The Pittsburgh Post.

SATURDAY MORNING:.....MAY 3.

FOR PRESIDENT:

JAMES BUCHANAN.

(Subject to the decision of the National Convention.)

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE SCOTT, OF COLUMBIA CO.

AUDITOR GENERAL:
JACOB FRY, Jr., OF MONTGOMERY CO.

SURVEYOR GENERAL:
TIMOTHY IVES, OF POTTER COUNTY.

CIRCULATION 40,000!

On Tuesday or Wednesday next we shall issue an extra edition of *forty thousand* copies of the Daily *Post*: and arrangements have been made by which they will be sent to as many different readers throughout western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and elsewhere.

We will insert advertisements cheap. So good a chance for advertising has never been offered to the business men of this city, and we are glad to find that they are disposed to avail themselves of it liberally. There is room left still for more advertisements and cards.

This may certify that I have purchased of Messrs. Gillmore & Montgomery Forty Thousand copies extra *Post*, which are all to be circulated the ensuing week to subscribers to various journals within Western Pennsylvania and Ohio.

CALVIN M. FITCH.

Democratic State Central Committee.

The Democratic State Central Committee of Pennsylvania will meet at Pittsburgh, at the St. Charles Hotel on Monday, the 26th of May, at 10 o'clock A. M. Important business should secure a general attendance.

J. W. FORNEY, Chairman.

THE FATAL FRIEND.

Greeley says in the *Tribune* that he is willing to support *any* candidate for the Presidency who is even moderately an abolitionist, provided only he is opposed to the democracy. Honesty, capacity, experience, all the usual qualities that commend candidates to public approbation and confidence is thrown out of the account. If a candidate can be found who is only an abolitionist and opposed to the democracy and to popular sovereignty, Horace is ready to support him.

Bad luck to the candidate that he supports. Its influence is generally far more fatal to his friends than to his enemies. His recoil is worse than his fire. Gen Scott found that out to his cost in 1852. But Horace extended the circulation of his paper, and that was all he cared about. Greeley's influence has generally proved fatal to his friends. He adopted the anti-rent doctrines some years ago, and it was a failure. He advocated the abolition of capital punishment, and from that time there has been no chance of its success. He earnestly championed the Fourite doctrines, and the whole scheme has wound up in the explosion of a few free love associations. He volunteered aid to the woman's rights movement, and it has failed to accomplish any thing and is pretty much abandoned. He undertook to make Gen Scott President, and the General actually carried four States out of thirty-one. He then undertook to dissolve the whig party and get up a great northern anti-slavery party that would make Mr. Seward President. He has got his party, but it is so weak that Mr. Seward is afraid to run as its candidate. With Mr. Buchanan as the democratic candidate, we do not believe Mr. Greeley's "republican" party will carry more than *two* of the northern states, and of course none of the southern. We would concede to it Massachusetts and Vermont, and no more. Mr. Buchanan would probably carry every state but those two, and those we hope he will not get. It would be pretty strong evidence that there was something wrong about our candidate if he received the electoral vote of the "old Bay State."

Mr. Greeley has for the last [illegible] vocated high protective tariff. The tariff has been greatly reduced within that time, and there is talk of further reduction. If Greeley keeps writing against it it will probably be done. He has for fifteen years earnestly opposed the acquisition of territory. Within that time we have acquired territory enough to make eight or ten new states. Such has hitherto been the fatal influence of the *Tribune's friendship*. It has either been perpetually wrong, or else a majority of the people were.

Judging from the past it would be pretty safe to reason in regard to the future as follows: The *Tribune* urges a civil war in Kansas, *therefore* there will be none. The *Tribune* wants an abolitionist for President, *therefore* we shall not have one. The *Tribune* has advocated a dissolution of the Union, *therefore* the Union is safe. It wants the democracy defeated this year, *therefore* it will triumph.

VICE PRESIDENCY.—North Carolina has presented the name of James C. Dobbin as a candidate for the Vice Presidency. He is the present Secretary of the Navy; and amid all the storm of abuse that has been heaped upon this administration, not one word has been uttered against him. He has distinguished himself by his untiring zeal in the work of naval reform, and in every measure he was authorized to pursue to increase the efficiency of that right arm of our national defence. The six war steamers authorized to be built by the late Congress will all be completed probably in less than ten months, and will be among the most formidable war vessels afloat. Mr Dobbin gave close personal attention to the matter, and the result will be an important addition to our naval force. Mr. Dobbin has been emphatically a working member of the cabinet, and enjoys a high reputation for ability. With Buchanan as the candidate for the Presidency it will be the right of the South to name the candidate for Vice President; and we shall cheerfully support such a man as Mr. Dobbin, Mr Boyd, Mr. Rush, Mr. Cobb, or any other sound national democrat.

