LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Trial of James M. Kelly for the Murder of Henry Weissman.

Court of Oyer and Terminer.

Before Hon. W. B. M'Clure, President Judge, and Gabriel Adams and John E. Parke, Associates.

SECOND DAY.

WEDNESDAY, January 13, 1858.

Morning Session.—The Court convened at nine o'clock this morning, and Judge M'Clure delivered an opinion concerning the separate trial of the prisoners. We have not room for the opinion, but the learned Judge concluded by saying that the evidence in the case was so conflicting, and the defence of the different defendants was so entirely distinct that their interests and the interests of the Commonwealth demanded separate trials for each. Accordingly, the motion for separate trials would be granted.

District Attorney Collier then announced that as the matter was optional with himself, he would elect to try James M. Kelly first. The prisoner was brought into Court, and placed in the box; the panel was called, and at half past ten, the following jury was selected:

Thomas Barclay,	Andrew Hamilton,
Robert Monroe,	Samuel P. Neely,
James K. Scott,	Henry Chalfant,
William Hill,	Patterson Pierson,
Abraham Gordon,	Alexander M'Donald,
John Semmerill,	E. H. Cunningham.

The indictment was read to the prisoner, and after a plain statement of the case by Mr. Collier, the examination of witnesses for the prosecution was commenced.

The first witness called was Dr. R. M. Tindle, who testified that he had been called by the Coroner to make an examination on the dead body of Henry Weissman. He found two wounds on the head—one on the left side of the head, three inches long, and one inch in depth, running transversely; the other wound was back of the other, about two inches long, running longitudinally. He also found a fracture of the skull, commencing at the left temple and extending to the top of the head, at which point there was a piece of the skull, about an inch square, broken out; the fracture then extended to the back of the head, where he found another piece of the bone, two inches and a half square, broken out, found the suture or union of the bones of the skull, entirely separated; he found a large quantity of blood within the skull, pressing on the brain. The hands of the deceased were also severely bruised, the skin being knocked off in a number of places, and very much discolored. The wounds on the head must necessarily have been inflicted by a very heavy instrument. [An iron bar was here shown, which the witness thought would inflict the wounds on the head.] The hands were probably bruised by the deceased attempting to ward off blows. The witness saw a considerable amount of clotted blood in the hall and on the stair case. The wounds would undoubtedly produce death. The primary cause of death was the fracture of the skull, and the secondary cause was the effusion of blood, and its depression on the brain.

On his cross examination the Doctor stated that he would suppose the old man to have been eighty years of age. The bones of a man of that age contain more earthy matter than those of a man in the prime of life and are more easily fractured. A blow upon the head of a young man, similar to that received by deceased, would produce a fracture, but the piece would not have been broken out as in this case.

Wilhelmina Weissman was next sworn. This witness gave her evidence in the Swiss dialect, which was interpreted by Mr. Miller to the Court and jury. In October last the witness lived with her father on the East Liberty turnpike, about ten minutes' walk from the house of Philip Winebiddle. On the night of the seventh, about twelve o'clock, she heard a noise or crack, said to her father, "See, there are some yet." Her father said, "They are drunken men;" suddenly one of them upset a chair in the room. Witness said, "Oh my, they are already in the bed-room!" Then the old man jumped hastily out of bed, and put on his coat. [It may be necessary, to understand this testimony properly, to state that there being but one bed in the room, father and daughter slept together.] He asked what they wanted there. Witness heard something said about drinking whisky, but did not know on [illegible]. One of the party took the old man by the collar of the coat. When she saw this, she also jumped out of bed, and took hold of a piece of iron. She took hold of the person who had caught her father, by the leg, to ascertain whether or not he had boots on, and she found he had; she then gave him a stroke with the iron, when the stranger who had hold of her father; the two others were in the other room or entry. As soon as I was struck I had to quit the fixing. He had hold of my father and was trying to back him out of the room. I received another blow on the arm, when I was about to run out, through another room, after Winebiddle. When I was struck, I was at the door, trying to get out. I commenced crying, and my father came to me, and I thought the loafers had gone out of the house. I went with my father into the sleeping room again, after my father said he had locked the door. We found the loafers in the room again. I do not know whether they entered by the window or the door. I gave my father the large iron, and took the smaller one myself; then I wanted to run to the cellar, and at the cellar door one of the loafers took hold of my leg. I defended myself with the iron again; then I ran through the cellar to Mr. Winebiddle's; went to Mr. Winebiddle's window, and told him we had the whole house full of thieves; thereupon Mr. Winebiddle got up, and his sons, and the hired man. They took me into the house and gave me clothing; Mrs. Winebiddle lit a candle, and gave a stick to her husband. They all went down to the house, but found the door fast; they thought the old man must be dead, as they got no answer; witness wanted to go into the house through the cellar, but one of Winebiddle's sons told her not to go, as he had heard something in the house just then; witness went around the house to a window and opened it, calling to her father to know if he was in the room, to which he answered "yes." The old man then opened the door, and they went into the entry. Mr. Winebiddle took the old man by the arm and said "What have they done to you?" He sat down; Mr. Winebiddle examined him, and found his brain "looking out of his head." The witness washed the head of her father, and three half buckets full of water came away well mixed with blood. They then put the old man's pants on him; Mr. Winebiddle asked him what they had done with him, and he said he must die. The old man was put to bed, and the blood was running through the bed, he said the loafers had abused him with the iron, had taken the iron along, and that he must die. About three hours after, the old man died, at about half past two o'clock. The witness was then shown the bar of iron in Court. She said that it was the piece of iron her father was killed with, they had used it three years for a poker; there was another piece in the house, which was lying in the entry, where she dropped it when she ran into the cellar. On that night she saw three men in the room beside her father. There was one window in the bed room, with twenty-two panes of glass.

Here the Court took a recess until half-past two o'clock this afternoon.

Afternoon Session.—The Court assembled at half past two o'clock. Wilhelmina Weissman, the daughter of the murdered man, was recalled; she testified that there was a latter on the bed room window; that it was fastened when she went to bed; she knew one of the parties who were in the house, as he had been at her house four weeks previously; the front door was locked early in the evening; after the [illegible] the shutter was found open; witness thought it must have been opened from the inside, as it was tried from the outside a day or two afterwards and could not be opened. The witness identified Kelly as one of the men who was at the house that night. It was moonlight when she went to Winebiddle's.

On her cross examination the witness stated that there was no fire or candle in the room; the window was opened from the inside while she and her father were in bed, and the noise of the window falling down alarmed her. She defended herself by throwing the iron at the man who was chasing her to the entry. She saw Kelly standing by the door before she went to Winebiddle's; it was a foggy night, and Winebiddle carried a lantern with him to see after he got into the house. The witness thinks the party got in from a window of the second story, which was open. She [illegible] before the Coroner's jury. When the [illegible] one of them asked her whether the girl was in the house, does not now remember what kind of a hat he had on. The prisoner had only been at the house once previous to the murder, at which time another man was with him—a low Dutch man.

Archibald M'[illegible] testified to the correctness of a ground plot of the premises where the murder occurred, and which plot was made by him yesterday.

Coroner Alexander testified that he held an inquest on the body of Henry Weissman, about nine o'clock on the morning of the 8th of October, at Winebiddle's tavern. He found two wounds on the back of the head, and both wrists were a good deal lacerated and discolored. There was a good deal of blood on the floor.

