THE PITTSBURGH DAILY MORNING POST.

JOHN BIGLER, Editor.

PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1846.

Allegheny County Democratic Ticket.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM B. FOSTER, Jr.,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

Congress,
WILSON M'CANDLESS, *of Peebles.*

Senate,
THOMAS HAMILTON, *of Pittsburgh.*

Sheriff,
RODY PATTERSON, *of Lawrenceville.*

Prothonotary,
GEORGE R. RIDDLE, *of Allegheny.*

Assembly,
SAMUEL W. BLACK, *of Pittsburgh.*
ROBERT H. KERR, *of Allegheny.*
JOHN H. M'ELHENNY, *of Jefferson.*
JOSEPH COOPER, *of Moon.*

Commissioner for 3 years,
ROBERT DONALDSON, *of Wilkins.*

Commissioner for 1 year,
WM. BRYANT, *of Pittsburgh.*

Auditor for 3 years,
WILLIAM EWING, *of Robinson.*

Auditor for 1 year,
N. PATTERSON, *of Birmingham.*

Coroner,
LEWIS WEYMAN, *Allegheny.*

☞ V. B. PALMER, Agent for country newspapers is the Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily Morning Post, and Weekly Mercury and Manufacturer, to receive advertisements and subscriptions. He has offices in New York, at the Coal Office, 30 Ann street, (adjoining the Tribune Office.)
BOSTON, No. 12, State street.
PHILADELPHIA, Real Estate and Coal Office, 59 Pine street.
BALTIMORE, S. E. corner Baltimore and Calverts, where our paper can be seen, and terms of advertising learned.

CORRESPONDENTS.

In reference to communications which may appear in this paper, we have one or two remarks to make. We will insert none without the name of the author being first made known to us, and when inserted, must always be taken as expressive of the views *of the writer*, and not the editor of this paper, unless the views so expressed are editorially remarked upon and approved.

☞ The address of the Democratic Committee of Correspondence to the people of Allegheny county, will appear to-morrow.

"This only proves what we have asserted—that the Whig Tariff of 1842 *protected* our mechanics where the British Bill *does not*. Every body knows that our *protection* on the *low priced boots* and bootees, and the specific duty of $1,25 imposed by the Whig Tariff was so effectual that *the whole import of boots and bootees* into the United States in an entire year was but six thousand two hundred and seventy pairs, by the showing of the Post itself."—*Journal of yesterday.*

Under the act of 1842. men's Boots and Bootees are chargeable with a duty of $1,25 per pair, *without regard to their value*; or, in other words, coarse *"low priced boots,"* worn generally by the poor, pay a tax of $1,25 per pair, and the fine eight dollar boots, worn more generally by the rich, *are chargeable with no more.* This unjust principle is fully sanctioned by the editor of the Journal. The act of 1842, affords no more protection to the mechanic on a pair of Boots costing $8, than on a coarse pair, costing $3,50 or $4,00. Under the act of 1846, the duty on a pair of Boots costing $4,00 is $1,25—on a pair costing $8—the duty is $2,40, of course affording increased and direct protection to the actual operative.

The Farming Interests.

It is now very evident that the repeal of the English Corn Laws will greatly advantage the American farmer. The editor of Bicknell's Reporter, a very correct commercial paper, in refering to the subject, says;—"We have more than once expressed the opinion, that the repeal of the British Corn Laws would prove of great advantage to the agricultural interests of this country. In this view we have differed from several intelligent cotemporaries. The new law is now in operation, and in the course of a year or two we shall be able to speak confidently as to its effect. Meanwhile we shall watch the progress of events, and spread the information before our readers. The New York *True Sun* says—"Thus far the effects have proved eminently beneficial to our own country. By the Hibernia our merchants have intelligence of better returns for the immense shipments of Flour which they have been pouring into the British ports, than they had anticipated; and they have also large orders for additional supplies. The accounts in regard to American products generally are very favorable, but more especially are they so in relation to bread stuff; and large shipments will be immediately made to feed the laboring millions in the crowded cities and teeming manufactories of once more prosperous England. During the week last passed alone, there were shipped from this port for Great Britain no less than 17,421 bbls. of flour. 22,377 bushels of wheat, 300 bbls. corn meal, 31,360 lbs. tobacco. 172,402 lbs. cheese, 12,152 lbs. hams, 108,782 lbs, lard, 350 tierces beef 64,728 lbs. butter, and over 2,000 bales of cotton."

The *New York Express* says, that there are new orders in the market for shipments of flour, wheat and rye, and gives the following as the exports for bread stuffs, &c., for the month of July:

Flour,	102,600 bbls.
Corn,	62,258 bush.
Wheat,	100,780 "
Rye,	88,910 "
Lard,	15,251 kegs.
Ashes, Pots,	5,792 bbls.
" Pearls,	857 "
Cotton,	21,636 bbls.
Beef,	5,730 bbls.
Pork,	5,987 "

This is a large export for the season, particularly of Flour, Wheat, and Rye.

