THE PITTSBURGH DAILY MORNING POST.

JOHN BIGLER, Editor.

PITTSBURG, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1846.

Allegheny County Democratic Ticket.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM B. FOSTER, Jr.,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

Congress,
WILSON M'CANDLESS, *of Peebles.*

Senate,
THOMAS HAMILTON, *of Pittsburgh.*

Sheriff,
RODY PATTERSON, *of Laurenceville.*

Prothonatary,
GEORGE R. RIDDLE, *of Allegheny.*

Assembly,
SAMUEL W. BLACK, *of Pittsburgh.*
ROBERT R. KERR, *of Allegheny.*
JOHN H. M'ELHENNY, *of Jefferson.*
JOSEPH COOPER, *of Moon.*

Commissioner for 3 years,
ROBERT DONALDSON, *of Wilkins.*

Commissioner for 1 year,
WM. BRYANT, *of Pittsburgh.*

Auditor for 3 years,
WILLIAM EWING, *of Robinson.*

Auditor for 1 year,
N. PATTERSON, *of Birmingham.*

Coroner,
LEWIS WEYMAN, *Allegheny.*

☞V. B. PALMER, Agent for country newspapers is the Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily Morning Post, and Weekly Mercury and Manufacturer, to receive advertisements and subscriptions. He has offices in NEW YORK, at the Coal Office, 30 Ann street, (adjoining the Tribune Office.)
BOSTON, No. 12, State street.
PHILADELPHIA, Real Estate and Coal Office, 59 Pine street.
BALTIMORE, S. E. corner Baltimore and Calverts, where our paper can be seen, and terms of advertising learned.

CORRESPONDENTS.

In reference to communications which may appear in this paper, we have one or two remarks to make. We will insert none without the name of the author being first made known to us, and when inserted, must always be taken as expressive of the views *of the writer*, and not the editor of this paper, unless the views so expressed are editorially remarked upon and approved.

Falsehood Refuted.

The following statements fully refute the charges made some days since in the Commercial Journal, against Col. Brinker, a foreman on the Western Division of the Pennsylvania Canal. A majority of the signers are whigs—opposed to Col. Brinker in politics, but as honest and fair men deem it their duty to give their testimony in defence of the business character of a worthy citizen, and a faithful, capable and efficient public agent. The testimony as to Col. Brinckr's capacity and industry, is indeed very strong, and we doubt not, will satisfy the unprejudiced of all parties, that gross injustice has been done him by the editor of the Journal.

But, we are not sorry that the Journal has commenced discussing the subject of Canal management, for the reason that it will remind the people of the villainous manner in which the public works were managed in the years 1836, 1837, and 1838, by a whig Board of Canal Commissioners, and arouse the public to the great importance of the present contest. All that is now necessary to the complete and overwhelming defeat of the whig candidate for Canal Commissioner, is a full investigation of Canal affairs At the end of three years of whig rule on the public works, we find the revenues all expended, and the improvements largely in debt. Since 1838, it is well known the public works have been under the control of Democratic Commissioners, who have not only paid off the debt with which the improvements were burthened at the close of the Ritner whig administration, but we find that in the two and a half years preceding the 1st of August, 1836, a nett revenue of nearly ONE AND A HALF MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, has been realized by the state. But, further comment at present is unnecessary—we ask for the statements a careful examination.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned, citizens of East Deer township, Allegheny county, residing near the canal, and in the vicinity of where the late breaches have occurred, have heard that charges have been made against Col. BRINKER, one of the Foremen on the Line, for neglecting his duty and also a want of capacity. We, regardless of political feeling or prejudice, take pleasure in saying that Col. Brinker, in our opinion has shown no want of industry or proper care in the discharge of his duty—that the first breach occurred without giving the slightest notice, and was the work of the muskrats; the second occurred by the unusual hard rain which took place on the 22d of August, which swept every thing before it, and notwithstanding the waste-weirs near the breach were taken out, yet in thirty minutes from the close of the rain, the canal raised to such a height that the waste of water burst over the embankment, and neither Col. Brinker or any another, or all other men, could have prevented it; a man on horseback was immediately sent to the next wast wier, but it was all in vain; it was the work of a few moments; the breaches have been repaired with as much despatch as was possible, and we take pleasure in saying that in our opinion Col. Brinker is an honest, industrious, persevering man and competent to discharge the duties for which he has been appointed, and we regard the charges against Col. Brinker, in the Daily and Weekly Commercial Journal, as untrue, unjust, and a base slander. Yours, &c.

