The Daily Morning Post.

JOHN BIGLER, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, OCT. 9, 1845.

☞ V. B. PALMER, Agent for country newspapers, is the Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily Morning Post, and Weekly Mercury and Manufacturer, to receive advertisements and subscriptions. He has offices in

NEW YORK, at the Coal Office, 30 Ann street, (adjoining the Tribune Office.)

BOSTON, No. 12, State street.

PHILADELPHIA, Real Estate and Coal Office, 59 Pine street.

BALTIMORE, S E corner Baltimore and Calvert sts, where our paper can be seen, and terms of advertising learned.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER.

JAMES BURNS, Mifflin county.

ASSEMBLY.

SAMUEL W. BLACK, Pittsburgh.
THOMAS DONNELLY, Allegheny city.
JOSEPH COOPER, Moon.
COL. WM. L. MILLER, Versailles.

CLERK OF THE COURT.

R. H. KERR, Allegheny city.

COUNTY TREASURER.

T. BLACKMORE, Birmingham.

RECORDER.

J. C. M'CULLY, Upper St. Clair.

REGISTER.

EDWARD M'CORKLE, Indiana.

COMMISSIONER.

JOSEPH E. M'CABE, Fayette.

AUDITOR.

JOHN H. M'ELHENY, Jefferson.

Tickets! Tickets!!

☞ Any quantity of the regular Democratic ticket can be had at this office.

THE STRIKE—THE GAZETTE.—The Gazette is furious in its denunciation of the persons, who have addressed the Factory operatives; the editor appears to be at a loss for degrading epithets to apply to them. Mr. BIGHAM, one of the whig candidates for the Legislature, addressed the meeting at the old Court House, and we are assured not only approved of what, had been done, but urged the operatives present to stand firm in favor of their rights. All right, we presume, when done by a candidate on the whig ticket, but unpardonable in others. How is it with the editor himself? The editor of the "Spirit of Liberty" asserts boldly that the editor of the Gazette was consulted by one of the operatives, before the "strike" took place, and that the editor expressed himself in favor of it. But, perhaps it would be better to give the words of the editor of the Spirit of Liberty. The editor says:

☞ "The movement originated neither with us nor the other citizens named in the Gazette, but immediately *with the operatives themselves*, is a fact with which no man is more familiar than *D. N. White*. He was actually *first called on* by the young operatives who lead in the movement, before they addressed us, or we had any intimation of the matter! Knowing that we were friendly to the interests of the laboring classes, they set out in search of our residence in Allegheny city, to ask us to lead in, and address a meeting of operatives and others friendly to the ten hour system. In their search for our residence, they made inquiry of a friend of *White's*, who, learning their business, advised them to enlist White. They called on him—he *approved* the movement, but said he was not a speaker, and declined leading in the meeting, yet said there would be no difficulty about speakers. In consequence of this conversation with White the young men did not call on us until *next morning*, when we agreed to organize the meeting, and to speak for them." ☜

So, the editor of the Gazette was actually *first consulted*, and the *first to approve* of the "strike" —now he is furious in opposition to the operatives, and violently abusive of all who take part in the meetings.

The editor of the Gazette has, upon more than one occasion, expressed himself in favor of the "Ten Hour System," the only object the operatives have in view in "striking;"—he can see nothing wrong in the course of Mr. BIGHAM, and will, we doubt not, vote for him, but every other man that ventures to utter opinions similar to those expressed by the Gazette's favorite for the Legislature, must be denounced in the most bitter terms.

The editor of the Gazette, has pursued a singularly inconsistent course;—he rushed headlong into the matter, under the impressions, we presume, that the fate of the whig ticket depended upon his early and decided efforts in favor of the operatives; but the moment he discovers his mistake, and finds out that he cannot make political capital out of the "strike," he "jumps Jim Crow," and now is furious on the other side of the question.

H. M. BRACKENRIDGE, Esq.—This gentleman expects the people of this city to aid in his election to the Legislature, for the reason, we presume, that on the day of the great fire, he took his "carpet bag" under his arm, and fled the city. Verily, the man that forsook his neighbor on that day of trial, is not deserving of the votes of freemen. Citizens of Pittsburgh, bear in mind, when at the polls, that Mr. *Brackenridge*, basely deserted you on the 10th of April—that instead of aiding his fellow citizens to save their property, he took his "carpet bag" under his arm and fled from the city. Is he worthy of your suffrages? Think of it.

AMUSING.—A few days since, a plain farmer accosted one of the whig office-holders in the Court House, as follows: "MR. ——, don't you think the *"one term principle"* very popular, and that it ought to be rigidly adhered to by the whig party?"—To which the dapper little office-holder thus replied: "John, is thy wife and little one's well at home?" and then he speedily turned a corner, leaving John entirely in the dark as to the "one term principle."—John, stood a few moments, and then said to a friend near him, "next Tuesday, I will show that I am warmly in favor of "the one term principle, by casting my vote *against* Mr. what-de-you-call-him. You know who I mean—the little fellow."

