THE PITTSBURGH POST.

JAMES P. BARR, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING::::APRIL 21, 1858

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

WILLIAM A. PORTER,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

WESTLEY FROST,

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

Acknowledgement.

We return our thanks to H Townsend, Esq., Post Master, at Olivet, Armstrong Co Pa., for a large club of subscribers to the *Weekly Post*. Our country friends are swelling our weekly list in a most gratifying manner. The paper costs but $1 per year in clubs of ten.

THE STATE FAIR.

We have seen a letter addressed to Mr. John Murdoch, from Judge Heister, announcing that the Committee to decide upon the place of holding the State Agricultural Fair this fall, will meet at the Monongahela House in this city, on Friday next. The Committee consists of Judge A. O. Heister, David Taggart, Esq., and Amos A. Kapp, Esq. It is greatly to the interest of our business men that the fair should be secured for Pittsburgh, and we hope they will be prepared by Thursday to give the Committee *satisfactory* reasons for selecting this locality.

THE NEW LIQUOR LAW.

The State has now a new Liquor Law.—As agreed upon by the Committee of Conference and adopted, it is substantially the same as the Bill passed by the House of Representatives, the provisions of which we have already laid before the readers of the *Post*.—The Senate amended the bill and struck out the free license system of the House, whereby no discretion was lodged in the Courts as to the number of licenses to be granted, and inserted the discretionary word, "may," for the imperative, "shall." This the Conference Committee disagreed to, and the word, "shall," has been restored. Under this provision, all applicants otherwise qualified are entitled of right to receive a license.

Hebrew Benevolent Association.

The Israelites of this city have an association, which has been in existence for some years for the relief of their own persuasion, whether residents or strangers, as may by chance require aid. Since the establishment of the association, we are informed that no Israelite has been a recipient of public charity in this city, but that all who require assistance have received it promptly from the society's funds. This is highly creditable to the character of the children of Israel who have pitched their tents among us. A similar association exists in the city of Philadelphia, organized on the 22d of November last, and which, since the 6th of December, when it first commenced receiving applications for relief, has rendered assistance to one hundred and ten families composed of one hundred and fifty persons. The amount of cash received and distributed by the treasurer since the formation of the association has been $2,632 88. Measures have been adopted within a day to make the society in Philadelphia a permanent one, as it is in this city.

The Jessie Brown Story, a Fiction and a Plagiarism.

The pretty story of Jessie Brown and the Scotch slogan at Lucknow has been spoiled by some malicious marplot, who has discovered in it a very suspicious likeness to a story in "The Betrothed," one of Scott's tales of the Crusaders. The story referred to is of an incident of the siege of the castle of an old Norman warrior named Sir Raymond Berenger, on the Marches of Wales, by the Welch forces under Gwenwyn. The retainers of the Norman were in the most critical situation and anxiety. Relief was momentarily expected, while at the same time the Welsh were looked for every instant, to endeavor to storm the castle. Eveline, the daughter of Berenger, attended by the daughter of the good Fleming, who had been entrusted with the charge of the castle, unable to sleep from the intense anxiety, determined to watch upon the battlements while those in command slumbered from fatigue. While thus watching she heard the sounds, long before they were audible to her attendant, of the tramp of the horses of the chivalry of the March coming to the relief of the castle. The scene which then takes place is *mightily like* that described in the story of Jessie Brown. A writer in the New York *Herald* maliciously puts the stories side by side, and pretty conclusively makes out a case of plagiarism

Wheat.

A few years back, it was the popular opinion that wheat was not a profitable crop in Middle and West Tennessee. This, says a late number of the Nashville *Union*, was a great error, and happily for the country it now no longer exists. Wheat is to be the great staple of Tennessee. The people of Tennessee have heretofore won the highest renown in vindicating the rights and honor of the country upon the field of battle. Our warriors are amongst the bravest of history. "But Peace hath its triumph no less renowned than war." Our people now cultivate the Arts of Peace. We send bread to less favored States. From every section of the Commonwealth we have the most favorable accounts. Thousands and tens of thousands of broad acres are today "arrayed in living green;" in a little more than a month the yellow harvest will come, and the golden fields will be ready for the sickle

There will be full barns, smiling faces and happy hearts. Peace and plenty will abound It is a favored land in which we live. From the facts before us, we estimate the coming crop, should no misfortune happen between now and harvest, at fifteen million bushels. We shall not be surprised if it should yield even more."

Dan Rice's Circus.

This famous institution will pitch its tent on Ben Trimble's yard about the first of May. The elephant, the rhinoceros, and the camel, have arrived, and Dan himself is shortly expected from the eastern cities, where he has been playing a series of most successful engagements during the winter.

Coon Skins.