DON'T LIKE IT.—It is very apparent that the other morning papers of this city don't like our account of the disturbance in Kansas, which we gave in full from an eye-witness and in advance of them all. It is hard to be compelled by such a witness to believe the truth before the Presidential election comes off. A falsehood would be much more convenient for electioneering purposes. But when a traveler can come clear through from Lecompton, the capital of Kansas, to Pittsburgh *in five days*, the truth can follow up a lie pretty fast. The guns will be all spiked long before November. Falsehood may succeed for a time, but a reaction is sure to come, and it has already come. The gross fabrications in regard to Kansas affairs are one by one exposed until the people will hereafter believe very little that the abolition presses say in regard to that territory. They have cried *wolf* so long that sensible people will heed the cry no longer. The results of all recent elections over the country show the general disgust that is felt at the attempt to flood the country with falsehoods in regard to Kansas affairs.

BLACKWOOD FOR APRIL.—We have been furnished by W. A. Gildenfenney & Co., and H. Miner & Co., with the last number of Blackwood. The articles are only eight in number, but they are of sterling character. The leading article, entitled "The laws concerning Women," is a very able and ingenius defence of the present social organization.

IT WILL be seen by the notice in this paper that the State Central Committee is called to meet at the St. Charles Hotel in this city on the 26th inst. There will no doubt be a full attendance.

A GREAT PROJECT.—It is now proposed to erect a line of telegraph from St. Petersburgh to San Francisco. There is peace in Russia now, and one of the most enlightened men of the age rules over that great Empire. He has got rid of a profitless war and will devote all his power and capacity to the developement of the resources of his Empire. Railroads, telegraphs and canals are to be extended throughout his dominions; and among other things a telegraph line is proposed extending from St. Petersburgh on the Baltic to Kamschatka. Kamschatka, so long considered the very fag end of the world, is becoming a region of considerable importance. The trade opened with Japan and the East Indias by the Emperor will probably be mainly carried on through the ports of Kamschatka and Manchooria. It hence becomes important to connect those regions more immediately with the capital of the Empire. A line of telegraph is the first means. A railroad will probably follow, and may be completed before our Pacific railroad is in use. But when the telegraph is constructed it is proposed to extend it up north eastward to Bhering's Straits and thence across to the American continent. Through Russian America, British America, and Washington and Oregon territories and the State of California, it could reach San Francisco. Such is the project: and there will yet be found the capital and the enterprise to complete it.

YOUNG MAN SHOT DOWN IN THE STREET.—A young man named Richard Singleton was shot down in the street in Cincinnati on Sunday night last, by a person named John Kain. It appears Kain's daughter sometime before had been seduced by a fellow called Paddy Hughes against whom the former swore vengeance and armed himself with a couple of double barreled pistols to carry out his design. An evening or two after, he met his daughter on the street in company with a young man whom he fired at shooting him through the back of the head and it is thought wounding him mortally. Kain is said to be a man of violent passions.

FRUIT TREES INJURED.—The Steubenville, Ohio, *Union* learns that the destruction of the peach crop by the severe frost of the past winter appears to have been general in that section. Many of the trees have been killed outright, some again have the upper limbs killed, and others are uninjured; but the destruction of the fruit buds is almost universal. The trees that have not been killed are putting out leaves, but there are no blossoms. The same is true of plum trees. Apples appear not to have been injured to any great degree, and the trees are blooming, with the appearance of a good crop.

THE bloody assault upon American citizens at Panama is likely to be speedily punished by our government. Congress has taken up the matter; the President has promised to send a naval force to demand redress, or inflict a stern punishment. Treat Panama as Greytown was treated, and our citizens will never be slaughtered in that manner again.

MURDER IN WHEELING.—A fight took place on the wharf in Wheeling, on Tuesday night, between two Irishmen named Conesle and Givens, which resulted in the former stabbing the latter with a knife in the region of the heart. Givens died in a short time. Conesle was arrested and committed to answer for the murder.

NEWSPAPER IMPROVEMENT.—The Cincinnati *Enquirer*, one of the best papers on our exchange list, has passed into other hands recently, and been enlarged and otherwise greatly improved. It is a credit to the Queen City, and should, as we have no doubt it will, be fully sustained by the business community.

On the morning of May 1st, a destructive fire occurred in New York at the depot of the Harlem and New Haven railroad, by which $100,000 worth of property was destroyed, and several hundred hands thrown out of employment.