The following is an extract from the London correspondent of the same paper:

"The repeal of the corn laws will undoubtedly be the means of increasing the consumption of American grain and flour in this country." The *Liverpool Journal* makes the following remarks in reference to the operation of the new bill;

"The general talk is that the price of corn will depend SOLELY on what it can be grown for in the rich valley of the Mississippi; that the price will NOT depend on the supply from the Black or the Red seas—the Vistula or Vienna—from Dutchland or Dantzic—the Baltic or Belgium, BUT ON WHAT IT CAN BE GROWN FOR IN AMERICA. And why? Because the States can produce enough for a population ten times that of ours. The further talk is that this will cause an increase in wages and a fall in rents. And why? Because if we import we must export manufactures, and if we export manufactures trade will be good, high wages enable the many to consume beef and mutton; a ready market will soon induce our farmers to raise cows and sheep, instead of wheat and oats."

ROBBERS DETECTED.—We learn from the Lancaster (Pa.) Democrat, that on Monday last, two young men named N. Hilliard and Joseph Smart, visited the cotton factory of that place, applying for work; and on their departure a coat and pair of gold spectacles were missing. They were pursued arrested and committed for trial, the goods being found in their possession. They also had in their possession, evidently stolen, a valuable gold lever watch, marked "No 20275, Joseph Johnson, Liverpool." Both were armed with pistols.

☞ The editors of the *Chronicle*, in yesterday's paper assure us they did not intend to misrepresent Mr. Phillips, in relation to the "tariff of '42," and in the very same article reiterate the misrepresentation already complained of. The *Chronicle* on Monday stated, that Mr. Phillips while editing the *Post*, "declared himself opposed, to any alteration, or modification of the act of '42,—and also talked quite flippantly about pledged faith," &c. We denied the charge, and called on the editors to prove or retract it, but instead of doing either, in yesterday's paper, they very cooly, and complacently inform us, "they have no *file* of the Post to refer to." The editors should not have made such serious charges, on mere conjecture without a file to refer to; particularly when the accuser had no opportunity of replying for himself.

That Mr. Phillips did prefer the act of 1842, to "Mr. Clay's Compromise Bill;" we frankly admit, but that he at any time expressed himself opposed to a modification of that law, we most unequivocally deny.

The *Whig Gazette* does not *charge*, Mr. Phillips with being, at the time referred to opposed to any alteration or modification, and we think the *Chronicle*, will find it an up-hill business to *prove it.* At all events, the editors have made the charge, and it is now their duty to either prove it, or acknowledge themselves mistaken. They, we presume, can have access to the files.

THE SENSE OF FEELING.—Some boarding school misses, accompanied by their governess, were one day walking in a garden, when one of the young ladies, stooping over a bed of wall flowers, exclaimed to her companions that it had the "sweetest smell she ever felt.'

"How can you be so vulgar?" said the governess. "Can you *feel a smell?* Is it hard or soft pray?"

A few minutes afterwards the governess stumbled and fell. Her pupils assisted her to rise, hoping she was not hurt.

"I'm afraid," she said, "that I have sprained my wrist—I feel a great pain in it."

"*Is it hard or soft*, ma'am?" demurely asked the young lady aforesaid.

AN ELOQUENT EXTRACT.—A spirit of fault finding—an unsatisfied temper—a constant irritability—little inequalities in the look, the temper, or manner, a brow cloudy and dissatisfied; your husband cannot tell why; will more than neutralise all the good you can do, and render life anything but a blessing. It is in such gentle and quiet virtues as meekness and forbearance, that the happiness and usefulness of life consists, far more than brilliant eloquence, or splendid talent, or illustrious deeds that shall send the name to future times.

A MAN OF BUSINESS.—The new Editor of the Oregon Spectator holds at once the following offices—Secretary of the Territory, Recorder of Land Claims, Recorder of Marriages, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Clerk of the Criminal Court, Revisier of the Laws; in addition to all which legal trusts, he seems to be a Doctor of Physic. A universal man like this is just the thing, of course, for an editor.

☞ A young man having attended a silent Quaker meeting, was asked by one of the Friends.—"How did'st thou like the meeting?" To which he pettishly replied, "Like it! why I can see no sense in it, to go and sit for a whole hour together without speaking a word. It is enough to kill the devil." "Yea, my friend," replied the Quaker, "that's just what we want."

HEROISM—William Jackson, a young man, was attacked by three wolves in the woods of Canada he placed his back against a tree, shot two of them dead, and after a savage conflict with the other, succeeded in killing that also. The skins were taken as trophies of this unparrelleled victory.

