The Pittsburgh Post.

THURSDAY MORNING:.....MAY 15.

FOR PRESIDENT:

JAMES BUCHANAN.

(Subject to the decision of the National Convention.)

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE SCOTT, OF COLUMBIA CO.
AUDITOR GENERAL:
JACOB FRY, Jr., MONTGOMERY CO.
SURVEYOR GENERAL:
TIMOTHY IVES, POTTER COUNTY.

Democratic County Committee of Correspondence.

The Democratic County Committee of Correspondence will meet at the St. Charles Hotel, on SATURDAY, the 17th of May, 1856, at 11 o'clock A. M. A full attendance is requested.

SAMUEL W. BLACK, Chairman.

The following named gentlemen compose the Committee:

Hon. Charles Shaler,	Col W. G. Hawkins,
D. R. Riller,	James Salisbury,
Thomas S. Hart,	Wm. Johnston,
Jacob L. Slessor,	R. R. Roberts,
James Herdman,	Michael Snee,
John H. Phillips,	John Sill,
John N. McClowry,	Col. James Scott,
John Roth,	Col. Andrew Scott,
A. Hartje, Esq.,	Morrison Foster,
Samuel Kirk,	A. B. McFarland.

Democratic State Central Committee.

The Democratic State Central Committee of Pennsylvania will meet at Pittsburgh, at the St. Charles Hotel on Monday, the 26th of May, at 10 o'clock A. M. Important business should secure a general attendance.

J. W. FORNEY, Chairman.

BUCHANAN DELEGATES.

Delaware and Missouri both send Buchanan delegates to the Cincinnati Convention. Thirteen of the delegates from Ohio are known to be for Buchanan. The Michigan and Iowa delegates will undoubtedly be of the same opinion. Five of the delegates from Maryland are all right, and nine certain from Virginia—the balance doubtful. But Buchanan has the majority of the Virginia delegates, and it is probable the vote of that state will be cast as a unit. Three delegates from Maine, it is said, will be for "old Buck," and it is believed there will be four or five others from the New England States. New Jersey delegates are unanimously instructed for him. The entire Pennsylvania delegation will vote for him, from the beginning to the end. The Louisana delegation, and a portion of the Tennessee will go for him. If the New York delegations are admitted, he will no doubt have a majority of them. The California delegates are instructed for him. We count on Wisconsin for him after one or two ballots. We believe the delegates from Connecticut and Vermont would prefer Mr. B., but they may be restrained from an early expression of their preference by instruction or other reasons. From Kentucky there is no certain information yet, though there is no doubt that Mr. B. has hosts of friends in that state.

We cannot count on a majority for Mr. B. on the first or even the third ballot; but that he will have a majority of the convention on the eighth or ninth ballot we predict. That point reached, his unexceptionable character and his well known popularity with the masses of the people will, we trust, secure for him the nomination.

The convention will hardly venture upon the former policy of casting aside all the prominent men, and nominating a new man—one who is comparatively unknown. However well that may have worked heretofore, the people don't like it.

A FIXED FACT.

Fillmore will run. Fillmore and Donelson will not decline. They cannot be shoved off the track. The State councils of several States have ratified their nominations, and Pennsylvania has at last "rolled in." The Know Nothing State Council met at Harrisburgh on the 14th and passed a resolution ratifying their nomination. Only fourteen out of eighty belted. So the K. N's. of Pennsylvania are committed to their Fillmore and Donelson ticket. In Illinois the same thing has been done within a few days. In Massachusetts the party divided upon the question, and the result showed that a majority of the K. N's. were for the ticket. In the South the States generally the ticket is accepted and will be supported. Under such circumstances it cannot be expected that the candidates will decline.

Now the abolitionists may give up all hope of effective fusion. It cannot be done. They have run the negro question down into the ground. They may pipe away about Kansas matters as much as they please, but the people will not dance to that tune. The people are sick of it disgusted with it. The attempt to abolitionize the whole north has proved a miserable failure, as it deserved to do.

It is evident that there will be three tickets in the field—the Democratic, the American, and the "Republican."

