The Daily Morning Post.

JOHN BIGLER, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25.

☞ V.B. PALMER, Agent for country newspapers, is the Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily Morning Post, and Weekly Mercury and Manufacturer, to receive advertisements and subscriptions. He has offices in NEW YORK, at the Coal Office, 30 Ann street, (adjoining the Tribune Office.)
BOSTON, No. 12, State street.
PHILADELPHIA, Real Estate and Coal Office, 59 Pine street.
BALTIMORE, S E corner Baltimore and Calvert sts, where our paper can be seen, and terms of advertising learned.

ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE.—The meeting to devise means for the establishment of an Insane Asylum, we learn was not as well attended as it should have been. The meeting, however, resolved to take immediate measures to secure the important object for which it was assembled. We hope that the people of this city now that the subject is before them, and a movement made in the matter, will press forward, and never cease in their efforts until the great western emporium of the state, can boast of an institution of the kind, the result of the enterprise and liberality of her own citizens.

HOLLIDAYSBURGH CONVENTION.—The following resolution, we are authorized to say, was adopted by the Committee appointed to prepare proceedings for the Convention, but as we are informed was accidentally omitted in transcribing the resolution:

"*Resolved*, That this meeting pledges itself to sustain and support the Government in maintaining, defending and protecting the integrity of its boundaries North, South, East and the remotest West against all and every encroachment."

TROUBLE IN THE WHIG CAMP.—A new whig paper called the "Tribune of the People," has just been started in Providence, R. I. It is understood to be orthodox on most of the doctrines of the whig party, but repudiates the idea of managing the affairs of the party with reference solely to the local "isolated" question of free suffrage, and objects to its present organization under the title of the "law and order" party. This new organ we should judge, is to represent the views of Senator Simmons and those who have acted with him, and by whose influence Gov. Jackson was elected.

SPEECH OF MR. CALHOUN, AT MEMPHIS.

☞ The Memphis correspondent of the Cincinnati Union is speaking of the address of Mr. Calhoun, on taking the chair as President of the Convention says: 'The most important *point* of his address, and that in which the West had the largest interest and upon which some apprehensions, have erroniously been entertained as to his views, feelings and probable course in this Convention, was as to the *Constitutional powers* of the General Government, over the subject of Internal Improvements generally and of the Western Waters especially. On this point Mr. Calhoun was explicit. He regarded the mighty Mississippi and its great tributaries, and the improvements demanded upon them, as *national*, indeed, in their relation to the Nation, as great Inland Seas, which were as perfectly and justly the subjects of Governmental supervision, improvement, and appropriation, as the Chesapeake, Deleware and New York Bays, or any other of the great Harbors on the Atlantic Coast." The deafening applause with which this explicit and forcible declaration was received by the auditory was evidence most conclusive of the correctness of the position; as entertained by the popular mind in the West. To make this declaration more forcible, he had previously stated that he; Mr. C. was a strict 'Constructionist.' and believed that the action of the Government, must be carefully restrained within the *limits* prescribed by the Constitution, &c.

He drew the just and sound distinction between works of internal improvements, which are *local*, within the limits of particular states, and which could be made without the aid of the general Government; and those which were *not* local—not within the limits of particular states, and which could not be made without the aid of the Federal Government. The former were not within the constitutional competency of the Federal legislation, the latter clearly were.

He appropriately intimated that the Convention would be wise in confining its recommendation for Congressional action, to those which were clearly national within the distinctions just drawn, and at all events, wherever a Constitutional question should arise in this Convention, it should be *left*, a mooted question; for settlement at the proper tribunal, elsewhere and not be permitted to cause division, and difficulty here, which might impair, if not altogether defeat, the force of the action of this Convention, upon those matters of higher and more general importance, about which there could exist here no difference of opinion, either as to their importance or nationality.

The positions assumed by the distinguished South Carolinian, met with the most entire and unqualified approbation of every member of the Convention, and indeed of all men.

HON JOHN C CALHOUN.—Various rumors, says the Charleston Courier, have gone abroad as to the probabilities of this distinguished statesman ag in taking a seat in the US Senate. Every where, and from all parts, we hear an expression of gratification at the prospect of his great mind being again brought into requisition in our national councils. We know that the information will be received with general approbation that he is to return to the Senatorial station during the ensuing session of Congress, Judge Huger, the present Senator from this State, having finally determined to carry out his long-desired wish of retiring from office, held, for some time past, only at the especial desire of his constituents. We have this information from a source which can be relied on.

PHILADELPHIA INSANE ASYLUM.—The Grand Jury for the city and county of Philadelphia, in their late presentment, when alluding to the insane department of the Blockley Alms-House, says that they were painfully surprised on being ushered into the men's apartment, to find its inmates, averaging nearly 100, from youth to old age, black and white, *in all stages of insanity*, promiscuously assembled in a yard forty feet by ninety, (allowing each individual a space not so large as the cell of a penitentiary,) paved with bricks and surrounded by a wall of extreme height; several so violent as to require forcible restraint, others making hideous noises and using the most profane and indecent language while many others were perfectly quiet, and apparently but slightly affected with disease.

