THE PITTSBURGH DAILY MORNING POST.

JOHN BIGLER, Editor.

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JULY 28, 1846.

Allegheny County Democratic Ticket.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER.
WILLIAM B. FOSTER, Jr.,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

Congress,
WILSON M'CANDLESS, *of Peebles.*

Sheriff,
RODY PATTERSON, *of Laurenceville.*

Prothonotary,
GEORGE R. RIDDLE, *of Allegheny.*

Assembly,
SAMUEL W. BLACK, *of Pittsburgh.*
ROBERT H. KERR, *of Allegheny.*
JOHN H. M'ELHENNY, *of Jefferson.*
JOSEPH COOPER, *of Moon.*

Commissioner for 3 years,
ROBERT DONALDSON, *of Wilkins.*

Commissioner for 1 year,
WM. BRYANT, *of Pittsburgh.*

Auditor for 3 years,
WILLIAM EWING, *of Robinson.*

Auditor for 1 year,
N. PATTERSON, *of Birmingham.*

Coroner,
LEWIS WEYMAN, *Allegheny.*

☞ V. B. PALMER, Agent for country newspapers, is the Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily Morning Post, and Weekly Mercury and Manufacturer, to receive advertisements and subscriptions. He has offices in NEW YORK, at the Coal Office, 30 Ann street, (adjoining the Tribune Office.)
BOSTON, No. 12, State street.
PHILADELPHIA, Real Estate and Coal Office, 59 Fine street.
BALTIMORE, S. E. corner Baltimore and Calverts, where our paper can be seen, and terms of advertising learned.

CORRESPONDENTS.

In reference to communications which may appear in this paper, we have one or two remarks to make. We will insert none without the name of the author being first made known to us, and when inserted, must always be taken as expressive of the views *of the writer*, and not the editor of this paper, unless the views so expressed are editorially remarked upon and approved.

☞ Six cents per copy will be paid to any person furnishing the following numbers of the "Daily Post"—No 1 (July 22, 1845) to No. 14, 112, 174, 214, 248, 250, 264.—

Persons having any of the above numbers, will much oblige us by leaving them at our office, as we wish to complete our files.

College Commencement.

We attended the annual commencement of Duquesne College, and have rarely seen a more crowded house, or an audience which seemed to be more highly delighted with their entertainment. Had it not been for the inclemency of the evening the house would have been uncomfortably full. The graduating class was large consisting of 20 young gentlemen, ten of whom delivered orations which were equally creditable to themselves and the college. There was one, however, which, judging from its effect on the audience, was equally acceptable to all—we allude to the oration on "the natural rights of man," delivered by Mr. McMillan, which was really one of the most eloquent speeches to which we have listened for a long time. In it there was no meretricious show—all was plain and simple, yet true and forcible—and it found, we are sure, a response in the bosom of every hearer.

The young gentleman who spoke on "Luther" had, it must be confessed, a subject which is almost exhausted, but the manner in which he treated it was apparently very acceptable to his hearers.

The orations on "Courage" and "the destiny of man" were well written and equally well delivered as were likewise there on the effects of Literature on the "National destiny" and "True Greatness.—The valedictory was delivered in too low a tone, but with the first portion of it, which we heard distinctly, we were very well pleased.

Nothing occurred to mar the harmony of the evening, and we are sure the audience have no cause to regret being present, since the speeches were so good and White's band in attendance.—May "Duquesne College" long flourish, and her graduates ever be an honor to her.

The Tariff—The Democracy.

Of the *eighty* Democratic papers published in Pennsylvania, *seventy six* have denounced M'Kay's bill. In fact the Democracy of Pennsylvania are united on the question of opposition to the House Bill. It is true that many Democrats object to the provisions of the act of 1842, and would be rejoiced to see it in some respects modified, but M'Kays bill, it is conceded on all hands, we believe, does not give sufficient protection to Pennsylvania interests, and on that ground is opposed by the united Democracy of the State.

Party Malignity.—We are pained to observe that while WILSON M'CANDLESS, Esq., is at Washington, doing every thing in his power to prevent the passage of Mr. M'Kay's Tariff bill, the Pittsburgh Gazette is endeavoring to injure him at home by charging him with insincerity. We had last week an opportunity of knowing what Mr. M'CANDLESS is doing at Washington, and felt proud of him as a man and Pennsylvanian, and

LOVE AND MURDER.—The St. Franciscoville Chronicle says: On Wednesday last the body of an Indian squaw, horribly mangled, was discovered in the woods a short distance from the town. The night before the murder the deceased in company with her quandum husband, were visited by another squaw who had been abandoned by him. Maddened by jealousy, and true to the impulses of her race, she sought the first opportunity of revenge by killing her rival. The murderess is still at large.

