THE PITTSBURGH POST.

JAMES P. BARR, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:
FRIDAY MORNING:::::::::::MAY 14, 1858.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
WILLIAM A. PORTER,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WESTLEY FROST,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

THE WEEKLY.

The *Weekly Post* of this week is issued this morning. It contains the commencement of the interesting story of the "Contrabandist's Revenge," which will be finished in a couple of weeks, poetry, miscellany, the latest news, both foreign and domestic, the most reliable market reports, &c. Call and get a copy.

The Atlantic Telegraph.

We publish this morning a portion of a very interesting letter from the New York *Herald* relative to the ocean telegraphic arrangement, which is of interest.

THE JOURNAL.

A couple of weeks since, when the present editor of the *Commercial Journal* assumed his position, we spoke of him in such terms as we thought him entitled to from our previous knowledge of him. Since we have controlled the *Post*, we have most studiously avoided personalities, and ever treated those who opposed us as gentlemen. Our own self-respect required this at our hands, and the same respect for ourself now makes it incumbent upon us to notice in fitting terms an uncalled for, ungentlemanly, most offensive and utterly false attack upon us and our position, which the editor of the *Journal* has made in his paper of Thursday morning. His fresh verdancy in the editorial calling may perhaps excuse him for errors of fact, but the malice which he has exhibited in his studied misrepresentation of us, admits of no excuse, for *direct falsehood* is abhorrent to all the attributes of an honorable gentleman, or a fair and manly political opponent. If the editor of the *Journal* cannot appreciate the difference between the publication of political speeches and "extolling" and endorsing them, in charity, we will set that down to his ignorance of how newspapers are conducted. As a public newspaper, the *Post* has laid before its readers the speeches of statesmen on any side of any question, and on the Lecompton issue it has endeavored to give both sides an equally fair hearing. To the extent of our ability and the capacity of our journal we have endeavored to make it a *news* paper, and like other newspapers, we have laid before our readers such matter as in our judgment they desired to obtain. Neither the publication of reports of speeches, nor the proceedings of public meetings, here or elsewhere, as matter of news, has bound us to the sentiments of those speeches, nor the resolutions of those meetings. The public, wiser than the editor of the *Journal*, who is still in his editorial swaddling clothes, and cannot be expected to know everything, has fully understood our course in this matter. Our aim has been to inform our readers—not extol men. That the *Journal* has not chosen to keep pace with the news of the day is no fault of its present editor, but it is his fault that he recklessly makes assertions regarding our course, without informing himself of the facts, and with, to say the least, a most culpably careless disregard of truth.

The *Journal* says "the *Post* was first for the Senate bill." This is false; we advocated the passage of the bill offered by Mr. Montgomery, as a fair compromise, and one which would end the question, and the English compromise bill, which we never advocated, we have sustained since it became a law, because we believe it is right to sustain all laws while they are laws, because it does not greatly differ from Mr. Montgomery's bill, which we did advocate, and because its passage is a signal defeat of the machinations of the Black Republican party. The President's and the Governor's messages we approved, and we have yet to learn that they are not still approved by the Democratic party.

But it was not our intention, when we commenced writing this article, to defend our course. The approval of the readers of the *Post* has saved us any such necessity. We wish to call the attention of the editor of the *Journal* to the discourteous and unmanly terms with which he has charged us with inconsistency, denies us the merit of honesty of purpose, and attributes to us an utter want of principle. If the constitutional nervous irritability, under which his words were manifestly penned, has subsided sufficiently to permit his judgment to act, he will, if he has any regard for the truth, admit his error. He has yet to learn, that although as an advocate his conscience may have permitted him to sustain the side which paid his fee, without a strict regard to truth, as an editor, we at least, shall not permit him to falsify our position, by malicious assertions, which he cannot sustain by the record. We are willing to give him time for reconsideration, and to make amends for the injustice which he has most wantonly done us.

MINNESOTA.

The Union now consists of thirty-two States. Minnesota has been admitted, the Senate bill for that purpose having passed the House without amendment. This might and should have been done last December or January with as much propriety as now. We rejoice, however, that it has been admitted at last, and welcome the new State into the Union as a Democratic State. Her Senators are both veteran members of the National Democratic party, and her two Representatives are also Democrats. We bid Minnesota Welcome—a double welcome as a Democratic State. The passage of the act of admission was greeted in Washington by a salute of thirty-two guns.

Spain.

A little paragraph in the telegraph news furnished by the arrival of the steamer Vanderbilt from Europe, stating that an inquiry was being made in that country into the state of affairs between the two nations, "and that Spain would go to war with this country," proves to be a misapprehension, and is founded on the following:

> "SPAIN.—The London *Chronicle* correspondent says:—In the Chamber of Deputies, at the commencement of the sitting of the 20th inst., M. Gulierez de la Vega inquired in what state were the relations between Spain and the United States, inasmuch as telegraphic despatches stated that the last accounts from America spoke of rumors of war between the two countries."

This, says the *North American*, amounts to just nothing at all, as a demonstration. Spain is by no means anxious for a war with us, the fate of Cuba in any such event being too well known.

—The Chicago *Democrat*, says that laborers in that city are not likely to get more than six shillings a day during the coming season and that hundreds are there now out of employment.

VARIOUS THINGS.

—The city government of Columbus, Ohio, costs $47,300 for the present year. The revenue is about $2000 less than this.

—A very small pattern of man lately solicited the hand of a very fine buxom girl. "Oh no," said the fair lady, "I can't think of it for a moment. The fact is, Tommy, you are a little too big to put in a cradle, and a little too small to put in a bed."

—The New Mayor of Philadelphia is absolutely run down by office seekers.

—The Cincinnati *Gazette*, in speaking of establishing a clearing house in that city, says "legal difficulties were found to exist that render legislation necessary before such an institution can be put into operation." The convention passed a resolution "recommending the several branches to make arrangements through bankers to furnish exchange, for their circulating notes in this market at ½ per cent, premium."

—Forty-two thousand young soldiers have been ordered to join the French army between the 10th and 20th of June.

—Peter Sken Smith died in Springfield, Mass., on the 6th instant, of a complication of brain and heart diseases. He was at one time a prominent leader in the Native American party in Philadelphia, and a warm friend of General Zachary Taylor, with whom he served in the Florida war. He was a brother of Gerritt Smith, of Petersboro', N. Y.

—The unfinished monument to Mary, the mother of Washington, at Fredericksburg, Virginia, is fast going to ruins, and is badly disfigured with bullet and shot marks, being used by the boys as a target.

—The *Insurance Monitor* mentions the following companies as having failed: Star, of Ogdensburg, New York; Western, of Philadelphia; Garden City, of Chicago; Mercantile, of Chicago; and Chicago Mutual Company, Illinois.

