The Pittsburgh Post.

FRIDAY MORNING.....APRIL 11.

FOR PRESIDENT:

JAMES BUCHANAN.

(Subject to the decision of the National Convention.)

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE SCOTT, OF COLUMBIA CO.

AUDITOR GENERAL:
JACOB FRY, Jr., MONTGOMERY CO.

SURVEYOR GENERAL:
TIMOTHY IVES, POTTER COUNTY.

DIVISION OF MEXICO.

A project is on foot to divide the Mexican nation, and form out of its northern States a republic. The twelve northern States that will probably combine for a separate organization are Jalisco, Durango Queratora, San Louis Potosi, Chihuahau, New Leon, Tamanlipas, Sonora, Sinaloa Zacetieas, Aguascalientes, and Guanajuata, and probably Lower California. These States constitute nearly three-fourths of the whole area of Mexican territory, and yet contain less than one-third of the population. A considerable portion of their population, too, consists of Indians and mixed breeds. But the soil of a large portion of it is excellent, and in the possession of the European or North America races of people would become wealthy and very productive. They contain vast mineral treasures also, which North American energy and enterprise will yet possess and develope.

It is said that this scheme of founding a North Mexican nation is urged and encouraged by Texans, and is favorably received by a large portion of the people of the States included in the project.

It is certain that the people of those States derive no protection or benefit from the feeble government in the city of Mexico. That government has no power to protect them from Indian depredations, and no power to promote their welfare in any way. It can but tax them, and spend the money in the capital.

The formation of a northern republic out of the northern States of Mexico is probably but a first step towards annexation to the United States. Some of those northern States are now inviting Americans, Germans, Hungarians and Europeans generally to settle in them, and offering free lands to colonists. It is said that a plan of colonizing Germans on a large scale is already organized, by which several thousand Germans are to be settled in Mexico within the present year, some of them going from the United States.

POSITION SOUTH.

The silly babblers about slavery cannot be said to "play upon a harp of a thousand strings." Their harp has but one string; and they saw upon it so incessantly that it will be worn out and broken long before November next. A Democrat can't blow his nose now without some Abolition paper saying it was done to "strengthen his position in the South." A Democratic sneeze is a "Pro-Slavery" act. Let a Democrat take a pinch of snuff and he is a "dough-face."

Thus the *Gazette* of yesterday says that since Mr. Buchanan has expressed himself as opposed to the restoration of the Missouri line, "he has greatly strengthened his position in the South."

Now, although we know not what we are to gain by it, we are disposed to "strengthen our position in the South," and we therefore declare our entire hostility to the restoration of the Missouri line. We hope it will never be restored, and we are very sure it never will be. And it is quite certain that the Abolitionists themselves don't want it restored. About two weeks ago a resolution was introduced into the Lower House of the Ohio Legislature, declaring that the Missouri line should be revived. The resolution was voted down by that Freesoil body two to one.

Were the members *elect* in the South, it looks very much like it according to woolly-head logic.

Large Importations.

For the first three months of last year the importation of goods into New York was very small. It amounted, during the months of January, February and March, to but $35,200,366, which was twelve millions less than in the first three months of 1854. But this year the imports have largely increased. During the last three months they amounted to $51,371 one or sixteen and a half *million* March alone this year, and imports were over $20,000,000, while last year there were but $10,000,000. For the the same months, ending with March last, the whole amount of imports was $141,784,114. In 1854, in the same time, they were two millions more. In 1855 twenty millions less.

The Eastern papers were predicting a great increase in all branches of business, and a time of unsurpassed prosperity; and they think the return of peace will have a most favorable effect upon all branches of trade and manufacturers.

The New York *Herald* says:

"The pacification of Europe, a new start in all the glorious enterprises of peace, with the many solid and substantial advantages which we possess over all competitors, are certainly calculated to inaugurate among us a splendid commercial and financial jubilee."

Coal and Lumber Trade.

The steam tow boat "Boone" left yesterday with eight barges in tow, containing 76000 bushels of coal, for Cincinnati.