Messrs. Smith & Co., of Chicago, recently shipped via Michigan Central Railroad direct to London, England, by way of New York city, a single lot of *eighteen thousand coon skins*. The skins were made up in sixty compactly pressed bales of three hundred skins each. At the average value of fifty cents apiece the shipment reaches a total value of $9,000.

—Ex-Governor Bashford, of Wisconsin, states that he was offered $160,000 to approve of the first bill reported for distributing the lands granted by Congress in aid of the railroads of that State.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF MISS CUSHMAN.

At a moment when the public are on the qui vive in regard to the appearance in our midst of the distinguished actress whose name heads this article, it may not seem unmeet in us as journalists to briefly sketch a few of the prominent features of her bright and wonderful career. There is always a strange and melancholy interest attached to "Last Appearances" and "Farewell Engagements," even when the individuals whom we are to see for the last time are of but ordinary mould and moderate reputation; but when it is the departure of a genius so altogether unapproachable as that of Charlotte Cushman which attracts our attention, one cannot but experience a sensation of profound melancholy, tempered perhaps by the reflection that by such voluntary retirement the object is securing a fame more decided from the fact of no recollections being possible in the future except those connected with the still blooming powers of a vigorous maturity This is the case with the subject of our sketch who, after bidding adieu to her native country, goes for a brief space to England, where her genius is fully recognized, and then sinks into the elegant retirement which her wealth (so honorably earned) and her many social advantages enable her to command.

Miss Cushman began her career as an *eleve* of the lyric stage, and essayed under the tuition of Mr. Maeder, to become a proficient in music, with a view to singing in opera. Like Mrs. Farren, however, and many other ladies who subsequently took rank as actresses, she abandoned the intention after a short trial, and turned her attention to tragedy With the ordinary presumption of youth, she made her first flight a very high one—attempting, while a mere novice, the arduous and difficult character of Lady Macbeth—a piece of acting in which we fancy, few could have realized the germ of that magnificent embodiment of satanic ambition which has since electrified thousands of persons both in Europe and the United States. This first engagement (though even then the critics alude to an evanescence of power not apparent in her personations, and to the extraordinary depth and compass of her voice) was a disparaging failure The ore was in the rough wanted refinement, and, though rich and valuable, had to undergo much alchymic preparation before it attained its full perfection It was in this state of her fortunes Miss Cushman displayed the sterling good sense that invariably accompanies true genius and distinguishes it from the false A woman of ordinary mind, flattered by the applause of the "groundlings," (who are ever ready to pay the tribute of loud-mouthed praise to startling postures and thrilling declamations,) would have lingered on in the prominent position she held at the Bowery Theatre, and thus remained all her life a very original, very wonderful, but extremely unnatural and bad actress, for she had too much real intellect not to perceive that such a school was not the school of Shakespeare or of nature; and voluntarily leaving her unwelcome greatness, took a stock position (that of "walking lady") at the Old Park Theatre. Here, while cheerfully filling the humble requirements of her position, she was enabled to closely study the best European models that establishment monopolizing, at that time, all the celebrated stars who visited the country, and in this manner her mind became educated for the formation of a style for her own subsequent following. To this mode of cultivation she added a habit of original composition, and her reflections naturally taking a poetic form, her name was frequently before the public through the medium of the newspapers, the editors of which gladly accepted such fugitive poetry as she furnished them with. This kind of notoriety established a kind of familiar connection between the public and the young actress, and prepared them to recognize her as a friend, when at length her genius bursts the trammels of insignificance and places her among the great of her profession.

Her first striking hit was made as Nancy Sykes in a dramatization of Dickens' Oliver Twist, and it was so true to nature, so fearfully accurate a portrait of the depraved creation of the author, that it at once placed her high above any competition in the race for dramatic fame. Old critics, who recognize all the wonderful perfection she has since thrown into more classic and pleasanter creations, say that that performance has never been surpassed. From this moment her position as a rising light was fixed—from the Park Theatre she went to Burton in Philadelphia and there her career was so marked that at the conclusion of the season she returned to New York as the leading actress of the American stage. But a short time after this, Mr Macready's visit to the United States opened to her the road to London, whose honors were heaped before such as no foreign actor or actress ever enjoyed before or since. Her Romeo, her Lady Macbeth, her Queen Catharine, and, lastly, her Meg Merrilies, were pronounced by the critics as great, beyond any parallel in the history of the English stage, and she was enabled to return to this country with the comfortable feeling that her name had a *prestige* that no other American actress could claim. What has been her career since every one knows—triumph after triumph has attended her, and her engagements through this country have been a series of ovations Now, she is about to resign the sceptre she has so long wielded resign it in the very plenitude of her greatness and perfection of her powers and giving up the applauses of the multitude, the tributary paragraphs of delighted critics, the silent sympathy of the beautiful and good, the thousand and one gratifications received by the successful actress from many sources—she is about to return to the privacy of a quiet home She can never, however, hope entirely to escape a share of publicity her talents are too bright to moulder in obscurity, and the applause she has been a customed to in the theatre will attend her to the social circle

Report of the Board of Appraisers.

