The Daily Morning Post.

THOS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 9, 1845.

JUDGE PATTON'S CHARGE.—We hear the Charge of Judge PATTON in the case of the commonwealth against the Rev. E. Smith, spoken of in terms of the highest praise by all who heard it. Even among the few who, from some unexplained reason, desired the conviction of the defendant, the Charge of his Honor is admitted to be a clear, sound and able exposition of the legal and constitutional rights of the citizens of all denominations.

The question at issue was one of much interest to all religious societies: in its decision, they were to ascertain to what extent they have the right to protect themselves from molestation and annoyance. We are told that the charge of Judge Patton clearly defined the rights guarantied to all, and explained the propriety of the law protecting all in the full enjoyment of their religious opinions, and the necessity to check and put down every effort made to interfere with a privilege so dear and sacred to every good citizen.

TOLEDO, OHIO.—There is a letter in the Boston Chronicle, setting forth the advantages of this town, and its superior prospects. Toledo is situated at what the writer calls the "warm end of Lake Erie, and navigation was not shut out from it during the last winter more than two weeks." The Wabash and Erie Canal is in good order from Toledo to Lafayette, Ind., 230 miles The Erie and Kalamazoo Rail Road extends from Toledo into the interior of Michigan. The Miami Extension Canal, 245 miles long, being a continuous line from Toledo to Cincinnati, will be in operation in May. It must be confessed that all these improvements terminating at Toledo, must make it a place of great trade.

The writer anticipates that within 2 years this town will take the lead of Cleveland, in the amount of its business in shipping produce, &c. The receipts of Toledo by canal and railroad, in 1844, were within a small fraction of 600,000 bushels of wheat; 3,230,984 lbs. pork in bulk; and 17,416 bbls.; lard, 2,612,884 lbs., pot and pearl ashes, 1,016,796 lbs.

The region of country trading through this port is new and sparsely settled, yet being very rich and extensive, and settling with considerable vigor, it will soon astonish commercial men with the extent of its marketable products.

Steamboats are now running regularly between Toledo and Buffalo.

WASHINGTON NEWS.—The New York Mirror has an article in relation to removals and appointments, at Washington city, in which the idea is held out that the new administration will be more 'proscriptive' than that of Gen. JACKSON, which all good whigs have heretofore spoken of with horror. The Mirror people (although the paper is strictly neutral,) are whigs, and hence, perhaps, their sensitiveness upon what they call the "consternation," "President POLK has produced with his keen scimetar,' by which the "heads" are "falling round him like Mamelukes."

The Mirror gives a description (fanciful, of course,) of the manner in which R. H. GILLET, Esq., the new Register of the Treasury, announced to Major T. L. SMITH, the late incumbent, that his place was "wanted:"

"Major Smith, seated in his large arm-chair, with gold specs—his wig neatly smoothed and curled into the most fashionable proportions, was busily engaged in signing treasury notes, when a plain, country-looking gentleman made his appearance.

"Ah! Mr. Gillet, I am rejoiced to see you. Pray take a seat I have not seen you since you left congress. How well you look. Oh, a country life, Mr Gillet, keeps the healthful bloom on your cheek. I was always attached to a country life."

"Then, my dear sir," you will have an excellent opportunity for enjoying your taste, for I bring a *supersedeas* for you in the office you now hold.

"Good gracious, Max! You put me into a cold perspiration. A supersedeas for me! Impossible. There must be some mistake in this. Why, my dear fellow, I half only been thirteen or fourteen years in office—a mere campaign—and Colonel Polk is my very, *very* particular friend."

"Mr Gillet exhibited his document, and Major Smith, after puffing away a few heavy sighs, resigned the arm-chair with his usual grace and dignity, to the new incumbent."

The Mirror then indulges in other fanciful reflections and complimentary remarks concerning the presumed determination of Col POLK to displace that most imaginative of all airy creations, "the kitchen cabinet," and winds up with the following substantial tribute to the President's merits. We cannot subscribe to the correctness of the Mirror's premises; but we copy his conclusion notwithstanding:

"Verily, James K Polk exhibits dimensions all beyond what his warmest admirers imagined or predicted, and we have great hopes for the future from the brief experience of the past."

NEW FASHIONED THEATRES.—A floating theatre has just been finished in New York, which the Mirror says is intended for "coasting the Metropolis." It will be anchored at the foot of each street, terminating at the water, where the location promises to be profitable. It will be opened for the first performance at the foot of Chambers street.