☞ It seems that young ladies *do* get in a passion sometimes. for a Cincinnati paper says that there is one in that city who, whenever she does so far forget herself, takes up the cat in her arms and sings a lullaby to it until she gets in a good humor.

☞ A lad named Loper, in Upper Alloway's Creek, Pa., in falling from a mow was struck near the jaw by the point of a pitchfork, the instrument taking an upward course and passing out at the top of his head. His death was considered inevitable.

PRACTICE.—The war has already commenced among some of the new Santa Fe recruits. A private—or one who was about to become so—severely drubbed an officer for making fun of him.

☞ "Well, Susan, what do you now think of all married ladies being happy?"

"Why, I think there are more *aint* that *is* than there is that *aint*."

☞ "You ought to have a pension," said a wag to an unfortunate who was in the habit of taking a drop too much. "How so?" inquired red-eye.—"Why you fell at the battle of *Brandy Wine*."

☞ An affray took place in Rigney's grocery, at Rondout, N. Y., in which James Rigney was knocked down with a stone and died of the wound.

☞ The Emperor of Russia has sent the king of Naples two brass horses, which are looked upon as chief works of art.

From the Harrisburgh Democratic Union.

THE UNITED DEMOCRACY.

The serried front which the Democratic party in this State have continued to present to the insidious overtures and attacks of the Whigs is beginning to exercise a controlling moral influence.

Integrity and fidelity to the leading principles of our creed have always distinguished the Republican party, and rendered them not only invulnerable to corrupt promises, and base invitations to desert the good old cause in which they have formerly fought and conquered, but has also armed them with that silent power which defeats the most subtle manœuvers without striking a blow. The whigs are already wrestling with their worst enemy. The consciousness of having done wrong, of having fruitlessly endeavored to create a panic, of having sown the seeds of imaginary evil, which were blighted in the germ, has been awakened by the bold scrutiny and disapprobation of the people

The Whigs had carefully laid the chips, they had applied the torch, and expected to see a general conflagration, in which the evidences of their guilt would have been obliterated and consumed. But the destructive element was staid before the vast edifice was even scorched, and the frustrated work of the incendiary was exposed in full view. Their crime is detected beyond the shadow of a doubt, and though the people should even charitably withhold their reproaches, they will suffer the pange of an abused conscience.

The Whig party have shrunk back, thoroughly ashamed of the attempt which they made to sacrifice the peace and prosperity of this Commonwealth—they have cowered before the bold front of republican virtue, and are now ruminating the bitter cud of disappointment and remorse. The Democratic party has been made stronger by this effort to disorganize and divide them. It has shown to them the true character of the enemy, and initiated them into their mode of conducting a political campaign, and impressed them with the necessity of firmly and unitedly standing by the regularly nominated ticket. Whereas the Whig party has been weakened by this new defeat, and dispirited by the formidable rally which the Democracy is making. Success becons us onward. Union and harmony will insure it.

From the Baltimore Sun.

Later from the Army.

Arrival of the McKim—Capture of Chinn by Capt. McCulloch—Arrivdl of Gen Taylor at Camargo —Advance of Capt. Duncan.

The steamship McKim arrived from Brazos Santiago at an early hour on Sunday morning, bringing dates from Point Isabel of the 17th, and from Camargo, the present headquarters of the army, of the 13th August. The town of China, on the Rio San Juan, 65 or 70 miles from Camargo was taken on the 5th inst., by Captain McCulloch, of the Texas Rangers, without opposition. Col. Seguin with 100 Mexicans, were in the town, but on the approach of the Americans they retreated. Another Mexican depot of arms has been found at Matamoras, and a quantity of stores and ammunition.

The regiment of Rangers, under Col. Jack Hays and Lieut. Col. Walker, left Matamoras about the 10th instant, on an incursion into the interior.—The precise route to be taken by them is not known, and will depend probably upon circumstances.—We hope to be kept fully apprised of the movements of this corps, to which great importance is attached in the army.

The second regiment of Dragoons, which is composed now of only four companies, with about 375 men, has abandoned its encampment between Point Isabel and Fort Brown, and was at Matamoras at last accounts.

Major General Butler is represented to be quite ill at Point Isabel.

Those of the Maryland and Kentucky companies, whose lot it was to go on foot, are also on the road up. These men have a long road to travel this warm weather, but if report is true they are well able to stand it.

The city of Matamoras wears a peculiarly quiet aspect. An evident change is to be perceived; the noise and tumult created by the large numbers of volunteers, who constantly filled the streets, has ceased entirely since their departure, and every thing here is as orderly as the most peaceable city in the Union. The prohibitory orders against the further introduction of spiritous liquors are operating beneficially.

Spies and Traitors.—There seems to be quite a nest of these amongst the population of Matamoras, who keep the enemy advised of all that is passing here. On the 13th inst., a vast quantity of military stores was found in the possession of an eminent citizen, Don Jose Maria Tavo, under circumstances of great duplicity. An example should be made, so as to undeceive the Mexicans, as regards our easiness of character.

