The Daily Morning Post.

JOHN BIGLER, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1845.

☞ W B PALMER, Agent for country newspapers, is the Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily Morning Post, Weekly Mercury and Manufacturer, to receive advertisements and subscriptions. He has offices in

NEW YORK, at the Coal Office, 33 Ann street, (adjoining the Tribune Office.)

BOSTON, No. 12, State street.

PHILADELPHIA, Real Estate and Coal Office, 59 Fine street.

BALTIMORE, S E corner Baltimore and Calvert sts, where our paper can be seen, and terms of advertising learned.

THE ROBERT MORRIS.

This new and beautiful passenger steamer, was built at this city and designed as a regular Packet for the St Louis trade. She is 182 feet long on deck; 26 feet beam; 24 feet hold; 6 feet 2 inches hold. Her model is beautiful, as far as we can judge of her, looks as she sits gracefully on the water. She is built for speed, being rather rakish and sharp of bow; and we think it will trouble some of our "scrack" boats to keep up with her. She is just of sufficient size to fill the locks at Louisville. She has two engines; four boilers each 24 feet in length, and 33 inches in diameter; cylinders, 16 inches in diameter, and 8 feet stroke; wheels, 25 feet diameter, with 10½ feet buckets.—She will carry 400 tons of Freight. Her cabins are very spacious, and well arranged for comfort; her staterooms are well lighted and ventilated, and furnished with spring mattresses and bedling of superior quality, and all done up in NOBLE'S best style. The work in the cabin by *Moser & Mellinger* we like much. She is to be commanded by Capt H CAMPBELL, a perfect gentleman, and well adapted to his situation. With the aid of his attentive assistants, he cannot help but prosper. We wish him success.

FINANCES OF PENNSYLVANIA.—The Hon J. R. Snowden, Treasurer of State, has issued a circular to the Co. Treasurers and Commissioners of the Commonwealth, urging the immediate payment of tax arrearages.—From this circular we learn that the balance in the treasury at the close of the fiscal year ending with the 30 h of November, was $384,836.03. Of this $28,268.30 are unavailable, leaving a balance in available funds of $356,617 73. The Treasury interest estimated at near $300,000. To meet this there are, in outstanding taxes for the year 1845, $616,000.—Outstanding debts for previous years, $257,000—making the outstanding tax due the Treasury $873,000. The Treasurer congratulates the people on the favorable condition of the finances of the State, and urges the adoption of measures to procure a collection and payment of outstanding taxes before the second Tuesday in January.

NATIVE AMERICAN NOMINATIONS.—The Native American party of this city, have nominated Mr B T C MORGAN, as their candidate for Mayor; J BARKER and B TEVIS, for Overseers of the Poor, and HERRON FOSTER J B SHERIFF, and A A ANDERSON, for Auditors.

SMALL PAX.—This epidemic appears to be very fatal in Philadelphia. There were 20 deaths from it last week in that city.

PREPARATIONS FOR WAR IN ENGLAND.—It is known to our readers says the Baltimore Clipper, that England has been for some time past, engaged in erecting coast defences, building steam vessels of war, and making other preparations, significant of an apprehension that she will have to encounter war from some quarter. It was estimated in one of the English papers that these preparations are so from the expectation, that on the death of the King of France, the policy of that nation might be changed, and the invasion of England be attempted. This intimation seemed justified by the publication of the Prince de Joinville, who had been engaged in surveying the British coast—but the London Morning Chronicle of November 6, gives a different interpretation to the acts of the British government—and if it be correct, there can be little doubt that the precautionary measures of England have been adopted with a view to her difficulties with this country about Oregon; nor shall we be in the least surprised to find her fortifying herself in that Territory. The following is the article from the Chronicle to which we have alluded; from which it is evident, that the British government was immediately apprised of the peremptory rejection by her minister at Washington of the propositions of compromise made by our government.

"We are led to believe, from information on which we are entitled to rely, that, notwithstanding the importance of the "final question," which has occupied the deliberations and divided the opinions of the Cabinet in their recent meetings, the state of our negotiations at Washington, in regard to the Oregon Territory, has been a question scarcely less perplexing and embarrassing. Certain it is, from all we can glean of public opinion in the States, and from all we can learn from private sources of the views of the Cabinet at Washington, and of their power to control public opinion, even were they disposed so to do, in order to effect a friendly settlement of this question—and it is with reluctance and sincere regret that we make the avowal—there appears at present scarcely a chance of such views being entertained in the pending negotiation at Washington as *will* or *can* meet the acceptance of an English Cabinet.

Nor are our fears on this score lessened when we refer to the apparent precautionary preparations which the recent activity in the various government dockyards would indicate against apprehended danger; or when we refer to the fact that our cruisers stationed on the west coasts of South America have sailed *to the north with sealed orders*. The approaches of the meeting of Congress, when as a matter of course the President in his Message will be under the necessity of declaring the views of his government in regard to this now exciting question, renders it a matter of necessity that Ministers should be decided as to their policy. How far Mr. Polk may, in his Message to congress, change the tone of his inauguration speech, we will not venture to say, but it is certain that the events which have since then occurred in America have been such as rather to increase than subdue the popular appetite for territory".