G. Pillar, (whig)	George Shoop, (Dem)
Robt Gunningham, (whig)	Joseph Mellon, (Dem)
Jas. Thompson, (whig)	Jno. M'Allece (whig)
Henry Couch, (whig)	Joseph Hosick,
John Ramaley,	Jacob Ramsley
Isaac Pierce, (whig)	Alex. Stewart (Dem)
John Keen (whig)	Thomas Pillar, (whig)
Arch'd. Pillar, (whig)	James Clowes, (whig)

his
George x Shoop, (native)
mark

sep 2. 1846,

I certify, that on the Saturday previous to the breach near Tarentum, Col. Brinker was at the Deer creek Lock, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, trying to repair a breach at the waist way around said lock,—and him and his hands worked hard during a very heavy rain, but did not get it quite completed. On the following Monday morning he was in company with his hands, returning to complete the job. I met him about 4 miles below the 12 mile lock, on my road to Pittsburgh on Monday morning, and informed him of the breach near Tarrentum, and he told me that I was the first one that had informed him of the breach, and that he knew nothing of it previous to my telling him.
DAVID C. SCOTT.

Twelve Mile Lock, Sept. 3, 1846.

I do certify that on Sunday, 23d inst., that during a very hard rain, that Col. Brinker called on me to assist him to draw the waste wier gates on his section of Canal near Sharpsburgh, which was very full in consequence of the rain—we drew the gates at 9 o'clock, A. M., and did not shut them till dark that evening, and by so doing saved his line and the line next Pittsburgh—the next day I heard of the breach near Tarrentum.
GEORGE HOWARD.

Sept 3, 1846.

I do certify that I live on the bank of the canal, and that the rain that took place on the Saturday morning of the last breach, was an uncommon hard rain, during three hours, and that both waste wiers, could not vent the water.
DAVID JOURDAN.
Sept. 3, 1846.

DECLINED—Mr Delevan declines the nomination for Governor of New York, by the Native American party.

☞100 Musquito Bars for sale at M'Kennas' at 10 o'clock this day.

The following article we republish having corrected several errors which were overlooked by the proof reader on Friday. It is proper that we should state that the figures given in it are taken from the Report of the Auditor General, and their correctness, we presume, will not be questioned:

Canal Commissioner.

The editor of the Journal, it is very evident, has not forgotten the services rendered the whig party, by a corrupt Board of Canal Commissioners in 1838, when Mr. RITNER was Governor and the whig candidate for re-election. We can assure the editor of the Journal, that the history of that corrupt whig administration is still fresh in the recollections of the people, and that they will not soon again trust the whigs with the management of the public works. The Journal though daily filled with matter abusive of Mr FOSTER, the editor, thus far, has not dared to directly assail the competency, efficiency, or honesty of the Democratic nominee.

At the close of the Ritner whig administration, the public works were found in a deplorable condition, and it has since required the most indefatigable exertions on the part of Democratic Canal Commissioners to retrieve their character, and pay off the load of debt with which whig management had burthened them. To prove that what we say is correct, we direct the attention of the reader to the following statements, exhibiting the receipts and expenditures on finished lines of improvements for the years 1836, 1837 and 1838, the three years of whig rule, and also the years 1844 and 1845, and to the 1st of August, 1846, which includes nearly the whole time that Mr. FOSTER has performed the duties of Canal Commissioner.

RITNER WHIG ADMINISTRATION.

Years	Revenue Dolls. cts.	Expenditures Doll. cts.	Excess of Revenue. Dolls. cts.
1836	$837,805 72	$711,206 04	$126,599 68
1837	975,350 49	944,480 57	30,869 92
1838	959,336 32	749,261 37	210,074 95
DEMOCRATIC COMMISSIONERS ELECTED BY THE PEOPLE.			
1844	$1,164,325 84	$808,888 08*	$355,437 76
1845	1,154,691 55	686,056 19†	468,535 36
1847	701,911 81	433,913 01	267,998 77

*Besides other old debts the above amount embraces check roll and bill creditors to the amount of $185,048.75, and $5,350 35, expenses of former Boards of Canal Commissioners

†Embraced in this amount is old debts contracted before the 1st of January, 1844, amounting to $31,377 72,

The whig expenditures, in 1838 on the "Huntingdon Breach," amounting to $337,419.33, are not embraced in the foregoing table, but properly belong to the expenditures of the year 1838. Let us now see how the case stands—let us see whether the members of the Democratic Canal Board, so much abused by the Journal, are really deserving of censure.

The whigs had control of the public works for three years, 1836, 1837 and 1838. After deducting expenses of repairing the Huntindon breach the official records show, as the nett amount of revenue derived from the public works. $40,145 22

Amount of old debts left unpaid, according to the report of Mr Sthrom, himself a whig, and chairman of a whig committee, of a whig Senate, 289,677 35

From this sum deduct the amount of canal revenues in the treasury at the close of the Ritner whig administration, 40,145 22

Leaving the state in debt the sum of $229,532 13

To this should be added the expenses of repairing the improvements, which Mr. Sthrom, estimated would cost about $155,000—double the amount for ordinary annual repairs—but say the repairs cost $200,000

This sum actually expended, and we find the public improvements at the close of the Ritner whig administration, after having expended all the revenues derived from the works, actually in debt the sum of $429,532 13

All the resources of the Canal expended, and a debt incurred of over $400,000. So much for whig rule.

