The Daily Morning Post.

JOHN BIGLER, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 7.

☞ V B PALMER, Agent for country newspapers, is the Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily Morning Post, and Weekly Mercury and Manufacturer, to receive advertisements and subscriptions. He has offices in

NEW YORK, at the Coal Office, 30 Ann street. (adjoining the Tribune Office.)

BOSTON, No. 12, State street.

PHILADELPHIA, Real Estate and Coal Office, 59 Pine street.

BALTIMORE, S E corner Baltimore and Calvert sts, where our paper can be seen, and terms of advertising learned.

THE MEMPHIS CONVENTION.—The gentlemen appointed to represent this city and the county of Allegheny in the proposed Convention, left for Memphis a few days since. Large delegations will be present from Cincinnati, Hamilton county, (O.,) Louisville, St. Louis, Nashville, &c, &c. It is, we believe, the second Convention of the kind held in the west, and we trust its deliberations will be characterized by harmony and good feeling. Very many subjects will presented for consideration, but the more important says the Cincinnati Enquirer, will be the following:

The Military and Naval resources of the Mississippi Valley, and its ability to create and sustain a steam Military marine.

The improvement of the Ohio river; and on the subject of a free Canal at the Falls on the Ohio.

The improvement of the Mississippi river, and its tributaries.

A Western National Armory.

A National Ship Canal, to connect the Mississippi with the Northern Lakes.

Mail routes on the Western Rivers.

A military road through the Public Lands in the South-West.

Reclaiming the submerged grounds along the margin of the Western rivers.

The growth of Cotton.

On Manufacturing in the South.

The completion of the Railroad from Charleston to Memphis.

All subjects of great importance—to the whole country, more especially the Mississippi valley; in nearly all of them Pittsburgh is directly interested. Should the deliberations of the Convention result in the union of the West, South and South-west in favor of the above objects, much good will have been done, because, we believe, that if union of effort in Congress is secured, favorable action can be had on such of them as will require appropriation of public money.

MR. BUCHANAN—THE CABINET 'A UNIT.'—The Washington correspondent of the Ohio Statesman, thus speaks of the Hon. James Buchanan: 'Mr. Buchanan is an exceedingly safe Secretary of State.—He is greatly to be appreciated for for his utter guileless and sincerity of character. A better feeling never existed between a President and his first cabinet officer, than between Mr. Polk and Mr. Buchanan.—Each has the most unbounded confidence in the others's rectitude of intention, and hence they are perfectly frank, in all their conversations. Mr. Buchanan is less ambitious to be elevated to the head of the nation, than any prominent individual of either party. There is nothing revengeful, nothing vindictive, nothing proscriptive in his nature; notwithstanding, he is an efficient supporter of the great republican party, with which he is indentified. Although a bachelor, he mingles much in society, and contributes vastly to the enjoyments of the gay *saloon*.'

The same correspondent, speaks in the most positive terms as to the harmony of the cabinet of President Polk, and puts to rest the thousand and one false reports put in circulation by whig letter writers: 'Let not the federal portion of the whigs, or the disaffected democracy, lay the flattering unction to their souls,' that there is any want of harmony among the distinguished personages at Washington. There is a union of purpose among them to serve with fidelity 'the country, the whole country, and nothing but the country.' As a 'unit' the present cabinet was formed—as a 'unit' it will continue until 1848.'

CARRYING NEWSPAPERS OUT OF THE MAIL.—The Postmaster General has decided that newspapers and pamphlets, may be carried out of the mail, by mail contractors, within thirty miles of the place of publication. It will take out of the mail much matter which the Department has been carrying free. It will benefit subscribers and publishers, and at the same time relieve the Post office of labor and expense. The following is the letter of the Postmaster General to the postmaster of Concord.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22d, 1845.

Dear Sir:—My attention has been called to the wishes of the citizens in several portions of your State, that the mail contractors might be permitted to carry newspapers, pamphlets, &c. out of the mails for distribution to subscribers on their several routes. I see no objection to the contractors taking newspapers and pamphlets out of the mail, and distributing them *within thirty miles of the place of publication*. You may notify the contractors of this permission—cautioning them in no case to permit it to be done over THIRTY miles from the place of publication. Very respectfully, your ob't serv't,

C. JOHNSON.

Mr. ROBINSON, P. M., Concord, N. H.

LIVERPOOL AND SOUTHERN PACKET LINES.—The Baltimore Patriot says:—There was a fully attended and spirited meeting on Wednesday night, of merchants and others favorable to the establishment of a line of Packets between Baltimore and Liverpool; and also lines between Baltimore and Wilmington, (N. C.) and Baltimore and Mobile, (Ala.) The meeting was organized by appointing Mr O C Tiffany to the Chair. The subject was canvassed by several gentlemen present—especially the project of forming a line of packets to Liverpool. There is already, we understand, about $60,000 subscribed towards the Liverpool line. No doubt was entertained that the amount of money for this enterprize ($100,000) could be obtained. At the close of the meeting, two committees were appointed to procure subscriptions. The prospects of establishing the Liverpool line, which seems to be required first, in order to afford a more certain outlet for Southern produce, are very flattering and leave hardly a doubt of success.