About two hundred re-ruits, for the regular service, arrived on the 12th from New York, via Point Isabel.

It was rumored on the 13th, that McCullough's Ranging Company has been surprised, defeated and made prisoners by a body of Mexican Rancheros, under Carvajal. Little or no credit was given to this.

Lefi at the Brazos ship Lehigh and brg. Jefferson, also several schooners discharging. Schr. Oregon, Capt. Speight, of Baltimore, while in tow of the steamer Monmouth, struck the bar, beat across the North breakers and bilged, Aug. 17, with a cargo of Government stores, which were saved.—The vessel is a total loss.

For some exceedingly interesting details of affairs on the scene of military operation, we refer our readers, says the N. O. Times, to the letter of our correspondent, which we append. Forward! is now the inspiring motto of Gen. Taylor.

Matamoras, Aug. 14, 1846.

The army on this frontier is now so much dispersed in different encampments, or *en route* to the ports above here, that it is somewhat difficult to fix their whereabouts—it such a word is allowable.—Two of the Illinois Regiments were still at the Brazos Island on the 10th inst. The Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and some portion of the Tennessee, Ohio and Indiana volunteers are strung along the river below here, but nearly all under orders to move as soon as transportation can be furnished. The 3d Ohio regiment is encamped on the east side of the river, nearly opposite this place. Col. Johnston's Texas rifle regiment has gone to Camargo, as has the mounted rifle regiment of Col. Woods, from the same State, besides nearly all the regular troops, and many volunteer corps from other States.

Brigadier General Quitman left here last night or early this morning, to go above, where he expects to be assigned the command of the Georgia, Alabama, and Mississippi regiments. Brigadier General Hamer, with one regiment from Ohio, one from Kentucky, and the Baltimore and Washington battalions, reached here this morning, going to Camargo, where the headquarters of General Taylor now are, and where the army is concentrating as rapidly as possible. The 2d dragoons, now commanded by Captain May, and the light artillery of Lieutenant Ridgely, leave to-morrow, to escort a train of wagons. In the course of fifteen days, the largest army ever assembled, at one point, since the time of our revolution, in the service of the United States, will be at Camargo.—We shall all, regulars and irregulars, be there, and then see what is to follow.

I have endeavored to ascertain the actual force in this quarter, and the best information to be had, makes it over eighteen thousand men, and they still come. What the are to do, is more than I can tell, as I feel confident that the Mexican Government can never organize a force one-half as strong.

The Rio Grande is to be the base of the line of operations. The principal depot will be at Camargo; from whence we will go to Monterey and as much further as directed. General Taylor says his orders are to advance, and he shall go ahead until he is ordered to stop. The latter not a probable event.

The Texas mounted regiment, commanded by Col. Hays, left this place on the 8th inst., on an expedition into the interior. They go first to the town of San Fernando about one hundred miles west of south from here, from whence they will range up the country to the main road from Camargo to Monterey. They left without tents or supplies, and expect to subsist by foraging. Hays is supplied with sufficient funds, and ordered to pay well for all he takes to subsist his command. The trip will be interesting, though a hard one; and I should not be surprised if they should have a brush with the *rancheros*. The regiment is about 500 strong now, as two companies have gone a different course. Lumsden, of the Picayune, is one of the crowd, as are several others well known in your city.

Rumors are as thick as black-berries, many not entitled to much credit. Yesterday a Mexican arrived, as he said, direct from Mexico, and reported that Bustamente had put down the Government of Paredes. You are probably better informed. This morning the report was current among the Mexicans here, that a band of *rancheros* had captured the mounted company of Texans, commanded by Capt. M'Culloch, who they say was on a scout on the road from Camargo to Monterey. Mr. Kendall is with that company. I have no faith in the report, nor has Governor Henderson. That gentleman has been very ill for six or seven weeks, but is now rapidly recovering, and will in a few days, be at the head of his division—and will do good service if an opportunity offers.

From the Boston Daily Times.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Your selection from the "Pittsburg Morning Post" does not give the full cost of Iron: consequently, the *protection* given the Iron Master of this country is underrated. It should have been,

1 ton Iron cost at Liverpool,	£10 15 0
Town dues, ship duties, &c.,	4 5
Commission, 3 per cent,	0 7
	£11 6 0
Which, at $4.80 the £, as charged at the Custom House, is	$54 24
Upon which add 30 per cent. duty,	16 27
Insurance, 1½ per cent.	81
Freight, say	2 50
Interest, 1½ per cent.	81
Trucking and labor,	95
	$75 58

Showing a protection of 45¾ per cent. to American Iron.

Fact No 1, for the Sober Minded.

TO BE REVIVED—Park Benjamin intends to revive the "New World," about the 1st of October next.