Now let us see what has been done by the Democratic Board:

Net amount of revenue received on the public works, for the years 1844, 1845, and to the 1st of Aug 1. 1846, $1,021,971.84

To this sum add the amount of old debts paid, 255,756.87

1,347,728 71

Showing the handsome sum of ONE MILLION THREE HUNDRED AND FORTY SEVEN THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED AND TWENTY EIGHT DOLLARS SEVENTY ONE CTS as the amount of net revenue derived from the public works of the state, in the two years and a half, which they have been under the control of the present competent and efficient Board. At the expiration of three years of whig rule we find the public works in debt nearly $400,000, after having expended all the revenues. Now look at the table side, at the end of two and a half years of Democratic rule we find that the public works of the state have yielded a net revenue amounting to nearly *one and a half millions of dollars, and the works clear of debt!*

The damage done to all the state works this last spring was very great—fully equal in extent we think, to that in Huntingdon county, known as the big breach, in 1838. The Huntingdon breach occurred in June, and the whole season's navigation on that part of the works was lost—the breach was repaired at an expense of $337,419,33.

The breaches of last spring under the direction of the present Democratic Board of Commissioners, were repaired in six weeks, costing something less than $110,000.

After examining the above facts, we think the people will not be quite so foolish as to entrust the public works again in the hands of a whig Board of Commissioners.

PLEASURE EXCURSION.—The new and splendidly furnished steamer Circassian, Capt. M. A. Cox, will make a pleasure trip to Brownsville and back on Tuesday next. The Circassian is a first class boat, and we do not think those of our friends who have been confined to the city during this oppressively hot weather could avail themselves of a better oppertunity to gain a day's recreation and enjoyment; the expense will be but trifling—tickets for the trip, including dinner, costing only $1,50. Capt. Cox is the most gentlemanly and obliging officer we know of, and the day can be spent very pleasantly.

THEATRE.—The Theatre on Saturday evening was well filled, the performance went off admirably, and the audience appeared delighted. The opening address which was beautifully delivered by Miss PORTER, was greeted with rounds of applause. This evening the sterling play of "EVADNE" is the principal feature of the bill. Miss CLARA ELLIS, a lady who bears the reputation of being a very talented actress, will make her first appearance before a Pittsburgh audience, in the character of EVADNE.

THE CHRONICLE AND MR. PHILLIPS.—We had no idea, when the editors made the charge in relation to Mr. Phillips, and the Tariff of '42, that they did so with the slightest intention of misrepresenting, or doing injustice to that gentleman. We always considered the writer, one who was disposed to do justice to an opponent, notwithstanding his own peculiar partialities for men, and measures—and the fact of him investigating, and when convinced acknowledging his error, is another striking evidence of his disposition to act fairly and candidly.

The reason assigned by the writer, for being under the *impression* is very plausible. The torrents of misrepresentations which have been pouring forth from the Whig press of the state, during the past year in relation to the "Democratic party and the Tariff of '42," were well calculated to deceive the most careful observers, and led them into the belief that if the law should be repealed, it would be impossible to have any other revenue law enacted. We do not wonder, that such a continued flow of misrepresentation, together with the oft repeated slander, that the "Democratic party of Allegheny county" had pledged themselves, during the campaign of '44, to oppose any modification, or alteration, of the law of 42, lead our friends into the belief that *every* body was in favor of it, when those who *first* stated it, are beginning to *believe* it themselves.

The editors of the Chronicle have acted honorable, and we are glad to have the false impression corrected, in their able and influential Journal.

SMOKING A FRESHMAN.—Some of the dignitaries of the Sophomor Class in old Yale, soon after the late assemblage of the students, undertook to initiate a Freshman in some of the mysteries of the school by the ancient process of smoking.—For this purpose six of them visited the room of a young Freshman, with pipes in their mouths smoking lustily, and at the same time annointing the hot stove with assafœtida. As no compliments had been passed, Freshy very cooly rose, walked out of the door, turned the key, and left the smokers to enjoy the fragrance which they had created. After an hour or two, Freshy called to enquire how they had spent the evening, when the sophs cried for quarters and were suffered to depart. They did not like assafœtida at all, and thought it rather dangerous to jump out of a two story window.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.—Among the amusing things in our foreign papers, we find an anecdote of a distinguished scientific gentleman, which is rather interesting. At one of the meetings of the British Association, Professor Faraday related a remarkable instance of that recklessness among miners which is so fruitful a cause of accidents.—Having gone down to inspect the Haswell colliery, to ascertain the cause of the terrible explosion there, he was watching some miners making their preparations for blasting the coal, one of them holding, at the time an unprotected candle in his hand; when the boring was completed, he asked one of the men, where the gunpowder was, on which he was answered, "you are sitting upon it, sir."

