PITTSBURGH POST.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

Adopted at the Cincinnati National Convention.

Resolved, That the American Democracy place their trust in the intelligence, the patriotism, and the discriminating justice of the American people.

Resolved, That we regard this as a distinctive feature of our political creed, which we are proud to maintain before the world, as the great moral element in a form of government springing from and held up by the popular will; and we contrast it with the creed and practice of Federalism, under whatever name or form, which seeks to palsy the will of the constituent, and which conceives no imposture too monstrous for the popular credulity.

Resolved, therefore, That entertaining those views, the Democratic party of this Union, through their delegates assembled in a general Convention, coming together in a spirit of concord, of devotion to the doctrines and faith of a free representative government, and appealing to their fellow citizens for the rectitude of their intentions, renew and reassert before the American people the declarations of principles avowed by them when on former occasions in general Convention, they have presented their candidate for popular suffrage.

1. That the Federal Government is one of limited power, derived solely from the Constitution; and the grants of power made therein ought to be strictly construed by all the departments and agents of the Government; and that it is inexpedient and dangerous to exercise doubtful constitutional powers.

2. That the Constitution does not confer upon the General Government the power to commence and carry on a general system of internal improvements.

3. That the Constitution does not confer authority upon the Federal Government, directly or indirectly, to assume the debts of the several States, contracted for local and internal improvements, or other State purposes, nor would such assumption be just or expedient.

4. That justice and sound policy forbid the Federal Government to foster one branch of industry to the detriment of any other, or to cherish the interest of one portion to the injury of another portion of our common country; that every citizen and every section of the country has a right to demand and insist upon an equality of rights and privileges, and to complete as ample protection of persons and property from domestic violence or foreign aggression.

5. That it is the duty of every branch of the Government to enforce and practice the most rigid economy in conducting our public affairs, and that no more revenue ought to be raised than is required to defray the necessary expenses of the Government, and for the gradual, but certain extinction of the public debt.

6. That the proceeds of the public lands ought to be strictly applied to the national objects specified in the Constitution; and that we are opposed to any law for the distribution of such proceeds among the States, as alike inexpedient in policy and repugnant to the Constitution.

7. That Congress has no power to charter a national bank; that we believe such an institution one of deadly hostility to the best interests of the country; dangerous to our republican institutions and the liberties of the people, and calculated to place the business of the country within the control of a concentrated money power, and above the laws and the will of the people; and that the results of the Democratic legislation in this and all other financial measures upon which issues have been made between the two political parties of the country, have demonstrated to candid and practical men of all parties, their soundness, safety and stability in all business pursuits.

8. That the operation of the moneys of the Government from banking institutions is indispensable for the safety of the funds of the Government and the rights of the people.

9. That we are decidedly opposed to taking from the President the qualified veto power, by which he is enabled, under a restriction and responsibility amply sufficient for the public interests, to suspend the passage of a bill whose merits cannot secure the approval of two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, until the judement of the people can be obtained thereon, and which has saved the American people from the corrupt and tyrannical domination of the Bank of the United States and from a corrupting system of general internal improvements.

10. That the libel and slander established by Jefferson in the Declaration of Independence, and sanctioned in the Constitution, which makes ours the land of liberty and the asylum of the oppressed of every nation, have ever been cardinal principles in this Democratic faith, and every attempt to abridge the privilege of becoming citizens and the owners of soil among us, ought to be resisted with the same spirit which swept the alien and sedition laws from our statute books.

And Whereas, Since the foregoing declaration was unanimously adopted by our predecessors in National Convention, an adverse political and religious test has been secretly organized by a party claiming to be exclusively American. It is proper that the American Democracy should clearly define its relations thereto, and declare its determined opposition to all secret political societies, by whatever name they may be called.

