THE PITTSBURGH DAILY MORNING POST.

JOHN BIGLER, Editor.

PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1846.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM B. FOSTER, Jr.,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

☞For Latest News, see Postscript, on second page.

Democratic County Convention.

We learn from our country friends that the primary Meetings in the Townships, will be well attended, and that no exertions will be spared to perfect the organization of the party. The Democracy of the two cities, we doubt not, will give the matter proper attention. Every township, ward, and borough in the county, should be represented. It is the *duty* as well as the *privilege* of Democrats to attend the primary meetings, and there to make known their wishes in reference to "men and measures."

The President and his lady, together with the other ladies of his family, accompanied by the Secretary of War, the Postmaster General, and the Attorney General, visited the National Exhibition of Manufactures at Washington on Saturday last, and spent an hour or two in viewing the vast and varied display of American skill and industry there gathered together. The President expressed himself highly gratified, as he certainly must have been much impressed, if not surprised, by the extent and beauty of the exhibition."

The National Intelligencer of yesterday says:—"The interest of this exhibition increases every day, and we expect that it will be fully arranged (which it has not yet been) early in the present week.—We are doubtful whethr the building, capacious as it is, will be found capacious enough for the immense quantity of articles which are and will be forwarded for exhibition.

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS,—The New York Herald learns, from the best authority in England, that the British Government have made an arrangement with Mr. Cunárd, to run a line of steam ships from Liverpool to New York—to commence as soon as the ships are ready which will be next year. The present line to Halifax and Boston will be continued, as it at present is; and the ships for the New York line will sail every alternate week.—Mr. Cunard will probably reach this country by the Hibernia, when all the particulars of this important enterprise will be known.

COMMODORE CONNER.—The Pennsylvanian says this gallant naval officer, now in command of the Gulf Squadron, and who came so promptly to the aid of Gen. Taylor, is a native of the good old Keystone State, having been born in Mifflin county. It is only a few years since, that the Legislature of Pennsylvania voted him a sword, as a mark of their appreciation of his daring conduct during the war of 1812. He is a man who will shed additional lustre on the long array of brave and distinguished soldiers who date their birth-place from among the hills and mountains of this State.

THE MEXICAN DECLARATION OF WAR.—Parades' proclamation, announcing hostilities against this country, and his having given orders to the General in Chief of the division on the northern frontier to make war on the American army, is dated "National Palace of Mexico, April 23d."—This was nearly three weeks before President Polk announced that war existed, which fact some honorable Senators so strenuously denied, and could not reconcile it to their consciences to admit by any vote of theirs.

TENNESSEE AND KENTUCKY.—Troops are offering their services to the Governors of these states. The Nashville Blues made known their readiness on Saturday week, if more men were needed on the border. The Governor replied that he supposed no requisition would be made upon Tennessee, as the call upon Texas, Louisiana, &c., he thought would meet the crisis at present.

Henry Clay, Jr. is raising a company of Kentuckians to march to Texas

STAGE ARRANGEMENTS.—It gives us great pleasure to notice the manner in which Mr. Alexander Henderson, the indefatigable agent for the "Good Intent Fast Line" of stages looks to the comfort and convenience of the travelling public. The "Good Intent" leaves here in the morning at 9 o'clock, and reaches Chambersburgh in the afternoon of the next day, thus avoiding part of one night's staging. The arrangement commences to-morrow. Mr. Henderson's office is in the St. Charles Hotel buildings, Wood street.

OCEAN STEAM NAVIGATION.—The N. York Commercial, speaking of the Ocean Steam Navigation Company says;—"The company may commence operations when $100,000 are subscribed; and may increase the capital to a million. We understand that one of them has already upon his books nearly sixty thousand dollars subscribed. A first class steam ship is to be ready on the first day of March, 1847, a the latest, and another by the first day of August following."

THE LICENSE QUESTION IN NEW YORK.—Speaking of the license or no license qestion, the New York Express says:—Of about 200 towns heard from, only 20 have voted in favor of granting licenses for the sale of ardent spirits. In several counties, including Kings, Rockland, and probably Suffolk, every town has voted against licenses. The majorities are remarkably large.

The Louisville Journal says:—"Wm. Preston Esq., procured a subscription of $50,000, (twenty-five gentlemen subscribing $2,000 each,) which sum was placed to the credit of the Governor in the Bank of Kentucky, to be used by the Governor in case it should be necessary in despatching troops to the seat of war.

EMIGRATION FROM IRELAND.—The Limerick Chronicle of April 28th, enumerates eighteen vessels which had sailed this season for Quebec, Miramichi and St. John, N. B., each with a full complument of passengers, numbering in all 3,009 adults. Two other packets with 100 passengers each, were to sail on the following day.