EARLY—Many farmers are already sowing their wheat in the Upper part of Kent co. Md.

From the Chronicle.

The Death of Edmund Lawson.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 2d. 1846.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The undersigned Committee, appointed by the Niagara Fire Company, to lay before this community the whole facts in the late lamentable occurrences between this company and the Allegheny, would respectfully beg the use of the columns of your paper for the publication of the following report.

Very respectfully,

THE COMMITTEE.

As a matter of justice to a company of firemen who have never, under any circumstances, or upon any occasion, been guilty of a breach of the peace, or ranked among the disturbers of the quiet and harmony of the fire department, we deem it our duty to make a full and fair statement of the facts in relation to the late disgraceful riot on the part of a number of the firemen of our city. We feel doubly called upon to do so, from the fact that an allusion has been made to the occurrences of that day, by an editor who is connected with the Allegheny Company, and who should be careful above any other as to the statements he might make. In the Dispatch of the 1st inst., the present editor endeavors to cast the odium of the day upon the Niagara. But we hope that his opinion (which at no time can weigh heavily on the public mind under the circumstances as known, and as shall be made known,) shall fall harmless to the ground. The facts as they occurred are simply as follows:

On the evening of Saturday last an alarm of fire was given, and both the engines referred to were upon the ground. Whilst at the fire, the Allegheny caused their stream of water to be thrown upon the Niagara Company, which was borne with by them. Upon the return of the engines from the fire, the Niagara reached the bridge first, the Niagara hose reel followed her. After the reel had reached the entrance of the bridge, an attack was made by the Allegheny upon them for the purpose of preventing them from entering first. The Niagara company resisted, and then the Allegheny took the other side of the bridge, and passed the Niagara. At the corner of St. Clair and Liberty streets, the Allegheny again attempted to raise a disturbance with the Niagara members, who were with some difficulty restrained by the officers of the company. Not satisfied with this, the Allegheny followed the Niagara up Liberty street, (two squares out of their road,) trying to run into the Niagara, and swearing that they would follow her home but what they would get a fight out of them.

On the succeeding day, on returning from the fire, the officers of the Niagra Company, fearing lest the two opposite companies should meet, caused the engine to be taken up First street and along Market, to give the Allegheny time to reach their house. By the time the Niagara had reached the corner of Fifth and Market streets the Allegheny had deposited their engine in the house and returned in a body and met the Niagara at the above point and run their reel across the head of the Niagara's ropes. Not satisfied with that, two or three of them commenced to whip one of the members of the Niagara, which occasioned all the difficulties of that day among the parties.

When we speak of the Allegheny Company we do not wish to be understood as classing the whole of them among the disturbers, as we know that a number of our most excellent citizens are members.

The facts, as above stated, are such as can be sustained by the authority of worthy and unprejudiced citizens and not by the assertions of members of the company or editors connected therewith. Under these facts we ask nothing but a fair and impartial public opinion.

J. S. HAMILTON,
J. T. SHANNON,
TERRANCE CLARK,
THOMAS OWEN,
WM. G. MCCARTNEY,
Committee of Niagara Fire Company.

DIED, on the 27th ult, at Friendsville, Pa., after a lingering illness, the Rev. WILLIAM F. JENNINGS, son of Robert Jennings, of Mondang, county of Armagh Ireland, and of late the Pastor of the Catholic Church, at Friendville. Pa.

The teacher is taught. The good man whose labors looked to the Eternal salvation of those in the midst of whom he labored, has been called away to the grave, to which he pointed as the gateway to eternal rest and peace. Surrounding himself in death with the virtues and christian humility, which drew love and respect to him during life, he received in calmness and trusting hope, the minister that relieved him from the world's pains and troubles, and ushered him to the presence of Him, "who giveth and who taketh away."

When the good and pure hearted depart from us, and the will of grief breaks from those whose tenderest effections are rudely wrung; when a void is created in the usual associations of life, and the absence of one dearly beloved is daily forced upon the memory, by the wants, which in social intercourse, the absent one was wont to supply; there is an anguish that would be unutterable deep, but that the light of the Christian's hope breaks in upon the clouds of grief, to gild them, as the rainbow is set against the storm-cloud, in token of the eternal promise.

MASONIC NOTICE.

An adjourned meeting of Lodge No. 45 A. Y. Masons will be held this evening in the Masonic Temple, corner of 3d and Wood streets, at 7 o'clock.

By order of the Worshipful Master.

J. A. PARKINSON, Sec'y.

Sep 4, A. D. 1846, A. L. 5846.

