THE PITTSBURGH DAILY MORNING POST.

JOHN BIGLER, Editor.

PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1846.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM B. FOSTER, Jr.,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

☞The additional items of Foreign Intelligence which we publish to-day will be found quite interesting.

Gen. Taylor.

The reader will find in another column an interesting article from the Orthopolitan briefly recapitulating the services of this gallant and meritorious officer. It will be seen that Gen. Taylor has been in the service of his country for years and has won for himself a high character for military skill. As an officer, we are convinced, he has few equals. In the recent great battle on the Rio Grande, by a bold, prompt and timely charge up on the enemy, the victory was gloriously won, and the enemy routed. The movement was so daring in its character, so unexpected to the Mexican leaders, that its consequences was disastrous to them, before they could prepare themselves for the terrific onset of the American army. The whole body of the army rushed upon them—drove them from their hiding places in the chapparel, and with the bayonet carried on the work of death, until left in quiet possession of the field of battle.

The American people are not ungrateful: they will not soon forget the glorious service rendered by the gallant TAYLOR and his invincible little army on the Rio Grande.

THE LADY BYRON.—We neglected to state yesterday that this beautiful little stern wheel boat, had been hauled up to the wharf to receive passengers and freight for her first trip. The "Lady Byron" was brought out by Capt. Klincelter of the Hibernia, to run in the Pittsburgh and Cincinnati trade, during low water, and it is to be commanded by Mr. David Caldwell. Her dimensions are as follows:

Length of Keel 145 ft., deck 151 ft., breadth of beam 25 ft., of floor 24; and depth of hold 5 ft. in the clear. The hull is a tight bottom, built by W. S. Walker. Two engines—two boilers 23 ft. in length; and 40 inches in diameter; Cylender 11 inch diameter, and 5 ft. stroke. Wheel 16 ft. in diameter, bucket 18ft. Built by Rowe & Davis.

The cabin contains thirty-six state rooms, with wide and substantial berths, and furnished in a neat and comfortable manner; for convenience and comfort to travellers the Lady Byron has but few equals. She leaves for St. Louis to-merrow.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—A very serious accident occurred at the raising of a frame barn, in Brighton tp., Beaver Co., on Thursday last. The frame of one end having been raised, and the hands in the act of raising a second frame, through want of care on the part of those superintending, the first raised frame gave way, and fell with a crash over upon that part the men were in the act of raising, crushing it down in their midst: killing one man on the spot, whose name we do not now recollect; he was a man of about 45 years of age, and has left a large family to lament his untimely death. A young man named *Seabrook* had one of his legs broken, and was otherwise seriously injured; he is not expected to live. There were no others dangerously injured.

VOLUNTEERS.—The Beaver Guards, have, by almost a unanimous vote, tendered their service in the Mexican war, to the President of the United States.

THE MONONGAHELA HOUSE.—We perceive that the workmen engaged on this building are getting along rapidly; two stories and a half of the brick work is already up.

EARLY FRUIT.—The Tallahasse Journal of the 12th tells us that some of the citizens of that place had been regailing themselves upon a delicious water melon.

In Mobile, green corn was selling in the market on the 9th inst.

LARGE HAUL OF FISH.—Mr. C. L. Dunbar of New Buffalo, gives an account of drawing a seine at that place one day last week, and taking *thirty six barrels*, at a single haul, of saleable and marketable fish. Fish are worth in that market, $5 per barrel, making a handsome little sum to be realized from a single draft.

CAPT SAMUEL H. WALKER.

This officer is one of those rare spirits which a state of war will bring out from our citizen soldiers. His late unequalled conflict with the Mexicans, in which he lost nearly every man under his command, and his daring heroism in cutting his way to Gen. Taylor's camp, have excited in the public mind a strong desire to know more of him. He is the same gentleman so frequently and honorably spoken of in Gen. Green's journal of the Mier expedition. He is a native of Washington City, from whence he went into the Florida War, where in several campaigns he distinguished himself by his intrepid bravery. In 1842 he went to Texas, and during the invasion of that Republic by Gen Woll, he was marked for his bold and daring conduct. After the the Mexican General had retreated from San Antonia, and when he lay upon Rio Hondo, Walker and Capt McCulough crawled through his camp one night and spied out his position, and the next day, with the gallant Hays, led the attack upon his rear guard. He then joined the celebrated expedition against Mier, and on the morning of that sanguinary battle, he, with three others—being the advance scout of the Texans—was taken prisoner, and carried with his hands tied behind him to the head quarters of Gen Ampudia. The Mexican General questioned him as to the Texan forces, and when Walker informed him that the Texans had only three hundred men, Ampudia pompously replied: "Does that audacious hand full of men presume to follow me into this strongplace and attack me."

"Yes," says Walker, "make yourself content upon that subject General, they will follow you into hell and attack you there." He was with his comrades, then marched a prisoner to the City of Mexico.

