The Pittsburgh Post.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.....MAY 28.

FOR PRESIDENT:

JAMES BUCHANAN.

(Subject to the decision of the National Convention.)

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE SCOTT, OF COLUMBIA CO.

AUDITOR GENERAL:
JACOB FRY, Jr., MONTGOMERY CO.

SURVEYOR GENERAL:
TIMOTHY IVES, POTTER COUNTY.

CIVIL WAR IN KANSAS.

From all accounts received it seems pretty certain that Kansas is now in a state of civil war. The town of Lawrence is said to be nearly destroyed, and several are known to have been killed. Mr. Reeder made several inflammatory speeches urging the people to resist the execution of the laws, and then fled, and is supposed to have reached a place of safety. The Missourians, it is said, have gone, uncalled, in large numbers into the territory, and are committing depredations. Governor Shannon should have first employed the United States troops to drive them back to their homes, and then marched direct to Lawrence and made the arrest of every man against whom writs were issued, at all hazards. If the people of Lawrence had made resistance, then they would have been futterly without excuse. But to permit another Missouri invasion is contrary to the express instructions of the President in his proclamation and orders. The peace of the territory was to be preserved, the laws executed, and an "invasive aggression" prevented. And to enable the Governor to discharge these duties effectually the military force was placed at his disposal. Each purpose was equally important, and to prevent all ground of complaint the Missourians should at once have been ordered home, and *driven* home.

But the information as yet received must not be implicitly relied on. Error travels faster than truth; and we must wait a little for a full and clear and impartial statement of facts. It may yet appear that the Missourians have taken no part in the effort to compel the people of Lawrence to surrender the persons whom the officers were ordered to arrest. But if they have gone into the territory at all in a body, and armed for aggression, it is the Governor's clear duty to expel them sternly.

The fanatics on both sides may yet succeed in involving the whole country in a terrible war. It cannot be confined to Kansas alone. Nor do the reckless agitators desire that it should be. There can be no doubt in any mind that there are scoundrels, both North and South, who would willingly bring on the sad calamity of civil war and a dissolution of the Union. It is not for nothing that the value of the Union has been calculated in cents; that the Constitution has been publicly burned; that churches have been pledged for Sharp's rifles; and that inflammatory appeals have been made on both sides to the people of Kansas to plunge into a needless and bloody conflict. There are men, both in the North and South, who have deliberately resolved on the dissolution of the Union; and Kansas is to be made the battle ground where hostile passions and incurable animosities shall be developed and aroused to madness to effect that purpose. But there is, we trust, a conservative spirit in the nation that will crush the dangerous spirit and reckless fanaticism in both sections of the country. It is time now for all patriots to arouse themselves, and take part in public affairs.

Kansas Territory was organized upon such a basis that the people from the East, West, North and South could go freely and equally and settle therein, carrying with them their several opinions, and proclaiming them freely. Abolitionised Massachusetts chartered a company whose operations were designed to get the possession and control of the territory. To checkmate this, proslavery Western Missouri organized a secret society, whose aim was to make Kansas a slave State. Massachusetts has sent men and Sharp's rifles there. Missouri has sent men armed and prepared for conflict. But the majority of those from Massachusetts and other Eastern States went there as settlers: while perhaps a majority of the Missourians were invaders, led by Stringfellow and Atchison. Reeder, Robinson and Lane have placed themselves at the head of the Sharp's rifle party. The Missourians prevailed in the election of the first Legislature. That was the most important point, for it placed their opponents in a revolutionary attitude—in an attitude of resistance to the laws and the constituted authorities. The agitators of the North would not permit the Free State men to await the sure and peaceful remedy of a new election and the repeal of obnoxious laws. For a political purpose in a Presidential campaign they were urged to resist the laws, and involve themselves in the perils and disasters of rebellion and civil war. They rescued prisoners, shot a sheriff, resisted the laws, and declared their determination to make void all the laws of that Legislature. The officers of the territory have resolved to execute the laws and arrest offenders, and hence comes the recent tragedy at Lawrence. The particulars of that tragedy we have yet to learn.

Now, to any unprejudiced mind it must appear obvious that this strife and bloodshed was wholly unnecessary. It is said, and truly, that the Free State men outnumber their opponents three to one. They had only to wait, then, till another Legislature could be elected, and then these obnoxious laws could have been repealed. Such would have been their course but for the evil designs and inflammatory appeals of reckless politicians and agitators in the northern States, who would risk bloodshed and civil war to make a President.

PERSONALITIES IN CONGRESS.