THE HOSPITAL.

On Friday evening, 5 h inst., the surviving members of the old Board of Managers of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital Society, assembled at the office of Black & Liggett, for the purpose of *revising* the said Society agreeably to a resolution of the late county meeting.

The members who attended were N Holmes, M Allen, Wm Bell, C Shaler, F Lorenz, W H Lowrie, Thomas Bakewell, M Robertson and J H M'Clelland.

Both the President, B Bakewell, and the Vice President, M Tiernan, having deceased since the Board met,—Mr Thos BAKEWELL was chosen President and Mr *M Allen* Vice President.

Vacancies in the Board were filled by the selection of Mr J Mecaskey and N B Craig, Esq.

A committee was appointed to devise a plan of operation for the Society,—and the Board adjourned to meet again at the same place on the next Friday evening, at 7 o'clock.

The following named gentlemen comprising the present Board of Managers of the *Western Pennsylvania Hospital Society*, will therefore please to attend at the office of Black & Liggett, Burke's building, 4th street, this evening at 7 o'clock.

N Holmes,	Thos Bakewell,
M Allen,	Wm Morrison,
Wm Bell,	R Biddle,
C Shaler,	J D Davis,
F Lorenz,	J Mecaskey,
W H Lowrie,	P Mulvany,
John Irwin, (Alleghy)	N B Craig,
Wm J Howard, Mayor,	Geo W Jackson,
	M Robertson,
	J H M'CLELLAND, Sec'y.

Friday, Dec 12.

From our Washington Correspondent.

MONDAY EVENING, Dec 8, 1845.

This has been a day of some interest and considerable excitement, though not much action, by Congress. The Senate met, pursuant to adjournment, when the credentials of the following senators were presented, viz: Mr Pennybacker, of Virginia, (in place of Mr. Rives.) Mr Berrian, of Georgia (elected to fill a vacancy occasioned by his own resignation) and Mr Dickinson of New York. These gentlemen then took the required oaths, and their seats. Documents were received from the State and Treasury Departments and ordered to be printed. A memorial and petition from citizens of the United States, in Oregon, was presented by Mr Benton, who took advantage of the occasion, to bestow a high and merited encomium on the enterprise and character of those hardy and worthy pioneers, and to call the attention of senators to the imperative duty of shielding them from insult and injury. The memorial was read and ordered to be printed.

Navy orations were over this morning in the gallery, while the Senate was in session; under the expectation that the election of officers would take place. But the expectants were doomed to live another day on "hope deferred," palatable or not, as the case might be. In common parlance, the elections did not "come off."

Mr Sevier, of Ark., moved to suspend the rule requiring the Senate to go into the election of officers and committees to-day; but an objection was made to this; he moved that the Senate adjourn, which was carried.

The proceedings of the House of Representatives (after preliminaries) opened with the announcement of the standing committees. The most important of which are annexed:

On Ways and Means—McKay of N C, Dromgoole, Va., J. R. Ingersoll, of Pa., Hungerford, N Y, Houston, of Ala., Winthrop, Mass, Norris, N. H., Vinton, Ohio, and Jones, Georgia.

On Commerce—M'Clelland of Michigan Tibbats, of Ky., Wentworth, Illinois, Simpson, S. C., Grinnell, Mass., Giles, Md., Thibodeaux, of La.

On Manufactures—J Q Adams, Woodward, S C, Stuart, Pa., Hudson, Mass., Yancy, Ala., W. G Brown, Va., Wilmot, Pa., Johnson, N. H., Marlin, Ky.

On Military Affairs—Haralson, Yell, Bore, Brinkerhoff, Ramsey, Nevin, Bedinger, Baker, Thompson, Miller, Ala., Winthrop, Mass, Norris, N. H., Vinton, Ohio, and Jones, Georgia.

On Foreign Affairs—C J Ingersoll, Rhett, Payne Davis Ky., Cobb, Geo., Smith of Ct., Cullum Tenn., Smith of Ia., and Perry, of Md.

On Naval Affairs—Holmes, S. C. Boyle, of Va., Macclay, of N. Y., King, of Ga., Schenck, Ohio, Darrah, Pa., Stanton, Tenn., McCrate, Me., Wood, N. Y

On Roads and Canals—Messrs. R. Smith, Ill., Foster, Pa., Boyd, Ky., Gentry, Tenn., Pendleton, Va., E. B. Holmes, N. Y., Strohm, Pa., Williams, Me., Miller, N. Y.

On Public Lands—Messrs. McClernand, Ill.; Smith, Ind.; Morris, Ohio, Reiffe, Mo; Blanchard, Pa.; Ashman, Mass.

