The Daily Morning Post.

JOHN BIGLER, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, NOV. 20, 1845.

☞ V B PALMER, Agent for country newspapers, is the Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily Morning Post, and Weekly Mercury and Manufacturer, to receive advertisements and subscriptions. He has offices in NEW YORK, at the Coal Office, 30 Ann street, (adjoining the Tribune Office.)
BOSTON, No. 12, State street.
PHILADELPHIA, Real Estate and Coal Office, 59 Pine street.
BALTIMORE, S E corner Baltimore and Calvert sts, where our paper can be seen, and terms of advertising learned.

HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.—We are pleased to find that the importance of erecting a Hospital for the Insane is attracting public attention. The Gazette has within a few days published several communications strongly recommending the measure. We think it would be well, at once to provide for the Insane,—the Blind—and the Deaf and Dumb. A building of sufficient size could easily be so arranged as to answer for all the purposes above named. The expense, we know, would be considerable, but if properly managed it would not exceed the amount now expended under the poor laws, and at the same time greatly increase the comfort of the unfortunate. The insane would, we doubt not, be brought from distant counties, and the expense of their keeping be paid by the county, if a public charge, or their friends, if not so. The amount realized in this way, we think, would not be small, and instead of increased taxation being necessary, less would be required than at present. It should be borne in mind that Pennsylvania has no institution of the kind west of the Alleghenies—the people of all the western counties of the State, are therefore, interested, and we have no doubt, so far as legislation is required, would cordially unite with us, if we undertake to establish asylums for the Insane, the Blind—the Deaf and Dumb—and they may be willing to aid in the erection of a Hospital for the Insane alone.

This is a matter of great importance so far as the people of the city of Pittsburgh and the county of Allegheny alone are concerned, and we think that they alone should press forward in the good work, but we really believe that it would be good policy to give such institution or institutions a western character—let them be looked upon as monuments of the enterprize and benevolence of the people residing west of the Alleghen mountains.

We would be pleased to hear from our western brethren of the press upon the subject.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Globe says that Mr. Shields, comissioner of the Land Office, will recommend most forcibly the graduation of the prices of the public lands; and that, as this is a question which has been long agitated by the democracy of the west, it will most probably be carried at the next session of Congress.

THE MISSING PILOT BOAT.—We mentioned some days ago, says the Baltimore Sun, that apprehensions existed that the Baltimore pilot boat "Fell's Point" had been lost and all on board perished. We are sorry to say that the apprehensions now amount to a perfect conviction that such has been the fate of the vessel. When last heard from, more than a month ago she was laying to on the edge of the gulf stream, and the supposition is that she has been run down by some large vessel scudding in the gale in which she is presumed to have been lost. The "Fell's Point" was a fine vessel of about eighty tons burthen, and had on board, when last heard from, the following persons:—John Cost, Peter Strebeck, John Bennett, John Morrison, pilots; Daniel Small, an apprentice, and three colored men, whose names we could not learn. They were all young men, and all single except Mr Cost, who was married and leaves a family. Mr Strebeck was part owner of the boat. It is stated that this is but the fourth pilot boat that has been lost out of Baltimore within fifteen years.

BURIED ALIVE.—The Apalachicola Advertiser says that a family, with whom the editor is intimate, desired his attendance at the removal of the remains of one of its deceased members. Prompted by curiosity the lid of the coffin was removed, when, to the utter astonishment of all present, the corpse was found with its face downwards, and in the manner indicating a complete change in the position of the body. Added to this, as far as the hands could have reached, the lining of the coffin was torn, and wound into a knot; and a considerable quantity of hair was strewed at the feet. All these circumstances together with the sudden and singular manner of his (supposed) demise; left scarcely a shadow of doubt that here was another instance of a too precipitate haste in consigning to the grave the body of those supposed to be dead.

The Venango Arch has passed into the hands of Mr GEO F HUMES, by whom in future it will be conducted. The experience and ability of the new editor will doubtless make it a journal deserving the support of our Venango friends. We wish him much success in his new work.

It gives us pleasure, says the Meadville Democrat, to hear that E V EVERHART, Esq, formerly the able editor of the democratic paper at Huntingdon, Pa., will shortly receive a Clerkship in one of the Departments at Washington city. He richly deserves this mark of confidence at the hands of the Administration.

LAMENTABLE DEATH OF A GIRL.—Lately a little girl about eight years of age, daughter of a widow woman, residing about eight miles from Lapeer, Michigan, was frightened in such a manner, that she died in about two hours after the fright. Her brother, a small lad, dressed himself in a dried bear skin, and chased her as she was going to a neighboring house. What a lesson that is to bad boys.

A FLEET.—The steamer Commerce arrived at N. York on Friday, from Albany, bringing tow-boats, all heavily loaded. The fleet alone on all these boats is estimated at 20,000 bbls which at $6 25 would amount to $125,000. Add to this the large quantities of grain, beef, pork, &c.; which go to make up the load, and we have a freight worth 250,000 coming into New York at one time.

