

should be carefully considered and well guarded if passed at all. The commercial interests of the country want something better than the act of 1841. If any just law can be passed to relieve the thousands who are ready to honestly surrender all they have, to be once more free from the oppression of creditors and again have an opportunity to apply their brains and hands for the accumulation of competency and perhaps wealth, it should be done. There is a large amount of honest industry now paralyzed. But we have not space to enumerate the subjects which demand the attention of Congress and have demanded it all the time this interminable Kansas discussion has been going on. Let the members look at the record of five hundred bills, and a thousand petitions and bills in the hands of Committees, and select that in such a manner as to compensate, if possible, for the waste of Kansas. There is too much to do—much that Russia has done—and which the country demands prefer to do than the present Democratic Congress.

The members of the Democratic party all over the country have watched this Kansas question with interest, and many have become excited and agitated upon the subject—more so than its importance to their own interests demanded. Let them now politically cool down and go to work, heart and hand, for the success of the Democratic party. Leconte and anti-Leconte, now no more, let every true friend of the Democratic party get together and work for the success of the party. To accomplish what it has accomplished, it was necessary that the most generous and correct appreciation of the apparently diverse interests of the several sections of the Union should be had—that those opinions differed the largest liberty of discussion should be allowed, and that according to Democratic usage, by the majority should yield to the general good, and sometimes submit obedience to enactments which in all honesty of purpose they have opposed while opposition may have been useful. It has been by adhering to a spirit of fair and honorable compromise, where adverse opinions have existed, that the Democratic party has preserved the unity of its organization, and thus maintained the power to direct the National Government so successfully and so prosperously as it has done almost continuously for the last half century.

It has frequently occurred in the political history of the Democratic organization, that agitating questions have arisen, upon which opinions among its members have differed so widely, and at times the ambition views of individuals have exercised so strong an influence, that the disruption of party ties has seemed almost inevitable, but in these instances on the sound policy on the part of the people, and not to suffer liberty to degenerate into licentiousness, has prevailed, and the efforts of selfish ambition, sectional prejudice, and pride of opinion, and when those who oppose our great national principles have been loud in their rejoicings that "the Democracy was split on its back," our party has come up together like a band of brothers, and disappointed all their expectations. The Democratic masses alike disregard the threats of those in power when defeated in a cherished design, and the equally idle and impotent threats of those who are disappointed politicians. They truly to triumph and men for which they have contended, and are not enough to think that the bending of a single plank can greatly weaken the solidity of the great Democratic platform. The principle of rotation in office renders the people safe from the errors of those in power and those who endeavor to build themselves up upon single issues, are but creatures of an hour in the Democratic ranks. The Democracy are not accustomed to follow a wrong lead when they have ascertained their error, and those who would lead the party must come to it, for it will not go to them.

A few days since, a most agitating controversy, which arose in the Democratic party out of the pride of opinion and personal ambition of those who desired to be its leaders, was closed by the adoption in Congress of the bill relating to the admission of Kansas. Upon this question there existed a decided and honest difference of opinion among the members of the Democratic party as well as of the other parties. This difference of opinion was honorable and right. The principle of popular sovereignty, which has been fully sustained, was a great principle of the Democratic party, and so manifestly just and popular, that our opponents who are just now lacking in party principles, are ready to steal it from us, and adopt it in place of some exploded and useless idea. A compromise has been made, and an act of Congress has made the nation upon the result. The law is not what we could have wished it to be. We would have much preferred such a settlement of the question as would have left no chance for the renewal of the Kansas agitation—no would forever have taken out of national politics. But the Conference Committee's bill, and the Conference Committee's bill is now the law of the land, and as good citizens and good Democrats we must all acknowledge and respect it as the law. No man is required to surrender his opinion, but all are required to acknowledge the law. The will of the majority has decided the question for the present, and we must submit to the result. It is not our intention to speak of the merits and demerits of this bill, for it has both, but now that this subject, which has taken up the attention of Congress to the manifest disregard of the general public welfare, is done with, we wish to urge upon the people as well as upon their representatives, the necessity of action upon questions of a hundred fold more general national importance than this Kansas matter ever was or ever can be. Let Congress during the few short weeks which remain of the session, work with one tenth the amount of matter which the interests of the people loudly call for, that they have upon Kansas, and much good may yet be accomplished. The condition of the public treasury as well as the languishing state of the manufacturing interests of the country demands a revision of the present inoperative apology for a tariff. Let this important work be done by the present Democratic Congress. The subject of providing adequate revenue for the government will admit of no longer delay. A force which can be resisted urges the consideration of this subject. Another can should not be granted until the tariff is revised, and iron and the fabrics placed nearly at the rate of the tariff of 1812. It will not redound much to the credit of the Treasury Department to have contracted large loans in a time of peace, and the present tariff as a revenue measure has failed.