At Salado, with the lamented Capt. Cameron and Dr. Brennen, he led the attack upon the guards, overpowered them, and marched for Texas, when, after eating up all their horses and mules, and living for days upon their own urine, surrendered to the Mexican Generals Mercier and Ortago. He was again marched to Salado, where, with his comrades, he was made to draw in the celebrated black bean lottery, and every tenth man was shot. Those that remained of the Texans were marched to the Castle of Perote and the city of Mexico. Here, while working on the streets in that city, he was struck by a Mexican corporal for not working faster, when with his spade he knocked down the corporal, which caused the guards to beat him nearly to death. His life was a long time despaired of, and upon his recovery he with two companions sealed the walls of his prison after nightfall, and made his way to Texas, over a distance of more than a thousand miles. Before, however, they got out of the country, they were twice more imprisoned, and each time effected their escape.—When he reached Texas again, he joined Capt. Hays, who, with fifteen others, armed with Colt's repeating pistols fought ninety-six Camanches, leaving thirty-six killed upon the ground. Here Walker was run through the body with a Camanche spear, and his life again despaired of. We now hear of him, with 24 Texans, attacking 1500 Mexicans, and all perishing in battle but himself and six others, and then to crown his wonderful life of daring, he cut his way, single handed, into Gen. Taylor's camp from Point Isabel.

To such men Texas is indebted for her emancipation from Mexico. Few as they are, they have won her liberty, and have miraculously maintained it for ten years against the boasted power of Mexico. We trust that the President of the United States, in making his appointments, will not overlook them. Texas has a host of heroes, who not only from a ten years experience, understand the Mexican mode of warfare, but who know every hill and dale, river, pass and mountain gorge in the enemy's country. Such men as Generals Burleson, Green and McCleod. Cols Cook and Hays, Capts Walker, McCullough, Gillespie and others should be promptly called into the service; and we are decidedly of opinion that the gallant and distinguished Com. Moore should have the command of the Gulf fleet. In addition to his high qualifications as a naval commander, Com. M. is better acquainted with this coast than any pilot on the gulf.

[*N. Y. Globe.*

Additional Items of Foreign News,
BY THE

BRITANNIA.

A Marriage in High Life Prevented.—A daughter of the Duke of Buckingham was about being clandestinely married on Saturday at St. George's Church, Hanover Square, London, to the son of Col. Gore Langton. The officiating minister sent word to the lady's father before the ceremony was performed, when the Duke arrived, and a painful scene of altercation took place. On being guaranteed to be held harmless from any legal consequences, the minister refused to perform the ceremony, and the young lady was taken home by the Duke, her father.

The Minister should have been cuffed.

The Fracas in the House of Commons.—The fracas which took place in the House of Commons on Friday night last was likely to have terminated in a "meeting." Col. Peel, on leaving the house, addressed a few words to Mr. Disraeli, so unmistakable that the latter deputed Lord George Bentinck to demand an explanation. Lord George was referred by Col. Peel to Capt. Rous. These gentlemen contrived to heal the sore without bringing the principals together. The acrimonious attacks of Disraeli on Peel savor of personal and disappointed feelings, and as such excites little sympathy out of doors.

The Liverpool Courier of the 29th April contains an abusive article upon the proceedings of congress in relation to Oregon, which country it calls "a strip of indifferent territory between the Rocky Mountains and the Pacific Ocean."

We find no allusions of consequence relative to the Oregon controversy. The European of the 4th says—

"The accounts which came to hand from America, recently had no visible effect upon the price of the English securities. The settlement of the Oregon question on the basis of the 49th parallel continues to be regarded as a thing that must be—as a fair settlement, to which the leading statesmen on both sides of the Atlantic will combine to give their aid. The interminable discussions in the Senate bear a striking affinity to the dreary waste of words in the English House of Commons on the coercion and the corn bills."

There is little fresh intelligence from the United States, and what we have is merely in continuation. A senator has conceived a bright idea, rediscovering some exploded claim to the Oregon territory founded upon the treaty of Utrecht; but there has been no substantial change in the state of the question. This little theoretical activity of research is accompanied by no practical advance on the part of the war section. On the contrary, the mere lapse of time seems to be helping the subsidence of excitement.—*London Spectator, May 2.*

The Liverpool Albion of April 30, says—

"Though the intelligence from America, by the Hibernia was at first considered of somewhat serious import, in consequence of the last message of President Polk, most people seem to agree, upon reflection, that there is nothing in it either formidable or alarming."

The Albion says that the recommendation of an appropriation of $70,000 (!) for the navy is nothing out of the way, and it does not entertain any apprehension that the peaceful relations of the two nations, will be interrupted.

