THE PITTSBURGH DAILY MORNING POST.

JOHN BIGLER, Editor.

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1846.

Allegheny County Democratic Ticket.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM B. FOSTER, Jr.,
of Beaver County.

Congress,
WILSON McCANDLESS, *of Peebles.*

Sheriff,
RODY PATTERSON, *of Lawrenceville.*

Prothonotary,
GEORGE R. RIDDLE, *of Allegheny.*

Assembly,
SAMUEL W. BLACK, *of Pittsburgh;*
ROBERT H. KERR, *of Allegheny;*
JOHN H. M'ELHENNY, *of Jefferson.*
JOSEPH COOPER, *of Moon.*

Commissioner for 3 years,
ROBERT DONALDSON, *of Wilkins.*

Commissioner for 1 year,
WM. BRYANT, *of Pittsburgh.*

Auditor for 3 years,
WILLIAM EWING, *of Robinson.*

Auditor for 1 year,
N. PATTERSON, *of Birmingham.*

Coroner,
LEWIS WEYMAN, *Allegheny.*

CORRESPONDENTS.

In reference to communications which may appear in this paper, we have one or two remarks to make. We will insert none without the name of the author being first made known to us, and when inserted, must always be taken as expressive of the views *of the writer*, and not the editor of this paper, unless the views so expressed are editorially remarked upon and approved.

Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By the official communications of Governor SHUNK, and Adjutant General BOWMAN, which we publish to-day, it will be seen that more men have volunteered to serve their country in the war with Mexico, than was required under the requisition of the President of the United States. Well done, good old Pennsylvania! More than double the number now enrolled, would, we have reason to believe, have promptly volunteered had it been known certainly, that the government would require their services in the tented field.

The suggestions of the Governor, in his letter to the President of the United States, are certainly well timed and judicious, and will doubtless receive proper consideration. It is but just, as contended by the Governor, that "some substantial recognition of their patriotic action is due by the general government to the citizens who have enrolled themselves in the present emergency, and who are now spending their time and money in discipline and preparation for the public service. That suitable provisions should be made to remunerate those who have complied with the request of your Excellency, whether they are called into service or not, appears to me, to be not only the duty of the government as an act of justice, but is also dictated by the soundest principles of public policy."

Pennsylvania.—We perceive that Wilson McCandless, Esq., has been nominated by the Democracy of the Allegheny District, as their candidate for the next Congress. Mr. McCandless is a gentleman of high standing, and ability, and aside from his extreme notions in favor of a "Protective Tariff," a most orthodox Democrat. We wish he were as right on the tariff as he is on the other great measures that divide the two great parties.—*New York Globe.*

The compliment passed upon our candidate for Congress is well deserved. In season and out of season his efforts have been directed in maintenance of the ascendency of the Democratic party. But, we submit to Mr Slamm, whether he intends to make opposition to the tariff policy, the test of political orthodoxy. In the confederacy there is no truer Republican Commonwealth than Pennsylvania. She has stood by the party in all weathers—she has been no sunshine patriot—when the bugle sounded she was erect and in the breach, and we protest that extreme notions in favor of the tariff policy should not be regarded by our Democratic brethern in other states as significant of political heterodoxy. On the question of tariff, Pennsylvania stands as a single man, and Col. McCANDLESS reflects to the fullest extent her sympathies and interests.

The Sons of Temperance.

TEMPLES OF HONOR.—A special meeting of the Grand Temple of Honor of the State of Pennsylvania, held on Wednesday evening, July 14th, the following Charters were granted for subordinate Temples:

Logan Temple, No. 32, located at Lewistown.

Iron City Temple, No. 33, located at Pittsburgh.

Mauch Chunk Temple, No. 34, located at Mauch Chunk.—*Phila. Spirit of the Times.*

We are pleased to learn that the good cause is prospering in every section of the Union. The editor of the Gazette and his co-adjutors, though bitter in their denunciations and unscrupulous in their misrepresentations of the order, have utterly failed to excite prejudice against it here. The evidence that it is effecting much good is before the people, and the editor of the Gazette will ere long admit that he erred greatly, when he expressed the opinion that the institution was "DANGEROUS TO LIBERTY, CIVIL AND RELIGIOUS."

Canal Commissioner.