Clickner's Sugar-coated Vegetable Pills.—All diseases have their origin in impurity of blood. However excellent the general health, there is no security against fever, where the blood is impure, as indicated by eruptions of the skin, vertigo, headache, lassitude, &c. The best purifier of the blood is Clickner's Sugar-coated Pill, which is so skilfully compounded, that it does not cause griping, the great objection to all pills. The envelope of sugar prevents all nausea, so that, save from the powerful, yet easy operation, the patient would hardly be aware that he had taken any medicine at all. So well convinced is Dr. Clickner of the efficacy of his pills in all specified cases, that he is pledged to return the money, when the promised effect is not produced.

Sold by Wm. Jackson, corner of Wood and Liberty streets, who is general Agent for Dr. Clickner's Pills in Pittsburgh and vicinity.

☞ Let all the world know the wonderful efficacy of Dr. Duncan's Expectorant Remedy for the cure of Consumption and the symptoms indicating "going into a decline."

Dr. Duncan—Dear Sir.—The undersigned a patient under my care for the last three months, who has been laboring with Phthisis Pulmonalis, or pulmonary consumption, and finding that no medicine I could prescribe would afford him any relief, I was therefore determined to test your Expectorant Remedy, at the same time having no confidence in the medicine set forth to cure consumption; but to please the patient, I allowed him to send to your agent in Wooster. Dr. J. P. Coultorer, for the medicine, which he did, and used it according to the directions accompanying the bottles, and truly to my astonishment, I found my patient fast improving, which he continued until he became perfectly well. I believe he only used seven bottles. By his request, I write you these lines, hoping your expectorant medicine will continue to do for the consumptives generally, as in the above case. Yours, &c.,

DR. JAS. R. RICKETT.

This valuable medicine for sale at the Boot Store of Wm. Jackson, cor. of Wood and Liberty street, Pittsburgh—only Agent.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

The several Temperance Societies of Allegheny county, will please take notice that the anual meeting of the County Society will be held in Temperance hall, Pittsburgh, on Friday the 11th inst., at 11 o'clock A.M., for the election of officers, to serve the ensuing year, and transact any other business that may come before them.

WM. LARIMER, Jr., Pres't.

P.S. The several Societies composing the Association, will please be punctual in sending delegates. W. L. Pres't.

THEATRE.

MANAGER, C. S. PORTER.

Prices of Admission:

First Tier,	50 cents
Second Tier,	37½ "
Third Tier,	20 "
Pit,	25 "

FIRST NIGHT OF THE SEASON.

THE public are respectfully informed that the Theatre will open for the season, on

Saturday Evening, September 5th, 1846,

During the recess the Theatre has been newly decorated, and several alterations and improvements made. Two Private Boxes have been added. The interior newly papered; the exterior newly painted, and decorated; new Gas-burners on stage; carpets have been placed in the lobbies of both Tier of Boxes, which will add to the comfort of the audience, and render the Theatre equal, if not superior, in point of neatness, to any in THE UNION.

Decorations, by John Lawman, Artist of the Theatre.

The exterior, by James D. Pitfield.
Inside Painting, by Blair & M'Clure.
Carpenter work, by Dowling & Owston.
Beautiful wall Paper, from Jas. Howard & Co.
New Carpet, E. W. Lyon.
Paper hangers, Doke & Cunningham.

☞ No spirituous liquors sold in the Theatre.

The Saloon fitted up in a superior style as a Confectionary, by P. H. Hunker.

First appearance in Pittsburgh of Mr. OWENS.
First appearance " " Mr. & Mrs. MEYNETTE.
First appearance for several years of Mr. W. M. FOSTER.
First appearance for some time of Mrs. ROWE.

AN OPENING ADDRESS, written expressly for the occasion, by JAMES REES, Esq., of Philadelphia, will be delivered by Miss PORTER.

To be followed with a fashionable comedy called the

POOR GENTLEMAN.

After the comedy, Mr. C. P. MEYNAVER will sing his celebrated song of THE POLKA.

The whole to conclude with the Musical Farce of the

SWISS SWAINS OR THE ALPINE MAID.

Improper persons will not be admitted to any part of the Theatre.

Doors to open at 7, performance to commence at 7½ precisely.

The box office will be open from 10 o'clock, A. M. to 1, and from 2 P. M to 5—at which time and place seats can be obtained for any number of persons.

All demands against the establishment will be paid, punctually every Monday morning.

A strong and efficient police have been engaged to preserve order at all times. sept4.

Proposals

WILL be received by the subscriber at this place; until noon of the 14th September, for furnishing and delivering at the Navy Yard, Pensacola, two thousand tons (2240 lbs each) of the best lump coal for steamers use. Those who may be disposed to make offers are requested to name such time as will enable them fully to comply and prevent disappointment. If any of the offers should be accepted, the person offering will be notified within ten days after the fifteenth of this month.

The said coal must be of the *very best quality*, and pass such inspection at the Navy Yard, Pensacola, as may be directed by the commandant of said yard, and if directed by him, any portion of it which may not be satisfactory, is to be immediately separated from the other at the expense of the contractor.