—Among the passengers by the Moses Taylor from New York, on Wednesday last, was the celebrated negro minstrel, George Christy. He goes to San Francisco on a three years' engagement. It is said he was offered $10,000 a year, or a third of the profits, and chose the latter.

Dr. Parrish's Idiotic Pupils.

The alleviation and improvement of the mental condition of the weak in mind, is a matter eminently worthy of encouragement. Dr. Parrish, who has devoted his time and attention to the proper treatment and training of idiotic children, is now on a visit to this city with some of his pupils, for the purpose of letting the public know, by a personal interview, what has been and can be done for these unfortunates. The want of publicity, we think, rather than a want of due appreciation of the merit of Dr. Parrish's efforts, has prevented hitherto a general attendance by the public upon his most interesting lectures and exhibitions. At the request of a number of our most prominent citizens, the Doctor will this (Friday) evening, give another public lecture and exhibition of the children in his care, and we hope to see Masonic Hall crowded as it should be on this occasion.

The Concert.

The announcement that the celebrated cantatrice, Madame Elena D'Angri, would sing in thing city, next week, with Thalberg and Vieuxtemps, has created the greatest enthusiasm among the lovers of music, and already numerous applications for seats have been made at Mr. Mellor's music store. For the information of the public, we state that the tickets will be for sale on Monday morning next, as announced in the advertisement of the manager. The prices are to be the same as at Thalberg's last concert in this city, notwithstanding the great additional attraction which the presence of such an artiste as D'Angri will afford. Having been accustomed to appear in the gorgeous style required at European concerts, the personal display which this charming woman makes of magnificent dress and glittering diamonds, is as great a novelty as the wonderful power of her rich contralto voice.

A Charge of Monster Railroad Swindling.

The New York *Herald* publishes a long and most extraordinary history of a system of fraud and swindling, charge to have been carried on by some of the chief managers of the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Company, which, if all that is said about it is true, is the monster rascality of the age. Fraud, forgery and embezzlement are all charged, and the amount of money out of which the public has been swindled amounts to millions. The full particulars of the affair would occupy too much space in our paper, but we give the *Herald's* statement in brief as follows:

> For several weeks past some of the leading bankers and merchants of this city, aided by eminent counsel, have been probing a terrible charge of fraud in connection with the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Company, by which the stockholders, bondholders and creditors generally of that institution, as well as several New England Banks and New York merchants, were sufferers to the amount of millions of dollars.
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> A short time since affidavits were sworn before Judge Russell by Mr. Samuel M. Blatchford, Stewart Brown, Seabury Brewster and Charles Gould, charging Henry Dwight, Henry Hotchkiss and Hamilton Spencer, directors and chief managers of the railroad company, with swindling, embezzlement, and sundry other grave offences. Six warrants were issued against Mr. Dwight on two separate charges of perjury—one for fraudulent issue of coupons, one for fraudulent issue of cancelled bonds, another for embezzlement, and another for conspiracy. A warrant was issued at the same time for the arrest of Hotchkiss and Spencer, on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the creditors of the company. Mr Dwight was arrested yesterday, and brought into court before Judge Russell, and is now in custody awaiting examination.

Assistant Bishop of Pennsylvania.

In speaking of the proposed election of an assistant to Bishop Potter, a matter which we have heretofore spoken of, the *Pennsylvanian*, makes the following very just remarks:

> "It is not our province to intefere in this matter—it would be presumptuous in us to do so—and we feel no particular interest in the question. But we do profess to entertain that degree of general interest in the subject which urges us to express the strong hope that some clergyman, sufficiently pious and learned, may be found within the limits of Pennsylvania who may conscientiously assume the responsibilities and satisfactorily discharge the duties of this office. We have no disposition or intention to disparage the claims or character of any, but we sincerely trust it may not be found necessary to import to this Diocese any clergyman from New York, New England, or any State North or South, thus inferentially admitting the incapacity or unworthiness for the Episcopal dignity of all clergymen residing at this time within this Diocese. We have never heard of other Dioceses choosing Bishops from among Pennsylvania clergymen, although it has been too much the habit to look outside of this Commonwealth for the learning, piety, talents and virtues which should illuminate this high, holy, and most responsible post."

Venerable Time-Keeper.

One of the "oldest clocks in America," once the property of Gov. Hutchinson, is now owned by a gentleman of this city. When the Governor's house was sacked by a mob, in 1762, and his furniture demolished, this clock by some means escaped injury and fell into the hands of John Holmes, a silversmith doing business at that time in Ann street, from whom it was purchased a short time afterwards by the grandfather of the present owner. It runs eight days, strikes the hours, gives the day of the month, and is a perfect time-keeper. The case is of oak, beautifully inlaid in front with different kinds of wood, representing figures, birds and flowers, surprising life-like It has been well preserved, and is in fine condition. There is no date upon it, but its great age is plainly indicated by the peculiarity of its construction and works. It was made in London, and it is believed to be quite two centuries old.—*Boston Transcript.*

[From the European Correspondence of the N. Y. Herald.

The Ocean Telegraph.

The work of coiling the cable on board both the Niagara and Agamemnon is going on most successfully, and there is every prospect of their both being ready to leave Plymouth on their trial trip about the 20th of next month. The number of miles placed on the two vessels is between seventeen and eighteen hundred, leaving from eleven to twelve hundred yet to be put on board. Of this amount the latter has ten hundred and fifty, and the former some seven hundred coiled in the cable circles. Every attention and care has been given to this essential part of the work, and every foot of the cable is minutely inspected as it passes into the circles. When a defective part is detected the process of coiling is suspended until the imperfect portion of the wire is cut away, and the whole is respliced in a manner that not only secures the perfect insulation of the conductor, but actually adds to the strength of the cable. There is in fact no depart- of the work in which there is more skill and ingenuity displayed than in that of splicing; and it is particularly deserving of remark here, that only in one instance, during the last expedition, was the cable known to part at a splicing. This, however, requires an explanation, from which it will be seen that the case was an extraordinary one, and such as under the new arrangment will not be likely to occur again. The splice had been made at the junction of the shore end of the cable with the deep sea line, and was not as perfect as could be desired, on account of the difference in size between the two portions, so that when subjected to a strain it parted while in the act of passing over the wheels or sheaves of the paying out machine. The second attempt to join the two parts was, however, most successful, and by the aid of a hawser to relieve the spliced portion from any undue strain, it was lowered safely into the water. The continuity was found to have been unimpaired by the fracture, and the cable worked as well as if it never parted.—With this exception it will be seen that the process of splicing, so far from weakening the great sea line, has actually a tendency to strengthen it, and has no injurious effect upon the electrical condition of the conductor. Every attention then being bestowed upon this important process, no apprehensions need be felt in regard to the strength of the cable, which is as perfect as when it first came from the manufactory.