The Board of Appraisers to assess damages to transporters and others, by reason of the sale of the Main Line, have presented their report to the Legislature. The total amount of damages awarded is $43,185. The several awards are as follows

Kier & Mitchell, $3,525; E. G. & W Stitt, $2,620; Sandle & Sherritt, $300; Capt Dawry, $200; Arch M Fadden, $300; Samuel Black, $225; Thos Milliken, Jr., $760; Israel Keim, $300; Thos Gore, $150; John Cowden, $500; Thomas M'Connell, $50; John Stormer, $400; Robert Brown, $250; John Brown, $100; John Sides, $100; Samuel Kerr, $300; Ira Sayers, $600; E. G. & W. Stitt, $2,760; Lloyd & Co., $4,625; Lloyd & Co., Western Division, $2,400; Cookman & Bro, $2,200; B F Appold & Co., $1,000; Henry Adams, $150; Wm. Hall, $150; Jas. Layton, $150; Lear & Walkinshaw, $100; John Long, $100; Hance Ferguson, $150; Jacob Utzler, $150; William Ford, $125; William Johnston & Bro., $100; Geo. Rishberger, $50; G. L. Lloyd, $2,250; J. Miller, $2,160; Lloyd, Holliday & Co., $750; Lloyd, Holliday & Co., Eastern division, $450; Robert M Lemon, $1,470; Robt M Lemon, Eastern Division, $600; Thomas Bingham, $2,325; Thomas Bingham, Eastern Division, $360; Porter, Milliken & Co., $300; J. M'Gonigle, $300; Charles Hughes, $300; Bernard M'Colgan, $600; Arch. M'Faddeu, $200.

The eleventh annual report of the committee having in charge the construction of the Cathedral of St Peters and St. Paul Philadelphia, opposite Logan Square, exhibits the fact that $13,063 84 was collected during the past year. The committee state that the covering of the building with a substantial roof, the erection of the main altar, and plastering the interior, will, in a short time be completed.

Landlord and Tenant.

The following legal decision, given in a Philadelphia Court, will be interesting to those owning or leasing real estate:

Grove vs. Hughes—This was an action tried before Judge Strong, at Nisi Prius, the facts of which are these:—Wm. Hughes had leased to D. P. Grove, for seven years, the premises, 102 North Eighth Street, at the annual rent of $4,600. These premises were burned in about one year from the commencement of the lease. They were insured, and the policy was held by the landlord, who drew the insurance money, and did not rebuild. The tenant did rebuild, and having paid his rent, brought this action to recover the amount expended by him in rebuilding. Judge Strong held that in case of a lease containing no express covenant on the part of the landlord to rebuild; that the fact of his receiving insurance created no obligation to rebuild; that the rent was not suspended by the destruction of the premises, but the tenant must continue to pay it; and that since the lease provided that at its expiration the tenant should surrender it "in good order, reasonable wear and tear excepted," it was questionable whether the tenant himself was not at all events bound to rebuild. The Judge therefore directed a nonsuit.

VARIOUS THINGS.

—The Neapolitan Sovereign, commonly known by the *soubriquet* of "King Bomba," has been quarrelling with the rest of the European rulers, and (like the boy in the story) the more they ask him to behave himself, the more he will not. Against Queen Victoria he has been particularly demonstrative, or rather against her subjects—seizing them, imprisoning them, half-starving them, and *not* trying them. All this, too, on the merest suspicion. France and Austria have been treated in much the same way, and the miracle is that, months and months ago, one of these powers did not steam or sail into the Bay of Naples, and bombard the city, until King Bomba made atonement for the past, and gave pledges for good conduct in the future.

—Miss Davenport is playing at Memphis, Tennessee

—The horses which were purchased by the merchants of Boston for Gen Pierce, previous to his inauguration, for $1,500, were sold at auction in New York, on Friday last, for $445—They are ten or twelve years old.

—The heavy rains are said to have greatly damaged the crops on the Arkansas and lower Mississippi rivers.