BUCHANAN AT BALTIMORE.—Mr. Buchanan was received at Baltimore on Tuesday with a cordiality and enthusiasm seldom equalled in this country. His speech was the best he ever made. We shall publish it to-morrow. A public dinner was given. He was accompanied to the Opera in the evening, where he was greeted with rounds of applause; and thousands of the citizens thronged to his hotel to take him by the hand. By the telegraphic reports it will be seen that he has been received with enthusiasm at Washington.

THE SPARROWGRASS PAPERS.—There are a good many attempts at wit now-a-days that are utter failures; but the author of "The Sparrowgrass Papers" has not failed. He has produced an amusing and agreeable book. It is instructive as well as amusing, and exhibits a shrewd insight into human character. It is a neat volume, published by Derby and Jackson, New York, and for sale by Miner & Co., and Gildenfenney & Co., at their depots.

AND YET ANOTHER.—Alfred Pike, who was a seceding delegate to the American National Convention, held in this city, has issued the pronunciamento of a new party. It is to be called the "Democratic American Party"—its motto, "Americanism Toleration and Reform"—and its candidates, Daniel S. Dickinson, of New York, for President, and Wm. C. Dawson, of Georgia, for Vice President. Mr. Dawson, by the way, died in Macon, early in the present week.

WARREN COUNTY BANK.—We are advised by Messrs. S. Jones & Co., Bankers, that they know of no reason for the report circulated yesterday that the Bank had failed. The institution is reported safe and in good condition by those who know something of its affairs. It is hard that irresponsible parties should obtain credence in regard to solvent Banks, when circulating rumors. We believe the Warren County Bank to be safe.

COL. H. I. LAMBAERT.—We notice that an election for Colonel of the 4th Brigade, 16th Division Pennsylvania Volunteers was held, at Holidaysburg on Monday last, and the able and efficient superintendent of Pennsylvania Railroad, H. I. Lambaert was elected almost unanimously. If Col. L. drills his brigade as well as he has done the employees of the railroad there will be no better drilled soldiers in the State.

THE bill granting lands to aid in the construction of the Iowa Railroads, has become a law. The aid is designed mainly for the road running from the Mississippi to the Missouri river, and its branches. It is supposed the land will sell for enough to build the entire road. That secures the completion of that road right speedily, and then we can go clear to Nebraska by Railroad.

THAT CONCERT.—The public concert at the City Hall to-night should draw a large crowd. See advertisement. More than a thousand singers are expected to take part in the performances.

PRIVATEERING.—The European nations have, among other things done in the recent treaty, agreed to abolish privateering. That may do for the nations agreeing to it, but the United States will become a party to no such arrangement. Privateering is a bad business—so are all wars. In case of a war with England or France, our privateering would be our main arm of defence. We have more ships than any other nation, and by throwing armaments aboard two or three thousand of them, the ocean would be swept as with a broom. The immense navies of England and France could not protect their merchant ships from such a fleet of cruisers. Unless we have a navy four-fold as large as at present, we cannot afford to agree to abolish privateering.

The London Daily *News*, in closing an article on the peace, says:

"We cast our eyes across the wide Atlantic, and invoke our kinsmen there, disregarding the petty differences which have arisen between them and England, to accede to the declaration respecting Maratime Law, and thus entitle themselves to be represented in some future Congress, in which wider issues may be raised for the benefit and liberation of mankind."

We cannot agree to any such thing, and as to entitling ourselves as a nation to a seat or representation in European Congress, that is an honor not considered on this side of the water worth a button.

PICTORIAL CYCLOPEDIA OF BIOGHAPHY.—Dr. Francis L. Hawks, of New York, has commenced the publication of a periodical that cannot fail to secure a wide circulation. It is issued once in two weeks, in a neat form, each number containing about fifty pages. It is "a series of original memoirs of the most distinguished persons of all times," with illustrations, portraits, and wood cuts representing views of the residences of distinguished men. The Doctor is well qualified for the task he has undertaken, as the five numbers already received abundantly prove. The biographical sketches are arranged in alphabetical order, and all the distinguished men of ancient or modern times are noticed briefly or more extendedly, according to the interest of the subject. We have seen no work that bids fairer to become popular and successful. When the twenty-four numbers of a year are bound in one volume, it will be a handsome and interesting book, and invaluable as a book of reference.