The editor of the Journal, we opine, will find opposition to the Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner, an up-hill business. The people of the State know that the public works are judiciously and economically managed by the present Board of Canal Commissioners, they know, too, that, under their supervision the amount of tolls have increased, which is, indeed, surprising, in view of the fact that the damage done by the great flood in the spring, for several weeks entirely suspended navigation. Mr. FOSTER, the nominee of the Democrati party, has been tried and found competent, faithful and honest as a public officer, and we feel well assured that the people will not be found willing to displace him, to make room for the candidate of the whig party, who is known only as a heavy stockholder, and we believe a Director too, in the Erie Extension Canal Company. It would, we doubt not, be quite an advantage to that Mammoth concern to have a representative in the State Canal Board, and of course the whigs interested in it will make great exertions to secure the election of J. M. POWER. All their efforts, however, will be unavailing; the people will take care that the canal company are not deprived of his valuable services. The Company will find it a much more difficult task to get the votes of the people for Mr Power, than to secure for him a nomination by a whig State Convention.

☞ It is rumored, says the Iowa Hawk Eye, that the Indians are collecting in considerable force in the vicinity of Fort Snelling, with the intention, it is said, of attacking the Fort, in consequence of the detention of one of the Sioux, who had been given up, and was held in custody, either as a hostage or, or for being concerned in the murder of a chief some time since. A demand for his release was sent a some days ago, which was refused.

☞ MUNDEN the tragedian, is rusticating at his country residence, near Boston.

☞ During the battle of the 9th of May a long 18-pounder, dragged by twenty yoke of oxen, was ordered to take a position to act with effect against the enemy. The detachment accompanying the piece was exceedingly anxious to commence operations, but their ardor was restrained by the commander, Capt. Churchill, until he had, attained what he conceived to be a proper position, when a deadly fire was poured into the ranks of the Mexicans. A wag, in allusion to the above incident, gave, a few days ago, the following toast—"Yankee *Flying* Artillery—a long eighteen and twenty yoke of oxen not so fast as a streak of greased lightning, but when once thar, thunder's no whar."

GEN. LA VEGA.—The New Orleans Bulletin states that this gentleman has received permission from the War Department, to make his residence, during the summer months, either at Lexington or three other specified places in Kentucky, or at Cincinnati, or other places mentioned in the State of Ohio; and, during the winter, either at Baton Rouge or this city, with directions to report once a month to the Department. He is also informed that should he wish to visit any other part of the United States, an application from him will be favorably considered.

WOLF SHOT.—A couple of youngsters recently shot a very large Wolf in Maine, N. H. The selectmen paid them the bounty of $20.

DEAD.—CHRISTOPHER J. HAWLARD, principal editor of the Boston *Bee*, is dead. His complaint was consumption.

☞ A hasty plate of soup is to take the place of hard cider in the next Whig campaign.

☞ Three hundred and seventy-three dogs have been killed in New. York by the authority of the Mayor, within a very short time.

FRATRICIDE.—Two children, a boy and girl, were killed by their brother and sister, in Rapides, La., a short time since. The mother, it is alleged, urged them to commit the deed. Miserable wretch.

EFFECTS OF FRIGHT.—On the passage of the steamer W. Brodstreet, from Montgomery to Mobile, with the Georgia volunteers, two men, being suddenly awoke by the letting off of steam, were so frightened that they jumped over-board and were drowned.

From the Baltimore Sun.

Arrival of the Steamer Cambria!

FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE!!

The steamer Cambria was telgraphed forty miles off Boston at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon, and arrived at the wharf between 6 and 7 o'clock that evening. Through the energy and attention of our active agents the news was immediately forwarded to us by telegraph the entire distance, and by 10 o'clock the same night we were placed in possession of the following intelligence:—

On the evening of the 25th of June, the House of Lords passed the corn bill on its third reading, without a division.

At 2 o'clock in the morning of the next day, the House of Commons left Peel and the government in a minority of 73 on the Irish Coercion Bill.

On Saturday, Sir Robert Peel proceeded to the Isle of Wight, for the purpose of tendering his own and his colleagues' resignations to the Queen.—An'2 on Monday night he made a lengthened exposition of his motives for resignation, in the House of Commons.

Sir Robert Peel in his speech when resigning as Premier, devoted an hour to the subject of the Oregon and Mexican questions with reference to the U. States; and congratulated the country that all sources of difficulty with that great nation were settled, so far as that side of the Atlantic was concerned; all eyes are now turned to the American Congress on the subject of the tariff.

The new consists as follows: Marquis of Lansdowne, Privy Seal; Earl of Mar, Home Department; Sir Geo. Gray, Foreign Department; Viscount Palmerston, Collonial Secretary; Earl Gray, Treasurer; Lord John Russell, Exchequer; Chas. N. Wood, Board of Trade; Earl of Clarendon Chief Secretary for Ireland; Mr. Labouchere, Secretary of War; Hon. F. O. B. Maule, Attorney General; Gen. Sir Thos. Wilde, Lord Lieut. of Ireland; Duke of Wellington Commander-in-Chief.

The grain market remains without change.

