THE PITTSBURGH POST.

JAMES P. BARR, Editor and Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING.....FEBRUARY 12.

CROSSING PENN STREET.

The City Councils meet to-night, and it is probable that the question of permitting the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad to cross Penn street will be decided. At all events, it is time for action, for there has been enough of shuffling and delay. The Councilmen at length perceive that they are not sustained in their stand still and contracted views of a great public interest, by their constituents. In the Fifth Ward, the people in public meeting, on Wednesday night, expressed themselves in favor of permitting the road to cross under "fair and liberal restrictions." The general voice of the public says the same thing. The arguments—if arguments they can be called—against the matter, are to the last degree weak and childish. A great commercial interest is in question—an interest of a general, not a local, nature. If it is right to break the connection here, it would be equally right to break it at New Brighton, and half a dozen other points on the line. The supposition that such a break could by any means be permitted by sensible men, who view the facts in the case without personal feeling or personal prejudice, is simply absurd. We believe that heretofore some members of Council have acted without having fairly considered the matter in its general bearing upon the commerce of the city and the country They may not mean to drive trade from Pittsburgh, and from Pennsylvania, but this is what the refusal policy is exactly calculated to do. Our city is part of a great whole, and that which benefits the whole incidentally benefits every member of that whole. We have heretofore expressed our views fully upon the merits of this question—we know the people of the city who have looked at it at all prefer the track should cross rather than that the public should be incommoded by drays, and the trade drawn to the other roads by compelling a transhipment here, and the public now look to Councils to act in accordance with their resolution passed in Common Council, and give the road the right to pass under "proper restrictions." The Councils have themselves taken this ground and all that the public ask is that they carry it out in a spirit of honorable fairness—not trammeled with impossible and unfair conditions.

CITY FINANCES.

The *Dispatch* of Wednesday, in an article upon this subject gives the figures upon which the estimated revenue of the city for the current year is based, some of the items of which are admirable specimens of the plan of "counting chickens before they are hatched." For instance, the amount of the balance due by the State to the city, on account of the construction of the aqueduct, $32,106, is put down as a portion of the *revenue* of the present year. There is a bill before the Legislature to *adjust*, not *pay*, this claim, and even this bill may not pass. This money is no more due now, than it was last year and the year before, and this appropriation of a claim which may or may not be paid, is financial forestalling with a vengence. Again, among the estimated revenues, an item of $10,000 is put for the Market House. According to the best information which the public have, the Market Houses are in the possession of the Diamond Market House association, for which they pay an annual rent to the city of $4,500 and how the city can calculate on any thing more than this, from this source of revenue, we are at a loss to determine. Perhaps new arrangements have been made of which the public have not heard, or perhaps the Finance Committee have *guessed* that the Market House association will be more than re-imbursed for their outlay, before the year closes. The *Dispatch* makes the deficit $18,989. If the two items which we have noted are considered, as men would consider financial matters in their own private business, the deficit is much more likely to be $56,595 at the end of the year. The *Dispatch* is one of the city Printers, and, perhaps, can explain the cyphering of the finance committee satisfactorily. The fact is that the city needs the power to raise additional taxes for municipal purposes. The rate now is 5 mills per cent—the same which it was when the city charter was originally granted in 1816. It would be the part of wisdom for councils to face the music, and ask the Legislature for this power, and not by groundless "anticipations of revenue" make appropriations which are increasing the city debt directly in the teeth of an Act of Assembly.—In the struggle to maintain their popularity, the City Fathers must recollect that they are sworn to obey the laws. They may "whip the devil around the stump" for a time, but, popular or unpopular, they will have to ask for increased taxation in the end. We have now a Controller who will not be doing his duty if he countersigns a single warrant which increases the indebtedness of the city beyond the provisions of the Act of 1850, which limits the city debt. His power is a check upon illegal appropriation of suppositious revenues. He will not countersign warrants drawn upon funds which exist only in supposition. The money must be paid first. But we have said more upon this matter than we meant to. It was simply our intention to call the attention of the *Dispatch* to the figures, and, as one of the official papers of the city, ask from it an explanation.

Convicted.

We understand Mr. Ed. J Keenan, of Greensburg, has been convicted of libeling William A. Cook, and fined one dollar. Cheap! Our turn next; and may Judge M'Clure have mercy on us our pockets.

Execution.

