The Pittsburgh Post.

TUESDAY MORNING:.....APRIL 8.

FOR PRESIDENT:

JAMES BUCHANAN.

(Subject to the decision of the National Convention.)

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE SCOTT, OF COLUMBIA CO.

JUDGE GENERAL:
JACOB FRY, JR., MONTGOMERY CO.

SURVEYOR GENERAL:
TIMOTHY IVES, POTTER COUNTY.

Mr. Buchanan and the Missouri Line.

Mr. Buchanan is, of course, subject to all sorts of attack and criticism just now. But his record is consistent on the subject of the Missouri Compromise. In 1849–'50, he labored to have that line extended to the Pacific, and thus put an end to all further controversy. It is well known that that effort was frustrated by the very party that now calls itself "anti-Nebraska." The whole influence of the whig administration of Mr. Fillmore was employed to prevent such a settlement. That was a practical declaration that that line was wrong, and should never be extended further. It would have made no difference with California whether it was extended or not.

If it was not fit to be applied to the new territory, it was useless in the old, and having now been repealed, should remain so. That, it is said, is Mr. Buchanan's present position. If so, it is certainly right, and he will certainly be sustained by a large majority of the people of the north as well as the south. Even the abolitionists give up all idea of its restoration as a thing impossible and not desirable. The abolitionists in the House of Representatives, at Columbus, two weeks ago voted down a resolution favoring its restoration.

But Mr. Buchanan is a national democrat in the best sense of the term, and urges adherence to the present settlement on national grounds. Let the people of the territories as well as states choose their own local institutions, and make their own local laws.

An extract from a letter of Mr. Buchanan is published, showing his position on the subject. It runs as follows:

The letter was not intended for publication, but the gentleman to whom it was addressed has thought it necessary, after the editorial article in the *Union* of Wednesday last, to lay it before the country.

* * * "The question has been settled by Congress, and this settlement should be inflexibly maintained. The Missouri Compromise is gone, and gone forever. But no assaults should be made upon those democrats who maintained it, provided they are now willing in good faith to maintain the settlement as it exists. Such an undertaking is wise and just in itself.

"It is well known that I labored, in company with southern men, to have this line extended to the Pacific ocean. But it has departed. The time for it has passed away, and I verily believe that the best—nay, the only mode now left of putting down the fanatical and restless spirit of abolition is manfully to adhere to the existing settlement without the slightest thought or appearance of wavering, and without regarding any storm which may be raised."

Wool.—During the year 1855 there was imported into this country foreign woolen manufactures valued at twenty-four million four hundred and four thousand dollars. The duties paid on them would amount to over five million dollars. Could that wool have been brought into the country in the raw state and duty free, and then manufactured here, more than sixteen million dollars would have been saved to the country, and while the wool growers would not have been injured by it, the woolen manufacture at home would have been greatly stimulated and benefitted. Employment would have been provided for thousands of hands, our indebtedness abroad diminished, and the amount of money in the country proportionably increased.

It is a singular fact that, with abundance of cheap lands, good breeds of sheep, and every facility for growing wool cheap, we have to pay to other countries from twenty-five to thirty million dollars every year for wool and woolens. In the year 1854 it was over thirty-five million dollars. The importation of wool and woolens is fast increasing. There is very little gained by selling provisions to other countries if their price, and more than their price, is to be every year expended in buying woolens and silks.

Now that peace is likely to be restored in Europe, the demand for breadstuffs will probably be diminished, and the prices decline. Our farmers will have to be content with moderate prices. Would not this be a proper time to consider whether the growth of wool to supply our annual deficiency will not become more profitable than the growth of wheat and corn? For wool there will always be a demand at remunerative prices until the home supply equals the home consumption. In that article there will be scarce any of those fluctuations so frequently felt in the provision trade. Occasionally the wool-grower's profits may be less than those of the grain-grower; but in a series of years they will probably be greater. They will always be nearly uniform. Until enough is raised for home consumption there will always be a market for wool.

The proposal to allow unmanufactured wool to be brought into the country free of duty cannot fail to favor the home manufacturer, and make it one of the most profitable branches of domestic industry; and there is no doubt that the adoption of such a measure will induce capitalists to enter more extensively into that kind of business.

The Paving Law.—It will be seen by reference to our correspondent's letter from Harrisburgh, that the Allegheny grading and paving law was under discussion in the House on Saturday last, and that four of our members out of five battled manfully against a repeal. It is a singular fact that upon a merely local question, members from a distance undertake to control it, and take it out of the hands of the members from this county. Four-fifths of the people of Allegheny city want the law continued as it is. Before the law was enacted a vote of the people was taken in relation to it, and resulted in its favor by a vote of two or three to one. So we are informed by one who knows all about it. Yet a law thus generally acceptable is to be repealed by strangers, against the express and earnest wish of those who alone are interested in it. But we are glad to see that the House took a more proper view of the subject, and referred the whole matter to the members from this county. They stand four to one opposed to the repeal. It would be tyranny indeed if members from a distance could dictate to us in regard to our local laws, when they have been declared constitutional, generally acceptable to the people, and salutary in their operation.