The London Times regards the new ministry favorably. Sir Robert Peel views it without jealousy, and with a friendly eye. The general impression is, that the new Premier will hastily wind up the business of the session, and dissolve Parliament in the course of the autumn.

The contemplated change in the sugar duties has had an injurious effect.

Cardinal Perratti, aged 58 years, has been elected Pope.

The ninth foreign delegate did not arrive in time to vote.

Great riots have occurred in Ireland.

Great joy has been manifested in England at the settlement of the Oregon question.

The Great Western arrived on the 22d ult.

The cotton market is in a healthy but not in a very active state; prices have improved a shade.

For the Post.

MR. EDITOR:—It is believed by many, that the contemptible communication which appeared in Saturdays *Journal*, signed "Anti-Clarion;" is from the pen of *Mr. Hampton*, the Whig candidate for *Congress*. The writer thinks it absurd, to suppose that Mr. McCandless, would neglect his business here to go, to the "seat of government," and there use his influence, to defeat "McKay's Bill." Mr. Hampton no doubt, judges Mr. McCandless, in this respect, by himself, as he was never known, to serve this community in *any* way, since his sojourn amongst us.

When Mr. McCandless went to Washington city, there was no fears entertained, as to the passage of "McKay's Bill"—but when he arrived there, and discovered the danger, like a consistent, and sincere friend of the tariff he went to *work* for it, and as the whig letter writer of the Gazette, informs us, is unceasing in his efforts, to not only defeat "McKay's Bill," but in doing all that a man can do, to have such a bill passed, as will meet the approbation of the people, and protect the great interests of his native county, and state.—It is therefore, a remarkable small business, for a man like Hampton, who is aspiring to a seat in the Congress of the United States, and who has never in any manner rendered the people the slightest service, to come out in the absence of his competitor, in a sneaking communication, and recklessly assert what every citizen knows to be untrue.

But what, let me ask, has Mr. Hampton ever done, to entitle him to the position to which he aspires? Has he ever put himself to the slightest inconvenience to serve the people of this county? Never: All that he has, and I presume expects to have, he has made and intends to make off this community; and yet he is the most inactive man in it, and is always indifferent to every measure, no matter how important it may be to the people, that does not directly benefit himself.

Mr. Hampton, it is currently reported, was solicited to go to Harrisburgh last winter to aid *Mr. Darsie* in the passage of the "Rail Road Bill," but refused to go, assigning as a reason, that being a *stranger* in Allegheny county, he could have no influence. This pitiful excuse he made and remained at home, being determined, no doubt, that *Hail Roads* should not make him "*neglect his business*," however foolish Mr. M'Candless might be, in "neglecting his"—and yet he is calling upon the people to elect him to Congress, in opposition to Mr. M'Candless, who went to Harrisburg and staid there, and "neglected his business" until the Bill finally passed both branches.

It is unnecessary for Mr. Hampton to tell us anything about Mr. M'Candless—we all know him to be the fast friend of the people, and one who has served them whenever and wherever an opportunity offered. Mr. Hampton then had better, if he has a propensity for scribbling, just inform us who he is himself, and what he has done for this District to entitle him to the people's votes in opposition to Mr. McCandless, who is ever ready and willing to serve them.

JUSTICE.

GENERAL ORDERS—NUMBER FIVE.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, July 15, 1846.

To the Volunteers of Pennsylvania, who have tendered their services to the President of the United States, in pursuance of his request, and the Act of Congress of the 13th May last, providing for the prosecution of the existing War between the United States and the Republic of Mexico.

SOLDIERS:—I have the satisfaction to announce, that the request of the President of the United States, communicated on the 19th May last, to the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Militia of this State, for the enrollment of six regiments of Volunteer Infantry, has been promptly responded to by the citizen soldiers of our good old Commonwealth.

Instead of six regiments, ninety full companies, a number sufficient to constitute nine regiments regularly organized in accordance with the regulations adopted by the President, have tendered their services, and have been reported by me to the Governor, and by him to the President, as being ready for muster into the service of the United States.

By the voluntary enrollment of your names, you have not only made a legal engagement, but, what is of much more concern to you, your honor has been pledged to enter the service of your country whenever required. You are, therefore, ordered to hold yourselves in readiness to obey, promptly, any further orders that may emenate from the proper authority.

The promptitude with which the citizen soldiers of the State have responded to the call of the President, cannot fail to be highly gratifying to the patriotic feeling and military pride of the people of the State, and I am instructed to say it is especially so to the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, a of our rights, and the perpetuity of our free institutions.

It shows that the spirit of '76 and 1812 still exists in full vigor, and exhibits a devotion to the country, which is a sure guaranty of the preservation

Should all the troops that have volunteered not be called into actual service, the names of those whose services may not be required will remain on record as a memorial of their zeal and patriotism.