Dr. H. Gross was the next witness called. Knew Weissman and his daughter. Saw the body of Weissman after his death. Found the body on the bed, and a considerable quantity of blood on the floor and on the staircase. Found two wounds on the head, extending down the bone; also two fractures of the skull, one longitudinal and the other transverse. There was a large effusion of blood upon the brain. Saw the bar of iron at the house. Such a wound as Weissman received would first have a stunning effect. Weissman was upwards of seventy years of age.

On being cross examined the Doctor coincided in the testimony of Dr. Tindle concerning the effect of a blow upon the skull of an old man as compared with the same blow upon a young man. Saw footprints of three persons in a ploughed field back of the house.

Fayette Winebiddle was next sworn. He went down to the old man's after the alarm had been raised by Wilhelmina Weissman; heard a shuffling in the house; went into the house, but saw no one there except the old man, who was covered with blood; saw tracks in the meadow field back of the house, all in the same direction. Followed them for some distance; it was moonlight night.

Nothing of importance was elicited from the cross examination of this witness.

At half past six o'clock the Court adjourned until nine o'clock to-morrow morning.

Walnut Hall.—At this A No. 1 Restaurant we observe that game of all kinds is daily received. If you wish a comfortable meal, well served up, go to Fricker's. If you wish to procure for family use the best of oysters, either in the shell or can, go to Fricker's. There is nothing in the line of good eating which cannot be had at Walnut Hall. Go and see for yourself.

Banking Arrangements.

The following preamble and resolution were passed by the Board of Trade of this city some time ago, and will be offered again on Friday night, and forwarded to the Legislature for action. We print them for the purpose of reaching the public and ascertaining what the community think about the matter:

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

The undersigned, in behalf of the Board of Trade of the city of Pittsburgh, respectfully present to your Honorable Bodies the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, There is no legislative enactment fixing or limiting the rate which may be charged on Bills of Exchange by the banks of this Commonwealth, and consequently their attention and resources are principally directed to this source of large profits, furnishing but little currency for circulation, and insufficient facilities for discounting paper not made payable out of the district, and thereby subject to the onerous charge of exchange.

AND WHEREAS, While we admit the legitimacy and necessity of this branch of their business, and have entire confidence in the soundness and integrity of the Banks in our vicinity, we feel that the preference given to Bills of Exchange bears with great severity on a large class of our merchants, whose business does not [illegible] these well [illegible] description of paper, while at the same time the high rates of exchange paid by the manufacturers is felt by them to be a serious and oppressive tax on their business, which, if continued and allowed to increase, will, in many instances, amount to a prohibitory one.

AND WHEREAS, Our Banks are generally declaring dividends of ten or twelve per cent. per annum, in addition to which, [illegible] have accumulated a contingent fund of $100,000 to $150,000 during the last five or six years, to be also divided among the stockholders, the large portion of this heavy profit being drawn from the pockets of the manufacturers, they having their paper in the available shape—therefore

Resolved, That we ask the Legislature for the passage of an act restricting all Banks and other corporate bodies [illegible] to Bills of Exchange to the present rate of interest, and not to exceed one-half of one per cent. over and above the actual rate [illegible] for collection.

And, also, restricting all Banks and corporations as aforesaid, to dividends not exceeding eight per cent. per annum, limiting them to a contingent fund of not more than three per cent. on the amount of their capital stock, and providing for a division among the stockholders of the amount of the excess, [illegible] of each as will reduce the same to the limit fixed by law.

In submitting the preamble and resolution to your Honorable Bodies, we are instructed to ask your favorable consideration of the subject matter contained in them, and that you will adopt such measures as in accordance with the prayer of your petitioners as to your wisdom may be deemed best for the accomplishment of their object.

WM. H. WILLIAMS, President.

THOMAS B. UPDIKE, Secretary.

Meeting of the Central Board of Education.—A regular Meeting of the Board was held on Tuesday evening last.

Present—Messrs. Singerly, Miller, M'[illegible], Lowry, Thompson, Varnum, and M'Gowin, President.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. M'Gowin stated that in consequence of the time as a director having expired, he would now vacate the chair in order that the Board might proceed to organize for the ensuing year.

Mr. Varnum moved that the thanks of this Board be tendered to Mr. M'Gowin for his impartial and gentlemanly manner of presiding over its deliberations. The motion was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Singerly was then called to the chair, and the credentials of the following gentlemen as members elect to the Central Board were received: James Hutchinson, of the Fourth ward, for three years; Jno. A. Sergeant, of the Eighth ward, for three years; Felix C. Negley, of the Fifth ward, to fill an unexpired term of two years.

The Secretary balloted with Board and the Hon. Mr. Varnum was chosen Secretary [illegible].

On motion of Mr. McMaster, the Board [illegible] its organization until the [illegible].

On motion of Mr. [illegible], Mr. Lewis was appointed secretary pro tem.

The Board adjourned [illegible].

East [illegible] Election.—An election was held in the borough of [illegible] on Tuesday, with the following result:

Burgess—B. A. [illegible].

Council—W. [illegible], [illegible] Richardson, H. [illegible], Z. [illegible], [illegible] Magee.

Auditor—R. M. Stevenson.

School Directors—W. [illegible], [illegible] years; [illegible] Adams, 3 years; [illegible].

Assessor—Thomas [illegible].

Assistant Assessors—[illegible].

Judge—H. [illegible].

Inspector—N. M'[illegible].

Constable—R. [illegible].

The Theatre.—It was announced on the theatre posters yesterday that the author of the much talked of play of "The Condemned," would take a benefit last evening, and take a prominent character in the piece. The house was crowded with visitors, but those who were present were all anxious to see the author. He appeared as a gambler [illegible]. After the close of the play, he was called before the curtain, and made a few brief remarks [illegible] the play and its [illegible], which were well received by the audience.

This evening a good bill is offered, consisting of the "Carpenter of Rouen," and the "Death Plank."

Foster's Gayeties.—We are waiting anxiously to see the Governor get his new Theatre completed and occupying it. The room is admirably adapted for the purpose, and when fitted up properly will seat fully as large an audience as the Theatre. The Governor is an enterprising man, and will be doubt present an attractive place of amusement.

Last evening the house was a good one. We have heard rumors of engagements with celebrated actors and actresses, and we hope to see them on our boards soon. Meanwhile, the Governor is using his best endeavors to please, and should be liberally sustained.

The Weissman Trial.—This case does not seem to attract as many visitors to the criminal court as any murder trial which has come up this term. Whether it is because it is tedious, or that the depraved taste of the thousands who go there to listen to the shocking details of crime have been satiated during the term, we know not, but we are glad to see the number of spectators diminished from any cause. The principal witness in the case is now on trial speaks German, and her statement has to be interpreted to the Court and jury. She occupied the witness stand from eleven o'clock till five yesterday, and will probably be recalled by the defense.

Birmingham Election.—The citizens of the borough of Birmingham held an election on Tuesday, and elected the following officers. The Burgess is a Democrat, the remainder Republicans:

Burgess—Wm. Symmes.

School Directors—W. C. Aughenbaugh, Thomas M'Kee.

Council—Thomas M'Kee, George Duncan, Thomas Worcester, James Fawcett, Philip Flehl, James Kerr.

Constable—Wm. Livingston.

District Court.—In this Court, the case of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Company against Dr. E. D. Gazzam, which we reported yesterday morning, was still on trial yesterday, and occupied the entire day.