Resolved, That the foundation of this union of States having been laid in, and its superstructure cemented and cemented beneath the blood and treasure of our forefathers, in defiance of all sectarian influence, and in open contravention of religious proscription, and no respect of persons in regard to rank or place of birth; no property qualification being deemed constitutional, or in accordance with American principles, which leaves its exclusive organization on religious opinions and accidental birth-place. And hence a political crusade in the nineteenth century, and in the United States of America, against Catholics and foreigners, is neither justified by the past history or the future prospects of the country, nor in unison with the spirit of toleration and enlarged freedom which peculiarly distinguishes the American system of popular government.

Resolved, That we reiterate with renewed energy of purpose, the well considered declarations of former Conventions upon the sectional issue of domestic slavery, and concerning the reserved rights of the States—

1. That Congress has no power under the Constitution to interfere with or control the domestic institutions of the several States, and that such States are the sole and proper judges of everything appertaining to their own affairs not prohibited by the Constitution; that all efforts of the abolitionists, or others, made to induce Congress to interfere with questions of slavery, or to take incipient steps in relation thereto, are calculated to lead to the most alarming and dangerous consequences; and that all such efforts have an evident tendency to diminish the happiness of the people, and endanger the stability and permanency of the Union, and ought not to be countenanced by any friends of our political institutions.

2. That the foregoing proposition covers, and was intended to embrace the whole subject of slavery agitation in Congress; and therefore, the Democratic party of the Union, standing on this national platform, will abide by and adhere to a faithful execution of the acts known as the Compromise Measures, settled by the Congress of 1850; "the act for reclaiming fugitives from service or labor," included; which act being designed to carry out an express provision of the Constitution, cannot, with fidelity thereto, be repealed, or so changed as to destroy or impair its efficiency.

3. That the Democratic party will resist all attempts at renewing, in Congress or out of it, the agitation of the slavery question, under whatever shape or color the attempt may be made.

4. That the Democratic party will faithfully abide by and uphold the principles laid down in the Kentucky and Virginia resolutions of 1798, and in the report of Mr. Madison to the Virginia legislature, in 1799; that is adopted as the principles as constituting one of the main foundations of its political creed, and is resolved to carry them out in their obvious meaning and import.

And that we may more distinctly meet the issue on which a sectional party, subsisting exclusively on slavery agitation, now relies to test the fidelity of the people, North and South, to the Constitution and the Union—

1. *Resolved*, That claiming fellowship with, and desiring the co-operation of all who regard the preservation of the Union under the Constitution as the paramount issue—and repudiating all sectional parties and platforms concerning domestic slavery, which seek to embroil the States and incite to treason and armed resistance to law in the Territories; and whose avowed purposes, if consummated, must end in civil war and dissolution—the American Democracy recognize and adopt the principles contained in the organic law establishing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska as embodying the only sound and safe solution of the "slavery question" upon which the great national idea of the people of this whole country can repose in its determined preservation of the Union—NON-INTERFERENCE BY CONGRESS WITH SLAVERY IN STATE AND TERRITORY, OR IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The reading of this resolution was interrupted for some time by tremendous and prolonged applause.

2 That this was the basis of the Compromises of 1850—confirmed by both the Democratic and Whig parties in National Conventions—ratified by the people in the elections of 1852, and rightly applied to the organization of Territories in 1854.

3 That by the uniform application of this Democratic principle to the organization of Territories, and to the admission of new States with or without domestic slavery as they may elect—the equal rights of all the States will be preserved intact—the original compact of the Constitution maintained inviolate, and the perpetuity and expansiveness of this Union insured to its utmost capacity of embracing in peace and harmony, every future American State that may be constituted or annexed, with a republican form of government.

Resolved, That we recognize the rights of the people of all the Territories, including Kansas and Nebraska, acting through the legally and fairly expressed will of a majority of actual residents, and whenever the number of their inhabitants justifies it, to form a Constitution, with or without domestic slavery, and be admitted into the Union upon terms of perfect equality with the other States.

