From the Nashville Union.

THE DEATH AND BURIAL OF GENERAL ANDREW JACKSON.

For some months past it had been becoming daily more and more certain that the earthly career of Gen Jackson was rapidly drawing to a close. Several times of late he was snatched from the very jaws of death by the timely and skilful application of medicinal remedies, and a few more days added to his eventful life. On Sunday morning last, however, it became apparent that the skill of the physician was exhausted, and that the demands of the grim monster could no longer be resisted. The progress of his disease was such that life could no longer be sustained. The fact was known to the suffering old hero early on Sunday, and he freely communicated to his friends his consciousness that his time had come. During the day his mind was occupied with his "future state"—his conversation had constant reference to his approaching dissolution, but at no time did he express the slightest apprehension as to his entire preparation for the awful change or the least fear at appearing in the presence of his Great Judge. We have heard many interesting details of his last day's conversation, which we intend to present hereafter in a authentic shape. At this time we must be content to state, that after discovering that he could last but a few hours, he summoned around him his faithful domestics, and in a strain of pious eloquence exhorted them to fidelity in all their duties, impressing upon them the all important subject of christianity, and upon taking an affectionate leave of them, he expressed the sincere hope that he might meet them all in Heaven.

His conversation with his beloved family was characterized by the deepest solicitude for their attention to religion. He retained his intellect in full vigor down to the very time of his dissolution. His bodily pain was great, but it seemed to have no effect upon the clearness or vigor of his mental operations. His dying hour was cheered with the bright assurance within him that in a few short moments he would be united in Heaven with his beloved wife, who had gone before him. Amongst the last things he said, was, that his sufferings, though great, were nothing in comparison with those of his dying Saviour, through whose death and sufferings he looked for everlasting happiness. In this temper of mind he quietly and calmly breathed his last at 6 o'clock, P. M., on Sunday, the 8th inst.

When the intelligence reached Nashville, the Board of Mayor and Aldermen assembled at the City Hall, and adopted the following preamble and resolutions:

At a Called Meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Nashville, at 9 o'clock on the 9th of June, 1845, the Mayor briefly stated the object of the meeting, when the following preamble and resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, We have received the melancholy intelligence of the dispensation of Providence in removing from amongst us our much esteemed and distinguished fellow-citizen GEN. ANDREW JACKSON; and *whereas*, it is due both to his public and private character, and proper for every citizen of Nashville and for every American, to pay respect to the memory of a name which has gained for itself never fading laurels both in the Cabinet and in the Field, and which has eminently contributed to raise Tennessee to the high distinction which she possesses among her sister States; and *whereas*, it becomes us as Tennesseans to pay that respect to his memory which the efficient services he has rendered his country merits; Therefore be it

Resolved, By the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Nashville, that the Mayor give public notice requesting the citizens to hold a Public Meeting at the Court House this afternoon at 4 o'clock, for the purpose of making suitable preparations for the funeral of the distinguished dead.

In pursuance of the foregoing request, a meeting of the citizens is called to take place at the Court-house this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

W. P. MAXEY, *Mayor.*

Monday, June 9, 1845.

In pursuance of the recommendation of the Board of Aldermen, a very large meeting of the citizens took place at the Court-house, at 4 o'clock on Monday evening, when the following proceedings were had:—

The meeting convened accordingly, and after short speeches from A. Ewing, Esq., and Gen. Houston, adopted the preamble and resolutions subjoined:

The citizens of Davidson county having been informed that their distinguished friend and neighbor, General ANDREW JACKSON, departed this life on yesterday evening—therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of this eminent Hero and Patriot, Tennessee has *lost* her most celebrated citizen and brightest ornament. Commencing his career with the birth of our State, and prominent during every period of its progress, his death marks an era in our annals, and closes the first book of our history. Having filled a large space in the world's view, his loss will be deeply felt, and his memory brightly cherished, throughout the Union; but in Tennessee, where the glorious days of his youth were passed—from whose borders he chased the savage—whose land he has ennobled, and amongst whom the evening of his days have been spent, we feel his loss as that of a Father—One of the last and the noblest of that gallant band of Pioneers who planted Liberty and Civilization in our land. Truly we can say of him, in the language of the Poet—

"*Clarum et venerable nomen,*
Gentibus et multum nostræ quod proderat urbi."

Resolved, That we sincerely condole with the afflicted family of the deceased, and that we tender to them our warmest sympathy for their bereavement.

Resolved, That we will attend the funeral of the deceased at the Hermitage on to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock, and that in accordance with the last wish of the decedent, we will meet there in the simple character of citizens and friends, without any organized parade or pomp.

Resolved, That we request all the houses of business to be closed during the day to-morrow.

Resolved, That the Mayor and Aldermen of Nashville be requested to have minute guns fired at intervals during the day.