HAND ROUND HIS NAME.—We understand, says the Charleston Courier of the 7th instant, that Mr. Robert H. Angel of this city, saved the life of a lady, the daughter of one of our most respectable citizens, a few days since at Sullivans Island. The lady fell from the plank into the water, but Mr. A., who was below at the time, hearing that somebody was overboard, rushed upon deck, sprang into the water, and rescued her from her perilous situation.

☞ Two ignorant persons fell into a dispute about the native place of Jonah, who, as the clergyman told them in his text, or at least as they understood him, once *swallowed a whale.* "I tell you," said one with great earnestness; "This Jonah was no Boston man, he was a Newfoundlander—a devil of a fellow for fish."

ARRIVAL OF TROOPS.—Two companies of the 2d regiment of U. S. Infantry, under command of Lieut. Col. Rielly, arrived at Cincinnati on Monday last, from Detroit, en rout for the seat of war.

A PLURALITY LAW, for choice of members of Congress, has passed the Senate of Maine. This will save the citizens of the East of so many elections under the majority law when three or more candidates are in the field.

☞ The steamer Genil, which was blown up and burnt on the coast of Cuba a few weeks since, had on board $50,000 in specie, all of which was lost. The Vessel herself is said to be worth near $100,000.

HEAT IN CANADA.—The Toronto Herald of the 16th inst. says,—"The intense heat experienced last week, appears to have been generally felt throughout the province, the thermometer having ranged as follows: Montreal 92; Hamilton 96 to 100; London 92 to 96; St. Thomas 96 degrees.

☞ The Philadelphia Ledger notices a pamphlet on Insanity, by Mr. Grimes, lately an inmate of the lunatic asylum; and observes that the fact of his having turned author is proof that he has not recovered.

☞ Some city poet has worked out the following elegant specimen of literature and rhyme.

Of Sally 'tis my chief delite.
To gais upon your eyeses brite.
My luv for you by gosh cirpasses
The luv I fele for rum and lasses.

☞ We copy with great pleasure the following pointed and powerful rebuke of those Clergymen who avail themselves of their pulpits to declaim against our Government, we might rather say, our country, for its course in regard to Mexico. The article is from the "Gospel Messenger" a religious paper, published at Augusta, Maine, and edited by the Rev. W. A. DREW:

From the Gospel Messenger.

"OUR COUNTRY, RIGHT OR WRONG."

There is a kind of philanthropy, or philosophy, humanity or Christianity, abroad in the land, or a something that has little or nothing to do in reality to what either of those terms properly denote—a patriotism which eschews the love of country in a greater love for the *race*, that we can have little respect or sympathy for. It is quite too sublimated for our ideas. It is the peace principle carried—illegitimately we say—out to non-resistantism; anti-human-governmentism—anarchy and "confusion worse confounded." Its advocates say truly—that Christ brought peace on earth, and consequently his religion is opposed to war—all war, aggressive or defensive; consequently all national wars are a violation of the laws of Christ, and, if so, sinful. Every government, therefore, that engages in war—no matter for what cause, for there can be no cause adequate to the justification of any sin—is wrong; and being wrong, no Christian should support it. Thus at last, we have a Christianity which arrays the citizen against his government, and would oblige him to be a traitor to his country in order to be a disciple of Christ. We have said, we cannot subscribe to such vagaries. They are illegitimate deductions from abstract principles, which defeat themselves from their very absurdity.

We never supposed that Christ undertook to be a political legislator, or to shape the forms of civil government. He declared that his kingdom was not of this world. He sought by moral principles to regard the morals of mankind, not to concern himself with political or civil institutions and powers. These he found, as the world has always found them. He did not go to Cæsar's throne and bid him disband the Roman legions, and suffer his kingdom to be overcome by Vandals rather than put his foes to the sword. He concerned himself with none of these things. His mission was a different and a higher one. When, therefore, Christians infer from the *pacific* character of his mission that no government has a right to *protect itself* by that power which the God of Nature and nations has given to man for self-defence, we think they go quite too far on illegitimate grounds.