Resolved, finally, That in view of the condition of popular institutions in the Old World, (and the dangerous tendencies of sectional agitation, combined with the attempt to enforce civil and religious disabilities against the right of acquiring and enjoying citizenship in our own land,) a high and sacred duty is devolved with increased responsibility upon the Democratic party of this country, as the party of the Union, to uphold and maintain the rights of every State, and thereby the Union of the States, and to contribute by advance among us constitutional liberty, by continuing to resist all monopolies and privileges granted for the benefit of the few, at the expense of the many, and by a vigilant and constant adherence to those principles and compromises of the constitution which are the guaranty to and strength enough to embrace and uphold the Union as it was, the Union as it is, and the Union as it shall be, in the full expansion of the energies and capacities of this great and progressive people.

Resolved, That there are questions connected with the foreign policy of this country which are inferior to no domestic question whatever. The time has come for the people of the United States to declare themselves in favor of free seas and progressive free trade throughout the world, and by solemn manifestations to place their moral influence at the side of their successful example.

Resolved, That our geographical and political position with reference to other States of this continent, no less than the interest of our commerce and the development of our growing power require that we should hold as sacred the principle involved in the Monroe doctrine; their bearing and impact admit of no misconstruction; they should be applied with unbending rigidity.

3. *Resolved*, That the great highway which nature, as well as the assent of the States most immediately interested in its maintenance, has marked out for a free communication between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans, constitutes one of the most important achievements realized by the spirit of modern times and the unconquerable energy of our people. That route should be secured by a timely and efficient exertion of the control which we have the right to claim over it, and no power, on earth should be suffered to impede or clog its progress by any interference with the relations it may suit our policy to establish between our government and the governments of the States within whose dominions it lies. We can, under no circumstance, surrender our preponderance in the adjustment of all questions arising out of it.

4 *Resolved*, That in view of so commanding an interest the people of the United States cannot but sympathize with the efforts which are being made by the people of Central America to regenerate that portion of the Continent which covers the passage across the Interoceanic Isthmus.

5. *Resolved*, That the Democratic party recognize the great importance, in a political and commercial point of view, of a safe and speedy communication, by Military and postal roads through our own territory, between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of this Union, and that it is the duty of the Federal Government to exercise promptly, all its constitutional power for the attainment of that object.

DRED! DRED! DRED! a Tale of the Great Dismal Swamp; by Harriet Beecher Stowe, author of Uncle Tom's Cabin. The contents are as follows: volume 1: The Mistress of Caverns; Clayton; The Clayton Family and Sister Anne; The Gordon Family; Harry and his Wife; The Dilemma; Constitution; Old Tiff; The Death; The Preparation; The Lovers; Explanations; Tom Gordon; Aunt Nesbitt's Love; Mr. Jekly's Opinions; Willy's Story; Uncle John; Dred; The Conspirators; Summer Talk at Caverns; Tiff's Preparations; The Worshippers; The Camp-Meetings. The contents of the second volume can be seen at W. A. GILDENENNY & CO.'S BOOKSTORE, Fifth street, opposite the Theatre. se15

FIGS—100 boxes fresh Figs for sale by REYMER & ANDERSON, No. 39 Wood street. au11

INVENTIONS AND PATENTS

George Trott's Oil Globe, or Cup, for Steam Engines—Patented March 2d, 1854.

☞ Premiums awarded at State and County Fairs:

TO THE PUBLIC.—I have this day disposed of my interest in "G. Trott's Improved Oil Globe or Cup for Steam Engines" to MOSES F. EATON, who now has the entire control of the Patent. JAMES CRISWELL.

Pittsburgh, April 11, 1856.

Trott's Patent Oil Globes are manufactured for me by Messrs. J. & H. Jones, Phila, Miles Greenwood, Esq., Cincinnati, and Messrs. A. & J. McKenna, Pittsburgh, who are also authorized to sell them. Orders for the Globes will be promptly attended to.

Shop Rights are offered for sale on reasonable terms, to Railroad Co's., Steam Engine Builders, Brass Founders, and others in any part of the United States.