The Liverpool Mail, April 25, thinks arbitration the only way in which the Oregon question could be settled, and adds—

"We contend that, if the United States, by virtue of their own legislative act, avail themselves of a dissolving provision in a treaty which is constructively in favor of a settlement by reference, and which reference they refuse, under circumstances offensive and menacing, they thereby by this dissolution, do, to all intents and purposes, openly DECLARE WAR AGAINST ENGLAND!

The government of this great empire cannot hesitate for a single second in considering the legislative revolution of the treaties, denuded of all the elements of amicable settlement, as a plain, positive and unqualified declaration of war.

A few days will most probably put us in possession of the decision of the Senate of Washington. We have no doubt what it shall be. If attached to it there be any recommendatory conditions of caution, or renewed negociations, they will have no effect whatever upon the government of this country. No matter who is minister, the policy of England is now unalterable, because the nation has pronounced its opinion, and procrastination can only further embroil both nations."

Ireland.—The town-hall of Cashel fell, a few days back, and injured a number of persons. Two have since died of their injuries.

The building of the new colleges in Ireland is to be commenced forthwith.

Three men sentenced to death for conspiracy to murder Mr. Clarke, in the county of Tipperary, have been respited till the 15th of May.

Mr. Brooke, Q. C., has been appointed to the vacant mastership in chancery. The appointment has given general satisfaction.

Her majesty's steamer Dee has arrived at Galway with 110 tons of Indian corn. A cargo of oats has also been received in that city, which is deemed a most remarkable fact, as oats have generally passed from Galway outward bound.

Mr. Breme, the agent of Col. Vandeleur, was recently fired at near Kilrush, by a person in female attire, who walked off in the presence of several persons. Mr. Breme was badly wounded in the arm.

Provision riots have taken place at Fethard, Cabir and Roscarberry. Provision boats coming from Waterford last week were attacked and plundered by numerous parties, and the goods carried away in all directions.

Complaints are rife in all parts of the country with respect to the high price of Indian corn (in Sligo, it is stated to be more expensive as an article of food than third-rate Irish flour,) and the difficulties the poor people experience in getting it ground for use.

Emigration from Ireland to the continent of North America is proceeding on a large scale. A vessel left Limerick a few days ago with 420 emigrants for Canada, 40 of whom had their passage paid by their landlord. Another vessel is about sailing from the same port with 120 emigrants for Quebec.

In Cork the strongest terms of disapprobation are applied to the government for the course it is pursuing in reference to the distress in that city and the exertions making there for its relief. The authorities complain that all their applications for government aid are rejected on some technical point or other. The American packet Camelia, Capt. French, 1090 tons, arrived at Cork a few days since, bringing Indian corn to the amount of 25,000 bushels, with about 10,000 barrels of meal.

The weekly meeting of the repeal association, on the 20th ult., possessed little attraction in the absence of Mr. O'Connell, Mr. Smith O'Brien, and the other "stars" of Conciliation-hall. Mr. Cangley presided. The rent amounted to £194. The speeches referred to the existing famine, to the coercion bill, and to repeal. On the 27th the proceedings were again rather uninteresting. The secretary read a letter from Mr. Smith O'Brien, who stated that the small but faithful band were deserted by all parties, tories, whigs, and radicals. The rent for the week amounted to £83 2s 3d.

The accounts from various parts of the country give painful evidence of the existing distress. Many of the districts are suffering the horrors of famine, and fever is on the increase. The Ballinasloe Advertiser states that the district hospital in that town is very crowded. There are many fever cases. The Galway Mercury gives an account of a relief meeting in that district, where the sum subscribed was totally inadequate to the emergency of the evil. In Mallow, fears of an outbreak have been general. In Clogheen, oatmeal and coarse flour had been distributed to above 1000 starving creatures.

In Waterford the respectable sum of £850 had subscribed in one day, and other sums had since been added. In Tralee money had been raised and provisions distributed to the famishing populace. The accounts from the districts on the south and south-western districts are nearly uniform in their statements of the destitution, and apprehensive for continuance of the peace.

A storm of *black* rain is described by the Worcestershire Guardian, which lasted two hours, and had a smell as of soot and paint mixed, as having fallen in the northern part of Worcestershire.

The accounts from the South Seas state that the crews of several English ships had been massacred by the savages inhabiting the New Hebridean group. Some of these brutalities had been perpetrated as far back as 1841.

The cholera, it is said, has reached Russia from Persia.

Mount Hecla is again in a state of eruption.

A canary has been presented to the Queen, which has the power of articulating several words.

The Prussian government have stopped all legal proceedings against Ronge.

The winter, which was so unusually mild in England, has been succeeded by a cold and disagreeable spring.

The number of German emigrants on their way to the Atlantic ports this season has been estimated at 80,000.

Large quantities of cloverseed from the United States have been imported into Holland and other European countries.

A process has been discovered for imparting the effects of electrotype gilding to metals without the use of gold.