Resolved, That the Chairman of the meeting designate a sufficient number of Gen. Jackson's old soldiers as pall bearers:

Where upon the Chairman named the following gentlemen:

J. W. Horton, Jacob McGavock, John McGavock, Joseph Norvell, Dr. John Shelby, Maj. Thos Claiborne.

Resolved That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the different newspapers of the city.

FELIX ROBERTSON, Ch'n.

E. S. GARDNER, Sec'y.

The recommendations of the meeting of citizens were promptly acquiesced in during the day on Tuesday. Business of every kind was suspended—the houses were all closed and the city had all the appearance of a Sabbath. Minute guns were fired from 11 o'clock until 1 o'clock, and the bells at all the churches were tolled.

Early on Tuesday morning every vehicle in the city that could be procured was put in requisition, and a vast concourse of citizens repaired to the Hermitage. There was an immense assemblage present from all the surrounding towns and counties. The body of the old Hero was laid out in the parlor with the face uncovered—every one being anxious to take a last lingering look at him. We saw present many of his old companions in arms, and many a tear fell from their manly cheeks as they gazed for the last time upon his features cold in death.

At 11 o'clock, the Rev. Dr Edgar preached a most impressive and eloquent sermon—his text was taken from Revelations, 7 chap., 13th and 14th verses:—

13th. And one of the elders answered, saying unto me, what are these which are arrayed in white robes? And whence come they?

14th. And I said unto him, sir, thou knowest. And he said unto me, these are they which came out of great tribulation, and have washed their robes, and made them white in the blood of the Lamb.

The eloquent divine gave an interesting sketch of the conversion of Gen Jackson about six or seven years ago, and bore the strongest testimony in behalf of his Christian life and walk. His delineation of his character as a soldier, commander, statesman and patriot, was striking and eloquent.

After the religious services were ended, the body was conveyed to the vault prepared many years since for its reception. The following gentlemen acted as pall bearers on the solemn occasion, viz: Jacob McGavock, Esq., Joseph Norvell, Sen., Joseph W. Horton, Esq., Joseph Litton, Esq., Capt. Alpha Kingsley, Timothy Dodson, Esq., James Ridley, Esq., Dr. J. Shelby, F. B. Fogg, Esq., Hon. M. W. Brown, David Craighead, Esq.

In the presence of the vast assembly, without pomp or display, his body was deposited by the side of that of his beloved wife, which has been there resting for sixteen years. It was his wish that he should be buried quietly and peacefully, without pomp or display, and so it was done. Capt. Carroll's fine company of Blues was present in uniform, which gave occasional interest to the occasion. The solemn ceremony was closed by the discharge of three volleys over the grave, under the command of Gen. Harding.

Thus died and thus was buried Gen. Andrew Jackson. We deem it unnecessary to speak of the character of one so illustrious that his name and fame have filled the world. He had emphatically filled the measure of his country's glory, and at a ripe old age he quietly and calmly breathed his last, having made his peace with his God, and laid up for himself an imperishable treasure in Heaven.

The Daily Morning Post.

THOS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, JUNE 19, 1845.

☞ The Gazette treats the natives with the most supreme contempt. It did not publish the proceedings of their Convention, and we don't know that it even referred to any of their movements. We suppose this all arises from vexation on account of the natives preferring the American for an official organ; or perhaps the editors cunningly suppose that by not mentioning it they will keep all knowledge of the native organization from the country whigs. But in this we fear they will be disappointed, for we understand that the natives have taken the start of their whig brethren, and already have held meetings in several of the townships, at which many whigs attended who were delighted with a full developement of the illiberal principles of the party, and expressed their determination to support the ticket of the new organization, because it appear more willing to carry out the blackcockade doctrines which the old leaders are too timid to avow.

We thought for some time that the natives would be unable to make any head against the whigs, but we must confess that the aspect of affairs are undergoing a change, and they appear to be becoming more troublesome to the old leaders every day. Whiggery is already alarmed, and its organs do not know what course to pursue towards the deserters. The natives feel they have them in a "tight place," and they are determined to profit by the silence which the whigs are compelled by their fears to observe on the subject. While whiggery is *thinking* of some plan to win them back, the natives are busily *working* in the whig strong-holds, and making the ground-work of what they foolishly expect will be a powerful party, and they vauntingly declare that in two years they will have swallowed up the universal party, and that nothing will be left of whiggery in Allegheny county but a recollection of its name and its follies.

As the senior editor of the Gazette has returned from his travels in the west, we would commend this matter to his serious attention. It is decidedly a "crisis" in the whig party, and if an amicable arrangement cannot be made, it may terminate very fatally to his hopes. Contempt won't do any longer, and as he has proved himself to be tolerably skilful in negotiating party arrangements, we would advise him to have an interview with the natives and ascertain their *terms*.