MOSES F. EATON,
139 First street, Pittsburgh.

PEARL STEAM MILL, ALLEGHENY, Bryan, Kennedy & Co., Proprietors. *Pittsburgh*, Aug. 22, 1856.

M. F. EATON, Esq.—Sir: We feel pleasure in acknowledging our entire satisfaction, after a trial of about two and a half years, with *Trott's Patent Oil Globe or Cup*. It has never yet been repaired.

Very resp'y yours, BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

ROCHESTER (PA.) CAR WORKS, Sept. 1, 1856.

M. F. Eaton, Esq.—Dear Sir: G. Trott's Patent Oil Globe attached to our Engine is a *perfect arrangement*, and, in our judgment, is not likely soon to be improved upon.

Yours, respectfully, KIRK & RHODES.

PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS, August 20, 1856.

MR. M. F. EATON.—*Sir*:—Trott's Patent Oil Globe or Cup has been in use on the engine in our Works for nearly three years. It has never required any repairs, and has given us entire satisfaction.

Yours, truly,
LIVINGSTON, COPELAND & CO.

PATTERSON, N. J. Steam Engine Works.

MOSES F. EATON, Esq.—*Dear Sir*:—We have just received the Patent Oil Globe you sent us, and have no doubt we shall be pleased with it. Do you propose to furnish us the Globes or sell us a Shop Right to manufacture for our business?

Yours Respectfully,
T. C. SIMONTON & CO.

IMPROVED OIL CUP.—We have been shown by Mr. Moses F. Eaton, of Pittsburgh, an improved Oil Cup, for Steam Engines, patented by Geo. Trott, which has been highly spoken of wherever used, by practical men. Its economy and simplicity of management are apparent at a glance, and it will undoubtedly meet a large demand. It can be obtained of Messrs. Caldwell & Whitney, agents for this city, 16 and 18 North Fifth st.—*Pa. Inquirer, Phila.*

CRESTLINE, O., July 29, 1856.

M. F. Eaton, Esq.—Dear Sir: I have received two of Mr. Trott's Oil Cups, and am perfectly satisfied they are the best I have ever used or seen, for they will be a great oil saver and small expense. I recommend them to all R. R. Companies to try, and satisfy themselves on this matter, and they will say so themselves.

I remain yours, respectfully,
GEO. PETERMAN, Jr.
Sup't of Machinery O. & I. R. R. Co., Crestline, Ohio.

CINCINNATI, August 4th, 1856.

Mr. M. F. Eaton—Sir: We have used Mr. George Trott's Oil Globe in our Engine shop for about one year, and find it gives us such entire satisfaction that we now apply it exclusively to all the Steam Engines we build. We have full confidence in its practicability, and do not hesitate to recommend its use. Yours, respectfully,
W. R. DUNLAP & CO.

FORT PITT IRON WORKS,
Pittsburgh, April 14th, 1856.

MR. M. F. EATON—Sir: Mr. George Trott's "Patent Oil Globes" have been in use on the Engines in our Works for three or four years past, and have performed as satisfactorily, that we now apply them to all the Engines we make. For two years past we have abandoned the use of any other kind of Oil Globes. Respectfully, yours,
KNAP & WADE.

PITTSBURGH, April 12, 1856.

M. F. EATON, ESQ.:

Dear Sir,—Having used G. Trott's "Patent Oil Globes" on almost all the steam engines furnished the last year, and, inasmuch as they appear to have given entire satisfaction to our customers, we have no hesitation in recommending them as a good article, and also a profitable one on account of the simplicity of construction, to the old fashioned Oil Globes, or any other of which we have any knowledge.

Very respectfully yours,
F. & W. M. FARBER & CO.,
Engine Builders.

This certifies that the Oil Cup patented by Mr. Trott, has been in use on our road for two years past, and we find it to be an economical and durable Oil Cup, and can recommend it as such. GEO. W. GRIER,
Foreman of Pittsburgh Shop of Penna Central RR.