Charlotte Jones and Henry Fife will be hanged to-day by Sheriff Patterson. As the reporters of the press will not be permitted to witness the execution, we shall give no report of details, and are rejoiced to be spared the task.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

A Committee of the Councils of the city of Baltimore, has been appointed to visit and examine the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, and will probably reach Pittsburgh to-day. The Baltimore *Patriot* says that they contemplated leaving that city on Wednesday night, by the Northern Central Railway. They will visit Connellsville to-day, (if they arrive as proposed,) and after inspecting the road, return to Pittsburgh the same evening, thus passing over the entire road twice by daylight. On Saturday morning, the Committee will depart from Pittsburgh for Wheeling, by way of the Circumbendibus Railroad, and reach that city in the afternoon, where they will remain until Monday morning, when they will take the express train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad for home, arriving there on Monday evening. It will thus be seen that the members of the Committee have allowed themselves ample time to thoroughly inspect the work, and our citizens may look out for a full and satisfactory statement concerning its present condition. We learn that B. H. Latrobe, Esq., President of the road, will accompany the Committee.

THE BETTER SECURITY OF LIFE.

The two recent terrible disasters, which have recently occurred to steamers upon the Western waters, have served to remind us that there is before Congress a very important bill, "for the better security of life on board vessels propelled wholly or in part by steam," which, as the telegraph informs us, came up for consideration, on Wednesday, in the House of Representatives. Three bills were referred to the Committee on Commerce of the House—one having especial reference to steamers navigating lakes and rivers, introduced by Mr. Washburn, of Illinois, and two others introduced by Messrs. Taylor, of Lousiana, and Scott, of California, based upon the reports of the Committe of Investigation, in the case of the terrible disaster to the "Central America," the provisions of which applied chiefly to steam vessels navigating the ocean. These bills have been consolidated into a general bill, which has been favorably considered by the committee, and reported to the House by Mr. Washburn. The subject is of great importance to the steamboat interests of the West, and we call their attention to it. In speaking of the bill, as reported, a correspondent of the Washington *Union* makes the following remarks:—

"The committee has had the assistance of practical men in its preparation, and its requirements present those safeguards to human life so imperatively demanded by the travelling public, but which have been so utterly disregarded by the monopolies which control the travel by steam in this country.

The appalling scenes which have occurred within a few years past have, as every investigation has shown, been the results of criminal carelessness in the construction of the vessels, and in their equipment and management, or utter incompetency or neglect on the part of those in whose charge human life and millions in treasure have been intrusted.

The consequences of those fearful calamities have, directly or indirectly, reached almost every fireside, and a general feeling of indignation has been aroused against those who have during so long a period disregarded every appeal of justice and humanity.

The vessels and property on board may be protected, and the owners reimbursed for loss by resorting to insurance, but the only protection to human life is that which Congress alone can throw around the helpless passengers.

The tales of misery and injustice suffered on board the steamers navigating the Gulf of Mexico need no repetition—they are fresh in the memories of all.

Lager Beer.

The decision of the city council of Washington, last summer, that lager beer was not an intoxicating drink, has been endorsed by a recent verdict rendered in the circuit court of Brooklyn, New York. One Jacob Staats was indicted for selling lager beer, an intoxicating drink, on Sunday, and the jury, after considering the case some three hours, returned a verdict that they (the jury) "find for defendants, believing that lager beer, which does not contain more than 3¾ per cent. alcohol, does not come within the provisions of the statute in relation to intoxicating drinks."

Liquor Law in Ohio.

Propositions have been presented in both houses of the Ohio Legislature to submit to the people the question of amending the constitution so as to return to the old system of licensing the traffic in liquors. The article of restriction in the constitution has been a dead failure. Public sentiment does not sustain prosecutions under it, and its operation is not uniform throughout the State. Little grog shops have sprung up at nearly every corner and cross road, and the traffic is liberally conducted in every section, notwithstanding the vigilance of the moral part of the community, who would expunge it if posible.

VARIOUS THINGS.

—Col. Robert F. Stockton Jr., has been appointed Adjutant General of the State of New Jersey.

—John J. Lawrence has been appointed Superintendent of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad Company.

—The notes of the Artizan's Bank at Trenton, New Jersey, are worthless. They purport to be issued by the Bank at Trenton, and have the genuine signature of A. J. Smith, Register for the Bank Department of the State of New Jersey, but they are without any place of redemption either in or out of New Jersey. They are not taken in Philadelphia.

—Allegheny County Bonds to the amount of $4000 were sold on Monday in Philadelphia at 43.

—The Turkish Rear Admiral did not arrive by the Arabia as was expected. The civil authorities of New York city are making grand preparations for his reception.

—The projectiles used in the recent attempt to assassinate the Emperor and Empress of France, are called bombs and incendiary grenades, and are quite a new invention. They are hollow, made of steel, and filled with fulminating powder, of which the composition is not yet known, but it is supposed to be a kind of detonating powder. They have the shape of a pear, of about four inches long and two and a half inches in diameter, terminating on one end by a spherical cap. The broadest end is armed with twenty five nipples of an ordinary gun, and fastened with screws and provided each with an ordinary cap. The projectile is exploded by the caps coming in contact with the pavement. The cylinder was covered with a slight coating of paint, in imitation of bronze.