ANOTHER large manufactory of Indian corn is about to be established in the Sciota Valley. A company at Columbus, Ohio, it is reported, are to put up buildings and machinery sufficient to work up six hundred bushels of corn a day.

A PEAR TREE more than two hundred years old was cut down in New Haven recently. It stood in Crown street, and was transplanted from England in the early days of the colony.

THE Democratic State Convention of Maryland met in Baltimore on the 30th of April, and passed a resolution recommending the nomination of James Buchanan by a vote of 81 to 9.

The village of Gowanda, Cattaraugus county, N. Y., was almost entirely destroyed by fire on the evening of Thursday.

THE STATE SENATE.—Of the eleven State Senators whose terms expired with the last session, seven are Democrats, three Americans, and one Whig. We subjoin the list:

1. Philadelphia city, *Eli K. Price*, (Whig.)
2. Philadelphia county, *Henry C. Pratt.*
11. Adams and Franklin, *David Mellinger.*
13. Cumberland and Perry, Samuel Wherry.
15. Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon, John Cresswell, Jr.
16. Columbia, Montour and Luzerne, Charles R. Buckalew.
17. Bradford, Susquehanna and Wyoming, Wm. M. Piatt.
19. Mercer, Venango and Warren, Thomas Hoge.
21. Beaver, Butler and Lawrence, *John Ferguson.*
22. Allegheny, Jonas R. M'Clintock.
25. Indiana, Armstrong and Clarion, S. S. Jamison.

CONGRESS—By reference to our candidates department, it will be seen that Alexander M'Kinney, Esq., is presented to the Democracy of this Congressional District as a candidate for Congress. Mr. M'Kinney has been, from manhood, the inflexible and enthusiastic friend of James Buchanan, the greatest statesman living. We believe he will have no competitor in this county, and should he get the nomination, he will receive the cordial support of all the admirers of that great and good man, and the cause would have the advantage of his zeal and ability on the stump during the canvass. We feel assured he would be able to take the starch out of any one that could be scared up to stump it in opposition to James Buchanan.

The above we extract from the Westmoreland *Argus*. We are not only glad to learn that Mr. M'Kinney has consented to permit his name to be used in the present canvass, but that the editor of the *Argus* is more friendly to the gentleman named than in 1850. Mr. M'Kinney would make a useful and accomplished member, qualities sadly wanting in that district of latter years.

We cut the following items from the Washington correspondence of the New York *Herald*:

Hon. Humphrey Marshall will shortly offer a resolution, calling for information whether the English and French governments aided Costa Rica in her contest with Nicaragua.

Mr. Peck of Michigan, Mr. Evans of Texas, and Mr. Keitt of South Carolina, will follow up General Quitman, and support his views in favor of abolishing the neutrality laws. These are the men who strengthen Gen. Quitman's position.

The American party in Congress are now holding a caucus to discuss the Panama riots and determine on the propriety of adopting, as a plank in their platform, the abolition of the neutrality laws.

KNOW SOMETHINGS.—There are two great classes in the community, the Know Nothings and the Know Somethings. The former are the most numerous at present, but the latter are fast increasing. Among other things, they know something that will speedily cure the most troublesome Cough, relieve pains in the side and breast, check night sweats, stop spitting of blood, and entirely relieve that whole train of ugly symptoms which are looked upon as the fore-runners of consumption. The pass-word to health is, "Dr. Rogers' Syrup of Liverwort, Tar, and Canchalagua." Friend, remember this—practice upon it, and you will be a true Know Something.

—Timber in France is dyed by various colors being mixed with water, and poured over by the root of the tree. The sap is the medium through which the fluid is conveyed. It forms a kind of delicate pump, up which the artery particles run with great rapidity.

From the Philadelphia Bulletin of Thursday.

TERRIBLE CONFLAGRATION.

FIFTY STORES AND DWELLINGS DESTROYED.

ONE FIREMAN KILLED—ANOTHER MORTALLY WOUNDED.

ESTIMATED LOSS MORE THAN A MILLION OF DOLLARS.

Last night, about 12 o'clock, a fire broke out in the northern end of the large rag and paper warehouse of Messrs. Jessup and Moore, on the south side of East North street, below Sixth. The wind was blowing freshly from the northeast at the time, and the flames were carried through with fearful rapidity to the outer extremity of the store on Commerce street. This large structure was speedily enveloped in flames, which were carried by the force of the wind against the buildings adjoining, and they were soon in a light blaze.