In the women's apartment there was found a yard of the same description, though it was connected with one of ninety feet by one hundred and fifty, not paved. Here also the old and young, the furious maniac confined with straps, the idiot, and the slightly affected, averaging also nearly one hundred, were promiscuously assembled, and the necessity for more room and proper classification was even more apparent than in the apartment of the men. What a horrid story to tell a civilized, Christian people! No one can imagine the wretched condition of these two hundred unfortunate creatures—and yet all is suffered to exist in the very midst, of a city constantly boasting of its benevolence, its philanthropy, its noble institutions! The Grand Jury very wisely recommend immediate alterations.

Forty-two females had a tea party given to them in England, whose united ages numbered 2746 years, the eldest 95, and all above 60. They were all treated to ale and tobacco, which we should suppose were novelties to them.

The Tribune in speaking of the abuse of the usury laws of the State of New York, relates the following case: A young man drew a draft for $800 on a very rich Broadway merchant, his uncle, who accepted it. The young man sold it at a usurious rate to a Pearl street merchant, who gave it to a broker to dispose of. He offered it in payment of goods to another dry goods house, who having taken it to the acceptor and it pronounced a genuine piece of paper, received it at legal interest. At maturity the rich acceptor pronounces it utterly void, the first negotiation having been under usury, and the holder, who is illy able to lose anything like that sum, is swindled out of his $800. The best friends of restrictions upon money lending, must, we think, admit that here is a great wrong done, for which there should be some remedy.

EXPORTS OF FLOUR TO EUROPE.—The N Y Courier says the exports of flour from that port to London and Liverpool, in the first eleven days of the month amounted to 14,092 barrels; of cheese to 910,731 lbs., and of wheat, 16,848 bushels. The shipments since have been large, every packet going out full of these articles.

LOSS OF THE STEAMBOAT REINDEER.—On Tuesday morning the 11th inst., says the Picayune, as the steamboat Reindeer, Captain Paxton, from Louisville to New Orleans, was rounding to at Sweeney's wood yard, about 12 miles below the Mouth of Red River, she struck a snag, and in a few minutes afterwards sunk. The vessel had a mixed freight of cotton, hemp stock, &c. The stock was principally saved, as were a few bales of cotton stowed above decks. There were some sixty or more passengers aboard, who got off safe. It is believed that none of the deck passengers were lost.

At sundown the boat lay with her bow nearly level with the water; at the stern the water was several feet deep in the ladies cabin. She was settling deeper, every hour, and had careened so much that it was feared she would turn bottom upwards during the night.—The snag upon which she swung was below the surface and was supposed to be a cypress knee projecting at right angles from the bank. It struck her about 20 feet from the stern. The Reindeer was a new boat—this was her second trip. She was built at a cost of $19 000, and was insured for $8,000. The principal loss falls on the captain. The cabin furniship was mostly saved, and the captain thought the engines might be got out. The vessel is a total wreck, and every thing beneath the hatches it is supposed will be lost. Before she went down she was made fast near the shore by large hawsers. Should these part, it was thought she would careen and slide into deep water.—The passengers were taken off by the Rodolph and J M White.

STEAMER HENRY BRY LOST.—This boat says the St. Louis Organ of the 17th struck a snag, on her passage to New Orleans, on the 11th, about dark, and sunk to her guards. The accident occurred near Isl and No. 25. The engine and furniture it is thought will be saved but the hull and cargo will be a total loss. On board was our old friend Sol Smith, with a portion of his theatrical company, and we regret to say, nearly all the theatrical wardrobe of the company is lost. He had an insurance we learn of $1,700, but even should this cover the worth of the wardrobe in dollars and cents, still will the delay which this must occasion in the approaching campaign, will be of serious moment.

The boat, we learn, was insured in this city, but to what amount we have not heard.

VESSEL LOST.—The schr. Gleaner, Captain Jones, has been lost at Castle Island, from Charges, bound to N. York. The cargo and materials saved, the hats, hides and cocoa in a partially damaged state. The captain states that the cargo, he believes, is insured and owned in N. York.

During a tremendous hurricane in Norway, lately, the sea retired in an unusual manner from the coast, and returned again with great violence. The water of the river Nise rose, all of a sudden, four feet above its usual height, and then at once receded. A similar phenomenon was witnessed on that coast at the time of the great earthquake at Lisbon, in 1756; and of Messina, in 1783

OPEN FOREIGN COMMERCE.—The port of Guatamo, in the jurisdiction of Santiago de Cuba, is now open to foreign commerce, under the same restriction, as the ports of Cardenas and Matiel. The merchants and planters there have, it is stated, subscribed $40' 000 towards the construction of fortifications and the necessary public buildings.