IRON.—Bicknell's Reporter of Saturday says:—'A letter from London of the latest date says that on the preceding day 'a very large meeting of the ironmasters was held in the Town Hall, Birmingham. It was the regular quarterly meeting and representatives of the largest firms in Staffordshire, Shropshire, and even Wales, were present. It was stated, at this meeting, that several large orders, for nails had reached the manufacturers—that foreign demands had, also been made for Iron—and that there was an increase in the home consumption—and under these circumstances, an advance was inevitable. It was also stated that the stocks were now low, that the orders could not be supplied. The price was eventually raised and the quotations are—for bar iron, £10 per ton; pig iron, from £5 10s to £6 per ton; sheet iron, £12 per ton; and hoops, £11. It is said that the price of iron will become general and uniform hereafter.

It is said that the population of Boston will not vary much in round numbers from 115 000, which indicates a very handsome increase for the past five years.

Philip E Thomas, of Baltimore, a member of the Society of Friends, has been adopted into the Seneca nation by the name of Segouan (Benevolent Giver, or Bountiful.)

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY COAL REGIONS.—The Pottsville Journal says:—'It is probable that more than $400,000 have been expended in this region during the past year in making improvements of various kinds. At least *six hundred new houses for miners* have been built, exclusive of those in the large towns. The consequence has been an extraordinary activity in trade, and business of every kind has been usually brisk this year. During the boating season of next year, we can and will send *forty thousand tons of Coal to market per week*—the trade will steadily increase at the rate of between 2 and 400,000 tons per annum—and the prosperity and business of this region will gradually and steadily increase with the increase of the coal shipments."

MASONIC.—The Grand Lodge of Ohio, at its recent sitting in this city, made the following selection of officers to preside over their deliberations for the ensuing year;

M W Wm B Thrall, Circleville, Grand Master.
R W M M Loughlin, Steubenville D G Master,
W Geo Keiffer, Troy Sen G Warden,
" J N Burr, Mt. Vernon, Jun G Warden,
" G D Palmer, Zanesville, Sen G Deacon,
" J A Weyer, Jacobsburgh, Jun G Deacon,
" T Griffith, Columbus, G Treasurer,
" J T Arthur, Zanesville, G Secretary,
" W P Strickland, Cincinnati, G Orator,
" E Burr, Portsmouth, G Chaplain,
" Samuel Reed, Cincinnati, G Lecturer,
" Abraham Bantel Columbus, G Marshal,
" John Sayre, Dayton, G Tyler.

The next annual Communication of the Grand Lodge, will be held at Dayton, on the 3d Tuesday in October, 1846.

A WILD ANIMAL AT LARGE.—As one of the watchmen of Southwark was engaged in extinguishing a light in Christian street, near Front, Saturday about midnight, says the Philadelphia Sun, he felt something nibbling at the bottom of the ladder. In arranging his 'flam,' so as to throw more light upon the mysterious stranger, he discovered, much to his surprise and alarm, a hideous looking monster, which he doubtless supposed to be the 'gentleman in black.'—The animal gave an uneathly groan, the watchman trembled from fear, and called for help. A fellow watchman came to the rescue, and jumped back with surprise from the ladder, as the animal growled and barked like a dog, and displayed a row of teeth, each one about two inches long, and of pearly whiteness.—A rope at last was obtained, and after a desperate struggle for some minutes, the stranger was tied and taken to a place of safety. When daylight had come the animal which caused so much trouble and alarm was found to be a Maracaibo hog, and the property of some person residing in the neighborhood.

A MAN AND WIFE TO BE HUNG.—Crawford Bonnett and his wife Iravina have been sentenced to be hung at Fayetteville, Arkansas, for being accessories to the murder of Jonathan Sibley. The deed was committed by their son and his cousin.

COUNTERFEITER ARRESTED.—On Saturday evening week, a man calling himself Dr. D. S. Spare, was arrested in Pottsville, Pa., for passing counterfeit notes. About three hundred dollars in counterfeit money was found upon his person, and he confessed that he made a business of passing it, but at the same time said that it was a *very respectable* employment, and that very respectable men were engaged in it'

WRECK AT SEA.—Capt. Stewart of the schr. Currency, which arrived at Philadelphia on Saturday, states, that on the 12th of October, a tremendous storm swept over the ocean, and afterwards the schooner passed a large number of vessels, ships, brigs, and schooners, all of which were injured, and some of them entirely dismasted.

Miss Eliza Baker, housekeeper of the Rev. Mr. Huntoon, at Canton, Mass., was a few nights since burned to death by her clothes being set on fire by the explosion of a camphine lamp.