On Claims—Messrs. Vance, Ohio; Daniel, N. C.; Hoge, Ill., Stephens, Ga.; Gordon, N. Y.; Pollock, Pa.;Ligon, Md.; Leake, Va.; Rockwell, Conn.

On Post Offices and Post Roads—Messrs. Hopkins, Va.; Kennedy, Ind.; Reid, N. C.; Grinnell, R. I.; McIlvaine, Pa.; Thomasson, Ky. Martin, Tenn.; Hough, N. Y.; Hilliard, Ala.

On Revolutionary Pensions—Messrs. Brockenbrough, Pa.; Atkinson, Va.; Purnell, O.; Swanson N. Y.; Owen, Ind., Bardinger, N. C.; Jenkins, N. Y.; Hampton, N. J.; Loomis, Georgia.

On the Judiciary—Messrs. Rathbun, N. Y.; Perrit, Ind.; Hampton, Ga.; Brown, Tenn.; Bullington, Pa.; Constable, Md.; Thurman, O.; Dixon, Conn.; Biggs, N. C.

On Indian Affairs—Messrs. J Thompson, Miss.; Benton, N. Y.; R Chapman, Ala.; Tell Ariss, Ky.; Barringer N. C.; Sawyer, O.; Hampton, N. C.; Calhoun, Ia.

On Agriculture—Messrs. Anderson, N. Y.; J Black, Pa.; Wright, N. J.; Perrill, O.; Gower, N. Y.; Dockery, N. C.; L. H. Sumner, Me.; Erdman, Pa.; Rose, Ohio.

Expenditures in Post Office Department—Messrs Harmanson, Ind.; Abbot, Mass.; W. G. Brown, Va.; Thomasson, Ky; Morris, Ohio.

Expenditures State Department—Messrs Strong, N. Y.; J. H. Cambell, Pa.; Crozier, Tenn; Edsell, N. J.; J. H. Johnson, N. H.

Expenditures in Treasury Department—Messrs Scammon, Me.; White, N. Y.; G. W. Hubbard, Ga.; McCrate, Me.; Root O.

Expenditures in War Department—Messrs Leib, Pa; Woodruff, N. Y.; Crozier, Tenn; Price, Mo.; J Rockwell, Mass.

Expenditures in Navy Department—Messrs. Cobb, N. Y.; Fries, O.; Blanchard, Pa.; Long, Md.; Moulton, N. H.

Expenditures on Public Buildings—Messrs. Garvin Pa.; Jenkins, N. Y.; Leake, Va.; McHenry, N. Y.; J. A Rockwell, Conn.

The unfinished business of Thursday, relative to the printing of the President's Message, came up for consideration. Mr Bradbead offered the following in addition to the resolution under consideration:

Resolved, That (the Senate concurring) a joint Committee of three members of each House, be appointed to direct and superintend the expenditure of all moneys appropriated for the purchase of books, for the library of Congress, and all other matters pertaining to said library, not otherwise provided for by law. The motion was finally adopted.

The case of the contested election in Florida was taken up on motion of Mr Hunter, who moved that it be referred to the appropriate Committee, with instructions. The proposition was discussed at full length, by Messrs. Hunter, Davis, Jones, J R Ingersoll, Hamlin, Cabell, Graham, Bayly, &c. The House refused to send the case to the Committee with instructions.

Communications were received from various departments; including one from the Treasury Department relative to commerce and navigation, of which 10,000 extra copies were ordered to be printed.

Why the Senate did not choose to go into the election of its officers to day, I am at a loss to divine; unless it was from an impression that senators had not probably fully satisfied themselves with regard to some of the candidates—particularly, Mr Dickens, the old secretary. This question excites considerable interest, partly on account of the immense patronage connected with it, and the understanding that a change of secretary, will be followed by a change of the subordinates, and if Mr Dickens is retained, so will be the whole retinue of whig clerks under him. The importance of these considerations is enhanced by the supposed influence the matter might have on the administration with regard to removals from office in the Departments. If the senators and representatives, "fresh from the ranks of the people," have not the disposition or the nerve to employ their friends instead of their enemies, little excuse can be had for asking the President and his cabinet to do so.

Another caucus of the democratic senators was held since the adjournment to day, and I understand Mr Sturgiss was again nominated. To-morrow I will probably be able to give you the result of this now exciting question.

DUQUESNE.

Items---Foreign.

The crop of coffee in Ceylon is said to be very defective.

The electic telegraph between Paris and Rouen is now complete.

The London papers have been speculating on the probability of warlike movement in India.

The Duke of Wellington has sent out orders to abolish temperance and all other societies in her Majesty's regiments.

The sum of £800 has been collected for Dr. Wolf, the missionary, and presented to him.

It is proposed to make a tunnel under the Clyde. The project has been favorably received.

The remains of a Roman villa have been recently discovered near Oxford.