BATHING IN MEXICO.—Kendall, of the Picayune, writes from Matamoras as follows:—

"It is well worth half an hour's time to stroll down to the bridge in the afternoon and look upon the numerous bathing parties that skirt the margin of the upper lake. Hundreds may be seen at one view swimming and splashing in the water, and cutting up such fantastic tricks before high Heaven, as make the vulgar *gaze*. They go in altogether—men, women, and children, and seem entirely void of that female modesty and decency which characterize our own people. They will dress and undress in the presence of each other without seeming to be aware of or care about the different sex; but when one of our countrymen approaches them they generally jump into the water and hide themselves.

In our preambulations last Sunday morning, while endeavoring to find out the real stage of the river, and when about half a mile below the town, where innumerable avines are filled up by the overflowing, we suddenly came upon about thirty females swimming in a beautiful little *lagoon*. Our first impulse was to leave, but as they were swimming from us, we thought propriety would suffer us to remain a few seconds longer. The sun had just risen a sufficient height to shed its rays faintly on the water, and their long black hair floating on its surface brought to our recollection the bathing scene Naiad Queen. Presently they turned about, and seeing us, ducked their heads under water, and rising them again, would burst out into an immoderate fit of laughter, and after playing about for a few minutes, they all started for the spot on which we stood, when, as all SOUL know who are familiar with our modesty, we stoped."

At a meeting of the Neptune Fire company, the following preamble and resolutions were passed unanimously.

WHEREAS, our city on Sunday the 30th ult., was the scene of riot, bloodshed and murder, caused by a quarrel between the *Allegheny* and *Niagara* Fire companies, be it therefore,

Resolved, That we the members of the *Neptune* Fire company, deeply deplore the untimely death of "Edmund Lowson," a member of the Niagara, and that we sympathise with his friends and relations in their irreparable loss.

Resolved, That it is the duty of every Fireman to use his best exertions to prevent a re-occurrence of the scenes enacted on last Sunday.

Resolved, That the members of the *Neptune* Engine company tender the right hand of fellowship to their fellow firemen, and earnestly call upon them to purge their *rolls* of every member who will countenance a breach of the peace.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to stand by, and aid the constituted authorities, in maintaining the high character our community has always maintained as a peaceable and law abiding city.
WM. M. EDGAR, Pres't.
GRAHAM SCOTT, Sec'y.
September 4, 1846.

City papers please copy.

SAGACITY OF A DOG.—The following curious instance is related in the Edenburgh Weekly Register:

"The animal belonged to a celebrated chemist, who tried upon it the effect of a certain poison, and upon the next day administered a counter poison which had the effect of preserving the creature's life. The next day another dose was offered him, but *moved* said he, and would not touch it. Different sorts of poisonous drugs were presented to him, but he resolutely refused all. Bread was offered, but he would not touch it; meat, but he turned from it; water, but he would not drink.—To re-assure him, his master offered him bread and meat of which himself ate in the dog's presence; and of that the sagacious animal did not hesitate to partake. He was taken to a fountain, but he would not drink nowhere but from the spot where the water gushes free and fresh. This continued several days, until the master, touched by the extraordinary intelligence of the poor creature, resolved to make no more attempts upon him with his poisons. The dog is now very gay and happy, but eats nothing that he does not first see his master touch, nor will he drink, except from the purest spot of the fountain."

Borrowing Babies.—An amusing incident occurred lately in Boston: A gentleman and lady in that city were blessed with a beautiful child, of about a year old, which attracted so much attention from the neighbors, that the young ladies opposite frequently sent over "to borrow the baby." After being obliged to send for the child several times, Mr——, on coming home to dinner, got out of temper on finding it gone as usual—'Here, Jane,' said he, addressing the nurse, 'go over to the Misses ——— and get the baby! give them my compliments and tell them I wish they'd get a baby of their own, and not be obliged to borrow!'—*Cist's Advertiser.*