In curing beef a farmer at the Wensays: "I have used *saleratus* in place of *saltpetre* and I never had better beef."

THE HOG FRATERNAL.—The Native Americans of Monroe, N Y, have upon consultation and by arrangement with the whigs of that county agreed to support the whig candidates.

THANK-GIVING.—The Governor of Ohio has appointed the 27th of this month as a day of thanksgiving and prayer.

The Governor of Illinois has appointed the same day.

The Governor of Maine has appointed the fourth of December.

The Hamburg Gazette states that the cholera had made its appearance in Livonia—many deaths had taken place.

A den for concealing stolen horses was discovered a few days since near Lockport, N Y.

MEETING OF MANUFACTURERS.

On last evening a large number of our principal manufacturers assembled in the Board of Trade Rooms, in pursuance of a published call.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. M. Robertson, who nominated Mr. Thomas Bakewell, Chairman. The nomination was unanimously concurred in, when Messrs. Anderson and Lorenz were appointed Vice Presidents, and Messrs. Brown and Robertson, Secretaries.

The Chairman then stated the call had been originated in a conversation between himself and several other gentlemen upon the subject of the dangers to which the Tariff of 1842, was exposed. He said that they, the manufacturers, should not look upon the Tariff question as politicians, but as manufacturers. It was a subject of vital interest to them and to their fellow citizens. In order to express the sense of the meeting, he took the liberty of submitting the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, A Tariff Convention has been called to assemble at Hollidaysburg on Wednesday next, the 12th inst., and whereas, the manufacturers of Pittsburgh and vicinity consider the permanency of the present Tariff to be a subject which involves not only their own welfare, but the prosperity of every portion of the State and of the Union, and therefore believed it highly important that their interests should be ably and faithfully represented at the said Convention; Therefore be it

Resolved, That delegates be appointed to attend the said Convention on behalf of the manufacturers of Pittsburgh and its vicinity.

Resolved, That to the successful operation of the Tariff of 1842 must chiefly be attributed the gratifying contrast presented between the distress and prostration so prevalent among our fellow-citizens in 1840 and '41 when compared with the present flourishing condition of agriculture, commerce and manufactures.

Resolved, That as citizens of Pennsylvania we most anxiously desire the maintainance of the public credit of the Commonwealth and are willing to make considerable sacrifices to secure that important object. But we are fully convinced that the preservation of the present Tariff, by aiding in the developement of the vast mineral wealth of the state, by fostering the industry of every portion of her citizens and by creating a home market for surplus agricultural produce can alone render her public works productive, and enable her to overcome the financial difficulties in which she is involved.

Resolved, That we rejoice to witness the recent proceedings of a portion of the Cotton Planters of Mississippi, who have so nobly and powerfully sustained the Tariff of 1842, in opposition to the free trade opinions of some of their zealous politicians and we trust that the prejudices of our southern brethren will soon give way, before the accumulating evidence of experience so that all may be convinced that the true interests of the producer, the manufacturer and the consumer will be promoted and identified by the perpetuation of an enlightened system of protective policy.

Resolved, That although as manufacturers we might be among the first to save from a reduction of the present Tariff, yet inasmuch, as the beneficial effects of a liberal protective system, extend to all classes of the community; so every branch of industry would in this time experience the disastrious effects of its repeal, by which the pauper laborers of foreign countries would be sustained, while the enterprise and industry of a large portion of our own citizens, would be paralyzed.

Mr Bakewell said that he was aware that it was not usual for the Chairman of a public meeting to submit the resolutions but he hoped that the circumstances of the case would excuse such a departure from conventional rules. He had not expected to act as Chairman, but had intended offering the resolutions as one of the members of the meeting.

The preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The utmost unanimity appeared to prevail among the gentlemen present; all of whom recognized the propriety of decided and energetic action on the part of the people of Pennsylvania to sustain the Tariff.—After some discussion relative to the number it would be necessary to appoint as delegates, in which Messrs Robertson, Brown, Lorenz, M'Cauly, and Mulvany, participated, Mr Mulvany moved that a Committee of five be appointed to report names to fill to the blank in the first resolutions; said Committee to report to an adjourned meeting to be held in the Board of Trade rooms on Thursday evening next at 7 o'clock, P. M.

The Chairman appointed Messrs Lorenz, M. Robertson, J. K. Moorhead, Wm. C. Robinson and R. C. Townsend, on said Committee.

During the evening Messrs. M Robertson, F. Lorenz, John Anderson, P. Mulvany, Thomas Bakewell, R. C. Townsend, Jas. Patterson and Wm Coleman, stated that they would attend the Convention at Hollidaysburg.

Mr. Mulvany then offering the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this meeting recommend the Mechanics, Agriculturists and other citizens of Allegheny county, to meet and appoint Delegates to represent their interests in the approaching Convention.