We go for our country—and are willing to add—right or wrong. We do not mean by this that we are bound to believe or say, that every act of the government is right; we may believe, indeed,

Democratic Tariff Meeting.

In pursuance of previous public notice, a large meeting of the Democratic citizens of the county of Allegheny convened in the market square Pittsburgh, on Saturday evening, July 25th, 1846, to express their views on the question of the Tariff.

On motion, Hon. WILLIAM WILKINS was appointed President; JOHN ANDERSON, Esq., and Gen. J. K. MOORHEAD Vice Presidents and *John Bigler* Secretary.

On motion, the President of the meeting was authorised to appoint a committee of seven to report resolutions for the meeting. The President appointed as said committee, Gen. J. K. Moorhead, W. H. Lowrie, E. D. Gazzam, S. H. Woodward, A. McIlwayne, Capt. Robert Porter and P. Mulvany, Esq.

During the absence of the committee the meeting was eloquently addressed by Judges WILKINS and SHALER.

Dr. E. D. GAZZAM, from the committee on resolutions then made report. After some discussion in which Messrs. *Gazzam, Watson,* and *Cullan* participated, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That during the last years of the existence of the compromise Tariff, the business of this whole country was in a state of unparalleled depression; labor found no adequate reward, capital no opportunity of profitable investment, and the currency was deranged to a degree before unknown in our financial history. Individual credit was destroyed, and universal bankruptcy hung threateningly over the industry and enterprize of the nation; but since the non-protective policy of the compromise law was repudiated this unfortunate condition of affairs have been reversed. During the last four years, labor has had ample employment, and sure and liberal compensation; capital has been freely, usefully and profitably invested, and the currency has assumed a healthful and sound condition. At this moment a prosperity as universal as former depression, pervades the whole extent of our country.

Resolved, That viewed purely as a matter of national policy, we consider that the adoption of McKay's Tariff Bill, would be unwise in the extreme, and as embodying a policy as unjust, to the workingmen of the country, as it is anti-democratic in principle.

Resolved, That a fair protective Tariff, by the encouragement which it gives capitalists to embark in manufacturing enterprizes, affords to the poor man the highest rewards for his labor—and its repeal will prove his ruin.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Pennsylvania are and ought to be totally opposed to Mr. Kay's bill, and they will consider its adoption as the overthrow of the expectations and a disregard of the confidence upon the strength of which the electoral vote of Pennsylvania was secured in 1844.

Resolved, That with one exception, our entire delegation in Congress have merited the thanks of their constituents, for their faithful advocacy of the true interests of this state.

Resolved, That the thanks of the people of this state are due to senator Niles, of Connecticut, for his manly and efficient support of the interests of the workingmen of Pennsylvania, and of the north.

Resolved, That in the patriotism and ability of senator Cameron and his colleague, the Hon. Daniel Sturgeon, Pennsylvania rests her cause, confident that no honorable means will be neglected by them, to defeat the bill now before the body, of which they are distinguished members, and that in any event, the bold and manly course of Gen. Cameron on this question, meets with our cordial approbation, and will receive our lasting gratitude.

Resolved, That in the Vice President, the Hon. George M. Dallas, Pennsylvania has on former occasions had a bold and fearless defender, and the protective policy an able advocate, and we believe he will stand firm, and support the interests of his native state which as well as the best interests of the whole country require the defeat of M'Kay's bill.

As democrats of Pennsylvania we claim that the united voice of Pennsylvania, speaking in behalf of the interests of her own laboring men and in favor of her own industry, shall not be disregarded. We claim that the present comparative prosperity of our farmers, manufacturers and mechanics shall not be interrupted. We claim that Congress shall do nothing to depreciate the wages of the productive industry of the country. We claim that the practical workings of a tariff that discriminates, for protection is better evidence of its expediency, that the abstract reasonings of principal, free trade theorists.

As Americans and as democrats, we claim a protective tariff for the wages of the free and independent citizens of America against the serving wages paid by the capitalists of England and their poor laws which make up the balance that is necessary to support their laboring population.

As Americans and as democrats, advocating the interests of the great mass of our fellow citizens, and believing that it is the poor not the rich, labor, not capital, that stand in need of protection in ordinary cases, we appeal to the people's Representatives in Congress, to prevent the passage of a bill so injurious to the laboring portion of our fellow citizens, so hostile to democratic interests and so dangerous to the advance of democratic principles.