FLOUR.—There was on Monday a larger receipt of flour in Albany, than ever before in a single day: Upwards of 23,000 bbls., besides 15 000 bush. wheat, exclusive of the receipts at W. Troy. At the other extreme of the canal, the receipt are also unprecedented. At Buffalo for the last week, we hear they exceeded those of any previous week.

LONGEVITY.—The Jersey man mentions six widows living at Loganville, within the distance of half a mile, whose united ages amount to *five hundred and twenty-six years!* Their ages are as follows: one 91 years, one 93, two 87, one 84 and one 81.

FOR THE POST.

Mr Editor:—Herewith you will receive two articles, one from the Lewisburgh Chronicle the other from the Lycoming Gazette, recommending the renomination of WM B FOSTER, Jr., for the office of CANAL COMMISSIONER, the insertion of which will oblige A SUBSCRIBER.

From the Lycoming Gazette.

HON W B FOSTER.

We last week flung to the breeze the broad banner of this distinguished democrat and Pennsylvanian, as most worthy in our opinion, to become the recipient of the confidence of the 4th of March Convention, and the suffrages of the party at the next election, for the highly important office he now so ably fills. The reasons for the re-election of Mr Foster, are too obvious to be doubted or gainsayed. Besides being a first rate practical Engineer, he possesses the advantage of great experience in the business, having spent the most of his life in the services of the Commonwealth, upon her Canals and Railroads. We believe that neither of his present colleagues, although energetic business men, are professional Engineers, and if we are not mistaken, the law requires that one of the Board, should possess that qualification. But aside from this, we still think that Mr Foter's re-election would conduce most to the interests of the Commonwealth. No public functionary ever applied himself more assiduously to the duties of an office, or sacrificed more willingly all personal considerations for the public good, than the gentleman whose name heads this article. Firm in resolution—prompt in action and industrious and persevering in character, he possesses alike the confidence of his party and the respect and esteem of all. In submitting his name, therefore, to the democracy for re-nomination, we feel a consciousness of a faithful discharge of duty as well to the party, as the great Commonwealth, whose dearest interests it has always been our duty and desire to promote.

From the Lewisburg Chronicle.

Mr. Editor:—As the 4th of March is the day fixed upon for the nomination of a Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner, it behooves the party to look around and to concert their forces upon some good and competent man for that station. I believe that it is conceded on all hands, that at least one of the Board should be a practical engineer, I would therefore recommend the re-election of WM. B FOSTER, Jr., one of the present worthy Board. In recommending Mr. Foster, I have no hesitancy in saying that no man in the Commonwealth is more competent either as an engineer or Canal Commissioner. The administration of the present Board is the best evidence of their competency, industry and economy, and if the Commonwealth can secure the services of Mr. Foster for three years more, they certainly would act very unwisely if they do not do so, for certainly no more competent man can be selected it the state of Pennsylvania. A DEMOCRAT.

THE VOICE OF THE DEMOCRACY OF ALLEGHENY.

A meeting of the Democracy of Allegheny county, was held on Saturday evening, the 22d, at the Market-house in the city of Pittsburgh, which was organized by calling ANDREW M'ILWAINE to the chair and appointing *WM O M'CARTHY* secretary.

On motion of Tilly Potter, it was

Resolved, That the chair appoint a committee of five to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of this meeting.

The chair appointed the following gentlemen as the committee, Messrs Tilly Potter, John B Guthrie, Chas Barnett, John Bigle, and John M Irwin.

During the absence of the committee the meeting was addressed by James Watson, who delivered his views in his usual and forcible manner. At the conclusion of Mr Watson's speech, the committee on resolutions appeared and reported the following preamble and resolutions which were adopted:

We have seen with surprise, a movement by some democrats, calculated to produce an erroneous impression, as to the position of the Democratic party of Allegheny county, in regard to the Tariff and the policy of the National Administration.

Having fully concurred in, and with entire unanimity supported the principles, set forth by the Democratic National Convention at Baltimore, and its nominees, James K. Polk and G. M. Dallas, we conceive it to be our duty, to declare our sentiments, and to deny that the late informal meeting held at the Exchange Hotel, or the Hollidaysburg Convention, expresses the opinions of the Democracy or meets with their approbation. Therefore

Resolved, That we have undiminished confidence in the honesty and integrity of President Polk, that he will carry out faithfully the principles upon which he was elected; and that he will prove himself worthy of the trust confided to his hands.

Resolved, That we are now, as we were in 1840 and 1844, in favor of a Revenue Tariff—affording such protection to Agriculture, Commerce, Navigation and the Mechanic arts, as that object will admit of; even-handed justice forbids the oppression or burthening of one portion of the Union or class of citizens, in order to protect and cherish another. All should be fostered alike by the government.