Sir Richard Vivyan has denied that he is the author of the Last Vestiges of Creation.

A new daily paper will, it is said, shortly be started, with Charles Dickens as editor.

ANNUAL REPORT OF

The Secretary of the Navy.

This document is written in Mr Bancroft's usual vigorous and handsome style, and we regret that our limits will not permit us to give it at length. Several important reforms are recommended, and many valuable suggestions made. The Union gives a hasty summary of its contents. After noticing the Secretary's energy and industry, it adds:

He tells the country where our squadrons have been employed during the past year; what our vessels have been doing in the Mediterranean, on the African coast; on the Brazil station, on the Asiatic station, (embracing Commodore Parker's cruise to the Chinese coast, as well as Commodore Biddle's destination to the same station; and what vessels have constituted the Pacific and the Home squadrons. He devotes a short but striking passage to the employment of the home squadron under Commodore Connner—which (he says) "was much larger than has usually sailed under one American pennant. It gave efficient protection to our interests in the Gulf of Mexico, and contributed to spread a sense of security over our country, *to its extreme limit of the Del Norte.*"

It refers to our navy yards, to the naval asylum in Philadelphia, and to the navy hospital fund. It presents an interesting sketch of the new naval school at Fort Severn, at Annapolis—which, for less than the sum of $23,200, already appropriated by Congress for employing professors to teach the young officers of the navy, is calculated to teach a greater number of midshipmen and to imbue them better with some of the most important elements of their gallant profession.

It refers to the Observatory at Washington, to whose superintendants (officers of the navy) it pays the compliments to which they are so justly entitled for their attainments and services. It calls for a liberal provision to extend and improve the navy yard at Pensacola; and whilst it doubts the adoption of a navy yard at Memphis to the repairs of ships of war, it explains the decided advantages it possesses for building steam ships and establishing a manufacture of cordage, in the immediate vicinity of the hemp growing region.

It reserves the subject of lake defences for a special communication to Congress. It recommends the preservation of our live oak plantations to be transferred to the appropriate care of the land office—in the same manner as the President recommends the superintendence of the mineral regions to be given to the same admirably conducted bureau, under Judge Shields.

It states that a balance of appropriations on hand will be sufficient, without other aid than that of economy, for the remainder of the fiscal year. The estimates contemplate no increase in the force to be employed next year. The marine corps is noticed in a brief but ingenious manner; and it declares that no increase of the officers is needed for inferior purposes even, or an increase of the men. It makes no estimates for the increase of the navy—upon which subject the Secretary awaits the instructions of Congress. He calls the attention of Congress to the propriety of adding to the number of our accepting steamers.

I earnestly hope that our gallant navy, during the next year, as heretofore, may perform its whole duty, displaying the flag of our republic in every ocean, protecting our commerce, extending the bounds of human knowledge, overawing semi-barbarous nations, restraining the piratical traffic in African slaves, and by its presence promoting the preservation of the peace of mankind.

It contains all the elements of efficiency. It has able and skilful officers, who compare with advantage for every point of danger or adventure. Its men exceed in seamanship, courage and fidelity to their country.—Confined to purposes of martial dominion it inspires respect for the American flag in every port of the world. Yet a regard for its best interests, a desire to estimate the worth of its meritorious officers, and a sense of justice to the country, induced me to call the attention of Congress to its organization and professional depletions, more of horse, by conferring the highest rank in the profession without much regard to capacity or previous fidelity in the public service.

Favorable mention is made of the apprentice system, as capable of producing valuable results, notwithstanding the difficulties which have thus far attended its trial.

The Secretary calls for some amendments of the present law to protect the treasury, and respecting the corps of pursers.

In reference to the officers, Mr Bancroft is at once liberal and just. Recognizing the great merit which should adorn the service he seeks to encourage it by giving it suitable reward, and promises, therefore, to substitute in the navy, for promotion by seniority, promotion by selection. We can add nothing to the force of argument by which he states, in his own language, the importance of this change.

The number of officers in the higher grades of the service is represented as greater than the country can usefully employ; and the report recommends that a portion of these—such as from infirmity or from some other cause are not adapted to active duty—should be placed on a retired list, and receive halfpay. These are important propositions; but they recommend improvements which other countries, to a great extent, have adopted, and which our own will not fear to adopt if, upon examination, it shall be deemed wise.

It expatiates with great beauty and force, on the condition of the common seaman. One of the most gratifying features of the report is the tribute which it pays as just as it is eloquent, to the sailors of the navy; and the information which it manifests to prove the American seaman in all his rights, most commend itself to the warm approval of the country. We cannot deny ourselves the pleasure of quoting the following passage on the subject:

It is the glory of our navy that our sailors are held by affection and choice. They enlist voluntarily; they are freely discharged on their return home from a cruise; and, with few exceptions they readily enlist again. They love the service, and on whatever sea they are found, they are Americans at heart.