It is expected that both ships will leave the Keyham basin on the 14th of next month, or that they will be able to leave before that time. This is very necessary, as they will draw so much water on account of the increased weight as to render it necessary to get into the stream during the spring tides, which prevail then, and without which they would be unable to leave the dock where they now are, for at least another month. The coiling can, however, be proceeded with when the vessels get into the stream, as the line may be taken on board from the little steamer Adonis, which is expected at Plymouth in less than a week, with four hundred additional miles, which have just been manufactured at the works of Messrs. Glass & Elliott, in Greenwich. With coal and all on board, the Niagara will draw about twenty-six and a half feet of water, and the Agamemnon at least a foot more than that. No time will be lost, you may depend upon it, in getting to sea the moment the cable has been placed on the two ships.

In a former letter it was stated that the greatest speed attained by Dr. Whitehouse, the chief electrician of the company, in the transmission of messages through twenty-six hundred miles of cable did not exceed sixty-nine words per hour, or a little more than a word per minute. This was the result of several months' experiments, but within the last week a still greater rapidity has been accomplished, and as this is a matter of the greatest importance both to the working and paying value of the line, it is deserving of special consideration. Professor Thompson, one of the faculty of the highest University in Scotland, which has produced some of the most learned and able men in Great Britain, was invited to take part in the experiments. For three days he gave his undivided attention to the subject, made a large number of experiments, and reported the gratifying intelligence to Mr. Field, that he had done sufficient to justify him in stating that he could send six words through the whole length of wire in one minute; and that, by still further experiments, he had no doubt whatever he could improve still more on the rate of speed.—But I have not yet told the whole story in regard to the electrical department, and the success which has been achieved in working through the cable. Mr. Henley, who is also a prominent electrician here, has been making experiments, and with no less gratifying success, so that Professor Thompson is fully corroborated and sustained by the best possible evidence—that of a practical test by another. Mr. Henley, after a week's attention to the subject, succeeded in sending through message after message at a speed of six words in a minute. He does not stop here, however; he goes still further, and states that a current can be sent through the cable generated by an English shilling, which is about the size of an American quarter—a rather Lilliputian battery, it must be acknowledged.—Let him speak for himself. In a brief statement which he presented to Mr. Field, at that gentleman's request, and to which he signed his name, he says:

> A current can be passed through the cable—two thousand six hundred miles—generated by a shilling and a piece of zinc of the same size, with a piece of paper moistened with the tongue.
>
> W. T. HENLEY.

One of the paying out machines is finished, and has been subjected to the criticism of a whole army of civil and naval engineers, captains and other scientific and unscientific men. This examination has been had at the special request of Mr. Everett, who was desirous of submitting his work to an unreserved judgment from men who have made the science of engineering their special study, and who are therefore presumed to know something about the subject.—Since his arrival in this country, about the middle of last January, he has been engaged in the work of devising such a machine as he considered best adapted to the undertaking. The experience which he acquired on the last expedition, at which time he was chief engineer of the Niagara, has been turned to the best account, and has enabled him to construct a machine which has met with general approval.

Roman Catholic Provincial Council at Cincinnati.

The Roman Catholic Provincial Council for the Province of Cincinnati, consisting of the Archbishop and his Suffragan Bishops, concluded its labors yesterday with imposing ceremonies in St. Peter's Cathedral.

Solemn High Mass was celebrated in the morning, the Archbishop presiding. There was a dense multitude of people in attendance, the spacious Cathedral being crowded to its utmost capacity. A procession, composed of the Archbishop, seven Bishops in their gorgeous vestments, some thirty-five or forty Priests, in their robes, the students of the Roman Catholic Theological Seminary, was escorted from the Archbishop's residence to the Cathedral by a guard of honor, consisting of the members of St. Peter's and St. Joseph's Benevolent Societies. An eloquent sermon was preached by one of the Bishops, and the ceremonies were of the greatest and most impressive description observed by the Roman Catholics upon such august occasions. At vespers, at four o'clock P. M. one of the Bishops presided, and another delivered a discourse.

The Provincial Council will not meet again until 1861.—*Cincinnati Gazette*, 10th.

Technical Words.

In reading we frequently come across words with which we are unacquainted, and which are necessary to give us a full idea of the subject. To obviate this difficulty, we give a definition of some of the more common words:

A Firkin of Butter	56	lbs.
A Sack of Coals	224	"
A Truss of Straw	36	"
A Stave of Hemp	32	"
A Sack of Flour	280	"
A Quintal	100	"
A Piggot of Steel	120	"
A Truss of Hay	56	"
A Bash	80	bush.
A Kilderkin	18	galls.
A Barrel	36	"
A Hogshead	54	"
A Puncheon	84	"

English prices-current often speak of the price of wheat *per quarter*—to reduce this to barrels, multiply the price by seven, and divide by twelve, and it will give the price, at the same rate, by the barrel. Thus: If wheat is quoted at 56 shillings a quarter, multiply 56 by 7, and divide by 12, and it gives the price, 32 shillings 8 pence a barrel.

Horse Chewing Tobacco.—The anti-tobacco men have paraded in triumph the assertion that man is the only animal which chews the weed. The following from the Danville, (Va.) *News*, will be welcomed as a complete refutation:

One of the physicians of our town owns a riding horse which loves tobacco up to any good old Eastern North Carolinian that ever rolled a quid under his tongue. The horse will take a quarter of a plug at the time and chew it with avidity and apparent delight. But the strangest feature of the matter is, he swallows the narcotic without becoming sick at the *stomach or head.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS

FIRST SESSION.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

SENATE.

Notwithstanding the Senate was in session for several hours, nothing particular was accomplished. The Appropriation bill was read by sections, and a number of formal amendments were adopted, and the bill passed.

Mr. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, thereupon moved to reconsider, which was carried; yeas 28, nays 16.

The bill being again under discussion, an animated debate was continued for over three hours on the proposed insertion of a clause to pay John C. Rives three thousand two hundred dollars for compensation to the Senate reporters. The debate was of a discussive character; Messrs. Hamlin, Brown, Johnson, of Arkansas, Wilson, Bell, Doolittle and Trumbull defended Mr. Rives from the remarks of Mr. Mason, who characterized his circular sent to Senators imposing restrictions on their revisal of speeches delivered, as infamous, impudent and intrusive. Mr. Toombs, of Georgia, spoke with great animation against the Senate having to pay Rives' reporters. In the course of his remarks he implied that Mr. Doolittle was acting as the organ of the reporters.

Mr. Doolittle retorted by an allusion to Galphinism.

Mr. Toombs forthwith went over the history of the Galphin case, saying that he supported it in the House, and supported it now; as high-minded as any in the Union supported it, and the denouncers of it were miserable slanderers and cowards.

Mr. Hammond, of South Carolina, said he had been acquainted with the circumstances of the Galphin case, and they were as Mr. Toombs had stated.