The late assault on a Senator is awakening attention to a matter of importance to our national legislators, and to the character and honor of our country. It has become a custom in both Houses of Congress to deal in personalities that are insulting and disgusting, and if not checked it will lead to the frequent recurrence of such scenes as have lately degraded the nation. Abusive epithets are freely indulged in that would cause resentment anywhere. It is confined to no party. Some of our most distinguished Senators have set a bad example of late, and one of its fruits is already known. Such language as is used is never heard in the British or French Parliaments, and should be checked in our own Legislative Halls, or it will lead to the most serious and fatal consequences. We are glad to see that the Senate is moving in the matter, and hope they will adopt such measures as will compel speakers to observe the proprieties of life, and preserve the dignity of the Senate and House.

The history of the last few months at Washington will be read with astonishment and disgust in Europe, and even the Mexicans will not much longer admit our superiority if Hotel servants are to be shot, Senators beaten, and editors caned.

THE VICE PRESIDENCY.—Gen. John A. Quitman is strongly recommended in many parts of the country as the Democratic candidate for Vice President. He is a good man for the place. But if the Convention will place "Old Buck's" name at the head of the ticket, the south may take whoever it will for Vice President. Gen. Quitman is a "manifest destiny" man. He was born in New York; went on foot to Ohio and taught school; studied law, and went to the southwest to practice, where he has become immensely rich. He received a Major General's commission, went to Mexico and fought like a hero. He will do; so will Cobb, or Boyd, or Rusk, or Johnston.

UNITED NOW.

The excuse for not nominating Buchanan for the Presidency heretofore has been that the democracy of his own State were not fully and firmly united upon him. That was the excuse of several national conventions heretofore. They would be very glad to please old Pennsylvania; Mr. Buchanan was a good man—an excellent man, and ought to be President; but his own State does not to a man support him." That has been the talk heretofore. What will the same talkers say now? Was ever a state more united, more earnest, more zealous? It is no man-worship; but a firm conviction that he is the safest, the ablest, the most experienced, and in all respects the best man for the present crisis of our national affairs. Such is the profound conviction in this State, and the evidences are abundant and unmistakeable that this conviction pervades the public mind throughout the Union. If he is not nominated, the masses of the voters will be grievously disappointed. The politicians should beware how they venture upon such an experiment. There are other good men who could be elected; but the times demand the veteran statesman.

His own state, with one voice, demands his nomination. The three great states, Ohio, New York and Pennsylvania, will give him their electoral votes surely and undoubtedly. Who else can secure the same votes? Perhaps others can, but to try it would be to throw away a certainty for an uncertainty, which is neither wise nor safe at the present time.

But let the voice of Ohio and New York be heard, and it will be seen that they fully sustain our opinion in regard to the three great central States. The two extracts below are to the point. The first is from the Lancaster, Ohio, *Daily Eagle*, as follows:

CINCINNATI CONVENTION.—HON. JAMES BUCHANAN.

As the time for the Democratic National Convention approaches, the people, feeling that the approaching campaign is an important one—the most important one, perhaps, which has ever taken place—are casting their eyes toward that Convention, with a solicitude never before manifested since the days of Jackson, for a leader whose integrity, statesmanship, and unflinching devotion to the Constitution and the Union, inspire confidence in his ability to pilot the great National Democracy through the perils of fanaticism, sectionalism, and proscription. The fearful progress of fanaticism, disunionism, as it does, the perpetuity of the Union, and threatening to dissever the glorious bonds which bind us together as a mighty nation, has roused the people, and caused them to make anxious search for the great statesman who should be intrusted with the leadership of the Democracy—the only party now in existence, with a distinct, firm, national organization, which, ignoring all sectional issues, recognises the inalienable rights of the people to freedom of the press and of the exercise of their own conscience, and the right of self-government, as guaranteed by the Constitution. We give it as our solemn conviction, that this search of the people has singled out and centered upon the Hon. James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania, as the man for the occasion, whose nomination by the Cincinnati Convention they desire above all others. And this conviction we have arrived at the more deliberately, because personally we have been strongly inclined to prefer the nomination of Franklin Pierce, whose administration has been in every respect Democratic, and who has been the best abused President since Jackson. But we cannot disguise from ourselves the unmistakeable preferences of the popular voice. In this Congressional district, we know of but two individuals whose first choice is not Mr. Buchanan, and from all parts of Ohio, so far as we can learn upon careful inquiries, the people, with a unanimity never before expressed for any other man, desire the nomination of Mr. Buchanan.

And in our judgment the same is true of all sections of the Union.

The extraordinary demonstrations of popular esteem which greeted Mr. Buchanan on his arrival from a foreign court—the uprising of the masses to welcome to his native shores, the great, the good and experienced statesman who with honor and fidelity has represented his country at the court of the proudest nation in the world, cannot be mistaken. They point out Mr. Buchanan in thunder tones as the popular choice for the Presidency.