Efforts have been made to break up a violation of a law which has too long existed on shipboard. The mercy of the statute intrusts the power of the lash exclusively to the commanding officer. No other officer worthy of a command will fail of punishment, except after due examination into the offences charged.—The former custom of delegating this power to subordinate officers is a flagrant violation of the will of Congress and the people. The men have rights and must be protected in them. Experience shows that discipline is never so good as when the commanding officer sets the example of subordination, by obedience to the laws of his country.

Freedom to enter the service; protection to their rights during their service; freedom to leave it after a cruise; skilful medical attention, with comfortable quarters at naval hospitals, in case of sickness; a pension in case of disability; a home at the naval asylum in old age—these provisions show that the sailor has not been neglected by his countrymen.

I cannot close this communication without repeating, that the evils in our navy to which I have called attention spring from the defects in the system that has been followed, rather than from the want of proper personal qualities in the officers. A period of peace, which it is to be hoped may continue, left employment at sea without the strong attraction that comes from the eminence of danger and the prospect of winning renown; and the department, while it possesses authority to summon into activity the services of all, without exception, has yet had no opportunities of rewarding those who distinguish themselves by alacrity and capacity. An exploring expedition was, indeed sent forth and kept at sea for a long series of years; and many cases of ordinary employment have imposed great hardships and privations; but not a lieutenant or a midshipman has in any one instance recieved so much as the slightest advancement beyond those who remained during the same period on shore, or at easier stations.

Ours is the only service where activity and inactivity have fared alike, and it is the highest evidence of the capacity and integrity of our officers, and the vast amount of talent which a proper system would call forth, that, in spite of this usage of indifference, which prevails in no other country, and ought no longer to prevail in our own, the sentiments of honor and the pride of professional duty have still educated gallant officers enough to secure to our navy the confidence of the country and the respect of the world.

Grand Soiree!

MADAME BLAIQUE, respectfully announces to her patrons, that the second of her series of Soirees, will be given at the La Fayette Assembly Rooms, to which she most respectfully invites them dec12.

Burnt District Hotel.

ISAAC MURDOCK, formerly of the Union hotel on Water street, having been burnt out, has built a new and handsome House expressly for the accommodation of Travelers, at the corner of Second and Smithfield streets, which will be known as the Burnt District Hotel.

He is now prepared to offer every accommodation, and every comfort to the traveler at very moderate charges. He is provided with ample and convenient Stabling. dec12-1y.

Office of the Pittsburgh Morning Post.

REVIEW OF THE MARKET FOR THE WEEK ENDING *Friday, Dec. 12th, 1845.*

REMARKS.—The cold and disagreeable weather for the week past, has put a damper on all kinds of out door business. The Flour market is quiet and has continued so during the week, prices ranging from $4.62½ to $5. Retailers are selling choice family brands at $5@5.25. There has been no large operations in market, as there is no such thing as shipping. There seems to be a great diversity of opinion in regard to the present prices being maintained. We have never doubted but there would be a good export demand for all our surplus of breadstuffs, and we are no good reason why prices should not be maintained. There has been some little excitement in Groceries, owing to the closing of our Rivers. Sugars and Molasses have advanced a little; some Pork, Lard and Flour are accumulating in the market, and whenever the navigation will enable our largest class of steamers to run we may look for an active and busy wharf.

The river has swollen three feet and a half since yesterday morning; there is now six and a half feet water in the channel and rising. The steamers Robert Morris and Milwaukie leave to-morrow morning for Cincinnati. Our wharf will soon resume its former busy appearance.

Cincinnati, Dec. 6.—This morning opposite this city, says the Times, the ice was running so thick that the Louisville pickets could not venture out, so that navigation between the above named places is suspended for the present. Four feet, scant, at Louisville and falling; all the way from Pittsburgh to the mouth.

The Mississippi is in a worse condition than it has been for a number of years, and navigation above the lower rapids is also stopped, in consequence of the floating ice. Below S. Louis, the river is so low and filled with snags, stumps and rocks, as to make it extremely difficult for boats to run.

Flour—From store, $4 87½@$5 25.
" Wagon $4 75@$4 37½

Pork—In the market 4 bbs.

Hams—Sugar cured, 8@9c.

Lard—Keg, from store 7½@8c.

Butter—Roll, 12½@13c, Keg, 10½@11c.

Cheese—Western Reserve, 7½@8c.

Candles—Dipps 17@18; Mould 9@10; Star Pittsburgh 22c; Sperm 33c; Tallow, Rendered 6½c; Rough 4½ ℔ lb.

Hides—Green 3½@4c; Calf 5½@6c.

Beeswax—Good Yellow, 29@30c.

Feathers—28@31c.

Sugars—N O 7½@7¾c; Loaf, 11@13c.

Salt—$100@100 ℔ bbl.

Apples—Green $1.75@$2.25 ℔ bbl.

Whiskey—Rectified 24; Raw 23c.

Oats—℔ bush, 36@41c.