WESTERN UNIVERSITY.—We see in the papers some discussion about an intended change in the location of this Institution. Councils have taken notice of the subject, we believe, and resolutions, deprecating a removal, have been adopted. We have not had a word of conversation with any of the Trustees, on the subject of the rebuilding the University, nor have we heard the reasons assigned for choosing a new location for the Institution. We cannot, however, discover any objection to the proposed removal, nor see why the Trustees should not, if they can, procure a cheaper and a better site, out of the din and dust of the city. It seems to us that the old location is not the best that could be chosen. There is not room enough for the buildings and the grounds which should belong to an Institution so extensive as the Western University of Pennsylvania might and ought to be. We cannot think the heart of a large and busy town, densely built, and abounding in dust and smoke, with innumerable objects to divide the scholar's attention, is the best place to pursue collegiate studies.

But apart from this, there may be other and weighter reasons. It is known that the University met with losses which well nigh prostrated it, at the late fire, and perhaps the Trustees cannot *afford* to build on the city lots which belong to the institution. The lots belonging to it are valuable, and if sold, would go a great way in buying a cheaper site and in erecting the requisite buildings. These considerations, very possibly, influenced the Trustees in their contemplated change of location, and all will admit that they are not without force.

We should suppose that the Trustees would not locate the University on the Allegheny side of the river, if they can procure a good location on the Pittsburgh side. It would not seem entirely fair to remove the Institution across the river if it can be avoided. But if it becomes a question—shall the University be rebuilt out of the city, or shall it not be rebuilt at all?—there would be no doubt that the popular response would be to build in Allegheny. Be this as it may, the trustees deserve credit for their efforts to rebuild the University, and we hope to see them succeed in the shortest possible time.

Since the above was in type, we received a communication from "A TRUSTEE," setting forth the motives which govern the Board of Trustees in their proceedings. We would refer our readers to this communication.

THE "UNIVERSAL PARTY."—At the election in Spring Garden District, Philadelphia, last week, the whig candidates received but *four* votes. It is proposed that a committee should be appointed to ascertain who these four whigs are, and to make arrangements to give them a public dinner for their patriotic devotion to a used up party. Nativism has swallowed up whiggery in Spring Garden, but it has adopted all the bad principles of the old party, and added thereto new ones of its own, which are much worse than any the whigs have openly advocated since they were forced to abandon the "alien and sedition law."

APPROPRIATE.—At a native meeting that was to have been held in Boston, on the evening of the 17th, it was supposed to have a grand display of *Fire Works*. We have not learned whether they were to be the same kind that the Philadelphia *pyrotechnists* used when they organized the party. Fire Works at a native meeting are very proper and characteristic.

SAGACIOUS.—The Wheeling Times admits that General Jackson was a brave soldier, but says that "he had not the intellect for a statesman." This is the opinion of the Wheeling editor, expressed at a very appropriate time, and, of course, it is quite important.

☞ The citizens of Wheeling held a meeting on the evening of the 13th to make arrangements for holding a Rail Road Convention at Fairmount, in Marion county, on the 7th of July.

ESCAPE OF PRISONERS.—About 10 o'clock on Tuesday evening, JOHN FULTON and NEAL SHAW escaped from the Jail of this county. FULTON was tried and convicted of burglary on Monday, but was not sentenced. SHAW was confined on a charge of larceny, we believe.

They escaped from FULTON's cell by removing the iron-casing from the window, which, it seems, was but very insecurely fastened. A short time since, a large pipe passing along through all the cells had been removed, and a smaller one substituted; but the space left in the partitions by the insertion of the small pipe had not been filled up. By pulling out a few bricks, Shaw, whose cell was next to Fulton's, got into Fulton's cell, and another prisoner, (Craig) came in from the other side by the same avenue.—They then made a ladder out of the bedstead, got up to the window, removed the casing, and crept out.—They let themselves down from the window by strips made of their blankets, and were assisted over the wall by persons on the outside.

Fulton and Neal got out and made their escape, but Craig had his labor for nothing. He was too large to get through the window, so he crept "back agen" into his cell, and *gave the alarm*. Every effort was made to arrest them, but they have not yet been taken. The fastenings of the windows are no barrier against a daring jail-breaker, and like every thing else about the jail, are miserably constructed.

It is said that Fulton escaped from the jail through the Sheriff's Office about three years ago.

A STRANGE OPERATION.—A New York paper says that a curious operation has lately been successfully performed in Barclay street, below the American hotel. A two story house has been screwed up, and two lower stories, as it were, let into it; and it now has become a handsome four story brick house. No straining of any part was experienced in conducting the plan.

MINISTER TO ENGLAND.—There was a rumor afloat in Baltimore on Saturday, and we learn in Washington also, to the effect that the Hon. Louis McLane, the present President of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, has been offered the special mission to England in relation to the Oregon question.