The "Geo. Albree" with four barges containing 45,000 bushels for St. Louis.

The "Active" with one coal barge and one of coke, about 20,000 bushels. The "Jas. B. Guthrie" left on Monday with four barges having about 45,000 bushels; and carrying also 400 tons of iron and nails.

Steamer "Shingiss" left yesterday with eight barges, loaded with 1,600,000 feet of lumber for the St. Louis market. The boat gets $7 per thousand for taking it round, furnishing its own barges.

The Alex. Wilson also left with 6 barges, with about 50,000 bushels of coal.

In the Democratic City Convention of Philadelphia, on the 8th inst., Richard Vaux was nominated for Mayor by acclamation. Mr. Vaux ran for the same office before against Conrad. Now let us see by the result this time what changes have occurred in the political character of the Philadelphians. The democrats have got an excellent candidate, and we predict his triumphant election.

MORE SIGNS.—The municipal election held in Portsmouth Virginia, on Saturday last, resulted in the election of Dr. James G. Hodges, the democratic candidate for mayor, and the entire democratic council ticket. Last year the Know Nothing majority in Portsmouth was upwards of eighty.

SOME of our Harrisburg correspondent's notions are his own, not ours, but we let him say what he pleases for the sake of the full information he gives on all matters of general interest that are transpiring at the State Capital.

THE new steamer *Adriatic*, of the Collins line, was launched at New York, on the 8th inst. It is said to be larger than the others, and likely to be the swiftest vessel that has yet crossed the ocean. Built by Mr. Steen.

THE Legislature is going wild in granting charters to coal companies. Individual enterprise in the coal trade will soon be driven to the wall by mammoth chartered companies.

Two hundred Clay and Webster national whigs have called a meeting in Des Moines co., Iowa for the purpose of reorganizing the party.

THE four babies who took the largest prizes at the Boston baby shows have all since died.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Post.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

Little progress made in the public business—Kansas discussion in the Senate—Deficiency Bill—A modern invention—Naval Retiring Board—Sharp contest—Gov. Robinson, of Kansas—Black Republican organization—Difficulties in their way—A national candidate to be elected—Mr. Seward—American affairs in England—Walker and Central America.

WASHINGTON, April 6, 1856.

The past week has been devoted in Congress to the consideration of the Kansas question, the Navy Board, and the Deficiency Bill, without making any real progress in either. The first question is too attractive to members of the House to permit them to drop it just at this time when the foundations of the Presidential campaign are to be firmly laid, upon which to raise a superstructure suitable to this or that candidate for the nomination. When in Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, having under nominal consideration one of the appropriation bills, it is customary for members of the House of Representatives to discuss general politics or any particular question they please. The Deficiency bill has thus been used for the delivery of speeches on Kansas, involving a sprinkling of abolitionism and know nothingism.

In the Senate, Mr. Collamer, on behalf of the minority of the Committee on territories, made a two days speech, as dull and prosy an affair as could well be imagined, to which Judge Douglas replied promptly and ably. This discussion grows out of the bill presented by the committee on territories authorizing a Constitutional Convention to be held in Kansas, and its admission into the Union as a State as soon as it shall have the required population of a little over ninety three thousand. Mr. Seward's proposed amendment provides for the admission of Kansas as a State under the Constitution already framed, and the reception of Reeder and Lane as its representatives in the Senate, and Debahay in the House. Mr. Geyer, the Missouri Senator will speak next in order, and he will be followed by Mr. Seward. Such is the programme for the present, to be indefinitely prolonged according to circumstances. After the June nomination the Senate may be ready to take a vote on both propositions.

The Deficiency bill hangs fire in the House as it was anticipated. With so heavy a Senatorial load, it would make but slow progress, and it may be some time, and after a tedious struggle, before a final vote is reached. It is now passing through the different stages heretofore described by your correspondent, and is gradually assuming the formidable proportions of its predecessors. It may sometimes happen that expenditures in certain branches of the public service are greater than could have been anticipated, and in such case a deficiency for the current year is unavoidable; but with this exception, a deficiency bill implies either that Congress failed to appropriate sufficient money to execute the laws it has enacted, or that the Executive Departments have exceeded the limits Congress intended to place upon them. In either case, there is something wrong, and suspicions will arise of neglect of duty somewhere. Deficiency bills are of modern origin, dating back less than fifteen years, and like many other modes of spending public money, have grown and strengthened from year to year, until now they are matters of course, and form a part of the annual and usual business of Congress.