Barley—75@80c ℔ bush.

Beans—$1.12½@1.25 ℔ bush.

Apples—Dried $1.25@1.31 ℔ bush.

Potatoes—31@41c ℔ bush.

Cloverseed—From stores, $5@5.50.

Flaxseed—75@81 ℔ bush.

Timothy—$2.87½@3 00 ℔ bush.

Beef on foot—$3.50@$4 ℔ cwt.

Hogs, do $4@$4.25 do.

Lime—Common Rec. 3@3 1-2; Juniata, 3½c dec.

Nails—$3.75@$3.87 1-2 For Juniata, $4.25@4.50 ℔ keg.

Lead, Pig—$4.50.

Pittsburgh Steel—5½ per lb.

Sheet Iron—Russia, 15; Malcable Iron, 12½@13 per lb.

Tin Plate—$10.25 for ℔ X.

Block Tin—22c ℔ lb.

Russia Iron—134 ℔ bundle.

Sheet Brass—32c ℔ lb.

Stamped Brass Kettles—45c ℔ lb.

Hay—$17@$19 per ton.

Potash—$2.87½@3 per cwt.

Peaches—$3@$3.25.

White Lead—$1.65 for pure.

Coffee—Rio, 7 1-2@8c.

Molasses—N. O. 37@38c; Sugar House, 44@45c.

Oils—Linseed, 70c; Lard, 75c; Sperm, bleached $1 30, unbleached $1.15; Fall, $1.12 1-2.

SUMMARY OF MARKETS.

Cincinnati Markets—There is nothing lively, now, in the way of trade, excepting Pork business. Hogs sold yesterday at 4@4.25. Flour dull at $4.93@5.—Whiskey sold at 23@23 1-2.

ST. LOUIS, Dec 6.—The weather here has been quite wintrish for the past few days. There is considerable ice floating in the river opposite this place.

Nearly all produce has advanced since our last report.

The upper rivers continue low and but few arrivals. The river opposite this is about at a stand, with 5 feet scant in the channel to Cairo.

Wheat—Good quality of this comes forward, and is in good demand—price 87 a 91c; medium 80@85; spring at 65@70.

Flour—City mills $5@5 1-2 cents; country do 5a$5 1-2.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 29.

Flour—There has not been much doing in this article to-day.—We heard of an offer of $5.50 for a large lot of Ohio, which was refused; in fact, there is a large quantity held on speculation, purchased at lower prices, so that the owners can calmly wait the steamer's advices without much risk, which circumstance renders them very independent, and no lot of magnitude could have been purchased to day under $6.

Freights—The arrivals have been very numerous, but as long as Cotton purchases continue as large as during the last two days, there is no likelihood of a decline in freights. One ship has been taken for Glasgow at 2 16d.

Exchanges—With the certainty of a further ample supply of Bills there can be no change for the better. We continue our quotations of Sterling, 6@4 to 7 3-4 per cent; prem; Paris, 5@35 to 5@37½; New York, 2-1 4 to 2 1-2 per cent, discount.

NEW YORK Dec. 8th.

Ashes.—The transactions have been confined to a few small sales at yesterday's prices, say $3.81¼ for Pots, and $4,31¼ for Pearls.

Cotton.—There is not much doing. Sales yesterday of 600 bales, without change in the prices.

Flour.—Dealers are awaiting the arrival of the steamer, now considered as due, and consequently there is very little doing in any description. Prices remain as last noticed.

PHILADELPHIA Dec. 9th.

Very little business has been transacted during the past week. The extremely cold weather, together with two or three wet and disagreeable days, confined nearly all business to in-door sales. The sales in Cotton and Bread-stuffs have been light, dealers holding back, awaiting the arrival of the steamer Cambria from Europe, now due. It has been the dullest week we have had for a long time.

Flour and Meal.—Flour has been in moderate request, but the transactions have been restricted in consequence of the wet weather, and the expected arrival of later news from Europe. To-day sales have been made at $5.50@$5.62½, which is the same as yesterday's prices; a sale in half bbls. at $5.75 per pair. Rye Flour sold to-day at $5@$5,12½, and Corn Meal, $3.37½@4 12½

Valuable Property for Sale.

A CERTAIN lot of ground situate on Penn, below Walnut street, Fifth Ward, containing 17 feet front on Penn, and extending back 100 feet to Mulberry alley, on which is erected a valuable three story brick house, and in rear a two story frame.

Also, one other lot on Liberty street, opposite the Wesley Chapel, in said ward, containing 25 feet front, and extending back 100 feet, on which is erected a well finished two story frame. Titles indisputable. For further particulars, as to property and terms of sale, apply to

JOHN A PARKINSON, Ald.,
dec12 tf (Chronicle copy.) Fifth Ward.

THE Horrors of Delerium Tremens, by J Root, at BOSWORTH & FORRESTER'S,
dec10. 43 Market street.

LATER FROM OREGON!

AND

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES.