LIBERALITY.—A youth in Zanesville, Ohio, saved the court house from destruction recently at the risk of his life. The commissioners of the county presented him with a silver medal, valued at $5, and voted him a present of *five dollars in money*.

☞ A late arrival from Havana, brings the intelligence that four men, belonging to the expedition of the unfortunate Sentmanat, having been set at liberty, on the 13th May, arrived at Havana, and took passage for New Orleans on the 1st inst.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRES.—The village of Ithaca, N. Y., has again been the scene of a destructive fire, the work of an incendiary. It took place early on Tuesday morning, and extended over nearly all the square bordered by Cayuga, Oswego, Geneva and Green sts. Twelve buildings burned, besides barns and other outbuildings in the centre of the square. Loss about $12 350—insured about $5,750 in the N. Y. Contributionship, Etna, Hartford and Saratoga Companies. Three persons have been arrested and are in jail. The Trustees offer $500 reward for the discovery of the incendiaries.

TWO TONS OF STRAWBERRIES.—Cincinnati is the city for Strawberries. Upwards of 4000 quarts are sold there daily. A note in the Chronicle from Mr Cist says:—I examined the strawberry stands at Lower Market street last Saturday, and found one hundred and sixteen cases, averaging thirty-five boxes of one quart each to the case, being a total of four thousand and sixty quarts. The quantity offered at Canal Market, and at various stands through the city, would easily increase the aggregate to five thousand quarts. These are sold at present from 5 to 6 cents per quart, according to quality, the price of the article averaging 8 cents throughout the entire period of sale. A four horse wagon drove up on Friday last to Fifth street with two tons of strawberries! Most of this delicious fruit is cultivated in adjacent Kentucky, where patches of five to ten acres are frequent. There are about twenty-five days of full sale of strawberries in that market. At four thousand quarts per day this gives one hundred thousand quarts of strawberries sold in one season. They average 8 cents per quart, which makes eight thousand dollars paid in a little more than three weeks for strawberries.

IOWA.—The Council of Iowa passed a bill on the 21st of May (11 to 1) providing that the State Constitution, recently rejected, should be submitted a second time to the people. It was to have been acted upon in the House of Representatives on the 29th ult. We predict that on a second trial the people will reverse their former decision and adopt the Constitution which they recently rejected. Such a result would be extremely gratifying to their democratic brethren throughout the union, who desire to see this prosperous young State take her proper position in the confederacy.

ACCEPTANCE OF BISHOP POTTER.—The following is the letter of the Rev. Dr. Potter, accepting the office of Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Pennsylvania:

"*Union College*, June 3, 1845.

To Rev. H. J. Morton, D. D.; Rev. T. M. Clark; T. Robins, Esn.; Dr. T. L. Atlee:

Gentlemen: I received several days since, through your kindness, the official notice of my election to the office of Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Pennsylvania.

I want words to express my grateful sense of this undeserved and distinguished mark of public confidence, and to each of you I owe my sincere thanks for the kind and cordial manner in which you were pleased to urge my acquiescence. I have given to the subject that anxious consideration which it so eminently merits, and I have concluded, though not without many misgivings, to accept the appointment. Besides conflicting notions of a sacred nature and a strong reluctance to leave scenes and employments endeared to me by many ties, I have had to encounter the painful conscientiousness that I shall be likely to prove unequal to the faithful responsibilities of such a charge. Accustomed to a life of retirement and of comparative exemption from care, I cannot but contemplate with deep solicitude the prospect of the arduous public labors to which you have called me.

But I commit myself to God and the support of his grace; and it is my earnest prayer that I may not prove entirely unworthy of the generous confidence of your Diocese, nor forget, under any circumstances, the meekness, diligence, and zeal which becomes a Bishop in the Church of God.

I am with great regard, yours faithfully,

ALONZO POTTER."

☞ It is estimated that upwards of a thousand new buildings, stores, &c., will be erected in New York during the present year.

EXTENSION OF THE TELEGRAPH.—It is stated that the Magnetic Telegraph is to be extended westward from Philadelphia, so as to touch all the State capitals and large towns that can be conveniently reached on the route to St Louis.

THE GREAT FOOT RACE at Cambridge, purse $500, was to have come off on Tuesday. Gildersleeve, the winner of the first New York race, appeared to be the favorite.

☞ Henry Warr, who arrived from England a few weeks back, and was claimed by the British government as a fugitive from justice, charged with forgery has been delivered up to the British authorities at New York, and gone to England in the Great Western.

VILLAINOUS ACT.—Mr. Charles Whitson, of New York, who recently established a cheap line of omnibuses in that city, had thirty horses poisoned a few nights ago, seven of which have since died.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—Hon. Jared W. Williams, formerly a member of Congress, has been nominated as the democratic candidate for Governor.