Sir John Ross, the adventurous voyager, who lately became a bankrupt, has been reinstated in his office as consul at Stockholm.

Fears are entertained that the cholera will visit western Europe in the course of the present summer. In Germany the alarm on this subject is considerable.

The Correspondent of Nurembergh of the 20th ult. publishes a letter from Berlin of the 15th April, which states that the new constitution of the States General is very shortly to be promulgated.

A railway journal says that the expense incurred by Mr. Brunel in experiments relative to the screw of the Great Britain, is rumored to have exceeded £13,000.

The liabilities of Latham's bank at Dover, which recently failed, are £100,000; the assets from 50,000 to £65,000. The bank is a very old one.

Government has signified its approval of the plans which have been submitted for laying down an electric communication between the British and French coast.

An edict has been pasted on the walls of Rome, denouncing the modern innovation of gaslight, and ordering that all private gasworks should be suppressed.

The king of Prussia has just ordered the erection of a museum for the reception of all the articles which have been preserved belonging to Luther.

The Royal Shakspearian Club are to endeavor to collect funds for the purchase of the house at Stratford-on-Avon, in which Shakspeare was born.

A clerk, named Norman, recently sent a letter to his employer, informing him that he had been connected with 1800 different robberies, and five attempts at murder. The scene of his infamy extended over the West Indies, the United States and England.

The number of capital sentences pronounced in France last year was 55. Of these, 35 were for murder, 7 for attempts to murder, 3 for parricide, 2 for infanticide, 3 for maliciously burning, and 5 for administering poison. Of these fifty-five convicts, twenty-nine were executed.

An Irishman is now in custody in London, charged with loitering about the residence of Sir Robert Peel. He is said to be influenced by a feeling of personal hostility towards the right honorable baronet, in consequence of the incarceration of his countryman, Mr. Smith O'Brien.

The account of the receipt and expenditures for the English commissariat services in the year ended 31st of March, 1845, shows the receipt to have amounted to £305,656 6s 8d, which comprised £189,038 6s 8d, as applicable for effective services for the year 1844-5, and £46,618 for non-effective services.

On Wednesday, 22d ult., an entertainment was given by the lord mayor of London, at the Mansion House, to her majesty's ministers. On this occasion Sir Robert Peel proposed the health of the king of the French in very complimentary terms, in which the late attempt at assassination was alluded to in terms which elicited much applause.

The Duke of Wellington was 77 years old on the 18th inst.

It is said that a French mechanic has invented a system of signal lights by means of colored glasses, which, according to their position at the mast head, indicate the direction of vessels at sea.

The republican newspaper Le National has recently dragged to light what it represents to be a secret treaty between France, Austria, Russia and Prussia, signed at Verona about twenty-five years ago, and binding each of those powers to use all its efforts to put down representation of the people, sovereignty of the people, public liberties, and in fact, to establish absolutism, and the "right divine of kings to govern "right or wrong."

From the Nashville Orthopolitan.

General Zachary Taylor, the Commander of the Army of Occupation.

Recent events have thrown this gentleman so prominently before the public, that we feel disposed to gratify the strong desire, expressed by many, by giving some of the incidents of his life.

Gen. Taylor entered the Army in 1808, immediately after the attack on the Chesapeake, and has been in the service of his country from that time to the present. Having entered the army as a Lieutant of Infantry, he had risen to the command of a company at the beginning of the *last war.*

For his gallant defence of *Fort Harrison* on the 5th September, 1812, President Madison conferred upon him the brevet rank of Major, and he is now the *oldest breet* in the army.

In 1832 he became Colonel of the 6th Infantry, with this regiment he went to Florida in 1836, where he was always foremost in danger.

On the 25th December, 1836, Col. Taylor, at the head of a detatchment of about 500 men, composed of parts of the 1st, 4th and 6th regiments of U. S. Infantry and some Missouri volunteers, met about 700 Indians, under Alligator, Sam Jones and Concoo-che, on the banks of the Okee-cho-bee. This battle was sought by the Indians, for the day before the engagement, Col. Taylor received a challenge from Alligator, telling him where to find him, and bantering him to *come on.* Col. Taylor desired nothing better, and immediately pushed on, at rapid march to the expected place of the battle-ground, fearful that the wily Indian might change his purpose. The Indians had a strong position in a thick swamp, covered in front by a small stream, whose quicksands rendered it almost impassable, but Col. T. pushed through the quicksands and swamps in the face of a deadly fire from a concealed foe, driving the Indians before him.

The action was long and severe. The Indians yielding the ground inch by inch, and then only at the point of the bayonet. After three hours of bloody contest, the Indians were routed and pursued with great slaughter, until night. This was the last stand the Indians ever made, in a large body, and the only instance in which they voluntarily gave battle. Though Col. Taylor won the day, it was at an expense of 139 killed and wounded—more than one-fourth of his force. Two colonels (Col. Thompson of the 5th Infantry, and Col. Gentry of the Missouri Volunteers,) fell at the head of the troops. Capt. Van Swearingen, and Lieuts. Brooke and Carter, also fell in the engagement.