Betting on the chances of Polly Bodine's conviction or acquittal, the New York Express says, is now rife among the "legs" of the town. The odds are stated as 3 to 1 that she will be acquitted.

Tirrell, the suspected murderer, is supposed to have made his way to the sea, and thus eluded the pursuit of the officers who were sent for him.

ANOTHER BREACH HEALED—Wm. McCune was sentenced in Springfield, Mass, to pay Miss Lydia Smith $800 for promising to marry her, and then setting off to Ohio without fulfilling said promise. It seems that there is no escape for false swains.

The Western border of Texas has began to feel the beneficial effects of Annexation, and the presence of the United States troops. The town of Victoria lately almost deserted, is improving with unprecedented rapidity. The population is now estimated at 1000. A few months since it scarcely amounted to two hundred.

A young lady of high respectability, residing a few miles from Philadelphia, has lately had a cancer extracted from her breast, *the effect of tight lacing!* She is about 30 years of age, and has long been addicted to the follies of this life. She has suffered most acutely.

BANK DIRECTORS FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.—The following named gentlemen were on Monday chosen Directors of the several Banks of Pittsburgh named, for the ensuing year:

Exchange Bank.

Wm Robinson Jr,	Harmar Denny,
Geo A Bayard,	Harvey Childs,
Morgan Robertson,	B A Fahnestock,
Wm Lippencott,	S Stoner,
James Anderson,	George Weyman,
Tobias Myers,	James R Dick.
William M'Cully,	

Merchants' and Manufacturers Bank.

Thos Scott,	John Anderson,
G R White,	R C Townsend,
F G Bailey,	J H Shoenberger,
G E Warner,	W M'Candless,
J W Burbridge,	R Galway,
P M'Cormick,	W Morrison.
Morris Jones.	

Bank of Pittsburgh,

John Graham,	D T Morgan,
C Aughtur,	C F Spang,
George Hogg,	John Bissell,
Malcom Leech,	Lewis Hitchison,
David Shields,	Alex Laughlin,
John Irwin;	Geo W Jackson,
Geo A Berry.	

OLIVER H. SMITH, late United States Senator, has refused, under any circumstances, to be the Whig candidate for Governor of Indiana.

LOUISIANA.—Gen. Harmonson, dem. has been elected to Congress in the 3d district of this state.

CONGRESS.—The Washington Journal, states that one hundred and sixty seats have been chosen by members elect to the House of Representatives, but there is but six of them now in Washington.

WOMAN'S VOICE.—How consoling to the mind oppressed by heavy sorrow, is the voice of an amiable woman. Like sacred music, it imparts to the soul of feeling a celestial serenity, and as a gentle zephyr refreshes the wearied senses with its soft and mellifluous tones. Riches may avail much in the hour of affliction; the friendship of man may alleviate for a time the bitterness of woe; but the angel voice of woman is capable of producing a lasting effect on the heart, and communicates a sensation of delicious composure which the mind never before experienced, even in moments of its highest felicity.

TEMPERANCE IN THE PRUSSIAN ARMY.—The Minister of War has addressed a circular to all generals holding command, stating that the King, in order to encourage sobriety, has ordered that every soldier in cantonment, in camp, or bivouac, who may be willing, to give up his allowance of brandy, shall receive the value in money.

☞ Two men tickled a girl to death in the environs of Paris, lately. First she laughed heartily then convulsive heaves of the chest succeeded. She rose, but immediately fell and expired.

This is a solemn warning to the Coons not to think too much of the Ohio and Georgia elections.

SMILES.—We are among those who love a jovial, smiling face. If there be any thing of which we may be prodigal nor be the loser, it is of smiles. A lively, happy face is contagious, and all around partake its influence. So with the wrinkled face of care, it equally dispenses its effects on its companions—Zounds! wear a happy face, at all hazards. Keep a consciousness of just purpose, and an honest heart within and a merry face without.

FOR THE POST.

ANIMAL MAGNETISM.

It has hitherto been the fate of this science, to contend not only with scientific prejudices, but with professional interests, with academies of sciences and colleges of physicians; and in fact with all great monopolists of learning and wisdom. Under such circumstances, it is not a little surprising that it should survive until the present day;—nay, that it should recently have started up like Anteus from the earth with renewed and renovated vigor; its ultimate triumph, which is probably now not far distant, will afford a most striking proof of the innate and unconquerable force of truth. That quackery and deception may be exercised here as well as in the regular medical profession, it would be absurd to deny; yet we have never heard physicians urge this circumstance as an objection to the practice of their art. And suppose that cases occasionally do occur to which imposture is active, and the phenomena are feigned; an hundred such cases could not effect the truth of the facts really manifested and attested by credible witnesses. There might be a thousand false sovereigns in circulation, but he would be rather a strange logician who should attempt to prove from thence that there was no such thing as a genuine coin of that denomination. Because there are many quacks, is there no such thing in nature as honest and skilful physicians: because rogues abound, is there no honest men? Again, it has been urged as an objection against the practice of animal magnetism, that it is uncertain in its operation. Are we to conclude that because the magnetic treatment does not invariably produce the desired effect, it is therefore inoperative and useless. Certain unknown perhaps accidental circumstances may counteract its usual efficacy, in particular instances. Indeed, such circumstances have been already detected and made known, and others may be detected upon further examination.