November 24th, 1854.

TO M. F. EATON, ESQ.:

This certifies that we have had in use the patent Oil Globes or Cups sold by Moses F. Eaton, Esq., of Pittsburgh, and consider them a very much superior to any thing of the kind we have seen used. ALEXANDER THOMAS,
Treasurer Ohio Tool Company.

Columbus, Ohio, November 27, 1855. apl4

Kirk & Elliot's Grate Bar—Patented March, 1855,

Requires much less metal, and will last at least five times as long as the old Bar. MOSES F. EATON,
Agent for Patentees, 139 First st.

DRY GOODS.

NEW SPRING GOODS—No. 74 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa. The subscribers have just received and are now opening their first arrival of SPRING GOODS, to which they wish to call the particular attention of their customers and the public generally. We flatter ourselves that we have never been able to offer so handsome and desirable a stock as the present.

OUR DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT contains all the new styles and novelties of the season—

Extra rich Black and Colored Mohairetque Silks;
" " Jasper, Chena and Striped
" " Plaids, Striped and Plaid Black
" " Twisted Silk Flounced Robes;
" " Challi
" " Lawn
" " Lawn
Also, Tissues, Barege, Challies, Lawns, &c.

Our Shawl and Mantle Room is supplied with all the new styles of Crape, Cashmere, Stella, Silk, Brocha, Mohairetque, Lace and Cloth MANTLES.

NEEDLE WORK

Our stock of Collars, Sets, Sleeves, &c., is not surpassed by any stock West of the Mountains.

Also, a good assortment of MOURNING AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

DOMESTICS.

Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Muslins, Tickings, Kentucky Jeans, Cassimets, Cassinetts, Cotton, Linen and Paper Shirts, &c. Also, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, and every other article usually kept in a first-class Dry Goods House, to which we invite a call and examination before purchasing elsewhere, as we feel confident we have never been able to exhibit such a desirable stock.

Formerly Young, Stevenson & Love,
74 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
au17

NEW BOOKS.—
Life of Col. Fremont—by John Bigelow 50 cents.
" " James Buchanan—by R. G. Harper 50 "
" " Gen. Morgan—by James Graham.
Last of the Foresters, a story of the Old Virginia Frontier—by John Eaton Cooke.
Captive Youths of Judah—by Rev. E. W. Jones.
Victoria, or the World Overcome—by Miss C. Chessbro.
Western Border Life—by Fanny Hunter. 90 "
Saunder's Life of Fremont 90 "
Upham's " " 70 "
Pitman Almanac for 1856. 12 "
Portraits of Colonel Fremont, different sizes.
" " James Buchanan, 10 "
Republican Text Book 10 "
Maps showing the Free and Slave States. 20 "
Yankee Notions for September. 10 "
Graham's Magazine for September.

The above just received and for sale lower on an average of 20 per cent. than elsewhere.

Remember the place is at LAUFFER'S BOOK STORE, No. 77 Fourth street. au19

WRIGHT'S PREMIUM KATHARION
cools the head, and removes all symptoms of Headache.

Persons using
WRIGHT'S KATHARION
Are never liable to sunstrokes.
WRIGHT'S PREMIUM KATHARION
is the most valuable acquisition to the toilet, retaining the Hair in any required form.

For sale by Dr. OKO. H. REYSKR and R. E. SELLERS & CO., at 25 cents per bottle. au16

GUNS, FISHING TACKLE, RIFLES, Pistols, Surgical and Dental Instruments, manufactured Cutlery of all descriptions, for sale at the ENTER PRIZE WORKS, No. 136 Wood street, by BOWN & TETLEY. au30

UNFURL THE GLORIOUS BANNER—A Patriotic Song; words by R. J. Allen. Written on the occasion of a presentation of a stand of colors, by the Duquesne Greys, to the Chicago Light Guard. Music composed and respectfully dedicated to Capt. John B. Wyman, by Henry Kleber.