The meeting then adjourned, to re-assemble in the same place on Thursday evening next at 4 o'clock, P. M.—*Commercial Journal, Nov 5th.*

From the Boston Journal.

SALT WATER BUBBLES.

BY HAWSER MARTINGALE.

FLIGHT OF CAPTAIN CRABTREE

Captain Ebenezer Simcox was a dapper little fellow, who had an exalted opinion of his own merits and good looks, and who took great pleasure in decorating his person, especially when about to enter into the company of the ladies. He was a little choleric in his temper, but smart as a steel trap, and always on shore looked as nice as a new pin, or as if he had just been taken out of a band box marked 'this side up with care.'

Captain Simcox once commanded the ship Spouter of Providence, on a voyage to Copenhagen. One evening, at a party, he formed an acquaintance with an old-looking German nobleman, who seemed quite pleased with the conversation and bearing of the gentleman Yankee. A few days afterward, his friend, the American consul, put in his hands a note, written on embossed gilt-edged paper, (not so common in those days as now,) and with armorial bearings on the seal. 'What's in the wind, now?' exclaimed the Yankee with a look of surprise, as he drew off his kid gloves and opened the note

'An invitation from Count Wogonstroffsky to dine, I swan!' replied the worthy consul

'I believe it is,' remarked Simcox, with a smile which unchanged into a terrible frown as he read the note aloud—

'Count Wogonstroffsky's compliments to Capt Ebenezer Simcox, Esq, and would be much happy to be honored with his company to dinner on Wednesday next at six o'clock in the evening.

N B. It is expected that Captain Simcox will not make his appearance at table without his chor—as Jacke will be present. A dickey alone will not do."

It is difficult to conceive the rage which burned within the bosom of Captain Simcox, on reading this insulting letter. Although a pigmy in size he was a giant in spirit—What does the rascal mean?' said he with a grin of defiance. 'Dickey indeed! I will go forth and pull the villain's nose in the public gardens. Even the presence of the king himself shall not screen him from the chastisement he deserves.' Saying this, the redoubtable Simcox seized his cane, a rattan switch, with a convulsive grasp, and was about to sally forth in quest of Count Wogonstroffsky.

The Consul, with a quiet smile, saw the exciting effect which was produced by the harmless looking missive. 'Stop,' said he, as he gently laid his hand on the arm of his friend. 'What is the matter?'

'The scoundrel!' sputtered the furious Yankee, 'the sour-crout-eating, gin-drinking Hessian sends me an invitation to dinner, and says that as ladies will be present, I must not come without my shirt! Let me go, my friend, I beg of you—I long to be at him. I'll learn him to play off his jokes on a Yankee. Dickey indeed!'

'But there is no occasion to hurry,' added the consul, after indulging in a hearty laugh 'you can as well give him his lesson half an hour hence as now. I have a little story to tell you, which may possibly account for the Count's singular message, that has so very naturally excited your choler. After you have heard what I have to say, if you are determined to give the Count a thrashing—why just go to work, I'd say.'

Captain Simcox, with a dogged air, turned round, looked in his friend's face, which was lighted on by a meaning smile, and threw himself on an ottoman, saying—'you are right—there's no hurry—I can flog the rascal as well an hour hence as now—so heave ahead, my fine fellow, as there is scarcely no time to be lost. But don't think to change my purpose—for a terrible flogging I will give him as sure as ——'

'Pish, my dear fellow, don't make rash resolutions. The Count is a good fellow enough, and had not the least idea of insulting you.'

'What' ask a man to join his dinner party, and insinuate that he never wears a shirt, and yet intend no insult! The idea is preposterous,' and the little man brought his fist down upon a table, which was conveniently near, with a violence which threatened to demolish it'

'Count Wogonstroffsky,' resumed the consul, without seeming to notice the fury of the Yankee, 'is a German noble of great wealth, and is distinguished for his hospitality to strangers. He has always admired the character of the Americans, and for years after he located himself in the city, was fond of forming acquaintance with respectable and intelligent Yankees, and invited them to his house and his parties, where they always found a large and select company, and good entertainment.

'About a year ago, a large American ship, the Buckwoodsman, of Boston, arrived here from Pernambuco, after a long passage of seventy five days. The Count fell in with the captain, whose name was Crabtree, soon after the ship hauled into the inner harbor. He found him an honest, open hearted sailor, liked him, and invited him to dine with him that very afternoon, which Crabtree unthinkingly accepted.

'He got through his business with all possible despatch, and hurried on board the ship to adorn himself handsomely for the dinner party; he entered his state room, and in a few minutes his gruff voice was heard calling for the steward. That important functionary soon opened the door of the state room, and thrust within it his ashle visage.

'Steward!' exclaimed the skipper, with a tremulous accent indicating alarm, 'find me a clean shirt!'

'Clean shirts all gone, sar.'

'All gone! What do you mean! Get me a shirt at once, don't stand gaining there.'