The same thing however, it may be observed, sometimes occurs in the ordinary medical practice. The prescribed medicines do not operate in the precise manner expected by the physician, yet no sane person would attempt to demonstrate the total inutility of medicine. A hundred unsuccessful experiments cannot upset the evidence of established facts. A million blind persons will never prove that the natural healthy eye is sightless. Again, it is alledged upon apparently high authority, that the practice of animal magnetism is dangerous. We admit that the administration of this remedy, by unskilful and improper persons, may be attended with dangerous and sometimes fatal consequences. But again, this objection equally applies to the ordinary medical practice; may not the same thing be said of the imprudent administration of opium, foxglove, arsenic, mercury, or any other medicinal drug, or the unskilful use of surgical instruments.

The best of medicines, it is acknowledged, and with reason, are poisons in the hands of the imprudent and unskilful; whereas if cautiously administered by the experienced physician, the strongest poisons are remedies for the different diseases which flesh is heir to. Fire and water are dangerous and destructive elements, but would we banish them entirely from the universe, lest we should be burnt or drowned. The elements of the unceasing activity of nature, will continue to exist whatever short-sighted mortals, in their spurious wisdom, may be pleased to determine, in regard to them. Let us study the properties, the relations, the powers of those tremendous elements, and so shall we best learn, to use them with advantage, and to protect ourselves from their injurious effects. T. F.

Disease of the Lungs.—How very important is it for those afflicted to procure something to arrest the insidious destroyer, *consumption*, before it takes too deep a root and destroys life! Have not thousands testified to the beneficial effects of "Dr Duncan's Expectorant Remedy"—a safe and certain medicine, prepared expressly for the cure of diseases of the chest.

Read the testimony of thousands who have been cured by the timely use of this medicine. One bottle is sufficient, in many cases, to test its curative virtues. Why then procrastinate from time to time until it be too late?

For sale by Wm Jackson, Agent, corner of Wood and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh. nov 20.

From the Philadelphia Times of Nov. 17.

LOSS OF A VALUABLE MAIL.—The Postmaster of Albany received on Friday morning a note from the Postmaster of New York to the following effect:

Post Office, city of New York, } November 13, 1845. }

To the Post Master, Albany:

We received no pouch from your office of the 11th inst, by the 8 o'clock boat. Presuming it contained as usual bags for Philadelphia and Washington, and the mail matter for Baltimore, I have written to those offices.

I have also communicated with the department at Washington. Respectfully yours, ROBT H. MORRIS.

The mail here spoken of was taken to N. York in the Knickerbocker steamboat. It was not in charge of a mail agent, no such office being appointed, except for the mails carried in the five o'clock boat, which lands at all the river post offices. It was not missed till near noon of the 12th. We are informed by the Post Master here, that the person whose duty it is to bring the mails to the New York Post Office, states that he found the mail bags lying on the deck of the boat, the officer in whose room they were usually placed for safeguard, having retired to his berth and left them on the deck, instead of retaining them in his room, and delivering them to the post office porter when the boat arrived. The "pouch" spoken of in Mr Morris' letter was among them.

The boat reached New York at 4 o'clock in the morning. The mail must have been taken off in the interval between the landing and the arrival of the porter from the office. How accurate his statement may turn out to be, we cannot tell, but as it stands, it throws the responsibility for this affair upon the management at the other end of the route.

The mail was exceedingly valuable. The Commercial Bank had enclosed in it drafts to the amount of $70,000, the State Bank $20,000—in all about $120,000.

These were in all instances, we believe, drawn payable to order, and a forged endorsement will be necessary before they can be made available to the robbers.

No money as far as yet ascertained, was lost.

The information of the robbery came here so late as to render unavailing all efforts for the recovery of the loss, or the detection of the authors. These efforts are however pushed vigorously; and we trust successfully, by Post Master Morris, in New York.

Mr Watson suggests that possibly the mail may have gone South; by mistake. This of course will soon be known.—Albany Atlas, Nov. 15.