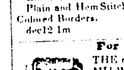
CHEAPER STILL.

No. 35 Market st, between Third and Fourth.

THE Subscriber has just received a very large and splendid assortment of DRY GOODS; one of the largest and most beautiful assortment ever offered to the Pittsburgh People, which he has opened, and is now ready for inspection. THE LADIES are respectfully invited to give a call, as no pains has been spared in the selection of that portion of the stock generally desired and sought by the Ladies. His stock consists in part of the following desirable goods:

New style Ombre Stripe Cashmere and Mousseline de Laine;
French and English Merinos;
Alpaca and Indian Cloths;
Black and Mole Colored de Laines;
Fancy Prints;
English, French and Scotch Ginghams;
Shawls, Embroidered and Plain Thibet, fine and low priced. Woolen Goods;
Kentucky Jean, assorted colors and qualities;
Plaid Linseys, Highland Plaid Cassimeres;
Fancy figured and Striped do;
Heavy Plaid Shawls;
Worsted Shawls;
Plaid Cloakings, Furnishing goods;
Barnsley Linen Sheetings;
Super Irish Linen;
Pillow Case Linens, Hamilton Cottonades;
Russia and Scotch Sheetings;
Huckaback and Diaper and Bordered Towels;
Birdeye Diaper; Wide Russia Diaper;
Colored Stair Crash and Linens;
Marseilles ToilETing and Bureau Covers;
Fine Tickings and Furniture Checks;
Dimity and Furniture Climbrics;
Damask Table Linens; Table Cloths;
Superior and Common Damask Napkins;
Blankets of all descriptions;
Thread Laces, Bonnet Ribbons;
Kid Gloves, Hosiery;
Silk, Cotton and Worsted of all qualities;
Bleached and Brown Muslins;
Bonk, Mull and Swiss do
Cambric and Jaconet do
Silk Cravats and Pocket Handkerchiefs;
Linen Cambric do
Plain and Hem Stitched do with Colored Borders.

JAMES DOYLE.
dec12 1m



For Cincinnati.

THE new and fast running Steamer MILWAUKIE, CHAS. E. CLARKE, Master, will leave for above and intermediate ports on Friday, the 12th inst., at 9 o'clock, positively. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board.
dec 12

Positive Sale,

Of Valuable City Property at Auction

AT M'Kenna's Auction Mart, No 64 Market st. Simson's Row, between 3d and 4th streets, on Saturday evening next, Dec. 13th, at 7 o'clock, A. M., precisely, will be sold to the highest bidder, by order of the Heirs of the late Thomas Crail, deceased, A LOT OF GROUND, fronting 25 feet on Virgin Alley, between Wood and Smithfield streets, and extending back towards 5th street 70 feet, on which is a Frame Dwelling House. The title is indisputable. For further information inquire of the subscriber, at his Auction Rooms. Terms at sale.
P. M'KENNA, Auct'r.
dec12 Also at the same time, a lot of New and Second hand Watches, Clocks, Books, Dry Goods, Clothing, &c.

PLAID CLOAKINGS.

20 PS. Plaid Cloakings, new and beautiful patterns, just received at No 42 Market st, corner of Third, by
A A MASON.
dec 12

FLANNELS! FLANNELS!

100 PS. Red, Yellow and White Flannels of improved makes at Wholesale and Retail, at very low prices, by
A A MASON.
dec 12 No 42 Market st.

BROCHA SHAWLS.

18 SUPERIOR Brocha Shawls, just received, which will be sold very low, by
A A MASON,
dec 12 No 42 Market st.

1 CASE FURNITURE PRINTS Selling at 6¼c. per yard at
A. A. MASON'S,
dec 12 42 Market st.

De Laines.

20 Yds. Dark and Light plaid de lains for children some as low as 20c. per yard, For sale at No 42 Market st by
A. A. MASON.
dec 12

The Indian Portrait Gallery.

CONTAINING the history of the Indian Tribes of North America, with historical and biographical sketches of the principal chiefs—embellished with 120 portraits from the Indian Gallery in the Department of War at Washington, by Thos. L. McKenney and James Hall Esqrs. For sale by
CHARLES H. KAY, Bookseller,
dec11 cor Wood and 3d sts.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL PORTRAIT GALLERY of distinguished Americans, with their portraits, conducted by James B. Longacre and James Herring. For sale by
CHARLES H. KAY, Bookseller,
dec11 cor Wood and 3d sts.

VIEWS IN THE EAST.

COMPRISING India, Canton and the Shores of the Red Sea, with Historical and Descriptive Illustrations, by Captain Robert Elliot, R. N for sale by
CHARLES H KAY, Bookseller,
dec11 cor Wood and 3d sts.

Oats.

25 BUSHELS of Oats, for sale by
P C MARTIN.
dec 11 60 Water st.

Cooper's new Novel.

"AND PLENTY OF OTHER ONES."