Admitted.—On motion of Geo. S. Selden, Sidney M. Mellon was yesterday admitted to practice in the Courts of Allegheny county.

Illuminated Paintings.—There is on exhibition at Excelsior Hall, Allegheny city, a series of paintings, which are far superior as works of art to anything of the kind we have ever seen. The subjects selected are of a moral and entertaining character, such as "The Creation," "The Nativity of Christ," "The Crucifixion," "The Destruction of Jerusalem," and other views of interest. These must not be confounded with the Dissolving Views which have been exhibited in our city, as they are of an entirely different character. The painting of the Cathedral of Milan is a most gorgeous picture and represents all the public buildings, with a view of the inhabitants riding in their gondolas. The effect of the change of light on this picture is wonderful. The first view represents the Cathedral at noonday, which gradually gives way to the faint evening twilight, and [illegible] again is succeeded by the darkness of midnight. We advise all who desire to see fine works of art to pay a visit to Excelsior Hall. The pictures will be on exhibition every evening this week, also on Saturday afternoon for schools and families.

Mrs. Cecile Rush.—As will be seen by announcement, Mrs. Rush will give a second entertainment at Lafayette Hall this evening. Those who were present at last Thursday evening, expressed themselves as highly pleased with her readings. A great many, however, who are members of the Presbyterian church, could not attend, as it was a fast day in that church. This evening they will have an opportunity of hearing her, and those who were present on that evening will certainly go again. The programme is entirely different, with the exception of one or two pieces, which will be repeated by particular request. Whittier's beautiful poem of "[illegible]," the Prisoner of Chillon, [illegible] Drake's [illegible] "Address to the American Flag," are in the bill; these three pieces alone should attract a large audience, but there are several other pieces of equal merit announced. She is a lady of fine oratorical powers, and it is our earnest desire to see her efforts to please rewarded by the patronage to which her superior talent so fully entitles her.

The elegant new furniture, comprising rosewood, black walnut and mahogany, arranged on the second floor of Davis' new Auction Buildings, Fifth street, is to be sold this morning at ten o'clock, and should receive attention of all housekeepers wishing for handsome articles at low prices.

GLYCERINE!

GLYCERINE!!

GLYCERINE!!!

GLYCERINE!!!!

One of the best articles for chapped hands now in vogue. Warranted to cure. For sale at

SUPER'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and St. Clair streets.

Card.—The Principal of the Merchants' College of Pittsburgh intimates to the pupils and the emissaries of Iron City College, that when they call and introduce themselves as such, he and his assistants will be at all times happy to show them the establishment, but when they come as spies for Jenkins & Co., pretending to be strangers, in the company of strangers calling upon us on private business, he would suggest that they would be serving the cause of morality by teaching their teachers a manly and dignified lesson in commerce [illegible] by refusing to perform a species of [illegible] their College, held in universal [illegible] by all honorable men.

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CHEROKEE CORN PLANTER,

AT

No. 56 Market street.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

Special Despatch to the Morning Post.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, January 13.—*House.*—Mr. Irwin read a bill authorizing the Perrysville road to increase the tolls fifty per cent.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON CITY, January [illegible].—*House.*—The House went into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union on the President's annual message.

Mr. Curtis argued that from the earliest period of our national history till now, government has interposed in various ways to restrain the citizens from fitting out hostile expeditions against nations with which we are at peace. The operations of Walker afforded evidence of the application of the neutrality laws. He referred to the enormous expense of keeping the various routes across the Isthmus open, routes too long and distant, and a country too sickly to be of permanent advantage; and, to reach the Pacific, a direct one should be taken across our territory. It was wrong for Government to go into filibustering operations. This has been its policy for years past, and it has too long winked at private filibustering. An examination of the documents shows that Commodore Paulding has, like a true and honest sailor, carried out his instructions. It was not his duty to expound the law.

Mr. Clay said this was the first time he had had the privilege to address the Legislative Assembly, and he was gratified in now rising to sustain what he believed to be law and order. They had seen the remarkable spectacle of the Administration apparently unsupported by its own friends, and on the reception of every message from the President, opportunities were taken to assail and peck at him. He acquiesced in all the President had written on Central America. The question was whether it was necessary that instructions should be issued for interrupting Walker's expedition and to restrain our citizens from acts of violence against the neutrality laws. Walker was brought home with a view of saving his neck, for which he should be grateful. He broke not only our international laws but our statute laws. He escaped from this country under these stars, and [illegible] reserved arrest. Mr. Clay maintained that it was not [illegible] to his power, but it was the duty of the President to send for Walker over [illegible] and bring him back. He thought Com. Paulding committed a grave error, and that note to mark by the President was sufficient censure on the conduct of that officer.

Mr. Pettit said there was but one feeling among all right minded [illegible] that [illegible] and that we [illegible] illustration that Walker had been arrested [illegible] maker of crime, and to that extent Com. Paulding [illegible] the honor and integrity of the country. He heartily concurred with the President in his views on this question, and although in the opposition, he would endeavor to sustain him as far as he could, even against the President's political friends. He entered his protest against the [illegible] of Americanization [illegible] so earnestly [illegible] in this hall. Before he could [illegible] that he must first understand by what right it was to [illegible] be taken, and what the precise objects and purposes. He denied that we have any rights to Americanize Central America without invitation and because that country be advantageous to us. We have no right to lay violent hands upon it. Before undertaking to Americanize our neighbors they should be informed of the theory of government as set forth in the Declaration of Independence and the practical working under our Constitution in regard to human bondage. He earnestly deprecated territorial aggrandizement: the acquisition of every foot of land, as experience has proven, has only weakened the country and engendered animosities between [illegible].

Mr. Lamar frankly acknowledged that the promotion of Southern interests was secondary only to the preservation of Southern honor. Although the South is in the minority, she, relying on the rectitude of truth and right, had been enabled to command the respect of her friends and defy the malice of her enemies. While justifying the Lecompton Constitutional Convention and the result of their action, he said that Gov. Walker had violated his pledges and disgraced his trust and in fleeing from Kansas had scattered discord and dissension; and Stephen A. Douglas, who was for jugging in Kansas [illegible] all law, was now endeavoring to abrogate the rights of the Southern States, and subjecting Kansas to the rigors of the inquisition because there was a slight prospect of her becoming a Slave State.

The Chairman reminded the gentleman that he was not in order to [illegible] Senators by name.

Mr. Lamar replied that he did not allude to any Senator, but to a distinguished aspirant for the Presidency. (Laughter.)

Mr. Montgomery contended that the true doctrine is, when the government is at peace with any nation, every citizen is at peace with it. If the government cannot invade territory, citizens cannot. Peace is as broad as the country, and embraces every individual in it. It would be a monstrous doctrine if a hundred or a thousand men could invade and attack a neighboring nation with which we are at peace. Com. Paulding did nothing less than his duty in arresting Gen. Walker, and it was our duty under the law of nations to send him back for punishment by the offended State. The President had committed a mistake in being too mild and forbearing toward Walker.

Mr. Zollicoffer thought that it was our best policy to let the Neutrality laws stand. He did not believe that Walker had violated them. He knew that Walker was not a pirate and robber; [illegible] epithets had been unjustly applied to him. Walker was a patriot, [illegible] and a fine education, and he understood the laws better than many who [illegible] denounced him. Paulding's arrest of Walker was a usurpation of power not warranted by the Constitution, but Mr. Zollicoffer believed that it was in the spirit of his instructions.