There is also another new theatre just completed in New York. Castle Garden has been changed into a magnificent amphitheatre.

"The novelty at Castle Garden," says the New York Mirror, "is worth Imperial Cæsar's coming back to see. That spacious area has been entirely enclosed, and an amphitheatre constructed, which, *without the arena*, will seat four thousand persons!—As well as we could judge with the scaffolding up, it is a remarkably imposing structure. The walls and ceiling are covered with drawings in fresco, and the roof, though very showily arched, is said to be incapable of the reverberation, which might destroy music in so large a place. This is not quite so capacious as the Coliseum (which accommodated 87,000 spectators,) but it is large enough for most of the assemblies of our time, and will probably be used for a great variety of purposes."

A BEAUTIFUL BANNER, presented by the Democracy of Baltimore, to the Democracy of New York, has arrived in the latter city, and the ceremony of the formal presentation was to take place in Tammany Hall on Monday afternoon. The banner is a splendid affair, composed of fine white satin, is nine feet deep and six feet wide, and is surrounded by a border of blue silk velvet, twelve inches wide, on which is placed twenty-eight silver stars, one for each state in the Union; and the "lone star" is suspended from the beak of the eagle in the centre. At the head of the banner, is a finely painted head of "Washington," suspended in a halo of glory—at the bottom is a beautifully executed head of "Silas Wright, Gov of New York.

CLEVELAND is to have two new daily papers. Mr J W GRAY, the publisher of that excellent democratic sheet "The Plaindealer," now published weekly, proposes to publish a daily paper under the same title. He gives very flattering accounts of his prospects.—There is also to be a daily Liberty paper. It is to be published by the editor of the Ohio American.

RHODE ISLAND—HURRAH FOR JACKSON!

We have now complete returns from all parts of the State, excepting one of the smaller towns, which cannot vary the result, as we present it below, more than ten votes.

The following letter gives a brief and interesting account of a victory achieved by the friends of liberation.

OFFICE REPUBLICAN HERALD,
Providence, April, 1845.

Sir: Our election, as your are aware, took place yesterday, and has resulted in the election of Charles Jackson, the Liberation candidate for Governor, by about 200 majority over Fenner. Elisha R Potter, the Whig Algerine nominee for Representative to Congress, from the Western District, has been defeated by a large majority, by Lemuel H Arnold, who was supported by the Democats, as he avowed himself a Liberationist—this is indeed a triumph.

We have also elected at least ten good Dorrite Democrats to the Senate, and twenty-six to the House; in the last Assembly we had but six in the Senate and twelve in the House. It is also thought that a majority of both branches of the Legislature elected, are in favor of the liberation of the patriot, Dorr.

Byron Diman, the Whig candidate for Lieutenant-Governor is, doubtless, elected. The remainder of the general ticket, except the Governor, is yet doubtful. In haste, yours, &c.

The vote stands as follows, according to the *Providence Journal* of yesterday morning, an Algerine authority:

Counties	*Fenner.*	*Jackson.*	*Diman,*	*Hazard.*
Providence	3974	5207	4203	5075
Newport	1252	713	1252	709
Washington	895	1138	1024	1024
Kent	933	629	950	655
Bristol	645	213	651	207
	7699	7900	8080	7670
Majority for Jackson over all				123
" " Diman " "				391

Scattering, 87.

EASTERN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Cranston, 4900; scattering, 61.

WESTERN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Potter, 2865; Arnould, 3902; scattering, 70.

The Legislature will probably stand as follows:

	Senate.	*House.*	*Total.*
Liberation,	10	26	36
Algerine,	21	41	64
	11	15	26

In Rhode Island, the pardoning power is not entrusted to the Governor alone, so that the action of the Legislature will be necessary to accomplish the liberation of Dorr. It is not probable, however, that a majority in either branch could be found to resist so decided an indication of the popular will upon this subject as is given by the election of Jackson.

IOWA.—The good people of Iowa continue to grumble at Congress having contracted their fair proportions, when it is admitted that the new State as at present limited, can accommodate *fifteen millions* of inhabitants, and is one third larger than Ohio. A paper in noticing this fact, thinks it arises from the gigantic scale by which every thing in the West is measured. Their rivers, forests, prairies, cataracts and caverns are of the sublimest order; their lakes are inland seas; they measure pork by the cord and mass-meetings by the acre.