The Doctor has hit upon a happy project that cannot fail of great success. The work needs only to be made known to be widely patronized.

J. B. D. Clark & Co., No. 71 Fifth street, are the agents to receive subscriptions, and have copies to exhibit. We advise all the intelligent, and those who want to be so, to give them a call.

FILLMORE IN MASSACHUSETTS.—At the meeting of the American Council in Boston on Wednesday Fillmore men were elected officers. Resolutions repudiating Mr. Fillmore were tabled by a decided majority. The Anti Fillmore men retired and will probably issue a call to elect delegates to the New York Convention.

THE Iowa *Capital Reporter*, the central organ of the Democracy of Iowa, is out in a powerful article in favor of Mr. Buchanan's nomination by the Cincinnati Convention—and says it is the sentiment of a very large majority of the Democratic party of that State.

From the Cleveland Herald

Chicago & Burlington Railroad.

This line affords the emigrant or the pleasure seeker a direct and delightful route to the Mississippi and the rich fields of Southern Iowa. No time should be lost, either, by the land seeker, for only 2,000,000 acres are now subject to entry in that State, and the stream of emigration is at full flood.

Burlington in Iowa is a proper point to at which either to reach Nebraska and Kansas or the interior of Iowa. We never saw finer cows and horses than are furnished by the stage lines beyond Burlington, and when at that city your foot is planted in the very garden of the world. The Chicago & Burlington Road, in connection with the Burlington & Mississippi Road, affords the most direct route to the land office at Fairfield, Chariton and Council Bluff City, and in those districts are found the richest lands, water and timbered.

As a pleasure jaunt a trip to the Mississippi and up or down the river, cannot be excelled, and a feast in the way of fish for any one who contemplates such a journey. This is the month, too, in which to go. To a person who has never been out of sight of shore on a steamer, the day's ride from Chicago to Burlington is the best schoolday of his life. He will learn more, and get greater expansion of vision, than books can give him in a life time. At Burlington, the river, down to St. Louis, or up to Rock Island, Galena, or to St. Paul and the "Laughing Water," affords delightful routes. Take your carpet bag—be sure and take your wife along—and make this trip. If we have deceived you, never believe a newspaper again as long as you live.

Democratic Head Quarters, at Cincinnati for the Friends of James Buchanan.

It has become a custom at National Conventions to have "head quarters" for meeting and consulting, by the friends of the several candidates. Preparations have been made already in Cincinnati, in this respect, on a large scale. One of the enterprising citizens and a devoted friend of Mr. Buchanan, in that city, has rented a large Hall on Fourth street, for the purpose of accomodating the several delegations friendly to Pennsylvania's distinguished statesman. This capacious Hall is described to us as being in the neighborhood and "very convenient to the Grand Hall prepared for the reception of the Democratic Convention—and is on a line with, and but a short distance from, the Burnet House and other hotels."

We take special pleasure in directing the attention of Pennsylvania's legions to these "head quarters," prepared for the friends of James Buchanan, and trust they will be at once accepted. They have been secured, for this object alone, by Dr. F. S. Kaufman, a native of Lancaster, Pa., who has been for many years a citizen of Cincinnati. His boyhood days were spent in the neighborhood of the then distinguished citizen of Lancaster, who is now the choice of a State, and, we believe, of a nation, for the highest position they can confer—and, as a man and a citizen of another city and State, the strong feeling entertained in his youth for his model of a great Statesman, have kept pace with the spirit of the times, and have grown stronger as they progressed. We trust that Pennsylvanians will at once direct their attention to "Kaufman's Hall" as the "Buchanan Head Quarters" in Cincinnati. We hope, too, that before, and at the close of the National Convention, the flag of every State in the Union will decorate the walls of that Hall, and be floated to the breeze, encircling that of the "*Key stone of the Federal Arch*."

The residence of Dr. Kaufman is at No. 347 Vine street, Cincinnati.—*Pennsylvanian.*

[From the Boston Saturday Evening Gazette.]