An Elephant's Doings.—We learn by a gentleman of this city, who was at Lockport on Saturday, that at noon of that day an elephant belonging to a managerie exhibiting there, walked out of his tent toward a span of horses attached to a wagon some twenty rods off The horses took fright at the huge beast approached them, broke loose and run a few rods to the angle of a fence; the elephant followed, capsized the wagon and threw the horses some two rods over the fence. One of the horses rose with several broken ribs, and managed to escape his assailant, which fell upon the other with his tusks, tore out his entrails, and continued to toss him along the fence some ten rods or more. At this time the keeper, who was at dinner when the elephant escaped from the tent, came up and called the elephant by name. The elephant immediately obeyed the word, and followed the keeper to an orchard about a hundred rods off, where he was secured by strong chains made fast to the trunk of a full grown tree. Just as our informant left in the afternoon he heard that the elephant had uprooted the tree to which he was fastened, and had injured a man; but learned no particulars. The rage of the elephant, it is said, was caused by some tobacco concealed in the food that some of the bystanders offered to him. People cannot be too cautious how they trifle in such a way with an elephant.—*Buffalo Com.*

California.—We have received information, on which we place implicit reliance, that Commodore Sloat took possession of Monterey on the 6th of July last On the 9th of July, Commander John B. Montgomery, of the Portsmouth, summoned the commandant of the Yerba Buena to surrender. What the result of this summons was, we are not informed.

A few days previous to the 6th of July, a detachment from Col. Fremont's force took possession of a frontier post called Sonoma to the north of San Francisco. Gen. Castro attempted to dislodge them; but after a slight skirmish, and the arrival of Col. Fremont in person, he, Castro, retreated.

There appears to have been as much dissension among the Californians before the arrival of Com. Sloat, as existed in other parts of Mexico. On the 15th June a junta met at Santa Barbara, headed by Governor Pico, to declare California independent; which movement was met by a proclamation from the Commandant General Castro, declaring martial law throughout the country
Washington Union, Spt 2.

The following scraps are taken from Hutchinson's History of Massachusetts, volume 2d—

"In 1673, Eunice Cole was tried, and the jury found her not legally guilty, but there were strong grounds to suspect her of familiarity with the devil."

"Mary Osgood says, further, that she was carried through the air to Five Mile Pond, and baptized by the Devil. Question—How many persons were on the pole? Answer—Four, as I named before."

"Wardwell also confessed, but he recanted and suffered. His own wife, as well as his daughter, accused him and saved themselves."

"Giles Cory, seeing the fate of all those who put themselves on trial, refused to plead. *Hecaus pressed to death!*"

"In 'Winthrop's Journal" it is stated, that 'at this court, one Philip Ratliff, a servant of Mr. Craddock, being convicted of using the most foul scandalous invectives against our churches and government, was sentenced to be whipped, loose his ears, and be banished the plantation; which was presently executed."

PAREDES AND SANTA ANA.—The New Orleans Picayune of the 21st ult., in a long and able article upon Paredes and Santa Ana, contains the following paragraph:

"In the present controversy we confess that all our personal sympathies are with Paredes. He is the braver man of the two, and we believe is much the more disinterested. Indeed, he has at times given indications of being actuated by a sincere love of country. With all Santa Ana's display of patriotism, there mingles a hideous selfishness which it is in vain to palitate or excuse."

Iron.—When the tariff of 1842 was e t b ished, iron was only $22 per ton in England; now it is $30. This, with the duty of 30 per cent. to be levied on foreign iron, will make the protection to the iron masters of this country as great as it was in 1842, when the tariff was established. The duty under the tariff was $25 per ton.
New Haven Herald.

Clicker's Sugar-coated Vegetable Pills.—All diseases have their origin in impurity of blood. However excellent the general health, there is no security against fever, where the blood is impure, as indicated by eruptions of the skin, vertigo, headache, lassitude, &c. The best purifier of the blood, is Clickner's Sugar-coated Pill, which is so skilfully compounded, that it does not cause griping, the great objection to all pills. The envelope of sugar prevents all nauseous taste, saw from the powerful, yet easy operation, the patient would hardly be aware that he had taken any medicine at all. So well convinced is Dr. Clickner of the efficacy of his pills in all specified cases, that he is pledged to return the money, when the promised effect is not produced.

Sold by Wm. Jackson, corner of Wood and Liberty streets, who is general Agent for Dr. Clickner's Pills in Pittsburgh and vicinity.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

The several Temperance Societies of Allegheny county, will please take notice that the anual meeting of the County Society will be held in Temperance hall, Pittsburgh, on Friday the 11th inst., at 11 o'clock A.M., for the election of officers, to serve the ensuing year, and transact any other business that may come before them.
WM. LARIMER, Jr., Pres't.

P.S. The several Societies composing the Association, will please be punctual in sending delegates. W. L. Pres't.

Administrator's Notice.

THE Subscriber, Administrator of the estate of Jas. Long, late of Upper St. Clair township, Allegheny county, deceased, requests those who are indebted to said James Long, to make immediate payment, and all those having claims to present the same properly authenticated for settlement.
JAMES H. ROBB, Adm'r.
sep7w6t Upper St. Clair tp., Allegheny co.