Resolved, That we hail with pleasure the prospect of the speedy re-annexation of "Texas to the Rio Grande," to the United States, and that we are in favor of Congress giving England immediate notice, that the joint occupation of the Oregon Territory shall cease according to treaty stipulations in one year.

Resolved, That we will sustain President Polk in his declaration of our right being clear and unquestionable to the Territory of Oregon, and that we are opposed to any dictation from Foreign Powers in regard to our affairs on the continent of America.

There being no further business before the meeting it was

Resolved, That the meeting do now adjourn.

ANDW. M'ILWAINE, President.

WM. C. M'CARTHY, Secretary.

"It is proper for us to state that, as one of the committee to report proceedings for the above meeting, we *opposed* and *voted against* *the preamble*, because *part* of it had no connection whatever with the resolutions, and as improper under the call which the meeting assembled.

LOSS OF THE STEAMER "RICHMOND"

By passengers who arrived here, in the "*Messenger*"—this morning from New Orleans—as well, also, as from the obliging clerk of the boat, we regret to learn of the loss of the beautiful steamer *Richmond*, which has been upon the route between Louisville and New Orleans. The "Richmond" was a *new boat*, of the first class, and was finished in June last—Capt. Yoe was her commander. The Richmond was on her passage down to New Orleans—and on the evening of the 15th inst., at about 6 o'clock; when a few miles above the mouth of the Ohio, she ran upon a rock, on the "Grand Chain," and knocked a hole in her hull. The boat was immediately headed for the shore, but sunk, even her decks, before she reached shoal water.—We regret to say that the boat and cargo is a *total loss*. The Engines will be saved. The "Richmond" had on board a valuable cargo, it is said—and though the accident caused a good deal of confusion on board—we are happy to state that no lives were lost—nor was any person injured. *Cincinnati Union, Extra of Nov 10.*

From the Sunday Morning News.

THE BRIGANDS OF THE ABRUZZA.

BY THEODORE S FAY.

(Concluded)

'You are welcome,' growled Leonardo, fiercely, with the air of a hungry dog, whose bone has been just wrenched from his teeth; although uninvited you are welcome.'

She placed her finger on his forehead, to steady his pulsed and ghastly features, while his languid limbs hung nerveless in their tight bonds.

'Why, by the Virgin this is a boy—young—unarmed—helpless—bound!' she took between her thumb and finger a fold of his worn garment; 'poor, too, and perhaps an outcast and a victim like yourselves.'

'Ay, and the first word he spoke,' exclaimed one of the band, 'was a hatred and defiance to princes and tyrants.'

'Why, Leonardo, this is low game—this is unsignificant prey—this is a victim rather for a woman's arm, or rather, her eyes.'

'I understand you just, fair lady. This slave is in our belief, a spy, some Austrian renegado—some Spanish traitor—sent, peradventure, by the hounds, who are snuffing our blood. They would count him out their weight in gold on thy head, lady, and ours.'

'It were but fair,' cried another, 'to leave his own instead.'

'Not his *head*, good Rinaldo, but his *heart*.'

'An' we have women to lead us, and the talk be of *hearts* to be pierced with Cupid's arrows, rather than good Spanish steel, we may better lay down our weapons at once.'

'Thou poor youth,' demanded Madalena, 'cease thy fears. If not here to do us harm, what wild caprice has tossed thee among the heights of Abruzzi?'

'I am, by profession, a poor painter, without a carline or a friend. I wandered here to study nature, that I may transfer her features to my canvass.'

'A false tale,' cried Leonardo, 'painters love their ease too well, and have little to do with nature. Spagnoletto sleeps in the gorgeous halls of the Spanish Viceroy. Neither he nor his gang hunt the peaks of the Abruzzi. I see not why his life should be spared.'

'He is no painter,' cried several voices; 'he comes here a spy, perhaps a cardinal, perhaps a Spanish noble. I say, give him a sound sleep in the rocky bed of yonder stream.'

'Youth,' cried Madalena, 'I would save thy life; tell me truly, art thou what thou professest to be.'

'By the blessed Redeemer, by the holy Mother, dear lady, I am.'

'Canst thou paint well, thou?'

'I may not say of myself such a thing, but my hand is familiar with the pencil.'

'Soldiers,' said Madalena, in a good natured voice, 'come, I will wager with you for this youth's life; ye have a fair set of goodly faces, though somewhat rough and uncourtly, but put this young stranger's skill to the test: we can find whether he be painter or not. I see pencils and paper in his portfolio, through which thy bullet, Leonardo, has made a perforation. Now lie ye down here, and let him draw one of ye, to prove his profession, and as a specimen of his ability.

'Agreed, agreed,' cried the rude group, and flinging themselves down in careless attitudes, they unbound the pale youth, and placed before him the utensils of his art.