A PERFUMED BREATH.—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers*" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of the "Balm" on your tooth-brush and wash the tooth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers*." It will remove *tan, pimples*, and *freckles* from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseate hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY.—Wet your shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," rub the beard well and it will make a beautiful soft lather much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only fifty cents. For sale by Fetridge & Co., proprietors; and B. A. Fahnestock & Co., Fleming Bros., R. E. Sellers & Co., Dr. G. H. Keyser and H. Miner & Co., Pittsburgh; and Lee & Beckham, Allegheny city.

The editor of the Utica *Herald* says that he once knew a wild widow who cut out her own daughter in the good graces of her lover, and married him herself! To obtain revenge for this mean manœuvre of a rich father (of whom he was the only heir,) and actually married him, and had children, to the infinite annoyance of the other parties. This occured in Onondaga county.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Morning Post.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Deficiency Bill—The struggle between the two Houses—Mr. Campbell defending the administration—The notice to Denmark—Rivers and Harbors—Iowa Railroad Bill—Kansas matters—Enlistment question—Public Land—Political.

WASHINGTON, May 11, 1856.

The deficiency bill has became a sort of shuttlecock, driven from one branch of Congress to the other by the disagreement of the Committees of Conference. It is now in the possession of the third Committee, with some prospect of an agreement between them. As usual the questionable items are referred to a committee of three members of each body, and their action must be accepted or the bill lost. The present bill, originating in the House of Representatives, provided for deficiencies only: numerous amendments were added by the Senate, and the amount appropriated more than doubled: it is returned to the House, where some of the Senate's amendments are agreed to, and others rejected. It passed to the Senate again, when its former action is insisted on, and a Committee of Conference asked for. At this period of the session there need to be no haste in reaching a conclusion, but it is apparent that when such committee is required, on the last night of a session, to decide upon many amendments of doubtful propriety, minor considerations must yield to the pressing emergency, and an agreement arrived at, even if many objectionable measures are retained. To this mode of perfecting the appropriation bills is attributable much of the loose and imperfect legislation of Congress.

The struggle between the two Houses is over three of the Senate's amendments—one to continue the construction of the water works, another to supply deficiencies in the support of the Judiciary, and the third for deficiencies in the Quarter Master's Office—the Senate insisting and the House disagreeing. The item for the support of the Judiciary includes certain expenditures at Cincinnati in the prosecution of fugitive slaves, and of course elicited from Uncle Josh a homily against the constitutionality of the law under which they were restored to their owners. If he were President he would not execute an unconstitutional law. It was a singular result of this controversy that Mr Campbell was forced by Mr. Giddings' assault into a defence of the administration, saying that it was the President's duty to execute all the laws until they had been repealed or pronounced unconstitutional by the highest judicial authority. The deficiencies in the Quarter Master's Office were occasioned by the Indian hostilities in Oregon, and the necessity of transporting large numbers of troops and increased quantities of munitions of war to that distant territory. The appropriation for the water works is not a deficiency, but involves the whole question of their construction by the general government according to the plan upon which they have been commenced. It may be lost now, but ten to one the objection will be met in the civil and diplomatic bill on the last night of the session through the action of a Committee of Conference, in spite of the apparant and real opposition of the House of Representatives.

Two days of the past week have been devoted in the Senate to the consideration of the act of the Naval Board, one the day to the Iowa Railroad river and harbor improvements, one to the bill granting lands to certain railroads in Iowa, and another to the question moded by Mr Sumner as to the sufficiency of the notice given by our government to that of Denmark, of the abrogation of the treaty relating to the sound dues. The notice provided for in the treaty was given about a year since by the President in pursuance of a resolution of the Senate to that effect. Mr Sumner thinks the notice insufficient and claims that the joint action of both Houses of Congress is requisite to invest the President with the necessary authority to abrogate the treaty. The debate was an interesting one. The Senate will doubtless be resumed at an early day.