'Your last clean shirt, massa captain, you put on yesterday morning, when you come ashore, and that I would hardly keep together, it was so old, and all the others have gone to be washed!'

'Here's a pretty predicament,' growled Crabtree 'invited out to dinner, and can't go for want of a shirt! Oh! it is too bad! Steward, what shall I do?'

'Better wear the old one sar,' suggested the steward.

'That's out of the question, snowball,' replied Crabtree, 'I found it unseaworthy when I took it off, and threw it out of the cabin window!'

'Ah!' said blackey, 'that's very bad. I 'spect I shall have to lend you one of my check shirts, that I scrubbed nice and clean in the salt water 'tother day.'

'Be off, you stupid blockhead. You lend *me* a checked shirt! Away with you, on deck,' and as the steward, with a broad grin overspreading the whole of his face, successfully dodged a 'Bowditch's Epitome' aimed at his head, and darted up the companionway, Captain Crabtree's countenance kindled with a gleam of satisfaction. 'I have it,' said he, 'I have it!' he repeated, with all the enthusiastic joy of the old Syracusan sage when he untied a knotty problem in mathematics—and he hastened to avail himself of the wise thought which had just popped itself into his noddle.

Now Captain Crabtree had a very neat *dickey* in his trunk. A dickey, as every one knows, is, or was a shirt bosom, with a handsome shirt collar attached, and would serve on a pinch as a very good apology for a shirt—indeed dandies in those days often dispensed with a shirt for weeks and months together. Crabtree, with a degree of presence of mind and fruitfulness of expedients, which were characteristic of that worthy seaman, resolved to fret himself no longer for the absent shirt, but to make the dickey do double duty on the important occasion.

He arrayed himself accordingly, looked in his glass, and admired his appearance. He felt cool and comfortable, too—and that was something gained on a sultry day in July. He even began to entertain the idea of discarding altogether, as superfluous, that article of dress which he had hitherto considered indispensable, especially when in full dress. In the meantime, as he had a strange habit of throwing off his coat when oppressed with heat, without much regard to his company or circumstances, he took the precaution to prevent such an occurrence on the present occasion, by stitching his coat and his black velvet vest together.

At the appointed hour, Captain Crabtree entered the mansion of the German nobleman, where he was received with marked courtesy by the Count, and introduced to a good company of ladies and gentlemen, principally natives of Denmark. Crabtree understood no language but his mother tongue, but by dint of a tolerable assurance and emphatic gestures, he got along tolerably well. Dinner passed off—and the wine, as is usual abroad, circulated freely. Crabtree found himself somewhat in a melting mood, and soon ceased to remember the peculiarity of his costume.

When dinner was over, he was challenged by a lady to play a game of billiards. The greater part of the company adjourned to the billiard room, to be witnesses of the game—and the captain, after a few unsuccessful strokes with his cue, involuntarily essayed to throw of his coat, declaring that he could never play well with that heavy garment on. The coat clung with a sort of fraternal affection to the vest, but the impetuous sailor could not take the hint, or brook delay. Another desperate effort, a couple of buttons gave way and the coat and vest being unwilling to part company, were both stripped off, and thrown triumphantly on a chair! when lo! the captain stood in the midst of the assembly, grasping his cue with a business like air, and arrayed as if for a pugilistic contest in the prize-ring!

A scream from the ladies, and some emphatic exclamation from the gentlemen, first reminded the forgetful sailor that something was wrong. He glanced at his bare arms, then caught a view of his whole person in a large mirror, and the truth rushed upon his mind like a flash of lightning. The dickey was doing all it could to supply the place of a more simple garment, but it was woefully deficient in dimensions—and to the astonished captain, seemed shrunk to half its usual size!

Captain Crabtree dropped his cue, gave a sort of convulsive jump, which would do credit to a burlesque vaulter, uttered a loud demi-savage sailor-howl, which was heard a mile off, and scampered down stairs into the street, regardless of the blushes of the ladies, or the storm of hisses and revilings from the scandalized gentlemen. He stopped not, but flew through the streets like a frightened madman, while the wondering populace shouted and clapped their hands, or sprang aside to give him a fair field for his race This only added to his speed, and in a few minutes he was singly moored in his state room, on board his good ship, with the door closed behind him, and securely bolted. The flight of Captain Crabtree was a theme of story and song for months afterwards—at those who beheld it, will never forget it until their dying day.

As for Count Wogonstroffsky, he hardly knew what to make of it—at first, he was disposed to resent it as a deliberate affront, and sent Crabtree a polite and pressing invitation to meet him in the Dow Park, to settle the affair with pistols. An explanation followed, disarmed the good-hearted German of his wrath, and provoked his mirth—and he dearly loves to tell the story to every stranger who visits his house.

He formed a resolution at the time, however, to be cautious how he invited 'cold salts' at his select parties in future—and solemnly declared that if he ever again asked a Yankee-shipmaster to dine with him, he would caution him to bring a shirt along with him! You, my dear fellow, are the first Yankee whom he has honored with an invitation since Captain Crabtree's flight.