THE FLY,—We regret to learn that the most serious apprehensions are entertained in regard to the ravages of the fly upon wheat. In Bucks county we are informed by an old experienced farmer that great progress has been made by this destructive insect.

General Taylor.—This able commander should have at once the reward of his skill and gallantry, the brevet rank of Major General.

Frost.—There has been a frost in the low lands along the Connecticut valley, for three nights past. It has done some damage, though probably not very heavy.—*Hartford Times, May 19.*

Snow.—The Glen's falls Courier states that on Monday and Tuesday morning of last week, all the highlands in the vicinity were covered with snow. There was a severe frost on Wednesday morning.

Merry England.—Working women in London save themselves from starving during winter, by mortgaging their summer earnings. Many of the laborers of that "merry" country declared at a recent meeting, that they knew meat only by name.

Military Meeting.

Pursuant to public notice the officers of the *Fifth Regiment, First Brigade, 15th Division, Pennsylvania Militia*, convened at the Napoleon House, (Major Fickeison) on Saturday evening.—The meeting was organized, on motion of *Major J. Scott Hamilton*, by calling Col. Thos. HAMILTON to the Chair. On motion of Lieut. Col. R. H. Kerr, *Adjt. D. D. Bruce* was appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting being stated by the Col., in which he made a patriotic and eloquent appeal to the American Volunteers to stand by their country in every emergency and to show to the world that our claims are well founded to the whole of Texas, he was followed by *Lieut. Col. Kerr*, who addressed the meeting in language strong and forcible for American rights and the poor and meritorious soldiers that fight the battles of our common country. He concluded by offering the following resolutions, which on motion of Capt. Livingston, were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States have by their act declared that a state of war does exist between this government and that of Mexico. We therefore, in obedience to the patriotic proclamation of the Governor, hold ourselves in readiness to assist and defend the honor of our country when called upon; for bravery and fidelity will ever be rewarded by the American people. Let us be inspired by one common sentiment—the welfare and perpetuity of the country and its institutions.

Resolved, That we consider it the duty of every man, capable of bearing arms whether *owning property or not, notice or adopted* to be ready and willing to protect the flag of the union, and we trust that will not be any resignations in this regiment, either from fear or on account of peculiarity of family connections. We consider that all true Americans are bound to stand or fall for the good of our country. Let every American consider that on him and on every one depends the glorious of the nation, laying aside mutual discord, sectional feeling and party rancor. Nothing but the welfare of America should be known, when our country requires our services in the field, to drive back the minions of tyranny. We then shall see the constellated banner of our country, wave in all its magnificence over a free and happy people, and in the language of the truthful *Washington*: "to-morrow, to-day, this hour, and at all hours—we are at the service of our country."

Resolved, That we would suggest to the *Members of Congress*, to increase the pay of the *rank and file*; and should it be considered burthensome to the tax payers, we would request them to reduce their own pay *one half*, (if not more) per day, and add it to the *poor soldiers* who undergo the fatigue and toil of battle.

Resolved, That the proceedings be published in all our papers, and that a copy be forwarded to his excellency, *F. R. Shunk*, by the colonel of the regiment.

THOMAS HAMILTON, President.
D. D. BRUCE, Secretary.

THE LATE GALLANT MAJOR RINGGOLD.

CAMP ISABEL,
Near the mouth of the Rio Bravo Del Norte,
9th May, 1846.

The numerous friends of Major Ringgold will doubtless be anxious to know the particulars attending his melancholy end, and I hasten to give them to you. The engagement of the 8th was entirely in the hands of the artillery, and Major R. took a most active and important part in it. About 6 o'clock he was struck by a six-pound shot. He was mounted, and the shot struck him at right angles, hitting him in the right thigh, passing through the holsters and upper part of the shoulders of his horse, and then striking the left thigh, in the same line in which it first struck him. On the evening of the 9th he reached this camp under charge of Dr Byrne of the army. He was immediately placed in comfortable quarters, and his wounds dressed.—An immense mass of muscles and integuments were carried away from both thighs. The arteries were not divided, neither were the bones broken. I remained with him all night. He had but little pain, and at intervals had some sleep. On dressing his wounds in the morning, they presented a most unfavorable aspect, and there was but little reaction.

During the night he gave me many incidents of the battle, and spoke with much pride of the execution of his shot. He directed his shot not only to groups and masses of the enemy, but to particular men in their line; he saw them fall, their places occupied by others, who in their turn were shot down, pointing his guns to the same place and he felt as confident of hitting his mark as though he had been using a rifle. He had but one thing to regret, and that was the small number of men in his company. He said that he had made use of all his exertions to have his company increased to 100 men, but without success. From the small number of his men, as they were disabled at their guns, he was without others to take their places. During the day he continued to lose strength, but was free from pain and cheerful. He spoke constantly of the efficiency of his guns, and the brave conduct of his officers and men.