There is a very decided majority in both Houses in favor of river and harbor improvements, perhaps more than two thirds, if the vote on the St. Clair Flats bill may be regarded as a test on the question of the principle. The same bill which was pocketed by the President at the close of the last Congress, thus failing to become a law. If it now meets with the executive veto, it will certainly pass by the constitutional majority of two thirds. A very large number of bills of the nature are before us in the two Houses, each providing for the improvement of a single harbor, all of which will probably pass in due time. Together they will make up the identical items embraced in the bill vetoed by the President, his reasons for so doing being fully set forth in his special message of December 30th, 1854. He cannot therefore be expected to sanction them in detail, but they may now be sustained by two thirds of both Houses of Congress.

The Iowa railroad bill donates alternate sections of land for the benefit of four railroads that State, fixing the value of the reserved sections at double the minimum price. It is a very valuable concession, and will aid largely in developing the resources of this new and thriving State.

The reliable account published in the *Post* of the actual condition of affairs in Kansas, ought to satisfy reasonable men of the gross exaggerations palmed off by the Black Republicans about the territory and the violence of the pro slavery party. The attempted assassination of Sheriff Jones while in the discharge of his official duty, proclaims that the spirit of violence prevails among the free State settlers also. This is a logical sequence of the teachings of the abolitionists in Congress and in the eastern States, and of the lessons inculcated by such Divines as Reverend Henry Ward Beecher. But for the quiet would reign in Kansas, and law and order assume their proper supremacy. Immigration continued at a steady pace, and a year hence there may be sufficient population to entitle it to admission as a State under Judge Douglas' bill then the people can decide this question of slavery for themselves, and whatever may be the result, the south is pledged not to complain nor to refuse the State admission into the Union.

The English enlistment question is settled relating to Nicaragua and the reception of Paste Vijil, remain undecided. The latest information from Europe is that the English government will yield on the Mosquito protectorate, but decline to remove Mr Crampton. The ministry have suffered defeat in both houses on minor questions, and it is natural that they should wish to prolong their existence by postponing discussion on American matters as long as possible; hence the extraordinary delay in producing the correspondence in compliance with the request of Parliament. These questions, with the general dissatisfaction in England with the terms of peace granted to Russia, must lead to an entire change of ministry and perhaps to an early settlement of the disputes with this country. A reply of England to the demand for the recall of Mr. Crampton is already on its way here, his dismissal ought to take place within a week or two. Mr. Crampton, it is said, expects neither to be recalled nor dismissed, presuming that the approbation of his own government will protect him from dismissal.

The Padre Vijil is here, awaiting the decision of the administration as to his reception or rejection. The telegraphic despatches of Gen Walker's friends in New York makes known his wishes that he may be recognized. Probably further advices from Nicaragua will be waited for before there is final action in the matter; if the next steamer announces the success of Walker, his government will be recognized; if he is defeated, that will end his career in that quarter of the world.

The political cauldron continues to boil and bubble, especially in the ranks of the various factions arrayed against the Democratic party, as the "heated term" of June approaches. Four or five National Conventions are to be held during that month. The Cincinnati Convention will be followed by the seceding Know Nothings at New York; the latter by the Black Republicans at Philadelphia, and towards the end of the month by a Fillmore and Donelson Convention, for the purpose perhaps of surveying the field and uniting with other factions in a united effort against the Democratic candidate. The wish to arrange some such combination is apparent.

MERCER.

SUEING AN ARCHITECT.—The congregation of the First Reformed Dutch Church of Jersey City has sued Mr. Welch, an architect, for $25,000 damages. They employed him to furnish a plan and estimate for building a Church. He furnished an estimate, which made the cost $20,000, but the congregation, in erecting the building, has already expended $25,000, and it is as yet only half completed.

"WILD CAT" BROKERS FAILED.—The firm of Preston & Co., of Chicago, who has been largely concerned in the Wild Cat "Planters' Bank" of Dalton, Georgia, have failed and fled to parts unknown. Many of their drafts on the bank have lately been scattered Eastward. Barnes & Co., of Geneva, Ill., who were in the same connection, have also disappeared mysteriously.