The Naval Retiring Board and its report excited an unusually warm discussion in the Senate during the past week. It was full of personalities towards certain members of the Board and some of the retired officers, and Senators themselves almost came to blows over it. Senator Slidell offered an admirable defence of its action and its conclusiveness, a defence that should satisfy every man of the general correctness and entire honesty of its decisions. The contest in the Senate is a war between Old Fogy and Young America, and it is by no means surprising that the former should find many defenders in that body. It is a particularly sharp contest and stirs the blood of both the parties interested. Some of the retired officers have provoked an inquiry into their own personal history by the manner in which they have pursued individual members of the Board, and the disclosures growing out of such inquiry have damaged them immensely in public estimation. The country at large can have but one opinion in this matter that the reform commenced by the navy should receive the unanimous concurrent action of the Senate.

Gov. Robinson, of the State of Kansas, has paid the Capital a visit during the past week for the purpose, it is understood, of giving explanations of the exact state of things now existing there, to his Black Republican friends. The *Star* some days since gave a chapter in the history of this man during his residence in California, going to show that he is utterly unworthy of the respect of any people. A desperate and reckless adventurer, he has placed himself at the head of a set of deluded and fanatical men, and is preparing to lead them to *Hell* or wherever, if any cause, however well supported by right and justice.

Rumors are afoot that unexpected difficulties have arisen among the Black Republicans in their efforts to consolidate and perfect their organization for the approaching campaign. The tone of an article in the last number of the abolition paper published here, seems also to intimate that there is some truth in the rumor. A number of the members of Congress belong apparently both to the Black Republican and Know Nothing parties, and they have made efforts to incorporate a Know Nothing plank in the platform of the anti-Nebraska party. This effort has been unsuccessful, and the call of the Black Republicans for a National Convention has been addressed to all opposed to the Nebraska bill and the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, ignoring Know Nothingism altogether. Their leaders designed to make the dark lantern order entirely subservient to the advancement of the Black Republican party. The *National Era* sends the recusant members from the Northern States a carefully prepared admonition, the failure of the House to pass the bill relating to the government of the city being the occasion of this homily. The *Era* thinks Know Nothingism in its way and in the way of the Republican party, and seeks to merge the former into the latter, and make it subservient thereto. The bill referred to is the first instance of a union in the House between Northern and Southern Americans, and they succeeded in recommitting it to Committee on the District of Columbia, where it is supposed to be buried forever.

It has been given out that the Black Republicans intend, in making choice of a candidate for the Presidency, to select some one possessing at least an odor of nationality, believing it impossible to effect the election of any of the ultra leaders, such as Seward, Banks, Hale or Chase. Mr. Seward is cunning enough to perceive that a sectional candidate cannot be elected in November next, and he is therefore very willing to postpone his claims to a nomination until four years hence. Perhaps Mr. Seward also perceives that the paroxysm following the passage of the Nebraska bill has already subsided, that the opportunity of electing a sectional candidate for the present has passed away, and perhaps he anticipates some new cause of excitement will arise which will lead to the consummation of his ambitious hopes at some future time.

According to English papers Mr. Buchanan has handed over the American Legation in London to his successor, and will soon reach the United States. American Affairs still attract attention in England, but a feeling prevails that the diplomatic question between the two Governments are susceptible of peaceable solutions, and anxiety in connection with them has accordingly subsided. Some of the press conclude after the perusal of Mr. Marcy's great despatch of December 20th, that our Government is entirely in the right, and that Mr. Crampton's usefulness as a representative of the British Government here, is gone. It is nearly time to expect the final decision of the English ministry relative to our demand for that person's recall. Should it be a refusal, he will be dismissed without further explanation.