To add to the disastrous effects of the fire the burning rags and paper were vomited forth from the windows and carried on the wind in a Southwesterly direction, where they fell in a fiery shower. The firemen were soon in service, but it was speedily manifest that all the buildings West of the paper store to Sixth street, and south to Market street, must be involved in destruction. The State House bell was immediately struck for a general alarm, and its constant strokes brought to the ground the entire department of the city.

The worst fears were soon realized. The buildings on the south side of East North street, and upon both sides of Commerce street, were soon in a light blaze, the Market street stores extended back to the last named street, and the flames were soon pouring out of the windows on to that avenue and threatening to extent to Chestnut street. By 2 o'clock, the Western end of the block bounded by Market, North and Sixth streets was in flames, and the wind had carried the burning flakes into the block immediately west of the main body of the conflagration. Back of the western side of Sixth street, a large school house belonging to the Society of Friends, a carpenter shop, and several small dwellings, were in flames and burning furiously.

The roofs of two large stores on the lower side of Market street, below Sixth, took fire, and the roofs of two buildings on the west side of Sixth street, below Market, were in flames by half past three o'clock.

The scene was now most frightful—the flames shot up high into the air, illuminating the entire city, and threatening to destroy entire blocks to the windward. Commerce and Fourth streets were in flames, and fire was raging upon both sides of Market and Sixth streets. The wind, which was increasing in strength, was carrying a fiery shower to a great distance; all around the scene of devastation persons were hurrying away their families and goods to places of safety. The firemen, bewildered and distracted at the insufficiency of the means at their commands in comparison with the vastness of the field of exertion before them, struggled manfully with the destroying element, and under the judicious command of their officers did the best they could.

The fire continued to spread until after daylight, and when the sun rose a sickening scene of destruction was exhibited. Every building on the north side of Market street, from the unfinished iron structure at No. 219, to Sixth street, was in ruins, and most of the houses on the east side of Sixth street to North street, were down. The western side of North and Commerce streets were in ruins, while night gaps were made in the blocks south and west of the bounds described. Some fifty buildings were destroyed, many of them stores of great value.

THE PROPERTY DESTROYED.

Below we furnish a list of the property destroyed, so far as it can be ascertained in the confusion that exists. It is, of course, impossible at this time to give any definite idea of the losses, amount of insurance, &c., but it is roughly estimated that the loss will exceed a million of dollars.

MARKET STREET—NORTH STREET.

No. 219 is an unfinished iron frontied storehouse. This building was greatly endangered, but it escaped destruction.

No. 221 A four story brick store occupied by Bagaley, Woodward & Co., wholesale grocers and dealers in produce. This building was entirely destroyed. Most of its contents were saved. Fully insured. The building was owned by the occupants.

No. 223 A handsome brown stone store occupied by Wilcock, Rogers & Fraley, dealers in straw goods. This structure was entirely destroyed, and most of the contents shared the same fate. The building extended through to Commerce street.

Lerick Brothers & Co., dealers in shoes, occupied the same building. Their heavy stock was entirely destroyed.

No. 225 was a new and splendid brown stone store, five stories in height, and extending through from Market to Commerce street. It was just leased to Messrs. Truitt & Bro., and they had about $25,000 worth of hardware in it. The building, which was totally destroyed, was valued at $40,000.

No. 229. W. W. Knight, hardware merchant, building and greater portion of stock destroyed.

No. 231, Edward Lemon & Co., clothing store. Totally destroyed.

The northeast corner of Sixth and Market streets was a very large five story building. It was occupied by a number of tenants, among whom were M. Walker & Sons, manufacturers of lime work. It was entirely

MARKET STREET—SOUTH SIDE.

No. 185, Eby, Conyghan & Herr, grocers.

No. 70, Conover & Brothers, shoe dealers. The roofs of these buildings were destroyed.

The drug store at the corner of Market and Decatur streets took fire, but the flames were soon checked.

COMMERCE STREET.

Several buildings are down in Commerce street. Some of them were the rear ends of Market street stores. Supple, packing box maker, and John Mooney, gilder, were among the sufferers on this street.

SIXTH STREET.

The large building on the northeast corner of Market and Sixth streets, extended up a considerable distance towards Commerce street.

Above this structure came the following, which were destroyed:

No. 7, J. Burr Moore, hosiery, &c.

No. 9, R. C. Walborn, Gentlemen's Furnishing store.

No. 11, Bertram & Co., Perfumers.

No. 13, The Sixth Street House.

No. 15, Fisher & Co., books and stationery.

No. 17, Southern corner of Commerce street, occupied by a number of persons as offices.

Northeast corner of Commerce street, Pennypacker & Flinn, Grocers.

No. 21, Hen Tennent's Tin and Iron store.