U S SENATE.—We learn that the Hon. JACOB THOMPSON, a member of the last Congress, has been appointed by the Governor of Mississippi, a senator of the United States to fill the vacancy occasioned by the appointment of the Hon R J WALKER, Secretary of the Treasury.

EMIGRATION.—The St Louis Reporter of the 20th says: "The steamer Bridgewater, which arrived here on Tuesday evening, brought about 250 emigrants from Westmoreland, Allegheny and Beaver counties, Pennsylvania. They were on their way to Shelby county, in this state, where they expect to settle, and where they, in company with others soon to follow, have purchased a large tract of land. About three thousand persons are expected to join them this year.

☞ Upwards of forty new lead mines have been opened in the mining regions upon the Upper Mississippi during the last winter. The mineral lands of Iowa and Wisconsin are supposed to be more productive of this metal than the whole of Europe, with the exception of Great Britain.

A RIOT IN NEW BRUNSWICK.—The town of Portland, (suburbs of St John, N B) was the scene of a fierce riot one night last week. Four men were shot, one of whom is beyond recovery. The Royal Artillery, with field pieces, were called out, but before their arrival the ground was in possession of two companies of provincial troops, who restored order. The cause of this riot, for some reason or other, is not explained in the provincial papers. Religious prejudice are hinted at as the primary cause.

PHILADELPHIA.—Judge Petit has tendered to Gov. Shunk his resignation of the office of President Judge of the District Court. Cause—inadequacy of salary. Judges Jones and Finlay of the same Court have received their commissions and were qualified on Friday.

HEMP.—Mr T. LONGWITH, of Scott county, Illinois, raised, on 8 acres of land, last year, 6,600 lbs. of hemp, which he sold for $115 per ton. The navy agent at Boston, after testing a sample of this hemp, pronounced it equal to the best Russian hemp.

The Thirty-Six Dancing Girls.—The Paris correspondent of the Newark (N. J.) Advertiser, has the following notice of this band of *bayaderes*, who have lately appeared with eclat upon the French stage:

"Saturday evening I attended the Grand Opera on the occasion of the benefit of 36 young dancing girls from Vienna. These children are betwe n the ages of four and fifteen years, and their astonishing performances have drawn a crowd during six weeks, which has filled the largest theatre in Paris.

On this evening, notwithstanding the prices were nearly double (varying fromono dollar to four, according to the situation) the house was crammed to its utmost capacity. The play of Moliere's "Le Bourgeois Gentilhommo" afforded an excellent opportunity for these performers. The Polka and Mazourka were introduced with great effect. The novel and difficult figures, and the extraordinary skill of these little children brought down thunders of applause. Though viewing them with pleasure, I could not banish the thought, that their lot at present was similar to that of dancing dogs, that their wonderful art and grace were not acquired in the splendid satin robes, which they then wore, but in soiled rags, and at the expense of reproofs and blows. Their sweet countenances, as yet unused to dissimulation, too plainly revealed the fact, that this exhibition, causing transports to others, was a weary labor to them. But when the beholder thinks of their future life, his pleasure is still further diminished. Young and innocent now, very soon they become kept mistresses, and their descent is afterwards rapid to the condition of the common courtezan, the street sweeper, the inmate of the hospital, the *subject of the dissecting room!* Here we leave them—the secrets of another world are not as yet unfolded.

Consulships.—The consulate at Liverpool, from fees alone, is said to be worth from $10,000 to $15,000 per annum; the one at Havana, about $10,000; the one at Havre, probably $8,000 or $10,000. Now of a standing salary for consuls at each of these places $4,000 or $5,000 would be sufficient to secure the services of as competent men for either, as can be found in the United States. The surplus should go into the treasury of the United States, or be employed in paying American citizens to reside at ports of less magnitude, as consuls. *N. Y. Journ. Com.*

HISTORY MADE EASY.

No. I.—ENGLAND.

Of the early history of England nothing is known. It was, however, invaded by the Normans: but whether they were any relations of the once celebrated Norman, the pantaloon, we have no authentic record. The kingdom had at one time seven kings—two of whom were probably the two well known kings of Brentford.—Perhaps, also, the king of Little Britian may be a third: while old King Cole may have constituted a fourth: thus leaving a trifling number of three to be accounted for.

Alfred the Great is supposed to have been originally a baker, from his having undertaken the task of watching the cakes in the neatherd's oven; and Edward the Black Prince was probably a West Indian, who found his way to our hospitable shores at an early period.