—Strawberries are vended in the streets of Augusta, Georgia; the crop is said to be abundant

—A London letter states that the house of George Peabody have repaid the Bank of England the advances made to them by that institution during the recent panic

—In Rhode Island they have a curious election law It requires all the candidates names for it to Legislature to be printed in the same order on all the tickets, or the ticket which is not so printed is not counted Such a rule was not intended to promote the practice of scratching, which is sometimes very convenient when an obnoxious name is upon a ticket

—Judge Thompson, of the New York Marine Court, decided, on Thursday, that negroes may be permitted, but are not entitled, to seats in public conveyances, and the jury, before whom a case involving the point was tried, endorsed the opinion

—Charles A Woolworth, a member of the Leavenworth Convention, has arrived at Washington with a certified copy of the new Constitution of Kansas If there is much wisdom in a multitude of councilors, the State of Kansas ought to be regarded as fortunate. This makes Constitution "Number Three," and in due time, if the Crittenden amendment carries, "Nutcher Four" will be presented to Congress

—In boring an artesian well in Stockton, recently, the borer struck a red-wood stump 350 feet below the surface of the ground, and more than 250 feet below the level of the Pacific Ocean The earth above and below was of stratified clay and sand, which had apparently not been disturbed since its original deposition.

Six hundred barrels of new Bermuda potatoes arrived at New York on Friday. Some tomatoes from the same place also arrived, with new peas from Charleston Tomatoes sell at $2 per box, green peas $10 per barrel, and asparagus 50a75c per bunch.

—The Ohio Legislature adjourned April 13. The last scenes consisted of singing Auld Lang Syne, Oft in the Stilly Night, Home, Sweet Home, and Star Spangled Banner.

—William Muller, the murderer of the "old seven mile Dutchman," near Wilkesbarre, is to be hung on Friday next He is so desperate that he is kept chained close to the floor of the prison.

On Thursday last, Miss Elizabeth Garwood, aged 18 years, daughter of Benjamin Garwood, of Fayette county, Pa., committed suicide by taking strychnine.

—Mr. Price, editor of the *Workingman's Advocate*, at Pottsville, who was convicted of libel and sentenced to several months' imprisonment, has been pardoned by Governor Packer

Commander McBlair of the United States steamer Michigan, at Erie, Pa., has been succeeded by Commander Lanman

Counterfeit "10's" on the Southwark Bank of Philadelphia were attempted to be put in circulation in New York on Friday and Saturday.

The fraudulent transactions of Gish, the Richmond forger, are known to amount to over $300,000. Such was the insinuating character of the scamp, and his success in gaining the confidence of the people, that the men who for six months were aware of his transactions, their own names having been forged, refrained from exposing him on account of personal feelings and delicacy? They even suffered themselves to be sued and judgments obtained on forged paper The shrewdest did not escape his wiles, and quite a number of persons have been ruined by their confidence in him

—How closely very many of the public men whose lives have been run within our time, and with whose names the journals for years have been familiar, were coevals, few are aware The year 1732 which occupies in American history very much the same place that 1769 does in the world's history, is the birth year of many of them Mr Webster's date is January 18 (as is well known;) that of Wm Lowndes three weeks later (February 7,;) Col. Benton's at five weeks interval (March 14;) J. C. Calhoun's but four days behind (the 18th;) while Lewis Cass completes the list on the 9th of October

The New York *Independent* proposes that a day be set apart wherein all praying people shall fervently petition the common Father of us all to convert the rulers of this nation Isn't that a project more stupendous and magnificent, in prospective, than the Pacific Railroad or Submarine Telegraph?

—It is proposed by somebody in New York to fuse into one institution all the corporate banks of New York city. There are fifty-four of them, with an aggregate capital of sixty five millions. The idea is to centralize in New York all the financial and business movements of the country, by means of this one great engine.

—The recent statement that Father Chiniquy had been restored to the Catholic Church is denied by the Bishop of Dubuque (also administrator of Chicago) and the the Archbishop of St. Louis. They declare that they "believe him to have been duly and lawfully suspended from the exercise of the sacred ministry."

—James H. Lucas, the banker of St. Louis has adjusted his pecuniary troubles with his depositors. He has a surplus of four or five millions of dollars

—We see it stated that the wife of General Mongas, late President of Venezuela, has $400,000 a year pin money. It is also asserted that the Monages family have, during a few years remitted five millions of dollars to Europe for safe investment, and as a provision against revolutionary contingencies.

—N. B. Curtiss & Co., bankers of Peoria, Illinois, who suspended last fall, have resumed specie payment.

The McConnelsville Ohio *Enquirer* says "the peach trees in this vicinity, are now in full bloom and the prospect for an abundant crop of this most delicious of all fruits was never fairer." The same paper says "the wheat fields through our county, as we are informed by those who have had an opportunity of knowing, never at this season of the year, looked finer than they now do."

—Susan Denin is playing at the Arch street Theatre Philadelphia.

—We are gratified to learn from peach growers of northern Ohio that the prospect in the vicinity of the Lake is now fair for from a third to half a crop of this delicious fruit Other fruits promise abundantly

—Porter's Spirit of the Times says that Mr Ten Broeck does not mean to remain content with his victory in the Caesarewitch, but intends to renew his campaign against the flyers of the English turf during the coming summer.