He continued to grow worse, and a medical officer remained constantly by his side. Dr. Byrne remained with him during the night, using every means which could be devised to save his valuable life, but without effect. He continued to grow worse until 1 o'clock last night, when he expired. He survived his wounds 60 hours; during all this time he had but little pain—conversed cheerfully, and made all his arrangements for his approaching end with the greatest composure and resignation. He will be buried to-day, at 3 o'clock, P.M., lamented by the whole camp. The wounded are, generally, doing very well.

I am your obedient servant,
J. M. FOLTZ,
Surgeon United States Navy.

The Sixteen Whigs in Congress, who refused to vote supplies to our army, after the blood of American citizens had really been shed on American soil, are known by these names: Senators *Thomas Clayton*, of Delaware, and *John Davis* of Massachusetts; Representatives, *Strohm*, of Pennsylvania, (!!) *Severance* of Maine, *Cranston*, of Rhode Island, *Ashman*, of Vermont, *Adams, Hudson* and *King*, of Massachusetts, *Tilden, Root, Delano, Vance* and *Giddings*, of Ohio, *Culver*, of New York. Two days *before* these men voted to leave their countrymen unprotected when almost in the hands of a cruel foe, the little army that they sneered at as weak—that they pitied as sacrificed—that they denounced as invaders of Mexican soil—although but eighteen hundred strong, met seven thousand sanguine Mexicans and defeated them with terrible loss. The coincidence is rather striking, and though it may not be quite pleasant to the sixteen gentlemen referred to, it will be long remembered by the people.—*Pennsylvanian.*

Fearful Engine of Destruction.—We witnessed, on Saturday afternoon, at the Arsenal yard, in this city, a few experiments with a new and very effective weapon of attack or defence, invented by Messrs. Reynolds & Bro's, of Kinderhook. It is called a *Projecting Engine*, and the rapidity and precision with which the balls were propelled seemed almost beyond comprehension. The experimental model was fitted to throw a leaden missile of 1½ ounces, and was capable, with the exertions of two men at a crank, to drive the balls through a 2 in. plank at the distance of 100 yards. The projectile force is obtained by the centrifugal tendency of the ball to fly off from a horizontal wheel, while revolving at a very high velocity, and the engine seems to be perfectly manageable, delivering its fatal messenger at any point of the compass, desired, and at the rate of *twenty-six balls per second!* If the sanguine expectations of the inventors should prove correct, their fearful engine of destruction will doubtless be of great service to the Government in the prosecution of any war, present or prospective; and we trust that its powers will be fully tested by a competent commission.—In the experiments of Saturday, the balls were driven with much force against an iron target, at the distance of some seventy yards, the limits of the yard not permitting a wider range. Many of them were *beaten flat* and spread out to the size of a dollar. The inventors state that the principle may be applied to shot of any size, and with increased proportionate success—the point blank range of the engine being as great as that of any arm now in use.—*N. Y. News, May 25.*

☞The Louisville Courier, of the 23d inst states that the Ohio is falling at that place.

Proceedings in Select Council.

MONDAY, May 25, 1846.

Present, Messrs. Adams, Algeo, Black, Kincaid, Laughlin, Lee, Lorenz, McCracken, McDevitt, McIlwain, Ogden, Porter, Von Bonhorst, and Wilson.

Mr. Porter was appointed President pro tem.

Mr. Lee presented a communication from Dr. J. P. Gazzam, on the subject of frame stables, in the rear of his house. Referred to committee on Wooden Buildings. Reference concurrd in by C. C.

Mr. Kincaid. a petition from salt manufacturers, for a reduction of the inspection fees. Referred to special committee of 5 and Messrs. Kincaid and McDevitt appointed on part of this Council. Sent to C. C. who concurred in reference, and Messrs. Duncan, Bruce, and Robertson were appointed on their behalf.

Mr. Von Bonhorst, a petition for paving Monongahela Wharf, and short street. Referred to committee on Monongahela Wharf. Reference concured in by C. C.

Mr. Algeo, a report from committee on City Property, adverse to the renting of the old Water Works building, and recommending the sale thereof. Accepted—concurred in by C. C.

Mr. Von Bonhorst, a report from committe on Claims, favorable to the claim of A. Laughlin for rent of a lot, with a resolution authorising the payment of the same. Report read and accepted, and resolution read twice, and the whole referred to a special committee of 5, and Lorenz and Black appointed on behalf of this Council—sent to C. C. who concurred, and Pennock, A. Scott and Stoner appointed on their behalf.

Mr. Kincaid, a report from Water Committee, on petitions for water on Fifth street, Forbes and Chestnut streets, and Chatham street. Accepted—sent to C. C.