Consistency.—It is only a short time since the Pittsburgh *Gazette* was laboring to convince its readers that the State should give away its public works rather than keep them any longer, and it labored hard to prove that they were worth nothing. But now its tone is entirely changed. And the Philadelphia *Ledger* has wheeled about too. Here is what they both say:

The proposition to sell the main line of our Public Works is exciting considerable feeling, and so far as we can judge of public sentiment on the subject throughout the Commonwealth, it is daily more and more in opposition to a sale to any party, at anything like the price mentioned, namely, $7,500,000. Indeed, the feeling is manifestly in favor of the State's retaining them in her own control. The Pittsburgh *Gazette* characterizes the proposition of the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company, to buy the tax on tonnage passing over the Pennsylvania Railroad with the Main Line at seven and a half millions of dollars is the "coolest yet made." That paper says: "The tonnage tax will this year yield at least $180,000 on the interest, at 6 per cent., of $3,000,000, and it is steadily increasing. The Columbia Road, alone, is worth $5,000,000. Here, then, are two items, worth $8,000,000, (and yielding to the State considerably more than 6 per cent. on that sum,) which the State is asked to sell for $7,400,000, and throw in the Canal and Portage Road to boot, the being worth $2,000,000 This is the last scheme of plunder. What next?"

THE NEWS.

Green Peas are selling in the New York markets at $4 per bushel.

Thirty slaves belonging to Samuel S. Simmons, of North Carolina, left for parts unknown last week.

The city councils of Milwaukie have authorized the issue of $125,000 in bonds to the Watertown Railroad Company.

The city and township elections took place in the State of Ohio yesterday. Yesterday was the day for election in St. Louis also.

In the city of Rome, N. Y., the municipal election came off on the 1st instant. The K. N.'s and republicans fused against the democrats. Result—a democratic victory—clean sweep—by 200 majority.

It is estimated that over two thousand French babies were born on the same day with the "King of Algiers." The Emperor and Empress are god-father and god-mother to them all, by "imperial decree."

A private letter from Baltimore informs us that five out of the eight votes of the Maryland delegation in the Cincinnati Convention will be cast for James Buchanan. The other three will probably turn in in the same direction by the time the Convention meets.

The Musical Fund Hall, in Philadelphia, was crowded to overflowing on the evening of the 4th inst., to listen to the address of the Hon. Edward Everrett on the character of Washington. He has now delivered that discourse in quite a number of cities, and it is everywhere highly applauded.

Recent Publications.

Courtship and Marriage, by Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson, 102 Chesnut street.

This production of this most accomplished and finished lady, is now before the public in an attractive and convenient form and size. The style is ornamental, and yet eminently easy and clear. The language strong and appropriate, and the morality and purity of the entire work are such as to commend it to the approbation of all correct thinking and living families.

The youth of our day are inevitably destined to read much of the less solid and lighter literature of the book stores. It is important, therefore, that this error (for such it must be acknowledged to a certain extent to be) should lean to virtue's side, and such must always be the case when books like the above are selected and placed in the hands of the story-readers. We have not space to point out more at length the beauties and merits of this work, by making, as we might do, some extracts of great literary skill, but we doubt not our readers will make particular haste to procure a copy at Miner & Co. and Gildenfenney & Co.'s.

National Democratic Review.—George P. Buell, Esq., the editor, has changed the publication office to Washington, D. C. The contents of the March number are: The Southern question; Pinckney and Lowndes; Marat and Charlotte Corday; The Report of Senator Douglas; A Ballad of the Faith; Nicaragua and the Democratic Policy; the Presidential Question; School and School District American Institute and Militature Republic, and the Editor's Table. Price, $3.00 per year.

The North British Review for February received from Miner & Co. and Gildenfenney & Co., who have it for sale at their depots. The greatest compliment we can pay to this number is to give a list of the contents, thus: France and Scotland; Dr. George Wilson on Colour Blindness; Scottish Schools for Middle Classes; Bunsen's Signs of the Times; Mettray and Red Hill; Ben Jonson; Recent Sermons; Scotch, English and Irish; Hotels; Indian Character and Italian Prospects.

The Western Agriculturist is the title of a weekly published in this city by David Ramaley, of which we have received a bound copy for the past year. It is almost indispensable for an intelligent farmer to take a paper of this kind, and we do not know of a better one than the one heading this notice. Heretofore it has been issued weekly, but it is now to be a semi-monthly. The advertisement will be found in another column.

Panorama.—M. Andrieu's Panorama is one of the best things ever seen in this city. His view of Pittsburgh are excellent. His "moving figures" are something new, and well worth seeing. They are exhibited every afternoon and evening, at Franklin Hall, on Fifth street, opposite the Theatre. M. Andrieu has painted western and south-western life admirably, and has added views of Pittsburgh that should secure him full patronage here. His exhibitions are the best thing here now, or that has been here, in his line, for a long time. Every day there is something new.

How it is in New York.—In Canandaigua, N. Y., last year, the K. N.'s carried the election by a large majority. This year they are beaten 122 votes.

