves, has been found guilty. A motion has been made for a new trial, one of the jurors being a deputy U. S. Marshal.

Who was "Junius?"

Col. Benton, in his "*Thirty Years' View*" abridgment, gives his opinion of who was the "Man in the Iron Mask," in the following terse and smooth style:

When the author of this abridgement (says Col. Benton) was ten years old, which was in the last decade (borrowing Livy's division of time in the expression) of the last century, and before enlightened writers had thrown darkness on the authorship of Junius, it was well conceded that there was but one man in England, or in the world, who united in himself all the qualities of head, heart and temper, all the incidents of political and personal life, which the writing of those letters required; but one man who had such power to drive the English language, such knowledge of men and things, such amplitude of information, such lofty and daring spirit, such indiscretion to publish his thoughts and conceal his name, an oratorical fame already so great as to set him above the assumption of that of Junius, great as it was. That one man was Lord Chatham, then old and out of favor with the king and dominant parties; relegated (by his age) to that "Hospital of Incurables," the House of Lords, whence no patriotic voice could reach the Commons of England; retired to his country seat, Hayes, and all visitors shut out; discontented, despairing, restless, and seeing no way to reach the people but through the press, and by means of pamphlets bold to audacity, patriotic to temerity, and the more impressive because shrouded in the mystery of an unknown origin. So stood Lord Chatham and Junius in the latter part of the century in which they lived, convertible characters identical in person.

It is said a zealous reader of one of the Cincinnati papers, presented himself at the cathedral last week for the purpose of reporting the proceedings of the Roman Catholic Provincial Council, in session at that city. As the proceedings were conducted in Latin, it was conceived his presence would not be objectionable, and so he spread his note-book for items. After sitting a few minutes without being able to dot an intelligible sentence, he retired hastily and reported at headquarters the impossibility of making a report, the proceedings being conducted entirely "in Hebrew."

HERE is something not very bad to read: Lowell has over nineteen miles of girls and wise.

[*Exchange*.

OH! YOU MEN! don't leave 'em in that unsignify position!—*Manchester (N. H.) Mirror*.

"Who has not heard of Berhave's Heiland Bitters!

Simple in its composition, pleasant to the taste, and truly wonderful in its effect, its popularity cannot be wondered at. To invalids just recovering strength, it is invaluable: exercising that soothing influence over the nervous system, and imparting that health and tone to the stomach, so longed for by the convalescent."—*Daily Enterprise*.

Centre.—Be careful to secure *Boerhave's Heiland Bitters*. Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the sole Proprietors, Benjamin Page, Jr., & Co., No. 27 Wood street, between First and Second streets, and Druggists generally.

MARRIED:

In St. Paul's Cathedral, on Monday, the 17th inst., by Rev. E. M'Mahon, Mr. CHARLES B. MOWRY to Miss ELLEN P. RAFFERTY, all of this city.

DIED:

On Sunday morning, at 20 minutes before 7 o'clock, JOHN T. WHITTEN, aged 35 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 4 Caldwell street, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, the 18th, at 2 o'clock. The friends and acquaintances of the family are requested to attend without further notice.

☞ FACTS, WITHOUT COMMENT—THE PUBLIC SHOULD KNOW THEM.

NEW YORK, October 10, 1852.

Mssr. Hardy, No. 119 Suffolk street, writes us that she has been troubled with worms for some three years, and that *the used one vial of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge*, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., which brought away over *fifty large worms*. Her usual good health immediately returned.