—On Saturday last some daring rogue drew $5000 from the Continental Bank in New York city on a forged check, and hitherto has defied all efforts of the police to capture him.

—Mr. Stover, a senator elect to the Kansas State legislature, whose assassination was recently attempted by some unknown person, was improving slightly according to the latest accounts. No clue has yet been discovered to the attempted perpetrator of this assassination.

—The Baton Rogue *Advocate* states that Gen. McHatton has resigned the office of postmaster of New Orleans, on account of continued ill health

—St. Valentine's day—the 14th of February—comes on Sunday, for which the Post Office clerks are no doubt most devoutly thankful.

—The Virginia Legislature are trying to reduce the rate of interest to 8 per cent.

—The Anti-Lecomptonites of New York announce that they will hold a Meeting at the Academy of Music on Friday night, notwithstanding the withdrawal of the permission of the directors.

—Ex-President Fillmore was married on Wednesday at Albany N. Y. to Mrs. McIntosh, of that city.

—The Democratic County Committee at Boston have endorsed the action of the President on the admission of Kansas, by a vote of 26 yeas against 17 nays.

KANSAS.—The Kansas correspondent of the St. Louis *Leader* says that Governor Denver will probably veto all acts of special legislation of the territorial legislature. The friends of the bill providing for another constitutional convention, claim to have strength enough to carry it over the Governor's veto. The propriety of repealing all statutes of the first legislature gives rise to much discussion. The argument of the ultraists in its favor is, that its repeal would place the territory under former laws, unconditionally. Some members acknowledge being pledged to their constituents to bring about a repeal at any cost. There is a discredited rumor at Lawrence that intelligence had been received from Washington that Denver would soon be recalled, and John R. Porter, of Albany, be appointed in his stead. From various accounts, it is believed that the difficulties at Fort Scott are of a private character.

[Correspondence of the Morning Post.]

FROM HARRISBURG.

HARRISBURG, February 10th, 1858.

In the Senate this morning the bill incorporating the Orizaba Iron Company, has been reported favorably by the committee on corporations; also the bill of Mr. Gazzam relating to written notices to endorsers in cases of protest, with a negative recommendation.

Mr. Miller of Washington read a bill in place relating to the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment in that county. The Anderson will case was also before the Senate, but not yet acted upon. It proposes to change the venue on its trial from Washington to Beaver county. On a former trial the case was decided in favor of the heirs. One will—there were two—gave all the property to his immediate relatives and the other to the Presbyterian church. The bill providing the change of venue has been reported upon favorably by the judiciary committee.

The resolution of Mr. Foster calling on the Auditor General to inform the House what amount of Militia tax has been paid into the Treasury within the past two years was passed.

Mr. Irwin one from the Committee on Vice and Immorality, a bill making the fact of any house proved a bawdy house to be liable to an indictment as a disorderly house.

Mr. Foster in place one relative to weigh scales in Allegheny, and another to divorce Lizzie Heagen from John W. Heagen. (Reported in the Senate yesterday.

This was about all that was done, except an exciting debate in the Notary Public "goose question." It calls upon the Auditor General for information as to the amount of money paid into the Treasury by Notaries Public.

Col. John W. Forney's lecture on *American Statesmen* last night was a splendid literary effort, and was listened to by an immense audience of ladies and gentlemen. Governor Packer, the heads of Departments and both branches of the Legislature were also present. He was applauded frequently and loudly. I am sorry I have only room to give the graceful allusion he made to our venerable Senator Wilkins After treating at length of Jackson, Clay, Webster and Calhoun, he remarked that "here in this presence, however, I hail one who, like that great English statesman so memorably delineated by Edmund Burke, links the present to the past, and he survives in our midst, the beloved and the living memorial of the statesman of the olden time. I have spoken of Jackson, Clay, and of Webster, of Calhoun, and yet he to whom I refer, was their cotemporary and their friend. I have spoken of the acquisition of Louisiana, and yet he saw it accomplished. I have spoken of the struggles of the late war, of the contests between Adams and Clay, of the eventful scenes during the administration of General Jackson, and yet here before our eyes is one beloved and esteemed, who has witnessed or participated in all these scenes. When far beyond the Psalmist's age, he concludes his career, when our youngest men begin theirs, and shows a vigor and a sincerity in all his actions, which makes me wish that he could live eighty years longer."

PAXTON.

Progress of the Mexican Revolution.

The steamer Tennessee, which arrived at New Orleans in Wednesday, brings important advices from Mexico to the 21st ult.