The boy seized his pencil. It was always his joy, it was now his inspiration and his life.

'I believe, Leonardo,' cried one, 'he is a painter indeed, for he grasps his pencil as thou dost thy dagger, as if he were used to it.'

'He is well rid of his paleness, too,' said Antonio.

'I think, added another, the youngster hath touched his skin with the color women paint their cheeks with, and the eyes are as fierce as our lady's when Leopoldo brought in the last plunder.'

'If the youth be truly a poor moon-struck artist,' cried Leonardo, 'I think the saints we have spared him; but I took him for a certain duke which I once saw in Naples, grinning at the prison window.'

'Duke or artist,' cried another, 'it was a lucky chance which brought Madalena up the hill. He would have been drawing else by fire-light.'

While the wretches were thus engaged, the artist, with a few bold touches, had sketched the splendid scene around, and told the whole story of his morning adventure. The cliffs frowned, with their pointed tops and broken outlines pointed against the sky, around the terrific edge of the chasm where they sat. The ferocious ruffians lay around dashed off with a vigorous and powerful hand, and strikingly like the originals, whose eyes, now lighted with better humour, gleamed from under their black and heavy brows. On the brink sat the artist himself, and aglast at the prospect of approaching death, and in the centre rose the commanding form of Madalena, her finger on his head, sternly remonstrating with the savage banditti against their murderous intent.

The brigands fairly shouted with delight, as each portrait was recognised, and with one accord, promised the painter life and liberty.

'This is nobly done, gentle youth,' cried Madalena. 'Thou hast in thee the cunning of true genius. Here shalt thou remain, free as the winds, or the eagle, till tired of our company, and I pledge thee hospitable entertainment, and a safe return; am I right, comrades?'

'Yes, by the heart of Diana, not a hair of his head shall be injured.'

Even Leonardo smiled, and said: By St Peter, thou art right; the hand that drew this should not perish among the mountains.'

'And what is thy name, young man?' inquired Madalena kindly.

Alas! I have no name,' replied the liberated youth: 'the world knows not of me. It will scarcely dwell in thy remembrance, but I am called in my own little circle, *Salvator Rosa*.'

The obscure painter long dwelt with his rough friends, and, it is presumed, imbibed among them certain of those splendid conceptions which now make the productions from his hand priceless treasures, in the galleries of kings, princes, and pontiffs. The magnificent figures of robbers, scattered through his works, are said to be closely drawn from his entertainers among the Abruzzi; and he has left one picture, an engraving, in which this incident is narrated more vividly, where the fierce brigands still recline, where the noble Madalena still remonstrates with her finger on his head; and where the greatest artist, in many respects, which the world ever saw, and the only landscape painter produced by a country, the most remarkable for all countries for exquisitely beautiful scenery, hangs trembling over the cliff, waiting till the appeal of a robber's wife be pronounced upon by a group of Nepolitan's brigands.

EDUCATION—*Pass it around.*—We give the following descending scale of education in the United States in 1840. It shows the number of white persons in each State above the age of twenty-one, who can neither read nor write:

No 1. Connecticut—1 in 311.
No 2. New Hampshire—1 in 159.
No 3. Massachusetts—1 in 59.
No 4. Maine—1 in 72.
No 5. Vermont—1 in 58.
No 6. Michigan—1 in 44.
No 7. New York and New Jersey—1 in 26.
No 8 Pennsylvania—1 in 22.
No 9. Ohio—1 in 23.
No 10. Iowa—1 in 17.
No 11. Louisiana—1 in 16.
No 12. District of Columbia—1 in 16.
No 13. Maryland and Wisconsin—2 in 13
No 14. Indiana and Mississippi—1 in 10.
No 15. Florida—1 in 8.
No 16. Illinois, Arkansas, and Missouri—1 in 7.
No 17. Delaware, South Carolina, Virginia, Alabama, and Kentucky—1 in 6.
No 18. Georgia—1 in 5
No 19. North Carolina and Tennessee—1 in 4.

[*Phila Times.*

Clickener's Sugar-coated Vegetable Purgative Pills—Experience having long since decided, that every disease originates from impurities of the blood, or derangement of the digestive organs, it is evident that the remedy employed must be of such a nature as is best calculated to remove those obstructions, or restore the blood to its natural state. The Clickener Sugar-coated Purgative Pills, being compounded purely on scientific principles, and based on an intimate acquaintance with the origin of disease, and the actual structure of the human system are the only remedy which can be positively relied on. Being composed of a variety of ingredients entirely different from, and independent of each other in their mode of operation; they never fail to reach the seat of disease, in whatever shape it may appear. Thus, if the liver be affected, one ingredient will operate on that particular organ and by cleansing it of that excess of bile, it is constantly discharging into the stomach, restore it to its natural state. Another will operate on the blood, and remove those impurities which have already entered into its circulation; while a third will effectually expel from the system whatever impurities may have been discharged into the stomach, through the instrumentality of the other ingredients.