DISTRESSING.—Gen. P. Van Zandt, about 80 years of age, was run over by a cart in New York on Friday, and so seriously injured as to leave his recovery doubtful.

SNAKES.—A piece of common indigo made into a paste with spirits of camphor, and applied to the wound, will neutralize the poison arising from a bite from snakes of any kind.

FOR THE POST.

DENTISTRY.

Although not a member of the dental profession, I am interested in the science of Dentistry, and take much interest in seeing it brought to that state of perfection its high importance merits. A number of Stockton's Dental Intelligencer has accidentally fallen into my hands, in which I find an article signed by J. M. White, M. D., Dentist, in which he vehemently attacks a new "Mineral *Paste*," for filling teeth, which he calls "a base amalgam of Silver and Mercury." I should like to know something more about a matter that is interesting to every one requiring the services of a Dentist—and as I am told some of our Dentists are using this "base amalgam" in their practice, I should like to know how they can defend themselves against the imputation so freely put forth by Mr White by all who use it, of "unprincipled empiricism."

MOLAR.

[We know but little about the matter alluded to by our correspondent, having had much more trouble to keep our teeth in employment than to keep them in order. We believe, however, that Dr WARD has put some of the "base amalgam" into our grinders, and he thought it answered a good purpose. Perhaps he may be able to give our correspondent the information he desires. No doubt, if Dr W. uses the preparation, he can give satisfactory reasons for doing so.]

FOR THE POST.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In the 'Chronicle' of the 17th inst., I observed with much surprise, a certain preamble and resolutions of the City councils, in relation to a measure now under consideration by the board of Trustees of the Western University, viz: the selection of a suitable site on which to re-erect the University buildings, destroyed by the calamitous fire of the 10th of April last. This proceeding on the part of the city councils, had it been confined to a private expression of their views to the Board of Trustees, would have been of less questionable propriety. But to give publicity to such a proceeding, on the eve of the meeting of the Trustees, convened for the purpose of deliberating on a suitable site, before communicating with the Trustees in any shape or form, is an assumption of authority to which I humbly conceive the councils have not the shadow of a claim—and carries with it, under the guise of a remonstrance, an appearance of dictation, and a disposition to overawe the deliberations of a body acting in this, as in all other matters, under the solemnity of an oath, and responsible, not to the councils of the city of Pittsburgh, but to the Legislature of the commonwealth, from whom they originally derived their authority by charter. With just as much propriety might the Board of Trustees have interfered with the deliberations of the city councils in relation to the distribution of the fund for the relief of the sufferers by the late fire, and on the eve of their meeting to decide that question, have published a preamble and resolutions remonstrating against the principle of distribution they were understood to have adopted, and to give weight to their remonstrance, have imputed to a portion of the councils, on mere hearsay evidence, injustice and impolicy in their alleged views of such principle.

But waiving the question of the propriety of this proceeding of the City Councils, I wish, through your columns, to disabuse the public to whom this quasi appeal has been made, of an erroneous impression which they may have derived from one part of the preamble,—that which imputes to "a portion of the Trustees of the Western University of Pa., a desire to remove that Institution beyond the city or city district, a measure which the Councils characterize as "both unjust and impolitic, and from which many persons would infer that the Trustees disparaged of the return of business and population to our city." No portion of the Trustees have manifested any such "desire"—and if they had, it is altogether gratuitous to infer that it was because they "despaired of the return of business and population to the city." It was because they anticipated the return of business to that part of the city contiguous to the former site of the University, to a degree which would interfere materially, by its noise and bustle, with the daily exercises of the University, that they thought it their duty to select, if possible, a site less liable to disturbance, and of greater comparative, seclusion and quiet. And to enable them to determine the eligibility of the sites reported by a committee of their body, on their merits respectively, free from embarrassment, and according to their best judgment, they manifested a desire, not, as is alledged, to remove the Institution from Pittsburgh and the city district, but a desire not to be *confined* in their selection to the *city proper*. This is the amount of the offending of that portion of the Trustees to whom the Councils refer, imputing to them a desire to act in the premises both unjustly and impolitically. Several of those who voted against restriction, expressed their decided predilection for city of Pittsburgh as the location of the University, and their determination to vote for a suitable site therein, in preference to a site beyond its limits. While others, who thought favorably of sites elsewhere, expressed no desire to remove the Institutin from Pittsburgh, if a suitable site could be found within its corporate limits. The Councils, Messrs Editors, have been misled by out of door gossip.