Gen Comonfort, abandoned by his troops, had left the city of Mexico.

There were eleven days of fighting done at the city of Mexico before Gen Zuloaga triumphed. There were but few killed

The troops took possession of the palace, issued a pronunciamento, and named Manual a'Arsigo, of the Notables, as head of the Government.

Gen Zuologa received twenty six votes out of twenty eight cast by the Council of Notables for Provincial President.

Puebla and a few other points recognized the new Government, while Jarnez, Parodi, Dublado and others oppose it. The whole country is in confusion

The dissatisfied were expected to march against the city of Mexico, and preparations were making to meet them. More fighting is inevitable.

Alafaro pronounced San Luis in favor of Santa Anna as Dictator.

Zuologa has issued a decree restoring ecclesiastical and military jurisdiction, and repealing the laws of 1856, which declared the property of ecclesiastical corporations alienable, and annulling the sales of property made under said laws.

It is reported that the clergy have loaned the new Government $1,000,000.

Advices from Sonora show that State in civil warfare.

Advices from Northern Mexico state that Governors Gracia and Vidanvri settled their difficulties, and the States New Voleon, Tamaulipas and Coahuila act in unison in the coming conflict.

A Chance for Repentant Sinners.

The Democratic State Convention of Texas, just previous to the close of its labors, adopted the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the doors of the great temple of democracy be now thrown open, and that all repentant sinners be allowed to come in confess their sins, and be admitted to the fold of the faithful.

WHALES.—It is certainly very strange that though upwards of three thousand whales are annually killed in these waters, there has been no diminution in the yield. The theory put forward by the captains of some of the whalers on this subject, is, that the wild open sea—called the Polar basin—of which Kane in his late expeditions gained a view, from the head of Smith's Sound, is the nursery of the whale, in which impenetrable resort they breed and thrive, unmolested by the attacks of the whalemen, except as they leave their fastness. It is not improbable that the food upon which the whale feeds is produced in sufficient quantities in the Polar Sea to supply the vast numbers of whales supposed to exist there. The superior size of these Arctic whales would indicate that they have some secure resort where they are free from capture.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

—Robinson's liquor store in Detroit was entered on Wednesday night by burglars and nearly six thousand dollars in money and Railroad bonds carried off.

Bœrhave's Holland Bitters.

See what the dealers, men who will sell anything in their line, and who are not interested in the medicine more than any other, say:—

We think highly of your article, and expect to have a large sale. BARNES & PARK, New York.

The demand is greatly increasing.

T. W. DYOTT & SON, Philadelphia.

Most medicines require time to introduce them; yours sells at the start.

HOFFMAN & MORWITZ, Philadelphia.

It is steadily gaining ground.

DR. D. F. MILES, Peoria, Ill.

The demand is increasing.

C. & W. CASPARI, Baltimore.

The lot will soon be sold—send more.

WM. THOMPSON, Riceville, East Tennessee.

We are out—send another lot at once.

D. M. & A. J. TUCKER, Fulton, Mo.

We have not a medicine that sells so readily.

BARCLAY BROS., Chicago, Ill.

Bœrhave's Holland Bitters meets with a large sale, and it always has given good satisfaction.

LOUIS WARLICH, Chicago, Ill.

We have been selling Bœrhave's Holland Bitters for some months; and, although, when first introduced, we did not urge its sale, being unacquainted with the article, still we found the public determined to have it, and to meet the demand we have been obliged to purchase more of this article than we ever have of any other patent medicine whatever. Every day brings new testimonials of its efficacy in removing the various complaints for which it is recommended, and in offering it to our customers, we do so with more confidence in its virtues than is due to most preparations of the kind.

GALE BROTHERS, Druggists,
184 Randolph street, Chicago, Ill

Caution!—Be careful to ask for *Bœrhave's Holland Bitters.* Sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the sole Proprietors, Benjamin Page, Jr., & Co., corner of Third and Smithfield streets, and Druggists generally.

☞ A LADY OF OUR ACQUAINTANCE, MRS. POWELL, NO. 18 STANTON STREET, NEW YORK, was troubled with liver complaint for a long time, and after trying many remedies, was advised to try Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros, of Pittsburgh. She did so, and says that with one box she was effectually cured.

Indigestion, stoppage of the menses, costiveness, and general irregularity of the bowels, are all diseases originating in the same prolific cause, as is also that dreadful scourge, DYSPEPSIA. Those who are afflicted with any of the above enumerated diseases, may rest assured that the source of all their maladies is in the liver, and for its correction the best remedy ever offered to the public is Dr M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills. Try them. The money refunded if not satisfactory.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* [23] (fo12:1wdaw) FLEMING BROS.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

An Actor in Limbo.