During the whole of the engagement, Col. Taylor remained on horse-back, passing from point to point, cheering his men to the conflict, and exposed to the Indian rifle every moment. The spirit with which the commander and all his force entered into the conflicts, was exhibited in some verses written on the occasion, by a soldier:

"There's battle in your hammock black,
There's lightning in your cloud,
Hark! Hark! to the music, comrades dear,
For the Indian yell is loud,
For the Indian yell is loud, my boys,
And the rifle's flash is free,
But the field of battle is our home,
And happy, happy, men are we;
And happy men are we," &c.

For this battle, Mr Poinsett, Secretary of War, rendered merited praise to all engaged, in his communication to Congress. The *breet of Brigadier General* was conferred upon Col. Taylor, and he was given the command in Florida; which he resigned in 1840, after four or five years arduous and indefatigable service in the swamps and hammocks of Florida.

After his retirement from Florida, he was assigned to the command of the 1st Department of the Army, including the States of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, &c., with his head quarters at Fort Jesup, Louisiana.

His position gave him the command of the "Army of Occupation," but the usage of the service would have justified the government in assigning to that command either of the six general officers of the regular army whose rank is higher than his. But it may be fairly presumed that the high character, gallant services, and great experience of Gen. Taylor, aside from his geographical position, pointed him out as the appropriate commander of an army which was to plant our flag upon the banks of the Rio del Norte.

Gen. Taylor is about 56 years of age; is a man of much general information; an excellent and tried soldier; a prudent and skilful commander, whose traits of character are: a wise precaution in providing for the hour of trial, and a fearless, reckless courage in battle.

He is a Kentuckian by birth, and all that that word implies. He is an American in heart, and stamped with all the elements of a hero by nature. Under his command the Flag of the Union will receive no dishonor on the banks of the Rio Grande.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Prepared and corrected every Afternoon.

PITTSBURGH BOARD OF TRADE.
COMMITTEE FOR MAY.
J. Carothers, J. May, John Shea.

PORT OF PITTSBURGH.

6 FEET WATER IN THE CHANNEL AND FALLING.

ARRIVED.
Michigan, Boies, Beaver,
Louis M Lane, Bennet, Brownsville;
Consul, Mason, Brownsville.
Lake Erie, Hoops, Beaver.
America, Calhoun, Wheeling.
New England, Page, Cincinnati.
Dominion, Tyler, Louisville.

DEPARTED.
Lake Erie, Hoops, Beaver;
Consul, Mason, Brownsville.
Louis McLane, Bennet, Brownsville.
Michigan, Boies, Beaver.
Hudson, Ebbert, Wheeling.
North Queen, Crozier, Wellsville.
Hibernia, Klincfelter, Cincinnati;

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Louisville—per str Dominion—200 dry hides, 43 hhds bacon, 1 cask do, 1 bbl do, 1 sack feathers, 41 hhds tobacco, 6 bales furs, 176 bales hemp, 10 hhds sugar.

Cincinnati—per str New England—107 bales hemp, 26 hhds tobacco, 5 bbls lard oil, 1 bbl hominy, 10 packages sundries, 4 hhds bacon.

Wheeling—Pr str America, 472 bbls flour, 33 hhds bacon, 46 sacks oats.

Monongahela Improvement—Pr str Louis M Lane 2 boxes, 84 kegs nails, 1 bbl oil, 1 box tobacco, 10 sacks apples, 14 bbls flour, 4 tons iron, 204 boxes glass, 3 gross porter bottles, 24 boxes flasks.

Pr str Consul; 206 bbls flour, 15 sacks apples, 44 kegs nails, 5 ps iron, 1 chest, 1 ton pig metal, 19 express packages, 2 boxes.

☞The splendid steamer, Sam Seay, Capt. Greenlee, departs for St. Louis to-day.

☞The splendid packet steamer New England Capt. Page, leaves for Cincinnati, this day.

☞The obliging clerk of the steamer Dominion, will accept our thanks, for late Cincinnati papers.

☞The splendid steamer Union, Capt. M Lean, leaves for Cincinnati this morning.

☞The new and splendid steamer Milwaukie, Capt. Clark, departs for St. Louis to-day.

The river is falling opposite this city, with about 12 feet water in the channel to Louisville. There is no noticeable change in the market.

[*Cincinnati Union, May* 23.]

SUMMARY OF MARKETS.

New York, May 22.

The week has been one of uncommon excitement. Business men are cautious and prudent, and there is a disposition to contract, rather than to expand. It will take a few weeks for the public mind to become in any way settled.