Mrs. Quigley, No. 152 Essex street, New York, under date of November 23, 1852, writes us that she had a child which had been unwell for better than two months. She procured a bottle of M'Lane's Vermifuge, and administered it. The child passed a large quantity of worms, and in a few days was as hearty as ever it had been. Parents, with such testimony before them, should not hesitate when there is any reason to suspect worms, and lose no time in procuring and administering Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. It never fails, and is perfectly safe.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS. of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EASTERN PAWNBROKER'S SALE OF CLOTHING.—On FRIDAY and SATURDAY, May 21 and 22, at ten and two o'clock each day, will be sold, at the New Commercial Saloon, No. 54 Fifth street, a large consignment of valuable Clothing from an Eastern Pawnbroker, comprehending every article of gentlemen's wear, in extensive variety of material and style, such as fine Broadcloth, fancy Cassimeres, and summer Stuff and Drab Cloth; black and fancy Cassimere, Linen and Tweed Pants; Silk, satin, and Cloth Vests; summer Drawers, Shirts, &c.

my18 P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF CLOTHING, FASHIONABLE BONNETS, LEGHORN HATS, TRAVELING BAGS, &c., AT NO. 54 FIFTH STREET.—On WEDNESDAY MORNING, May 19th, at ten o'clock, will be sold, an extensive assortment of seasonable Clothing, embracing a great variety of Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Stiff Collars, Dressing, and Ladies' fashionable Bonnets, Silk Mantillas, Dress Boxes, &c.; Gentlemen's Leghorn Soft Wool and Silk Hats; Oil Cloth and Carpet Traveling Bags, Hosiery, Wholesale Whips, &c. [my18] P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

MARBLE TOP, ROSEWOOD CENTRE TABLES, AT AUCTION.—On This (FRIDAY) evening, May 18th, at the Commercial Sale Rooms, 54 Fifth street, second floor, 2 elegant Rosewood Centre Tables, with Brocatelle Marble tops, will be sold, by order of Administrator, to the sale of stocks and real estate, at 8 o'clock.

my18 P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES & BAROUCHES AT AUCTION.—On WEDNESDAY MORNING, May 19th, at 11 o'clock, at the Commercial Sale Room, No. 54 Fifth street, will be sold, an extensive assortment of Eastern made Carriages, which may be examined previous to the sale. (my18) P. M. DAVIS, Auct'r.

CLARET WINE.—

20 cases N. Johnston & Sons Medoc Claret Wine;
10 " " St. Julien Claret Wine;
10 " G. C. St Julien Claret Wine, in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON.

Nos. 222 and 223 Liberty street.

INDIGO.—2 cases Manilla Indigo, just received and for sale by

my18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

RICE.—30 tierces prime new Rice, now landing and for sale by

my18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

RIO COFFEE.—500 bags, good to choice, Rio Coffee, in store and for sale by

my18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

SODA.—15 kegs Bi. Carb. Soda, just received and for sale by

my18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

RAPPAHANNOCK SUGAR.

10 hhds. A. round Coffee Crushed Sugar;
10 " A Crushed sugar;
1 " Pulva Crushed Sugar;
10 " " fine pulverized Sugar;
10 " " C house " "

Now landing and for sale by

my18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

SODA ASH.—100 casks Soda Ash, now landing and for sale by

my18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

PIPES.—50 gross Marseilles Clay Pipes, just received and for sale by

my18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

DAIRY SALT.—50 barrels sack Dairy Salt, in store and for sale by

my18 MILLER & RICKETSON.

BACON.—6000 lbs. Country Bacon shoulders, sides and hams, to arrive this day and for sale by

my18 Corner Market and First streets.

POTATOES.—

100 bushels Galena;
50 " Neshannock, and Peach Blossom

For sale by JAS. A. FETZER,

my18 Corner Market and First streets.

TWO BUILDING LOTS on Caldwell street for sale by S. CUTHBERT & SON,

my11 51 Market street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO., Pittsburgh, May 18, 1858.

☞ PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, until the 15th of June next, inclusive, for the Graduation, Masonry, Building, Trestling, Station Building, and Railway Track, embracing the entire work necessary to the completion of the Division of the Road of about ten and one-half miles, along the Monongahela river, between Pittsburgh and Port Perry.

SPECIFICATIONS of the work are ready for examination, at the office of the Company, whose Engineer will be in attendance, and where full explanations will be given to parties making inquiry.

The work will be let, either in one or several contracts, and may be payable in cash, or wholly, in part, in the first Mortgage Bonds of the Company, recently, by the part of said Road to be constructed.