Resolved, That as Pennsylvania Democrats we insist that the question of protecting American labor is one of policy and not of politics; but it is a policy so intimately identified with the interests of Pennsylvania, that we warn our Southern friends that should the bill reported by Mr. M'Kay become a Law, the Democracy of the Keystone State, will be impelled to require of any future candidate for the Presidency the most sacred pledge to give fair protection to Domestic industry, or finding that vain, resolutely hold themselves aloof from the Presidential contest, considering it better to risk a defeat of the party for a season, than to sacrifice the essential interests of this Commonwealth, and utterly prostrate the wealth, prosperity and industry of its inhabitants.

Resolved, That to the vote of Pennsylvania as

From the Washington Union.

PETITIONS—THE TARIFF.

Mr. Cameron presented a memorial from proprietors and workers of coal mines in Carbon county, Pennsylvania, praying that the duty on coal may not be reduced.

Mr. C. also presented petitions from the freeholders and inhabitants of Carbon and Luzerne counties, Pennsylvania, remonstrating against the passage of the bill reducing the duties on imports, and for other purposes.

Mr. C. further presented a memorial of coal merchants of Philadelphia, praying that the duty on foreign coal may not be reduced.

Mr. C. also presented a memorial from shippers and inspectors of Philadelphia, remonstrating against any change in the present mode of collecting the duties on imports.

Mr. C. still further presented the proceedings of a meeting of the citizens of Norristown, Pa., protesting against any modification of the tariff of 1842, which was read.

In presenting the above documents, Mr. C. said these petitions were all from persons actually engaged in the business, and they fear the entire destruction of their business. In proof of what he had said the other day, that these petitions were from democrats, he stated that every county from which they had come had given a democratic majority in 1844. To prove this further, he gave in detail the democratic majorities of the coal and iron counties of Pennsylvania: Perks county gave Mr. Polk a majority of 1,678
Centre. 738
Columbia, 1,629
Clarion, 626
Lycoming, 617
Monroe, 1,394
Northumberland, 945
Northampton, 1,088
Perry, 960
Schuylkill, 847
Venango. 922

14,665

The whole democratic majority of the State of Pennsylvania was something over 5,000; and it will be seen, therefore, that these counties sustain the democracy of the State. The town of Norristown was not in the coal or iron region. It was a manufacturing town, and owed much of its prosperity to the large cotton manufactories which had sprung up under our tariff laws, and which gave to its neighborhood a market for its agricultural products. In '40 its population was about 2,500. It now contains over 5,000. Montgomery county gives a large and decided democratic majority.

Mr. Sevier then said that he regretted to find the senator from Pennsylvania engaged in "panic making;" but to do the senator justice, he (Mr. S.) was bound to admit that he did it with a pleasant smile, as though it was all a first-rate joke. A good deal has been said about coincidences; and this certainly was something like a coincidence in what was going on there. On the meeting of the Senate every day, first they had prayers by the chaplain, then the reading of the journal, and next an hour and a half consumed in the recital of a sort of funeral dirge from the pensioners of Pennsylvania. He sat quietly and patiently whilst all that was going on, because the Senator himself appeared to think the whole thing a good joke. Was there an intelligent man in Pennsylvania who at the last presidential election did not know perfectly well what were the opinions of Mr. Polk in regard to the tariff? Was there a single individual who did not then know that Mr. Polk was a free trade man?

Mr. Archer. They thought him a better tariff man than Mr. Clay, that is all.

Mr. Sevier proceeded. No State had been more thoroughgoing than Pennsylvania in her opposition to chartered privileges, yet they were now told that unless this high protective act of 1842 remained, they would be entirely ruined. Did Pennsylvania expect the States to pay her debts? No. That was not in accordance with her good old democratic principle. He had heard it said that under the operation of the act of 1842, a journeyman blacksmith in Pennsylvania had become a great manufacturer, and had now nine hundred laborers in his employment. How many would he have if left to go on at that rate for two or three years longer? Why, he would very soon have every man in the State under his control. Pennsylvania had made no complaints heretofore. He believed she never had been, and never would be otherwise than democratic. He had only a word to add. He thought that the gentlemen on the other side had had ample opportunities afforded them for the discussion of the question without interfering with the time devoted to the transaction of the morning business. They had the debate all to themselves, his friends had not as yet allowed themselves to be coaxed into it, but had received the fire of their adversaries without resistance. He hoped, therefore, that the morning hour would not thus be encroached upon. He hoped these petitions would be hereafter laid on the table, or referred without any debate or long speeches.