The Committee rose and the House adjourned.

Senate.—Mr. Doolittle [illegible] a joint resolution directing the presentation of a medal to Com. Paulding.

The Senate debated a motion to reconsider the vote adopting an amendment to a joint resolution extending and defining the power of the President in regard to the nomination of officers who are affected by the action of the Naval Retiring Board, which amendment prescribed that there shall be such a construction as shall allow an increase in the number of officers on the active service list as now authorized by law.

Messrs. Hamson, Toombs and others earnestly favored the reconsideration, contending that the effect of the proviso was to prevent justice from being done to officers who had been injuriously affected by the action of the Naval Retiring Board. Mr. Toombs spoke of three officers as being the victims of most perfidious treachery.

Mr. Stuart argued that no necessity had been shown for increasing the active list. Although a great deal had been said about injustice, the specifications had not been mentioned.

Mr. Davis mentioned two cases of gallant officers who were struck down while on honorable service, one in [illegible] and the other on the coast of Africa.

Mr. Hale said he [illegible] to [illegible] the Retiring Board [illegible]. On closing his remarks there was a slight demonstration of applause in the galleries, which were densely crowded by officers and others.

After a long debate the amendment was rejected and the joint resolution passed with another amendment, limiting the power of the President to nominate to six months after the passage of this act.

Mr. [illegible] gave notice of his intention to offer an amendment to Mr. Doolittle's joint resolution to give a medal to Com. Paulding, to the effect that Congress has heard with surprise of the arrest of Walker and others at Punta Arenas by Com. Paulding, and holding so much that said act was a violation of the territorial sovereignty of Nicaragua and not sustained by any existing law of Congress, disavows the act, and [illegible] that said Paulding acted without instruction from the President or Secretary of the Navy, Congress hereby expresses its condemnation of the conduct [illegible].

The Senate then adjourned.

Governor Hicks Inaugurated.

BALTIMORE, January 13.—Gov. Hicks was inaugurated to-day at noon. His address, delivered on the occasion, opens with a reference to the evils of foreign immigration and to the naturalization question. He quotes the farewell address of Washington against foreign influence, and says the people of Maryland have declared in a manner not to be misunderstood, their appreciation of these evils and their determination to remedy them. The right to vote is conferred by the Constitution alone; its limitations are prescribed in that organic law, and it is evident from the result of the late elections that the people of this State think that it requires a further guard. He next touches upon religious interference, alluding to the attempt to divide the public school fund among sectarian schools. He condemns the agitation of the slavery question and of disunion sentiments, and declares that Maryland will hearken to no suggestion inimical to the slave holding States; that she will listen to no suggestion inimical to the Union. He alludes to the recent election troubles, and disapproves of military interference at the polls. He alludes to the evil of carrying concealed deadly weapons, and to the law's delay in the prosecution of criminals.

Latest from California—Arrival of the Star of the West.

NEW YORK, January 13.—The steamship Star of the West, from Aspinwall on the 4th inst., arrived at this port at 9 o'clock this evening. She brings the California mails to the 21st of December, and $1,500,000 in specie. She also brings eighteen passengers.

The Star of the West connected with the steamer Golden Gate. The latter sailed from San Francisco on the afternoon of the 21st, with upwards of two millions of dollars in specie, about half a million of which is on English account.

The Wabash and Fulton were at Aspinwall when the Star of the West left, the former, with a portion of the filibusters, was to have sailed for Havana and Pensacola on the 5th.

The Golden Gate passed the steamer John L. Stephens on the 25th, which was bound to San Francisco with the mails from New York of the 5th of December. On the 2d inst. she passed the Golden Age with the New York mails of December 21st, bound to San Francisco.

Ohio Legislature.

CLEVELAND, January 13.—Resolutions were introduced into the Ohio Senate on Saturday by Mr. Phelps, a Democrat, and put through yesterday afternoon by 24 to 14, under the operation of the gag rule. They express confidence in the administration of Buchanan, reaffirm the Cincinnati platform, and declare that the refusal of the Lecompton Convention to submit the Constitution was unwise and unfortunate for the people of Kansas, and instruct the Representatives to vote against the Lecompton or any other Constitution which is not the clear expression of the will of the people. Resolutions instructing similarly passed the House to-day by 50 against 44 votes.

From Havana.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 13.—The steamer Isabel, from Havana on the 10th, arrived here this morning. An English steamer which had arrived from Mexico at Havana reports that [illegible] and rebellions had broken out.

Sugars are firm and unchanged. Molasses has declined.

The late firm of Drake & Co., of Havana, drew a $100,000 prize in the Havana lottery.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON CITY, January 13.—The National Agricultural Society commenced its sixth annual meeting at the Smithsonian Institute to-day. Twenty-four States and Territories were represented by numerous delegates. The proceedings are of an interesting and important character. President Wilder declined a re-election.

Wisconsin Legislature.

MADISON, January 13.—The Legislature met today and adjourned till to-morrow. The Republicans have a majority in both houses. At a caucus of Democratic members last night, resolutions endorsing the course of Senator Douglas in regard to the Lecompton Constitution were passed.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH BOARD OF TRADE AND MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

President,

[illegible]

Vice Presidents,

[illegible] ISAIAH DICKEY, [illegible]

Treasurer,

[illegible]

Superintendent,

JOSEPH SNOWDEN.

Committee of Arbitration for January,

F. R. BRUNOT, V. P.

EDWARD GREGG,	B. PRESTON,
JOHN A. BOYD,	JOHN S. COSGRAVE.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, January 13.—There is more inquiry for [illegible]; small sales of [illegible] at $4 25@4 50. [illegible] is better; [illegible] at $11[illegible]. Wheat comes forward slowly, and [illegible] wanted; sales of [illegible] at $1 20 for choice Kentucky white [illegible]. Corn is in active request [illegible] Whisky sells slowly at 21[illegible].

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, January 13.—Flour unchanged and quiet at $3 90. Whisky 16 and steady. Hog that and prices [illegible] steady; sales [illegible] the receipts [illegible] for the season are [illegible] against [illegible] last season. The sales were [illegible] at $5 [illegible]. Provisions are unchanged. Mess Pork is firmer; 6000 bbls sold at $11,50, to [illegible] Lard is held at 7¾; [illegible]. Bulk Meats are lower; Shoulders 4½; Sides 6¼, and Hams 6¼. Corn 50@52c. Oats 38. Barley [illegible] and firm. Wheat dull at 70@80. The money market is easier, the rates of exchange are unaltered. [illegible] premium; [illegible].

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, January 13.—Stocks [illegible]. Sterling Exchange dull and unchanged. Chicago and Rock Island 68¼; Cumberland Coal, 12¾; Illinois Central, 86¾; La Crosse and Milwaukee, 12; Michigan Southern 26¾; [illegible] and Mississippi, 31¾; New York Central 78¾; Pennsylvania Coal, 68; Reading, 56½; Virginia 6's, 92; Missouri 6's, 78¼; Erie, 20; Cleveland and Toledo, 42; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 16.