The public must be on their guard as to what notes or drafts they take for some time to come. The following is an account of what are missing:

In a letter addressed to John J Palmer, Esq., Merchant's Bank, New York—

Draft of J Taylor; Cashier, No 7893, on Bank of Commerce, New York, favor of John J Palmer,	$50,293 60
In a letter addressed to George Curtis, Esq., Cashier Bank of Commerce, New York.	
Cert Dep on North River Bank, favor of Brokenshaw & Greene and Nath Gallup,	$91 13
Cert Dep on Bank of State of New York in favor of A C Flagg, Comptroller,	157 65
Wm T Lawrence, on Ab R Lawrence, due do one day sight, without grace.	79 57
Allen & Paxon's check on the Mechanics' Bank, New York, favor of C N Bement,	125 00
Draft of J B Plumb, Cashier on Merchant's Bank, New York, in favor of J Taylor, Cashier at sight.	5376 59
Check of R H Pruyn, on bank of Commerce, New York, at sight, in favor of J Taylor, Cashier,	3185 00
Henry I. Clarke's note, endorsed by Uri Bost, dated 10th Nov 1845, at 3 months,	116 00
C S Olmstead & Co.'s draft on Isaac Newton, New York, dated 11th Nov. 1845, at 15,	4000 00
M. Barnes, agent, draft on A Van Santvoord, dated 11th Nov. 1845, at 15 days,	4000 00
M C Morgan's check, on Merchants' Exchange Bank, dated 4th Nov 1845, at sight,	17 15
Draft of Watts Sherman, Cashier, on Bank of State of New York, dated 11th Nov. at sight,	3006 18
Draft of Townsly & Davis, on J F Goodridge & Co., New York, dated Nov 10, at sight,	44 69
Draft of Savage & Benedict, on J S Foits, New York, dated Nov 11, 3 days sight,	1200 00
All the above are endorsed by J Taylor, Cashier of the Commercial Bank of Albany.	
In a letter addressed to O J Cammon, Cashier, New York.	
E E Kendrick Cashier, on the Merchant's Bank, New York, drawn to my order, dated Nov. 11, 1845.	1860 00
N Lee, Cashier, on the Merchants' and Exchange Bank. N. York, drawn to my order, dated Nov. 11, 1845.	1000 00
T Olcott, Cashier, on the City Bank, N Y. drawn to my order, dated Nov. 11, 1845,	4026 99
W Sherman, Cashier, on Bank of the State of New York, drawn to the order of C L Garfield. Teller, dated Nov. 11, 1845.	4111 91
Young and Woods' draft on Lawrence & Stone, endorsed by Allen Ayrault, Pres't,	173 07
W Robinson, Pres't, on Bank of America, endorsed by Allen Ayrault, Pres't,	300 00
W Robinson, Pres't, on Bank of America, endorsed by Allen Ayrault, Pres't,	200 00
Harrison & Hooper, on Mechanics' Bank, N Y., endorsed by R. Newland, Cashier,	786 17
T J Goodman & Co. on John Ward & Co., N Y. endorsed by R Newland, Cashier,	100 00
J Dean on G Hastings & Co., N Y., endorsed by R H Palmer, Cash'r.	100 00
J T Talman, on Wm & Jas Currie, N Y. endorsed by D D Barnard,	105 00
J M Davidson, Register, on New York Life Insurance and Trust Co.,	66 35
O S Strong, on Merchants' Bank, N York, endorsed by Archibald McIntyre,	400 00
H D Gould, Pres't, on American Exchange Bank,	5,000 00
S R Howlett, agent on N H Wolfe, N Y.,	275 00
E Worth, on G Williams & Co., N Y, due Nov. 17,20, endorsed by R Newland, Cashier.	75 00
Blain & Herrick's draft on J. Blain, N. Y., due Feb. 7-10, endorsed by L. Paddock;	500 00
Campbell & Moody's note, N Y, due Mar 19 22; endorsed by Peter Gansevoort,	600 00
Johnson & Co. on Hess & Powers, N Y, due December 27-30 endorsed W T Rodgers, Cashier.	3,000 00
A Rafferr, on Johnson & Brothers, N Y, due Jan. 3-6, endorsed by W T Rodgers, Cashier.	100 00
W H Dewitt, on W Dennison, dated Nov 11, endorsed by J C Boyd,	4,000,00

All the above notes and drafts are made payable to the order of O J Kammann, Cashier, and endorsed by J Blumb, Cashier.

LIVE—LET LIVE—HELP LIVE.

There are three sorts of people in the world, who may be characterized by the monosyllable above. First there are those who take for their motto—*Live*—live, regardless of others—live, if others die—live *for* one's self and *to* one's self. Such persons care for nobody but themselves—they think of nobody else.—They have got on in the world, it may be without much aid from others, and others must get on as they can, or stick in the way, it is all one to them: it is none of their business; they are not their brother's keeper. These are *supremely* selfish men.