DEATH IS NOT PAINFUL—The placid feeling which accompany natural death are known from the evidence of multitudes, who have testified to their ease with their latest breath. The very pleasurable feelings which accompany drowning and hanging have been recorded by numbers who have been recovered after consciousness had ceased. Death from cold we would suppose to be one of the worst forms in which the king of terrors could approach; but instead of the frosty horrors we picture, the victim finds himself rocked, at last, into a soothing slumber. "I had treated," says Dr. Kane, in his Artic Explorations, "the *sleepy comfort* of freezing as something like the embellishment of romance I had evidence, now, to the contrary. Two of our stontest men came to me, begging permission to sleep: "they were not cold; the wind did not enter them now; a little sleep was all they wanted." From this sleep, if they had been allowed to indulge in it, they would never have waked. *The pain was not in dying, but in the effort to avoid it*: the descent to the grave was easy and graceful; all the resolution was required to keep the steep and toilsome road which led back to life.

SHOES FOR HENS—A correspondent of the New England *Farmer* states that an old lady in his vicinity has been in the habit for several years of shoeing her chickens in order to prevent them from scratching, and suggests that a patent right be obtained for the novel invention.

An elderly lady in the vicinity of Baltimore, well versed in *chickenology*, says—"Nonsense? there is no novelty in the thing at all, for chickens have been *shoord* ever since there was anybody to *shoo* them—and further—it often happens that they are *shoord* best when scratching the worst." This matron is of the opinion that Noah *shoored* those he had in the ark.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

&c., &c., &c.

[Special Despatch to the Morning Post]

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, April 20.—*Senate.*—Senate bill 350, repealing the penalties for usury, but not altering the rate of interest, passed finally, and goes to the House; the vote was ayes 15, nays 14.

House.—The House concurred in the Senate amendments to the bill relative to attachments of vessels.

Senate bill relative to Claysville (Washington county) public schools passed finally, and needs but the Governor's approval to be a law

House bill to abolish toll gates in Manchester, Allegheny county, was lost.

EVENING SESSION.

Senate. The bill to abolish Wilmot's District was passed by a vote of 17 against 15, by nearly a party vote; Messrs. Randall and Wilkins voted nay; Mr. Schell was absent.

House.—The House concurred in some of the Senate amendments to the Insurance and Militia bills. The Senate insisted on those non-concurred in, and conferees will be appointed.

Several vetoes were received in both Houses.

The Governor has appointed Mr. Buckalew and Judges Lewis and Knox, Commissioners to revise the penal code.

The bill relative to attachments of vessels, and the Liquor bill, have been signed by the Governor.

In the Senate, a bill has been introduced to refund to persons licensed this month the surplus over the rates of the new liquor bill.

The bill relative to sheriffs' sales has been returned to the Senate; not signed by the Governor, as erroneously stated.

THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS

FIRST SESSION.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

SENATE

Mr. Houston, of Texas, spoke in favor of the establishment of a protectorate over Mexico. After pointing out the difference between the Northern and Southern States of the Union, he went on to define his plan, and show the benefits that would accrue to the Union and to Mexico. The protectorate, he said, must be self-supporting, the protected paying the expense which they could do by assigning her revenue for ten years. Our Gulf squadron is sufficient to protect her commerce; five thousand reliable troops, judiciously posted, would preserve internal order. Mr. Houston explained the circumstances under which Mexico funded her debt of $55,000,000, which is mostly owing to British creditors. All that threat Britain can reasonably expect in the event of a protectorate is, that we shall see that portion of the customs set apart toward the debt, and the dividends faithfully appropriated to the purpose.

Mr. Houston paid a feeling tribute to the memory of his former companions in the Senate, now that all had passed away. Mr. Houston spoke more largely of the State rights of Texas than of the protectorate, respecting which he said it might be either like that of the Ionian Islands or in a new form, but without exercising more authority than was necessary.

The resolution says that whereas every attempt of Mexico to regulate her internal affairs results in failures, and there is danger of it falling into anarchy; and whereas, the United States, on account of their continental policy, can never permit Mexico to be subjugated by Spain, or permit her to pass into the hands of any foreign power; therefore, a select committee of seven be appointed to enquire whether it be necessary to establish a protectorate.

The resolution was laid over till to morrow to be printed.

The Deficiency bill was then taken up and discussed all day.

Mr. Hale's amendment was lost by a vote of 30 against 21.

Mr. Fessenden moved an additional section, to confine the appropriations to the fiscal year and specify the branch for which they voted.

The motion was still under discussion when Mr Clark moved to re-consider the vote on the Pacific Railroad, which was agreed to

Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Merrill, of Vermont, spoke in favor of his bill granting lands in various States for the establishment of colleges for the promotion of agriculture and the mechanic arts.

Mr. Buffington, of Massachusetts, offered a resolution, which was adopted, calling for the correspondence with the government of Chili relative to the detention at Talcahuana of the American vessels Good Return and Franklin.