Mr. Black, a report from Sanitary committee, adverse to the claims of Drs. Fahnestock and Watt Accepted—concurred in by C. C.

Mr. Laughlin, a report from committee on wooden buildings, on the subject of Backus' Patent composition roof. Accepted and ordered to be published—concurred in by C. C.

Mr. Lorenz, an opinion of City Solicitor, adverse to the claim of Thomas Craig for refunding money paid by him, for opening Sixth street. Accepted—sent to C. C.

Mr. Black, a petitition from sundry citizens, praying Councils to cause the toll gate on the Fourth street road, to be removed out of the city. Accepted—sent to C. C. and by them read.

Also a resolution to authorize the committee on Streets, &c., to order the Street Commissioner to remove said gate, as being a nuisance, which was amended on motion of Mr. Lorenz, requiring the committee to take the opinion of the city Solicitor on the subject. The resolution was then adopted—concurred in by C. C.

Mr. McDevitt, a resolution authorizing the Water committee to lay water pipes on Wylie street, between Eighth and Ross streets. Adopted—sent to C. C.

Mr. Lorenz, a resolution authorizing the payment of costs in the case of Jas. Gray v. the City of Pittsburgh. Adopted—sent to C. C.

Mr. Lee, an Ordinance establishing a new grade for Fifth street between Wood and Ross streets, being the same as that presented by him on the 27th ult., with the exception of the first section, which is so altered, that instead of an uniform grade from Wood to Smithfield streets—it is as follows: "From Wood st. an ascent of 1 35-100 feet in 100 feet, to line of lot No. 382, thence an ascent of 249-100 feet in 100 feet, to a point 2 feet 6 inches above the present grade of Smithfield street."

Mr. Kincaid, a resolution to cause the street commissioner to enforce the Ordinance on the subject of cleaning the gutters. Adopted sent to C. C.

Mr. Kincaid, an "Ordinance supplementary to an ordinance in reference to the duties of the night watch," repealing so much of an ordinance, as requires the watchman to assemble at the watch-house in the morning, except such as have prisoners to report.

PROCEEDINGS IN COMMON COUNCIL.

MONDAY, May 25 1846.

Councils met. Present, Messrs. Ackerman, Albree, Barnes, Barnhill, Bruce, Douglass, Duncan Gorman, Gracey, Hamilton, Kelly, McClelland, Morrow, Pennock, Quinn, Reinhart, Robertson, Andrew Scott, George Scott, Smith, Stockton, Stoner, Tindle, Whitiny and President.

Mr. Robertson, President—in the chair!

Mr. Barnhill presented a petition relative to an alleged accumulation of water caused by the filling up of Federal street, in the 6th Ward. Read and referred to the committe on streets, with instructions to act. Concurred in by S. C.

Mr. Bruce presented an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance authorising the grading and paving of Wylie street from Fifth to Eleventh streets," which was read twice, and after various amendments were made, was referred to the committee on Ordinances. Concurred in by S. C. Adjourned.

Repeal of the English Corn Laws.—The following information comes from one of the very *highest* sources in Great Britain, *and may be relied upon.*

Washington Union.

LIVERPOOL, May 2, 1846.

"There has been some very teazing delay with our corn-law repeal bill on a mere point of form; but the delay has further led the cause in the House of Lords. *They* are now convinced they cannot effectually oppose the measure, and the bill is considered *safe in all its details.* You may rest assured of this as much so as if it were passed. The only change *possible* is from gradual to *immediate.* On Monday the Commons start again with it, and a week will most likely suffice to pass its remaining stages in that house.

"May 4.—Our London accounts this morning represents the corn bill as *perfectly safe.*"

From the Pennsylvanian:

SECRETARY BANCROFT.

To those not accustomed to the violence and bitterness of party presses in this country, it may appear strange that so many eminent citizens in the public service are daily assailed, and grossly slandered; but a moment's reflection and enquiry will satisfy every candid mind that this is the work of disappointed partisan writers, who in a country where the press is free, feel themselves as unrestrained by law, as they are by truth and morality.

The distinguished officer whose name heads this article, has, since his elevation to the cabinet of Mr. Polk, been most wantonly assailed by presses and individuals, because he has strictly pursued the path of duty, and endeavored, by his administration of the Navy Department, to *reform* abuses, and produce *economy* in the Naval service of the U. S.

Eminent as a scholar and a politician, Mr. Bancroft came into office, unsolicited on his part, as the representative of the true Democratic principles of the North. His devotion to these principles and the confidence reposed in him by his party, pointed him out at once as the most prominent and efficient man in New England to counsel a President, and to participate in a cabinet which came into power as did that of Mr. Polk. Gen. Jackson, whose knowledge of men was as accurate as his motives were patriotic, very early regarded Mr. Bancroft as a politician in whom he could place entire confidence, and honored him not only with his friendship, but made him the historian and vindicator of his own career as a soldier and a statesman.