Sold by Wm Jackson, corner of Wood and Liberty streets, who is general Agent for Dr Clickener's Pills in Pittsburgh and vicinity.

☞ Beware of an imitation article called "*Improved Sugar-Coated Pills*," purporting to be Patented as both the pills and pretended patent are forgeries got up by a miserable quack, in New York, who, for the last four or five years, has made his living by counterfeiting popular medicines. nov. 25.

Asthma, Coughs, Consumption, etc.—We again call the reader's attention to that celebrated and most excellent medicine, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Its reputation is spreading wider and wider every day, and all now admit it to be the most certain curative for all pulmonary complaints ever discovered.—How gratifying the thought that a remedy is at last discovered, which has proven itself a perfect master of that dire disease—CONSUMPTION! Let the despairing cheer up and lay hold of this life-giving nectar. ☞ See advertisement. Price $1 per bottle

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PREPARED AND CORRECTED EVERY AFTERNOON.

PORT OF PITTSBURGH.

3 FEET 10 INCHES WATER IN THE CHANNEL.

ARRIVED.

Messenger, Linford, New Orleans,
Monongahela, Stone, Cincinnati;
Consul,* Clark, Brownsville,
Rhode Island, M'Fall, Wheeling;
Diligence, Stoneman, Nashville,
Pickaway, M'Donald, Beaver;
Laura, Smith, Beaver;
Belmont, Dawson, Cincinnati,
Michigan, Boies, Beaver;
Hibernia,* Klinefelter, Cin;
North Queen, M'Lain, "
Louis M'Lain, Bennet, Brownsville;
Atlas, Sterling, New Orleans;
Belfast, Elbert, Wheeling;
Allaquippa,* Smith, Cin;
Circassian, Bennet, Louisville;
Motive, Hendrickson, Cin;
Putnam,* Hazlett, Zanesville.

DEPARTED.

Lake Erie, Campbell, Beaver;
Adelaide,* Jeffries, Cookstown;
Monongahela, Stone, Cin;
Allaquippa, Smith, "
Lancaster, Fisher, "
North Carolina, Devinny, St Louis;
Herald, Dawson, "
Brunette, Dean, "
Louis M'Laine, Brownsville;
Belfast, Elbert, Wheeling;
Circassian, Bennet, Louisville;
Putnam,* Hazlett, Zanesville.

☞ Those marked thus * are provided with Evan's Safety Guard, a prevention for the explosion of boilers.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Per str R. Clayton, St Louis; 76 tons pig metal, 90 bales cotton, 100 sacks feathers, 92 doz brooms.

Per str Luke Erie, Beaver; 6 boxes mdze, A Robinson; 47 boxes C. T., M B Riley & Co; 4 bags flaxseed 2 bbls butter, 400 hoop pole, W & R M'Cutcheon.

Per str Messenger, New Orleans; 44 sacks wool, Wm Barker; 1 box mdze, 27 hhds 16 bbls molasses, R Galway.

Per str Louis M'Laine, Brownsville; 100 bbls apples, 40 kegs, 50 bundles sheet iron, 16 boxes mdze.

CITY PRICES CURRENT. NOV. 25.

CAREFULLY CORRECTED EVERY AFTERNOON.

Flour—From Store,	$4.12½@4.37½
" Waggon,	4,25 @4.37½
Buckwheat—per 100 lbs	1,50 @1,62½
Corn Meal— do do	50 @ 62
Grain—Wheat ℔ bush.	0.00 @ 80
Corn "	36 @ 42
Oats, "	34 @ 36
Hay—Loose, ℔ ton.	16,00 @18.0
Oil—Linseed, ℔ gall.	68 @ 70
Whiskey—℔ gall.	21 @ 23
Potatoes—Neshannock ℔ bush.	25 @ 31
Salt—℔ bbl.	1 00 @1,06
Seeds—Flax,	1 00 @1,12½
Timothy,	2.37½@2.50
Clover,	5,00 @5,50
Lard—No 1 ℔ lb.	7½@ 8
Hogs—℔ lb (av. wt)	4 @ 5
Bacon—per lb.	7 @ 3
Cheese—per lb W R.	7 @ 3
Butter—Keg and Roll per lb.	10½@ 13

Cheese.

15 BOXES prime Goshen, receiving by canal and for sale by H LAMBERT.
nov25.

14 LOTS OF GROUND,

IN the plan of lots laid out by the executors of James O'Hara, deceased, on Penn and Liberty streets, immediately above the city line. This property is in a thriving part of the suburbs and surrounded by manufactories. Apply to BLAKELY & MITCHEL.
nov 25

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, SS.

In the Orphans Court of said County. No 37 of June Term, A D 1845
In the matter of the estate of David Lefever, deceased.