It is surmised by many persons that the end of Walker's career is near at hand. Costa Rica has declared war upon him, and it is probable that England and France will aid in its operations to drive the foreigners out of Central America. It is precisely the opportunity desired by England to justify inteference in that quarter of the Globe, and it will doubtless be improved to acquire a commanding influence over these distracted States. Against all the other States united, he would be able to sustain himself, but before a combination, embracing England and France, he will be compelled to succumb. In the mean time, American interests in that quarter demand attention, and although it is not the duty of our Government to interfere for the protection of the Transit Company, it is its duty to see that one of the great highways between the Atlantic and Pacific coast shall not fall into the hands of our only great rival.

MERCER.

Mr. Louis Tumbro died at Raleigh, N. C., on the 24th ult., aged 100 years.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Morning Post.]

FROM HARRISBURG.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Monday, April 7.

The Speaker called the House to order at the usual hour. This was a day of business. The Speaker is rushing things through in gallant style. The fact is that he has no superior as a business man—prompt and efficient, seldom if ever in error, and at all times polite and courteous. The Democracy could not do better than send R. L. Wright to the Senate next session, for honesty is depicted in his very looks; nothing could swerve him from the path of duty, and he would not betray his constituents were it to make him the President of these United States, "for his honor is his life, both grown in one, take honor from him and his life is done." Such is the man that is now the Speaker of the Democratic House of Representatives of this "our Pennsylvania."

The Speaker called over the counties for petitions. We had a few of the paper prayers as is usual. Bills in place were then read, Committees reported, and resolutions were offered, when one was offered by Mr. Dock that a night session be held on Tuesday (to-morrow) night, for the purpose of considering Senate bank bills. Mr. Harris moved to postpone indefinitely the whole subject. This, after much time was lost in debating the propriety of the resolve, was lost—the vote being, yeas 32; nays 50.

Mr. Smith then moved to amend that the bills be considered in alphabetical order: lost after a close vote.

Mr. M'Carthy then moved to strike out banks and insert an act for the protection of laborers: on this the yeas and nays were taken, resulting, yeas 26; nays 56.

Mr. M'Carthy then moved to strike out and insert bills on the public calendar. On this there was considerable discussion, and to prevent further talk, Mr. M'Combs called the previous question, which was sustained. The question was—shall the main question be now put. On this the yeas and nays were demanded, resulting 58 to 14. Agreed to. The question was then on the amendment; on this the yeas and nays were taken: yeas 35, nays 46. Not agreed to.

The question was then on the original resolution, on this the yeas and nays were again taken, resulting 43 to 35. Agreed to. So to-morrow night the tug of war will again come off.

An act relating to the public printing to the lowest bidder, passed here; the bill to be published in two papers in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Harrisburg.

The claim bill passed to second reading, and on motion of Mr. Foster was postponed and made the special order for Wednesday morning. This bill contains large appropriations to individuals; what the result will be time and votes will determine.

Mr. McCombs moved to take up the bill relating to the North Western Railroad. The orders being called, that gentleman moved to postpone them for the consideration of said bill, which was agreed to. The bill was then proceeded with Mr. Montgomery and Magee of your county spoke eloquently in opposition to the principles contained in the bill. They were replied to by Mr. M'Combs and Craig, Crawford, Dock, Powell, Edinger, Gaylord, Gibbons, Hosack, Hamilton, Hill, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Johnson, Kerr, Laporte, Lehn, M'Combs, Manly, Maupie, Mencer, Moorhead, Morris, Mumma, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Smith, (Phila.) Smith, Wyoming, Strouse, Struble, Vail, Wintrode, Wright, Dauphin, —50.

Nays—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Bernhard, Boyd, Curty, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Fulton, Gamble, Hay, Hancock, Harper, Heinz, Hibbs, Hillegass, Hoover, Imbrie, Irwin, Johns, Leisinring, Lawver, Lowry, McAllister, M'Carthy, M'Clintock, Miller, Montgomery, Nunemacher, Orr, Patterson, Pearson, Reinhold, Ritter, Roberts, Salisbury, Smith, (Allegheny), Thomas, Walker, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne, Lycoming,) Zimmerman, Wright, (Speaker,—44.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

The Bank is now in third reading, and will be under it when it time comes.