Mr. Bagby objected to the occupying of the morning hour in this way. He would insist on a strict observance of the rules of order.

Mr. Cameron said that he always smiled when his friend, the senator from Arkansas addressed the Senate on this subject. His wit was so irresistible that it excited his risible faculties no matter how solemn the mood in which he found him. But he could not permit his friend to charge his State, or her citizens, with being dependants or pensioners on the government. They were not like Arkansas or other States that he could name, that were constantly appealing to Congress for aid from the public treasury, for whose benefit scarcely any thing ever came. He was never called for aid—and for whose benefit we had been called upon only yesterday, for some $50,000, without even a voucher, except the assertion that the money had been drawn for and expended. The senator from Arkansas, he said, also did him injustice in quoting his remarks of yesterday. He did not then say that a single person in Pennsylvania of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, Mr. Archer, that he regarded the *navigation of the Columbia as limited to the existence of the Hudson's Bay Company.* Although I am of opinion, that the matter in controversy is hardly worth the dispute, believing that the navigation of the unnavigable river is of no great moment to either country, and that Frazier's river will become the outlet of British trade, still I consider it of some importance, that the stipulations of the Treaty should be properly understood by our own people, and that the errors of others should be corrected. I have taken the pains to state these few facts, because the discussion in this particular may never go before the public.

Peripneumony, or Inflammation of the Lungs—is a disease very common in our "*Western States,*" and suddenly hastens its victim to that home whence no traveller returns. This disease originates from the cold and sudden changes in our Climate and atmosphere. INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS is first perceived by a shivering coldness, followed with heat, burning and fever; the breathing in many cases difficult, pain and tightness in the thorax, short cough, which is often dry and continues destressing and obstinate; expectoration difficult and scanty. These are the most common symptoms of this disease, and when not attended to at once end in serious consequences. Almost all the deaths that occur at this season of the year are caused from an *Inflammation of the Lungs and Pleura.* It the first attack of this disease there should be no time lost in procuring DR. DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY.

Sold at WM. JACKSON'S Patent Medicine Warehouse, No. 89 Liberty st., head of Wood st.
jy28.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE REPORTS, Second Volume, containing cases adjudged in the Supreme Court during December term 1845, March term, and part of May term, 1846; by Robt. M. Barr, State Reporter. Just received and for sale at J. W. COOK'S, 85 4th street, only agent for this section.
jy28

LARD—289 kegs Lard, received per steamer Tom Corwin, and for sale by
jy 28 M. B. RHEY & Co.

CHLORIDE OF LIME—10 casks Chloride of Lime just rec'd and for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co,
jy28 cor. 6th and Wood sts.

Notice.

IN the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, of March Term, 1846, No. 34.

In the matter of a Road in Pitt Township: The viewers having reported in favor of a Public Road, notice is hereby given that the further action of the Court will be applied for on the premises on proof of this notice.
ROBT. WOODS,
jy28-2t Att'y for Road.

CLARET WINES ON DRAUGHT—We will tap a cask of Claret wine to sell by the gallon on Tuesday, Aug. 8th, provided we have orders sufficient to justify. Those in want of a superior article on draught will please leave their orders prior to that day, at the wine store of STERETT & Co,
jy28 No. 18 Market st.

MADEIRA WINES—Blandy, Blackburn, Oliveira & Co., London Particular Star, Tinta, Canary and Malmsey Madeiras. A supply of the above fine wines in store and for sale by
STERETT & Co,
jy28 No. 18 Market st.

PORT WINES—16 quarter casks various brands Port Wines, in store and for sale by
STERETT & Co,
jy28 No. 18 Market st.

OATS—100 bushels oats on consignment for sale by
jy28 J. D. WILLIAMS.
110 Wood st.

CHOCOLATE.—10 boxes chocolate;
6 boxes cocoa and cocoa paste;
For sale by J. D. WILLIAMS

SUGAR—10 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
10 bbls. loaf "
5 crushed and pulverized,
1 case lovering D. R.
For sale by jy28 J. D. WILLIAMS.

MOLASSES.—30 bbls. N. O;
5 bbls. sugar house;
For sale by jy28 J. D. WILLIAMS.

SOAP.—20 boxes No. 2 rosin soap;
5 " castile "
2 " hydes palm;
10 " " fancy;
For sale by jy28 J. D. WILLIAMS.

EPSOM SALTS—200 lbs Baltimore, just rec'd and for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS.
57 Wood st.