Those of our readers who are in the habit of visiting the Theatre are aware that a new drama, called the "Pioneer Patriot, or the Maid of the War Path," was announced for exhibition at that establishment on last Wednesday evening; but the low comedian, Mr. Johnston, at five o'clock on Wednesday afternoon declared he would not perform his part that night—a rather important character, by the way. In consequence of this, the piece could not be presented, and another was substituted in its stead. While attending rehearsal he obtained possession of the play under pretence of learning his part, and retained it. Miss Kimberly endeavored by every reasonable offer of compromise to regain the manuscript, but Johnston steadily refusing to give it up, a warrant was issued on a charge of trover and conversion, and he was forthwith taken into custody by Deputy Sheriff Cooley. He was committed to prison, where he will be obliged to remain until he can obtain security. We are sorry to see such trivial difficulties thrown in the way of Miss Kimberly at the very outset of her managerial career, but we are certain she will overcome all of them.

Western Transportation Company.

The following bill, relative to this company, was read in place by Col. J. H. Foster, on Tuesday:—

A supplement to the Act entitled "An act to incorporate the Western Transportation Company."

Sec. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all the powers, rights and privileges conferred on the Western Transportation Company by the act to which this is a supplement, passed 15th March, 1856, be, and they are hereby extended (in regard to said Company) to all Railroads, whether within or without the bounderies of the State of Pennsylvania, connected with the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, either directly or by means of other railroads, so that an unlimited continuous line of through traffic and management to all points west and south of Pittsburgh may be secured by the Western Transportation Company on all roads connected mediately or immediately with the said Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, in as full a manner as provided by the act aforesaid "in regard to the said Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad."

Fire Signals.

It had been recommended by the Associated Firemen more than a year since that a system of fire signals should be established, to enable citizens to ascertain the direction of a fire, but no definite action was taken until the meeting on last Monday evening. The Secretary was then requested to have cards containing a uniform system of fire signals which are to be hung up in the various engine houses. We are glad an arrangement of this kind has been effected and hope to see it carried into general use. Heretofore it has been difficult to tell in what part of the city a fire was until it was nearly or quite extinguished. By this new arrangement the alarm will be raised by successive taps upon the bell, indicating the ward or district in which the fire originates, so that a person in starting for a fire can form some definite idea of where he is going.

Mr. Dubois.

The excellent man and talented actor whose name heads this article, is well and favorably known by all members of this community who patronize and admire the drama.

Although Mr. Dubois has been on the stage but a short time, he has displayed histrionic abilities of the highest order; and bids fair to acquire a commanding position in his profession. His versatility is remarkable, and his efforts in impressive and striking tragedy are not excelled by his inimitable personations of

"Mirth, that winkled care derides,
And laughter holding both his sides."

Men of the attainments, industry and capacity of Mr. Dubois, reflect credit on their profession, and we always take pleasure in paying them the tribute of respect which their worth deserves.

Mr. Dubois has appeared before Pittsburgh audiences in a great variety of characters, and in all has displayed the qualities which command success. We trust that his future may be as brilliant as his present is creditable, and we express a well founded belief that his dramatic efforts will place him in the first rank of American actors.

The Gardiner Abortion Case.—In the Criminal Court, yesterday morning, the case of the Commonwealth vs. Eliza Gardiner, charged with procuring an abortion upon Louisa Ludwick, formerly Miss Herwig, was taken up. The principal witness in this case was the girl herself, who resides in Westmoreland county, and is a very modest looking woman. During her examination she was several times affected to tears. The particulars of the testimony are entirely unfit for publication; it bears strongly against the accused. The case occupied the entire day until at out half past four o'clock in the afeernoon, when it was given to the jury, who returned in half an hour with a verdict of guilty.

Ordination.—The Presbytery of Blairsville will meet in the Presbyterian Church, Johnstown, on next Thursday, the 18th inst., for the purpose of ordaining and installing Rev. R. L. Agnew, as pastor of the Presbyterian congregation of Johnstown. We understand that the installation ceremonies will take place in the evening, and will no doubt prove quite interesting. Mr. Agnew has been preaching to this congregation for some months past with great success; the audiences have increased rapidly under his administration, and the congregation has manifested its appreciation of him as a man and a minister by giving him a unanimous call to become their regularly ordained pastor.

"General Jail Delivery."—Quite a number of female prisoners, confined for various offences, were released by the County Commissioners yesterday, on promise of amendment, some of them promising to leave the city. A Mrs. Patton, who had been confined on a charge of larceny, was released Wednesday, the matter having been settled, but in a few hours she was re-committed on a charge of drunkenness. No sooner was she liberated than she "flooked upon the wine (?) when it was red in the cup," and thus found her way back. This woman, but a year since, occupied a respectable position in society, but her excesses have brought her to the lowest depths of degradation.