It will be perceived by the Governor's Report to the President, which is hereto annexed, that he has suggested the propriety and justice of the General Government making provisions for some suitable remuneration to the men who have responded with so much alacrity to their Country's call, by voluntarily subjecting themselves to be marched from their homes whenever the Government shall demand their services. This ought to be done whether they are called into actual service or not, and it is hoped that the suggestion will meet a favorable reception from the constituted authorities of the Country and the people.

GEO. W. BOWMAN, *Adjutant General, P. M.*

HEAD QUARTERS,
HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA, July 15, 1846.

SIR:—Immediately upon the receipt of the letter of the Secretary of War, of the 19th May last, conveying your request that I should cause to be enrolled and held in readiness for muster into the service of the United States, six regiments of Volunteer Infantry, I gave directions to the Adjutant General to adopt effective measures to secure a prompt compliance.

I have now the honor to inform you that I have received the report of that officer, which is herewith transmitted, and from which it appears that ninety companies, each containing the full complement of officers and men, and most of them an excess, regularly organized agreeably to the regulations adopted, and making an aggregate of *seven thousand four hundred and seventy-five* freemen of Pennsylvania, have voluntarily enrolled their names and tendered their services to fight the battles of the country. In addition, the 1st and 2d battalions, commanded by Col. James Beatty, of Pittsburgh county, and attached to the 2d brigade, 13th division, numbering one thousand officers and men, have tendered their services, but their muster rolls have not yet been received* It is also proper to refer to the offer of Col. Wynkoop's regiment of Volunteers, of Schuylkill county, made to you at a very early period, and to numerous other offers of regiments, battalions and companies which could not be received, because the companies did not contain the full number of men required by the regulations, or because of other informalities, which I regret prevent me from reporting them as being ready to be mustered into the service. The officers and men of these corps have manifested the strongest disposition to enter the service, and should they be required by any emergency, I have no doubt they will promptly comply with the regulations.

Having thus reported to you the organization of the companies, and their readiness to be mustered into the service of the United States, I shall wait your further orders in regard to them.

The Adjutant General limited the time for receiving offers to the 11th July inst. As the formation of the companies depended upon the voluntary action of the citizens in every part of the Commonwealth, it was impossible to make any order, by which the exact number required, and no more should be tendered. This accounts for the fact that more companies have been organized and volunteered their services, than your request contemplated.

Should the services of all those who have enrolled themselves, and who are ready to be mustered into the service, not be required, it will be an unpleasant duty to make a selection, as all are desirous of the distinction and honor of participating in the patriotic services of the country. Your direction in the premises will govern my action in relation thereto.

It is earnestly hoped that in case these troops are required to be mustered into the service, a reasonable time will be allowed for the organization of the regiments, and for their discipline, before they shall be ordered to march.

In concluding this report, I cannot refrain from expressing the gratification I derive from the patriotism and ardor of the citizen soldiers of my native State, who, remote from the scene of action, have responded to their country's call with so much promptitude.

The superiority of our republican system over all others, is thus strikingly illustrated. Here we require no large standing armies to maintain a balance of power, and keep the people in subjection. Every man is a part of the government, and realizes the interest he has in it. He is therefore ready whenever the country or her institutions are invaded or treated with injustice, to stand out in their defence. This not only protects us from the dangers incident to the maintenance of large bodies of regular troops, but saves us from the payment of an enormous and onerous expense.

In my judgment, some substantial recognition of their patriotic action is due by the general government to the citizens who have enrolled themselves in the present emergency, and who are now spending their time and money in discipline and preparation for the public service. That suitable provision should be made to remunerate those who have complied with the request of your Excellency, whether they are called into service or not, appears to me to be not only the duty of the government as an act of justice, but is also dictated by the soundest principles of public policy.

With the highest respect, I am, yours, &c.,

FRS. R. SHUNK.

To His Excellency, JAMES K. POLK, President of the United States.