Price 25 cents. The above just published and for sale by H. KLEBER & BRO., No. 55 Fifth street. jy1

FOR SALE—House and lot No. 142 Second street, will be sold low. It is a well furnished three story brick house, near the centre of business. Call soon for this bargain. THOS. WOODS,
au21 Real Estate Agent, 75 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—THREE SCHOLARSHIPS in Duff's College will be disposed of by application to the Counting Room of the Daily Morning Post. au21

IOWA LANDS—480 Acres of choice Land, situate in Ida county, Iowa, for sale at a bargain.
S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market st.

LINSEED OIL—500 gallons Linseed Oil for sale by J. SCHOONMAKER,
au26 24 Wood street.

FRESH DATES—20 matts just rec'd and for sale by REYMER & ANDERSON,
an25 No. 39 Wood street.

COCOA NUTS—3000 to arrive and for sale by— REYMER & ANDERSON,
an25 No. 39 Wood street.

HOUSE TO LET—A commodious Two Story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, situated on Franklin street, opposite the Sixth Presbyterian Church. Possession given immediately. Enquire at the house, or of MILLER & RICKETSON.
jo21 Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty street.

VALUABLE LOT OF GROUND FOR SALE—Situate in Allegheny City, having 70 ft. front on the canal, by 270 feet deep on one side to Washington st., and 170 feet on the other; adjoining property of William Bissell, Jr. This property is well situated for a private residence, and will be sold on easy terms. The Dwelling House contains seven rooms and two halls.
au27 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, in and by the 4th section of the act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to regulate the mode of making the returns of the elections of the Commonwealth," it is required of the Sheriff of every County to give notice of such election, to be held and transacted in such manner as shall elect a person to be elected. In pursuance thereof, I, JOHN PATTERSON, Sheriff of the County of Allegheny, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of said county of Allegheny, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said county, on the second TUESDAY, (14th day) of October next, at the several Election Districts therein.

And as directed in said 4th section of the Act of Assembly, I hereby give notice that every person, except the officers of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust, under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, or any diputy, officer or agent who may shall be employed in the legislative, executive or judiciary departments of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district, by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk, or any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or clerk of any election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

And further, that by the 2d section of the Act of 14th May, 1856, it is provided that the second section of the Act of 30th July, 1839, entitled "An act to regulate elections," be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as it relates to the city of Philadelphia, and that the qualified electors of each ward, district or township in this Commonwealth,

The electors of the First Ward, the district of Birmingham, meet at the house formerly occupied by Thos. Sparks, in the borough of Birmingham.

The electors of the First Ward, the district of Pittsburgh, meet at the house formerly occupied by Thos. Sparks, in the borough of Birmingham.

The electors of the First Ward, the district of Allegheny, meet at the Public School House in said Ward.

The electors of the Second Ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said Ward.

The electors of the Second Ward of the city of Allegheny, to meet at the house of Wm. Thompson, north west corner of Ohio street and public square.

The electors of the Third Ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said Ward.

The electors of the Third Ward of the city of Allegheny, to meet at the house of J. Wise, in said Ward.

The electors of the Fourth Ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the house of Wm. Coleman, in said Ward.

The electors of the Fourth Ward of the city of Allegheny, to meet at the house of Thos. Sparks, in said Ward.

The electors of Allegheny township, to meet at the Town Hall, on Williams street.

The electors of Baldwin township, to meet at the house of Jas. Kennedy, in said township.

The electors of Versailles township, to meet at the house of Jas. Sharp, in said township.

The electors of Elizabeth township, to meet at the Town Hall, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Monongahela, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Thos. Sparks, in the said borough.

The electors of Forward township, to meet at the house of Jas. Kennedy, in said township.

The electors of Jefferson township, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of the township of Mifflin, to meet at the Public School House.

The electors of the township of Moon, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of the township of Robinson, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Scott township, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Upper St. Clair township, to meet at the house of Samuel Boggs, in said township.