We now come to King John, who ascended the throne after putting out his nephew's eyes with a pair of curling irons, and who was the first English sovereign who attempted to write his own name: for the scrawl is evidently something more than his mark, which is attached to the Magna Charta.

We need say nothing of Richard the Third, with whom all our play going friends are familiar, and who made the disgraceful offer, if Shakspeare is to be believed, of parting with the whole kingdom for a horse, though it does not appear that the disreputable bargain was ever completed.

The wars of York and Lancaster, which, though not exactly *coleur de rose*, were on the subject of white and red roses (that is to say, China and Cabbage,) united the crown in the person of Henry the Seventh, known to the play going public as the Duke of Richmond, and remarkable for having entered the country by the Lincolnshire fens; for he talks of having got into "the bowels of the land" immediately on his arrival.

Henry the Eighth, as every body knows, was the husband of seven wives, and gave to Mr Abnar (the Sadler's Wells Stephens) the idea of his beautiful dramatic poem of the Wife of Seven Husbands.

Charles the First had his head cut off, and Mr Cuthbert acted him so naturally in Miss Mitford's play, that one would have thought the monarch was entirely without a head all through the tragedy.

Cromwell next obtained the chief authority. This man was a brewer, who did not think "small beer" of himself, and inundated his country with "heavy wet" in the shape of tears, for a long period.

Charles the Second, well known as the merry monarch, is remarkable only for his profligacy, and for the number of very bad farces in which he has been the principal character. His brother James had a short reign, but not a merry one. He is the only English sovereign who may be said to have amputated *his bludgeon;* which, if we were speaking of an ordinary man and not a monarch, we should have rendered by the familiar phrase of "cut his stick," a process which was soon performed by his majesty.

The crown now devolved upon William and Mary, upon whom half-a-crown-a-piece was thus settled by the liberality of the parliament. William was Prince of *Orange*, a descendant most probably of the great King *Pippin*.

Anne of Denmark comes next on our list, but of her we shall say nothing; and as the Georges also followed her are so near our time, we shall observe, with regard to them, an equally impenetrable mystery.

Lowell.—This town is acquiring great character and celebrity. It was commenced in 1822 and contains over 25,000 inhabitants, has 35 mills mostly manufacturing cotton cloth, runs 204,000 spindles, over 6000 looms, employing 7000 females, 2500 males, making 1,500,000 yards of cloth per week, consuming 1175 bales of cotton per week, and employing a capital of 11,000,000. The average wages of females is $1,75 per week, clear of board. Amount of wages per month $133,000. Besides the factories belonging to the manufacturing corporations, there are manufactories of powder, flannel, blankets, batting, paper cards whips &c employing abot 1550 hands, and a capital of $600,000.

The Fourierites.—The Fourier Association in Ohio has broken up in "great indignation," and every man, it is said, has "gone on his way rejoicing." The following are the reasons given for the dissolution of the fraternity.

Want of Experience
Too much Enthusiasm;
Unproductive members;
WANT OF MEANS.

That want of means, by the by, makes many a poor fellow "shut up." *Neal's Gazette.*

The statement; that the association has dissolved, is incorrect. They have made new arrangements, re-organized their society, and are going on swimmingly, and as they believe, are now sure of success. These facts are all stated in detail, in the article from which the above "reasons" are taken, and it is somewhat strange that such material matters should have been overlooked.

☞ The following, says the Boston Post, contains a profitable moral:

A PASTORAL SONG.

Translated from Dufresni by Dr. Sweetfellow.

Julia, swayed, like those above her,
Less by love than avarice,
First exacted from her lover
Twenty sheep for one poor kiss.

Maidens having once consented,
Next day are not quite so nice:
Twenty kisses then she granted,
Taking one sheep for the price.

Next day after, she more tender,
Hoping thus her swain to keep,
Offered for one kiss to render
To her lover twenty sheep.

Weeping Julia, one daylater,
Would have given sheep, dog, and all,
For the kiss which he, the traitor,
Gratis gave to romping Poll.

A ROMANCE OF THE SEA.