Such was the Consul's story. Simcox, whose anger had been gradually oozing away at the corners of his mouth, while he listened to the adventure of Crabtree, laughed heartily at the close—the Count Wogonstroffsky was authored to escape with a whole skin.

Coughs and Colds.—In all cases of coughs and colds, the sufferers will find a pleasant but powerful remedy in Clickener's Sugar Coated Vegetable Pill—The fame of this medicine has already spread far and wide. Over five hundred thousand boxes of these pills were sold last year, having been used in all authenticated cases with perfect success, for liver complaint, affection of the lungs, palpitation of the heart, influenza asthma, scarlet fever, fever and ague, dropsy, typus fever, and other diseases. This pill is coated with fine white sugar, so that the medicinal ingredients are imperceptible to the taste. To children, they may be administered without difficulty. So well convinced is Dr Clickener of the efficacy in all specified cases, that he pledges himself to return the money when the promised effect is not produced

Sold by Wm Jackson, corner of Wood and Liberty streets, who is general Agent for Dr Clickener's Pills in Pittsburgh and vicinity.

☞ Beware of an imitation article called "*Improved Sugar-Coated Pills*," purporting to be Patented, as both the pills and pretended patent are forgeries got up by a miserable quack, in New York, who, for the last four or five years, has made his living by counterfeiting popular medicines. nov. 7.

Doctor Duncan's Expectorant Remedy for Consumption, &c.—Whatever will have a tendency to mitigate suffering, and remove any one of a part of the many diseases which are now prevalent in the United States, is truly a great blessing to mankind When a medicinal preparation has been tried and found to possess the virtue to heal and cure diseases, it is an act of imperative justice and benevolence which we owe to our fellow beings and the world to make it known. We have made use of Dr Duncan's Expectorant Remedy in our family, and believe it to be among the very best of the many medical preparations, to remove Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, &c &c., now in market. Yours, &c.

Cadiscion, Sept. 3, 1845.

For sale by W JACKSON, corner of Wood and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

Asthma, Coughs, Consumption, etc.—We again call the reader's attention to that celebrated and most excellent medicine, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Its reputation is spreading wider and wider every day, and all now admit it to be the most certain curative for all pulmonary complaints ever discovered. How gratifying the thought that a remedy is at last discovered, which has proven itself a perfect master of that dire disease—CONSUMPTION! Let the despairing cheer up and lay hold of this life-giving nectar

☞ See advertisement. Price $1 per bottle. oct 27

BALTIMORE MARKET.

NOVEMBER 3.

Cattle—Over 900 head were sold to day at prices ranging from $1.50@2.50 per 100 lbs on foot, equal to $4@4.75 net.

Hogs—Live hogs continue to arrive freely, and sales are readily made at $5@5.25.

Flour—On Saturday 800 to 1000 barrels were sold at $5 12½ to day dealers offer to sell at $5.18¾, while others are asking $5.25.

Grain—Wheat, good prime red, $1.08@1.12½, ordinary good, $1@1.07. White wheat, $1.10@1.15.—Corn, white 56@58 cts; yellow 58@60 cts per bushel. Oats, 36@37 cts.

Provisions—Mess Pork $13 25@13,50; Prime $10.75@11; Mess Beef, $19@10,50; No 1, $9,75@9 and prime, $6,75@7.

Bacon—Shoulders, 6¼@6¾; Sides, 7½@7¾, Assorted, 7@8 cts; Hams, 8½@9 cts.

Lard—No 1 Western in kegs, 6¾@3¾, and in bbls at 7¾@8¼ cts.

Whiskey—We continue to quote hhds at 27 cts and bbls at 28 cts per gal.

THE PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

Monday, 4½ o'clock, P. M.

The demand for flour continues and prices are steady with sales of about 3,000 barrels for export at $5,50—scraped, $5,25. Small sales of Rye flour at $3,75@$3,87 1 2. Corn Meal continues scarce and in demand—sales at $2, 87 1 2@$3. We note further sales of Wheat at 115@118c. for Penn'a red and 11 1@113c. for southern. The latter arrives rather sparingly. Rye is still in fair request at 74@75c. for Penn'a and 66@70c. for southern. Corn is without change.—We note a sale of 500 bu, Penn'a round at 63 cents. Oats are a little down. We hear of a sale of 800 bu at 38c. In provisions there is nothing doing, and in other and minor articles we note no change.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

REPORTED FOR THE POST BY ISAAC HARRIS.

Friday Morning, Nov 7.

STATE OF TRADE.—In the early part of this week we have had constant rains, and our rivers have risen seven feet, and business has revived very much. Our merchants are generally well supplied with goods at low, uniform prices, and are doing a good deal of business. Flour has advanced a little since the late news and almost all kinds of country produce find a ready sale at good prices. Tran-porters quit receiting for goods on the canal after the 10th inst.