MERCHANTS and Dealers generally will recollect the great sale of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, to take place at McKenna's, this day at 10 o'clock, by order of Assignees. It is certainly the largest and finest lot of dry goods offered at auction for many years: a credit of 90 days will be given for any amount exceeding $100 dollars, good approved endorsed notes. At 2 o'clock same day, a Barouche, Harness and Black Mare will be sold for cash.
sep7

AUCTION SALES—1 Barouche or Carriage, an excellent Black Mare, and a lot of double harness, at McKENNA'S auction rooms, No 114 Wood street, 3d door from 5th; on Monday, September 7th, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold in front of McKENNAS Auction Store; 1 Barouche or Carriage suitable for one or two horses, with a lot of double harness, both of which are nearly new, and in complete order, being in use only 12 months, and made in the city of New Haven, in the most approved plan and pattern for durability and comfort, with seven Axeitrees, and well adapted for the section country. The Carriage and Harness will be sold separate or together, as may suite the purchasers. Also, at the same time, 1 Black Mare, only 7 years old, well broke, goes either in saddle or harness, and carries a beautiful head and neck. They can be seen any time previous to sale.
sep 7 P. M'KENNA, Auctioneer.

XENOPHON'S CYROPAEDIA: The Cyropaedia of Xenophon, according to the text of L. Dindrof, with notes; for the use of schools and colleges, by J. Owen, Principal of the Cornelius Institute; for sale by LUKE LOOMIS, Agent.
sep 7 Journal copy.

Homer's Odyssey.

THE Odyssey of Homer, according to the text of Wolf; with notes; for the use of Schools and Colleges: by John J. Owen, Principal of the Cornelius Institute. For sale by LUKE LOOMIS,
sep7 (Journal copy.) Ag't.

XENOPHON'S ANABASIS—The Anabasis of Xenophon, chiefly according to the text of L. Dindorf, with notes, for the use of schools and colleges. For sale by LUKE LOOMIS.
sep7 (Journal copy) Ag't.

FINE PARIS GREEN—9 cans just received and for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co.
sep7 corner Sixth and Wood sts.

AUCTION SALES.—By John D. Davis, Auctioneer, south-east corner of Wood and Fifth sts. At 10 o'clock on Monday morning the 10th inst., Dry Goods, boots, shoes, cutlery, &c. A large assortment of fresh and seasonable Dry Goods, boots, shoes, hats, caps, fine table and pocket cutlery, &c., all of which will be sold without reserve for cash currency.

At 2 o'clock P.M.—A handsome assortment of China and Queensware, cups and saucers, plates, pitchers, bowls, &c., glassware, fancy japanned waiters, looking glasses, hair and husk mattrasses, Venitian window blinds, carpeting, feather beds, desks, stoves, grates, &c., a quantity of new and second hand household furniture. Also 4 bbls Old Monongahela Whiskey, 3 bbls New Orleans Sugar, 1 half chest and 3 caddy boxes V. H. Tea, 2 boxes Virginia manufactured Tobacco, 20 doz Bed Cords.

At 7 o'clock P.M.—An extensive assorment of fine table and pocket cutlery, hardware, Jewelry, gold and silver watches, 8 day and 30 hour clocks, staple and fancy dry goods, musical instruments, &c.
sep7 JOHN D. DAVIS, Auct'r.

AN ORDINANCE authorising the Mayor to borrow Thirty-six Thousand five hundred dollars, for the payment of outstanding debts, and for other purposes.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, That the Mayor be, and he is hereby authorised to borrow, on the credit of the city, the sum of thirty-six thousand five hundred dollars, and to issue Bonds therefore, under the seal of the Corporation, in sums of one thousand and five hundred dollars each, at the election of the purchaser thereof, bearing an interest of six per cent. per annum, which interest shall be payble semi-annually on the first days of January and July in the City of Philadelphia, or at the Treasurer's office in the City of Pittsburgh. The bonds so issued shall be signed by the Mayor, and countersigned by the Treasurer, and shall be severally transferable at the Treasurer's office in the City of Pittsburgh, in the presence of the City Treasurer, and shall not be redeemable by the City without the consent of the holders thereof, before the first day of January, 1861.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, &c., That the sum hereby authorised to be borrowed, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated as follows:—That there be added to the Appropriation No. 2. in the Ordinance making appropriation for the year 1846, the sum of $6,300
No. 15. For the payment of City loans, 14,500
No. 16. Outstanding warrants of 1845, 7,200
No. 17. For Duquesne Engine Lot 1,500
No. 18. For the redemption of Bonds issued to Mary L. Wood, due 1st July, 1841 8,000
$36,500

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, &c., That the faith, credit, funds, revenue, and corporate property of the City be, and the same are hereby solemnly pledged for the redemption of the Bonds hereby authorised to be issued, and for the payment of the interests accruing thereon.