The recent commercial reversals have also rendered apparent the necessity of some general bankrupt act. This is a subject which

of their favor. Our information from the district is that Democratic sources, and we are assured that while the contest for the nomination will be a spirited one, its result, no matter which succeeds, will be to place in the field a national Democratic candidate who will have no fellowship with Black Republicanism, and who will oppose all the sectionalism of that party to the "bitter end."

A Superior Way of Traveling.
The fine Cincinnati packet "Superior," capt. R. J. Grace, leaves to-day for the Queen City. Those who wish to enjoy a pleasant trip to the pleasant month of May will find their best to their taste. She is "Superior" all over—has a superior Captain, superior accommodations, sets a superior table, offers superior sleeping arrangements, and will land you at Cincinnati in superior condition, and in superior good spirits, after having had a very pleasant time.

Not All Killed.
We are told by gentlemen from the country who are competent to judge, and who have made careful examinations of the condition of their fruit trees, that but little more than half the fruit buds have been killed by the late frosts. This is better than we expected. It is a matter of better quality than will be larger and of better quality than if the trees were laden with an abundance.

Miss J. M. Davenport.
To-night she will appear as Camille for the first time. Her new benefit will place to-morrow evening, on which occasion she will appear in a grand character of Charlotte Corday, and also a new comedietta, entitled "Nature and Art," written for her by Leander K. Lippen, Esq., of Philadelphia. (Grace Greenwood's husband, in which she personates Anne Oldfield.)

Prothonotary of the Supreme Court.
The Judges of the Supreme Court, now sitting at Harrisburg, on Saturday last appointed Thomas J. Keenan, Esq., to be Prothonotary of that Court for the Western District, vice A. B. W. Belmont, Esq., resigned.

Arrival of the Steamship Anglo-Saxon.
The steamship Anglo-Saxon, Capt. J. H. Walker, arrived at the wharf at 10 o'clock on Monday. She was a very nice and comfortable vessel, and the passengers were well received. The cargo was also well received.

From Washington.
The new Act of Congress of the Paris spring is being issued with such poisonous materials that it is being called "the Paris spring." It is being called "the Paris spring" because it is being issued with such poisonous materials that it is being called "the Paris spring."

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The Latest News: BY TELEGRAPH.

THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.
FIRST SESSION.
Yesterday's Proceedings.

SENATE.
The morning hour was occupied in a discussion on the motion of Mr. Chandler, of Michigan, to report on the question of establishing a channel over St. Clair Falls. The debate assumed the character of a party rally. Republican speakers in favor of the question of internal improvement.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
On motion of Mr. Gurnea, of Georgia, a resolution was adopted to adjourn until Wednesday, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE PITTSBURGH POST-ENQUIRER.
PUBLISHED DAILY.
Capital stock, \$100,000.
Paid-up capital, \$100,000.
Profits and Surplus, \$100,000.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK OF PITTSBURGH.
ASSETS.
Cash, \$100,000.
Real Estate, \$100,000.
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INSURANCE.

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PUBLISHED DAILY.
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Paid-up capital, \$100,000.
Profits and Surplus, \$100,000.

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