BALLOONING ACROSS THE ATLANTIC.—The London correspondent of the Boston Traveller says, that in a conversation with Green, the aeronaut, a short time since, he Green stated that if a sufficient sum was secured to him in England and America, to remunerate him for making the aerial voyage, he would go to Boston in the steamer; and, taking advantage of the westerly winds, would return to England in his balloon. The writer thinks it will be attempted.

SCIENCE ON FOOT.—A Norwegian has proposed to discover the sources of the Nile, alone and on foot.—He is highly recommended by the Court of St Petersburg, as eminently qualified for the undertaking; being able to accomplish a degree every twelve hours, and abstain three days from food. He takes only a map, compass and axe, climbs mountains swims rivers, and turns neither to the right nor to the left, trusting to his heels for deliverance from man and beast. Truly the mantle of Ledyard must have fallen on him; and, with the endurance of a camel; we can conceive nothing further than the stomach of an ostrich, to digest the roots and leaves on which he must be obliged to subsist.

BAD EGGS.—An important point was settled in the Court of Common Pleas, in New York, lately, namely, that a vender cannot claim payment for bad eggs. The defendant in the suit purchased seven barrels, which proved to be rotten, and they, therefore, refused to pay for them, because they had received no value, and the jury sustained them by giving a verdict in their favor.

FIREPROOF ROOFING.—The New York Courier says that a great improvement in roofing has lately been effected, which is well worthy of the attention of builders, owners and insurance companies. The roofs alluded to have the advantage of being proof against *fire, water* and *rust*. The material used to the patent galvanized tinned plate, with which the new houses of Parliament and many other public edifices in England are covered. It has also been used in N. York upon Grace Church and many of the finest private edifices there, and has been found superior to any other material. The galvanized plates are greatly superior to common tin, or iron in point of durability, and are guaranteed to stand in good order for many years. The addition of the *fireproof* feature, however, is recent. This is effected by putting a thick layer of cement between the plank and the metal—thus making it impossible for fire falling upon the roof to ignite the timbers.

THUNDER IN THE COPPER REGION.—It is a singular fact, says a western paper, that in the neighborhood of the Lake Superior copper mines, in the Porcupine mountains, from a hill six miles from La Point, comes a sound like repeated discharges of artillery, which on clear days is heard distinctly. The agent of the American Fur Company once imagined the noise to proceed from a ship belonging to the company, in distress, and sent a boat to the rescue. The Porcupine mountains are 50 miles from La Point. It is supposed there must be zinc, and other metals incorporated in the copper, and closed up in the mountains, which give out the sounds. The indians have a tradition that this sound, with which they are familiar, is the angry voice of the great spirit, enraged that the copper should be disturbed, and for this reason, although familiar with rich beds, they refuse to reveal this knowledge.

I. O. OF ODD FELLOWS.—The report of P. G. M. James L. Ridgely, Cor. Sec. of the R W. Grand Lodge of the U. States, made at the late session at Baltimore, gives the following information. The number of Lodges under its jurisdiction is 677, with 64,639 contributing members, and a revenue of $449,194 24. Total amount of brothers relieved, 6,834; number of widowed families relieved, 476; number of brothers buried, 329; amount paid for relief of brethers, $97,473 54; amount paid relief of widowed families, $10,072 88; amount paid for education of orphans, $3,225; for burying the dead $13,820 91—making the grand total of relief, $124,632 27.

☞ An affair of honor of rather a ludicrous character took place, we learn, at Hoboken, N Y on Sunday or Monday last, between two young gentlemen, boarders at one of the fashionable hotels. Instead of bullets the seconds charged the pistols with cork, un know, however, to the principals, so that their honor was satisfied without bloodshed. The farce was considerably heightened in effect, we understand, by the introduction of two amateur police officers whose sense of duty, was exactly obliviousted, and the party returned to their hotel, fully impressed with a proper sense of their prowess, and particularly punctilious with respect to their honor.

STEAM SHIPS.—The St. Louis Reporter of a late date, contains nearly a column of structures upon an article erroneously credited to this paper, in which the Navy Department is censured for making experiments in the erection of Steam Ships. The article never appeared in the columns of the Post, and we hope the editor of the Reporter will do us the justice to correct the error.

ELOQUENT.—"What, sir, have my client did? Nothing, sir—nothing. But that is the man what have did the mischief. Him it were, sir, what with the ferocility of a blood-hound, seized a shingle, and pursuted the victim."

☞ An editor out west says to his non paying subscribers:—"We can not afford to pay two or three dollars per day for house hire, to dun men who ought to have paid us a long time ago; and besides, we are *too ragged and miserably clad to be seen out of our village*."

☞ The following toast, given at the late Horticultural Fair in Boston isn't bad:

WOMAN—The earliest gatherers of fruits; by picking the first *apple*, she caused the first *pare* to fall.