There is another class of men among us whose motto is—*Live* and *let* live. They are glad to have their neighbors live and prosper; but it must be without their help. Their first and great inquiry is, 'who will show us any good? Shall I gain any thing by it?' If such men can be share that any thing they may do for another will return ultimately to their own benefits, they will cheerfully lend a helping hand. And in some cases, they will even help a friend in need, if persuaded that it will in no way operate to their disadvantage or inconvenience. Otherwise they are as deaf as dead men to all who approach them. These are simply selfish men.

There is yet a third class of men, *(rara avis)* whose motto is—Live, and *help* others to live. They are not inattentive to their own affairs or interests; but they seek not their own exclusively. They are not merely willing to *let* others live around them, but they are willing to *help* others to live, and even to subject themselves to inconvenience and trouble in order to do this. And all this they will do without first stopping to ask—shall I get my reward? if I lend you a dollar, shall I get two in return?

There are men who act either from the impulse of kind and generous dispositions, or men whose principles of action have been derived from the teachings and example of Him who "went about doing good," who sought not his own but the things which were another's who was never unmindful to do good and communicate as he had opportunities they are truly benevolent men.

We have now finished our discourse, and leave it to each reader to say, which is the better man, and to which class he himself belongs.—*Traveller.*

LATE FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

Files of the Rio de Janeiro Journal, extending to the 22nd September, have been received at the N. York Exchange Reading Rooms.

The paper of that date contains advices from Montevideo to the 7th, confirming the account of the taking of Colonia by the French and British forces. Gen. Oribe had ordered a general recruiting of all who could bear arms, between the ages of 14 and 50.

The capture of Colonia is ascribed, in a letter from Montevideo, to rigorous measures adopted against the French and English residents, by order of Gen. Oribe. The men were compelled to withdraw some leagues in the interior, and their families were conveyed to an uninhabited island, where they suffered great privations until relieved by the English vessels.

The Journal of September 19, contains translations of the message sent by Gov Rosas to the Chambers, August 16, communicated to them the details and result of his correspondence with the French and British Ministers, with their replies, approving all his acts, declaring their inflexible determination to resist, and conveying to him a solemn vote of thanks for his patriotic conduct. Also, a general order from Governor Rosas, directing military exercises to be performed every day at certain hours all shops, offices, public establishments, &c. were to be closed.

On the 27th a decree was issued, forbidding all intercourse with the vessels of the combined squadrons.

The transport Resistence, with a battalion of the 45th regiment on board, was originally ordered from Gibraltar to the Rio de la Plate—but to the Cape of Good Hope. This accounts for her touching at Rio.

The market at Rio was dull for American produce; flour was selling at 16 milreas the barrel. Freights scarce and low.

From the Naval Magazine.

A NAVAL REMINISCENCE.

"All which I saw, and part of which I was."

In the year 1804, when Preble, as commodore of the American squadron in the Mediterranean, was gaining glory, before Tripoli, alike for himself, his officers and crews, and for his country, Lieutenant, Commandant Richard Somers had command, under him, of the Nautilus, a schooner of 14 guns.

During the several fights which had previously occurred with the enemy, this officer had shown great bravery as commander of gun-boat number one; and now suggested to the commodore, that a happy result might, possibly, be obtained by converting the ketch Intrepid, a captured craft about seventy-five tons—the identical vessel with which the gallant Decatur had boarded and captured, and burned the frigate Philadelphia—into a fire ship, and sending her into harbor under the walls of the Bashaw's castle, in direct contact with the marine force of the Tripolitans.

The daring and highly dangerous enterprise being determined upon, Somers, with whom it had originated, received orders—to which he was then entitled—to conduct it; and the necessary preparations were promptly made by him. Fifteen thousand pounds of powder were first placed loosely in the hold of the ketch, and upon this, two hundred and fifty thirteen-inches fused shells, with a train attached from the *cabin to the fore peak!* Only one officer, the talented and lamented Lieutenant Henry Wadsworth—brother of present commodore Wadsworth—was to accompany him, and four volunteer seamen were to compose the crew.

All things were now in readiness, except the selection of the men—for it come to this, at last, that every man on board the Nautilus had volunteered his services. This done it was determined without delay to attempt the enterprise—to succeed in it or perish.

Two nights successively did the Intrepid move; but owing to baffling winds, nothing could be accomplished. These failures, and as unusual movements in the harbor after dark on the third night, led Somers to believe that the suspicions of the enemy had been excited, and that they were now on the look-out. It was the general impression that their powder was usually exhausted; and as so large a quantity was on board the ketch, if captured would greatly tend to protract the contest; before setting off, he addressed the crew upon the subject, telling them "that no man need accompany him who had not come to the resolution of blowing himself up rather than be captured; and that such was fully his own determination. Three cheers was the only reply. The gallant crew rose, as a single man with the resolution of yielding up their lives, sooner than surrender to their enemies; while each stepped forth, and begged as a *favor*, that he might be permited to apply the match! It was a glorious moment, and made an impression on the hearts of all witnessing it, never to be forgotten.