Badly Frozen.—A man named John Brown, residing in Allegheny, was discovered on Wednesday morning, on Rebecca street, almost dead from exposure. He had apparently lain on the street all night, and his hands and feet were very much frozen. It was supposed that he had been intoxicated and was unable to get home. He was conveyed to his home in a miserable condition, and last evening was not much better.

The Valuable Books from private libraries, embraced in the catalogue of continued sale from last Saturday, are now arranged for examination on the second floor of Davis' new Auction Building, Fifth street, where they will be sold to-morrow evening. The sale comprises many rare and choice works in all departments of literature, not only of interest to general readers, but volumes which are invaluable for a reference library.

Westminster Review.—We have received a copy of the "Westminster Review" for January from Messrs. Hunt & Minor, agents, Masonic Hall. It is an excellent number, and contains some valuable articles; two we have especially noticed—one on Shelley the poet, and another on the "Crisis and its Causes." Also an article on "Missionary Travels and Researches in South Africa."

Foster's Gayeties.—A pretty good house was in attendance at this establishment last evening; the bill was "William Tell" and "The Jacobite, or the Free Pardon." Mr. Madison, the modern Sampson, also appeared. A good bill is presented for this evening. We understand this house will close on Saturday night. The company goes to Wheeling.

This is the last day of Mrs. Mansfield's stay at the Monongahela House. To-morrow morning she is to leave for Louisville, thus giving only *to day* in which to obtain her treatment; the steady success of which, in many instances, has created a wide spread and earnest feeling in her favor, and fully proven her thorough and peculiar skill.

Ice.—Our dealers in the "cold crystal" have been complaining a good deal lately of a prospect of difficulty in obtaining a supply for the use of Pittsburghers next summer. A few days of such weather as we have experienced for the past forty eight hours will give them an abundant supply. We hope it may continue, as this is one of the "necessary luxuries" of life.

Contract.—We are informed that Major S. S. Jamison, of Saltsburg, and John H. Shryock and James Johnston, of Indiana township, have been awarded a large contract for furnishing government with mules, wagons and wagon-beds. They are to be employed in transporting supplies for the Utah expedition.

Escaped.—A prisoner, who had been convicted of burglary at the last term of the Butler County Court, and had been allowed a new trial, managed to escape from the jail of that county on last Monday evening. He was recaptured a few hours afterwards, and again confined.

The Condemned.—No one was allowed to see the condemned prisoners yesterday, excepting their spiritual advisers; they were in the cells nearly all day. It is said they are both prepared to die, or at least express themselves so.

The Court House was literally jammed yesterday with persons who were anxious to listen to the disagreeable details of the case on trial. We had no idea until the present term of Court commenced that there were so many people out of employment in the city.

Singular.—The morbid curiosity which attracted so many people, among whom were many women and children, to the jail yard yesterday, to look at the gibbet which has been erected for the execution today.

Postponed.—The argument on the motion for a new trial in the case of James M. Kolly, which was fixed for to-morrow, has been postponed until next week, after the trial of Daniel Denny, one of his alleged accomplices.

Mayor's Office.—At the Mayor's office yesterday morning, there were eleven ordinary vagrancy and drunkenness cases on hand; nine of them were committed to jail, and two released on payment of their fines.

Produce the Papers.

The "Chronicle" and "Gazette," of yesterday, both state that the error in the New American Cyclopedia, concerning the location of Allegheny city, originated from the compilers of that work having consulted Lippincott's Gazetteer for their information. This must certainly be a mistake on the part of those papers. We copy from Lippincott's Gazetteer the following note concerning the environs of Pittsburgh; it will be found on page 1492:—

"Here have sprung up several large and flourishing towns, the most important of which are Allegheny and Manchester, situated directly opposite the junction of the Allegheny river with the Ohio, and Birmingham on the left bank of the Monongahela. In commercial and social interests, all these are identical with the city proper," &c., &c.

We agree with our neighbors that the Gazeteer is "bad authority," and it would seem from the above extract that the compilers of the New Cyclopedia did not consult it.

Ohio and Mississippi Railroad.—We observed yesterday at the St. Clair Hotel a new bulletin or sign board, just placed there by the agent of the Ohio and Mississippi Broad Gauge Railroad. This is the only direct route for St. Louis—indeed, the only railroad route to that city, and points further west can be reached quicker by this route than any other. P. W. Strader, Esq., of Cincinnati, is the Western agent for this popular road.

Assault and Battery.—A man named George Cannon was arrested and taken before Mayor Weaver yesterday afternoon, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, on oath of William Sirr. He was held to bail in the sum of $200, to answer the charge at the March term of Court.