Flour—Flour has sold this week at $4.37½@$4.50 but to day prices are a little lower. Sales of 3000 bbls. good brands at $4,25. 100 bbls. inferior $4.12½ and 200 barrels in lots from waggons and boats at $4 61@$4.44.

Grain—Market not well supplied this week—wheat ready sale at 75@80c. ℔ bu. Barley—1500 bushels sold at 75. 200 bushels at the river at 76 200 bus. from store 78 c. Buckwheat—Mills paying 37½c ℔ bu. Oats—Sales of 3500 bu. at the river, canals and from waggons at 36@37½. Rye—42@50c. Corn—7 50 bu. sold at the canal and river at 40@43c.

Seed.—Clover—Small sales from wagons at $4.75, and stores $5.25@$5.50; Timothy from wagons, $2.50 and from stores $3@$3.25—Sales of 500 bushels of Flax-seed at $1 per bushel of 56 lbs.

Ashes—Scorchings plenty and dull at 3 cts; Pots, sales of 80 casks at 3½c; Pearls, 4c; Saleratus, 4½c ℔ lb.

Beans—Small White, $1 ℔ bush and in demand.

Brooms—Sales 200 doz good corn at $1,25@1.50 ℔ doz.

Butter—In good demand and large sales—it comes in more freely—sales of 41 kegs from wagons at 10½ and about 155 in small lots at 9½@10½c—sales from stores of about 100 kegs and a few bbls. at 10@14c ℔ lb.

Beeswax—In demand, and ready sales at 27@28c ℔ lb.

Cheese—190 boxes sold at 6½—360 boxes sold for 6½c ℔ lb. cash on the wharf; sales from stores 6½@7c ℔ lb.

Cotton Yarn—Sales of about 6000 lbs in two lots from first hand at 25@28, and 25000 lbs fair to prime in lots from stores at 29@30c. A few fine in sacks, 31c ℔ lb.

Groceries—Coffee is plenty but has advanced a little in the Eastern and Western Cities—½ cent in Cincinnati and ¼ cent a lb in New Orleans. Sales of 400 bags, almost wholly Rio at 7¾@8¼ for fair to prime, and 8¼@9c. ℔ lb. for fine green; N. O. Sugar—sales in hhds. at 7@7¼c. and in bbls. at 7¼@7¾. Molasses—sales at 40c: and Sugar House 45c per gal.

Hops.—Sales from stores at 14@15c. per lb.

Iron.—The demand is one of the most animated description, especially by order, and some scarcity felt at this moment. The mills are all running full time, but the demand keeps up with the supply. Prices are the same—Common Bar 3c 3¼c, and Juniata 3½c. per lbs; Pig Metal—sales of 80 tons Johnstown metal, high in quality at $22, four mos. A large lot of Allegheny Metal was bought yesterday by two buyers—the quality No. 1—400 tons at $29, six and eight months—30 tons of hot blast at $34, cash. 125 tons in small lots at $28@$30, cash.

Nails—Are also in very active demand, and sales to a large amount are making at former prices, viz: No 2 10d, $3.75@3 87½; 6d, $4@4.12½ ℔ keg; No 1 10d, $4.50 per keg; 2, Juniata 10d, $1.25; and 6d, $4 50 ℔ keg.

Lead.—Five tons at 4½c. ℔ lb., cash; 7 kegs Shot at $13.50 per keg. cash.

Lumber—Common boards, on the Allegheny river, $7.50, and clear $15 per M. feet; Pine shingles $1.50@$2 per M.

Cattle Market—Sales of about 125 head at $2 50 to $3 per 100 lbs. net. Sheep, sales of about 250 head at $1 25@$1 50 each. Hogs, sales of about 400 head in lots, at $4 per 100 lbs.

Gold and Steel Pens.

DIAMOND-Pointed gold Pens
Gillott's extra fine steel Pens;
" " " Ladies' Pens;
Markham's and Accountant Pens;
Perdhow's fine steel and slip Pens;
Leon's commercial Pens;
Perry's three-pointed and flat spring Pen;
With a great variety of low priced Pens and Pen holders, all of which will be sold at very reduced prices by JOHN H. MELLOR,
nov7. 122, Wood street.

JUST received, 150 doz. 8 by 10, 9 by 12 and 10 by 12 Window Sash, in 3, 4, 6, 9 and 12 light pieces; and all sizes of window glass to suit; 200 assorted bowls; a few bbls of Louisville Lime; Sweet Potatoes and Lime by the bbl and retail; 250 cuts yellow and purple carpet chain; 25 large and small bed comfortables; 50 gross cheap suspender buttons; a few bed cords and screws, augers, and a small assortment of dry goods and family medicines, for sale cheap.

ISAAC HARRIS, Agent
nov 6 6t and Com. Merchant, No 9 5th street.