The matter then subsided, and after a protracted discussion, without action on the proposition the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The question on Mr. Phillip's motion, as amended by Mr. Millson's substitute, to refer the Minnesota representatives to the Committee on Elections, was decided in the affirmative; yeas 108, nays 93.

Mr. Kunkel, of Maryland, from the Committee on Accounts, made a report charging R. B. Hackney, doorkeeper of the House, with having abused his authority in the appointment of subordinates, leaving some of them to depend on the grace and bounty of the House for their salary. For this he cannot be too severely censured. Though frequently admonished, he persists in setting the orders of the Committee at defiance. Abuses in the folding room are pointed out, showing false entries in the books as to the number of documents folded, and the expenses are increased from $600 to $2,500 per month. The Committee say that there are other charges of malpractice, and of a venal character, but they do not propose to report the declarations of Hackney's subordinates, over whom he domineers. He is unworthy of trust, and is either incompetent for the performance of the duty, or shows a wilful and deliberate purpose to pervert and abuse the power with which he is invested. They report a resolution that he be dismissed forthwith from office.

The subject was postponed till Monday, and on motion of Mr. Nichols the accused was privileged to file a defence in the meantime.

Mr. Harris, of Illinois, from the Committee on Elections, made a report on the Ohio contested election case, stating that four of the members are in favor of Mr. Campbell retaining his seat; four for giving it to the contestant, Vallandingham, and one recommending that the seat be declared vacant. The three reports were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Harris gave notice that he would call up the subject at an early.

Mr. Clark, of Missouri, made an adverse report to the people of Utah asking admission into the Union as a State.

The remainder of the session was devoted to the consideration of Territorial bills, none of which were passed.

The House then adjourned.

From Washington.

Washington City, May 12.—While the House was in Committee of the Whole to-day on Territorial business, Mr. Lane made an ineffectual effort to attach an amendment to one of the bills to settle the claims of citizens of Oregon and Washington growing out of the recent Indian war, amounting to between five and six millions of dollars. J. Glancy Jones said the General Appropriation bills would have to be passed in order to enable Congress to adjourn on the 7th of June, but he was willing to extend the time, to act on other business. Mr. Cobb remarked that he intended to introduce a resolution for that purpose, in order that all the business before the House might be finished. In this many gentlemen acquiesced.

The verdict of the Court Martial for the trial of charges against Major General Twiggs, finding him guilty of insubordinate conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, is approved, but in consideration of his distinguished services and of the unanimous recommendation of the Court, the sentence that he be reprimanded by the President is remitted. Gen. Twiggs has arrived at Washington.

The following candidates for admission into the Navy, recently examined by the Board of Naval Surgeons, at Philadelphia, are approved and will be appointed surgeons, as vacancies occur:—J. C. Bartolette, James J. Magee, J. Oliver Burnett, and Wm. V. King, of Pennsylvania; T. Walter Leach, of New Hampshire; M. P. Christian, of Virginia, and B. F. Gibbs, of New Jersey.

The Southern Convention.

Montgomery, Ala., May 13.—The Southern Convention continued in session last night till eleven o'clock. Messrs. Hilliard, Harper, Hubbard of Alabama, and Hunter of Georgia, spoke against the restoration of the slave trade. To-day Mr. Preston argued against the resolution and Mr. Yancy in its favor. Mr. Spratt concluded to-night the argument in favor of the resolution offered by him. A strong disunion sentiment pervades the Convention.

Delegation to the President.

St. Louis, May 13.—A commission, consisting of Robert Morrow, Charles H. Branscombe, and M. Winchell, selected by a mass convention of settlers recently held at Topeka, Kansas, to visit the President in reference to land sales in that Territory, passed through this city to-day, *en route* for Washington.

Probable Murder---Suicide of the Murderer.

Philadelphia, May 13.—George F. Goodwin met Lizzie Marshall in Franklin Square this morning, when he shot her in the breast, it is supposed fatally, and then shot himself, dying in a few minutes. They had been living together, but she left him a few weeks since on account of bad treatment. Goodwin has a wife and children living in Boston.

Loss of the Bark Lemuel Crawford.

Detroit, May 13.—The bark Lemuel Crawford, with twenty thousand bushels of wheat, from Chicago to Buffalo, went ashore on East Sister Island reef, on Monday night, and is a total loss. Her crew remained on the wreck until this morning, when they were rescued and brought to this city. The vessel was owned by Crawford & Price, of Cleveland. The cargo and vessel are fully insured.

From the West Indies.

New York, May 13.—Advices from Port au Platt to the 3d inst. have been received. The port was besieged by the Dominican fleet. The American schooner Wing of the Wind had run the blockade, and seven shots were fired at her while in the act. On the 1st inst., a few shots were fired into the place, and they were returned from the shore.

Woman's Rights Convention.

New York, May 13.—The Women's Rights Convention which assembled to-day was well attended Mrs. Lucy Stone Blackwell presided. Mr. William Lloyd Garrison, Rev. Mr. Bulkley, of Connecticut, and others, spoke.

An American Vessel Fired into by a British Cruiser and Boarded.

Boston, May 13.—The brig Cobert Wing arrived here to-day. She reports that when in Agria she was fired into and boarded by a British cruiser. A schooner in company was detained on suspicion of being a slaver.

Romantic Story.—A curious circumstance has come to light lately, which has caused the laugh to turn against the Academic. A savant member of that respectable body has had in his employment, for a long time past, a young Secretary, whose services he considered so valuable in the translations of the Oriental languages and the collating of Oriental works, that, only six months ago, he doubled his salary, on the threat of the secretary to leave for another savan. Last Monday the secretary came, all penitent and ashamed, to the savan to declare that his approaching marriage would prevent a continuance of his engagement. The savan was incensed.

"And who is the accomplice of your brainless folly?" exclaimed the savan, in a rage—being himself a confirmed old bachelor, and most averse to marriage.

"Monsieur B———," returned the secretary, with a titter, "to whom I am to be married on the 7th of this month!"

The savan looked up in alarm, and beheld the blushing countenance and trembling eyes of his secretary. The truth flashed upon his mind at once—the secretary was a woman! And so it proves to be. One who, with the knowledge of Greek and Latin, with seven eastern languages, could find no employment as a "learned female," and who had been compelled to assume the dress of the other sex, in order to obtain a livelihood. What makes the joke tell with even more severity against the savan, is the fact that Monsieur B———, the expectant bridegroom, is the very rival whose laurels have prevented his slumbers for fifteen years.—*Court Journal.*

TEXAS, TEXAS.—540 acres of good farming land in Hays county, near Austin, Texas. Prairie and timber land, $3 per acre, for sale by
my11 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market st.

TWO BUILDING LOTS on Caldwell street, for sale by S. CUTHBERT & SON,
my11 51 Market street.