But the Trustees, while they might with propriety have laid the communication of the Councils—delivered only *officially* at a late hour of their session—on the table without considering it, have, on the contrary, given it a respectful consideration; and responded promptly to this new-born interest in the Institution on the part of the Councils, by appointing a committee to confer with them in relation to the gift or to the sale on moderate terms of the "old reservoir lot" on Grant street, engaging, if given, to place the University thereon, or if the gift is refused, to do the same, provided the price demanded is at all commensurate with the very limited means of the Trustees. It remains to be seen how far the solicitude of the Councils to retain the University within the city limits, will be practically manifested, and the disposition of the Trustees to accede to the earnest desire they have expressed in their preamble and resolutions, will be met on the part of the former by a correspondent liberality.

A TRUSTEE.

"THE LATE DUEL.

Schott and Willing did engage,
In duel fierce and hot:
Schott shot Willing willingly,
And Willing he shot Schott.

The shot Schott made Willing quite
A spectacle to see;
While Willing's willing shot went right
Through Schott's anatomy."

Advertisement.—Mr Starling respectfully cautions his patrons and the publick that he is going to teach a school in this town in the branches of learning and the scholars will find their own books as will be well used except them that play hookey will be licked with the strap—2 cuts for a big boy, and 5 cuts for a little one. For further information inquire of Mr Praas the soap biler whose darter gut her education as above.

N. b,—Wanted a place to board with washing, and a bed all to himself. EBEN STARLING, Jun.

SMALL POX.—Forty-four persons died of the small pox in New York within the space of three weeks.

SUICIDE OF MR VAN BUSKIRK.—We find in the Cumberland Alleganian the following letter from Wm Van Buskirk to S M Semmes, Esq., written immediately prior to his death:—

Cumberland, June 9th, 1845.

Dear Sir:—The act which I am about to commit has been in contemplation for some time, as you may suppose, when I assure you that this is the second attempt. The first failed from the snapping of the gun, but I think she will go this time. Why should an *inquisition* be necessary, when I furnish all the facts with my own hand; so that suspicion can be entertained of no one, and, besides, the thing is not to be "done in a corner."

My reason for doing this deed is, that I am weary of life and hopelessly unhappy.

I desire you, my friend, to make this communication to Mrs B in the best way you can. Perhaps it may not be altogether unexpected by her, as I have more than once intimated to her that I might take such a course.

The clergy sometimes avail themselves of such an occurrence to "point a moral," and the press to furnish a paragraph—I hope they will have sufficient self-denial to dispense with this charitable and exquisite gratification in the present instance.

My advice to Mrs B would be to return to her friends in Virginia.

With a most fervent wish that you may enjoy a long life of happiness and prosperity, I am most truly your friend, W V BUSKIRK.

To S M Semmes, Esq.

THEATRE!

MANAGERS, SHIRES & PORTER.
STAGE-MANAGER, GEO. T. ROWE.
TREASURER, MR. EVANS.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

1st Tier Boxes,	50 cts.	3d Tier Boxes,	20 cts.
2d " "	37 "	Pit,	25 "

Gallery for colored persons, 20 cts.

BENEFIT OF MR E SHAW,

On which occasion Sheridan's Sterling Comedy, in 5 Acts of the "RIVALS" together with the farce of the "Irishman in London," has been selected for the occasion.

Thursday Evening, June 19th, 1845,

Will be performed, (First time this season) the Play of the

RIVALS;

OR, A TRIP TO BATH.

AFTER WHICH,

SCOTCH DANCE, BY MISS GRIERSON.
COMIC SONG, BY MR. PATTERSON.

To conclude with (First time) the Farce of

THE IRISHMAN IN LONDON!

Friday Evening, Mr. FLETCHER'S Benefit.

☞ Doors open at 7 o'clock. Curtain will rise at 8 precisely.

☞ The Box Office will be open from 10 A. M. to 1—and from 2 P. M. to 5—at which time places and seats can be secured for any number of Persons.

☞ A strong and efficient Police have been engaged, and will preserve order at all times. jun 19

RICHARD COWAN,
Attorney at Law,
Office in Burke's Buildings, 4th street, near Market.
june 19-d&wly

WANTED to buy for Cash, or trade in large or small parcels, a quantity of *Paper* and *Carpet Rags*, for paper and Carpet makers, &c. For sale, a small supply of fresh and cheap bleached and brown muslins, calicoes, carpet chain and cheap summer Dry Goods, Hardware, Window sash and Glass, Tubs, Churns, Buckets, &c. for sale low.
ISAAC HARRIS, Agt. and Com. Mer., No 9, Fifth street. je19-3t.

Fowling Piece and Musket.

AT M'Kenna's Phœnix Auction Mart, No. 64 Market street, Simpson's Row, between 3d and 4th st., Thursday, June 19th, at 2 o'clock A. M.

Will be sold at the same time, of the Household and kitchen Furniture. 1 double bbl Shot Gun, an excellent article the property of a gentleman removing West. *Also*, 1 Musket.

At 10 o'clock, same day large lot of Dry Goods.
P M'KENNA,
june 19 Auctioneer.