Oranges.

100 FRESH Havana Oranges, just received from the South; for sale by
P. C. MARTIN,
nov7 60 Water st.

Copal Varnish.

1 BARREL, for sale by
P. C. MARTIN,
nov7 60 Water st.

FRESH BUTTER, for sale and on hand, by
P. C. MARTIN,
nov7 60 Water st.

Coal Boats.

2 COAL Boats, 80 by 20 feet, new, for sale low by
P C MARTIN,
nov 7. 60 Water st.

In the Court of Common Pleas, Allegheny County of June Term 1845, No. 294.

IN the matter of the voluntary assignment of George Gossin to Wm. Joyce.

And now, to wit: October 27th, 1845. On motion of H. W. Williams Esq., account of Assignee confirmed and Geo. S. Selden, Esq., appointed Auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the assignee. From the Record,

GEO. R. RIDDLE Proth'y.

Creditors and all others concerned are requested to meet at my office on Fourth, st., between Wood and Smithfield, on Saturday, the 6th December next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at which time and place I will attend to the duties of my appointment.

G. S. SELDEN, Auditor.
nov7 3t

NOW IS THE TIME to prepare for Winter—The subscriber would just remind those gentlemen who want a first rate pair of Winter Boots, that he has just received a splendid lot of Philadelphia Fine Calf Double Soled Boots, such as he can recommend, and those who will wear thin Boots, he would invite to examine a superior Gum over Shoe, which cannot be surpassed for neatness and durability. Also, ladies' superior Gum Over shoes, the very thing for the muddy weather Also, all kinds of Boots and Shoes; which will be sold as CHEAP as can be bought at any other store in the city.

J C KIMBALL,
nov7-3t No 70 Wood st.

Books, Cutlery, Boots, Shoes, &c. at Auction.

AT 6½ o'clock, on Saturday evening the 8th inst., at Davis's Auction Rooms, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, will be sold, a large collection of Books in various departments of literature; new and second-hand gold and silver watches, 8 day and 30 hour clocks; shot guns; musical instruments; boots, shoes, hats, caps, clothing and a variety of staple and fancy Dry Goods, &c. JOHN D. DAVIS,
nov7. Auctioneer.

THEATRE.

MANAGERS, SHIRES AND PORTER.
PROMPTER, GEORGE T. ROWE.
LEADER OF THE ORCHESTRA, J. H. HESSING.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

1st Tier of Boxes, or Dress Circle	75 cts.
2d " "	50 "
3d " "	25 "
Pit	37½ "
Gallery for Colored Persons	25 "

BENEFIT OF THE SWISS BELL RINGERS.

On which occasion they will be assisted by MISS CAROLINE HIFFERT, The Popular Vocalist.

This Evening, November 7th, 1845,

Will be presented a comedy called

THE MAID OF CROISSEY!

Campanologian Waltzes, *Bell Ringers*
Popular Song, on the Piano, Miss C HIFFERT.
Blue Bells of Scotland. *Bell Ringers.*
Popular Ballad, Miss C HIFFERT.

After which the celebrated farce called

MY FELLOW CLERK.

After which the second part of the Bell Ringer's Concert.
Favorite Song, Miss C HIFFERT.

The Bell Ringers, will then perform the melody entitled "*Merry may the Keel Row*," and their performances will conclude with the National airs of America

☞ For particulars see small bill.

☞ Doors open at ½ past 6 o'clock, curtain will rise at ½ past 7 precisely. nov7.

Auction Sales.

By John D. Davis. Auctioneer, corner of Wood and Fifth streets.

ON Monday morning, at 10 o'clock, at the Auction Store, will be sold, a large and general assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes; Hats and Caps, &c. &c., comprising super blue and black broad cloths; Beaver cloths, extra fine blue, black and fancy cassimeres; super satinetts and cassinetts; plain and fancy Kentucky jeans, pilot cloths; green Mackinaw blankets; super black, striped and figured alpaccas; mous de laines; calicoes; prints; fine merino wool drawers and shirts, fine wool hose; fleecy lined gloves; fine wool ½ hose; real buck gloves and mitts; children's fancy wool hose, Ladie's embroidered mitts; gum elastic suspenders; pearl buttons, &c. &c. Also, men's black fur and silk hats; men's thick boots and brogans; fine sewed calf boots; Ladies fine boots, shoes and slippers; men's and boy's fur, cloth and glazed caps, &c. &c.

AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.

A large quantity of new and second hand household Furniture, Glassware and Queensware; Looking Glasses; Carpeting; Counting house Desks; Bedsteads; fine and table Cutlery; Brass Mantel Clocks; Young Hyson Tea; Loaf Sugar, New Orleans Molasses; manufactured Tobacco, and Cordage, &c. &c. nov7

Platform Scales at Auction.

*At M'Kenna's Phenix Auction Mart, No 64 Market street, Simpson's Row, between 3d & 4