☞ The Spaniards have a proverb that "drinking water neither makes a man sick nor in debt, nor his wife a widow."

☞ "I have you know, Mrs. Staker, that my niece was a bannister at the law."

☞ "A fig for your bannister," retorted Mrs. Grubbs, turning up her nose and putting her arms akimbo, "that's no 'cousin as a corridor in the navy."

IRON WITCH.—An iron boat of this name has been built at New York, with engines of as great power as those of the Great Britain. It is calculated that it will run to Albany in six hours! Perhaps.

TRIAL OF THE SAFE.—In the Post of yesterday we briefly noticed the trial of the Iron Safe manufactured by Messrs Constable & Strickler of this city, we now with pleasure give place to the statement of the committee. The report, it will be seen, is satisfactory and favorable:

CERTIFICATE.

The undersigned having been requested by Messrs. Constable & Strickler, to be present, and superintend a test by fire, of one of their recently invented Fire Proof safes, and deeming the subject one of very great public importance, have carefully scrutinized the merits of a test, to which one of said chests was subjected. The chest was supported at each corner, at an elevation of 10 to 12 inches from the ground a fire of Bituminous coal and fire was made over and around and kept actively burning 5½ consecutive hours. The fuel consumed was about 80 bushels of coal, and one cord of wood; the heat all the while being quite intense, and in the opinion of the undersigned much greater than a safe is likely to sustain in any ordinary house burning.

On the removal of the fire, at their request the chest was opened, and greatly to the astonishment present the undersigned and the large number of citizens present, a Blank Book with Sundry Bank notes within its fold; a piece of Dry pine Wood and the inner lining of the safe, which is of Wood, were found warm indeed, but not in the Slightest degree charred or injured, some manuscript on the Book as legible as before the test. The undersigned are unanimous in the conviction that a fire proof chest is practicable; and that the ingenious and enterprising manufacturers, whose efforts for some months past in procuring this desideratum have proved so entirely successful, deserve the public confidence and patronage.

JOHN ANDERSON,
L. R. LIVINGSTON,
JOSIAH KING,
WARRICK MARTIN,
EDWARD HEAZELTON,
JAMES PARK, Jr.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 7, 1845.

Anecdote of Gen Jackson.—A letter from Pensacola says that a gentleman sojourning there has amused his leisure hours in hunting up the legendary history of the place, and has picked up the following:

Gen Jackson, during his exploits in Florida, wishing to get the most accurate information respecting Pensacola, loaded up an old country wagon with chickens, and under the guidance of an Indian; in the disguise of old clothes and a long beard, made his appearance there as the pedlar of a rare species of *game chickens*. Having demanded a pretty high price for his game cocks, he was long enough in selling them to gain a pretty thorough knowledge of the place and finally returned without being suspected. Whether he succeeded in selling his chickens or not, he certainly succeeded in the principal object of his business.

If this is true, it is singular that it has not before found its way before the public, but there are old citizens here who vouch for the story, and as every reminiscence respecting the 'Old Hero' is interesting at this time, I give you this for what it is worth.

From the Boston Evening Traveller.

A HOME BESIDE THE HILLS.

BY D. C. COLESWORTHY.

I would a farmer's life were mine!
O for a home beside the hills,—
Among the trees—where flocks recline—
And the pure dew of heaven distil;
Where grateful breezes fan the cheek,
And living blossoms scent the air;
Where vale, and hill, and streamlet speak,
And the Creator's love declare.

For a secluded life I sigh;—
My soul detests the noise and strife,
The heavy air and dusty sky,
The endless cares of city life:
To mingle with the bustling throng,
I feel my spirit was not made,—
For when I hear the wild-wood song,
Grandeur and love my soul pervade.

I feel at home when I can stray
In sunny glens and dreamy woods,
And see the rippling streams that play
Amid the lonely solitudes:—
I love to linger all alone,
And list the music of the breeze;—
Sometimes a sweet and mournful tone
It plays among the whispering trees.

A life among the hills, I ask;—
'Tis all I ask, O God of thee.—
That I may in thy sunshine bask,
With skies so pure, and winds so free:
Where, night and morning, I can feel
A peace within—a love to all,—
With not a care my joys to steal,
Till thou shalt for my spirit call.

From Neal's Saturday Gazette.

THE LUCK OF LYNHURST.

OR,

BROKEN FAITH AND BROKEN FORTUNES.

CHAPTER III.

"I has made thy bed softly,
That thou mayest lie down;
They are watching thee now,
Who will follow thee soon."

Old Ballad.

ANOTHER summer had passed away, and Frances had long known that it was the last she should ever see.

The day was closing, but the October sun still gleamed faintly through the casement of the dying girl.