GLAUBER SALTS 1000 lbs just rec'd and for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS.
57 Wood st.

POWD. RHUBARB—100 lbs. just received and for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS.
57 Wood st..

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—50 bbls just rec'd, for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS,
57 Wood st.

SWEET OIL—91 gallons just rec'd and for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS,
57 Wood st.

WINTER SPERM OIL—1 cask just rec'd and for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS,
57 Wood st.

WINTER WHALE OIL—1 cask bleached just received and for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS,
57 Wood st.

FLOUR SULPHUR—658 lbs just rec'd and for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS,
57 Wood st.

KEF'D BORAX—500 lbs just rec'd and for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS,
57 Wood st.

ROSE PINK—217 lbs just rec'd and for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS,
57 Wood st.

SALTPETRE REF'D—500 lbs just rec'd and for sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS,
57 Wood st.

VENETIAN RED ENG—1069 lbs just rec'd and fore sale by
jy28 R. E. SELLERS,
57 Wood st.

James Miller!

PAINTER, Fifth, near Market st., Military flags, Banners, signs, designs for steamboat Wheelhouse, and fancy painting of every description neatly executed at the shortest notice. jy27-d6m

A Rare Chance.

I WILL exchange a general assortment of groceries and liquors at low prices for city and country property convenient to this place, as I am about to change my business. Address W. B. S. Post Office, Pittsburgh, describing property, &c.
jy27-3td&w2t W. B. S.

POT ASH—15 casks Potash, No. 1 article, on hand and for sale by
jy27 MARTIN & SMITH,
56 Wood st.

NUTS—20 bushels Ground Nuts;
1 sack Almonds, prime article;
Received and for sale by
jy27 MARTIN & SMITH,
56 Water st.

SALERATUS—1000 lbs Saleratus in bbls and bxs, No. 1 article, on hand and for sale by
jy27 MARTIN & SMITH,
56 Water st.

MUTTON HAMS—500 lbs Mutton Hams, prime article in store and for sale by
MARTIN & SMITH,
jy27 56 Water st.

Brandy.

2 half pipes A Seignette Cognac Brandy, 4th proof; just received and for sale, by
jy27 MILLER & RICKETSON.

LINSEED OIL—20 barrels Linseed Ooil; just received and for sale by
jy27. MILLER & RICKETSON.

FINE SALINA TABLE SALT—50 bags (small size) very fine Salina Salt, fit for table use and Dairies, for sale low by P. C. MARTIN,
jy27 60 Water st.

Siege of Londonderry.

A HISTORY of the seige of Londonderry, and defence of Enniskillen, in 1688 and 1689, by the Rev. John Graham, M. A. Rector of Tamlaghtard in the dioces of Derry, For sale by
jy23 LUKE LOOMIS, Agent.

Prescott Printing Ink

CONSISTING of black, blue, red, superior book and card ink, warranted a superior article, for sale by LUKE LOOMIS, Agent.
jy23 (Journal copy.)

Storage.

HAVING a very large and commodious warehouse, we are prepared to receive (in addition to freight for shipment) a large amount of Produce, &c. on storage at low rates.
C. A. McANULTY & CO,
jy23. Canal Basin.

FAMILY FLOUR—A few bbls of family flour, of a very superior quality, in store and for sale by MARTIN & SMITH,
je18-d&w 56 Wood street, bet. 3d and 4th.

20 BLLS No. 1, trimed Shad for sale by
jy22 M. B. RHEY & Co.

1500 BUSHEL shelled corn for sale low by
jy22 M. B. RHEY & Co.

20 KEGS assorted Shad for sale low to close consignment by
jy22 M. B. RHEY & Co.

George R. White & Co,

WILL dispose of their choice stock of Barages, painted and Gingham Lawns, summer Shawls and Scarfs, at reduced prices.

They will also dispose of their entire stock of Cloths, fancy Cassimerez, and Kentucky Jeans, at original cost, as they intend relinquishing this particular branch of their business.
jy22-2m (Chronicle please copy.)

The Bank of the Pope.

THE Bank of the Pope; or the sacred taxes of the Chauncery and of the Penitentiary of Rome, as established by Pope John XXII in 1316, and published by Pope Leo X in 1514, translated into English from the edition in 1744. For sale by
LUKE LOOMIS, Agent.
jy20 [Journal copy.]