BONNETS! BONNETS!!

20 Gross Blue Bonnet Boards.
20 gross Brown do
A very superior article just received and for sale low by
JOHN H. MELLOR,
je19 122 Wood Street.

Steam Boat for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale one-ninth of the Steam Boat Josephine; if not sold before the 17th of July, the interest will then be offered at public sale. Apply to B. F. INGHRAM,
At the Warehouse of Burbridge, Wilson & Co.,
june 18-1m. Front street.

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the practice of Medicine, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All who have any demands against the firm, will present them to either of us, and all who are indebted will make immediate payment.
East Liberty, June 17, 1845. N. CLEIS, G. CLEIS.

N. CLEIS will continue the business, and may be found at the usual place in East Liberty. On Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 11 o'clock, A. M., till 3 P. M., he may be found at J. Dubail's, at the corner of 7th and Grant street, Pittsburgh. jn 18-d3t&wtt

Places Wanted

FOR one or two Journeymen Blacksmiths and other mechanics; for several Salesmen and Bookkeepers, Warehouse men and Boys; Laboring men; Coachmen; Waiters, &c.; boys to trades—☞ an apprentice to the Printing and one to the Shoe-making business wanted. Places can be procured for a number of Cooks, Chambermaids, nurses and house girls, &c. All kinds of agencies promptly attended to at
HARRIS'
je 13 Agency & Intelligence Office, No 9, 5th st.

HOUSE-KEEPERS, TAKE NOTICE!

BARROWS & TURNER

HAVE received more of those splendid COUNTERPANES—9, 10, 11 and 14-4, at same prices;

50 doz white and brown Linen Damask Spreads, superior and low-priced;

Bleached and Brown Sheeting and shirting Muslins, great variety. AT NO. 46, MARKET ST.
june 18

NO. 46!

DRAB SATINETS, get up expressly for trimming Carriages, just received at
june 18 BARROWS & TURNER'S.

Notice.

WHEREAS, my wife, Sophia Sybert, and five children, viz: Philip, Andrew, John, William, and Elizabeth, hath absconded and left me on the night of the 5th of June, without any just cause or provocation, and hath also taken with them three horses and wagon, with a number of other articles, and also notes and papers amounting to about two hundred dollars. All persons are hereby cautioned against harboring them on my account, as I will pay no debts of their contracting, and all persons that stand indebted to me are hereby notified not to pay any money to any of them on any note payable to me, as I will still hold them accountable. Any person who can give me any information concerning them will please to send a few lines address to me, Allegheny City Post office, which will be thankfully received by HENRY SYBERT,
june 18-3t* Indiana Township. All. Co. Pa.

"Cincinnati Starch."

300 BOXES Starch, of first quality, for sale by
R. D. MILLER & CO.,
my 6 194 Liberty street.

DEATH OF GEN. JACKSON.

The following official order was published by the President on the 16th inst.

OFFICIAL.

Andrew Jackson is no more. He departed this life on Sunday, the 8th inst., full of days and full of honors. His country deplores his loss, and will ever cherish his memory. Whilst a nation mourns, it is proper business should be suspended at least for one day in the Executive Departments, as a tribute of respect to the illustrious dead. I accordingly direct that the Department of State, the Treasury, the War, the Navy, the Post-Office, the office of the Attorney General, and the Executive Mansion be instantly put into mourning, and that they be closed during the whole day to-morrow.

JAMES K POLK.

Washington City, June 16, 1845.

Honor to the Illustrious Dead.

A public meeting will be held THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at the UNITED STATES HOTEL, to make arrangements for rendering a proper testimonial of respect to the memory of the Soldier, Statesman and Patriot, ANDREW JACKSON. The citizens generally are invited to attend and participate in the proceedings.