Sale of Stocks.—The following sales of stocks were made last evening at the Merchants' Exchange, by Messrs. Austin Loomis & Co.:

10	"	Exchange Bank	54 75
9	"	Allegheny Bank	23 25

Pittsburgh Theatre.—Last evening the plays of the "French Spy" and "Robert Macaire" were performed to a tolerable audience. This evening the bill is the "Carpenter of Rouen" and "Kate Kearney, or the Lakes of Killarney." Mr. John E. Owens is underlined for next week.

Appointment.—John J. Lawrence, Esq; of Huntingdon, has been appointed Superintendent of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad and Coal Company.

Rev. W. A. Passavant lectures in Butler, Butler county, on the evening of Friday, the 26th inst., for the benefit of the English Evangelical Lutheran Church.

The City Councils meet this evening, as per adjournment on last Friday evening. Business of importance will be transacted.

Lecture.—Thomas Francis Meagher, the Irish patriot, will lecture this evening in City Hall. He is a gentleman of rare eloquence, and we predict for him a large and intelligent audience.

The Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad will commence receiving freight at their new depot on Penn street next Monday.

Raglans, sacks and frock overcoats for men, youth and boys; dress and business coats, neatly cut and made; fine plush and silk vests, a large variety of fine and common pants, now on hands and selling at very close rates by Carnaghan, Allegheny. Special attention is invited to a full stock of fine coatings, pant stuffs and vestings, kept exclusively for custom work, which, with a choice variety of gloves and hosiery, shawls, mufflers, ties, &c., will be dispersed of at favorable prices. Terms strictly cash—hence the low rates.

The Greatest Invention of the Age---The Excelsior Shingle Mill---Who Wants to Get Rich? Everybody!

Then let everybody pay a visit to the Great Western Planing Mills, on the corner of Marbury street and Duquesne way, and see the Excelsior Mill make sixty perfectly-formed shingles in one minute. But we would advise anybody wishing to secure the means of rapidly accumulating a fortune, to call soon, as we are disposing of Shop, Township, County, State and Territorial rights almost as fast as we can draw up the deeds. We have, as yet, some valuable rights for sale—therefore, ye who would at some future roll in your costly carriages, had better call soon.

We do not ask any one to purchase, until after he has thoroughly examined the mill, and perfectly understands the principles upon which it is constructed.

The best evidence we can give of the great value of this machine, is the work it performs.

The shingles made by it are more perfect and beautifully formed, and command a much higher price from dealers than those made in any other way.

The public are respectfully invited to call and see the machine in operation at the above named place. The Proprietors can always be found at the St. Nicholas Hotel, corner of Grant and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh.

JENKINS, UTT & LYNCH.

GLYCERINE!
GLYCERINE!!
GLYCERINE!!!
GLYCERINE!!!!

One of the best articles for chapped hands now in vogue. Warranted a sure cure. For sale at

SUPER'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and St. Clair streets.

☞ DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, for many years, have had the very best reputation among all classes, and the fact that they are a pure and healthy tonic contribute daily to their well deserved popularity for removing all acid humors from the Stomach, curing all symptoms or positive cures of Dyspepsia, and renovating and building up the entire physical system—they have no superiors. We can confidently recommend Dr. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS to all who suffer from Dyspepsia Complaints as a positive and unfailing remedy, and one that will bring the entire man to a most healthy condition. Nothing can be more valuable as a tonic than a wine glass of these BITTERS taken before meals. Our readers should not fail to try them.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere, and by HOSTETTER & SMITH,
Manufacturers and Proprietors,
fo6-lo No. 267 Penn street.

EXTENSION OF STAY.

DRS. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SYKES,

Will continue their office at

No. 191 Penn street,

OPPOSITE ST. CLAIR HOTEL, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

TILL APRIL FIRST, 1858,

Where they may be consulted daily, (Sundays excepted,) for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS and ALL OTHER CHRONIC AFFECTIONS connected with, or predisposing to PULMONARY DISEASE.

DRS. FITCH & SYKES feel that they cannot too earnestly or too frequently admonish invalids of the EXCEEDING DANGER OF DELAY IN PULMONARY DISEASE—its symptoms often seem so trifling as to beget a delusive feeling of safety even while the disease is making rapid progress, and the patient neglects himself till a cure is next to impossible.

Office Hours---10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

☞ No charge for consultation.

A list of questions will be sent to those wishing to consult us by letter. Address

DRS. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SYKES,
fo12 191 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ GREAT CURE OF DYSPEPSIA.—G. G. MERSHON, Merchant, says:—

SIMPSONVILLE, Shelby county, Ky., March 30, 1855.