Frances seemed better; the much-dreaded day—the second anniversary of All souls Eve—was well nigh past, and earthly sorrows had long given place in her mind to the peace-full hope of a better world, and the joys which had once brightened her path once, grew faint before the gleam of eternity, which is, we humbly believe, sometimes vouchsafed to brighten the death-path of the pure in heart.

"Dear mother," she said, "sit by me; you look pale and exhausted. You have watched me too long, too tenderly, and when I think how often I have failed in my duties to you it makes my heart ache, though I know you have forgiven me long, long ago. If I had told you, as I intended you with all, I should have home better, perhaps, but there are things of which one can hardly bear to speak. Now that all is passed, and that I can look back upon my life, and see it, as it were, in the solemn light of eternity, I can speak of it—all that I have thought and felt for years past rises up before me so clearly. One thing," she said, speaking slowly and with effort, "I must say—it is not since—since all that has happened only that I have felt ill—I used before often to think that I could live long, and the night of Alonzo's birthday, when we had such a ramble—I felt it then, and as I knelt in my own little quiet room, a solemn awe crept over me, and something (do you think it presumptious in me to believe it was something from heaven dear mother?) which told me that all this happiness would not last long, and as I looked out on the old yew trees beneath my window, I thought how many generations they had seen pass away, and I prayed in Heaven that my heart's treasure and up there. Was it not strange, that I whom you used to call your merry child, should have been so full of solemn thoughts at such a happy time? But in the midst of all our amusements, the thought of that still moonlight night never quite left me, and I have often thought that the sorrows and disappointments which have come upon me since then, were sent in answer to my prayers; and Mr Evans did not think it wrong in me to believe so. I know, dear mother, it will comfort you afterwards to remember that I have felt weak so long—that my illness was not caused by any earthly hand; and Ernest's nature too, is so gentle and noble, he will welcome him, too, when it will be a relief to him to hear."

Mrs. Gerard could not interrupt her; she had suffered too far, and too much to give way to violent emotion even when she saw her beautiful, her only child, fading away, her as she knelt by her bedside, and listened to her faint voice, there was deep resignation in her countenance, though her drooping form, and the heart broken expression of her pale face, forcibly suggested the idea that the mother and her child would not long be parted. The faithful nurse who had watched over Frances in her childhood now came to her bedside. She brought the few last autumnal flowers, which the affectionate gratitude of the poor school children, who had shared in Frances' kind offices, daily supplied, and with them their anxious inquiry whether she was better, and whether they might sing their hymn—the last hymn which she had taught them—beneath the window.

Frances was now calm; the holy rite of which she had that morning partaken, had strengthened her, and she leant on her mother's shoulder and listened to their young voices as they sang:—

"Lord have mercy and receive us
Early to thy place of rest,
Where the heavens are calm above us,
Still more calm each sainted breast."

Tears of mingled sorrow and gratitude rolled down the pale cheeks of the mother, and she alone at that moment felt that the prayers of her child had been heard.

The night came on gray and cold, with fitful gusts of wind, but Mrs Gerard still sat by her daughter's bed—still with a low, clear voice, read her prayers for the sick, and cheered and strengthened by the sight of her own calmness.

The usual hour for rest was long past but their hearts were full, and Frances could not compose herself to sleep. She called her faithful nurse, and after thanking her for all the kindness and watchfulness bestowed on her, asked to remain with her mother; then singing to her to leave them alone, she raised herself on her pillow and said—

"If it were possible, dearest mother, if indeed such wishes are not sinful, my last desire and prayer would be, that I might see Alonzo once more, that I might show him that crystal cup on which his promise was engraved—not to reproach him, but to raise his thoughts upwards from that earthly faith which has been broken, to faith at the mercy and compassion of heaven. It was your example, your words dearest mother, that taught me that blessed faith, and my soul thanks and blesses you for it."

Her head bowed on her mother's bosom, and with that last wish and desire her spirit passed away. The midnight bell sounded as Mrs. Gerard with her thin hand closed her eyes, and then knelt in silent agony in the chamber of death.

(Conclusion to-morrow.)

Marcy vs Mackenzie.—It is a curious coincidence that Mackenzie, who stole and published the private letters of Mr. Hoyt, should have made public those of our able Secretary of War, by whom he was actually, some years ago, saved from the gallows. About the time of the Canadian troubles, when Mr Marcy was governor of New York, Mackenzie was demanded of him by a requisition of the governor of Canada, on charges of murder, arson, mail robbery, under a treaty providing for the surrender of fugitive criminals; but Governor Marcy took the most favorable view of the case for Mackenzie, and construed his offence into rebellion, with which he could have nothing to do; thus saving the fellow's neck from the rope. A pretty return he makes for the compliment!

And while upon this subject of coincidences, we may state that, four or five years since, a bundle of private letters written by the editor of the Tribune on various political matters, to General Harrison, and persons about him, were put into the hands of Governor Marcy, then at Washington; who, however, seemed to have been too much of a gentleman and man of honor to take the mean advantage of making public the confidental communications of his politicial opponents, and therefore counselled their return to the place where they had been carelessly left. There were nearly two hundred of these letters, some of them referring to rather curious movements on the part of the triumphant whigs.