Ashes—The market, until within a day or two has been active. Pots at $4,75, and Pearls, at $4,00.

Coffee—There is a better demand since the war news, and holders are more firm. Sales of 6000 bags Brazil at 7¾ to 7¾c; 1500 do Laguira, 8a8½c; 1000 do Sumatra, 7¼c; 8 do Java, 10a11c; 100 do St. Domingo, 6a6½c.

Cotton—Owl to good ord, 6¾ @ 7¼; Mid to good mid, 7¼ @ 7¾; Mid fair, to fair, 7¾ @ 8¼; Fully fair to good fair, 8¼ @ 8¾.

Fish—Dry Cod are held at 2,75 which is higher; Scale Fish 1 50¾; No. 2 Mackarel, 3,25; No. 3, 3-12¾; No. 1 Halifax, 10,50.

Flour—Prices have got down so low that the demand is large. *Genesee* is steady at 4,56¼@4,62¼; and Michigan, 4,50@4,56¼ at these prices the sales have been large, both for home consumption and export; Brooklyn, 4,50; Troy, 4,62¼; New Orleans, 4,37½; Brandywine, 4; Howard street, Richmond County, Alexandria and Georgetown, 4,50 @4,62¼; Rye Flour, 3,25; Meal, 3,25@3 31¼. Export of Flour from 1st to 19th May, 45,521 bbls.

Grain—Genesee for export, $1,10; Red Western, 94@98; Rye, 68c; Corn, southern mixed, 60@62½; Oats 45@46.

Boston, May 21.

Flour—There has been a steady demand for the article during the week past, but at lower prices.—The sales comprise about 4000 bbls Genesee good common brands at $4,75@4,81 per bbl—600 bbls do choice $5@5,25, and a few hundred bbls extra $5,50 per bbl—an entire lot of one brand, 500 bbls, was taken at this price—10@1500 bbls Ohio common $4,50—500 bbls Baltimore Howard street, $4,50@4,62½, all taken by the trade. The sales for foreign shipment are 1000 bbls Fredericksburg at $4,50 per bbl.

Baltimore, May 23.

Flour—Sales of Howard street have been made during the week at $4,12a4,18—receipt price from cars $4. City Mills, asking price, $4,50.

Grain—Wheat—Md. red, 93@95c; family flour white wheat 100@105c. Corn, white 56@57; yellow 57@59. Rye 70; Oats, Md. 39@40; Flaxseed $1.20.

Bacon—The following is the range of the market for Western—Shoulders 4½ @ 4¾ cents; Sides 5½ @ 5¾ cents; assorted 5¼ @ 5½ cents; and Hams 6 @ 7½ cents.

Whiskey—21 cts. for hhds, and 22 cts. for bbls.

Cincinnati, May 23.

Flour—Sales yesterday of 300 brls from Canal at $3 delivered; 250 do from store at same; about 60 bbls from wagon at the same; 23 brls at $3,12½, del'd; 150 brls city mills at $3,06; 100 brls from Whitewater at $2,95; 55 do from Railroad at $3,-12½.

Whiskey—Additional sales on Tuesday evening of 400 brls at 15c; yesterday from Miami Canal and Railroad at 15½c; 50 brls at 14½c; 108 do from River at same; 12 brls at 15½c. Late in the day less than 15 was generally offered, holders asking the current rate of the day.

Louisville, May 22.

Flour—The market still continues in a languid state, and labors under increased depression since our last, and prices have further declined. We quote by the dray load at $3,60, and at retail $3,-75a84.

Grain—We quote Wheat at 45a50c. Corn at 30c, quick. Oats, 25c last and ready sale. Barley, no sale. Hops, stock light, we quote at 35c per lb, no sale. Bran from mills 8c, at retail 12½c.—Shorts at mills 15c, at retail 18c per bushel.

Iron—We quote bar at 3½a3¾c for best Louisville and Pittsburgh manufacture. Nails are 4@5 round for best quality. Pig Metal, hot blast, $33; cold blast, $30a$38.

Whiskey is still declining. We quote raw from wagons at 15½a16c; Rectified, at 17a17½c.

SUGAR—8 Hhds very prime N. O. Sugar; For sale by J. D. WILLIAMS, may27. 110 Wood st.

For St. Louis—New Packet.
The new and splendid passenger steamboat DECLARATION, Capt. Vorhees, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on Saturday, May 30th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board. my27

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
The elegant steamer MILWAUKIE, Clarke, Master, will leave as above on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to my27 J. NEWTON JONES, A'gt.

For St. Louis.
The new and splendid light draught steamer SAM SEAY, Capt. Greenlee, will leave for the above and intermediate ports, this day at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to may27 J. W. BUTLER & BRO., Agents.