And now to wit, November 7 1845, on the petition of John H. Ralston and William Crawford, Jr. Administrators of the said decedent, setting forth, that there are not sufficient assets to pay his debts, and praying the Court to appoint an Auditor to settle and adjust the rates and proportions of the assets, to and among his creditors, according to the order established by law the Court appoint James W Buchanan, Esq., to distribute the proceeds (assets.) By the Court
THOMAS FARLEY, Clerk.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the above matter, that I will sit for the purpose of my appointment, on Tuesday, the 16th day of December, 1845, at 10 o'clock, A M, at my office, corner of Wood and Fourth sts, Pittsburgh, above Sibbett & Jones' office. JAS W BUCHANAN, Auditor.
nov25 4t&w3t.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN USE!

Give it One Trial.

WORTHY OF NOTICE. *Seller's Imperial Cough Syrup.*—We have used this medicine in our family, and in our opinion it is one of the best preparations for coughs, colds, &c, which has ever been offered to the public. At this season of the year we would recommend every family to keep a bottle of it in their houses ready for use, as occasion may require. We give this as a matter of advice from our actual experience of the good qualities of the medicine, and do not wish our readers to consider what we say simply in the light of recommendation made without any particular knowledge of the article of which we speak.—*Pittsburgh Chronicle.*

SELLERS' IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP,

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Influenza, Tickling Sensation of the Throat, Whooping Cough, &c. Pronounced to be the pleasantest and most efficacious remedy now in use.

I certify that I have been subject for twelve years to occasional fits of coughing not proceeding from cold, but produced by some disease of the lungs or breast; and the last attack which I had, which was about one year ago, was unusually severe, and continued to be so for three months, growing worse all the time, (notwithstanding all the medicine prescribed by a physician,) depriving me of rest at night, and rendering me almost unable to attend to my business. About this time I commenced taking Sellers' Imperial Cough Syrup, and found almost immediate relief, and after using two bottles and a half was completely cured of my cough. Since then I have been much less subject to taking cold than I was before, and when I have taken a cold since, it has not produced coughing as before. I have used it also in my family, and found it also to relieve and cure a cough brought on by common colds. I have also recommended it to a great many, and as far as I know it has always been successful.
JOHN HUTSON.
Wellsburg, Va., May 23, 1845.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by R E SELLERS, No 57 Wood street. Sold also by William Thorn and L Wilcox, Jr., Market street, and by H P Schwartz and J Mitchell, Allegheny City.
nov 25.

BURNT OR LOST,

ON the 10th of April, 20 numbers of a complete set, [100 vols] of Silliman's Journal, viz: 23, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70; 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 78, 80, 82, 84, 85, 86, 88. Should any one have these numbers the subscriber would be glad to purchase them at the original cost W. W. WILSON,
nov24 cor of 4th and Market st.

Coffee.

159 BAGS new crop Green Rio, strictly prime, receiving this day by Canal, and for sale by H LAMBERT.
nov25

Almonds, Nuts, Fruit, &c.

5 BALES Lisbon Almonds;
1 Barrel Bitter "
2 Bags Filberts;
2 Casks Zante Currants;
40 Boxes new N R Raisins;
3 Barrels Oranges;
35 Drums Smyrna Figs;
600 Cocoa Nuts;
13 Boxes Pres Citron;
8 Cases Prunes, glass jars.
Received and for sale by H. LAMBERT.
nov 25 100 Liberty st.

Tobacco.

42 BOXES Hutchinson & Kerr's 5's Lump Tobacco, now receiving, and for sale by H. LAMBERT.
nov25 100 Liberty st.

Mackerel, &c. &c.

120 BARRELS No 3 South Mackerel;
15 " No 2 Large do
15 " No 1 do do
30 " Alliwives;
15 " Gibbed Herrings;
60 boxes Scaled do
8 casks Codfish.
Receiving and for sale by H. LAMBERT.
nov25 100 Liberty st.

Here They are all Together!

GREATEST ARRIVAL THIS SEASON!

THE English Dramatic Poets, by Chas Tamibe, Library of Choice Reading, Nos 29 and 30.

The Flying Dutch, a Romance by Grenville Warren, Esq.

The Fatal Legacy, or the Doomed Heir, by the author of the 'Cruiser,' &c.

Wing of the Wind, a Novelette of the Sea, by J H Ingram, Esq.

The Poet's Companion, and Rhyming Dictionary, containing every allowable Rhyme in the English Language.

The Democratic Review, for November.

The Philosophy of the Water Cure, a developement of the true principles of Health and Longevity, with Engravings.

Ellen Gratton, or the Bride of Liberty, by Benj Barker, Esq.

Benvenuto Cellini, in 2 parts, cheap edition, Foreign Library, No 1.