No. 23, J. M. Kelly, Tailor.

No. 25, J. D. Williamson, Carver and Gilder.

No. 27, John R. Bauer, Piano Store.

No. 29, George Bruder, Boot and Shoe Store. Dr. T. Cook, Medicine Store.

No. 31, A. M. Hollingsworth, Stationery and Paper.

No. 33, I. H. O'Hara, Tailor.

No. 35, Charles Shoemaker, Tailor.

No. 37, J. W. Williams, Artists' materials.

No. 39, F. H. Shoemaker, Tailor.

At the corner of East North street, W. R. Acton, Tailor.

On Sixth street, below Market, Sullender & Pascall, Hatters, and a Music Store adjoining, No. 8.

ST. JAMES STREET.

A German tavern, and a number of small dwellings were destroyed.

A large school house standing back from this street belonging to the Society of Friends, was entirely destroyed.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

On the north side of Commerce street the loss is very heavy. No. 46 was occupied by C. C. Davies & Co., as a paper warehouse. The stock was very heavy, and was valued at $40,000. There was an insurance of $25,000. The building belonged to Mr. Joseph Seal. The destruction of the building and goods was complete.

Myers & Suplee, packing-box makers, were at No. 47. Their establishment was entirely destroyed.

John G. Carter, cooper shop, was also upon this side of the street. It was totally destroyed.

Adjoining was the button manufactory of Samuel Croft. The dwelling of this building was occupied by James Carpenter. It was destroyed.

On the south side of Commerce street several small dwellings were destroyed.

J. Mooney & Co., who occupied a portion of the building No. 49 Commerce street, estimated the loss in their establishment at $5,000. Of this $1,000 belonged to other parties. Insured for $1,500.

The building in which the fire commenced was owned by Jessup & Moore. It was built in 1853 at a cost of $23,000. It was five stories in height, and extended back one hundred feet in depth, and covered two lots, Nos. 24 and 26. The edifice was of the most substantial description, and was designed to be fire-proof. The owners had a portion only of their stock in this store. The first floor of No. 26 was occupied by Feinour & Nixon, paper dealers. The fire is believed to have commenced in their counting room.

Jessup & Moore had but $8,000 insurance upon their building. Their stock was insured for $22,000, but the loss will exceed that amount considerably.

A large portion of the property destroyed upon Sixth street, belonged to Mr. Michael T. Clark, shoe dealer in Market street. That gentleman owned the large building at the northeast corner of Sixth and Market sts., and also the buildings between that and No. 11 north Sixth, inclusive. He also owned Nos. 33, 35, 37 and 39, and the property around the southeast corner of North street to the property of Jessup & Moore. His loss, it is believed, is mostly covered by insurance.

The School House for Friends, that was destroyed in St. James street, was a very substantial building. It was owned by the orthodox branch of the society. A carpenter shop which adjoined the school house was occupied by Messrs. Cooper & Beck.

During the morning Davis S. Rush, the President of the Friendship Engine Company, was caught by a falling wall and badly crushed. It was first thought that he was killed, but he escaped with his life, although he was very seriously bruised. No bones were broken.

Mr. Groff was killed while standing on the roof of a store on the north side of Commerce street. A wall fell over and crushed him.

No. 223 Market street, was a handsome brown stone store, occupied by Wilcock, Rogers & Fraley, dealers in straw goods. Their stock was almost entirely destroyed; loss heavy. This building was also occupied by Lerick & Brother, shoe dealers; a portion of their stock was saved; they were fully insured. This building was entirely destroyed: it was valued at about $40,000. The entire loss at this building will not fall short of $200,000, although the stock of the occupants was considerably diminished by the spring sales.

About 2½ o'clock this morning the roof of the building on the southeast corner of Walnut street and Raspberry alley, caught fire from the sparks scattered from the fire in Market street, but the flames were extinguished before the building was seriously injured.

The splendid new store, No. 227 Market street, below Sixth, belonged to Mr. Caleb Cope. It was finished within a month or two. It was considered one of the finest architectural ornaments of the street. The Market street front was of elaborately carved brown stone, and the rear and upon Commerce street, was of ornamental brick work. This splendid structure was furnished with iron doors and shutters, and for a long time it resisted the fire. But the perfect sea of flame that beats against it, upon three sides, finally worked into the building, and it was totally destroyed. The walls fell one after another, until the whole was levelled with the ground. Messrs. Truitt & Brothers, hardware merchants, had leased the building, and they were just moving into it. Their stock of goods that had been moved in was valued at $25,000. The building was worth about $40,000. The loss here was complete. We learn that the greater part of it is covered by insurance.