Ordained and enacted into a Law this 2d day of September, A. D., 1846. Attest:
MORGAN ROBERTSON,
President Common Council.
THOS. BAKEWELL,
President Select Council.
E. J. Roberts, Clerk Common Council.
Alex. Millar, Clerk Select Council. [sep7-3t.

AN ORDINANCE authorising the issue of Bonds to the present holders of the illegal Bonds issued by the late City Treasurer, James A. Bartram.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, That for the purpose of lifting the bond issued without authority by the late City Treasurer, and now outstanding, amounting to Twelve Thousand dollars, the Mayor be, and is hereby authorized to issue, under the seal of the Corporation, in sums of one thousand dollars and less, bonds to the amount of nine thousand nine hundred dollars, being the amount advanced by the present holders of said fictitious bonds, bearing interest of six per cent per annum, which interest shall be payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each and every year, at the Commercial Bank in the City of Philadelphia, or at the Treasurer's office in the City of Pittsburgh. The bond shall be issued under the supervision of the Finance Committee, and shall be signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer, and shall be severally transferable at the Treasurer's office in the City of Pittsburgh, in the presence of the City Treasurer, and shall not be redeemable by the City, without the consent of the holders thereof, before the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

SEC. 2. Be it further ordained &c., That the faith, credit, funds, revenue, and corporate property of the city be, and the same are hereby solemnly pledged for the redemption of the bonds hereby authorised to be issued, and for the payment of the interest accruing thereon.

Ordained and enacted into a Law in Councils this 2d day of September, A. D. 1846. Attest:
MORGAN ROBERTSON,
President Common Council.
THOS. BAKEWELL,
President Select Council.
E. J. Roberts, Clerk Common Council.
Alex. Miller, Clerk Select Council. [sep7-3t

AN ORDINANCE fixing the place of holding elections in the Second Ward.

Inasmuch as Leopold Sahl, at whose house the elections in the Second Ward have heretofore been held, has removed from said ward, and the house is now occupied by a grocery, therefore,

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled, That the Mayor be, and he is hereby authorised to place at the house of this Ordinance, the place of holding elections in the Second Ward of the City of Pittsburgh, shall be at the house of William Armstrong, at the corner of Third and Smithfield streets, in the Second Ward of said city.

SEC. 2. Be it further ordained, &c., That all Ordinances which come in conflict with this Ordinance, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a Law this 31st day of August, A. D., 1846. Attest:
MORGAN ROBERTSON,
President Common Council.
THOS. BAKEWELL,
President Select Council.
E. J. Roberts, Clerk Common Council.
Alex. Millar, Clerk Select Council.

AN ORDINANCE to authorise the issuing of City Bonds, for the payment of Poor House Farm.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled, That the Mayor be, and he is hereby authorized to issue City Bonds, payable to Daniel Richter, ten years after date, with 6 per ct. interest, payable semi-annually, to the amount of nine thousand and one hundred dollars, viz: eight bonds of one thousand dollars each, and one bond of one thousand and one hundred dollars.

SEC. 2. Be it further ordained &c., That the faith and corporate property of the city are hereby pledged for their redemption.

Ordained and enacted into a Law this 2d day of September, A. D. 1846. Attest:
MORGAN ROBERTSOM,
President Common Council.
THOS. BAKEWELL,
President Select Council.
E. J. Roberts, Clerk Common Council.
Alex. Millar, Clerk Select Council. [sep7-3t

SUP. CARB. SODA—1000 lbs. Sup. Carb. Soda, just received and for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK Co.
sep7 corner Sixth and Wood st.

CHAMOMILE FLOWERS—1 cask fresh Chamomile Flowers just received and for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
sep7 cor. Sixth and Wood sts.

RHODES & ALCORN, (Late of New York city,) No. 27 Fifth st., between Wood and Market, Manufacturers of Mustard, Ground Spices, Catsups, &c., &c., will open during the present week a large assortment of articles in their line, which they will wholesale in quantities to suit dealers, at Eastern wholesale prices. All articles sold by them warranted. Merchants intending to go east would do well to call before leaving the city. They may be found at their warehouse, No. 27 Fifth street, in Ryan's Building. sep7

Only Four Left Out of Thirteen.

I WILL sell at private sale the following pieces of Land, situate on the Franklin Road, 4 miles from Allegheny City, being the balance remaining unsold from the public auction of the 24th ult., and private sales since.