The next Bank considered is the Harrisburg Bank asking for a restoration of certain capital which it formerly possessed, but parted with owing to some mismanagement of its officers a few years ago. It is said to be well conducted now under its present officers, with a clear, obliging men.

One of the strange things to be seen here is that you can find ex democratic members of the Legislature from Philadelphia county urging the charter of an Independent Bank of the city, the influence of which, when members were the loudest in their abuse of such institutions. There not a single democratic member from the city or county save one that votes for the charter of a bank, but the moment they are released, they can be found here doing all in their power to pass the same identical bank that it was their duty and boasted privilege, I would like to know what has induced the *change* from last session, when some of them had a vest here and voted against all banks. This might be termed slip Democracy.

THE SENATE.

The resolution of the House to adjourn on the 16th inst., was amended to the 22d inst. This will be agreed to by the House. At least this is my opinion, and I am confident the Legislature cannot adjourn at a more early day.

Truly, CAVAN.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Mrs. Agnes Smith, mother of G. Nelson Smith, Editor of the Johnstown *Echo*, died at her son's residence in that place, at 7 o'clock on Tuesday morning. Capt. Smith had been at home on Sabbath, and left at one o'clock on Monday morning, for Harrisburg, under the impression that his mother was in no immediate danger. He was immediately telegraphed at her demise, and returned home last night. This venerable woman had reached the age of 85 years. She was one of the first pioneers of Western Pennsylvania, and in her early life had seen and gone through many vicissitudes incident to the settlement of a new country. For many years she was a consistent member of the Methodist Church. Her remains were taken to-day to Pittsburgh, to repose beside those of her husband, who also went down to the tomb at the good old age of 85 years.

The remains of Mrs. Smith were taken yesterday to the Methodist burial ground near the basin, attended by a large number of her immediate friends.

PITTSBURGH, April 10th, 1856.

Mr. M. F. Eaton, Esq.—Dear Sir: We have now been working the new Match Machine that you have to sell, for some time, and we feel safe in saying that there is no machine for making lucifer matches in this country that can be at all compared with it. It works admirably—and turns out work very fast. Very little capital is required to start business with it, and there is few branches of business more profitable. We consider it one of the most ingenious inventions we have ever seen, and it must find purchasers wherever known. We are well pleased with our purchase of Territory, and presume you will soon find a sale for all you have to dispose of.

Yours Truly,
H. JORRIS & Co.

Thomas H. Davis froze to death in Calhoun county, Miss., on the 11th ult.

Roger Sherman, in his 88th year, probably the oldest male resident in New Haven, died on the 5th inst. He was a son of Hon. Roger Sherman, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

[From the Boston Saturday Evening Gazette.]

A PERFUMED BREATH.—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers*" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of the "Balm" on your tooth-brush and wash the tooth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

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SHAVING MADE EASY.—Wet your shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," rub the beard well and it will make a beautiful soft lather much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only fifty cents. For sale by Fetridge & Co., proprietors; and B. A. Fahnestock & Co., Pittsburgh; and Lee & Beckham, Allegheny city.

An act to incorporate the Sugar Creek Canuel Coal Company.

An act to authorise the school directors of the borough of West Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, to select sites for school houses.

An act to incorporate the Bald Eagle Lumber Manufacturing Company, in Centre county.

An act to incorporate the Western Pennsylvania Mining Company. On motion of Mr. Fulton, Allegheny county was stricken from the act, which then passed.

An act to incorporate the Allegheny Coal Company.

An act to establish a ferry over the Ohio river, at or near Middletown, in Allegheny county.

An act to incorporate the East Broad Top railroad company.

An act authorizing the payment of certain coupons represented to have been stolen.

Supplement to an act to incorporate the Hopewell Coal and Iron company.

An act regulating the measure of lime in Allegheny county. (This bill was objected off.)