LEMONS.—100 boxes lemons in good order, for sale by P. C. MARTIN,
jy 20. 60 Water street.

MAP OF MEXICO, showing the Seat of War. Just received and for sale by
JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
jy11 43 Market st.

CANDLES—20 boxes Stearine;
10 " Star;
Just received and for sale by
THOS. MILLER,
je18 cor. Wood & 4th sts.

CRAB CIDER.—12 Barrels superior Crab Cider for sale by P. C. MARTIN,
jy 20 60 Water street.

COPERAS.—20 Barrels Copperas for sale by
jy 20 P. C. MARTIN, 60 Water street.

Penn Insurance Company.

A NINTH Dividend, of seven per cent. on adjusted claims against this Company has been declared, payable on Monday the 27th inst.
jy25-3t J. FINNEY, Jr. Sec'y.

WARDROBES—If you want to purchase a good wardrobe cheap call at the furniture warehouse of T. B. YOUNG & CO,
jy17 31 Hand st.

G. W. Biddle, Dentist.

FIVE doors above the Canal Bridge, Penn street, performs all operations on the Teeth satisfactorily.

N. B.—Having lately made one of the greatest improvements in forceps that has ever appeared before the public, he has been able to extract teeth with such ease as to astonish all those who have availed themselves of his services.
Pittsburgh, July 24, 1846-1y

THE poisonous effect on the skin of common prepared chalk is not generally known by ladies; how yellow rough and unhealthy it makes the skin in time; besides, what a corpse like, pallid look it gives when applied. They should use a beautiful preparation, purely vegetable, which gives the face arms or neck, a natural life-like whiteness, and makes it smooth. It is called Jones' Spanish Lilly White, and is sold at JACKSON'S Patent Medicine Warehouse, 89 Liberty street, head of Wood; at the same place is sold Jones' Coral Hair Restorative, Italian Chemical Soap and unrivalled shaving soap.
jy24-tf.

SCRATCH! SCRATCH!!—*Tetter, Itch, Salt Rheum, &c.*—Who would scratch for a single day, when afflicted with the Tetter, Itch, or other diseases of the skin, if they knew what would relieve and cure them? 'Tis horrible to be obliged to rub and scratch when alone, but more horrible to abstain from it (for decency's sake) when in company. Let it be remembered that DR. LEIDY'S TETTER AND ITCH OINTMENT is the most efficacious of any other preparation in existance in curing the Tetter, Itch, and other diseases of the skin. As all diseases of the skin must arise from the impurity of the blood and fluids of the body, and where such diseases may be of long standing, and the constitution effected thereby; if Dr. Leidy's Sarsaparilla Blood Pills be used with the ointment, they will cure any case whatever, and if they do not, the money will be returned by Dr. Leidy. Most cases, however, will be effectually cured by Dr. Leidy's Tetter and Itch Ointment, unless the whole system is impregnated by the diseased humors, which will be completely carried off from the system by Dr. Leidy's Blood Pills, and the surface of the skin healed by the Ointment. Price of Ointment, 25 cents. For sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co,
jy20 corner of 6th and Wood sts.

PALM OIL—700 Lbs. PALM OIL; for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
jy16 Corner of 6th and Wood streets.

NOTICE—The co.partnership of Holdship & Browne being dissolved on the 28th day of April last, by the decease of M. K. Browne, all persons indebted are notified to pay to Messrs. Hill & Browne, (at the old stand, No. 57 Wood street,) they being duly authorized to wind up the entire business of the late firm, without delay.
ELIZA A. HOLDSHIP,
Surviving Partner.
DAVID L. BROWNE,
jy7-1m Administrator of the estate of M K Browne.

SAMUEL C. HILL GEO. G. BROWNE,
HILL & BROWNE,
(SUCCESSORS TO HOLDSHIP AND BROWNE,)
IMPORTERS and manufacturers of Wall Paper, and General Paper Warehouse, No. 57 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
je20

THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION, at this (and, indeed, every other) season, is often repulsive in appearance, caused, in eight cases out of ten, by the atmosphere; and what persons suppose disease of the blood, is simply a disease of the skin. If some of the thousands who take purgative medicine, pills, and useless Sarsaparilla, were to use on their skin a softening and clearing balm, that opens the pores, whitens the skin, and causes a healthy perspiration, that, be the skin never so disfigured, unhealthy, or diseased with pimples or freckles, sunburn, tan and morphew, the true and genuine JONES'S ITALIAN CHEMICAL SOAP never fails to cure and dispel them, and to make the skin clear and lovely. It acts so mildly and soothingly on the skin, that physicians use it on ladies and infants, in old cases of scurvy, erysipelas, salt rheum, sore head, ringworm, and it (mind, the genuine Jones' soap) has often effected a cure when every other remedy failed. It is indeed a blessed remedy.