Afternoon Telegraph Report.

[The news telegraphed for the afternoon papers we shall hereafter reproduce in a condensed form, and not burthen our columns by republishing it entire.]

Congressional.

In the House, Mr. Phillips, of Pennsylvania, said that Messrs. Kavanaugh and Phelps, the members elect from the new State of Minnesota, were present, and he moved that they be sworn in.

The certificates of their election were received, signed by Samuel Medary, Governor of Minnesota, and dated in December last.

Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, objected to the administration of the oaths of office. He said it was known that the Constitution of Minnesota provided for the election of three members by a general ticket, and he desired to be informed where the credentials of the third member were.

A long discussion ensued, after which Mr. Millson, of Virginia, offered a resolution that the certificates and credentials of those claiming to be elected members from Minnesota be referred to the Committee on Elections, with instructions to inquire into and report as to their right to be sworn in as members of the House.

This resolution was adopted as a substitute for Mr. Phillips' motion that the members be sworn in—yeas 91, nays 84.

Mr. Sherman moved the reconsideration of the vote, and to lay that motion on the table. Agreed to by 4 majority. The question then recurred on Mr. Phillips' motion as amended by Mr. Millson's substitute.

In the Senate a lengthy discussion occurred as to what business the Senate should take up. Mr. Clay, of Alabama, urging the Fishery bill; Mr. Polk, the Homestead bill, and Mr. Hunter insisting on the General Appropriation bill. It was at length agreed upon to consider the General Appropriation bill, by a vote of 33 yeas to 30 nays. The bill, which is contained in thirty-seven pages, was read.

From California--Arrival of the Star of the West.

NEW YORK, May 13.—The Star of the West, with California dates to the 20th ult., has arrived. She brings $1,600,000 in specie.

Forrest City, in Nevada county, has been destroyed by fire.

Business at San Francisco was dull.

The mining and agricultural prospects are eminently favorable.

Archy, the fugitive slave, has been discharged.

Rich gold diggings have been discovered in Carson Valley.

The Legislature of California has passed a bill prohibiting future immigration of free negroes to California, and compelling those already there to register their names and take out licenses. Great excitement prevailed among them, and meetings had been held. The question of emigrating in a body to Vancouver's Island has been discussed.

Advices from Oregon to the 8th of April state that the Republicans nominated John Denny, of Marion county, for Governor, and J. R. M'Bride for delegate to Congress. The Democrats nominated Lafayette Grover for delegate to Congress.

[From the Cincinnati Gazette.]

Steamer Delta Burned---Partly Insured.

NEW ORLEANS, May 11—P. M.

The steamer Delta, laid up at Algiers, burned to the water'sedge last night. The Delta is a total loss. She was valued at $6,000, and insured in Cincinnati offices for $4,000 The Delta was owned by her commander, Capt. Joseph Ford, and her clerk, George Washington. The steamers Chancellor and Eclipse have arrived.

"Who has not heard of Bœrhave's Holland Bitters?

Simple in its composition, pleasant to the taste, and truly wonderful in its effect, its popularity cannot be wondered at. To invalids just recovering strength, it is invaluable: exercising that soothing influence over the nervous system, and imparting that health and tone to the stomach, so longed for by the convalescent."—*Daily Enterprise.*

Caution!—Be careful to ask for ***Bœrhave's Holland Bitters.*** **Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the sole Proprietors, Benjamin Page, Jr., & Co., No. 27 Wood street, between First and Second streets, and Druggists generally.**

MARRIED:

On Thursday evening, 13th inst., by Rev. W. A. Passavant, CHRISTOPER L. GRAFF and ARABELLA BLACKMORE.

☞ FACTS, WITHOUT COMMENT—THE PUBLIC SHOULD KNOW THEM.

NEW YORK, October 10, 1852.

Mrs. Hardy, No. 119 *Suffolk street,* writes us that she has been troubled with worms for some three years, and that *she used one vial of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge,* prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa, which brought away over *fifty large worms.* Her usual good health immediately returned.

Mrs. Quigby No. 182 *Essex street, New York,* under date of November 23, 1852, writes us that she had a child which had been unwell for better than two months. She procured a bottle of M'Lane's Vermifuge, and administered it. The child passed a large quantity of worms, and in a few days was as hearty as ever it had been. Parents, with such testimony before them, should not hesitate when there is any reason to suspect worms, and lose no time in procuring and administering Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. It never fails, and is perfectly safe.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS. of Pittsburgh, Pa All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of*

[36] my14:1wdaw FLEMING BROS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO OWNERS OF REAL ESTATE IN THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH.—Notice is hereby given that the assessments for Grading and Paving, made under the provisions of an Act of Assembly passed May 16, 1857, and of an Ordinance of Councils enacted August 31, 1857, are now completed, and the same are payable at this office, as follows:—One-fifth on or before the 1st day of July, 1858; one-fifth on or before the 1st day of July, 1859; one-fifth on or before the 1st day of July, 1860; one-fifth on or before the 1st day of July, 1861; one-fifth on or before the 1st day of July, 1862

WM. EICHBAUM,
City Treasurer.
my13

FURNITURE FOR CASH.—

A full assortment of Pittsburgh manufactured FURNITURE, embracing

BUREAUX,
BOOK CASES,
WARD ROBES,

And every article needed in a well furnished dwelling, as well as a spledid assortment of

OFEICE FURNITURE,

Constantly on hand and made to order. As the only terms on which business is done at this establishment is for CASH. Prices are made accordingly. Persons in want of anything in the above line, would be advantaged by calling at

FACKINER & IRWIN'S,
No. 103 Smithfield street, below Fifth.

J. D. FACKINER,
JOHN M. IRWIN.
my13:ly

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of HAWORTH BRO. & BROWNLEE was, on the 3d of May, 1858, dissolved by mutual consent, by the withdrawal of JEHU HAWORTH from the above firm. The accounts of the late firm will be settled by HAWORTH & BROWNLEE.

☞ JEHU HAWORTH, in withdrawing from the above firm, kindly thanks his former patrons and also the patrons of the late firm, for the very liberal patronage he has received, and would kindly recommend them to his successors, HAWORTH & BROWNLEE, as they are determined to sell at low figures, having a very large assortment of CHEAP GROCERIES, WINES and LIQUORS on hand.

JEHU HAWORTH.