The firemen exerted themselves most nobly during the continuance of the conflagration, and toiled with almost superhuman endurance to check the flames. Their labors were attended with the most imminent risk to life and limb, but they maintained their posts in the face of the most appalling dangers. Several of the brave fellows were badly hurt while in the performance of their duty, but, with the single sad exception already named, we have heard of no lives being lost.

The scene about Sixth and Chestnut streets, since daylight, has been of the most melancholy description. On all sides, walls were crumbling, or were being thrown down by the firemen. The flames, although checked, were burning briskly among the ruins. When we went to press, flakes of fire were still flying thickly from the ruins of the paper stores, but a rain that prevailed during the forenoon quited the apprehensions of danger from this cause.

Several fire companies from Germantown and Nicetown came to the city and went into service. Their aid was needed.

The wires of the Fire Alarm Telegraph were broken at Sixth and Market streets.

The fellow who stabbed Bartley, is said to have been a member of the Moyamensing Hose Company. He escaped. Several members of the last named company, it is alleged, made an attack on the injured man at the time the wound was inflicted.

The origin of the fire is wrapped in mystery. No fire was used in the spot where the flames originated.

In the minor chaotic confusion that prevails, it is utterly impossible to do more than make an approximate estimate of the amount of the loss. Those who are competent to judge, are of opinion that it will reach a million of dollars, while others fix it at a much higher figure. We believe it will be inside of a million.

From the Boston Saturday Evening Gazette.

A PERFUMED BARBER.—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers*" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster. Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of the "Balm" on your tooth brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers*." It will remove *tan, pimples, and freckles* from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseate hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY.—Wet your shaving brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," rub the beard well and it will make a beautiful soft lather much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only fifty cents. For sale by Fetridge & Co., proprietors, and B. A. Fahnestock & Co., Fleming Bros., R. E. Sellers & Co., Dr. G. H. Keyser and H. Miner & Co., Pittsburgh, and Lee & Beckham, Allegheny city.

Worms! Worms!!—Various theories have been started, relative to the origin of intestinal worms, and the question is still a vexed one among medical men. One fact, however, all are unfortunate and in which all agree—the fatal nature of the influence they exert on children. At this season of the year, the attacks of worms are most frequent as well as most dangerous. We take great pleasure in directing the attention of parents to the Vermifuge of Dr. M Lane, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh. It is one of the most extraordinary medicines ever introduced to the public, and has never failed of success when used.

Parents will be careful to ask for Dr M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison, are worthless. Dr M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable places throughout the country.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Apothecaries to the Market,
No. 60 Wood street, corner of Fourth.

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A CARD.

☞ We have just received our Spring stock of Goods, consisting of Gents' Otter, Beaver and Silk Hats; Gents and Youth's soft Hats of all colors, also, a large assortment of Spring styles of Caps and Straw Hats. Our friends, and the public generally, who have so liberally patronized us the last season, will find fresh inducements to favor us with their calls. Please do so, and do yourselves and us good, our motto is "Quick Sales and Light Profits."

MORGAN & CO., No. 164 Wood street,
Next door to the new Church.

my3 One door from Sixth street.

☞ Extract of a Letter from Brigadier General Fairfax, of Virginia, late member of the House of Delegates

KINGWOOD, Va., February 6, 1856.

Dr I Scott & Co.—Sirs A short time since, a small child in my family, about 17 months old, was taken quite sick with a bad cough and high fever. I obtained a vial of your Dr. M Lane's Improved Vermifuge, from Mr. J. C. Murray, our town, and gave agreeable to directions, which relieved from him, in all, over *Sixty large Worms*. I think it a very valuable medicine. The child soon recovered, and is now in very good health. BUCKNER FAIRFAX

Dr McLane's IMPROVED Liver Pills and IMPROVED Vermifuge, also Dr. I. Scott's Celebrated White Cincassan Liniment, prepared solely under the supervision of Dr. I. Scott, a regular Medical graduate, and Physician of extensive practice. None genuine, only as prepared by Dr I. Scott & Co., Bank Place, Morgantown, Virginia.

NEWS FROM THE FOUNTAIN HEAD!

MORGANTOWN, Va., Sept. 12, 1855.

This is to certify, That I have examined the Recipe for preparing McLane's Improved Vermifuge and Improved Liver Pills by Dr. I. Scott, who has been in the habit of preparing and using my original medicines in my office during the last thirteen years, and that I believe he has improved them. I make the above statement the more willingly as I have no interest in them whatever. C. McLANE, M. D.