The Washington Police bill was taken up, which the House rejected by 11 majority.

Mr. Dodd's substitute, agreed to in Committee yesterday, proposing that the policemen be appointed by a Board of Commissioners to be elected, instead of giving the President the power in the premises, was tabled by 110 against 79.

The Military Academy bill was considered in committee.

Mr. Shaw, of North Carolina, replied to the Anti Lecompton speech of his colleague, Mr. Gilmer, who, he said, was, on its conclusion, congratulated by Mr. Giddings, with both hands, as though bestowing benedictions.

Mr. Giddings said that Mr. Shaw was entirely mistaken.

Mr. Shaw—I witnessed the scene with my own eyes. Did not the gentleman approach my colleague?

Mr. Giddings, emphatically—I did.

Mr. Shaw—Fifteen or twenty others saw you approach my colleague.

Mr. Giddings further replied, but his voice was entirely drowned in loud cries of order from the Democratic side.

Mr. Keitt protested against Mr. Shaw, who was on the floor, being interrupted. This was followed by cries of order from the Republican side, and laughter.

Mr. Keitt said that such blackguardism was better out than in the House.

Mr. Shaw repeated that there was a smile of complaisance on Mr. Giddings' face as he approached Mr. Gilmer on that occasion. When he should bring upon him such congratulations, he would exclaim "What have I done that my enemies should praise me." (Cries of good.)

Mr. Giddings said that there was not a word of truth in Mr. Shaw's statement. Instead of congratulating Mr. Gilmer, he had asked him why he had used his name in connection with that of Buchanan, and told him that he should hold him responsible for it. (Laughter.)

Mr. Campbell, having been near Mr. Gilmer at that time, corroborated Mr. Giddings' statement.

Mr. Clingman, in justice to his colleague, Shaw, who was now absent, said that he saw the Black Republicans congratulating Mr. Gilmer, and Mr. Giddings was in the crowd near enough to do so. He did not know whether Mr. Giddings grasped Mr. Gilmer's hand, but he recollected distinctly Mr. Houston exclaiming "Kiss him, Giddings." Fifty other gentlemen also witnessed the scene.

The committee rose, and the House adjourned.

Arrival of the Steamship Arago.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The steamship Arago arrived at a late hour last night, quite unexpectedly, bringing Havre and Southampton dates of the 7th instant.

The Canada, from Boston via Halifax, arrived out on the 4th inst.

Among the passengers on the Arago are: Nathaniel Bolton, American Consul at Geneva; J. H. Latrobe, Bearer of Despatches from St. Petersburg, and Austin L. Main, Bearer of Despatches from Paris.

The Leviathan had accidentally got adrift from her moorings, but was secured without being damaged.

The American bark Potrea has been totally wrecked. Her passengers and crew were saved.

D'Israeli was to bring the Budget before Parliament on the 16th

From Washington.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 20.—In Senate yesterday Mr. Mason, of Virginia, offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for information respecting the treatment of the officers and crew of the United States steam frigate Susquehanna, at Jamaica, with the view of considering whether the courtesy of the British officers requires an acknowledgment. Adopted.

The Committee of Conference on the Kansas Bill met this morning. Mr. English submitted a proposition similar to that indicated in yesterday's despatch. The Senate Committee asked time to consider it. Another meeting was to be held at two o'clock.

The steamer Fulton, which proceeded from Key West to Tampico, ten days ago, was under special orders to protect American property in that quarter, in accordance with a request from the State to the Navy Department, based on the representations of our Consul at Tampico.

All the midshipmen who passed examination several days ago at Annapolis have been ordered into active service.

Mr. English's bill is still under consideration of the Senate's Committee of Conference with a fair prospect of ultimate agreement. Many consider this as already certain. Messrs. Seward and Howard dissent. The several political parties were this afternoon and are tonight much interested in privately discussing the measure, of the success of which no definite opinions can yet be formed. It is probable that the Committee of Conference will report tomorrow.

It is generally believed that the President will accept the two regiments of volunteers offered from Kentucky and Ohio. The regiment from Ohio consists of five companies, mustered in Cincinnati; one from Columbus, one from Toledo, one from Spring field, one from Mount Gilead, and one from Coshocton. All the officers and many of the men served in the Mexican war. The entire regiment can be ready for the field at a short notice.

Execution in Chicago—The Minnesota Loan.

CHICAGO, April 20.—Staub, who murdered Lanerman in December last, was executed to-day.

The majority in favor of a five million loan in Minnesota will probably exceed twenty thousand.

Despatches from Gen. Johnson.

ST. LOUIS, April 20.—It is said that an express passed through this city on Sunday night, with Government despatches from Gen. Johnson. No news transpired here

Death of Judge Stevens.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 20.—Judge Stevens, one of the oldest residents of this city, brother of Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, of Pennsylvania, died suddenly last evening

Death of Dr. Tyng.