Sold at JACKSON'S Patent Medicine Warehouse, 89 Liberty street, head of Wood—at the same place is sold the Moorish Hair Dye, Coral Hair Restorative, and Spanish Lily White.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE—Sign of the American Eagle, 82 Chatham street, New York.

Splendid Country Seat for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a splendid country seat situate about four miles from Pittsburgh on the Frankstown Road (within a few yards of the Eastern turnpike) and adjoining East Liberty.

The house is finished in the best Eastern style. It contains twelve large rooms and one large Ball Room. It is one of the finest houses in this vicinity, and stocked with the choicest variety of fruit trees, will be sold with it.

ALSO:

Will be sold separately, eight acres of land, on which there is a splendid orchard containing about 800 Fruit trees, Apple, Peach, Pear, &c., all selected and of the choicest varieties. This plot lies adjoining the property described above.

ALSO:

On the South side of the Frankstown Road, a fine Mill for the Manufacture of Snuff and capable of producing 50,000 lbs per annum. The Machinery is all of the best kind and in fine order.

For further information and terms apply on the premises. jy23-dtf. REES JONES.

SHAWLS SHAWLS!!—*Rare and beautiful,* at "Down town Cash House."
Cashmeres, splendid patterns, different styles;
Broche, " " " "
Thibet, Ombri, wro't and plain, and all shades, figured.
Silk, wat'd. Ottoman, chameleon changeable and other styles.
Sturdillas. Bar'd and Damask, fig'd.
Mous. D'Laines, Ombr, wat'd, fig'd, and plain, in great variety.
Also—Hernanni, of Sewing Silk, 3 or 4 left; and will be sold at low prices to close the stock.
Berage, superior and low prices, great bargains.
jy18 BARROWS & TURNER.

SUNDRIES—50 lbs Sap Sago Cheese;
3 bales Almonds;
1 " Walnuts;
2 " Cream Nuts;
15 boxes M. R. Raisins;
5 " Lemons;
5 kegs Smyrna Raisins;
For sale by J. D. WILLIAMS,
jy7 110 Wood st.

SYDNEY SMITH'S MISCELLANIES—The works of the Rev. Sydney Smith, in three volumes
For sale by jy25 JOHNSTON & STOCKTON.

BROUGHAMS' MISCELLANIES—The critical and miscellaneous writings of Henry Lord Brougham to which is prefixed a sketch of his character. For sale by jy25
JOHNSTON & STOCKTON.

BURNAP'S MISCELLANEOUS WRITINGS—The miscellaneous writings of Geo: W. Burnap author of the lectures to young men, lectures on the sphere and duty of women, &c. &c., collected and revised by the author. For sale by
jy25 JOHNSTON & STOCKTON.

CAPTAIN O'SULLIVAN, and plenty of "New Ones" at COOK'S Litery Depot, 85 Fourth street.

Captain O'Sullivan, or Adventures Civil, Military and Matrimonial, of a gentleman in half pay, by H. Maxwell, Esq.

The Life of the Rt. Hon. George Canning, by Robt. Bell, author of "Lives of English Poets," No. 16 of Harper's new Miscellany.

Morse's Cerographic Maps, No. 6.

Pictorial History of England, No. 5. This important work, it is universally conceded, presents the best history of Great Britain extant.

Illuminated Shakespeare, Nos. 93 and 94.

The Red Skins, a new novel by J. Fennimore Cooper.

The Corsair, or the Foundling of the Sea, a novel, by Harvey Hazel.

The History of the Bastile, by R. A. Davenport.

My Shooting Box, by Frank Forester, a capital humorous work on "Life on the woods."

Freaks of Cupid, by an Irish Bachelor.

Livonian Tales. The Hicpenent. The Wolves and the Jewess, by the author of "Letters from the Baltic."

Henry Russell, or the year of our Lord two thousand, a novel.

Agathenia, a novel, by Mrs. Gore. Those who have read Abednego the Money Lender, should not fail to procure this.

Lady of Milan, by Mrs. Thompson.

A great variety of works can be found at COOK'S 85 Wood st, jy24