The following is from the Brooklyn (N. Y.) *Daily Eagle*:

MR. BUCHANAN AND THE PRESIDENCY.

Every indication of political and popular feeling among the masses of the Democracy, points to Mr. Buchanan as the first choice for the office of President. There is not a "ground swell" of politic sentiment in his favor all over the Union, and in many States it amounts to unanimous enthusiasm. There are many considerations which will secure for him extraordinary popularity on the part of Mr. Buchanan. The State of Pennsylvania has had her claims overlooked because she could be relied upon in all emergencies. Ever since the adoption of the Federal Constitution, the Keystone State has voted for the Democratic candidates, except on two occasions, and on both occasions the Democracy of the Union was defeated. Harrison and Tyler received the vote of Pennsylvania and were elected. Yet through ever sound, steadfast and sure, no one of her sons has ever been presented as a candidate for the Presidency or the Vice Presidency, except Mr. Dallas. Her past services deserve a recognition from her sister States, and now when she has pressed in the person of one of her own citizens the foremost statesman of the country, her claims should not be rudely rejected. The recent election in Philadelphia is an indication of the kind of majority the State at large will give should Mr. Buchanan receive the nomination. No other man will so certainly carry the vote of Pennsylvania and secure the important vote of the Empire State.

Sumner's Speech.

Others are gathering the opinions of the press on the Sumner affair, in order to sustain themselves. If needed, we would do the same. But we will to-day only quote from one paper. The New York *Express* is one of the largest and most ably conducted of the New York newspapers. Its editor was once one of the editors of the Pittsburgh *Gazette*. That was when the *Gazette* had a little honesty and respectability about it. Well, the *Express* is a strong opponent of the Administration—the Democracy—and goes in for fusion or anything else to beat the Democrats. But in speaking of Mr. Sumner's recent speech it says of it, and of Senator Butler, as follows:

"The attack of Mr. Sumner on Mr. Butler, as reported officially, is very bitter, very personal, and very offensive—and all the more bitter, personal and offensive because made in the absence of Mr. Butler. Nevertheless, in our judgment, it afforded no sufficient cause for the attack of Mr. Butler's nephew upon the Senator from Massachusetts. Words, we know, are weapons, and sharper sometimes than bludgeons or swords. Mr. Brooks could well have left his uncle's honor in his own hands and in the hands of his brother Senators. He could well have left Mr. Sumner to himself and his own speech—a speech in which will be found such words, figuratively speaking, to be sure, but very personal also, as *mistress, harlot, wench, white head, affronitery, chivalry, audacity*, and other ideas intended to convey an insult. This part of the speech, however, will speak for itself—the language used, as we have said already, was very unusual in the Senate, and as against Mr. Butler, one of the oldest and most courteous members of the body—on good terms with all, and respected by all—it was a most uncalled-for attack."

And now for another, right straight from Boston—the home of Sumner. The Boston *Courier*, a pretty well known paper, says of Mr. Sumner's speech as follows:

"The speech of Mr. Sumner was exceedingly insulting toward some gentlemen who sit with him upon the Senate floor. It was not in consonance with the sort of arguments which people expect to hear from United States Senators upon a grave question. They do not want flowery adjectives or far-fetched allusions to, or illustrations from Greece and Rome, to give them an opinion as to how they shall act with regard to a practical question which is now before them. When Mr. Sumner compares Senator Butler, of South Carolina, and Senator Douglas, of Illinois, to Don Quixote and Sancho Panza, assimilating one to the character of a crazy man, and the other to that of a fool, he takes a ground which Massachusetts, in her dignity and her ability, never presented before."

BENTON'S THIRTY YEARS IN THE SENATE.—We have received the second volume of this great work from Miner & Co., who are the sole agents in this county for its sale and delivery. As a history it will possess a vast value for all time, and will be one one of the standard works in every good library. And there is no doubt that every intelligent man will desire to possess and read it. It is neatly got up on good paper and type, and the binding strong and durable.

Col. Benton's ripe experience and great ability well qualified him for the task he has at length completed. He has built his monument, and may well feel assured that it will endure for ages.

WE call attention to the card of Mr. James A. Fetzer, who has opened a new forwarding and commission warehouse, No. 89 Water street. He is well recommended as a strict business man, and an experienced merchant. We have no doubt of his success in this city. Consignments will be received and promptly accounted for.