For St. Louis and Missouri River.
The new and splendid passenger steamer WHIRLWIND, Dozier, Master, will leave for the above and intermediate landings, on Thursday next, 28th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to may26 JAMES MAY. Water street.

M. McDONALD, *Bell and Brass Founder.* First street, near Market, is prepared to make Brass Castings and Brass works generally on the most reasonable terms and shortest notice. He invites machinists and all those using brass works to give him a call, as he is determined to do all work in his line very low. may 27-1y

☞An apprentice wanted to the above business.

Lots at Auction.
THE sale of Lots will be continued on the second bank, a short distance from the Wire Suspension Bridge, on Saturday, 30th inst. at 2 o'clock precisely. This is the most desirable situation residences of those doing business in the city, and has only to be seen to be appreciated. After the sale of these lots, others will be sold below and above Birmingham on a credit of three and four years; purchasers can pay sooner if they wish. Every lot or number of lots offered will be sold without reserve. Deeds executed immediately, giving an unincumbered title. Refer to J. Biddle, Esq., O. O. Gregg, Isaac Gregg, Moses F. Eaton. JOHN D. DAVIS, Auct'r.
Birmingham; May 27-4td

SUNDRIES—30 Bbls Copperas;
27 " Gals;
2 " Eggs;
3 Bales Deer Hair;
10 Kegs Lard;
8 Family Butter;
25 Bu. dried Apples;
On consignment and for sale by J. D. WILLIAMS, may 27 Cor. of 5th and Wood st.

FISH—30 Bbls No 1 Baltimore Herring;
10 " " 1 Trimmed Shad;
10 ½ " 1 " do;
10 ½ " 1 Mackerel;
10 ½ " 2 do;
10 " " 2 and 3 do;
2 " " 1 Salmon;
Received and for sale by J. D. WILLIAMS, may27 110 Wood street.

ONE DOLLAR REWARD—Runaway from the subscriber, living in Peebles Township, an indented apprentice to the "Tobacco business" Frederick Schreider, aged about 15 years; he is a smart active boy with blew eyes and light hair. The above reward will be given to any person detecting and bringing him back. my27 DAVID LYNCH.

BOOKS—Letter Writer;
Religious Courtship;
Letters to Young Ladies;
Floral Biography;
The Young Husband.
" Wife.
" Housekeeper;
Juvenile Books, &c.
H. S. BOSWORTH & Co., may27 43 Market street.

Auction Sales,
BY JOHN D. DAVIS, Auctioneer, at the Commercial Auction Rooms, corner of Wood and Fifth streets. At 10 o'clock on Thursday morning, the 28th instant, will be sold without reserve to close a consignment, an extensive assortment of fresh and seasonable Dry Goods, &c., &c.
At 2 o'clock, P. M.—3 boxes pound lump Va. manufactured tobacco; 7 do. " " do superior quality; a quantity of castings, tea kettles, glassware, queensware, looking glasses, hair mattrasses, venitian window blinds, painted clocks, carpeting, a quantity of new and second hand household furniture; also, one iron safe, 1 one horse waggon and harness.
At 7 o'clock, P. M.—One very superior gold patent lever watch; one do silver do. do.; 7 2nd hand gold and silver watches; a quantity of Jewelry and fancy articles, musical instruments; ready-made clothing, table and pocket cutlery, hardware, staple and fancy dry goods, &c. may27

SHERIFF'S SALE—of staple and fancy Dry Goods at Auction, at M'Kenna's new Auction Rooms. No 114 Wood street, 3d door from 6th, on Friday next, May 29th, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by order of E. Trovillo, Esq., High Sheriff of Allegheny county, for Cash, par funds, the following articles of fancy and staple Dry Goods, viz:

Summer Delaines, Gingham Cotton Stripes; Fancy Handkerchiefs and Shawls; Cassimeres; Cassinetts; Cloths; Sewing Silk; Spool Cotton and Patent Thread; Tweed Cloths and Alabama Cassimeres; Ladies fine Mitts and Gloves, Bobbinetts and Book Muslin; Gum Suspenders; Cotton, Nett and Webb, do; Chinese Fans and Parasols; Merinos, Rattinetts and Bombazines; Fancy Diaper Towelling; Leghorn Hats and Bonnets; Florence Braid, do; Fine Straw, do; Common do do; Misses do do; Artificials; Mous de Laines; Balzarines; Ginghams; Calicoes; Table Cloths, &c.; 8 kegs butt Hinges; 4 half chests Young Hyson Tea; a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture; 4 hhds Sugar House Molasses.
E. TROVILLO Sheriff.
may27 P. M'KENNA, Auctioneer.

Gold Pens.
DIAMOND pointed Gold Pens.—Constantly on hand the best assortment of this most invaluable article. There can be no more economical pen for the business or professional man. I have a large assortment of the very best brands made, and having sold several gross in this city and vicinity which have given very general satisfaction, I can fully recommend them.
For sale wholesale or retail by W. W. WILSON, may 27 corner of 4th and Market st.