Mr. Polk could not, therefore have better carried out the spirit of that Democracy which Andrew Jackson had founded and labored for, than by calling Mr. Bancroft to aid him in the administration of the government—an administration emphatically embodying all the leading measures, and expressing all the great principles of General Jackson's public life and policy. But it seems that disappointed and unscrupulous thirst for spoils and plunder, finding Mr. Bancroft too independent and pure to pander to their base appetites—or unworthy office holders, who have obliged him, by their incapacity, to banish them from office—have united to disparage and slander the eminent citizen, and, if possible, to break him down in the confidence and esteem of the Democratic party.

His reports and public acts all speak out the true and fearless purposes of a public officer who means well by his country, and are such that their fair and candid consideration must suffice to satisfy all men that his views and policy are at once Democratic and sound and that the President could not have a better and more faithful adviser, or the people a firmer friend, than GEORGE BANCROFT.—We may therefore well say to his traducers, "cease, vipers, ye bite against a file."

E. P.

☞*Frost.*—There was frost in Utica and Syracuse on the night of the 19th—doing injury to fruit and vegetables.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Prepared and corrected every Afternoon.

PITTSBURGH BOARD OF TRADE.
COMMITTE FOR MAY.
J. Carothers, J. May, John Shea.

PORT OF PITTSBURGH.

9 FEET WATER IN THE CHANNEL AND FALLING.

ARRIVED.
Michigan, Boies; Beaver;
Louis M'Lane, Bennet, Brownsville;
Consul, Mason, Brownsville.
Lake Erie, Hoops, Beaver.
Columbia, O'Neal, Louisville.
Clipper No. 2, Crooks, Cincinnati.
West Point, Lyon, Louisville.
Shelby, Brown, Cincinnati;
Revenue Cutter, Gaskill. Louisville.

DEPARTED.
Lake Erie, Hoops, Beaver;
Consul, Mason, Brownsville.
Louis McLane, Bennet, Brownsville.
Michigan, Boies, Beaver.
Wisconsin, Grace, Cincinnati;
North Queen, Crozier, Wellsville.
Sam Sexy, Greenle, Nashville.
Rhode Island, Dawson, Wheeling.
California, Bailey, Nashville.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Louisville—Per str West Point; 452 kegs lard, 67 hhd tobacco, 35 hhds and 17 tierces bacon, 130 bales cottons 3 casks scrap iron, 2 carboys armonia, 6 bbls alcohol, 5 tons pig metal, 1 box, 77 sacks oats.

Per str Revenue Cutter; 200 bbls oats, 578 dry hides, 100 bbls whiskey, 20 kegs tobacco, 31 tierces hams, 96 casks bacon, 70 sacks oats, 16 kegs butter, 8 bxs, 10 casks sundries, 25 ton pig metal.

Per str Columbia; 100 bales hemp, 30 hhds tobacco, 8 bales deerskins, 1 box furs, 48 bxs books, 5 bbl oil, 1 bbl mustard, 3 hhds bacon, 50 bxs raisins, 719 dry hides, 50 bbls whiskey, 50 sacks bran, 15 tons metal.

Cincinnati—per str Shelby—72 hhds tobacco 50 bbls molasses, 100 bbls whiskey, 57 sacks corn, 1 keg tobacco, 24 shovels, 24 picks.

Per str Clipper No 2—132 sacks oats, 74 sacks corn, 5 bags feathers, 5 bags wool, 25 sacks potatoes.

Youghiogheny—per K. B—300 bbls flour.

Robbstown—per K. B.—110 bbls flour, 20 bbls salt, 10 boxes glass.

Monongahela Improvement.—Pr str Consul; 2 bxs, 208 bbls flour; 16 bbl flax seed, 25 kegs nails, 3½ tons pig metal, 63 bxs iron, 6½ bxs glass.

Pr str Louis M Lane, 10 kegs nails, 1 lot iron, 329 bxs glass, 128 bbls flour.

☞The Allegheny is falling slowly.

☞The splendid new steamer Clipper No. 2 Capt. Crooks, leaves for Cincinnati this morning

☞The splendid steamer Columbia, Capt, O'Neal, departs for Cincinnati and Louisville this day at 4 o'clock.

Quite a Coincidence!—One of the Montreal papers—in the interest of the tories of Canada—has an attack on this country on account of the present war with Mexico, which, in the argument and the epithets used, bears a very near likeness to the course of certain Whig papers here on the same question.—*Pennsylvanian.*

Office of the Pittsburgh Morning Post.
REVIEW OF THE MARKET FOR THE WEEK ENDING.
Thursday, May 28, 1846.