☞ DAVID HAWORTH and JAMES BROWNLEE have this day associated together, and will continue on the business at the OLD STAND, corner of Diamond and Diamond alley, under the style of HAWORTH & BROWNLEE, where they hope to receive that patronage so liberally given to the old firm, as they are determined to sell CHEAPER than any other Store in the city. my13

DRESS FRINGES, Mantilla Fringes, Basque Fringes, in great variety, at

HORNE'S Trimming Store, 77 Market st.
my13

SILK TASSEL BUTTONS, Fancy Glass Buttons, Plain Silk Buttons, all colors, of the newest styles, on hand at

JOSEPH HORNE'S,
77 Market street.
my13

STAR CANDLES.—75 boxes extra Adamantine Star Candles, warranted superior to any in the market, on hand and for sale by

B. C. & J. H. SAWYER.
my13

LARD OIL.—

50 barrels Extra No 1 Lard Oil;
25 " No. 2 Lard Oil, on hand and for sale, by

B. C. & J. H. SAWYER.
[my13]

PRINTING executed in the highest style of art, and at reasonable prices, by

J. R. WELDIN, Bookseller and Stationer,
63 Wood street, near Fourth.
my13

GERMAN DRAWING PAPER—In rolls for Engravers, for sale by

J. R. WELDIN,
63 Wood street, near Fourth.
my13

INDIA RUBBER DOOR MATS—The best Mats in use, just received at the India Rubber Depot, of

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 St. Clair street.
my13

WINDOW SHADES—Of all styles—also, Green and Buff Oil Cloth constantly on hand, and for sale by

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 St. Clair street.
my13

INDIA RUBBER BELTING—Also, Hose and Packing—a large stock just received at the India Rubber Depot of

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 St. Clair street.
my13

FLOOR OIL CLOTH—Of all patterns, from ½ yard to 6 yards in width, of a superior quality, for sale at the Oil Cloth Store of

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 St. Clair street.
my13

SPECIE.—American and Foreign Gold and Silver bought at a premium, by

O'CONNOR, BRO. & CO.,
Bankers, No. 15 Wood street.
my10:3t

TO PRINTERS.—The subscriber has now on hand, and is daily receiving, from the manufacturers, a large assortment of Printer's Stock.

R. W. Potter's Printer's Cards, from No. 1 to 7, Satin China, Porcelain Satin Enamelled, and colored.

Card Boards, in sheets;
McCreery's Celebrated colored Inks;
" " Card "
Lay & Bros. " News "
Varnish and Size;
Colored Printing Papers;
Pamphlet Cover Papers;
Glazed and Plated Papers, red, green and yellow;
Steel Blue Glazed Papers, and a large assortment pla
Note, Letter, Cap, and Folio Post, blue and white.

J. R. WELDIN,
63 Wood street, near Fourth
my11

GLASS.—300 boxes assorted sizes Wind Glass, good country brand. for sale by

HENRY H. COLLIN
my6

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FISH! FISH!!—

CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL SUPPLY OF

WHITE FISH, TROUT,
SALMON, PICKEREL,
HERRING, MACKEREL.

☞ Orders accompanied by the CASH, will meet prompt attention. HENRY H. COLLINS,
my14:jy1—2p 25 WOOD STREET.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Local and Traveling Agents, in business which is sure to pay from $20 to $28 per week. Particulars free to all who enclose a stamp or three cent piece for return postage, and address S. M. MYRICK & CO.,
my14:12tw Lynn, Massachusetts.

NEW AND OLD LIBRARY BOOKS, AT AUCTION.—On SATURDAY EVENING, May 15, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, a large stock of new and second-hand Books, in which are many of the best standard authors in History, Theology and elegant literature—all of them good library editions. Also, a great variety of light reading, among which are works of the old established writers of fiction, and recent popular publications

Also, elegant copies of the Family Bible; in various styles of binding. (my14) P. M. DAVIS, Auct'r.

CARRIAGES, AT AUCTION.—On SATURDAY MORNING, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, will be sold,

1 superior two horse Barouche nearly new, cost $300.
1 " two seated Jenny Lind Carriage.
1 one seated Rockaway.
1 superior Top Buggy, nearly new.
1 open Bugg made by Geo W. Watson, Philadelphia.
1 " " " James D. Laws, "
my14 P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

SUN UMBRELLAS, Hoop Skirts, French Corsets, Silk and Lace Mantles, and all kinds of Dress Goods, can be had very cheap for cash.
C. HANSON LOVE,
Formerly Love Brothers.
my14 No. 74 Market street.

L. HIRSHFELD & SON,
NO. 83 WOOD STREET,
HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED, NEW STYLES OF
SILK TAB'LAS AND TIES:
BORDERED CAMBRIC HDKFS.;
Silk & Lisle Thread Undershirts & Drawers, &c.

BAILEY & SON,
PLUMBERS,
120 FOURTH STREET,
NEAR SMITHFIELD STREET.
BOILERS FITTED,
Bath and Wash Rooms Supplied with
Hot and Cold Water,
In the most approved style. All work promptly atended to, on the shortest notice. my15:w

DESIRABLE LOCATION FOR SALE.—A snug dwelling house and large lot of ground, situate on Sycamore street, Mt. Washington—fruit and shade trees, shrubbery, cistern and pump, etc. For price and terms, apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON,
my13 51 Market street.

LANDS IN VIRGINIA, Iowa and Texas, for sale by S. CUTHBERT & SON,
my13 51 Market street.

The Cleveland, Pittsburgh and Wheeling Railroad,
AND
Pittsburgh, Columbus & Cincinnati
RAILROAD LINE.
Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 10TH, 1858 Trains will leave the Depot of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad as follows:—

6:45 A. M. For CLEVELAND, BUFFALO, DETROIT, CHICAGO AND THE WEST. WHEELING AND ZANESVILLE.

2:35 P. M. For CLEVELAND, TOLEDO, DETROIT, CHICAGO AND THE WEST. ☞ This train connects at Cleveland, with Detroit line of steamers.

4:00 P. M. For ALL WAY STATIONS ON THE RIVER LINE.

Passengers desiring to go to Chicago, or points beyond Chicago, via Cleveland, must ask for tickets via Cleveland

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI (via STEUBENVILLE,) RAILROAD

CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after MONDAY, the 10th, of May, 1858. Trains will leave the Depot of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, as follows:—

3:00 A. M. For STEUBENVILLE, COLUMBUS, DAYTON, INDIANAPOLIS, LOUISVILLE, CAIRO, MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.

2:35 P. M. For CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS, and ALL POINTS SOUTH AND WEST. Through to Cincinnati without change of cars.

Passengers desiring to go to Columbus, Cincinnati, etc., or any points beyond Columbus via Steubenville, must ask for tickets via Steubenville. JAMES FARMER,
Superintendent C., P. & W. R. R.
W. W. BAGLEY,
my12] Superintendent P., C & C. R. R.

Pittsburgh Water Cure Establishment.

FOR THE CURE OF ALL KINDS OF diseases, located at HAYSVILLE STATION, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, ten miles West of the city. For the healthful exercise and amusement of patients, and others friendly to the system, who may wish to spend some time with us, we have lately erected a fine GYMNASIUM and BOWLING ALLEY.