The Historial Essays, and Narrative of the Merovingian Era, or Scenes in the Sixth Century with an Autobiographical preface, by M A Thierry.

The O'Donoghue, a tale of Ireland fifty years ago, by Chas Lever, with illustrations by Phiz, to which is added St Patrick's Eve, or three Eras in the Life of an Irish Peasant.

The Adventures of Gilbert Gurney, by Theodore Hook, cheap edition.

The London Medical Student, (Second Series,) by Punch, with illustrations.

Only A Fiddler, and O. T., translated by Mary Howitt.

Poems of Amelia, (Mrs Welby.) A fine supply just received.

The Author's Daughter, a tale by Mary Hewitt.

The Quiet Husband, a Novel, by Miss Ellen Pickering, authoress of "The Fright," "Nan Darrel," &c.

The Widow, a novel by Theodore Hook, author of Savings and Doings, &c.

Just rec'd and for sale at Cook's Literary Depot 85 Fourth st. nov 25

Gold Pens.

RECEIVED this day a large additional stock of Gold ever pointed Pens, of the best and most approved make, and for sale cheap, at New York prices.
W. W. WILSON,
nov24 corner of 4th and Market sts.

Wax Candles.

2 BOXES "White" just received and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
nov24 No 179 Liberty st.

Champaigne Wine.

15 BASKETS Superior Champaigne P A Mumm & Co., just received and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
nov24 No 179 Liberty st.

Fish.

40 BBLS No 2 and 3 Mackerel, "South catch;" 20 quarter bbls do Mess;
29 half bbls Mackerel, No 1;
60 bbls Gibbed Herring, just received and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
nov 24 No 179 Liberty st.

Wrapping Paper.

100 REAMS Crowned and Mendium Straw Wrapping Paper, just received and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
nov 24 No 179 Liberty st.

Soap.

100 BOXES Chillicothe Soap, just received and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
nov24 No 179 Liberty st.

TO ARCHITECTS AND CARPENTERS.

THE subscriber is now opening an assortment of carpenter's and builder's Guides, among which are the following:—

Practical Masonry—Or a theoretical and operative treatise on building; containing a scientific account of stones, clays, bricks, mortars, cements, fire-places, furnaces, &c., a description of their component parts, with the manner of preparing and using them; and the fundamental rules in geometry, on masonry and stone cutting, with their application to practice. Illustrated with 44 appropriate engravings. By Edward Shaw, architect; new edition.

The Beauties of Architecture—Illustrated by 48 original Plates. By Minard Lefever, architect.

Elementary Principles of Carpentry.—A treatise on the pressure and equilibrium of timbers framing the resistance of timber; and the construction of floors, roofs, centres, bridges, &c., with practical rules and examples. By Thomas Fredgold, civil engineer. Illustrated by 22 engravings and some wood cuts; first American from the second London edition.

Civil Architecture—Or a complete theoretical and practical system of building; containing the fundamental principles of the art, with the five orders of architecture. Also, a great variety of examples, selected from Vitruvius, Stuart, Chambers and Nicholson, with many useful and elegant ornaments, and rules for projecting them. Illustrated with one hundred copperplate engravings. By Edward Shaw, architect, fourth edition, revised and enlarged.

The Modern Builders' Guide—By Minard Lefever, architect. Illustrated by 87 copperplate engravings. CHARLES H. KAY,
Wholesale and Retail Book and Paper Dealer,
nov24 corner of 3d and Wood sts.

Copying books.

JUST received, a further supply of Letter Books, for the Copying Press.
For sale by CHARLES H KAY, Wholesale Book and Paper Warehouse, corner of Third and Wood streets. nov 24

ESSENTIAL OILS.

OIL OF BERGAMOT;
Oil of Cinnamon;
" Tansy;
" Wintergreen;
" Sassafras;
" Lemon;
" Rose;
" Aniseed;
" Rosemary;
" Lavender;
" Origanum;
Just received and for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
no 24 cor 6th and Wood st.

SELLERS' VERMIFUGE.

THE number of Worms expelled by the use of this Vermifuge is truly wonderful. Read the following.

Greenville, Augusta Co. Va., Nov. 15, 1845.

Mr. R E. Sellers:—I gave to a servant girl of mine one and a half teaspoonful of your Vermifuge, and it brought from her, in the course of 36 hours, NINE HUNDRED Worms, some of them of a large size. I have no hesitation in recommending it to the public as one of the best remedies for worms now in use.

Yours respectfully,
GEORGE W. BRAND.

Gianville, Va. Nov. 15, 1845.

Dear Sirr—The above was given voluntarily by Mr Brand, who is a respectable farmer in our neighborhood.

B F GRAHAM, Post Master.

☞ Mr. Brand's letter can be seen by any persons who may doubt the above.

This safe and efficacious Worm Medicine is prepared and sold by R E SELLERS,
No 57 Wood st.

Sold also by