Wm Porter,	Wm Wilkins,
E D Gazzam,	I J Ashbridge,
Jno W Burrell,	W W Dallas,
Andrew Burke,	Chas Barsott,
Sam'l Black,	R H Kerr,
Dan'l Wearts,	Jas Burnside,
Robt H Patterson,	Wm Bennett,
Jas Boyd,	Mathew Patrick,
H S Magraw,	Thos Hamilton,
Richard Hughes,	J R Hague,
S Boyce,	J S Hamilton,
G P Hamilton,	Jacob Hunker,
John Birmingham,	B Ford,
C Coleman,	E Trovillo,
John M'Closkey,	Thos Wynne,
G Watt,	John M'Devitt,
Col John Watt,	Jas Watt,
Wm M'Cormick,	A Jackson Gribben,
N M'Ilwain,	John Murry,
George Thompson,	A Wilson,
G R Riddle,	M Kane,
John Ferrall,	Thos Farley,
D R Miller,	R Galway,
Henry Cossar,	John R Day,
Andrew M'Ilwain,	J K Moorhead,
Thos Flood,	Wm Lechner,
Samuel Baird,	Thos O'Neil,
Wm Milligan,	W B Thompson,
John Sarber,	John Sibbett,
C Wilkins,	S Sarber,
John Hoffer,	H Tomer,
H Encell,	Wm Trovillo,
H Rea,	B M'Kenna,
John D Miller,	James Birmingham,
D Callaghan,	Jas Major,
Alex Brackenridge,	John Andregg,
Wm Gribben,	A L Pentland,
L Fess,	J C Cummins,
J Scott, (Elizabeth,)	John C Fritch,
S R Holmes,	J H M'Elheny,
E Enscll,	Wm Beltzhoover,
C Townsend,	John Anderson,
John Cowan,	James Ralston,
John Ensell,	S D Brier,
W B Conlogue,	John Irwin,
W L Miller,	J W White,
Jas Powers,	Robert Donaldson,
W G Hawkins,	W L Morris,
John Barton,	J C M'Cully,
John Fowler,	Capt Dickey,
W H Smith,	M'Clelland A Armor,
Thos Phillips,	James Whitaker,
Wm Mathews,	John Phillips,
A Phillips,	Wm Kerr,
John Conner,	John Wynne,
D Barnard,	Henry Wray,
Charles Shaler,	Clarance Shaler,
J N Lytle,	Peter Scully,

Shawls, Alpaccas, Cashmeres D'Cosse.

83. *Market Street, Pittsburgh.* 83.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

B. E. CONSTABLE requests the attention of the public to his stock of shawls; consisting of Blanket Cloth, Cashmere, embroidered Thibet and Belvidere, and Broche, at prices ranging from 50 cents up to $12.

Alpaccas, figured and plain, Romelias, Zeebils Cloths, &c., at from 18¾ cents up to 50 and 62 1-2.

Cashmeres D'Cose from 25 up to 50 cents, the newest imported styles.

Just received, another lot of Flannels, imported as the only kind that is not liable to shrink. jan 15

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 1st inst., JOHN HARTMAN, Jr., an indented apprentice to the Tailoring business. All persons are hereby forewarned against harboring or trusting him on my account.
june 17* FRANCIS LUCKERMAN.

CRANBERRIES—For sale by
P. C. MARTIN,
je17. No 60, Water st., Burnt District.

Goshen Cheese.

A PRIME lot just received and for sale by
A. G. REINHART,
je16. 140 Liberty St.

Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of G. & E. Arthurs is dissolved from this date by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the above firm, are requested to present them for immediate payment and all knowing themselves to be indebted will please call and settle their accounts at the old stand, on the corner of Second and Grant sts. where the business heretofore will be conducted by Edward Arthurs.
GEO. ARTHURS,
E. ARTHURS.
Pittsburgh, June 1st, 1845. je14-d1w.

Monongahela Foundry,

Corner of Water and Grant Streets.

THE subscribers having rebuilt and enlarged their Foundry, which was destroyed by the great fire of the 10th of April, are now prepared to furnish castings of all kinds on the shortest notice.
JOHN ANDERSON & SON.
june14-1w*

Marine Hospital.

PROPOSALS will be received until the 30th inst. for excavating cellar and building foundation walls of Marine Hospital. There will be about 1,500 cubic yards of excavation—900 superficial yards of concrete pavement, laid six inches thick—for cellar floor, say about 150 cubic yards. There will be about 300 cubic yards of masonry in the foundation walls, which are to be built of hard and durable stone, dressed to lay in regular courses—all the masonry to be laid in cement mortar. JOHN SANDERS,
Captain Engineers.

Age, American, Ariel, Chronicle and Gazette publish daily until 30th, and charge this office. je14.

JUST published, and for sale at Cook's, No 59 Third st, near the Post Office.

The Cresent and the Cross, by Elliot Warburton, Esq., being No, 11 of the Library of Choice Reading.

The Eventful Life of a Soldier, by the late Joseph Donaldson, being No 7 of the Home and Travellers, Library.

The Trials of Margaret Lindsay, by Professor Wilson.

The Philosophy of Evil, "Man has no right to say this is worse than that, In time every thing shall be well approved." 2 Esdras, 1—10.

The Mysteries of the Inquisition—No 4.

Montezuma, the Serf—part 3.

Littell's Living Age—No 46.

Eveline Neville, or a Spirit, yet a Woman too—by Lady.

Norman, or the Privateersman's Bride—a Sequel to Freemantle.

History of Oregon—Geographical and Political—by George Wilkes, accompanied by a Map.

American Review for June, a Whig Journal.

Democratic Review for June, a Democratic Journal.

Ure's Dictionary of Arts, Science and Mines—a new supply in one vol. je 14

50 BOXES Star Candles, first quality, for sale
By R. D. MILLER & CO.,
my 6 194 Liberty st.