Evening.—Stocks higher. Chicago and Rock Island 68¾; Cumberland Coal 13; Illinois Central, 89; La Crosse and Milwaukee, [illegible]; Michigan Southern, 26¾; New York Central, [illegible]; Pennsylvania Coal, 69; Galena and Chicago 71; Erie 20¼; Virginia 6's 92¼; Missouri 6's, 80¼.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, January 13.—Cotton; 1000 bales at an advance of [illegible]. Flour firm; 12,000 bbls sold at $4,50@4,60 for Southern, an advance of 10c. Wheat firm; [illegible] bush sold at $1 12@1 20 for Southern Red, and $1,15@1,30 for White. Corn is very dull. Pork buoyant at $14 75@15. Coffee firmer. Cotton Market: the receipts of [illegible] were 2800 head. Sheep and Lambs steady; Hogs 2500. Beef advanced [illegible] the others are unchanged.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, January 13.—Flour steady at $4. Red Wheat $1,08; white $1,15@1,20; white Corn 50@57; yellow 62. [illegible] Whisky 20@21. Exchange on New York 1½ prem.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY, }
January 11th, 1858. }

DIVIDEND.—The Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have, this day, declared a dividend of [illegible] per cent on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable to [illegible] funds to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, on demand, at the office of the Gas Company.

ja12:1w JAMES M. CHRISTY, Treasurer.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. Co., }
Pittsburgh, January 5th, 1858. }

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at their office, NEVILLE HALL, corner Liberty and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on TUESDAY, the [illegible] of February, 1858, for the purpose of electing a President and Managers, for the ensuing year. The Annual Report of the Board, and a Statement of the business of the Company will be submitted to the Stockholders.

ja6 J. GIBSON, Secretary.

NOTICE.—An election for seven Directors, for the ALLEGHENY SAVINGS BANK, will be held at the office of said Bank, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of January, 1858, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock, P. M.

ja6:td J. H. W. RIDDLE, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The President and Managers of the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny river, have, this day, declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS A SHARE on the old stock of the Company, on which dividends are paid, which is payable in current bank funds, to stockholders, or their legal representatives, forthwith. WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1858. ja4

OFFICE MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY, }
Pittsburgh, December 15, 1857. }

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Monongahela Navigation Company, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 75 Front street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, the 14th of JANUARY, 1858, (as required by law,) at two o'clock P. M. The election for officers of the Company, for the ensuing year, will be held between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M. [dec16:td—J] WM BAKEWELL, Sec'y.

NOTICE.—THE INTEREST COUPONS OF THE Bonds of Lawrence County, issued to the PITTSBURGH AND ERIE RAILROAD COMPANY, due January, 1858, will be paid at the office of WM. H. WILLIAMS & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa. The change in place of payment is made in consequence of the failure of the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company, New York, where the Coupons were payable.

de25 BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

Furs! Furs!! Furs!!!

JUST received a new and varied supply of FINE FURS.

ALSO, A LOT OF MISSES' BEAVER HATS.

And an assortment of SOFT AND SILK HATS for sale at J. M. MAYNOR & SON'S HAT STORE,

de1e [illegible] No. 90 Market street.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.—201 sacks Buckwheat Flour, for sale by

ja8 WM. H. SMITH & CO.

IRISH MOSS.—10 bbls. on hand, and for sale by [ja7] B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

APPLES—
25 barrels Golden Pippins;
30 " Rambo and Belleflower;
75 " choice Russett;
100 " assorted kinds, in store and for sale by
de19 JAMES A. FETZER.

BAKING SODA.—200 kegs in store, and for sale by [ja7] B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.

RIVER NEWS.

A. O. M'GREW, Steamboat and General Agent, No. 86 Water street.

RIVER, WEATHER, ETC.—The river is again rising, and at dark last night there was [illegible] nine inches in the channel. The weather is very mild and spring-like, in fact there has been very little winter in this vicinity this winter. Business [illegible] the memory of the [illegible] know it in days gone by.

The "James Wood" [illegible] for New Orleans last evening, with a very good load, [illegible] the "Minerva" has left for Louisville.

The "Commodore Perry" [illegible] her way up, with 50 tons of Pork, Flour and Whisky [illegible] will leave to-day or to-morrow.

The "Glenwood" has been sold [illegible] for $10,000.

The Sir Wm. Wallace, [illegible] new wharf top struck the same snag that sunk the Allegheny, causing her to [illegible] against the submarine diving bell working at the wreck, parting her cable, but doing no further damage.

PORT OF PITTSBURGH.

[illegible] FEET 9 INCHES WATER IN THE CHANNEL.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Col. Bayard, Peebles, Elizabeth.
" Telegraph, Woodward, Brownsville.
" Luzerne, Jacobs, Brownsville.
" Cheviot, Murray, Wheeling.
" New York, Gilmore, St. Louis.
" Minnesota, Hays, St. Louis.

DEPARTED.

" Col. Bayard, Peebles, Elizabeth.
" Telegraph, Woodward, Brownsville.
" Luzerne, Jacobs, Brownsville.
" Cheviot, Murray, Wheeling.
" Minerva, Gordon, Cincinnati.
" James Wood, Robinson, New Orleans.

STEAMBOATS.

NASHVILLE.

For Nashville.

The splendid new light draught steamer [illegible] LAND, [illegible] will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on SATURDAY, the [illegible] inst., at [illegible] o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board. [illegible]

For Nashville.

The fine passenger steamer CLIFFORD, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, on WEDNESDAY, at 10 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to [illegible] FLACK, BARNES & CO., Agents.

CINCINNATI.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

JOHN TOMPKINS, [illegible] RAY, [illegible]

The new, light draught passenger steamer JOHN TOMPKINS, Rea, Master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports, THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, the 13th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to A. O. M'GREW, Agent.

nov18 No. 86 Water street.

MEMPHIS.

For Hickman and Memphis.

REGULAR PACKET.

The light draught, fast running passenger packet, COMMODORE PERRY—PERRY BROWN MASTER—F. F. ANDERSON, CLERK—having entered the above trade as a regular packet, will leave on SATURDAY, December 11th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to A. O. M'GREW, Agent, No. 86 Water street.

N. B.—All orders faithfully attended to. [illegible]

ZANESVILLE.

For Pittsburgh and Zanesville.

The steamer FORTUNE, Captain W. [illegible], Clerk, J. F. [illegible], will leave for the above and all intermediate ports [illegible] on [illegible], at 4 o'clock, P. M.

For freight and passage apply on board or to POWELL & M'[illegible], Agents, or A. O. M'GREW, 86 Water street.

For Marietta and Zanesville.

The steamer EMMA GRAHAM, [illegible] Ayres, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on every TUESDAY at 4 o'clock, P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board. [illegible]

DAGUERREAN GALLERY.

GREAT ATTRACTION

AT NO. 60 MARKET ST.,

Where can be seen the largest collection

AMBROTYPE & PHOTOGRAPH

SPECIMENS, EVER EXHIBITED IN THIS CITY.

Persons wishing Pictures of themselves or friends, are invited to call and examine before going elsewhere.

WE WARRANT PICTURES

Superior to any that can be obtained elsewhere in [illegible].

[illegible] E. W. WYKES, Artist.

R. M. CARGO & CO.,

Photographers and Ambrotypists,

NEW YORK GALLERY,

No. 75 Fourth street, [illegible]

SUNBEAM GALLERY,

S. W. corner of Market and 2nd and Diamond, Pittsburgh.

PRICES TO SUIT ALL. [illegible]

WYKES' GALLERY OF ART,

NO. 60 MARKET STREET.—PICTURES taken at this Gallery by a new and improved process giving the natural color of the subjects, [illegible]. They are acknowledged by all who have examined them to be far superior to any pictures ever exhibited in this city. Citizens and strangers are invited to call and examine the large collections of specimens. The Gallery is on the second floor, is easy of access.