All then took leave of every officer, and of every man, in the most cheerful manner, with a shake of the hand, as if they knew that their fate was doomed and one and another as they passed over the side, to take their post on board the ketch, might be heard, in their own peculiar manner, to cry out "I say, Sam Jones, I leave you my blue jacket and trowsers; and Bill Curtis, you may have the tarpaulin hat and Guernsey frock, and them petticoat trowsers I got in Malta—and mind, boys, when you get home give a good account of us!" In like manner did such make his oral will, to which the writer was witness, and which "*last will and testament*" he caused to be executed to the very letter.

It was about nine o'clock, on the night of the 5th of September, 1804, that this third and last attempt was made. The Nautilus had been ordered to follow the Intrepid closely in, to pick up and bring out her boat's crew in case they should succeed in the exploit. Hence, though it was very dark, we never lost sight of her, as I had been directed by the first lieutenant—the late gallant Washington Reed—who commanded in the absence of Somers, to keep a constant watch of her for this purpose with a night glass.

At the end of an hour, about ten o'clock P. M., while I was engaged in this duty, the awful explosion took place. For a moment, the flash illuminated the whole heavens around, while the terrific concussion shook every thing far and near. Then all was hushed again, and every object veiled in a darkness of double gloom. On board the Nautilus, the silence of death seemed to pervade the entire crew, but quickly the din of kettle drums beating to arms, with the noise of confusion and alarm, was heard from the inhabitants on shore. To aid in the escape of the boat, an order was now given by Reed, to "*show a light*"—upon the appearance of which, hundreds of shot, from an equal number of guns, of heavy calibre, from the batteries near came rattling over and around us, but we heeded them not; one thought and one feeling alone had possession of our souls, the preservation of Somers and his crew!

A moment after moment passed by without bringing with it the preconcerted signal from the boat, the anxiety on board became intense; and the men, with lightened lanterns, hung themselves over the side of the vessel, till their heads almost touched the water—a position in which an object on its surface can be seen furthest in a dark night, with the hope of discovering something which would give assurance of its safety. Still no boat came, and no signal was given; and the unwelcome conclusion at last forced upon us, that the fearful alternative of blowing themselves up rather than being captured, so bravely determined upon at the outset of the enterprise, had been as bravely put into execution. The fact that the Intrepid, at the time of the explosion, had not proceeded as far into the harbor by several hundred yards, as it was the intention of Somers to carry her, before setting her on fire, confirmed us in this apprehension; still, we lingered on the spot till broad daylight, though we lingered in vain, in the hope that some one of the number, might be rescued by us from a floating plank or spar, to tell the tale of his companion's fate.

To our astonishment, we learned next day that Lieut Israel, a gallant youth, who had been sent with orders from Commodore Preble to Somers, after he was under way in the ketch, had accompanied him in the expedition, and had shared his destiny.

Such was the end of the noble fellows, who, a few days only before, on board their own gun boat, number one, had beaten six of the enemy's fleet, of equal force with themselves, immediately under the guns, and within pistol shot of a shore battery; an achievement accomplished only, in their peculiar position, by backing astern and keeping up an incessant fire of canvass bags, filled with 100 musket balls each, till our gallant commodore in the "Constitution," stood in to take the fire of the battery, and thus enable us, under his cover, to obey the order, "*to come out of action*"—a signal which had already been flying more than an hour, and which Somers at first, would not, and at last, (from the fierceness of the fight) could not see.

Asthma, Coughs, Consumption, etc.—We again call the reader's attention to that celebrated and most excellent medicine, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Its reputation is spreading wider and wider every day, and all now admit it to be the most certain curative for all pulmonary complaints ever discovered.—How gratifying the thought that a remedy is at last discovered, which has proven itself a perfect master of that dire disease—CONSUMPTION! Let the desparing cheer up and lay hold of this lifegiving nectar.

☞ See advertisement. Price $1 per bottle.
nov 18

SONG.

BY R. HAMILTON.

Oh! soft as the first beam of twilight,
That severs the portals of day;
Is the languishing glance of the love-light,
Streaming forth from thy dark rolling eye.

Oh! mild as the beam of thy dew-tear,
That in the white lily doth lie;
As it glows in the flash of the sun, clear,
Is the light of thy dark rolling eye.

Oh! mild as the beam of the eye-star,
All radient in glory on high,
And soft as the light of the moon's car,
Is the gleam of thy dark rolling eye,

Oh, bright as the gems of the mountains,
That in lustre with each other vie;
And clear as the rock-weeping fountains
Is the flash of thy dark rolling eye.