PHILADELPHIA, April 20.—Rev. Dudley A. Tyng died yesterday, from the effects of the injury received by the threshing machine.

A Reward is Offered!

For the detection of any person counterfeiting, imitating, or the vender of any such counterfeit or imitation of BŒRHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. The genuine, highly concentrated *Holland Bitters* is put up in half pint bottles only, having the name of the proprietor, B. FAGE, Jr., blown in them, and his signature around the neck of each and every bottle.

This delightful *Aroma* has been received by American with that favor which is only extended to really scientific preparations. When we consider the marked success attending its administration, in the most stubborn cases of Fever and Ague, Weakness of any kind, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Acidity of the Stomach, Sick and Nervous Headache, Indigestion, Costiveness and Piles, together with the complete control it exercises over all Nervous, Rheumatic, and Neuralgic Affections, we cannot but wonder at its popularity. Well may the invalid value this remedy.

Caution!—Be careful to ask for *Boerhaave's Holland Bitters*. Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the sole Proprietors, Benjamin Fage, Jr., & Co., No. 27 Wood street, between First and Second streets, and Druggists generally.

☞ A GOOD COMPARISON.—The Rev. Wm Roulatt, a well-known Methodist clergyman, residing at Naples draws the following amusing but apt comparison between Dr. McLane's celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros, of Pittsburgh, Pa., and a ferret:

"A ferret, when placed at the entrance of a rat-hole, enters the aperture, travels along the passage, seizes upon the rat, exterminates his existence, and draws the animal's defunct carcass to the light. And in like manner have I found Dr. M'LANE'S AMERICAN VERMIFUGE to operate upon WORMS, those dreadful and dangerous tormentors of children. This remedy, like the ferret, enters the apertures of the mouth, travels down the gullet, hunts round the stomach, lays hold of the worms, shakes the life out of the reptiles, sweeps clean their den, and carries their carcasses clear out of the system. This, at least, has been the effect of the Vermifuge upon my children."

A neighbor of Mr. Roulatt, Mr. John Briggs, adopts the simile of the reverend certifier, thus both giving their most disinterested approval of this great specific, after having witnessed its operation upon their own children. Let others try it, and be satisfied

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

apl6 1d&w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC HALL.

SANFORD'S OPERA TROUPE.

THE ENTIRE FORCE OF SANFORD'S OPERA HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA WILL APPEAR ON

MONDAY EVENING APRIL 26TH,

In their original Ethiopian Melange and Burlesque Entertainments. The Company comprise

COOL WHITE, HOLDEN, COL' INS, KAVANAGH, DIXEY, CONCROSS, LINDSAY, BUSQUIN, PEYT, LAFRETY, BOWKER, VONBOCKORST, SANFORD, YOUNG AMERICA, JAMES, FOLTIE and JULIA

☞ This great association of talent will all appear on the same evening. For particulars see small bills.

Admission, 25 cents Doors open at 7 o'clock—Commence at ½ to 8 apl20 COOL WHITE, Stage Manager

THE CHEMICAL OLIVE SHAVING SOAP, manufactured by B C & J H Sawyer, receives the preference over all other kinds ever offered to family use

Its advantages over other Soaps are—1st It is cheaper to use one pound being equal to three of common rosin Soap. 2d Half the time need only be occupied in washing when this Soap is used in place of other Soap. 3d Labor in washing can be nearly dispensed with, as the clothes will require little if any rubbing, thus avoiding their wear on the wash board. 4th Boiling the clothes is unnecessary when this Soap is used, and hard or salt water answers equally as well as soft. 5th Painters, Machinists, Painters and others, find it far superior to other Soaps. It speedily removes grease, tar, polish, printers' ink and dirt from the hands, leaving the skin soft, and free from chapping.

To avoid the labor of rubbing the clothes, and the use of the wash board, the following directions should be followed.

For the washing of eight or ten of a family, take one pound of Soap, cut it into shavings, and dissolve in one gallon of hot water; put the clothes into a tub containing about ten gallons of warm water; then in the dissolved Soap, and stir thoroughly. Let them soak twenty to thirty minutes, wring out, and rinse in warm water once, cold water twice. A very dirty wash band, or seam, or greasy spots, may require a slight rubbing, but otherwise the clothes will come out clean and white, without rubbing or boiling. Cold water may be used in place of hot, requiring about double time in soaking

☞ Observe our name on each bar.