N. B.—Pictures of Children taken in [illegible] seconds, at 60 Market street.

my17:tfis E. W. WYKES, Artist.

ROGERS'

NEW DAGUERREAN AND AMBROTYPE

SKY AND SIDE-LIGHT

GALLERY,

FIFTH STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

PICTURES taken in all the various styles, in all weather, and warranted to please, at reasonable rates.

Sick or deceased persons taken at their residences.

ap30:lyis

NELSON'S AMBROTYPES.

PRICES REDUCED

GALLERY CORNER OF THIRD AND MARKET STREETS, Entrance on Third street.

Citizens and Strangers desiring AMBROTYPES, executed in the highest degree of artistic beauty and perfection, can be accommodated at short notice by calling at

NELSON'S WELL KNOWN GALLERY,

THIRD STREET.

Prices One Dollar and upward. ap29:ly

AMBROTYPES.—These beautiful and durable pictures on glass, in all the perfection of the art, singly or in groups, may be obtained at WALL'S, Jones' Building, Fourth street. [ja5:tis

AUCTION SALES.

DAILY SALES AT NO. 54 FIFTH ST.

At the new Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 54, Fifth street, every week day, are held public sales of goods in a variety, suited for the trade and consumers, from a large stock which is constantly replenished with fresh consignments, that must be closed forthwith.

AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

Dry Goods and fancy articles, comprising nearly every article needed in the line for personal and family use; table cutlery, hardware; clothing; boots and shoes; [illegible], &c.

AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

Household and kitchen furniture, new and secondhand; beds and bedding; carpets; elegant iron stone china ware; stoves; cooking utensils; groceries, &c.

AT 7 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

Fancy articles; watches; clocks; jewelry; musical instruments; guns; clothing; dry goods; boots and shoes, books, stationery, &c. [ja8] P. M. DAVIS, Auct'r.

UNCLAIMED BAGGAGE AT AUCTION.—On SATURDAY AFTERNOON, January 20th, at 2 o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 54 Fifth street, will be sold, by order of Wm. Young, Trustee, sundry trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, Canvass Bags, Coats, &c. The above will be sold to pay charges, &c., [illegible] unless previously redeemed by their owners.

P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

LAST SALE, MAGNIFICENT NEW FURNITURE.—On THURSDAY MORNING, January [illegible], at 10 o'clock, will be sold on the second floor of the new Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 54 Fifth street, the last sale of the exclusively elegant furniture, made in the latest style and of the best materials. This extensive stock of original [illegible] furniture embraces several choice varieties not in the former catalogue sale and must be all be completely sold to close invoices. Among the splendid articles of Mahogany, Rosewood, and black Walnut are, Dressing Bureaus, with marble tops; plush and hair seat Chairs, with carved backs; plush and leather cushioned Library Lounges; rosewood and library Chairs, one arm, sofa, [illegible] Cabinet; Tete-a-Tetes, Divans, and Sofas; also the [illegible] centre, sofa, card, crab Tables, elegantly carved, &c. The rooms will be open to visitors, and articles arranged for examination.

ja11 P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

NORTH AMERICAN MINING COMPANY STOCK.—On TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. [illegible], at 7 o'clock, at Davis' Auction Rooms, No. 54 Fifth street, will be sold, by order of [illegible], secretary, agreeable to adjournment, [illegible] shares Stock in the North American Mining Company of Michigan, forfeited for non payment of assessments [illegible] previously redeemed.

ja12 P. M. DAVIS, Auct'r.

DISSOLUTIONS, &C.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Co-Partnership existing hitherto under the name and style of REINEMAN, MEYRAN & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 15th day of December last. Messrs. LEWIS REINEMAN and CHAS. MEYRAN who will continue the business at the old stand, under the name and style of REINEMAN & MEYRAN, are authorized to collect all outstanding debts of the old firm.

LEWIS REINEMAN,
P. C. REINEMAN,
CHAS. MEYRAN.

LEWIS REINEMAN............................CHARLES MEYRAN.

REINEMAN & MEYRAN,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN GOLD and Silver Watches and Watch Movements, Watch Materials and Watchmakers' Tools, Clocks, Jewelry, and Fancy Goods wholesale and retail, at moderate prices. [ja6:1w

Notice.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between HAIGH, HARTUPEE & CO., Steam Engine Builders, &c., of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. P. Haigh having disposed of his interest in the same to A. Hartupee & Co., who are authorized to use the name of said firm in receiving and settling all debts due by or to the same.

JOSEPH P. HAIGH,
ANDREW HARTUPEE,
JOHN MORROW.

Pittsburgh, December 11, 1857. de14:lm—J

RYE—200 bus. to arrive, and for sale by [illegible] HENRY H. COLLINS.

AMUSEMENTS.

FOSTER'S GAYETIES,

(MASONIC HALL.)

Lessee and Manager .... J. C. FOSTER.
Stage Manager .... A. W. YOUNG.

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

The Manager begs respectfully to inform the public, that in future, the prices of Admission will be:

PARQUETTE ....25 cents | UPPER TIER......15 cents

ALTERATION OF TIME—Doors open at 6½; performance to commence at 7 o'clock.

Still another great bill. First night of the celebrated drama of MICHAEL ERLE. Second time of the powerful Drama of RAFAELLE THE REPROBATE.

THURSDAY EVENING, January 14th, 1858, will be performed the thrilling drama of MICHAEL ERLE; or THE MANIAC LOVER—Michael Erle, Harry Langdon...Miles Melville, W. Page....Mary, Julia M. Cooke....Julia spring, Miss Kate Fisher.

After which, (2d time) the Drama of RAFAELLE THE REPROBATE—Rafaelle Harry Langdon....Pauline, Julia M. Cooke.

To conclude with [illegible] BAKER—Mr. Marmaduke Mouser, A. W. Young....Mrs. Mouser, Mrs. A. W. Young.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

MISS KIMBERLY ....LESSEE AND MANAGERESS

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

[illegible]	50c.	Private Box, large	$5 00
[illegible]	15c.	Private Box, small	4 00
Colored Gallery	25c.	Colored Box	50c.

Single Seats in Private Box, $1 00.

REDUCTION IN PRICES............SECOND TIER 15 Cents.

Doors open at 6½ o'clock. Performance to commence at 7. Box office for sale of Tickets, open from 10 to 5 o'clock.

First night of a thrilling Drama, THE DEATH PLANK.

THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 14th, 1858, the performance will commence with the great Drama, in four acts, of THE CARPENTER OF ROUEN; or, THE MASSACRE OF ST. BARTHOLOMEW.

Julia, Miss TURNBULL...Martean, the Carpenter, [illegible]...Duke de Rouen, Van Deering...Antoine Belfeton, young Nemours, [illegible] La Steppe, a young peasant, [illegible] a relative of the Duke, Walters; [illegible], an aged citizen of Rouen, Weaver...Magistrate, Chief of the Confreres, [illegible], member of the Confraternity, Ward...Mock Jackson...Driver, Lewis...Pe[illegible], Hudson...Executioner, Buckl[illegible], Pierre, a Drummer, Mortimer...Members of the Confrerie, Monks, Soldiers, &c. &c....Madelon, Mrs. Van Deering...Madam Grander, a scolding wife, Mrs. Muzzy...Cecilia, Mrs. Stephens...Therese, Miss Braddock.