Coughs and Colds—In all cases of coughs and colds, the sufferers will find a pleasant but powerful remedy in Clickener's Sugar Coated Vegetable Pill.—The fame of this medicine has already spread far and wide. Over five hundred thousand boxes of these pills were sold last year, having been used in all ascertained cases with perfect success. For liver complaint, affection of the lungs, palpitation of the heart, influenza, asthma, scarlet fever, fever and ague, dropsy, typhus fever, and other diseases. This pill is coated with fine white sugar, so that the medicinal ingredients are imperceptible to the taste. To children, they may be administered without difficulty. So well convinced is Dr Clickener of their efficacy in all specified cases, that he pledges himself to return the money when the promised effect is not produced.

Sold by Wm Jackson, corner of Wood and Liberty streets, who is general Agent for Dr Clickener's Pills in Pittsburgh and vicinity.

☞ Beware of an imitation article called "*Improved Sugar-Coated Pills*," purporting to be Patented as both the pills and pretended patent are forgeries, got up by a miserable quack, in New York, who, for the last four or five years, has made his living by counterfeiting popular medicines. nov. 20.

NEW GOODS.
RICH AND RARE.
BEAUTIFUL AND CHEAP.

PHILIP ROSS is now opening a very large supply of reasonable Dry Goods, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.

This arrival is unusually large and contains a choice selection of new and fashionable goods, which will be offered at prices that must render their sale immediate.

Call Soon and Secure a Bargain.

nov 20-2w No 59, N W cor 4th and Market sts.

GEORGE WINSTON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 14, Main Street,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

Refer at Pittsburgh to
Wm. Lippencott & Son, and John Grier.
nov 20 6m*

SILVER WARE.

ON hand and constantly *Manufacturing*, Silver Spoons of all kinds:
Table Spoons;
Tea do
Dessert do
Soup Ladles;
Sugar Tongs, &c., &c.
Also, Silver Forks, of all patterns and sizes, furnished promptly to order, as cheap as they can be procured at from the East.

WANTED.

500 oz old Silver and smooth coin for which the highest price will be given in cash or trade.
W W WILSON,
nov 20 corner of 4th and Market st.

A NEW WORK BY MARY HOWITT.

THE AUTHOR'S DAUGHTER, a tale by Mary Howitt. Price, 12½c.
Amasry, a novel by Alexander Dumas.
Harper's Bible No 42. This splendid Bible will be completed in a few more numbers.
Mose's Geographic Maps. No 3.
The Chimes.—Julien's Chimes Quadriller, with a magnificent illustration title page.
Love Now, a Ballad written in reply to Mrs. Norton's Love Not, only 6 1-4 c.
The Fairy Belles, by Hon Mrs Norton, 6 1-4 c.
Little Nell, 6 1-4 c.
Some Love to Roam by Henry Russell, 12½c.
The Merchants Daughter, a Novel by Miss Ellen Pickering, authoress of "Agnes Sorle," "Nan Darrel,' &c.
Three Nights in a Life Time, a Domestic tale by the author of "Inishairlack."
The Only Daughter, a Novel,
Mansfield Park; by Miss Austin.
Eastern papers for this week. Just re'd and for sale at Cook's 85 Fourth st. nov 20

New Books.

MACAULEY'S MISCELLANIES—three editions:
The Poets and Poetry of England;
" " " Europe;
Thirlwall's History of Greece;
Kohlrausch's History of Germany;
Benthemina;
Literary Emporium, just received by
BOSWORTH & FORRESTER,
nov20 No 43 Market st.

Fancy Books.

THE Lady's Book of Poetry and Flowers;
Scenes in the Life of our Savour;
The American Poets Gift;
Book of Poetry;
Language of Flowers;
Queen of Flowers;
The Task, Illustrated;
Grey's Elegy, "
Pilgrims Progress, "
Christian Ballads, "
The beauties of Flora, 12 finished drawings of Flowers for sale by
BOSWORTH & FORRESTOR,
nov 20 43 Market st.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of Jacob Brennaman, late of Upper St Clair Township, Allegheny County, deceased, are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the subscriber, and all having claims against said Estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement. J. E. M'CABE,
nov20 w6t *Administrator.*

Pure Malt Whiskey.

1 PUNCHEON Irish Whiskey, on draught in store and for sale by J & J McDEVITT.
nov 19 224 Liberty st.

Iron and Nails.

5 TONS Juniata Iron, assorted sizes;
150 Kegs " Nails, "
20 " " Spikes, "
Just received and for sale by
J. & J. M'DEVITT
nov 19 224 Liberty st.

COPPERAS, ALUM AND LOGWOOD.

10 BBLS Copperas;
5 " Alum;
10 " Chip'd Logwood.
In store and for sale by
J. & J. M'DEVITT,
nov 19 224 Liberty st.

1 BBL SILVER SAND for sale by
R. E. SELLERS,
nov19 No. 57 Wood st.

151 GALLONS winter strained Sperm Oil, just received and for sale by
R E SELLERS.
nov19 No 57 Wood st.

ARNOLD'S CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID
and Red Ink, warranted genuine.