Diamond for Glass Cutting.
JUST rec'd a fresh lot of Shaws superior glaziers Diamonds, selected with care. Also, a large lot of diamond sparks, for glass cutters and for sale at the lowest prices. may 27 W. W. WILSON.

Mantel Ornaments.
JUST opened a fine assortment of most beautiful imitation flowers in china vases under glass covers, suitable for parlors, mantels &c.—These flowers surpass in beauty even the finest productions of nature, at least so say men who have examined them. W. W. WILSON.
may 27-d3

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny.
The petition of Johnston Graham, of the 2d Ward city of Pittsburgh, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, that your petitioner has provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house, in the county aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.
JOHNSTON GRAHAM.
We, the subscribers, citizens of the 2d Ward, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.
Robert H. Patterson, James Lemon, George Wilson, George Whitfield, B Perry, R. G. Brooks, Mahlon Rogers, T. Mellon, H. Knox, J. R. Hartley, W. Wilson, J. P. Stuart.
may27-d3t Journal copy and charge this office.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
Charles S. Porter, Manager. | *Mr. Fredericks,* Stage Manager.
Prices of Admission:
First Tier, ... 50 cents.
Second Tier, ... 37½ "
Third Tier, ... 20 "
Pit, ... 25 "
Third night of Mr. BOOTH.
This Evening, will be performed the Play of THE APOSTATE.
Dance, ... by ..... Miss BERTHA LEWIS.
Song, ... by ..... Mr. WALTERS.
To conclude with the Farce of A LOAN OF A LOVER,
☞Doors to open at a ½ before 7, Curtain to rise at ½ past 7. [my27

BROOMS—200 doz superior Corn Brooms, on consignment and for sale by J. D. WILLIAMS, may27 110 Wood st.

LEGHORN HATS—4 days later from New York. Received by Express on Saturday evening 10 dozen Leghorn Hats, double and single brim, which are offered at the lowest prices, at No. 46, my25 BARROWS & TURNER.

BONNETS—Received at No. 46—2 cases superior and low priced Florence Braid Bonnets, with other styles, at reduced prices. my25 BARROWS & TURNER.

SHELLED CORN.—962 sacks, 133 barrels, in Store. For sale, to close consignment, by M. B. RHEY & Co., my 26 57 Water st.

CHAMPAGNE—25 baskets Champagne Wine various vintages and brands, will be received in a few days, by STERRETT & CO, my26 18 Market st.

CLARET—50 cases Claret Wines will be on hand shortly, among which is some of the very fine FAMILY USE. STERRETT & CO, my26 18 Market st.

B. E. CONSTABLE, 83 Market street. Has opened a large assortment of Ladies' English Rutland Bonnets.
Pedale do do
Florence Braid do do
Received this day. my26

FRENCH and English Printed Lawns of the newest and best styles.
Handsome Ombre Shaded Bereges,
Received and open this day.
B. E. CONSTABLE, my26 83 Market street.

TANNERS OIL—6 bbls, for sale by my26 JAMES MAY.

Sheriff's Sale, by Adjournment.
BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, issued out of the District Court of Allegheny Co., and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday, the 15th day of June, A. D., 1846, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following property, to wit:
All the right, title, interest and claim of Samuel Smith, William Mitchell and Andrew N. M'Dowell, of, in and to all that lot or piece of ground, being part of lots numbered 33 and 34, in the city of Pittsburgh, containing in front on Penn street one hundred and twenty feet, and extending back towards the Allegheny river one hundred and ninety feet, bounded on the north by property of the city of Pittsburgh, on the east by Cecil's alley, on the south by Penn street, and on the west by lot No. 32, being part of the same lots which Richd Bowen, by deed bearing date the 11th day of November, A. D., 1830, conveyed unto Samuel Smith, Wm. Mitchell and Andrew N. M'Dowell, on which is erected a large Rolling Mill, Nail Factory, blacksmith shops, and a two story brick warehouse, together with all the fixtures, engine, machinery, tools, &c., belonging to said rolling mill, nail factory and shops. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Samuel Smith, William Mitchell and Andrew N. M'Dowell, at the suit of Richard Bowen, for use of John Marange. E. TROVILLO, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, May 25, 1846—my 26-ds

Executor's Sale of Bank Stock.
AT 7½ o'clock, on Saturday evening the 30th inst, at the Commercial Auction Rooms, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, will be sold for cash par funds, 101 Shares of the capital stock of the Bank of Pittsburgh in lots of 5 shares each by order of the Executor of the late Mrs, Catharine Wilkins. JOHN D. DAVIS, may26 Auctioneer.

OLD WORM MEDICINES ARE NOT NEEDED WHEN SELLERS' VERMIFUGE CAN BE HAD. Read the following