Dr McLane's IMPROVED Vermifuge and IMPROVED Liver Pills, accompanied by certificate of C. McLane, for sale by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.

DR. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., Wholesale Agent.

Dr. J. P. FLEMING, Allegheny, near Railroad Depot, Wholesale Agent. ap26daweow

☞ Opinions of the Press—The following is from the Post P. Morris, in the Home Journal, of Nov 7, 1846: All editors profess to be the guardians of the rights of the people, and to keep them advised, through their columns, of whatever shall arise for their benefit. We will live up to this letter, and inform them that the most wonderful and valuable medicine for their general use ever invented, is "DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR." Its virtues are so rare, mighty and eccentric, that often they appear to work more like miracles than by science, so effective, electric and astounding are its powers on the human body, that, though now it is daily tried by thousands of people, not one of this great mass but is delighted beyond comparison, and candidly confess they, on no consideration, will ever again be without it. The inventor, MR. H. DALLEY, has wisely kept the secret to himself. Counterfeits are base, absurd it, but without success. Its overwhelming merits defy all competition, and its peculiarities analysis. We confidently commend all parents to seek its acquaintance, for surely such a friend, who laughs at death and suffering, restores the blind, lame, halt and scarred to perfection, and all from pain, is "a friend indeed." We wish the discoverer of this mighty blessing, who is a real benefactor to mankind, God speed.

None genuine without a steel-plate engraved label, with signatures of

HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer,
C. V. CLICKENER & CO., Manufacturers.

Sold at 25 cents per box by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and by nearly every dealer in medicines throughout the United States. All orders or letters for information or advice, to be addressed to C. V. KLICKENER & CO., New York, ap29:daw2w

☞ Peruvian Febrifuge, FOR THE PREVENTION AND CURE OF FEVER AND AGUE.—It relieves with wonderful rapidity every disorder incidental to the biliary functions. It effectually stops the chills and subdues the fever, restoringvates the system, improves the appetite, allays irritation, gives elasticity to the spirits, and infuses a vigorous vitality, which soon restores the patient to perfect health. In no case has it failed of cure, and one bottle has often effectually cured four to six persons. Others have been cured by this preparation after failure of Quinine, and every other known remedy. It leaves no unpleasant symptoms after a cure has been effected. A single trial will convince any one of its superiority over other remedies.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., and by Druggists generally. ap29:1w

☞ Why will you Suffer, WHEN RELIEF CAN BE SO EASILY OBTAINED!—Have you a Sore Throat, Quinsy, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Bronchitis, Croup, Stiff Joints, Fresh Bites, Burns, Sprains, or Pains in any part of your system? You can be relieved at once by using the most beautiful of all Liniments, the "*White Cincassian Liniment*," prepared by Dr. SCOTT, of Morgantown, Va., and for sale cheap, wholesale and retail, by Dr. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and JAS. P. FLEMING, near R. R. Depot, Allegheny. See advertisement in another column of to-day's paper. [mw4:1m

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

DR. CALVIN M. FITCH,

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM EUROPE, would announce to his patients, and others in Western Pennsylvania, that he will visit Pittsburgh early in the ensuing month, and that those wishing to avail themselves of his system of treating

Throat and Pulmonary Diseases,

MORE PARTICULARLY

CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA

AND

CHRONIC BRONCHITIS

By Medicinal Inhalations, Mechanical and Constitutional Remedies,

Will thus have an opportunity so to do.

DR. FITCH will remain in PITTSBURGH from THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL THIRD, TO SATURDAY EVENING, MAY TENTH.

During which time he may be consulted daily (Sabbath excepted) from the hours of TEN TO FOUR, at his Rooms at the

ST. CLAIR HOTEL,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, (entrance on Penn st.) For all forms of incipient or seated DISEASE OF THE LUNGS, and for all derangements of the system proceeding or giving rise to Pulmonary Disease, particularly

Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, and Female Complaints.

Persons wishing to consult, but unable to visit DR. FITCH, can do so by sending him a written statement of their case, to which a prompt answer will be returned, giving opinion of case and stating expense of treatment. A PERSONAL EXAMINATION ALWAYS PREFERRED.

DR. FITCH'S associate, Dr. J. W. SYKES, will be with, to assist him, during the four last weeks of his appointment.—It is desirable that persons wishing his treatment, should consult him early, that he may have them in charge as long as possible.

DR. CALVIN M. FITCH wishes it expressly understood that he has no longer any business connection with Dr. S. S. FITCH, and would call attention to the Card which he found himself called upon to publish immediately on his return from Europe. mh24-d&w

AN OPPORTUNITY TO ADVERTISE

40,000 OF AN EDITION!