POLITICAL.—It is suggested in some quarters that the Republicans nominate Kit Carson, of New Mexico, Vice President on the ticket with Fremont, for, as Fremont and Carson have both been great travelers, they ought to be able to *run* well.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA.—Dr. C. M. Jackson would seem really to have attained the highest point of convenience, beauty, and style, in mercantile architecture, in his new warehouse and office, for the sale of the celebrated Hoofland's German Bitters, 96 Arch street, below Fifth. This splended building, whose exterior has for months attracted the admiration of all who passed, by the originality and delicacy of its ornamentation, and the harmony and grace of its proportions, was opened on the 10th instant to a company of the Doctor's friends and acquaintances, who enjoyed themselves right merrilly on the occasion.

The building, which is four stories in height and 100 feet deep, contains Dr. Jackson's laboratory and office, besides one of the most tasteful and elegant sales-room we have ever seen, and a room in the rear so admirably arranged for clerks, cashier, book-keeper, etc., etc., that we thought we were going into a bank, with at least a million of capital. The front saloon is laid with alternate squares of white and black marble, and the walls are richly frescoed, and highly decorated in white and tinted arabesque. The columns of Sienna marble supporting the central arch, are admirably wrought. Indeed the whole building, inside and out, is a noble illustration of the taste and skill of American workmanship; and reflects the greatest credit upon the public spirit of the proprietor. We deem especially worthy of notice and commendation all such efforts to embellish our cities with elegant buildings, and to relieve the dull monotony of trade and professional life, by providing it with habitations light, cheerful, handsome and convenient. The business world is becoming imbued with practical ideas of art, health, and convenience; and whenever we are obliged to pick our way carefully among rubbish of old buildings being torn down, we console ourselves with the idea that we are on our way to a city of palaces. Dr. Jackson has anticipated events, and has already contributed his palace—and a lovely one it is too.—*Philada. Times.*

DIED:

On Wednesday morning, at 7 o'clock, at his residence, No. 202 Smithfield street, JOHN M'QUEWAN, in the sixty-ninth year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Mrs. Vanderbilt, No. 185 Suffolk st. says of Dr M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS:

Being unwell, and not knowing whether it proceeded from derangement of the liver, or merely hysterics, I was persuaded to purchase a box of Dr M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, and before I had used them all, was entirely relieved. I am now enjoying perfect health, and cheerfully recommend Dr M'Lane's celebrated Liver Pills to all similarly afflicted.

Purchasers will be carefully to ask for DR M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills also have the signature of Dr. C. M. M'Lane on the wrapper, all others are spurious.

Also, for sale by the whole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to I. Kidd & Co.,
No. 56 Wood street, corner of Fourth st.

Read! Read! Read!—MESSRS. A. & J. H. FAHNESTOCK:—This is to certify that I have used with a short time Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry in my family, and besides, I have witnessed its effects in others. I believe, and I can satisfactorily state, it is a most valuable medicine. I have ought to at all times have it in my house. As an infant from childhood, I have been afflicted with a severe cough, which has kept me awake nearly every night for months. I tried everything I could hear of without effect. I was induced to try your Balsam, and I am happy to say it has given me immediate and permanent relief. Yours, &c.

C. M. LANE, M. D.

Dr M. Lane's DEPURATIVE LIVER PILLS and DEPURATIVE VEGETABLE PILLS, also Dr I. Scott's Celebrated White Cedar Syrup, for sale, prepared solely under the supervision of Dr C. M. Lane, by the Medical Chemist, and Pharmaceutical Chemist, Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh.

N.B. Purchasers will be particular to ask for DR. M'LANE'S Liver Pills or Vegetable Pills.

NEW-YORK HOUSE OF MOUNTAIN HERBS,
No. 365 Washington st., Boston, Mass.

Just received from Dr. Lamont, the following Herbs, viz: Lobelia, Bloodroot, Lady's Slipper, Cayenne, Black Root, Mandrake, Virginia Snakeroot, Golden Seal, Cohosh, Ginseng, Sassafras, Wintergreen, Spikenard, Hemlock, Tansy, Pennyroyal, Balm, Sweet Marjoram, Sweet Basil, Thyme, Sweet Fennel, Sweet Flag, Sweet Cicely, Sweet Elder, Sweet Gum, Sweet Bay, Sweet Clover