Supplement to an act to incorporate the Hollidaysburg Water and Gas company, approved the 16th day of March, 1854.

An act to authorize the School Directors of the borough of Venango to borrow money and for other purposes.

An act to provide for the erection of a house for the employment and support of the poor, for the county of Lawrence.

An act to authorize the Governor to incorporate a company to erect a bridge across the west branch of the Susquehanna river, in Lycoming county, near the mouth of Antes creek.

An act relating to the Phillipsburg coal and lumber company.

An act for the relief of John Smith, a soldier of the Indian war.

An act for the relief of Mary Mann. Mary should be relieved without hesitation, inasmuch as there are several bachelor members.

An act appointing Commissioners to review and lay out a State road from Waynesburg to Green county, to Benjamin Coverts, in Fayette county.

An act appointing Commissioners to lay out a State road in the counties of Elk and Jefferson.

An act relative to elections in the borough of Meadville, and for other purposes.

An act relative to the Westmoreland Coal Company passed a second reading, and was not reached in the afternoon.

An act to incorporate the Evergreen Cemetery Company passed a second reading.

A supplement to an act to incorporate the Bituminous Coal Company passed a second reading. This bill relates to your county.

THE CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA BANK.

A motion was made to reconsider the Central Pennsylvania Bank. On this the yeas and nays were taken, resulting 39 to 43. Not agreed to.

The Crawford County Bank met a similar fate.

SHORT SESSION TO CONSIDER BANK BILLS IN THEIR REGULAR ORDER.

The first on the list is the Philadelphia Bank. On proceeding to its consideration, there were several good, bad and in-different speeches delivered. On the question being taken on the first and only section, the following is the result:

Carried.

Yeas—Messrs Augustine, Baldwin, Ball, Barry, Black, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Clover, Colhoun, Craig, Crawford, Dock, Powell, Edinger, Gaylord, Gibbons, Hosack, Hamilton, Hill, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Johnson, Kerr, Laporte, Lehn, M'Combs, Manly, Maupie, Mencer, Moorhead, Morris, Mumma, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Smith, (Phila.) Smith, Wyoming, Strouse, Struble, Vail, Wintrode, Wright, Dauphin, —50.

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Have you a Diseased Liver?—This question, though startling, is sufficiently suggestive, when the fact is taken into consideration that diseases of the liver have become most alarmingly frequent in the United States. Indeed, there are few formidable diseases that are not in some way traceable to a deranged state of that important organ. Many of the complaints usually classed under the head of Consumption, have their origin in the Liver. "Any remedy that would insure regularity and healthful action in the Liver, would be a blessing to mankind!" has been the exclamation of thousands. That remedy has been found: it is safe and sure. When a fair trial has been afforded it, it has never been known to fail.

Reader, have you any disease of the Liver, or disease which you believe proceeds from hepatic derangement? Lose not a moment, but purchase a box of Dr. M'Lane's Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh Pa., and they will restore you to health. It is the only remedy yet discovered, in which implicit confidence can be placed.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, manufactured by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Liver Pills, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
ap7:d&w] No. 60 Wood street, corner of Fourth.

Sands' Sarsaparilla, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.—No remedial agent was ever introduced that has proved so uniformly successful as SANDS' SARSAPARILLA. How many unfortunate victims of Scrofula, once without hope of cure, now joyfully testify their restoration to health, and ascribe their cure as it justly due to the rare medicinal virtues and surprising efficacy of this invaluable preparation. In all cases where the impoverished and depraved condition of the blood is evidenced by eruptions, blotches, or sores, its operation will be found in the highest degree salutary. The public are cautioned to ask for SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, and take no other, as a host of spurious imitations upon which no reliance can be placed, are in the market.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., and by Druggists generally. ap8:1w

Clouds of Witnesses!—There is, perhaps, no medicine in existence, the value of which is established by such a host of eminent witnesses as *Dr. Rogers' Syrup of Liverwort, Tar, and Canchalagua.* Hon. A. Foster, the Brazilian Vice Consul, R. H. Winslow, the well known Banker in Wall street, R. Schuyler President of the New Haven Railroad Co., and many other distinguished citizens do care *from personal experience*, their confidence in the virtues of *Canchalagua*, the famous California Plant, which is one of the main ingredients. The names of hundreds who have been saved by Dr. Rogers' inestimable preparation are on file, and will the evidence accumulate. In *Consumption*, and all affections of the Lungs and Bronchia, as well as in Liver Complaint, it is daily producing effects which astonish even the oldest Physicians. For further information see pamphlet and long advertisement.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by R. E. SELLERS & Co., corner Wood and Second streets.