[*New York Evening Post.*

Epitaph on an Old Bachelor.

Beneath this stone a being lies;
Who ne'er the joys of wedlock shared;
With no one near to close his eyes,
One day he died—and no one cared.

From the Western Expositor.

MORE FROM OREGON.

From a letter from the Marshall and High Sheriff of Oregon—who has been there fifteen years—received a few days since, dated 12th of April, written to his brother in this county, we make a few extracts:

"Last year I raised 1500 bushels of wheat—this year I think I will have 3000 bushels. I have a large farm lying 5 miles from ship navigation, worth as much as half the county you live in. I have a large building in Oregon City that cost me about $7000. I have also property in the City of Multanomah, and also in the town of Tinton. Oregon city lies on the east side of the Willamettee Falls, and Multanomah on the west side, and Tinton 20 miles below, at the head of ship navigation. I have besides 70 head cattle, 15 head of horses, 200 hogs, 2 dogs, 1 cat, 3 children, and the old woman, with chickens innumerable.

"With regard to the honor heaped upon me in this country, I am High Sheriff and Territorial Marshal of Oregon—I have been going around the circuit together with the court officers, and have to start to the mouth of the river in the morning to the county of Clatsop. We have five counties in the Territory, viz: Clackmas Yamhills, Champoick, Twality and Clatsop As for our connection with the U. S., we are almost independent of Uncle Sam. For some time past I have been employed taking the census—the number of souls is 14,000.

Now, as respecting Oregon, I have explored the whole country, and I think it the finest upon the earth—the soil is very good—the timber so tall that I have seen 18 rail cuts 11 feet long, gotten out of a tree twenty inches through at the butt. The climate is fine, too, I have not seen any ice this winter, but we have had five months rain without intermission, still our stock keeps fat without feeding them any; the grass here looks like your clover fields in June. Come to Oregon, and make your children rich and live happy yourself. Should you move to the country, bring 2 or 3 hundred young heifers, as they are the best property in this country. There is not half the trouble and danger in coming here that you think—if you start half the trouble is over.

From the Nashville Union.

THE SOUTH WESTERN CONVENTION

AT MEMPHIS.

The day fixed upon for the holding of a great South Western Convention at Memphis, is the 12th of November. As the time draws near we are glad to see that the subject is attracting increased attention.—Some objections have been suggested to the place of meeting on the score that it is not so central as Cincinnati, but such objections are of but little weight, and will readily yield in the estimation of all who are seriously anxious to promote the objects of the Convention. Memphis is the proper place for the meeting—the suggestion originated there, and the citizens of Memphis have persevered in it under circumstances which it would have discouraged less enterprising people.

We do not understand that the attention of the Convention is to be directed exclusively to any one particular interest—all the great interest of the South Western people are to be considered, and the means of advancing them to be discussed and investigated. The agricultural, mechanical and commercial resources of the great valley of the Mississippi, will be the subject of an interchange of sentiments, and of such suggestions for the remedying of existing evils as may meet the sanction of the Convention.

There are evils of serious magnitude connected with the distribution of the public moneys of which the West complain, and to which she has too long submitted without efficient steps for their correction. Whilst millions of the public revenue are disbursed along the seaboard and in the older States, on objects questionable importance, the most dangerous obstructions to commercial intercourse are allowed to remain unobserved in the Western Waters. This is a subject of vital consequence to the West, which will command the attention of the Convention.

☞ We have mentioned that Gen. Sample, of Illinois, had constructed a steamer to run on ordinary roads. The Springfield Journal, of last Thursday, says:

"Gen. Sample made an experiment with his prairie car on Saturday last. Many of our citizens repaired to the place and were sadly disappointed that an important part of the machinery had broken. When this accident happened it was in the act of making a circuit of three quarters of a mile in circumference, and had actually performed better than six hundred yards of the circuit. A day or two previous to this experiment, it was run some miles in order to try the machinery. Those present were firm in the belief that, when this prairie steamboat is properly geared, it will work well, and go off at the rate of ten or twelve miles an hour.

We learn that it is the intention of Gen. Sample to perfect the machinery, so that in a future experiment on similar accident will occur; and as soon as the prairies are burnt over, will make a trip to Alton.