Address Box 1304, Pittsburgh, Pa
J. HURFORD, M. D., } Physicians.
my10:3md&w-is] H. FREASE, M. D. }

C. WEST & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGES,
ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES, SULKIES AND SLEIGHS.
No. 197 Penn street, PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ All work warranted to be of the best materials and workmanship my12:1ydis

CHESTER'S SPRING STYLE FOR
BOYS' CLOTHING,
AT PRICES FROM $2,50 PER SUIT UPWARDS.
CHESTER'S GOTHIC HALL.
my12 Corner Wood street and Diamond Alley.

CLAUDE to the Rescue, or the Escape of Duval and the Maniac Heiress.
The Iron Cross; by Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
Charles Ransford, or Love on Board a Cruiser; by Capt. Chamier.
Modern Othello, or the Guilty Wife.
The Corsair; by George Sand.
Montford, the Roue; by Eugene Sue.
Old Moll, or the Day of the Ironsides.
Ciprina, or the Secrets of a Pistol Gallery; by G. M. Reynolds, Esq.
For sale by R. A. LOOMIS,
Publishers' Agent,
my12 Post Buildings, 41 Fifth street.

DRIED PEACHES.—25 bush. choice dry Peaches received and for sale by
JAS. A. FETZER,
my12 Corner Market and First sts.

COUNTRY BACON.—1000 lbs. Country Bacon, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, received and for sale by JAS A. FETZER,
my12 Corner Market and First sts.

ROLL BUTTER—2 bbls. Fresh Roll Butter received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
my12 Corner Market and First sts.

POTATOES.—500 bush. choice white Neshannocks, to arrive this day, and for sale by
JAS. A. FETZER,
my12 Corner Market and First sts.

HOMINY.—6 bbls. Flint Hominy for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
my12 Corner Market and First sts.

SPRING AND SUMMER
BOOTS AND SHOES,
ANOTHER ARRIVAL CONSISTING OF
Gent's Patent Leather Congress Boots;
" " " Low Shoes;
" French Calf Tie;
Ladies' Congress French Lasting Gaiters;
" Heeled Gaiter Boots;
" Low French Slippers;
Boys' Fancy Oxford Red;
Youths' " Gaiters, and
MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' BOOTS AND SHOES,
OF EVERY VARIETY, AT THE
CHEAP CASH STORE OF
J. H. BORLAND,
my8:1w] No. 98 Market st., Second Door from Fifth.

SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR.—10 gross for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
ap28 Corner Wood and First streets.

CIDER VINEGAR.—
100 bbls. Pure Cider Vinegar,
TO ARRIVE AND FOR SALE, BY
W. T. POWELL,
my11:3t No. 97 FIRST STREET.

GRACE! BEAUTY!! HEALTH!!!— Are the leading characteristics which commend the justly celebrated "Douglass & Sherwood Adjustable Bustle" Skirt to the wearer.

N. B—A fresh invoice just received from the manfacturers, by JOSEPH HORNE,
my11 77 Market street.

HALF WIRE BONNET FRAMES.—2 cases of the latest shape, opened at
my11 HORNE'S, 77 Market street.

DR. WILLIAM YOUNG'S
MARRIAGE GUIDE;
Or, Every One His Own Physician.
Being observations on
MARRIAGE,
Medically and Philosophically considered,
As Manhood's early decline.
For sale by
R. A. LOOMIS, Publisher's Agent,
my8 Post Buildings, 41 Fifth street.

THE ACQUITTAL OF BERNARD has caused great rejoicing in England. In this city, many a school boy's heart is rejoiced after being furnished with a suit of
CHESTER'S UNRIVALLED BOYS' CLOTHING.

Suits for boys can be had or made to order, at prices from two dollars and fifty cents upwards. All tastes can be suited in prices, style and quality.

☞ Separate sales rooms for the Boys' Department.
my8

WHATMAN'S Original Turkey Mills Drawing Paper sold by J. R. WELDIN,
my13 63 Wood street, near Fourth.

INSURANCE.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS'
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY
N. W. CORNER OF SECOND AND WALNUT STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA.
ASSETS—$ 20,894.
PITTSBURGH OFFICE, No 90 WATER STREET.
THOS. J. HUNTER, Agent

The following list will show the amount paid at the Pittsburgh Agency for Losses from June, 1856, to April, 1858:—

Herbert Goodal......	$ 500 00	P. Hill & Co............	$ 156 75
Wm. Siddon.........	500 00	[illegible]	43 00
Frank Wolff.........	400 00	Wm. Magee.........	15 00
M. Hass..............	196 00	J. Howard & Co......	2,600 00
W. W. M'Gregor....	8 00	W. Dilworth, Esq...	1,125 00
John Heath..........	187 50	J. M. Irwin, Esq.....	260 00
J. J. House & Co.....	350 67	Edw. Spence, Esq...	54 00
Newmyer & Graff....	1,083 72	C. H. Paulsen.........	850 00
John Thompson......	200 00	English & Richard'n	100 00
Henry Feldbusch...	220 00	Brewer, Lind & Co...	6 00
John Watson.........	22 00	R. Hill & Co...........	450 12
J. M Hess.............	16 00	Wm. M'Hendry......	16 00
Phelps, Carr & Co...	4,000 00	R. Hill & Co...........	22 41
J. I. House & Co......	61 00	Spang & Co...........	33 00
Jas. Woods, Esq...	23 00	Salvage on steamer Arcola...............	71 11
Wm. M'Cully & Co...	2,479 17	Adams & M'Clintock	49 06
James Mellinger.....	1,000 00	D. Barnard...........	51 00
W. M'Cully & Co.....	750 00		
Total.....			$20,107 84

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } City of Pittsburgh, ss. }

Before me, an Alderman in and for said city, personally came Thomas J. Hunter, Agent of the Farmers and Mechanics' Insurance Company, who being duly sworn, according to law, doth depose and say that the foregoing statement is true. THOS. J. HUNTER, Agent.

Sworn and subscribed before me, April 7, 1858.
ap23 LEONARD S. JOHNS, Alderman.

DELAWARE MUTUAL
SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF PENNSYLVANIA, 1835.
OFFICE, S. E. CORNER THIRD AND WALNUT S
PHILADELPHIA.

MARINE INSURANCE.
ON VESSELS, } To all parts of the world.
CARGO, }
FREIGHT, }

INLAND INSURANCES
On Goods, by River, Canals, Lakes, and Land Carriages to All parts of the Union.

FIRE INSURANCES
On Merchandise generally.
On Stores, Dwelling Houses, &c.

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY.
November 2, 1857.