Sold also by HENDERSON & BRO., Liberty street; H. P. SCHWARTZ, and BECKHAM & McKENNAN, Allegheny City. ap8:d&w1w

Mortification, the instant a plaster is applied most cease, and vigor is given by DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR'S galvanic effects, and except the parts are decomposed they will soon be restored to their natural color, but if so, the contagious influence will be neutralized and arrested, for mortification cannot proceed wherever the active ingredients and new flesh will certainly be generated. POISON FROM INSECTS, REPTILES AND PLANTS is rendered quite harmless by rubbing in instantly a quantity of DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR, and after it has swollen, and livid spots are visible. Even fleas, like the voltaic battery, it will directly attract, dissolve, and metamorphose the poisonous influence. At the sting of bees and mosquitoes, the instant it touches you the pain ends. The bites of rabid animals also are as speedily neutralized.

None genuine without a steel-plate engraved label, with signatures of HENRY DALLEY, Manufacturer, C. V. CLICKENER & CO., Manufacturers.

Sold at 25 cents per box by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and by nearly every dealer in medicines throughout the United States. All orders or letters for information or advice, to be addressed to C. V. KLICKENER & CO. New York.

mh29:d&w2w

From the N. York National Monitor of February 24.—HYGEAN VAPOR.—Dr. Curtis has done more to ameliorate the condition of humanity afflicted with lung complaints, than any other practitioner of medicines that have arrogated to themselves the secrets of the *materia medica*, for the last century, by the invention and perfection of an instrument that will convey to the lungs a medicine in the shape of a highly Medicated Vapor, which acts directly on the disease, and not, as hitherto, by sympathy. Those who are troubled with diseases arising from disordered lungs, will subserve their interests by giving the HYGEAN Vapor a trial.

Caution.—Dr. CURTIS' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article.

fy26:d&w1w

Why will you Suffer, when RELIEF CAN BE OBTAINED—How you a Sore Throat, Quinsy, Inflammation, Neuralgia, Bronchitis, Croup, Stiff Joints, Fresh Bites, Burns, Sprains, or Pains in any part of your system? Your pain can be relieved at once by using the most beneficial of all Liniments, the "*White Circassian Liniment*," prepared by Dr. SCOTT, of Morgantown, Va., and sold by JOHN SCOTT, wholesale agent, No. 68 Wood street, and JAS. P. FLEMING, near R. R. Depot, Allegheny. See advertisement in another column of to-day's paper. [mar4:lw

Stockings and Hosiery for Winter.—If you don't want your feet pinched with bad and short Stockings, you will take our advice and call at our store for those comfortable stockings, that make your feet feel so comfortable. DAY also makes and sells every variety of Hosiery that you can mention, at wholesale and retail.

Remember the place, corner of Market alley and Fifth street. oct4

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!

We have just received a large lot of Coats and Youths' soft HATS and spring style of CAPS, of all colors and prices, which we will sell low for cash. Call and see.

MORGAN & CO., No. 164 Wood street.
Next door to the new Church,
One door from Sixth street.

$3.00 Hats--Spring Style.—We have a Spring style of Silk Hat that we will sell for three dollars, that cannot be excelled in this city. Call and examine, and be convinced.

MORGAN & CO., 164 Wood street.

Batchelor's Hair Dye—No hair is too red, none too frowzy, gray or rusty, to be made beautifully black or brown instantly, without the least injury to hair or skin. WARRANTED. Made and sold, or applied (in nine private rooms,) 233 Broadway, New York.