BUSINESS,—During the past week business has been on a sensible decline, and the markets at length have become rather inactive. The spring business has approximated near to a close, but should the rivers keep up for a week or so longer we may expect another stir.

The Rivers are in excellent order, there being about 9 feet water in the channel below this place The Allegheny rose about 5 feet on Wednesday afternoon, and is now on a stand. The weather for a few days back has been very warm and dry.—The Canal is in excellent order.

Ashes—dull, with but few sales. Scorchings 2¾@2¾ ℔. Pots 2¾@3¼. Pearls, none in market.

Beans—are very dull. Small white from store $1,25@1,31½ ℔ bus. Mixed 75@81.

Beeswax—no demand, held at 26c.

Brooms—are dull and prices nominal.

Butter—Fresh roll from wagons 9c ℔ lb. Good keg 7@8c in store.

Eggs—7 cts per dozen.

Candles—Common $8,50 per 100 lbs; Star 22c ℔ lb; Mould 10 cts ℔ lb.

Cotton—Small sale of good Tennessee at 7½ ℔ lb, 4 mos.

Cotton Yarns,—Short Reel 15@16c.. cash.

Fruit.—Dried Peaches $3,00 ℔ bushel.

Fish.—Herring, new catch, $6,25; No. 1 Shad $8,50; No. 3 Mackerel $8,50@$9,00; Smoked Herring 80@90 cents ℔ box.

Freights—Are generally low, owing to the great number of boats in port.

Flour and Meal.—We last week quoted Flour at $3,12; the best selected brands are still firm at the above price, but a run of good brands can be purchased for $3; inferior $2,75@$2,87. Meal can be bought for 37½ cents ℔ bushel.

Feathers.—Our market is still dull; they are selling from store at 25@30 cents ℔ lb.

Groceries.—The market is very dull, with the exception of Coffee and Teas; Sugar still remains firm—6¼@6½c. for fair to prime; Loaf 10½@12½ cents for the different Nos.; Coffee—the receipts have been large and the article much asked for—Rio 8¼@8¾ and 9 cents. Molasses steady and holders firm at 34 cts. for quantity, retail 34@35; Teas in demand, and sales good.

Grain.—Wheat 65 cents; Corn has declined—offered at 37 cents; Barley nominal; Oats have a downward tendency—can be purchased for 27@28 cts. ℔ bushels; Rye 52@53.

Hides.—Dry 7½@8 cts. ℔ lb.

Oil—No. 1 Lard Oil is held at 60 cts.

Provisions.—Bacon—in the market there is little or no improvement—Shoulders 3¼@4c., Sides 5@5¼, Hams, assorted, 6@6½; Pork, mess, $10,000; Lard—dull—small sales No. 1 country rendered in bbls. and kegs from store at 5½@6 cts. ℔ lb.—No. 2 5¼, cred.

Lumber—Owing to the late freshet a decline is anticipated—Pine is selling for $7@7,25 for common in river—clear $14@$15, owing to quality—Shingles, prime $1,37@1,50 per M. Poplar $8@9. Hoop Poles in demand at $7a$10 per M.

Lead—pig $3,75.

Seeds—Flaxseed 87½a1,00. In other descriptions there is nothing doing.

Whiskey—10a16½ cts ℔ gallon, and the market very unsettled.

Wool—Unwashed common 12c; washed 10a19½ cents. The receipts are large and a decline is anticipated.

Dress Goods.

TO THE LADIES.—The largest and most splendid selection of *Dress Goods* ever exposed for sale "west of the mountains" are opening to-day at No. 46—

French Organdi Lawns, *choice patterns;*
" Plain Ombri Shaded, beautiful;
Another lot of those extra rich Balzorines;
60 pieces New Style Paris Printed Lawns;
One lot handsome patterns, price 18¾c;
Another lot splendid Graduated Organdi Robes, selling off at the reduced price of $3.75 pattern.
my29 at BARROWS & TURNER.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny.

The petition of August Faller, of the 2d ward, Pittsburgh, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth that your petitioner has provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the county aforesaid, and prays that your honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment, and your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray AUGUST FALLER.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the second ward, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

John H. Carless, A. Kelly, A Wilson, P. Martin, Wm. Anderson, John Cormick, Westley Grier, M. Kinzer, Thomas Malese, Wm. Sanders, Adam Baker, Wm. Keller.

may 29-3t*

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny.

The petition of Samuel M'Clelland, 3d ward Pittsburgh, humbly sheweth that your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the city aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound will pray.

SAMUEL M'CLELLAND.

We, the subscribers, citizens of Pittsburgh, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and convenience for the accommodation of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

Thomas Elliot, H. B. Alward, John H. Davis, J. W. Young, Joseph Kiser, B. F. King, Alx. Holstein, John M'Devitt, Wm. Stevenson, W. W. Larus, Charles C. M'Dermot, Wm. Mackey, Geo. H. Perpingnan.

may29-d3t

(Dispatch copy and charge this office.)