The electors of Peters township, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of South Fayette township, to meet at the house of Robert Jamieson, in said township.

The electors of North Fayette township, to meet at the house of James Sharp, in said township.

The electors of the borough of McKeesport, to meet at the Town Hall, in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Stowe, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Thos. Sparks, in the said borough.

The electors of Kennedy township, to meet at the house of Jas. Kennedy, in said township.

The electors of Plum township, to meet at the house of John Shaffer, on the Pittsburgh and Kittanning turnpike road.

The electors of Penn township, to meet at the house of Robert Jamieson, in said township.

The electors of Versailles township, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Elizabeth township, to meet at the house of A. Shaw.

The electors of Elizabeth township, to meet at the house of George Webster, former occupied by Wm. Wade, in said township.

The electors of Kirkpatrick township, to meet at the house of James Graham, in said township.

The electors of Lower St. Clair township, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Collins township, to meet at the house of Michael Snee, former occupied by Thos. Sparks, in said township.

The electors of Mount Lebanon township, to meet at the house of Jas. Kennedy, in said township.

The electors of Upper St. Clair township, to meet at the house of Samuel Boggs, in said township.

The electors of South Fayette township, to meet at the house of H. Hays, in said township.

The electors of North Fayette township, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Francis Jamieson, in said township.

The electors of Reserve township, to meet at the house of Daniel Stupp, in said township.

The electors of Ross township, to meet at the house of Nathan Dennis, in said township.

The electors of East Deer township, to meet at the house of Samuel Gibson, in said township.

The electors of West Deer township, to meet at the house of Jas. Kennedy, in said township.

The electors of Shaler township, to meet at the house of Samuel Robinson, in said township.

The electors of Franklin township, to meet at the house formerly occupied by A. Thompson, in said township.

The electors of Frankstown township, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Thos. Sparks, in said township.

The electors of Pine township, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Richland township, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Hampton township, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Aspinwall, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Leet township, to meet at the house of John Cowan, in said township.

The electors of Sewickley township, to meet at the house of Peter Reiner, in said township.

The electors of South Versailles township, to meet at the house of H. Hayes, in said township.

The electors of North Versailles township, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Francis Jamieson, in said township.

The electors of Penn township, to meet at the house of Robert Jamieson, in said township.

The electors of Plum borough, to meet at the house of Daniel Stupp, in said township.

The electors of Patterson township, to meet at the house of Nathan Dennis, in said township.

The electors of East Liberty, to meet at the house of Samuel Gibson, in said township.

The electors of North Pittsburgh, to meet at the house of Jas. Kennedy, in said township.

The electors of Sharpsburg, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Thos. Sparks, in said township.

The electors of Etna, to meet at the house of Jas. Kennedy, in said township.

The electors of Millvale, to meet at the house of Jas. Kennedy, in said township.

The electors of Lawrenceville, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Pitcairn township, to meet at the house of James Graham, in said township.

The electors of Wilkinsburg, to meet at the house of John Shaffer, on the Pittsburgh, Kittanning turnpike road.

The electors of Plum township, to meet at the house of John Somerville, in said township.

The electors of Leet township, to meet at the house of Abraham Taylor, in said township.

The electors of Penn township, to meet at the house of Robert Jamieson, in said township.

The electors of Versailles township, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Elizabeth township, to meet at the house of A. Shaw.

The electors of Elizabeth township, to meet at the house of George Webster, former occupied by Wm. Wade, in said township.

The electors of Kirkpatrick township, to meet at the house of James Graham, in said township.

The electors of Lower St. Clair township, to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Collins township, to meet at the house of Michael Snee, former occupied by Thos. Sparks, in said township.

The electors of Mount Lebanon township, to meet at the house of Jas. Kennedy, in said township.

The electors of Upper St. Clair township, to meet at the house of Samuel Boggs, in said township.

The electors of South Fayette township, to meet at the house of H. Hays