QUART Bottles	75 cents;	per	dozen	$8	00;
Pint "	44 "	"	"	5	00;
Half pint "	25 "	"	"	2	50;
" " Red	31 "	"	"	3	00,
4 ounce bottles	12½ "	"	"	1	25;
Small cans "	10 "	"	"	1	00;

A full supply of the above received and for sale by
JOHN H. MELLOR,
nov19. 122, Wood street.

JAMES S. CRAFT.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office, corner of Fourth and Wood streets, above Sibbett & Jones. Entrance on Fourth.
nov 14-d6m.

A DANCING ACADEMY.

MADAME BLAQUE respectfully informs her friends and the public generally, that she has arrived from the East, and will immediately enter upon the discharge of the duties of her Dancing School.—The latest and most fashionable Dances, including the Minuet de la Cour, as danced at the Courts of England and France; the BOHEMIAN POLKA, as danced by Martin; the MAZURKA, LA CACHUC... THE POLKA, COTILLIONS, Cou Cou, will be taught.

Madame B.'s Rooms are now completed, and will be open for the receptions of those ladies and gentlemen who are desirous of being instructed in the above dances, on Wednesday evening the 19th inst., at 7 o'clock, P. M. for the ladies.

The days of tuition for the gentlemen, are as follows every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings.—For the ladies; every Friday from 3 to 5 o'clock, P. M. and Saturday from 10 to 12 o'clock A. M. and from 3 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

LA FAYETTE ASSEMBLY ROOMS are situate on Fourth street, two doors from the Hay Scales.—Madame B. will rent the above named rooms for public and private supper parties, Concerts, Soirees &c., &c.

The above rooms are finished and fitted up in the most novel; elegant and approved style, with dressing rooms, and every convenience for the accommodation of visitors, and are now open for inspection.

Madame B. will commence a series of Cotillion Parties on Friday, the 28th of November, to continue through the winter.

The ladies will be ticketed.

Those gentlemen who are desirous of subscribing, will favor Madame B. by calling at her rooms.

The Rooms can be had on reasonable terms.
nov 13 tf.

To Plasterers.

2000 BUSHELS of Plasterers' Hair for sale at S. M'CLURKEN'S.
nov 13-3t No 96 Wood street.

To the Ladies.

OPENING this day, another lot of Broche Shawls. Also, on hand, a few splendid French Broche Long Shawls, (all wool) which will be sold a great bargain, at the New York store.
W. H. GARRARD,
nov13 79 Market street.

83 MARKET STREET 83

Landed on the inst from the Caledonia steamer at Boston.

RECEIVED and opened this day a lot of hand some Gala Plaids—large and small patterns—very desirable and new patterns and high colors.
nov13 B. E. CONSTABLE.

Shawls Shawls!!

JUST received superior French Broche; printed Cashmere; Turkeri; Andalusia; plain and embroidered Thibet; Ombre, shaded and plain Woolen Shawls, to which the attention of purchasers is respectfully invited. SHEA & PENNOCK.
nov18.

Gala Plaids and Cloakings.

15 PIECES Gala Plaids, superior quality and very desirable styles; Plaid Woolen Cloakings; shaded Woolen Cloakings, received by this morning's Express SHEA & PENNOCK.
nov18

Hosiery! Hosiery!

PURCHASERS will find at *SHEA & PENNOCK'S* a full supply of heavy, plain and ribb'd English silk Hose; heavy plain spun Hose; heavy plain fleecy lined spun silk Hose; superfine Merino and Woolen ½ Hose, Cashmere; Cheviot; Alpaca; Worsted; Woolen and Lambs Wool do, together with an extensive assortment of children's Hosiery.
nov18.

Æolian Attachment.

TWO new Improved Grand action Piano Fortes with Coleman's Æolian Attachment, just finished and for sale by F. BLUME.
Cor of Penn and St Clair sts, opposite Ex. Hotel.
nov17.

Piano Fortes.

A LARGE and splendid assortment of new improved grand action Piano Fortes, on hand and for sale by F. BLUME,
Cor. Penn and St. Clair sts., opposite Ex. Hotel.
nov17.

N. B. The above instruments are warranted to stand any climate, and keep in order as long as any manufactured. They will be sold low for cash.

Perrett's Cheap Music.

CHIMES' QUADRILLES.—Dennet astore.
" Queen's Dances.—Love Not.
Songs from Sonambula.—Fairy Bells.
" " Nomia.—Love's Young Dream.
Operatic Gems.—Leonora Quadrilles.
Bagley's Songs.—Lover's Songs;
Received and for sale by J H MELLOR.
nov17. 122, Wood street.

Almanacs for 1846.

THE United States Almanac for 1846. Printed after the German form, Philadelphia edition.
The Washington Almanac for 1846. Printed after