To conclude with a most effective Drama in 2 acts, entitled THE DEATH PLANK.

Annette, Miss TURNBULL...Sir Cable, John; [illegible], Weaver...[illegible] Bowes...Mannequin, Curtis...[illegible] Deering...Silva, Nunson...Gollan, [illegible]...[illegible] Willis...Etienne, Mortimer...[illegible] Mrs. Van Deering...Marriette, Mrs. Bowes...Madam Boucelle, Mrs. [illegible]...Helena, Miss Braddock.

BY GENERAL DESIRE.

MRS. CECILE RUSH.

AT THE REQUEST OF NUMEROUS persons, who were prevented from attending the entertainment of Thursday evening last, will give another evening of

READINGS AND RECITATIONS,

On Thursday, January 14th, 1858,

AT LAFAYETTE HALL.

Tickets [illegible] may be had at the music stores of H. Kleber & Bro., Fifth street; [illegible], Wood street, above Fifth, and John H. Mellor, [illegible] Wood street; and Henry Richards' Jewelry Store, Market street, near the Diamond.

[illegible]

The Beautiful Collection of Paintings.

INCLUDING THE EASTERN SLAVE MARKET, [illegible] CLEOPATRA, DEATH OF LEANDER, [illegible]

CIRCASSIAN MODEL OF BEAUTY, [illegible] on Exhibition at the FONTINE HOUSE, No. [illegible] Fifth street, [illegible]

ja17 GEO. SCHENCK, Proprietor.

JOHN W. McCARTHY.

BILL POSTER!

WILL ATTEND TO THE POSTING [illegible] all kinds of [illegible] Bills, [illegible], &c. [illegible] ap7

[illegible]

J. HUMPHREYS, [illegible] HOFFMAN, JOHN WRIGHT

Humphreys, Hoffman & Wright,

FLOUR FACTORS,

PRODUCE AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NORTH WHARVES AND [illegible] NORTH WATER ST.,

[illegible] PHILADELPHIA

REFER TO

[illegible], Thompson & Co.,	Philadelphia.
Thompson, Clark & Young,	"
[illegible] Price & Co,	"
[illegible] Cope & Co,	"
[illegible] & Co,	"
Coats, Neville & Hughes,	"
[illegible] Cashier F. and M. Bank,	"
[illegible] Mitchell, Cashier Merch's Bank,	"
[illegible] well & Co,	"
[illegible] & Colding,	"
John M. Kennedy & Co,	"
Ralguel & Co,	"
[illegible]	Maysville, Ky.
[illegible]	Madison, Ind.
[illegible]	[illegible] Ohio.
[illegible]	Louisville, Ohio.
[illegible]	Cincinnati, Ohio.
[illegible]	Pittsburgh, Pa.

Burton & Perkins,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

[illegible] FOURTH STREET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

SOLICIT Consignments of any and every description of Merchandise. Any goods sent to us for sale will be attended to without delay, and remittances made immediately made. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continuance. nov18

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS,

ISAAC JONES.....JNO. L. BOYD.....WM. McCULLOUGH

JONES, BOYD & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

CAST STEEL.

ALSO,

SPRING, PLOW AND A. B. STEEL, SPRINGS AND AXLES.

Corner Ross and First Streets,

[illegible] PITTSBURGH, PA.

TERRA COTTA OR STONE

WATER PIPES,

from two to six inch calibre.

PRICES from 12 to 30 Cents per Foot.

ALSO—ROCHESTER

PEARL STARCH

For Sale Wholesale at Manufacturers Prices by

HENRY H. COLLINS,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,

AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

No. 25 Wood Street, Pittsburgh. [illegible]

W. [illegible] .... G. F. M'CLEANE

WOOD, MOORHEAD & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

American Galvanized, Best Refined

[illegible]

COMMON SHEET IRON,

And Sole Agents for the sale of W. Dewees Wood's

CELEBRATED

PATT IMITATION RUSSIA SHEET IRON,

[illegible]

GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON, for roofing, SPIKES, NAILS, and HOOP IRON.

Warehouse, No. 135 First st., Pittsburgh.

[illegible] ORDERS FOR GALVANIZING will be promptly [illegible] at the Works. ap26

ALEXANDER HUNTER,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, GRAIN,

BACON, LARD, LARD OIL,

AND PRODUCE GENERALLY

No. 297 Liberty street,

[illegible] PITTSBURGH

LOAN OFFICE

HENRY W. CIMIOTTI,

No. 109 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Near the corner of Sixth,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Sums large and small quantities LOANED on Gold and Silver, Diamonds, Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, and all kinds of valuable articles, for any length of time agreed on.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M. [ja26:ly

GO AND SEE

GEORGE P. WERTZ'S

First Premium Blind Factory,

CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STS., PITTSBURGH.

THOSE WISHING TO FURNISH THEIR Houses with VENITIAN BLINDS, of the most exquisite [illegible], will find it to their interests to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. My work is got up by the best of workmen and apprentices. Every attention is given to the wants of my customers. Prices low. All work warranted. No. 98 THIRD street, Pittsburgh. [mys:lyis

[illegible] .... JAMES F. DALZELL.

ROBERT DALZELL & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants and Dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 251 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nov16:y

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.—5000 lbs. Buckwheat Flour in 50 lb. sacks, just received and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER,

de12 6 Water street.

LADIES' SNOW BOOTS, Buffalo and Gum Overshoes, at the Peoples' Shoe Store, No. 17 Fifth street. [ja9] DIFFENBACHER & CO.

MEDICAL.

ONLY ONE BOTTLE

—OF—

DR. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR,

IS REQUIRED TO CURE ANY ONE troubled with Liver Complaints, unless the most desperate of cases, when the *second* bottle will, with scarce a single failure, restore the patient to health and vigor. We wish to call the attention of all to these facts, that the Invigorator is compounded by a physician who has used it in his practice for the past twenty years with a success almost credulous, and that it is entirely vegetable, being composed wholly of gums.

Some idea of the strength of these gums may be formed when it is known that one bottle of the Invigorator contains as much strength as one hundred doses of Calomel without any of its deleterious effects.

We know there is nothing now before the American public, prepared with such skill by a scientific man, particularly for diseases of the Liver, as Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, or Liver Remedy. It has attained a reputation second to no other article in the world, simply because it rests on its own merit. To convince all by trial that it is all its proprietors claim it to be, if any of our readers are suffering from such diseases as are described in Dr. Sanford's advertisement, we know of know remedy that will so surely cure them as the Invigorator.

The Invigorator cures Sick Headache. Take one or two teaspoonfuls at each attack and it will soon disappear. For an overloaded stomach, or when food rises or sours, take the Invigorator after eating, and it will not prove disagreeable or oppressive. For Heartburn, Palpitation, or Difficult Breathing, take a tea spoonful once or twice daily. For Loss of Appetite, Languor or Listlessness, the medicine is invaluable. It will restore the appetite and make the food digest well. Nightmare, take a teaspoonful on retiring, and the demons of dream-land will all be fairies. After eating a hearty dinner, take a dose of Invigorator and it will relieve all oppression or fullness. The Invigorator is a Liver Remedy of unequaled virtue, acting directly on that organ, curing Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Billious Attacks, Dysentery, Piles, Worms, and all Female obstructions, for which it has no equal.