THE UNDERSIGNED intend issuing an edition of 40,000 copies of the "POST" extra, during the present week.

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS should avail themselves of the present opportunity to ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISEMENTS may be handed in until Friday.

ap29 GILLMORE & MONTGOMERY.

SHINGLE MACHINE.

Kendall's Patent IMPROVED Double Acting River & Shaver.

THE attention of Shingle and Lumber dealers, speculators and others, is directed to this invaluable invention, which is now presented to the public as the *first* and *only* practical machine extant, for Riving and Shaving Shingles.

Various *cutting* and *sawing* machines have been invented for making Shingles, but it is a well known fact that Shingles cut or sawed across the grain are quite too flimsy for roofing purposes. Numerous inventions have recently appeared for riving and shaving, and these have all been condemned as worthless, from their imperfect method of riving, which consists of splitting from the side of the block but one shingle, which almost invariably runs off. This difficulty is entirely obviated by

KENDALL'S MACHINE,

Which first splits from the side of the block a piece thick enough for two shingles, which is separated in the centre, and by means of elastic guides each part is conducted through a pair of approximating knives, which completes the operation, thus producing two shingles at every revolution.

This machine will rive and shave from the block three thousand shingles per hour, of uniform thickness and taper, superior in solidity and durability to those made by hand or any other process.

Its operations are by no means confined to pine and other soft wood, but works to equal advantage oak, walnut, and every other description of timber that can be split.

The workings of the machine can be examined at H. H. Ryan's Furniture Buildings, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

To lumber dealers, shingle dealers, and men of enterprise, this opens a new field for speculation, as there is no similar invention extant.

The machine occupies but a small space, is of durable construction, and costs but about two hundred and eighty dollars, and a man and two boys can make from 20,000 to 30,000 shingles per day, with about three horse power.

For right of territory, or machines, inquire at No. 81 FIFTH street, or head of the City Hotel.

☞ All needed information will be forwarded by letter, when desired. [mh26:2m] ADONIKAM KENDALL.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK,

IMPORTER & DEALER IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE.

No. 83 Wood street, between Diamond alley and Fourth street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ THE subscriber is now opening a well selected assortment of foreign and domestic Hardware, all new, and will sell on as good terms as any other house in this city. He will always keep on hand a general assortment of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CARPENTERS' TOOLS, &c.,

to which he respectfully invites the attention of purchasers.

mh29 SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

PEKIN TEA STORE,

No. 38 FIFTH STREET,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE EXCHANGE BANK,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

GREEN & BLACK TEAS

Purchased direct from the importers for CASH. The stock consists of all the different flavors and grades of TEA to be found in a first class Tea Store.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT THE

VERY LOWEST CASH PRICES!

PACKED TEAS, PUT UP IN METALIC PACKETS, expressly for the trade.

TEAS OF ALL GRADES, BY THE HALF CHEST.

COFFEE, SUGAR, COCOA and CHOCOLATE of the best brands, for sale.

Long experience in the business is a sure guarantee that every article sold will be as represented.

☞ GREENBACKS AT PAR.

ROBERT, BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT, FOR THE SALE OF DR JAYNE'S FAMILY MEDICINES. S. JAYNES.

Pittsburgh, March 25, 1856—(mh25:2m)

HENRY H. COLLINS,

Produce and Commission Merchant,

No. 25 Wood Street.

mh18:3m PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALEX FORSYTH JOHN SCOTT.

FORSYTH & SCOTT,

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Dealers in Wool, Hides, Flour,

BACON, LARD AND LARD OIL,

☞ *AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.* ☜

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Lewis & Co., Pittsburgh. Barnet, Nesbitt & Garretson, "
Joseph E. Elder, St. Louis. Phila.
Thomas & Greenes, Bankers, Holmes & Connell, Cincinnati.
Salem, Ohio. [feb13:y] A. D. Bullock & Co.

WILLIAMS & ALLEN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CHILSON FURNACES,

Wrought Iron Tubing,

AND FITTING GENERALLY.

For Warming and Ventilating Buildings.

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LARD, LARD OIL,
DRIED BEEF,
SUGAR-CURED and CANVASSED HAMS.

A large stock always on hand at

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PEARL STEAM MILL,

ALLEGHENY.

☞ FLOUR DELIVERED TO FAMILIES in either of the two Cities.

ORDERS may be left at the Mill, or in boxes at the stores of

LOGAN, WILSON & CO., 62 Wood street.
BRAUN & RITTER, cor. Liberty and St. Clair streets.
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jy29 **BRYAN,