Lot No. 8, containing 13 acres, 5 perches, a beautiful piece of land, price $500
Lot No. 13, containing 11 acres, 72 perches price $300
Lot No. 10, containing 14 acres 15 perches, an excellent piece of land, partly cleared, price $500
Lot No 12, containing 15 acres 40 perches, price $325

There is timber enough in some of these Lands to pay for them, if brought to market. They all front on the Franklin Road, are within four miles of Allegheny City, and 4½ miles of Pittsburgh. They will be sold on fair terms. Apply to
JAMES BLAKELY,
Att'y. in fact for
sep4 LAWRENCE MITCHEL.
(Despatch copy.)

NICHOLSON'S Mechanic's Companion, 40 plates; American House Carpenter; for sale by
sep1 H. S. BOSWORTH & CO.

Cheap Job Printing Establishment.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased the Book and Job Printing Office of N. M. Poindexter, on the south-east corner of Market street and the Diamond, 2d story, where he is fully prepared to execute, at short notice, and on reasonable terms—

Books,	Steamboat Bills,	Bill Heads,
Pamphlets,	Cards,	Handbills,
Bills of Lading,	Circulars,	Receipts,
Canal Blanks,	Show Bills,	Hat Tips, &c.

A share of public patronage is solicited.
sep1-1w THOS. W. WRIGHT.

CLARET WINE.—We will tap another cask of Claret this morning; persons in want of the article on draught can therefore be supplied. Call early at the Wine Store of
STERETT & CO.,
sep5 cor Market and Front sts.

European and American Agency.

THE undersigned, European Agent, having again arrived in America at the regular time, will leave Pittsburgh, Pa., early in September next, making a TWENTIETH tour through England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales, and returning to America in May, 1847. By this Agency, money remittances can be made by drafts for large and small sums, payable at sight in every part of Great Britain, Ireland, &c.; legacies, debts, rents, real estate and claims collected and recovered; searches of all kinds made; copies of wills, deeds and documents procured, and the usual business appertaining to this agency transacted as heretofore. Innumerable references given. Apply personally, or address (post paid)
H. KEENAN,
European Agent and Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.
Office at the Merchants' Hotel, corner of Third and Smithfield streets.
☞ Mr. JAMES MAY will attend to all European business in my absence. sep5-1w

Pleasure Trip.

THE new and fast running steamer CIRCASSIAN having been recently purchased by F. H. Oliphant, who is now having her repainted and fitted up with entirely new furniture for the fall trade, propose giving the citizens of Pittsburgh a trip to Brownsville and back, on Tuesday the 8th inst., leaving the wharf, above the Monongahela bridge at 8 o'clock A. M. precisely, dine in Brownsville, and return on the afternoon of the same day. Every attention will be given to make the trip a pleasant one.

White's well known bras band has been engaged for the trip, and will enliven the company with their music.

Tickets for the round trip, including dinner, $1,50. They may be had at Johnston & Stockton's Book store, corner of Market and Third streets.
sep5tr M. A. COX, Master.

EVERY DAY BOOKS, the every day book, containing Biographical Sketches, Personal adventures, Incidents of Travel, Sketches in National History, Useful information in Science, Poetical selections, and other subjects fitted to interest and enrich the mind. Illustrated by fifty engravings. For sale by LUKE LOOMIS, Agent. Also, the Summer Day Book, the Parlour Book, the Young Mans' Evening Book, and the Leisure Hour Book. For sale by
sep 5 LUKE DOOMIS, Agent.

LOST—A large yellow marocco Pocket Book was lost on Friday evening. The book contained either four or five dollars in money, and a number of papers of value to no person but the owner. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. sep 5—3t.

50 BBLS. Pitch
50 " Rosin;
150 Boxes Tobacco, various sizes;
10,000 Seed leaf Cigars;
On consignment and will be sold low for Cash, or exchanged for Pittsburgh manufactures, by
sep5 TAAFFE & O,CONNOR.

BOOKS.—The Philosophy of Evil;
Sketches of Imposture and Deception;
Physic and Physicians;
Brackenridge's Tour;
The Wreath;
The British Poets;
Robinson Crusoe, complete and illustrated;
Hand Book of Fashion;
Etiquette for Ladies. Just received by
sep4 H. S. BOSWORTH & CO.

Spt. Turpentine.

20 BARRELS, just received and for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
sep3 cor 6th and Wood sts.

Pine Olive Oil.

10 BASKETS, just received and for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
sep3 cor 6th and Wood sts.

Assafœtida.

2 CASES, just received and for sale by.
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
sep3 cor 6th and Wood sts.

Received Last Evening at No. 46,

THE fifth and last lot of Merrimack Gingham prints, style the same brown and purple plaids and patterns beautiful, at the Dry Goods cash House of BARROWS & TURNER.
(sep4)

FLOUR—25 bbls superfine family flour in store and for sale by
MARTIN & SMITH,
sep2 56 Wood street.

VA. Twist Tobacco—19 kgs Va. tobacco, No. 1 article, in store and for sale