Satisfactory bonds, with two sureties, in half the amount of the contract, will be required for its faithful performance, in addition to a reservation of ten per centum, for all bills which may be approved, which reservation, will not be paid until the completion of the contract, according to its terms.

In case of failure on the part of the contractor to deliver the coal within the period limited for its delivery, the right is reserved, to direct purchases to be made to supply deficiencies, and the contractor and his sureties are to be liable for any excess of cost, over the contract price, and the ten per cent reserved to be forfeited to the use and benefit of the United States.

Payments will be made on bills duly approved by the Commandant of the Navy Yard at Pensacola, by such of the U. S. Navy Agents as the contractor may prefer within thirty days after the bills are presented to him. W. W. HUNTER,
sep4-td Lieut. Superintendent.

Pittsburgh Theatre.

MANAGER AND LESSEE, CHARLES S. PORTER.

NOTICE.—The Ladies and Gentlemen engaged at this institution, are requested to assemble in the Green Room, on this morning, Friday September 4th, at 10 o'clock, for Rehearsal.

sep4 GEO. W. ROWE, Pr.

SPANISH WHITING—70 bbls just received and for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK, & Co.
sep 4 corner of 6th and Wood streets.

ENG. VEN. RED.—10 casks just received and for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK, & Co.
sep 4 corner of 6th and Wood streets.

BALSAM COPAIVA 204 lbs. just received and for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK, & Co.
sep 4 corner of 6th and Wood streets.

Received Last Evening at No. 46,

THE fifth and last lot of Merrimack Gingham prints, style the same, brown and purple plaids and patterns beautiful, at the Dry Goods cash House of (sep4) BARROWS & TURNER.

BOOKS.—The Philosophy of Evil;
Sketches of Imposture and Deception;
Physic and Physicians;
Brackenridge's Tour;
The Wreath;
The British Poets;
Robinson Crusoe, complete and illustrated;
Hand Book of Fashion;
Etiquette for Ladies. Just received by
sep4 H. S. BOSWORTH & CO.

NICHOLSON'S Mechanic's Companion, 40 plates;
American House Carpenter; for sale by
sep4 H. S. BOSWORTH & CO.

New Fashioned Hats,

OF a very superior quality, for sale by
sep3 M'CORD & KING,
corner of Wood and Fifth sts.

Spt. Turpentine.

20 BARRELS, just received and for sale by
sep3 B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
cor 6th and Wood sts.

Pine Olive Oil.

10 BASKETS, just received and for sale by
sep3 B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
cor 6th and Wood sts.

Assafœtida.

2 CASES, just received and for sale by
sep3 B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
cor 6th and Wood sts.

Duquesne College.

THIS institution will be opened on Monday next, 7th September.
sep3 JOHN BLACK, D. D., Paincipal.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Rail Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a resolution of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, authorizing an increase of the capital of said Company, and directing an additional subscription, books will be opened for receiving additional subscription to the stock of the Company, at the office of Wm. Larimer, jr., in 4th street, between Market and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, on Friday the 4th day of September. The books will remain open from 9 A.M. until 3 o'clock P.M. of said day; and from day to day (Sundays excepted) until the requisite number of shares be subscribed, or until otherwise ordered. By order of the Directors.

sep2 WM. ROBINSON, Jr. Pres't.

FLOUR—25 bbls superfine family flour in store and for sale by
sep2 MARTIN & SMITH,
56 Wood street.

VA. Twist Tobacco—19 kgs Va. tobacco, No. 1 article, in store and for sale by
sep2 MARTIN & SMITH,
56 Wood street.

TOBBACCO—35 kegs No. 1 six twist tobacco received and for sale by
sep2 M. B. RHEY & CO,
No. 57 Water street.

WINES AND LIQUORS.—STERETT & Co., No 16 Market street, cor. Front, would respectfully invite attention to their large assortment of Wines and Liquors. Puchasers would do well to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.
aug29

COFFEE—50 Bags Prime Rio;
10 " Old Gov. Java;
10 " Laguayra; for sale by
aug29 J. D. WILLIAMS, 116 Wood st.

VINEGAR—50 bbls cider vinegar in store and for sale by M. B. RHEY & CO.
sep2

George F. Gillmore,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office in Breed's buildings, 4th st., above Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa.
sep2-d1y

Assignees Sale.

OF A Retail Stock of Fancy and staple, foreign and domestic Dry Goods at auction, for cash current funds, at M'Kenna's. I will commence the sale of a extensive fancy Dry Good store, by order of Assignees, on Monday next, September 7th, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and continue selling the same each succeeding day (Sundays excepted) until the entire stock are disposed of. The goods have been judiciously selected by a gentleman possessed of the most refined taste and indgement, in such matters, and are well worthy the attention of purchasers. They will be ready for examination from 10 till 12 o'clock, A. M.; and from 2 till 5 o'clock, P. M., on Saturday next; 5th inst. The Ladies are particularly invited to attend.