For sale, in any quantity, at our warehouse, No 47 Wood street, and also at wholesale, at the Round House, Pittsburgh, Pa., and a ferret:

A ferret, when placed at the entrance of a rat-hole, enters the aperture, travels along the passage, seizes upon the rat, exterminates his existence, and draws the animal's defunct carcass to the light. And in like manner have I found DR. M'LANE'S AMERICAN VERMIFUGE to operate upon WORMS, those dreadful and dangerous tormentors of children. This remedy, like the ferret, enters the apertures of the mouth, travels down the gullet, hunts round the stomach, lays hold of the worms, shakes the life out of the reptiles, sweeps clean their den, and carries their carcasses clear out of the system. This, at least, has been the effect of the Vermifuge upon my children."

B C & J H SAWYER,

apl21 No. 47 Wood street

SHOULD you ask me, should you wonder,
Where to buy your Shoes and Gaiters
Gaiters for your feet in springtime,
Boots with heels, and pretty Buskins
Nice FRENCH SLIPPERS for the summer,
Patent leather, Glove-kid Mocasins
Where can I buy these cheap and good too,
I should answer, I would tell you,
Go unto the PEOPLES' SHOE STORE,
To the People' Cheap Shoe Store,
To the Store of DIFFENBACHER,

apl21 No. 17 Fifth street

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS EARLY.

CHESTER OF GOTHIC HALL CLOTHING HOUSE, corner Wood street and Diamond alley, would remind his customers and the public that his brilliant assortment of all kinds of seasonable Piece Goods, are now open for selection and sale He would particularly suggest the propriety of leaving orders early in the week. Every garment warranted as to fit, materials, workmanship and trimmings. None but first class workmen employed. apl21

SHAWLS, Mantles, Black and Fancy Dress Silks, extra rich Berages, Organdies, Lawns, Mourning Goods, White Goods, Needle Work Collars and Sets, and A No. 1 stock of Domestic Goods all cheap for cash.

C. HANSON LOVE,
Formerly Love Brothers,

apl21 No. 74 Market street.

POTATOES—200 bus Nesbannock Potatoes to arrive, and for sale by

apl21 HENRY H. COLLINS.

HERRING.—
50 bbls Pickled Herring;
50 do Dry Salt Herring, for sale by

apl21 HENRY H. COLLINS.

STARCH—300 bxs. Rochester Pearl Starch received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

BROOMS.—100 doz. Extra Corn Brooms, on hand and for sale by

apl21 B. C. & J. H. SAWYER.

Safety and Economy in Light.

WHY WILL YOU BURN CAMPHENE AND FLUID, when you can get a cheaper and better light. Pure Kerosene Oil, made from the gas of Cannel Coal, produces the cheapest, most brilliant, steady, pleasant and safe portable light ever offered to the public, and no danger of explosion; more brilliant than gas; and quite as cheap; Lamps of the most simple and easily managed construction. For sale by T. D. & G. HODKINSON,

No. 79 Smithfield street

☞ Beware of a counterfeit already in the market, made from Camphene, with a little Coal Oil to scent it. fe27:1y

PATTERN PAPER—In rolls, sold by the yard, at WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO.'S,

apl17 Paper Warehouse 57 Wood street.

BONNET FRAMES of the Latest Styles.—
10 dozen All Wire Bonnet Frames;
10 " Half " " "
10 " Buckram " " "
Received this day at HORNE'S,

apl17 77 Market street.

SEED SWEET POTATOES.—20 barrels Seed Sweet Potatoes, received and for sale by

J. A. FETZER,

apl20 Corner Market and First sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RARE CHANCE FOR A BUSINESS MAN.—The proprietor, being about to return to Europe, will sell his Grist Mill of four stones with a water and steam engine, three run of stones, and all the machinery, a smut machine, a corn and cob cracker, etc. all in complete order; a good business can be done; a dwelling house of four rooms and cellar; the lot has a front of 40 feet on Gregg street, South Pittsburgh, by 80 deep to an alley. Also, a good lot adjoining the above, 60 feet front on Manor street, with a large stable. Real Estate, to amount $1000 or $1500, will be taken in part pay for the above. For price, to use, etc., apply at our office.

S. CUTHBERT & SON,

ap20 51 Market street.

CEMETERY LOT HOLDERS, SEEDS

LEHMAN'S FERTILIZER,

OVER YOUR LOTS,

And your Grass and Flowers will put forth luxuriantly. Now is the proper season. By the keg, with directions for use, can be had of W. P. POWELL, Agent,

Price, $1.50. (ap20:1tdw&w) No. 97 Third street

POTASH, POTASH.—A large supply of very fine Potash, received this day by

JOS. FLEMING,

ap20 Corner Diamond and Market sts.

HAVANA CIGARS.—I have this day received a large invoice of genuine Havana Cigars, of the most brands. Those wishing a box of good Cigars should call and examine my stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

JOSEPH FLEMING,

ap20 Corner Diamond and Market street.

BURNING FLUID AND CAMPHENE.—A large supply of these articles constantly on hand Those w