"The German Bitters give general satisfaction, and I herewith hand you a certificate of Mr. MORTON BERKLEY, a respectable farmer of this county."

SIMPSONVILLE, Ky., March 30, 1855.—Dear Sir: I would inform you that I have been afflicted for several years with *Dyspepsia*, in a very aggrevated form, for which I used sarsaparilla and various other remedies, without obtaining any relief From the various testimonials in favor of Hoofland's German Bitters, I was induced to try them, and I now state with pleasure, that through their use I am enjoying better health than I have done for years past, and cheerfully recommend the Bitters to all afflicted with that terrible disease. Respectfully yours,

To Dr. G. M. Jackson. MORTON BERKLEY.

See advertisement.

For sale by FLEMING BROS. and Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh. fo12:wdaw

☞ White Teeth, Perfumed Breath, and and beautiful complexion, can be acquired by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath, when by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice, would not only render it sweet, but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends would never mention it. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure each bottle is signed PETRIDGE & CO., N. Y.

☞ "Woodland Cream"—A Pomade for beautifying the hair—highly perfumed, superior to any French article imported, and for half the price. For dressing ladies' hair, it has no equal, giving it a bright glossy appearance. It causes gentlemen's hair to curl in the most natural manner. It removes dandruff, always giviving the hair the appearance of being fresh shampooned. Price only fifty cents. None genuine unless signed PETRIDGE & CO.,

Proprietors of the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers."

☞ Wholesale and retail agents, George Ogden, No. 20 Wood street; R. E. Sellers & Co., corner Wood and Second; W. A. Gliddelfonny, opposite the Theatre; Joseph Fleming, corner Market street and Diamond; Brann & Reiter, corner of Liberty and S. Clair; W. J. Montgomery, opposite Post Office; Hunt & Miner, Masonic Hall. [au22:1ydaw

☞ THERE IS NOTHING IN THE WHOLE LIST OF medicine creating such a stir among invalids as Dr. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR OR LIVER REMEDY. It gives such quick relief as to convince the patient of receiving benefit almost as soon as the medicine is taken. We do not know of a single instance where it has been taken without benefit, and in nearly all cases a complete cure is effected by its use. It has acquired its wide popularity simply because it does what it is recommended to do. It is constantly enlarging its circle of friends, carrying healing on its wings, and joy to the hearts of those suffering from Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, or general debility. [fo12:1mdaw

BY TELEGRAPH.

THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS

FIRST SESSION

Yesterday's Proceedings.

SENATE.

VOLUNTEERS FOR THE UTAH EXPEDITION.

Mr. Seward presented a memorial from citizens of Albany offering to raise a regiment of volunteers to assist the Utah expedition.

RECEPTION OF THE TURKISH ADMIRAL.

Mr. Mason submitted a joint resolution conferring authority upon the President to make appropriate arrangement for the reception of the distinguished Turkish naval officer, now on his way to America.

Mr. Biggs, of North Carolina, objected.

DRED SCOTT DECISION.

Mr. Evans, of South Carolina, reported a series of resolutions making an appropriation for the publication of the opinion of the Judges of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case.

Mr. Doolittle offered an amendment to the effect that the Senate does not endorse the Dred Scott doctrine, and called the yeas and nays. The nays were 19. Mr. Broderick, of California, voted nay. The absentees were Messrs. Bates, Bell, Clark, Crittenden, Douglas, Johnson, Reid, Stuart and Thompson.

The vote on Mr. Evans' resolution was yeas 32, including Messrs. Cameron, Dixon, Foster, Hale and Wilson.

THE ARMY.

The resolution that the Secretary of War be required to inform the Senate what officers of the army, belonging to regiments now in active service, are absent service, and the cause of such absence, was agreed to by unanimous consent.

Mr. Davis continued his speech on the Army bill.

Mr. Houston spoke at some length, expatiating on the wrongs of the Indians, and the inhumanity practiced against them. He thought that a thousand mounted volunteers would be sufficient for the protection of the Texan frontiers.

Mr. Toombs preferred volunteers and styled the regular army a despotism. He cautioned the Senators to beware of it.

Mr. Davis apprehended no dangers to liberty from the small number in the army.

Mr. Wilson thought that the President ought to be authorized to receive the services of five thousand volunteers for Utah. He believed the army to be large enough.

A motion to strike out the first section, which proposed to add two companies to each regiment was lost by 25 against 26. The same section was subsequently amended by limiting the increase to two years.

Mr. Hale said that he had as soon vote for an increase for all time as for two years, for that would be the ultimate result.

The Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

APPOINTMENT OF SELECT COMMITTEES.

The Speaker announced the following as a Committee on the resolutions of Mr. Harris, of Illinois, to which is referred the President's message