More Arrivals of New Goods, at B. E. Constable's, 83 Market st.

FRENCH and English Printed Muslin and Organdies.
White Jacet., and Mul Graduated Robes.
Ombre Shaded Tarleton Muslins.
Mourning Printed do
Hermann Shawls and Scaris.
Berege do do
French Embroidered Collars and Chemisetts.
my29

Live in London, and "lots of New Ones."

AT COOK'S Literary Depot, 85 4th street.

Life in London, a story of thrilling interest, founded upon the scenes of happiness and misery, virtue and vice, which constitutes "Life in the British Metropolis."

James Diary, or Sudden Riches, by Michael Angelo Titmarsh, Esq., author of a Journey to Carnhell to Cairo, &c.

Blanche Livingtone, a tale by Mrs. Holland, author of Self-Denial, Reflection, &c.

Henry Russell, or the year of our Lord, 2000, a novel.

McKenzie's Life of Van Buren, correspondence, &c.

Columbian Magazine for June.
Illustrated " "
May Martin, or the Money Diggers, a Green Mountain Tale.
Penny Magazine, No. 21.
Living Age, No. 105.
The Last Number of Harper's Bible, No. 54.—Those wishing the above splendid Bible, in beautiful style can do so by leaving their names at the subscriber's 85 Fourth st.

Richilieu, by G. P. R. James. Harper's edition.

Illustrated History of England: being a history of the people as well as a history of the kingdom, down to the reign of George the Third, now publishing in numbers.

Illustrated Wandering Jew, No. 12.
Beating Out, a neat little 18 mo., and a capital tale.
Graham's Magazine for June.
National " "
Lady's Book " "
For sale at COOK'S Literary Depot on Fourth st.
my29.

THE Committee on wooden buildings, to whom was referred the petition of sundry citizens of Pittsburgh, asking Councils to enquire into the nature and quality of Backus' Patent Roofs, would submit the following report—

That your Committee have carefully examined nearly all of the roofs of the kind referred to in the Petition, put on in this city. These roofs, as nearly as they have been able to ascertain, are constructed in the following manner: A sheathing of boards is first made, placed close together, these are covered with a coating of Backus' composition, three layers of oakum paper are then placed on the sheathing, with a coating of composition between each layer, and over these a thick coating of the composition, on which gravel is placed. The gravel appears to be intended to render the roofs fire proof, and the composition and oakum paper to render them water proof. The committee have been unable to ascertain the nature of this composition, its principal ingredients appear to be tar and pitch.

The Committee are of opinion, that from the construction of these roofs, the protection from fire afforded by them externally, is but of a very temporary nature, lasting only so long as the gravel remains, which from the nature of the composition, is very liable to wash off, and then a surface is exposed composed of the most inflammable materials—that on the most of the roofs they have examined the gravel has already been washed off to some extent—that should a fire take place on the inside of a building having one of these roofs, it would be almost impossible to extinguish it, from the fact, that as the roof become heated, the liquid pitch and tar, of which it is principally composed, would carry a stream of fire through the building, on which water would produce but little effect.

Your Committee are also of the opinion that it would be very difficult to render these roofs water proof—that they do not think the paper used in making them, sufficiently strong to resist the constant expansion and contraction of the boards on which it is placed—that these roofs would require constant watching and repairing to render them fire proof or water proof, and that in most of the buildings having these roofs, the upper story is rendered untenantable during the warm weather, by the constant dripping of the tar and pitch.

Your Committee regard speculation or experiment as the principal object of these roofs, and they feel bound to say that they cannot recommend them to the public.

JOHN LAUGHLIN,
WM. C. WILSON,
JOHN QUINN.

my29-3t

DR. LEIDY'S SARSAPARILLA VEGETABLE BLOOD PILLS!—The proprietor is obliged to manufacture them on a much more extessive scale than heretofore, and by a great improvement in his machinery, can make them much faster and with less labor, consequently less expense, which enables him to sell 40 pills to the box instead of thirty as heretofore. As a Spring Purifier, these pills have no equal, and for *purifying the blood*, and purging and cleansing the stomach and bowels, they are the safest, best, and most efficacious in existence. If pills are necessary at all, Dr. Leidy's Blood Pills will effect all that can be effected by any known pills in the world, for all the virtues that can be combined in pills are contained in them, and their established reputation is the best proof of it. No other Pills are known to contain Sarsaparilla in them, and all other Pills called by names nearly similar, are manufactured only with a view to sell them on the reputation of the true and genuine DR. LEIDY'S SARSAPARILLA VEGETABLE BLOOD PILLS, the first and original introduced by such name.