Sold wholesale and retail, by Dr. GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street. ap10:1w&w

GREATEST IMPROVEMENT YET!

NEW SCALE—H. KLEBER & BRO., NUNNS & CLARKS' PIANOS, provided with their NEW SCALE. This is the most important improvement as yet made to the Piano Forte. The POWER of the instrument is almost DOUBLED thereby; and in point of volume, evenness and brilliancy of tone, they surpass anything as yet produced in the shape of a Piano. They possess all the advantages of the Grand Piano, without any of its disadvantages. We now challenge comparison with the instruments of any other maker in this country, confident that every unbiased judge of the article will attend to call and examine these superb instruments.

H. KLEBER & BRO.,
Sole agents for Nunns & Clarks' Pianos
For Western Pennsylvania.
No. 53 Fifth street, next door to Masonic Hall.

P. S.—Splendid assortment of the above shortly expected for the Spring Trade. ap5

CARD.

The subscribers take great pleasure in stating that the PIANOS OF NUNNS & CLARK, New York, have enjoyed the unwavering confidence of the public for upwards of thirty-five years, during which period not a SINGLE INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN TURNED OUT BY THAT MANUFACTORY; and hence, unlike others, they stand in need neither of a SPECIAL DEFENCE nor a *labored eulogy*.

Their superiority is so generally admitted, that they may safely be considered as above all *Trade of Trade*. They have been fully tested in the severest Southern climates of this continent, and have proved, beyond all comparison, durable and lasting. Purchasers who desire to obtain a PIANO-FORTE of the most substantial and elegant description, and of whose capacity to WEAR WELL and stand in good TUNE there exists NOT A DOUBT, are respectfully invited to call at our establishment and examine the fine Spring stock of NUNNS & CLARK PIANOS, provided with their unrivalled *new scale*.

H. KLEBER & BRO.,
ap5 No. 53 Fifth street.

NEW SPRING STOCK OF

CHICKERING & SONS PIANO FORTES.

JOHN H. MELLOR has just received seven more of CHICKERING & SONS' PIANO FORTES, and completed the Stock, selected for Spring Sales, of THIRTY-FIVE manufactured by the Messrs. Chickerings, (Boston,) from the plainest SIX OCTAVE to the most splendidly finished

Seven Octave Square Piano Fortes,

as well as their superb and inimitable Grand and Parlor Grand Pianos. EVERY PIANO FORTE in this lot is of their NEW SCALE, with their PATENT IRON FRAMES, and PATENT ACTION, and are not only warranted to the purchaser by the manufacturers, but by the subscriber, to be in all respects as perfect as Instruments can be made, both in regard to Material and Workmanship.

PRICES INVARIABLY THE SAME as in Boston, at the Manufactory.

JOHN H. MELLOR, No. 81 Wood street,
between Diamond alley and Fourth street.
Agent for Chickering & Sons, Boston, for Pittsburgh and Western Penna. mh28

D. W. CHERSTINE.....Late of Pittsburgh.

KOONS & HERSTINE,

FLOUR FACTORS,

AND

General Produce Commission Merchants,

No. 47 *North Wharves and 46 North Water street, below Race street,*

PHILADE'PHIA.

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Bagaley, Woodward & Co.	Phil'a.	Bryan, Kennedy & Co.	Pitts'h.
Garrett Martin & Co.	"	L. Wilmarth & Co.	"
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Caldwell, Lee & Co.	"	Bagaley, Cosgrave & Co.	"
Truitt, Brother & Co.	"	Watt & Wilson,	"
J. D. Lehmer & Co.	Cincinnati.	Foedick & Foulds,	Cincinnati.
A. A. Pollock & Co.	"	Morrow & Gettier,	"
Tweed & Sibley,	"	J. S. Chenoweth & Co.	"

And Pittsburgh and Philadelphia Merchants generally. ja14:d&ofo3m

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

DR. CALVIN M. FITCH,

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM EUROPE, would announce to his patients, and others in Western Pennsylvania, that he will visit Pittsburgh early in the ensuing month, and that those w