We know there is nothing now before the American public prepared with such skill by a scientific man, particularly for diseases of the Liver, as Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, or Liver Remedy. It has attained a reputation second to no other article in the world, simply because it rests on its own merit. To convince all by trial that it is all its proprietors claim it to be if any of our readers are suffering from such diseases as are described in Dr. Sanford's advertisement, we know of no remedy that will so surely cure them as the Invigorator.

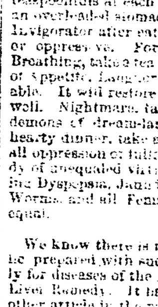
There has lately been brought to our notice a medicine that seems to possess a perfect curative and healing properties in diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Digestive Organs. It came to us with so many testimonials in its favor that we have noted its effects in some of the worst cases of continual debility, caused by deranged liver, and in every instance the effect was to relieve or give a permanent cure. Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, or Liver Remedy is what we refer to. We always have been credulous about cures by patent medicines, but we are convinced that this medicine, for family use, is not overrated by the host of recommendations it has. All we say is, for all troubled with Indigestion, Debility or Bowel Complaint, to get a bottle and try it; our word for it, relief will be experienced.

BLESSINGS TO THE INVALIDS who use Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, for it will relieve them of their pains as soon as it is taken into their stomach. Pain and misery cannot exist where the Invigorator is used, for it will as surely drive them away, as daylight will banish darkness, of this there can be no doubt to those who try it, for it carries conviction with every dose taken. Another evidence is the thousands of certificates from those who use it or have been cured by it. Try one bottle, if it does not benefit, then we are mistaken.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

SANFORD & CO., Proprietors, 345 Broadway, New York.
For sale by G. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
ja13:mdaw2p

THE GREATEST



MEDICAL

DISCOVERY

OF THE AGE.

MR. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures

Every kind of Humor,

FROM THE WORST SCROFULA DOWN TO A COMMON PIMPLE.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over one hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of Pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth or stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of ringworm.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt-Rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

ROXBURY, MASS.

DEAR MADAM.—The reputation of the Medical Discovery, in curing all kind of humors, is so well established by the unanimous voice of all who have ever used it, that I need not say anything on the subject, as the most skilful physicians and the most careful Druggists in the country are unanimous in its praise.

In presenting the Medical Discovery to your notice, I do it with a full knowledge of the curative power in relieving all, and curing most of those diseases to which you are so unfortunately subject. That most excruciating disease to an affectionate mother,

NURSING SORE MOUTH,

Is cured as if by a miracle; your own temper is restored to its natural sweetness, and your babe from short and fretful naps to calm and sweet slumbers, and the Medical Discovery becomes a fountain of blessing to your husband and household.

In the more advanced stages of

CANKER

It extends to the stomach, causing

DYSPEPSIA,

which is nothing but canker of the stomach; then to the intestines and

KIDNEYS,

creating a sinking, gone feeling, and an indifference even to the cares of your family.

Your stomach is

RAW AND INFLAMED,

your food distresses you, and you can only take certain kinds and even of that your system does not get half the nourishment it contains as the acrimonious fluid of the canker eats it up, then your complexion loses its bloom and becomes sallow or greenish, and your best day is gone. For want of nourishment your system becomes loose and flabby, and the fibres of your body become relaxed. Then follows a train of diseases which the Medical Discovery is peculiarly adapted to

CURE;

Palpitation of the heart, pain in the side, weakness of the spine and small of the back, pain of the hip joint when you retire, irregularity of the bowels, and also, that most excruciating of diseases, the

PILES.

How many thousands of poor women are suffering from this disease and pining away a miserable life, and their next door neighbor does not know the cause. I wish to impress on your mind that good old proverb, "An ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure." In the

MEDICAL DISCOVERY

you have both the preventive and the cure, with this great and good quality, that it will never, under any circumstances, do you any injury.

No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best you can get and enough of it.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE—Adults one table spoonful per day—Children over ten years dessert spoonful—Children from five to eight years, tea spoonful. As no directions can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day. Yours truly,

DONALD KENNEDY.

Price $1,00 per bottle. For sale by
Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER,
sep5:daw No. 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative,

FOR PRODUCING HAIR ON BALD HEADS,

AND

Restoring Gray Hair to the Natural Color.

THIS ASTONISHING AND UNEQUALLED PREPARATION has never failed to produce a growth on Bald Heads, when used according to the directions, and turn hair back to its original color after having become gray, and reinstate it in all its original health, lustre, softness and beauty. Removes at once all scurf, dandruff and unpleasant itching, scrofula, eruptions and feverish heat from the scalp. It also prevents the hair from becoming unhealthy and falling off, and hence acts as a perfect

HAIR INVIGORATOR AND TONIC.

We annex a few certificates, to corroborate our assertions.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Carlisle, June 27, 1853.

I have used Professor O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effect. My hair was becoming, as I thought, prematurely gray, but by the use of the "Restorative," it has resumed its original color, and I have no doubt permanently so. SIDNEY BREEZE,

Ex-Senator U. S.

A gentleman of Boston, writes to his friends in New Bedford, thus:

To your inquiries I would reply, that when I first commenced using Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, my hair was almost white, and had been so for the last ten years, and it was very thin on the top of my head and very loose, and pulled out very freely, but I found that before I had used all the second bottle, (which was eight weeks,) my hair was entirely changed to its original color, (light brown) and is now free from dandruff and quite moist. I have had my hair cut five or six times since the change, and have never seen anything like white hair starting from the roots; and it is now as thick as it ever was, and does not come out at all. It has proved in my case all that I could wish to ask.

July 1, 1855. Yours, etc.,

GARDINER, Maine, June 22, 1854.

DEAR SIR:—I have used two bottles of Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age, for restoring and changing the hair. Before using it I was as gray as a man of seventy. My hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my case was one of the worst kind. Yours, D. N. MURPHY.

ST. LOUIS, March 7, 1855.

PROF. WOOD:—My hair commenced falling off some three or four years since, and continued to do so until I became quite bald. I tried all the popular medicines of the day, but to no effect. At last I was induced to try your celebrated Hair Restorative, and am happy to say it is doing wonders. I have now a fine growth of young hair, and cheerfully recommend its use to all similarly afflicted. A. C. WILLIAMS, 155 Second street.

CHICAGO, May 1, 1854.

I have used Professor Wood's Hair Restorative to decided advantage. It prevents the hair from coming out, and gives it a gloss and softness very desirable. The few gray hairs I had have entirely disappeared. Others of my family have used it, and concur with me in pronouncing it all it professes to be. HENRY CLARK, Michigan avenue.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20, 1853.

DR. O. J. WOOD—SIR: I have used nearly three bottles of your Hair Restorative, and have found its effects very satisfactory. It has entirely destroyed all dandruff from my head, and restored my hair to its original color, which had become quite gray. WM. TRUESDALE.

Sold at 114 Market street, St. Louis, Missouri; 312 Broadway, New York; and all Druggists everywhere. All kinds of Family Patent Medicines for sale on the best possible terms, at Professor Wood's establishment, 114 Market street, St. Louis.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at Pittsburgh, by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, R. E. SELLERS & CO., and all the Druggists. se27:daws

SAGE.—150 lbs. Pressed and Powdered, for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Corner of Wood and First streets.