Be cautious, therefore; ask for and take no others, and you will not be deceived in their effects; whilst if you take of the spurious, or imitations, which are oftimes serious and dangerous, but deceived out of your money also.

Male and female, young and old, can take them at all times, in all diseases, without change of living, restraint from occupation, or fear of exposure to all weather—containing neither mercury, minerals, nor any ingredient whatever that is unfriendly or dangerous to the constitution. *Try them, try them;* if their effects do not confirm the foregoing, their cost will be refunded by Dr. Leidy upon satisfactory evidence of it.

☞For sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO corner Sixth and Wood streets, who are the only Agents for Pittsburgh. my29-d&w

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Charles S. Porter, Manager. | Mr. Fredericks, Stage Manager

Last night of Mr. BOOTH.

This Evening, will be performed the Play of OTHELLO, Or the Moor of Venice!
Iago,.....Mr. BOOTH.
Othello,..... " MORRIS.
Dance,.....by.....Miss BERTHA LEWIS.
Song,.....by.....Mr. WALTERS.
To conclude with the Farce of
THE PURSE.
Theodore,.....Mr. WHARAM.
Sally, (with songs,).....Mrs. HOWARD.

☞Doors to open at ½ before 7, Curtain to rise at ½ past 7. [my29

For Louisville,

The new and splendid passenger steamer COLUMBIA, O'NEAL, Master, will leave for the above and intermidiate ports, this day at 4 o'clock P.M.

For freight or passage apply on board. my29

For St. Louis—New Packet.

The new and splendid passenger steamboat DECLARATION, Capt. Vorhees, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on Saturday, May 30th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board. my27

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

The elegant steamer MILWAUKIE, Clarke, Master, will leave as above on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
my27 J. NEWTON JONES, A'gt.

Lost,

BETWEEN Allegheny City, and the corner of 4th and Grant sts., a pair of gold spectacles. The finder will be justly rewarded by leaving them at this office, or at 223 Wood street.

may29-d2t

Dissolution.

THE Co-Partnership of M'Kibbin & Smith, late of the Exchange Hotel, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 1st April last. Either party is authorized to settle the affairs of the late concern. C. M'Kibbin may be found at the Post Office, and H. M. Smith, at the St. Charles Hotel.

CHAMBERS M'KIBBIN,
my29-d6t HENRY M. SMITH.

HOUSE AND LOT AT AUCTION.—At 8 o'clock, P.M., on Saturday, the 30th instant, at the Commercial Auction Rooms, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, will be sold that valuable lot of ground, No. 12, in the plan of lots laid out by James Brown, in Pitt township, now Sixth Ward of this city, having a front of 28 feet on O'Harra street, and extending along Bedford alley 123½ feet, to Brown street, on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house. Terms, ⅓ cash, and balance payable in one and two years, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the property. JOHN D. DAVIS,
my 29 Auctioneer.

LIGHT READING—
L. E. L., complete;
Smollett's Select Works;
Bremer's Novels;
The Spy;
Last of the Mohicans;
Oliver Twist;
Humphrey Clinker;
Martin Chuzzlewit;
The old Curiosity Shop;
Gil Blas;
Don Quixot; &c., &c., for sale by
H. S. BOSWORTH & CO;
my28 43 Market st.

To Capitalists and Others.

WE will invest one fourth to one half the property of which we are possessed amounting to more than $150,000 in Iron and Cotton Manufacturing, in connection with a company of business houses of this city, capitalists and practical and successful manufacturers. We will make the investment in property at fair prices, or we will sell a sufficient amount to realize cash within the time it will be required. Apply to, or address either of the undersigned as early as possible when more particulars can be given, and that an arrangement perfectly satisfactory can be made.

O. ORMSBY GREGG,
ISAAC GREGG,
MOSES F. EATON.

We also wish to have one or more squares of good Brick Dwellings erected for which property will be given. may 28-3t

To Volunteers and Others going to the Rio Grande.

YOU are going to a country where, and at a season when, you will be liable to very sudden BILIOUS and other attacks upon your unacclimated system. There can be no safety but in the timely use of the great preventative remedy, DR. SMITH'S IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE (SUGAR COATED) PILLS. None should go without at least one dozen boxes.

LEONI, JACKSON CO., MICH.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

For ten years past my health has been poor, and gradually on the decline, from a Bilious Nature, owing to severe pains and accidental attacks of fever. I at once made up my mind to travel in western climes, thinking I must die if a change of climate did not have the desired effect. Soon after my arrival in Michigan (the past season) I was suddenly attacked with a chill fever, which run me so low in two days that I gave up and supposed I must die, being very bilious at the time. Not having any acquaintances to whom I might safely entrust my feelings, and in fact, not having any sensible feelings, I