Names of Companies.	Captains.	First Lieutenants.	Second Lieutenants.	No non-commissioned officers & privates.	Whole No.	Location.
1. Patterson Guards,	Wm. A. Stokes,	Richard H. Woolworth,		75	77	Philadelphia.
2. Steuben Fusiliers,	Arnold Seyberg,	Charles Angroth,	Jacob Shoenleber,	75	78	Do.
3. Independent Guards,	Edwin Chandler.	—— Tyler,	Robert Nichuals,	74	77	Do.
4. National Guards,	S. B. Kingston,	S. Wilson,	G. M'Gee,	74	77	Do.
5. State Fencibles,	James Page,	John Middleton,	Robert J. Parke,	75	78	Do.
6. State " 2nd comp	Joseph Murray.		William Robertson,	75	77	Do.
7. Washington Blues,	Wm. C. Patterson,	F. E. Patterson,	J. A. Shutt,	74	77	Do.
8. City Guards,	Joseph Hill,	Anthony Tally,	Daniel Vincent,	74	77	Do.
9. Lafayette L. Guards	Wm. G. Smith,	Thomas M. Pierce,	Cuyler M. Berry,	85	88	Do.
10. National Artillery,	John K. Murphy,	Edwin Ward.	Joseph Sinex,	79	82	Do.
11. Phil. Repeal Volrs.	Wm. Dixon,	Nathaniel Holland,	Miles Sweeny,	76	79	Do.
12. Monroe Guards,	Wm. F. Small,			74	77	Do.
13. Frankfort Artillery,	John F. Pechell,	Isacher Pugh,	Edwin F. Duffield,	77	81	Do.
14. National Grays,	Peter Fritz	Wm. A. Thorpe,	Jacob Glause,	82	85	Do.
15. Cadwallader Grays,	R. K. Scott,	S. T. Breece	S. W. Palmer,	81	84	Do.
16. Union Fencibles,	R. M. Lee,	Joseph K. Miller,	S. C. Winslow, Jr.,	82	85	Do.
17. Phil Light Guards.	John Bennett,	Malon Higs,	R. G. Tomlinson,	81	84	Do.
18. Philadelphia Grays,	George Cadwallader,	S. B. H. Vance,	James Hunnn,	79	82	Do.
19. Harrison Blues,	N. Hicks Graham,	George M'Cullough,	James York,	80	83	Do.
20. Wash. Lt. Infantry,	F. W. Bender,		J. C. Kritchmarr,	78	80	Do.
21. Irish Volunteers,	A. J. Brazier,	Michael J. Williams,	Patrick W. Pomroy,	75	78	Do.
22. Montgomery Guard.	Rush Van Dyke,	John Marlow,	Terence Riley,	79	82	Do.
23. Wash. Nat'l. Guards	John Riess,	Antony Vagner,		88	90	Do.
24. Jefferson Guards,	T. G. Morhead,	Mont. P. Young,	William Bryan,	76	79	Do.
25. Tyler Guards,	Robert Tyler,	M. Kennedy,	P. Carragan,	81	84	Do.
26. Junior Artillerists,	Frederick Fritz,	Jacob Lawson,	Robert Bechenback,	75	78	Do.
27. Germantown Blues,	John D. Miles,	Henry L. Hagner,	William H. Cox,	75	78	Do.
28. Jackson Artillery,	Jacob Hubeli	Augustus Larantzee,	David Hauly,	76	79	Do.
29. Mechanics' Rifle,		Jacob H. Battis,	Wm. M'Coy,	75	77	Do.
30. Montgomery Guards	Michael M'Coy,	Wm. Daugherty,	Jeremiah Hanly	83	86	Do.
31. Union Guards,	Joseph Morrison,	John G. Hills,	Jonathan J. Morrison,	74	77	Bucks county.
32. Doylestown Grays,	Chas. H. Mann,	John S. Bryan,	John Pidcock,	77	80	Do.
33. National Guards,	J. K. Zeilin,	Charles H. Clayton,	James G. Denister,	74	77	Delaware county.
34. National Grays.	Thomas Sloan.	John G. Mills,	Charles R. M'Donnell,	74	77	Chester county.
35. Jackson Riflemen,	Fred. Hambright,	Michael Tressler,	Saml. E. Gundaker.	79	82	Lancaster city.
36. Lancaster Fencibles,	J. H. Duchman,	George Ford.	D. W. Patterson,	74	77	Do.
37. Gettysburg Guards.	D. M. Smyzer,	Aaron De Goff,		75	77	Adams county
38. York Pennsyl. Rifle	Geo. Hay,	Danl. A. Stillinger,	Isaac Elliott,	77	80	York county.
39. Wash. Artillerists,	R. Bruce,	J. G. Cochran:		76	78	Do.
40. Reading Artillery,	Thos. S. Boerser,	William Wunder,	Herman Baird,	74	77	Berks county.
41. Washington Grays,	H. A. Muhlenburg,	Levi Hiester,	Howard L. Miller,	84	87	Do.
42. Harrisburg Rifle.	C. Seiler,	Geo. W. Rinzer,	Edward A. Lesly.	97	100	Harrisburgh.
43. Washington Rifle,	John Weidman,	James W. Eber,	Cyrus Zimmerman,	75	78	Lebanon.
44. Dauphin Guards,	Wm Watson,	David Pool,	Danl. A. Kepner,	94	97	Harrisburg.
45. National Grays,	Joel Ritter,	H. A. M. Filbert,	Chas H. Richards,	74	77	Reading.
46. Hib. Jackson Guard.	C. F. Jackson.	Isaac Smith M'Mechen,	B Reily,	83	86	Schuylkill county.