The Sandwich Island papers give the particulars of the loss of the whale ship Holder Borden, of Fall river. She struck on a reef of a small island in lat. 26 10 N. lon. 174 51 W. The crew landed on the island, which was found to be triangular in form, about three miles in circumference, elevated about 40 feet above the sea, being highest on the N. W. part. In digging about five feet tolerable good water was found. No trees were found upon it, nor was there any trace of human footsteps. It was covered with a species of coarse sea-grass, a few flowering vines; and inhabited by multitudes of sea fowl, hair seals and green turtle. The crew of the whale ship numbered 37, representing seven different nations—twelve of them were Americans. Six days after landing they commenced building a small schooner, which they completed in four months and twenty-too days. The heat was often intense. At one time the mercury rose to 105, but usually ranged from 92 to 98. The mornings and evenings were cool.

The schooner built from the wreck of the Holder Borden, and named "Hope," was launched on the 20th of September, and sailed for the Sandwich Islands, on the following 14th, commanded by Capt Pell. He arrived safely, after a passage of 23 days, accompanied by twenty-five of his crew, eleven having remained upon the island. Forty barrels of oil and a cable were brought in the schooner. The schooner was sold at auction for $1400, and other property to the amount of $1500, for the benefit of the underwriters and owners. From the price which the schooner brought it may be inferred that she was a craft that speaks a good word for the carpenter and others engaged in her construction. She is well built and copper fastened. Her masts thought to be too short, but her model pronounced good.

Capt. Pell left the Sandwich Islands October 19th, commanding the American brig Delaware, which vessel he had purchased to remove the oil and whatever is valuable to the United States. The Delaware was bought for $6,500. Unless something disastrous attends the shipping of the oil, &c., from the island, Capt. Pell expected to return in six weeks to the islands, on his way to the United States.

The Holder Borden, was 442 tons, about three years old, and had made one voyage as a merchant ship to England, before sailing as a whaler. She was built in honor of Mr. Holder Borden, an extensive manufacturer in Fall River Mass., who left his property mostly to three sisters, whose husbands were the builders and principal owners of this ship. She sailed on her first and only whaling voyage Nov. 10th, 1842, touched at Valparaiso in March following. At the time of sailing, ship and cargo were valued at $65,000.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

A Murderer no Murderer.—We learn from the Hillsborough (Me.) Recorder of the 20th ult., that at the Superior Court held at that place the preceding week, a most extraordinary case was tried before Judge Caldwell, which is perhaps, as singular in its details, as any that have yet been recorded. It is stated by gentlemen of the bar, that in an extensive search through their musty books of the law, they could find no *precedent* by which any light could be thrown on the practice in such cases. We annex the full particulars:

A little girl exactly twelve years of age, and described as really beautiful in features, form and figure, was arraigned for the murder of her father. There was no one present at the time the deed was done, except two small children, not competent evidence, and consequently, there was no evidence against her but her own confessions, and the fact of her father being found dead in his own house, and no one there but herself; and it could not be proved, although exertion was made to do so, that any person else had been there on the night of the murder, The father was a drunken wretch, and the mother was known to have a paramour, to whom suspicion attached, but he proved clearly that he was somewhere else on the night of the murder.

It was proved that the father was at a grog shop on the evening of the murder; that he became so intoxicated that the keeper of the groggery had to put him on a horse and send him home On the morning after the murder, the owner of the house happened to pass near the door, and discovered the corpse laying there. The man was laying on a pallet before the fire, with one arm under his head, in a sleeping position The head was severed as with one blow with an axe, and the severed part had rolled down, exposing the brains and whole interior of the skull, the axe having gone through the head—through three thicknesses of the quilt and half an inch into the floor! The owner of the house above mentioned immediately summoned the neighbors and held an inquest over the body. The girl and two children being there all the time. The mother of the girl and a son 19 years old, had left the home the evening before, and staid all night at a neighbor's house.

The girl immediately confessed that she had killed him. Her first confession was, that her father came home drunk, and beat her with a stick, and told her to get a knife, he was going to kill himself, but she could not find a knife. On being asked to show the stick with which he beat her, after looking about she picked upon one that one of the neighbors had brought; and on examining her body no bruises were found, which showed that that part of her story was untrue. She then said that he came home and laid down and told her to kill him, and on her refusing, he swore he would kill her if she did not; that she went and got the axe, and he lay down, but she still refused to kill him, and he swore he would kill her, at the same time raising himself up, as if to get on his feet, and as he raised up she said she struck him the lick, but the evidence proves that the blow must have been given when the head was on the floor, thus proving more untruth on her part. The variations in her evidence are singular and excited much speculation. They are the effects of a disturbed and excited state of mind, produced either by the fright, or an over anxiety possibly to excuse the real murderer, if she did not commit the deed herself.