We publish with pleasure the following article from the Philadelphia *Ledger*, a neutral paper. The subject is becoming of momentous importance:

THE KANSAS TROUBLE.—We have despatches in this morning's Ledger from Kansas, bringing rumors of a battle at Lawrence, and the burning of the town, together with the hotel, at Kansas city. We know not, when we are getting Kansas news, whether we are getting real facts, or only the exaggerated distortions of crazy partizans. It is a little singular that this news, which was telegraphed to the city on Saturday morning, should not be better confirmed by Sunday night. The despatch received last night, at ten o'clock, which numbered the fourth from Kansas, has not a word concerning this reputed battle, and destruction of the town of Lawrence. Such an event, if it had occurred, we should suppose, would fly through the country as quick as lightning could carry it.

The last despatch represents that the Committee of Safety of Lawrence had determined to offer no resistance to the U. S. Marshal in the execution of his writ.

But such an occurrence as reported, if it is not yet confirmed, is not improbable. The state of public feeling in that territory, the result of the preachings and the teachings of the fanatics, North and South, tend to that result. Civil war once begun in Kansas, and where would it stop, and when would it end? It would not stop until it had involved all the other states of the Union, nor would it end while either party had strength to continue the contest. It would not be a mere separation into a Northern and Southern confederacy, where each would flourish under institutions of its own liking and choice, but war, bitter and unrelenting, would be waged as long as the separation existed, until there would be nothing left of this Republic but the miserable ruins our folly had caused. Yet this is the melancholy and wretched condition to which many of our newspapers and politicians are endeavoring to drive us.

On various occasions lately, we have noticed articles in certain journals, as well South as North, pretending to prove, by statistics assumed to be reliable, that the Union is comparatively worthless. On the one hand, the New York Tribune has "facts and figures" to prove that the North is financially, morally and religiously a loser by our time-honored confederation. On the other, the Charleston Standard produces "columns of arithmetic" to demonstrate that the South would be more prosperous and happy if it would cut loose from the North and even re-open the slave trade.

It is a sufficient reply to this sort of argument, that, if statistics establish such two opposite conclusions, they must be misunderstood, if not entirely garbled. Such, in reality, is the fact. Nothing is more unanswerable than statistics, where they are both comprehensive and correct; but nothing is more useless, as proof, when only such figures are wanting. It is by quoting only such figures as tell in their favor, and by forgetting that, at best, not one-third of the actual statistics have ever been reduced to figures, that ultras, North and South, fancy they demonstrate that the prosperity of the United States, that no calculation of there pecuniary worth is, or ever will be, possible. Their is not a bit of property in the Middle States, for example; not a farm anywhere in the Great West; not a manufactory in New England; not a mercantile firm in the length or breadth of the land; not a plantation in all the South; not a steamboat, railroad or telegraph; not a canal or chartered company, which would not be depreciated, permanently, by a dissolution of the Union, and not a trade or occupation of labor, which would not suffer incalculably thereby. To enumerate even those things in which the injury would be most apparent, would require entire columns. We must content ourselves with putting a single illustration. Where would be the prosperity of Pennsylvania in the event of a dissolution? A border State, certain to become the battle-ground of two exasperated communities, its fields would be ravaged, its trade ruined, its population drained, its people everywhere impoverished. Ten years of disunion would undo for Pennsylvania all that seventy years of union had achieved.

The blessings of peace are proverbial. The United States have outstripped Europe so enormously in prosperity, not only because this was a new country, but because the Union secures a lasting peace between the several common wealths, and with it the advantages that flow from peace. Here we have no war taxes; no frightful public debt, the result of preceding wars; no passport system to check travel; no custom-house at the frontier of every State; and no international jealousies and misunderstandings preventing the business men of different nations from entering into those close relations which they otherwise would, to the mutual advantage of all. In fact, so common are the blessings of peace, that we seldom realize what disasters would flow from an opposite condition of affairs. We do not exaggerate, however, when we say that a dissolution would lead to a repetition, on this continent, of the incessant wars which have devastated the great Christian commonwealth of Europe for centuries back, retarding incalculably its civilization, and rendering the religion it professes a hissing scorn among the nations. Satan, it is said, assumes the garb of an angel of light, when he would delude and mislead. It is a trick of the day for men, who seek to advance their own ends even at the cost of the Union, to pretend that the love of liberty is their ruling motive. Yet the preservation of the Union is the only security freedom has, here or abroad.

Washington College.

The Semi-centennial anniversary of the commencement of this institute takes place on the 18th day of June next. The occasion will be one of great interest, clustered with the reminiscences of half a century. On Wednesday evening, Hon. John L. Dawson of Fayette, delivers the address to to the Washington and Union Literary Societies. We have every confidence that the address will prove a feature in the exercises. Mr. Dawson is fully able to cope with any subject he may undertake, and reflect credit upon himself as well as the venerable and useful institution he will represent.

THREE Congressional districts bordering on the Ohio, in the Buckeye State, have instructed their delegates to the Philadelphia Convention, to vote for Chase for President. It is supposed he will have a majority of the Ohio delegation.