Exposure of a conspiracy.—We published, a year ago, some account of the trial and conviction of a Catholic priest in Indiana, Roman Weimerphilon, for rape upon a female of his church, while at confession. The testimony was of a revolting character, and he was consigned to the penitentiary, loathed by all except a few friends who believed him innocent. Several months elapsed when an effort was about to be made to obtain a pardon, but he interposed against this, saying that liberty and life were of no value to him without his good name. Recently, facts have come to light, which fully establish his innocence.—Schmoll, the persecutor, who had gone off to Missouri, there confessed the conspiracy to four German acquaintances, who disclosed the facts, in a letter to the Rev. Mr Deidler, of Evansville, Indiana. One of the counsel of the imprisoned priest went to Missouri and obtained affidavits setting forth that the wife of Schmoll, who swore against the priest, had been suborned to do so by her husband, who threatened to abandon her if she refused.—*Boston Post.*

Warm Worms.—The enemy routed, horse, foot, and dragoons.—Children may rejoice, and clap their hands, and all others whom it may concern:—for a remedy has been discovered for their old tormentors the worms, which will cure without sickening them, and which is so effective in its operations, that the worms must beat a retreat whenever it comes amongst them, or else make up their minds to stay where they are and die, for there is something in its composition so fatal to them that they cannot take it and live. Heretofore it has been very difficult to expel worms; for a mild purgative had no effect on them, while too severe a one caused them to secure themselves by clinging and actually increased the alims on which they fed. It was therefore necessary to procure a medicine which would act upon the worms themselves as well as on the system; and this has been more effectually accomplished, for in Clickener's Sugar Coated Vegetable Pills there is one ingredient which is so repugnant to them that if they taste it they must follow. They therefore abandon the system, it is introduced into, as soon as they can. Another great advantage in Clickener's Pills is, that they produce not the slightest nausea or bad taste and are therefore taken by children without any objection. At the present time worms prevail to a great extent amongst the children in our neighborhood; but the mothers and nurses are fast overcoming them, and curing their little patients, having abandoned all other remedies, and taken exclusively of Clickener's Sugar Coated Vegetable Pill.

Sold by Wm Jackson, corner of Wood and Liberty streets, who is general Agent for Dr Clickener's Pills in Pittsburgh and vicinity.

☞ Beware of an imitation article called "*Improved Sugar-Coated Pills*," purporting to be Patented as both the pills and pretended patent are forgeries, got up by a miserable quack, in New York, who, for the last four or five years, has made his living by counterfeiting popular medicines. oct9.

Tobaccos.

20 BOXES Clayton's 5's lump Tobacco;
10 do Jno D New's 5's do do;
10 do Dades 16's do do,
5 do Lottiers Baltimore Plug, 1 do;
4 do Thomas' nectar pound lump do;
Just received and for sale by
J. & J. M'DEVITT,
oct9 224 Liberty st.

25 BOXES Castile Soap; just received and for sale by
J. & J. M'DEVITT,
oct9 224 Liberty st.

Wines.

10 QUARTER Casks, S M. Wine;
10 do do Mad'a do
5 do do Port do
1 Cask Claret do
A pure and good article, for sale by
J & J McDEVITT.
oct 9 224 liberty st.

THEATRE.

MANAGERS. SHIRES AND PORTER.
PROMPTER. GEORGE T. ROWE.
LEADER OF THE ORCHESTRA, J. H. HESSING.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

1st Tier of Boxes, or Dress Circle	50	cts.
2d " "	37½	"
3d " "	20	"
Pit	25	"
Gallery for Colored Persons	20	"

Third night of the engagement of Miss CLIFTON.

Thursday Evening, October 9, 1845,

Will be presented an admired Play, in 5 acts, called

THE STRANGER!

Comic Song, by Mr. Edwards

The whole to conclude with a farce called the

BARRACK ROOM!

☞ For particulars see small bill.

☞ Doors open at ½ past 6 o'clock, curtain will rise at ½ past 7 precisely. oct 9

Havana Cigars.

THE subscriber has opened his splendid Cigar Store, No 31 MARKET St., opposite his OLD stand, where his friends can be supplied with a prime article of

LENORMAS, REGALIAS, PRINCIPE'S, CASADRE'S, HALUCA'S, CASTELLO'S, Half Spanish and Common Cigars.

Also, a superior quality of chewing Tobacco, comprising the following brands:

AROMATIC STAG; Missouri Cavendish; Virginia honey dew, and fine cut.

The best quality of Snuff's can be had very cheap, the Maccaba, Garret's, Scotch, and Copenhagen, on hand and for sale.

oct9 1m GEORGE WILSON.

118 BBLS. Cincinnati Raw Whiskey for sale by
oct 9 BURBRIDGE, WILSON & CO.

To Builders.

THE Directors of Reserve Township Public School, wish to have erected, this fall, one Brick School House, on a lot fronting the Butler Pike, about one mile above the Allegheny city line.—Plans and specifications can be seen with the undersigned residing near the premises, who will also receive proposals for the above, until Wednesday, 15th inst.

J. B. D. MEEDS,
HENRY M'CORMICK,
oct9 3t Committee.

Extensive Sale of Valuable Books.

BY John D. Davis, Auctioneer, corner of Wood and Fifth streets every evening during the present week at 6½ o'clock, will be sold a large quantity of New books of the best and latest editions, warranted in every respect; Letter and Cap Writing Paper, Blank Books, Portfolios, English and American Journals, Albums, fine illustrated Works in rich and elegant bindings, &c.