She further stated that having committed the act, the sight made her sick, and to avoid fainting she threw a part of the quilt over the corpse, and went to bed. first, however, telling her young sister that she had killed her daddy; and the child immediately started up and went and lay in her dead father's arms all night! The murderer slept!

The evidence of medical gentlemen was that a girl of her age and size had not strength to strike such a blow. This leads many to the belief that the real murderer is yet undiscovered.

While one can scarcely realize that a child would or could commit such a deed, it is seen on the other hand that she confessed from the first moment that she did it, and no entreaties could make her alter her statement; not even the loathsome solitude of a dungeon through night and through day; or the persuasions of her counsel to disclose the truth if she had not done it; and their solemn admonitions that the gibbet awaited her unless she recanted. Nothing could move her.

The jury retired but a few minutes and returned a verdict of "Not Guilty." The case has produced much excitement and speculation. She was released immediately. The heartless mother left town and went home after the trial was over, and before she heard the verdict of the jury!

Geological Lectures.

PROF. A. GRAY, (late of Boston,) of Marietta College, Ohio, proposes to deliver a course of six lectures, on the science of Geology, in the University Hall, commencing on Thursday evening, April 10, at 7½ o'clock. The lectures will be illustrated with large drawings and paintings, exhibiting sections of all the classes of rocks, which compose the earth's crust—the remains of animals and plants, in the order in which they are distributed through these rocks, with views of Glaciers, Icebergs and Volcanoes.

The course will embrace the following topics:

Lecture I—The antiquity of the earth, as inferred from the records of Geology.

Lecture II—Aqueous causes of change—agency of rivers, oceans, glaciers, avalanches, icebergs, &c.

Lecture III—Igneous causes of change—volcanos, earthquakes, &c.

Lecture IV—Geological Theories.

Lecture V—Probable duration and destruction of the earth.

Lecture VI—Connection of Geology and Revelation, or the Mosaic and Geological Histories.

Tickets admitting a gentleman and lady for the course, $1 00; single tickets for the course, 75. Admission to a single lecture 25 cts. Tickets may be had at the Bookstores of C. H. Kay, Ingram & Elliott, and at the door. ap 9.

School Books.

FROST'S History of the United States;
Parley's Common School History;
Smith's new Arithmetic;
Sanders' Spelling and Reading Books;
Cobb's New Spelling and Reading Books;
Eclectic " " "
Mitchell's, Smith's, and Olney's Geographies;
Day's, Emerson's and Davies' Arithmetics;
Kendall's Uranography;
Burrett's Geography of the Heavens;
Comstock's Philosophy, Chemistry and Botany;
Philosophy for beginners, by Mrs Phelps;
Botany " "
Comstock's Young Botanist and Chemist;
Bullion's, Smith and Kirkham's Grammars.

With a general assortment of Slates, Paper, Quills, Pencils, Ink, &c. &c., constantly on hand and for sale at low prices for cash, or good clean rags by

ap 9 J. H. MELLOR, 122 Wood st.

Flats Lost.

FLOATED off from the landing above Pipetown, on the Monongahela river, a Ferry Flat with all the rings and chains complete; she is 76 feet long, with spliced oak gunnels, three streamers up the middle, she is 11 feet wide. There is a plate of iron, resembling an old wagon tire over the splice of one of the gunnels, and on the other there is a line made with white paint extending along the whole length of the gunnel. She is marked No 1.

ANOTHER.—Floated off from the Ferry landing, between the Monongahela Bridge and Bakewell's Glass House, a sand Flat, with oak gunnels, two streamers up the middle, a strip of oak is fastened on the top of each gunnel with two iron pins for rowlocks; one of the gunnels is spliced, in and outside.

Any person who will return said Flats to the subscriber or leave word at the Morning Post, where he can get them, will be liberally rewarded.

PATRICK McCOY,
ap 9-3t* Prospect Street.

Acts of Assembly.

ACTS of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in 31 vols., embracing all the acts from the year 1801 to 1844 inclusive, bound and lettered.

Smith's Laws of Pennsylvania in 10 vols. from the 14th day of October 1700 to 1829 with notes and references.

The above with a general assortment of Law works embracing all the standard and popular Law books.

For sale by CHAS. H. KAY,
Bookseller, and Stationer,
ap 9 corner of Wood and 3d streets.