The second district in Maine has instructed for Buchanan.

THE St Louis *Democrat* is complaining of the way business is falling off at St. Louis, it thinks Pittsburgh is getting ahead of the other western cities. See extract from the article in our column of river news, third page.

THE Cincinnati papers say a large number of "sporting gentlemen" have arrived in that city, attracted thither by the prospects of a "good game" during the approaching National Democratic Convention.

THE Michigan State Convention unanimously instructed the delegates to the Cincinnati Convention to vote for, and use all possible means to nominate James Buchanan.

THE commander of the United States troops now at Lawrence, in Kansas, is a cousin of Senator Sumner. It is Col. Edwin V. Sumner.

THE CINCINNATI CONVENTION—REDUCTION OF TELEGRAPH TOLLS.—We are authorized by the managers of the two direct lines of telegraph between this city and Cincinnati—the National, via Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, and the Morse, via Buffalo and Cleveland—to state that editors and recognized news agents will be permitted to receive reports of the proceedings of the approaching Democratic Convention at Cincinnati, by paying at the rate of five cents per word, which is a very liberal deduction in favor of the purses of newspaper publishers.—*N. Y. Herald.*

FRANZ THIEZ, Ole Bull's late agent, in reply to a statement in the papers that he had absconded with Ole's funds, replied in the New York *Herald* that "the assertion is devoid of truth. After having, much against Ole Bull's wishes, settled his just indebtedness to the public press and to persons by him professionally employed, I, under advice of counsel, paid myself and paid in the balance of the money in my hands to Mr. Bull."

JOHN BATEY, senior, of Greensville, S. C., had twenty-four children by his first wife, and has had half a dozen more by his second.

RETURNED TO IRELAND.—John B. Dillon, the Irish exile, who made his escape to this country in the garb of a clergyman, from the port of Galway, in 1848, returned to Ireland in the Persia, with a view of permanently residing there. He was proscribed by the British Government, and a reward of $2,500 offered for his capture, after the ineffectual attempt of Smith O'Brien to get up a revolution. Since his arrival in this country he eschewed Irish politics, and as an attorney, devoted himself to his profession in New York. He visited Ireland last summer, with the consent of the British Government, and he now returns a loyal subject of her gracious Majesty.

A NEW NEWSPAPER.—The Messrs. Harper, not content with supplying the reading world with 170,000 copies of their Monthly Magazine, are about to start a Pictorial Weekly Newspaper, for which they calculate on a circulation of half a million copies!

Redding's Russia Salve.—It is a Boston remedy of thirty years' standing, and is recommended by physicians. It is a sure and speedy cure for burns, piles, boils, corns, felons, chilblains, and old sores of every kind; for fever sores, ulcers, itch, scald head, nettle rash, bunions, sore nipples, recommended by nurses,) whitlows, sties, festers, flea bites, spider stings, frozen limbs, salt rheum, scurvy, sore and cracked lips, sore nose, warts and flesh wounds, it is a most valuable remedy and cure, which can be testified to by thousands who have used it in the city of Boston and vicinity for the last thirty years. In no instance will this Salve do an injury, or interfere with physician's prescriptions. It is made from the purest materials, from a receipe brought from Russia—of articles growing in that country—and the proprietors have letters from all classes, clergymen, physicians, sea captains, nurses, and others who have used it themselves, and recommend it to others. Redding's Russia Salve is put in large tin boxes, stamped on the cover with a picture of a horse and a disabled soldier, which picture is also engraved on the wrapper. Price, 25 cents a box. Redding & Co., proprietors. Aberdeen, in Scotland, or else from the scattered fragments which the excavation of ancient cities For sale by B. A. Fahnestock & Co., Fleming Bros., R. E. Sellers & Co., Dr. G. H. Keyser and H. Miner & Co., Pittsburgh; Beckham & M'Kennan, Allegheny city.

☞ **Ask any one who has ever used** DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, prepared by FLEMING BROS, what they think of them! Ninety-nine in a hundred will tell you they are the best Pills for Liver Complaint, Sick Headache and Dyspepsia that they have ever used. Read the following from one of our most respectable citizens:

NEW YORK, August 3, 1852.

I do hereby certify that I have been suffering from a pain in my side and breast for a long time, and after trying many medicines came to the conclusion that my liver was affected. I immediately commenced using DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, prepared by FLEMING BROS. of Pittsburgh, and the few that I have taken have already given me more relief than all the other medicines I have taken put together. I want no more claiming my attention; after examining, me carefully, he advised me to continue the use of Dr. M'Lane's Pills; that they would effectually cure me.