47. Wash. Artillery,	James Nagle,	Simon S. Nagle,	John K. Fernsler,	95	98	Do.
48. Swatra Lt. Infantry	Wm Rewalt,		D. H. Fackler,	76	78	Dauphin county
49. Nat. Light Infantry	James H. Campbell,	William Pollock,	James Rossell,	109	112	Schuylkill county.
50. Stockton Artillerists.	J. H. Siewers,			76	77	Carbon county,
51. Columbia Guards,	John S. Wilson,	C. H. Frick,	Wm. D. Moore,	88	91	Columbia county.
52. Wyoming Artillery.	Edwin L. Danna,	Martin Lawn,	E. B. Collings,	75	78	Luzerne county.
53. Wyoming Yagers,	John Reichard,	Christian Goeltz,	Jacob Wallder,	75	78	Do.
54. Northumberland Inf	David Taggart,			76	77	Northumberland co.
55. Jackson Infantry,	John Cummings,			76	77	Union county.
56. Washington Guards,	Michael Cresswell,	William Machlin,	Adam Holliday,	74	77	Mifflin county.
57. War. Mark Fencibles	James Bell,	James Thompson,	James A. Gano,	82	85	Huntingdon county.
58. Lewistown Artillery	John Hamilton,	German Jacobs,	Daniel Wise,	74	77	Mifflin county.
59. Centre Guards,	Andrew Gregg,	L. W. Smith,	Daniel H. Smith,	80	83	Centre county.
60. Williamsburg Blues	Thos. R. Fluke,	Robert B Gagely,	Alex. M Kaney,	76	79	Blair county.
61. Lewistown Guards,	Jas. A. Cunningham,	James Kincaid,	Joseph Sourbeck,	75	78	Mifflin county.
62. St. Thomas Artillery	Thompson M Alister,	G. W. Gibson,	Wm. C. M'Dowell,	85	88	Franklin county.
63. Carlisle Lt. Infantry.	Samuel Cropp,	John Bricker,	Henry J. Keller,	79	82	Cumberland county.
64. Landisburgh Guards	H. K. Wilson,	William Parks,	Solomon De Walt,	87	90	Perry county.
65. Bloomfield Lt. Inft.	T. A. Smith,	William Power,	John M'Cane,	80	83	Do.
66. Mercersburg Artil,	Jas. M'Donnal,	Thompson M. Graham,	Wm. H. Oles,	80	83	Franklin county.
67. Cambria Guards,	Jas. Murray,	John J. Chambers,	Charles M'Dermitt,	74	77	Cambria county.
68. Amer'n Highlanders,	J. W. Geary,	Robert Davis,	Elisha M. Luckett,	75	78	Do.
69. Independent Grays,	S. M. Taylor,	Samuel Black,	Samuel Shupp,	93	96	Bedford county.
70. Conemaugh Guards.	John Linton,	L. W. Smith,	Robert Bingham,	70	82	Cambria county,
71. Schellsburg Artil,	Robert Fry,	Robert B Gagely,	Joseph S. Reed,	84	87	Bedford county.
72. Franklin Blues,	Hugh Irvin,	John C. Statler,	John M. Rugh,	83	86	Westmoreland Co.
73. Union Volunteers,	Samuel S. Austin,	Geo. R. Haymaker,	John Knight,	74	77	Fayette county.
74. Youghiogheny Blues.	Wm. Quail,	Stewart Speers,	John Kilpatrick,	104	108	Do.
75. Westmorel'd Guards	John W. Johnson,	Daniel Forrey	Washington Murray,	88	91	Westmoreland Co.
76. Wash. Patriots,	Isaac P. Kendall,	John C. Gilchrist,	James Hudson,	70	82	Fayette county.
77. Sewickley Artillery,	M. M. Dick,	James Dawson,	John E. Markle,	74	77	Westmoreland Co.
78. Fayette Riflemen,	Geo. W. Hertzog,	M. D. Campbell,	Levi Zerry,	111	114	Fayette county.
79. Wash. Co. Guards,	John M'Allister,	J. M. Pixler,	James Murray,	82	85	Washington county.
80. Jefferson Grays,	Wm. S. Callahan,	Samuel Morton,	Robert Lutton,	112	115	Do.
81. Waynesburg Blues,	Bradley Mahanna,	Michael Wolf,	John C. Fleniken.	74	77	Greene county.
82. Centre Guards,	John Nanatta,	John T. Hook,		74	77	Do.
83. Franklin Rangers,	Neely Mahanna,	Wm. Churchhill,	Hiram Hook,	75	77	Do.
84. Pittsb'g City Blues,		James Garnier,		74	77	Do.
85. Irish Greens,	Joseph O'Brien,	Robert Cornell,		76	77	Pittsburgh.
86. Duquesne Grays,	John Herron,	James Dignan,	Martin Connelly,	74	77	Do.
87. Independent Blues,	Alexander Hays,	C. H. Poulson,	George Beal,	91	94	Do.
88. Birmingham Guards	Samuel M'Kee,	G. L. Drane,	James O. H. Denny,	116	119	Do.
89. Pennsylvania Blues,	Geo. S. Hays,	Robert Duncan,	David Cunningham,	74	77	Do.
90. Mercer Volunteers,	James Galloway,	J. S. Bonnett,	W. S. Cuddy,	74	77	Do.
		J. H. Williamson,	Dawson Wadsworth,	75	78	Mercer.