Private Sales during the day. oct 8.

☞ **Consumptives of Allegheny** ☜

ARE YOUR LUNGS OR LIVER DISEASED?

If so, look at the thousands of certificates of the most respectable and influential individuals from all portions of the United States, in testimony of the palliative and curative effects of

DR DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY.

Ask these persons in your own community who have long been in the habit of using this medicine in their families, what are the beneficial results attending its use. We take the liberty of referring in connection with this notice to a few among the many in our county, who are competent to testify in this matter, and only ask them to say in favor of this remedy what they can say conscientiously, from their own knowledge.

References.

Samuel S. Clark, New Lisbon, Ohio.
David P. Graham, do do
George Shiers, Elk Run tp. do
John Elser, Esq. Beaver tp. do
Samuel Duck, Fairfield tp. do
Matthias Burcaw, Salem tp. do

The above is taken from the Ohio Patriot of August 12, 1845. Any person wishing any further proof of the wonderful efficacy of Dr. DUNCAN'S Expectorant Remedy for the cure of COLDS, COUGHS, CONSUMPTION, and LIVER COMPLAINTS, are requested to call on or address a line to any of these persons, who will at all times be willing to satisfy them of the powerful virtues of Dr. Duncan's Medicines.

This valuable Medicine that has done so much for the afflicted, in the "healing art," is for sale at the corner of Wood and Liverty streets, Pittsburgh.

oct9 WILLIAM JACKSON, Agent.

Dr. Catz's Anti-Bilious Life Pills,

A FAMILY Medicine, to be used in all diseases of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia and indigestion, bilious affections, head ache, pain in the back and breast, rheumatism, and all diseases that arise from an impure state of the system. Every person should be provided with a box or two of these Pills, in this warm weather, to cleanse out all unhealthy matter that accumulates in the body during the summer months. The many thousands of persons that use these Pills, is sufficient evidence of their virtues.

Sold only in Pittsburgh, corner of Wood and Liberty streets.

oct9 WM. JACKSON, Agent.

Dr. Duncan's European Panacea,

FOR the cure of scrofula, dyspepsia, liver complaint, dropsy, pimples on the face and body, tetter, gravel, gout, rheumatism, ulcers and sores of every description, syphilis, scorbutic affections, weakness and debility, inflammation of the kidneys and bladder, female obstructions and weakness, and all diseases arising from a torpid condition of the glands, and depravity or impurity of the Blood.

The history of this truly Great Medicine is too well known to those who have visited the capitals of England and France, within the last few years, to require any recommendation to them. But for the benefit of the "*Invalids of America*," it would be proper to say that it is the favorite remedy among the Nobility throughout Europe. This Panacea is perhaps the happiest combination of medicine agents ever made, embracing as it does the power of eradicating diseases by its wonderful effects in purifying the Blood, renovating the fluids and removing abstructions from the whole glandular apparatus. This Medicine goes to work slowly and silently, extending its influence to every organ, giving them vigor and activity, and finally purifying the whole machinery of man into complete and healthy action.

☞ *Dr. Duncan's European Panacea*, is just received at his WESTERN OFFICE, 150 Sycamore street, Cincinnati, at which place Agents in the South and West will please direct their orders.

Price $1 per bottle.

Sold in Pittsburgh, corner of Wood and Liberty sts.

oct9 wtf WM. JACKSON, Agent.

Wanted,

IMMEDIATELY in a Dry Goods Store, a young man who has had experience, from 17 to 19 years of age. Application may be made through the Post Office—address B. G., Box 474.

oct 9-tf.

Copartnership.

THE subscribers have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Grocery and Commission business in this city, under the firm of REINHART & JONES.

A. G. REINHART,
SAMUEL JONES.

Pittsburgh, Oct 1, 1845. oct7-3td.

B. C. SAWYER & SON,

Manufacturers of Soap and Candles,

HAVE removed to the splendid new building, erected on the site of their old stand, No. 49 Wood street, one door below Third st., where they have opened a large stock of candles and Soap, made of the very best materials, which they take great pleasure in recommending to their old customers and the public generally, and ask of them an examination of the same. We have also a fine supply of Family Groceries always on hand, of the very best quality.

oct8-3t

Lumber.

193 PIECES (3183 feet) Pine Scantling, 4 by 4;
54 do (648 do) do do 3 by 4;
2500 feet dry Oak inch plank;
8000 do Common Boards;
1483 Clear Seasoned inch do;
150 Dry Curled Maple, do;
Received by Canal Boat "May Flower," at foot of Hay street, and for sale by
H LAMBERT.
oct8 100 Liberty street.

Lard and Bacon.

27 KEGS and 1 bbl Lard
3 casks Bacon (sides and shoulders) per Zanesville packet for sale by M. B. RHEY & CO.,
oct7 Water st., below Ferry.