The work is much rate, and can be done expeditiously, and will be required to be completed in all the coming autumn.

By order of the Board of Directors.

may18:3w:eod REND H. LATROBE, Pres't.

☞ AT A MEETING OF THE DUQUESNE FIRE COMPANY, held at their Hall on MONDAY, May 18, 1858, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

WHEREAS, By a wise dispensation of the Author of our Being, our late beloved fellow-member, JOHN T. WHITTEN, has finished his earthly pilgrimage and been suddenly called from this to the unseen world; and, whereas, this company has been deeply impressed with a sense of his many estimable qualities as a member of society, therefore, be it

Resolved, That as members of the Duquesne Fire Company we sincerely regret his premature decease, but bow with meek submission to this afflictive act of Divine Providence.

Resolved, That in his loss we truly deplore the separation from one who was ever zealous and faithful in the performance of his many onerous and self-sacrificing duties as a member and officer of this organization.

Resolved, That as an outward evidence of our sad bereavement, we will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days, and, in a body, attend his remains to their final resting place.

Resolved, That the Secretary of this meeting bear to the family of our deceased associate, a copy of these proceedings, with assurance of our sympathy and condolence in this their great affliction.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the daily journals of the city.

☞ YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—The Library of this institution having been reclassified, the Librarian will be prepared on and after THURSDAY, the 20th inst., to furnish books to members. By order,

may18 LIBRARY COMMITTEE.

THE MOST INTERESTING AND UNIQUE ENTERTAINMENT EVER WITNESSED.

The celebrated Chief KAWSHAWGANOE and troupe, consisting of Western and Female from the Wallipun nation, West of the Rocky Mountains, will give a GRAND EXHIBITION of the manners and customs of their tribe, at

MASONIC HALL,

ON THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, May 20th, 21st and 22d.

KAWSHAWGANOE, who is pronounced throughout the United States, the most elegant Indian Orator living, will give a description of his country, etc., etc.

The Entertainment will consist of Historical Scenes, Rites, Ceremonies, Dances and Songs, highly illustrative of the unsophisticated tribes of the present day.

The entertainment is of a chaste and moral character, and is pronounced by the Press throughout the country, as the only exhibition by which an accurate knowledge may be obtained at the present time of the Western tribes.

ADMISSION, 25 cents. Doors open at half past 7; exhibition to commence at 8. Front seats reserved for ladies. The utmost order and decorum will be preserved.

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, there will be an exhibition for the benefit of Ladies and Children. Admission, 15 cents. Doors open at two o'clock—commence at half past two. my18:3t

A VOICE FROM OHIO.—

ECONOMY, April 12, 1858.

FRIEND SCOTT:—Ayer's Worm Confections are taking fine. The people of our place now use them in their practice. Send us another gross by express. ROBINSON & LOCK.

Compounded and for sale at the drug store of Wood and Sixth streets, Pittsburgh. my18:3w

GREAT SALE OF FURNITURE.

$30,000 WORTH,

TO BE SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE IN

THREE WEEKS.

The subscriber has sold his Extensive Furniture Warerooms, on Fifth street, and having to give possession of the Buildings, on the 11th of June, he offers his entire stock of

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS,

AT COST.

THE SALE COMMENCES

ON TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1858,

AND WILL CONTINUE FOR THREE WEEKS.

The Prices will be marked in plain figures, on each article, so that visitors can at once see the

GREAT BARGAINS OFFERED.

TERMS—All sums less than $100, cash. On $100 and upwards a credit of sixty days will be given for approved endorsed paper, with interest added.

H. H. RYAN,

my18:3w NO. 31 FIFTH STREET.

MILITARY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE CONSTANTLY on hand a complete stock of

MILITARY GOODS,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

CAPS,	PLUMES,
SWORDS,	BELTS,
SASHES,	EPAULETTES,
STARS,	BUTTONS,
LACES,	FRINGES,
TASSELS,	ETC., ETC.

Volunteer Companies

FURNISHED WITH FULL EQUIPMENTS AT SHORT NOTICE.