*After the foregoing report was made to the President, the rolls of the following companies, belonging to the 1st and 2d battallions as above were received, viz:

1st company, officers names not designated, numbering 172 men; 2nd company, Capt. Joseph Andrews, 1st Lieut. Martin Bechtt, 2nd Lieut. James Hoke, numbering 133; 4th company, Capt. Samuel Strickler, 1st Lieut. John Vansoal, 2nd Lieut. David Hutchinson, numbering 111; 5th company, Capt. Michael Culler, numbering 89; 7th company, officers not designated, numbering 78; 8th company, Capt. Zachariah Ball, numbering 94; 9th company, Capt. William Ball, numbering 117; 11th company, Capt. George Bower, numbering 105 men; making an aggregate of 899 men.

☞ We learn from the Alton says the St. Louis Reporter, that several little rows have recently come off among the volunteers quartered there—for the most part, however, more of an amusing, than of a serious nature. In performing an evolution a few days since, one company got tangled up with another, and to clear itself marched *right through* the discomfitted squadron. This led to some rather ludicrous, as well as serio comic scenes Sundry "soojer lads" bit the dust for a time, felled by blows from their stout er adversaries. A bayonet was thrust through the clothes of an officer, and a Captain of a company knocked down a private with the but of his gun.

"Alas what hardships do environ
The man that meddles with cold iron!"

SUICIDE.—A melancholly instance of self destruction occured at Tallahasse on the 25th ult.—In the course of the forenoon of that day, Louis Hoe jr, left home with a double barrelled gun, for the purpose (as he said) of hunting. He did not return at night, and on the day following his friends instituted a search, which resulted in the discovery of his lifeless and mutilated remains. From the indications, it was judged that he must have rested his forehead upon the muzzle of the gun, and discharged it by means of a stick. His brains were scattered in every direction—a portion being lodged high up in a tree directly over him! His features were so mutilated by swine or buzzards, that but for his clothes, it would have been impossible to identify the ghastly and appalling spectacle.

PROVOKING THEFT.—One evening last week, as two young gentlemen were bathing in Chauteau Pond, St. Louis, some graceless scamp stole a match on them, and carried off their pantaloons, in the pockets of which were a few dollars in change. The unfortunate *sans cullottes* were constrained to make the best of their way home with the aid of frock coats, *and the shady side of the street.*

☞ John Burwell was executed at Schenectady, N. Y. on Wednesday, for the murder of one Sornberger, in Schoharie county. He died a dreadful death, life being not extinct until 20 minutes after the fall.

A MONSTER SHARK.—A shark *twenty-eight feet long* was killed in Provinceton harbor a short time since.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Prepared and corrected every Afternoon.

PORT OF PITTSBURGH.

2 FEET 8 INCHES WATER IN THE CHANNEL.

ARRIVED.

Michigan, Boies, Beaver;
Louis M'Lane, Bennet, Brownsville;
Consul, Mason, Brownsville.
Lake Erie, Hoops, Beaver.
De Kalb,——Cincinnati.
Island Packet, Lowery, Wheeling.

DEPARTED.

Lake Erie, Hoops, Beaver;
Consul, Mason, Brownsville.
Louis McLane, Bennet, Brownsville.
Michigan, Boies, Beaver.
Hudson, Ebbert, Wheeling.
Talisman, Jacob, St. Louis.

The Cincinnati Advertiser of the 18th says.

During the past twenty four hours up to the last evening at dark, the Ohio, at our landing, had receded about 6 inches. There is in the channel, bvtween here and Louisville, about 3 feet water.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Wheeling—pr. str. Hudson, 161 hhds. tobacco, 44 sacks wool, 3 sacks rags, 6 casks bacon, 1 bx. tin plate, 1 bx. mds, 3 tons furniture.