Scorchings.

18 CASKS scorchings received per Michigan for sale by M. B. RHEY & CO.
oct7

Sugar.

50 HHDS prime N O Sugar just received and for sale by M. B. RHEY & CO.,
oct7

Apples.

60 BBLS Marletta apples just received and for sale low to close consignment by
oct 7 M B RHEY & CO.

Butter and Timothy Seed,

23 KEGS Prime Butter;
3 bushels clean Timothy Seed.
Received and for sale by H. LAMBERT.
oct7

A GREAT DESIDERATUM.

TO those of a bilious tendency, and to travelers in the West and South, it is very desirous to have an efficacious, yet mild anti bilious medicine. B A FAHNESTOCK'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS contain these qualities, and may be relied upon as a safe and excellent remedy. They are compounded with great care from the very best ingredients, and will not, like other cathartics create distress in the bowels. Those who use them speak in the highest terms of their efficacy and value. For sale, wholesale and retail by

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
oct8 Corner 6th and Wood streets.

S. MORRISON,

Liberty St., between Market and Virgin Alley.

HAVING returned from the East, the subscriber is now opening his fall and winter stock of goods, exceeding in variety and extent any thing which has heretofore been offered in this city.

Thankful to his friends and the public for the favors he has received, and which has induced him to purchase more extensively than before, he again invites their attention to the cheapest, best selected and most extensive assortment which he has ever before offered among which are

French, English, German and American Broadcloths, Black, Blue, Invisible Green, and other Colors.

which are all of superior quality. Also, a splendid assortment of

Vestings of Entire new styles,

FRENCH PATTERNS.

Also, a fine lot of FRENCH AND ENGLISH CASSIMERES of every shade, color, and pattern, which cannnot fail to please the various tastes of his customers. Also, a

New Styles of Beaver and Tweed Cloths, of Black, Blue, Invirible Green, Golden Mixed and Olive, for Sack and Frock Coats.

Together with a lot of superior MAKIBIDOO AND BLUE BLANKET COATING, Pilot and other goods suitable for Over Coats.

These goods will be sold ready made, or will be made to order in a superior style as low as can be bought in this city. He has also the usual variety for Gentleman's wear, such as

SHIRTS, STOCKS, SUSPENDERS, HANDKERCHIEFS, SCARFS, BOSOMS, COLLERS, &c.

The attention of persons wanting their garments well made, and in superior style, and of the best materials, is invited to his fine stock of

French Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

which he has selected with the utmost care for this particular branch of business. He will take pleasure in showing these goods to any one who will favor him with a call, feeling confident that the great variety of his stock and the style in which they are made, cannot be surpassed in this city.

S. MORRISON, Liberty st.,
oct 2-6m between Market st. and Virgin alley.

Notice.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County

IN the matter of the voluntary assignment of James Miller, of the City of Allegheny, (late Grocer.)

No. 201, March T. 1844: October 4, 1845, final account of Robert A. Campbell and George R. Riddle, assignees of James Miller, exhibited in Court and filed.

All persons interested, will please take notice of the exhibition and filing of the above mentioned account, and that the same will be allowed by the Court, on Saturday the 25th day of October instant, unless cause be shown why the same ought not be allowed.

By the Court, GEO. R. RIDDLE,
Prothonotary.

Fall Coatings.

JUST received, a fresh supply of NEW STYLES CLOTH—fancy colors and beautiful patorns. The colors are Green, Green, Olive and Claret Brown, Mulberry, Gold mixed and Black. These goods are new even in the Eastern cities; having just been imported for the Tailors. We pledged ourselves to get up a superior coat this fall—"better than ever." The practical partner of our firm has been to New York, to purchase goods, and to secure the latest improvements in his department, all of which will be introduced on our work, with a discriminating regard to true elegance and correct taste. We are prepared to fulfil all promises made through this medium or otherwise; and as we lay claims to be THE FASHIONABLE HEAD QUARTERS of this city, we will pledge ourselves furthermore, to compete with any Eastern house that sends work to Pittsburgh, made to order. In proof of our ability to do so, we mention with pride, that the names of many gentlemen who formerly received their garments from the East, are now to be found on our register of customers, who are now convinced that they can be suited as well, and at more reasonable rates. ALGEO M'GUIRE & Co.

oct8

Removal.

WARRICK MARTIN & CO. Bankers and Exchange Brokers have removed to the N. E. corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh.

oct8 1mdp

Agency of the Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

N. E. corner of Third and Wood sts., Pittsburgh.

THE assets of the company on the first of January, 1845, as published in conformity with an act of the Pennsylvania Legislature, were

Bonds and Mortgages.	$600,615 93
Real Estate, at cost,	100,967 77
Temporary Loans Stocks and Cash,	207,499 72
Making a total of	$909683 42

Affording certain assurance that all losses will be promptly met and giving entire security to all who obtain policies from this Company.