W. W. PHILIPS,
No. 2 Columbia place.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, manufactured by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Liver Pills are a complete humbug, worthless. Dr M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
No. 60 Wood street, corner of Fourth.

☞ **Look Well to the East.**—MORGANTOWN, Va., Oct. 29, 1855.—This is to certify that my child, last year my health began to decline, and for several months I had frequent Hemorrhages from the Lungs, had cough, pain in the side and shoulder, and great debility. In short, my friends, as well as myself, thought I was far gone in Consumption. After trying various means without any effect, I consulted Dr. I. Scott, who prescribed a box of his McLANE'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS, which relieved my hemorrhages, cough, pain in the side, &c., were owing to a Diseased Liver. Before I had used one box of them, I felt like a new man, and through their influence I am now restored to excellent health. No language is strong enough to express my gratitude to Dr. Scott, for recommending to me McLANE'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS, and I can, with confidence, recommend them to all similarly afflicted.

A. C. DORSEY,
Late Sheriff of Monongalia county, Va.

Dr McLane's IMPROVED Liver Pills and IMPROVED Vermifuge, also Dr. I. Scott's Celebrated White Circassian Liniment, prepared solely under the supervision of Dr. I. Scott, a regular Medical graduate, and Physician of extensive practice. None genuine, only as prepared by Dr. I. Scott & Co., Black Place, Morgantown, Virginia.

NEWS FROM THE FOUNTAIN HEAD!

MORGANTOWN, VA., Sept. 12, 1855.

This is to certify, That I have examined the Recipe for preparing McLane's Improved Vermifuge and Improved Liver Pills by Dr. I. Scott, who has been in the habit of preparing and using my original medicines in my office during the last thirteen years, and that I believe he has improved them. I make the above statement the more willingly as I have no interest in them whatever. C. McLANE, M. D.

Dr McLane's IMPROVED Vermifuge and IMPROVED Liver Pills, accompanied by certificate of C. McLane, for sale by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.

Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., Wholesale Agent.
Dr. J. P. FLEMING, Allegheny, near Railroad Depot, Wholesale Agent. my22:dawapc

☞ **Sands' Sarsaparilla.**—Persons long afflicted who have vainly tried many expedients to eradicate a disease, are but too apt to give way to despondency, and relinquish all hope of cure. Even when a remedy that has cured thousands is placed within their reach, they exclaim, oh! it is of no use, nothing will cure me. This is worse than folly, it is a wilful sacrifice of health, the greatest of temporal blessings; such morbid feelings peculiarly obtain among sufferers from Scrofula, cutaneous and eruptive diseases, arising chiefly from the debility and often repulsive features of these maladies. Let those who are thus afflicted arouse from their lethargy and resort to SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, they will then experience in their own persons the healing influence and re-invigorating properties of this unfailing remedy.

Prepared and sold by A. B & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by FLEMING BROS, Pittsburgh, Pa., and by Druggists generally. my22.1w

☞ **Prof. De Grath on the Weather.**—Prof De Grath wants it sufferers from the effects of the inclement weather lately, to call and procure a bottle of his pleasant Electric Oil. It cures like magic. Price 25, 50, and $1 per bottle.

☞ Prof. De Grath feels it to be his duty to himself and to the public to state explicitly, that the article offered for sale by Mrs. Anna E. Smith, called in her advertisement Doctor Smith, A. E. Smith, *Chemist, &c., &c.*, is not "De Grath's Electric Oil."

Mrs. Smith's pretensions to a knowledge of the preparations of this celebrated remedy, arises from her connection with Mr. Galutia B. Smith, formerly engaged with Prof. De Grath in keeping the books and correspondence of De Grath & Co., but never instructed in the manufacture of the medicine. These parties have neither the right nor the ability to make "De Grath's Electric Oil," and no imitation of it can produce the wonderful effects of the original, as prepared by Professor De Grath himself, at his old and well known establishment, No. 20 South Eighth street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

☞ Druggists will address their orders to him alone.

For sale by O. H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh, and all Druggists. my12

☞ **Canker in the Mouth and Stomach.**—At mention of this, we imagine we hear many a mother exclaim, "from this, O God, deliver us." But many have suffered, and still are suffering, from this painful cause. Permit us, in all kindness, to suggest the use of Kennedy's Medical Discovery; it has cured cases of long continuance, and of a most aggravated nature. Why then—afflicted one—should it not cure you? Mrs. Mary Smith, of Brighton Mass., was cured after an illness of four years. Mrs. Martha Jones, of Roxbury, Mass., was deprived of the use of her limbs by this trouble—three bottles made her perfectly sound. Mrs. Chester Morse, of Roxbury, Mass., was cured by the use of three bottles. The two latter cases are within a stone's throw of Mr. Kennedy's Laboratory, and when a man's own neighbors praise him, it is not without cause.