SILK AND BUNTING FLAGS MADE TO ORDER.

JNO. B. M'FADDEN & SON.

95 MARKET STREET.

my18

WE ARE THIS DAY OPENING, IN OUR MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT, NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES OF WOOLEN AND LINEN COATINGS, *SILK AND MARSEILLES VESTINGS*, FANCY LINEN PANT STUFFS, Which we will make to order in the most fashionable styles.

L. HIRSHFIELD & SON.

No 85 Wood street.

PINE APPLES.—100 received this day and for sale by REYMER & ANDERSON,

my18 No. 39 Wood street. Opposite St. Charles Hotel.

ALL KINDS of Dry Goods as cheap as they can be had any place.

C. HANSON LOVE,

my18 (Formerly Love Brothers.) 74 Market street.

THIS EVENING, AND EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK, or until all is sold, will be offered at McCARTNEY'S AUCTION HOUSE, 120 Wood street, an extensive assortment of rich Gold Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, etc., etc. The goods will be open for examination each day, when Ladies as well as Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call, and they may purchase at private sale, at wholesale or retail, at very low prices, and all goods shall prove to be represented and satisfactory, or money refunded. This is believed to be the best selected and most desirable stock of Jewelry, etc., ever offered at Auction in this city, and is every way worthy the attention of purchasers, as the whole must be sold for cash immediately. Sale to commence each evening at 7½ o'clock.

my18:tf JOSHUA GRAY, Salesman. W. G. McCARTNEY, Auct'r.

SAMUEL GRAY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 52 St. Clair Street,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

☞ is prepared to furnish his customers and buyers generally, with the latest and most fashionable styles of spring and summer Goods of every variety, which he will make up to order to the entire satisfaction of those who may favor him with their patronage. my17:3m

ASTROLOGY.—MADAME HARPER, Celebrated Natural Astrologist and Doctress, who has been pronounced the wonder of the world by all the crowned heads and nobility of Europe, is now stopping at Room No. 38 Scott House, where ladies and gentlemen desirous of consulting her in relation to past, present and future events, lost goods, incurable diseases, etc., are invited to call. Consultation fee $1—children half price. She will remain but a short time, and those who desire to consult her must call soon. my17:1w

JOHN THOMPSON & CO.,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS, AND GRAINERS,

DEALERS IN PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, Turpentine, Colours, Glass, Putty and Brushes. Paint ground to order. 12 cut best English Steel Combs, in cases. 135 Third street. my17

DRIED APPLES.—50 sacks received and for sale by (my12) HENRY H. COLLINS.

WHITE FISH.—10 half bbls. received and for sale by (my17) HENRY H. COLLINS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ STATEMENT OF THE MERCHANTS' AND MANUFACTURERS' BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

MONDAY MORNING, May 17th, 1858.

Capital and Contingent Fund	$750,000 00
Notes in Circulation	153,150 00
Due Depo itors	130,493 78
Due to other Banks	11,932 82
Due Commonwealth	5,985 22
Loans and Discounts	871,803 17
Specie—Gold and Silver	119,961 35
Notes and Checks of other Banks	26,868 37
Due by other Banks	69,971 87

The above Statement is true.

W. H. DENNY, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 17th day of May, A. D., 1858. J. F. MACKENZIE, Notary Public.

my18

☞ STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

MONDAY MORNING, May 17, 1858.

MEANS:

Loans, Bills and Discounts	$1,622,206 56
Real Estate and Ground Rent	44,759 22
Stocks and Miscellanies	14,483 65
Due by other Banks	39,681 36
Bank Notes and Checks, and U. S. Treasury Notes	61,868 00
Specie	431,232 77
	$2,174,225 34

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock	$1,142,700 00
Profits and Earnings	148,828 96
Unpaid Dividends and Suspense Accounts	23,452 9[illegible]
Due to other Banks	42,592 88
Circulation	253,856 00
Deposits	562,884 54
	$2,174,225 34

The above Statement is correct, to the List of my knowledge and belief. JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed this 17th day of May, 1858, before me. (my18) AUSTIN L