THE Chainbearer, or the Little Page Manuscripts, by J Fennimore Cooper, Esq., author of the Spy, Pathfinder, etc.

Gerstlibe, a sequal to Coleridge's Christabel with other of Poems, by Martin Farquar Tupper, Esq., author of Proverbial Philosophy, etc.

Living Age, No 81.

The Life of Conde, by Lord Mahon, 2 pts. (Library of choice reading Nos. 34 and 35.)

The Rhine, by Victor Hugo, 2 parts Foreign Library No. 3.

The Mysteries of the Backwood, by T B Thrope, author of "Tom Owen the Bee Hunter," with engravings by Darley.

Love and Parentage, applied to the improvement of offspring, including important directions and suggestions to lovers and the married, by O S Fowler Practical Phrenologist.

The Butchers of Ghent, an Historical romance with numerous engravings.

George Cruikshank's Table Book, edited by Gilbert Abbot Backett, with 22 illustrations by George Cruikshank.

The Burglars, or the Mysteries of the League of Honor, by Henry Hazel.

The New York Illustrated Magazine of Literature and Art, with 4 splendid steel engravings.

The Jesuits, translated from the French of M Michalet. Edited by C E Lester.

The Roman Church, and modern Society, from the French of Quinet, by Lester.

Penny Magazine, No. 15.

Merry's Museum for December.

Just rec'd and for Sale at COOK'S
dec8 85 Fourth st.

DOW, Jr's, Patent Sermons;
Joe Miller's Jest Book;
Don Quixotte;
Gil Blas;
Ten Thousand a Year;
Smollett's Select Novels;
Miss Bremer's Novels;
Hogg's Winter Evening Tales;
Arabian Nights;
BOSWORTH & FORRESTER.
dec10. 43 Market street.

SELLERS' IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP'—Additional proof of its power to cure.

FAIRFIELD, Va Aug. 30, 1845.

Mr. R E. Sellers:—Being affected for some time with a bad cough, I was recommended to use your Imperial Cough Syrup, by my young friend Mr Wm A. Templeton, you agent for this place. I did so. It had the desired effect of curing me of a cough that I had despaired of ever being well. I had used almost every thing that it was in my power to get, but received no benefit until I met with your invaluable Cough Syrup. I feel fully satisfied in saying to you, and recommending to the public as one of the best medicins that has ever been prepared for the cure for which it is intended.

Respectfully, yours,
JAMES BROWN SMITH.

Prepared and sold by
R. E. SELLERS, 57 Wood st.

Sold also by Kerr & Mohler, 145 Wood street; Lewis Wilcox, Jr., and Wm. Thorn, Market street; Foss & Cassell, Fifth Ward, and H. P. Schwartz and J. Mitchell, Allegheny city. dec11

AN ORGANIST, who has had several years experience, and is acquainted with every variety of service, and who can give any desirable satisfactory reference, will accept of a situation, and give an opportunity of being heard.

Address R. W. through the Post office.
dec10, 6t.

Allegheny Cemetery.

PERSONS desirous of purchasing lots in this Cemetery are referred for information to the Superintendent on the grounds, or to E Thorn, Druggist, corner of Penn and Hand streets, Pittsburgh.

By order of the Board, J CHISLETT,
dec 11 Superintendent.

Harper's Illuminated Bible, No. 44,

AND MORE NEW WORKS!!

HARPERS BIBLE. No 44.

Foster Brothers, a Tale of the War of Chioza, edited by Lehigh Hunt.

Illustrated Wandering Jew, No. 5.

Sufferings of Christ, by a Layman.

Blackwood's Magazine for November.

The Brother's Revenge, 2d volume, and last.

Cosmos; by Humbolt, No 2.

The Baronet's Daughter and the Secret Cell, by Wm E Barton, Esq., comedian.

Father Ripa's Residence at the Court of Pekin, translated by F. Prandi.

The Dream and other Poems, by Mrs Norton.

Tale of a Tub, by Jonathan Swift, to which are added an account of a battle between the ancient and modern books in St. James' Library, &c &c.

Little Page Manuscripts, a new novel, by James Fennimore Cooper.

Mrs Hemans's Poems, beautifully bound.

Annuals for 1846. A great variety for sale at
COOK'S, 85 Fourth street.

THE Army and Navy of America, by J R Neff, for sale by
BOSWORTH & FORRESTER.
dec10. 43 Market street.

Oregon and California.

THE Emigrants Guide to Oregon and California, containing Scenes and Incidents of a party of Oregon, Emigrants, a Description of Oregon, Scenes and Incidents of a party of California Emigrants, and a Description of California, and Different Routes to those Countries, by Sanford W Hastings, and for sale by
CH KAY, Bookseller,
dec 1 corner of Wood and 3d sts.

Orphans' Court Sale of Real Estate.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, the undersigned will expose to public sale, at the Mansion House, on the premises, on the 5th day of January, 1846, at 1 o'clock