☞ See long advertisement in another column.

Sold wholesale and retail at DR. GEORGE H. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street, sign of the Golden Mortar, and at J. P FLEMING'S, Allegheny. my23:4aw

☞ **The Long Looked For Specific** for Pulmonary Diseases is found at last! A man must doubt the evidence of his senses, and all human integrity, before he can reasonably question the array of proof advanced in favor of Dr. ROGERS' SYRUP OF LIVERWORT, TAR, AND CANCHALAGUA, as an anti-febrile and tonic medicine, which at once reduces all Pulmonary Inflammation, expels the cause of the disease, and builds up and strengthens the system. The heads of our Colleges, the Clergy, the Medical Faculty, and citizens of all classes have, over their own signatures, attested its powerful remedial properties, and in the pamphlet to be had of the Agents, as well as in the columns of the public press, the most positive and satisfactory evidence will be found. See advertisement.

☞ For sale, wholesale and retail, by R. E. SELLERS & CO., corner Wood and Second streets.

Sold also by HENDERSON & BRO., Liberty street; H. P. SCHWARTZ, and BECKHAM & McKENNAN, Allegheny City. my23:4w1w

☞ **Batchelor's Hair Dye**—Perseverance, time, industry and experiments of twenty years, have placed the original and ever true, upon the top most round of the ladder of fame, where imitators may view, but not approach; egvy may bay, but not arrest its onward way to universal use. Made and sold, or applied, (in nice private rooms) at BATCHELOR'S Wig Warerooms, 233 Broadway, New York.

Sold, wholesale and retail, by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street. my23:1wdaw

☞ **Call at No. 164 Wood street, and examine** our stock of SOFT HATS and WINTER CAPS. Just received, a large lot of Shanghai, Celestial, and other styles of Caps, which we will sell low for cash. MORGAN & CO., 164 Wood street. oct18

A CARD.

☞ We have just received our Spring stock of Gloves, consisting of Gents' Otter, Beaver and Silk Hats; Gents' and Youth's soft Hats of all colors; also, a large assortment of Spring styles of Caps and Straw Hats. Our friends, and the public generally, who have so liberally patronised us the last season, will find fresh inducements to favor us with their calls. Please do so, and do yourselves and us good. Our motto is "Quick sales and Light Profits."

MORGAN & CO., No. 164 Wood street,
Next door to the new Church,
One door from Sixth street.

☞ **Why will you Suffer,** WHEN RELIEF CAN BE SO EASILY OBTAINED!—Have you a Sore Throat, Quinsy, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Bronchitis, Croup, Stiff Joints, Foot Bites, Burns, Sprains, or Pains in any part of your system? You can be relieved at once by using the most beautiful of all Liniments, the "*White Circassian Liniment*," prepared by Dr. SCOTT, of Morgantown, Va., and for sale cheap, wholesale and retail, by Dr. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and JAS. P. FLEMING, near R. R. Depot, Allegheny. See advertisement in another column of to-day's paper. [may4:m

☞ At a meeting of the Commissioners of the PITTSBURGH BRIDGE COMPANY, held on the 10th inst., on motion of George W. Jackson, Esq., it was

PITTSBURGH, MAY 12th, 1856.

Resolved, That Books for Subscription, to the Capital Stock of said Company be re-opened at the following times and places:

At St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh, on 19th and 20th May.
At Jarrett's tavern, Washington road.....21st "
At McFarland's store, Steubenville road.....22d "
At Vincent's store, in Noblestown.....23d "
At Perry Martin's, in Mansfield.....24th "

RESOLVED, That Alexander McKee, Moses Chess and Jas. Trawick, be appointed to receive subscriptions at the above times and places in the country; and

Capt. James Wood, John F. Singer and Samuel A. Long, to receive subscriptions in the city.

JAMES WOOD, Chairman.
S. A. LONG, Secretary. [my14:tmy24—ch6]

SHINGLE MACHINE.

Kendall's Patent IMPROVED Double Acting River & Shaver.

THE attention of Shingle and Lumber dealers, speculators and others, is directed to this invaluable invention, which is now presented to the public as the *first* and *only* practical machine extant, for Riving and Shaving Shingles.

Various *cutting* and *sawing* machines have been invented for making Shingles, but it is a well known fact that Shingles cut or sawed across the grain are quite too flimsy for roofing purposes. Numerous inventions have recently appeared for riving and shaving, and these have all been condemned as worthless, from their imperfect method of riving, which consists of splitting from the side of the block but one shingle, which almost invariably runs off. This difficulty is entirely obviated by

KENDALL'S MACHINE,

Which first splits from the side of the block a piece thick enough for two shingles, which is separated in the centre, and by means of elastic guides each part is conducted through a pair of approximating knives, which completes the operation; thus producing two shingles at every revolution.