Cincinnati—pr. str. American, 62 bags feathers, 1 cask, 3 tierce bacon, 12 bxs. mds. 23 hhds. tobacco, 13 bbls. 20 kegs, 118 sacks wool; 52 pc. castings, 20 hhds. bacon, 9 casks do, 40 bbls. apples, 16 kegs butter.

St. Louis—pr. str. Talisman; 1 bbl. hams, 18 sacks feathers, 151 dry hides, 3 casks lead pipe, 88 sacks wool, 12 bxs. mds. 109 bales buffalo robes.

Monongahela Improvement.—Pr str Louis M'Lane, 1 bx. mds, 27 kegs nails, 1 lot sundries.

COOPER'S NEW NOVEL, and more new works at COOK'S Literary Depot, 55 Fourth street.

The Red Skins, or Indian and Ingin; by J. F. Cooper, author of Pathfinder, &c. &c.

Lady's Book for August, beautifully embellished.

Old Ironsides and Old Adams, or stray leaves from the Log of a Man, of War's man, by Rev. C. W. Denisen, Chaplain.

Small books on great subjects, being Philosophical Theories and Philosophical experience.

The connection between Physiology and Intellectual Science. The Principles of Criminal Law.

The Corsair, or the Foundling of the Sea, an American Romance.

Littell's Living Age, No. 113.

Hilliard on Real Property, a new Law Book, in two large volumes.

Phillips on Scrofulo, a new medical work just published.

The Omnibus, an imitation of the London Punch, illustrated by Quiz—comic.

Eastern Newspapers for this week.

Penny Magazine, No. 23.

jy 21-1t5w.

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS—For Ague and Fever. The liver is more or less out of order in all attacks of fever and ague, so much so that the ague is not always curable unless the liver is first set right. Attemt to to check Agues by Quinine, when the Liver is diseased, frequently brings on general Dropsy. If the Liver Pills be used before taking quinine, and cautiously continued after it, so as to keep the bowels open according to the general directions, not only will return of chills be less frequent, but the cure will be more perfect. The Liver Pill is particularly useful in all aguesh sections of the country. In all regions, the liver, is so often in a bad state as to be concerned in producing a large portion of their maladies. Let the resident population give it a fair trial; keep their bowels open with the pill take in each case twenty grains of quinine between the chills to check them, and fifteen grains every eight or ten days afterwards, for several weeks, and they will seldom need a physician for Ague and Fever. Prepared and sold by R. E. SELLERS,
jy21 57 Wood street.

Notice.

IN the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, of March Term, 1846, No. 34.

In the matter of a Road in Pitt Township: The viewers having reported in favor of a Public Road, notice is hereby given that the further action of the Court will be applied for in the premises on proof of this notice. ROBT. WOODS,
jy21-2t. Att'y for Road.

J. Bryar,

RECTIFYING DISTILLER, and wholesale dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, No. 114 Liberty street, and 53 Diamond Alley, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy21-y

PIANO FORTE AT AUCTION—will be sold added to the sale at Mr. Jacob Weavers on Thursday next an excellent Piano Forte, which was omitted in hand bills.
jy 21 P. M'KENNA, Auctioneer.

ECONEMY CIDAR—10 bbls Economy Crab Cider. just received and for sale by
jy21 MILLER & RICKETSON.

TANNERS OIL—12 barrels Tanners Oil just received and for sale by
jy 21 MILLER & RICOETSON.

Selling Off
AT THE NEW YORK STORE.

LADIES, look out for bargains, as I have reduced the *prices of all my summer goods.*

On hand a splendid assortment of Paris and English Lawns, Berages, Balzorines, Summer shawls, scarfs Cravats. Also, Ribbons, Flowers, Fancy and Plain Braid Bonnets.

For the Gentlemen, a few splendid vest patterns, pant stuffs, gold and silver mixed tweeds, shirts, collars, bosoms, cravats, &c.

W. H. GARRARD.

Just received another box of White Bonnet Ribbons. jy20

DRY GOODS, Furniture, Groceries and Queensware at Auction. At M'Kenna's new Auction Rooms No. 114 Wood street, 3d door from 5th, this day, Monday July 20th, at 10 o'clock, A. M. will be sold a large assortment of Dry Goods; and at 2 o'clock, P. M. a large lot of queensware, tobacco, furniture, &c. P. M'KENNA,
jy20. Auctioneer.

The Bank of the Pope.

THE Bank of the Pope, or the sacred taxes of the Chancery and of the Penitentiary of Rome, as established by Pope