Among the articles may be mentioned the following in part viz:

English, French and American wool cloths, various colours; French and English Casimeres; Superfine Casinetts; Bleached and Brown Muslins; Red and White Gauze Flannel, Twilled do, Welch do; Canton do, Indigo Blue Checks; French and English Merinoes, Figured and Plain Alpacas, Chintzes and Calicoes, Umbrellas, Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Hoziery, Sewing Silk, Ribbands, Irish Linen, Laces, Edgings, Capes, &c.; with a great variety of other articles. For further particulars see catalogue.

sep3. P. McKENNA, Auctioneer.

Monongahela Bridge,

PITTSBURGH, September 2, 1846.

THE Bonds issued by this Company will be paid in par funds, at the Bank of Pittsburgh, both Principal and Interest, as they respectively become due, and the holders of said Bonds are requested to present the same for payment, and are notified that the Interest will cease and determine on the day the principal is at maturity, after which no interest will be paid thereon. JOHN THAW,
Treasurer.

Green Ridge Copper Company.

A regular meeting of the Stockholders of the Green Ridge Copper Company will be held at James Dunlop's Office in Smithfield street, on Monday next, the 7th of September inst., at 7½ o'clock, P. M. Fail not to attend, as business of importance is to be transacted.

All members having their certificates not transferred, are requested to have it done fortwith at the store of the subscriber.

sep 2—3t. VICTOR SCRIBA, *Secretary.*
Gazette, Chronicle, Dispatch and American please copy.

Land Within Four Miles of Allegheny City for Sale.

I WILL sell at private sale the following lots or pieces of Land situate in Ross Township, being the balance remaining unsold from the public Auction of the 24th ult.:

Lot No. 2; containing one acre, 138 56-100 perches, woodland, eligibly situated; would answer well for a tradesman; price $75;

Not No. 8; containing 13 acres and 5 7-10 perches a beautiful spot, partly in woods; price $525

Not No. 13; containing 11 acres 72 33-100 perches, woodland; price $300

Lot No. 12; containing 15 acres 43 2-10 perches, woodland; price $325

Lot No. 3; containing 6 acres, 125 perches, on the corner of the Franklin and Jack's bridge road, partly cleared and part in woods; price $275

Lot No. 10; containing 14 acres 16 64-100 perches, an excellent piece of land, partly cleared, price $550

The above lands are very suitable for Gardens, and will be sold on fair terms. Apply to

BLAKELY & MITCHEL, Att'y.
sep2 (Dispatch copy) in fact for L. Mitchel.

Brick House and Lot at Auction.

I WILL offer for sale at public Auction, on Monday, the 14th day of September, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, a three story brick house, on 6th street, near Grant street, neatly furnished, size of Lot 27 feet front by 100 feet deep; sale positive. Terms at sale. BLAKELY & MITCHEL,
Att'y. in fact for L. Mitchell.
P. M'KENNA, Auct'r.
sep2 (Dispatch copy)

WE have for sale 15 Lots of Land, varying from six to twenty-acres, prime land, and in an excellent neighborhood, on Chartier's Creek, within FOUR MILES of the City, which we will sell low and on a reasonable credit, one fourth in hand and the balance in 1, 2 and 3 years.

Also, Twenty acres of Land, adjoining the above, on which is built a fine brick cottage, Bank, Barn, Stables, &c., fine water, orchard, &c.

It is seldom that an opportunity offers to purchase lands of so good a quality, and in lots to suit purchasers. Apply to BLAKELY & MITCHEL,
sep2 or, to William Gates, Mechanic st. 5th Ward.

Hats! Hats!!

FALL FASHIONS.—The subscriber would respectfully inform is customers and the public, that he has just retuned from New York, bringing with him the latest and most approved style of Hats for the approaching season. He would say to all who are in want of a good, neat cheap, and fashionable hat, that his establishment is the place where the purchaser may rely on getting full value for his money:

G. W. GLASSGOW,
No. 102, Wood street, 3d door below Mr. John D. Davis' Commercial Auction Rooms.

N. B. He will be prepared in a few days, to offer to the public, the best selected assortment of Caps ever offered in this market; and at unusually low prices.
aug29.

MR. DUFF'S

COOKING SPONGE and Writing Rooms, *corner of Fifth and Market streets.* The liberal patronage given to this establishment by his friends and the public induces the proprietor, in order to encourage perseverance and industry among his students, to offer on the 1st of October next, as premiums TWO GOLD PENS, elegantly mounted in silver pencil cases. One to be awarded to any member of his class for the greatest proficiency in Book-keeping, and the other to any member of his class for the best specimen and greatest improvement in Mercantile Penmanship. Day and Evening Classes. Hours of business until 1st of October, 2 to 4, and 7½ to