Bonds, Mortgages, and Real Estate..........	$101,350 94
Philadelphia City, and other Loans..........	137,011 25
Stock in Banks, Railroads and Insurance Companies..........	12,508 00
Bills Receivable..........	220,291 65
Cash on hand..........	38,893 66
Balance in hands of Agents, Premiums on Marine Policies recently issued, on other debts due the Company..........	92,730 53
Subscription Notes..........	100,000 00
	702,785 37

DIRECTORS.
William Martin,
Joseph H. Seal,
Edmund A. Souder,
John C. Davis,
John R. Penrose,
George G. Leiper,
Edward Darlington,
Dr. R. M. Huston,
William C. Ludwig,
Hugh Craig,
Spencer McIlvain,
Charles Kelley,
H. Jones Brooks,
Jacob P. Jones,
James C. Hand,
Theophilus Paulding,
James Traquair,
William Eyre, Jr.,
J. F. Peniston,
Joshua P. Eyre,
Samuel E. Stokes,
Henry Sloan,
James B. McFarland,
Thomas C. Hand,
Robert Burton, Jr.,
John B. Semple, Pittsburgh
D. T. Morgan, "
J. T. Logan, "
WM. MARTIN, President.
THOS. C. HAND, Vice President.
HENRY LYLBURN, Secretary.
P. A. MADEIRA, Agent,
de3 No. 95 Water street, Pittsburgh.

THE GREAT WESTERN
Fire and Marine Insurance Co.,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Office in Company's Building, No. 403 Walnut Corner of Fourth Street.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL..........		$ 600,000
Capital paid in..........	$222,300 00	
Surplus, Janury 1st, 1858..........	55,277 05	
		$277,674

FIRE INSURANCE—Limited or Perpetual.
MARINE INSURANCE, on Vessels, Cargo and Freights.
INLAND INSURANCE by Rivers, Canals, Lakes and Land Carriages

DIRECTORS:
Charles C. Lathrop, 1423 Walnut street.
William Darling, 1510 Pine street.
Alexander Whillden, Merchant, 18 North Front.
Isaac Hazlehurst, Attorney and Counsellor.
John C. Hunter, firm of Wright, Hunter & Co.
E. Tracy, firm of Tracy & Co., Goldsmith's Hall.
John R. McCurdy, firm of Jones, White & McCurdy.
Thomas L. Gillespie, firm of Gillespie & Zeller.
James B. Smith, firm of James B. Smith & Co.
Hon. Henry M. Fuller, office 227 South Third street.
John C. Vogdes, office corner of Seventh and Sansom.
James Wright, late Cashier Bank of Tioga.
Alfred Talor office Cairo City Property.
Jona J. Slocum, office 225 South Third street.
C. C. LATHROP, President.
W. DARLING, Vice President
LEWIS GREGORY, } Branch Office, 8 Wall st, N. Y.
Second Vice Pres't, }
JAMES WRIGHT, Secretary and Treasurer.
H. K. RICHARDSON, Assistant Secretary.
R. W. POINDEXTER, Agent.
ap9:6m 97 Water street, Pittsburgh.

MONONGAHELA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.
JAMES A. HUTCHISON, President.
HENRY M. ATWOOD, Secretary.
OFFICE--No. 98 Water Street.
WILL INSURE AGAINST ALL KINDS OF FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.

DIRECTORS:
James A. Hutchison.
Wm. B. Holmes,
William Rea,
Wilson Miller,
George A. Berry,
Robert Dalzell,
Thomas S. Clarke,
John M'Devitt,
Wm. A. Caldwell.
ja8

Pennsylvania Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office..........No. 62 Fourth street.

DIRECTORS:
Jacob Painter,
Rody Patterson,
W. B. McBride,
I. Grier Sproul,
A. C. Sampson,
Henry Sproul,
J. P. Tanner,
C. A. Colton.
Jas. H. Hopkins,
A. A. Carrier,
J. H. Jones,
Nich's Voeghtly,
Geo. W. Smith,
A. J. Jones,
Wade Hampton.
Robert Patrick.
John Taggart,
Chartered Capital..........$300,000
FIRE AND MARINE RISKS TAKEN, of all descriptions

OFFICERS:
President—A. A. CARRIER.
Vice President—RODY PATTERSON.
de30 Secretary and Treasurer—I. GRIER SPROUL.

Eureka Insurance Company of Pennsylvania.
OFFICE, NO. 99 WATER ST., PITTSBURGH.

Assets--May 1, 1858.

Stock, Due Bills—payable on demand and secured by two approved names..........	$ 76,590 00
Cash in Pittsburgh Trust Company..........	62,280 37
Premium Notes..........	62,993 80
Bills Receivable..........	15,986 01
122 shares Exchange Bank Stock—cost..........	6,950 00
99 do Mechanics' Bank Stock—cost..........	5,490 63
300 do Iron City Bank Stock—amount paid.	7,500 00
200 do Allegheny Bank Stock— do do	5,000 00
Book Accounts..........	13,250 34
	$256,841 15

DIRECTORS.
J. H. Shoenberger,
W. K. Nimick,
John A. Caughey,
C. W. Batchelor,
R. D. Cochran,
James J. Bennett,
Wm. J. Anderson,
G. W. Cass,
Isaac M. Pennock,
W. W. Martin,
R. T. Leech, Jr.,
David McCandless,
George S. Selden.
J. H. SHOENBERGER, President.
ROBT. FINNEY, Secretary. my5:1m

A. A. CARRIER & BRO.,
PITTSBURGH
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.
Capital Represented, $3,000,000.
COMPANIES OF HIGHEST STANDING, Chartered by Pennsylvania and other States.
FIRE, MARINE AND LIFE RISKS TAKEN, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
No. 63 FOURTH STREET,
A. A. CARRIER. } *PITTSBURGH, PA.*
A. S. CARRIER. } [de30-1y]

TERRA COTTA OR STONE
WATER PIPES,
From two to six inch calibre.
PRICES from 12 to 30 Cents per Foot.
ALSO—ROCHESTER
PEARL STARCH
For Sale Wholesale at Manufacturers Prices by
HENRY H. COLLINS,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,
AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.
No. 25 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH. [jo

JAMES McLAUGHLIN,
MANUFACTURER OF
ALCOHOL,
Cologne Spirits and Fusel Oil,
Nos. 167 and 170 Second Street.
ap10:1yd&dp

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK
IMPORTER & DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE.
No. 74 Wood street, between Diamond alley and Fourth street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ The subscriber is now opening a well selected assortment of foreign and domestic Hardware, all new, and will be sold on as good terms as any other house in this city. He will always keep on hand a general assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CARPENTERS' TOOLS, &c. To which he respectfully invites the attention of purchasers.
mh26 SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

CARTWRIGHT & YOUNG,
(*Successors to John Cartwright,*)

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS of Pocket and Table Cutlery, Surgical and and Dental Instruments, Guns, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, etc., No. 86 Wood street. They give special attention the manufacturing of Trusses, Supporters, etc. Jobbing and Repairing with punctuality and despatch. ap17