In Westchester county, out of 24 towns the democrats have carried 11—the republicans 4, independent 1, K. N.'s 8. Last year the K. N.'s carried all the towns.

In fact, from all the town elections heard from so far, the K. N.'s and Republicans are losing ground.

Correction.—A remark in our local column yesterday in relation to the tax question and the Pennsylvania railroad, was made without fully understanding the subject. The company contends that as it pays taxes on the bonds of the county with which the depot was built and the grounds bought, it ought not to pay taxes again on the property. The allegation is that it is double taxation; and the aim is to try the question.

Last year the fusionists carried the State of Rhode Island against the Democracy by 8000 majority; this year by 3000. In the same ratio how will it be by November next?

Rachel Denies the Soft Impeachment.—Some gossiping editor in Paris having stated the report that the great tragedienne was about to enter the hymeneal state, she writes a letter denying it, from which we make an extract:

* * * I have heard a goodly number of men of wit say that it is better to be abused by the press than to endure its silence and neglect. I must thank you then for the kind notice you have been pleased to make of me in ——. But why, *cher ami*, are you always talking about my marriage? and why, even now, do you suppose me capable of committing such a useless piece of folly? I have two sons that I adore; I have thirty two years on my certificate of birth. I have at least fifty on my face. I will not say how old the rest of my body is. Eighteen years of passionate tirades exhumed on the stage, running about here and there to the ends of the earth, winters in Moscow, Waterloo treasons, the treacherous sea and thankless earth, are reasons enough it would seem, why a poor little bit of a woman like me should grow old.

True enough. If Rachel can have sons with out getting married, what's the use?

[From the Boston Saturday Evening Gazette.]

A Perfumed Breath.—What lady or gentle man would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers*" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of the "Balm" on your tooth-brush and wash the tooth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

A Beautiful Complexion may easily be acquired by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*" It will remove *tan, pimples,* and *freckles* from the skin, leaving it of a soft and rosente hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

Shaving Made Easy.—Wet your shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," rub the beard well and it will make a beautiful soft lather much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only fifty cents. For sale by Fetridge & Co., proprietors; and B. A. Fahnestock & Co., Pittsburgh; and Lee & Beckham, Allegheny city.

Have you a Diseased Liver!—This question, though startling, is sufficiently suggestive, when the fact is taken into consideration that diseases of the Liver have become most alarmingly frequent in the United States. Indeed, there are few formidable diseases that are not in some way traceable to a deranged state of that important organ. Many of the complaints usually classed under the head of Consumption, have their origin in the Liver. Any remedy that will insure regularity and healthful action in the Liver, would be a blessing to mankind" has been the ejaculation of thousands. That remedy has been found; it is safe and sure. Which a fair trial has been afforded it, it has never been known to fail.

Reader, have you any disease of the Liver, or those which you believe proceed from hepatic derangement? Lose not a moment, but purchase a box of Dr. M'Lane's Pills prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh Pa., and they will restore you to health. In the daily remedy yet discovered, in which is implicit confidence can be placed.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for *Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills*, manufactured by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Liver Pills, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had of all respectable druggists throughout the country. Observe the name FLEMING BROS.

Also, for sale by the sole proprietors,

FLEMING BROS.,
Successors to J. Kidd & Co.,
apl-daw No. 68 Wood street, corner of Fourth

Sands' Sarsaparilla. FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD. No remedial agent was ever introduced that has proved so abundantly successful as SANDS' SARSAPARILLA. How many unfortunate victims of Scrofula, once without hope of cure, are now joyfully restoring their restoration to health, and ascribe their cure as it justly due to the rare medicinal virtues and surprising efficacy of this invaluable preparation. In all cases where the impoverished and depraved condition of the blood is evidenced by eruptions, blotches, or sores, its operation will be found in the highest degree salutary. The public are cautioned to ask for SANDS' SARSAPARILLA and take no other, as a host of spurious imitations are upon which no reliance can be placed, are in the market.

Caution—Dr. CURTIS' HIGIANA is the original and only genuine article.

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Why will you Suffer, when Relief can be Instantly Obtained. Dr. Quinsy's Magical Pain Extractor will relieve you. The old, Reliable Remedy, Dr. Quinsy's Magical Pain Extractor, will relieve you. Why suffer yourself to be confined to your room with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, Chilblains, Felons, Whitlows, Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, Sore Feet, Sore Hands, Sore Breasts, Sore Nipples, Sore Joints, Sore Limbs, Sore Backs, Sore Sides, Sore Throats, Sore Chests, Sore Stomachs, Sore Bowels, Sore Kidneys, Sore Bladders, Sore Wounds, Sore Ulcers, Sore Tumors, Sore Cancers, Sore Piles, Sore Fistulas, Sore Boils, Sore Carbuncles, Sore Abscesses, Sore Pimples, Sore Blotches, Sore Eruptions, Sore Scrofula, Sore Rheumatism, Sore Neuralgia, Sore Erysipelas, Sore Tetter, Sore Itch, Sore Scald Head, Sore Ringworm, Sore Chilblains, Sore Felons, Sore