This machine will rive and shave from the block three thousand shingles per hour, of uniform thickness and taper, superior in solidity and durability to those made by hand or any other process.

Its operations are by no means confined to pine and other soft wood, but works to equal advantage oak, walnut, and any other description of timber that can be split.

The workings of the machine can be examined at H. H. Ryan's Furniture Buildings, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

To timber owners, shingle dealers, and men of enterprise, this opens a new field for speculation, as there is no similar invention extant.

The machine occupies but a small space, is of durable construction, and costs but about two hundred and eighty dollars, and a man and two boys can make from 20,000 to 25,000 shingles per day, with about three horse power.

For right of territory, or machines, inquire at No. 31 Fifth street, or at the City Hotel.

☞ All needed information will be forwarded by letter, when desired. [mh28:2m] ADONIJAH KENDALL.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK,

IMPORTER & DEALER IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE.

No. 83 Wood street, between Diamond alley and Fourth street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ THE subscriber is now opening a well selected assortment of foreign and domestic Hardware, all new, and will be sold on as good terms as any other house in this city. He will always keep on hand a general assortment of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CARPENTERS' TOOLS, &c.

To which he respectfully invites the attention of purchasers.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.
mh20

HENRY H. COLLINS,

Produce and Commission Merchant,

No. 25 Wood Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

mh15:3m

ALEX FORSYTH.....JOHN SCOTT.

FORSYTH & SCOTT,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Dealers in Wool, Hides, Flour,

BACON, LARD AND LARD OIL,

☞ *AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.* ☜

No. 75 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

REFERENCES:

Springer Harbaugh, Pittsburgh. Wells, Wells & Co., Meadville, Ohio.
John Scott & Co., " M. Martin, " "
E. D. Jones, Cash'r Cit. Dep. Bk. Keans & Heraline, Phila.
Lewis & Lyon, Pittsburgh. Barnet, Nesbit & Garrett, "
Joseph E. Elder, St. Louis. Phila.
Thomas & Greiner, Bankers, Baltimore. Holmes & Connell, Cincinnati.
Salem, Ohio. [feb15] A. B. Bullock & Co.

WILLIAMS & ALLEN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CHILSON FURNACES,

Wrought Iron Tubing,

AND FITTING GENERALLY,

For Warming and Ventilating Buildings.

☞ W. & A. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnace, Churches, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Dwellings, Court Houses, Jails, or Hotels. No. 25 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh. apl8

WILLIAM B. HAYS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

BACON HAMS, SIDES AND SHOULDERS,

LARD, LARD OIL,
DRIED BEEF,
SUGAR-CURED and CANVASSED HAMS.

A large stock always on hand at

No. 397 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

Orders may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of

LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 52 Wood street.
BRAUN & KEITEH, cor. Liberty and St. Clair streets.
H. P. SCHWARTZ, Druggist, Allegheny.

TERMS: CASH, ON DELIVERY.

BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO.

ALEX. HUNTER,

DEALER IN

FLOUR. GRAIN.

BACON, LARD, LARD OIL,

AND PRODUCE GENERALLY,

No. 299 Liberty street,

do-14dapc PITTSBURGH.

JAMES KERR, Ja.....ROBT. M. HUNTER.

KERR & HUNTER,

AND

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

☞ **STEAMBOAT AGENTS,** ☜

No. 21 Levee, between Pine and Olive sts.,
feb26dapc]y] SAINT LOUIS, Mo.

JOHN COCHRAN & BROS.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

IRON RAILINGS, VAULT DOORS

WINDOW SHUTTERS,

WINDOW GUARDS, &c.,

Nos. 91 Second st. and 86 Third street,
mh12 PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

W. H. SMITH.....W. W. MAIR.....JOS. R. HUNTER.

SMITH, MAIR & HUNTER,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

122 Second and 151 Front st,
mh17:6m **Pittsburgh, Pa.**

JAMES BLAKELY,

EUROPEAN AGENT AND CONVEYANCER,

Corner of Seventh and Smithfield streets,
PITTSBURGH.

☞ Passengers brought from the old country to Pittsburgh, and moneys remitted to Europe. [nov27

JAS. COLLINS.....J. BANKS KNOX

JAMES COLLINS & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

Collins' Pittsburgh, Meadville & Erie

CANAL LINES.

Nos. 114 AND 115 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

REFERENCES;

PITTSBURGH—
Wm. Bagaley & Co., Murphy, Tiernan & Co.,
Smith & Sinclair, Hampton, Wilson & Co.,
M