Audubon's Birds of America.

THE Birds of America, from Drawings made in the United States and their Territories, by John James Audubon, F. R. S. S. L. and E. Complete in one hundred Nos., illustrated with five hundred beautiful Colored Engravings.

The Juvenile Drawing Book, being the Rudiments of the Art, Explained in a series of easy Lessons, embracing the three departments of the art, namely Drawing, Shading and Coloring, designed and executed by John Rubens Smith

The above for sale by CHARLES H. KAY,
ap 9 corner of Wood and 3rd sts.

Fresh Sicily Oranges.

50 BOXES in prime order for sale low by
P. C. MARTIN,
apr 9 60 Water st.

Notice.

I HAVE left my books with Samuel Gelston, at James Patterson's Lock and Screw Manufactory, corner of Front and Ferry sts. All those indebted to me will please call and pay him—he is fully authorised to close my business. All accounts remaining unpaid, on the first of May next, will be left in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

ap 9–1md. GEORGE ARMOR.

JAMES BENNEY, Jr.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,

AND Dealer in Produce, at W. Greer's old stand, No 46, corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

N. B. The best of Groceries kept constantly on hand. [ap 9

Rosin, Tobacco, &c. at Auction.

WILL be sold, at McKenna's Auction Mart, corner of 2d and Wood street, on Thursday the 10th inst., at 2 o'clock, P M., 50 Bbls of Super Rosin, and 5 Boxes of Virginia Twist Tobacco. Also, at same time, a great variety of new and second hand Furniture. Terms at Sale.

ap 9 P McKENNA, Auct'r.

Large Sale of Seasonable Dry Goods.

At McKenna's Auction Mart, corner of Second and Wood sts.

WILL be sold on Thursday the 10th inst., at 10 o'clock, A M., a large lot of Spring and Summer Dry Goods, among which are a few pieces of superior English Lawns; also, Muslin de Laines, Balzarines, Calicoes in large and small pieces; Gambroons and other Summer stuffs; Book Muslin, Bishop Lawns, white and colored Cotton Hose, Tickings, a few pieces of Extra Blue Cassinetts, together with a great variety of Fancy Goods. Terms at Sale.

ap 9 P. M'KENNA, Auct'r.

Auction Sales,
BY JOHN D. DAVIS;
Corner of Wood and Fifth streets.

AT 10 o'clock, A. M., on Thursday, the 10th inst., will be sold a general assortment of Seasonable Dry Goods.

At 10 o'clock, A. M., 15 cases Boots and Shoes, viz:—4 cases gent's. super Calf Boots; 4 do women's do Kip Bootees; 4 do ladies' Seal Grecian walking Shoes; 1 do do French Kid Slippers; 2 men's Brogans.

Also—Six cases men's Hats, of a fine quality;
Three cases ladies' Braid Bonnets.

At 2 o'clock, P. M., a large quantity of Household and Kitchen Furniture, among which are 2 well toned Pianos, in good order, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Mahogany Sofa, Looking Glasses, Oil Paintings, Engravings, mantel Clocks, &c., &c.; together with a quantity of Glass cases, Shelving, Counters and one Iron Safe.

N B. A general assortment of Dry Goods, &c. will constantly be kept in the second story which will be sold very low private sale.

Goshen Cheese.

2000 LBS. Superior Goshen Cheese; just received and for sale by
A. G. REINHART,
ap 9 140 Liberty street.

Stray Calves.

CAME to the residence of the subscriber, living in Franklin township, Allegheny County, Pa., two bull calves, one red and white, the other pale dun, supposed to be between nine and fifteen months old; no other marks perceivable. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

ap 9 JOSEPH M'CLELLAND.

A CARD.

THE subscriber, having entered into a permanent arrangement with Mr George Armor, to take charge of the custom department, he is now prepared to execute all orders in his line in the most workmanlike and fashionable style. Grateful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, he will be unremitting in his attention to merit the continuance of those favors—and from the well known character of Mr Armor as a *Practical Cutter*, he trusts it will be unnecessary to say any thing further in his favor.

Customers furnishing their own goods, may rely upon having them made up in the latest style, and on the most accommodating terms.

P DELANY, 49 Liberty street.

The undersigned would be happy to receive a call from his friends and former patrons, and will exert himself as heretofore to the utmost of his ability to fit and please their various tastes.

ap 8—tf GEORGE ARMOR.

HAMPTON & SMITH,
NO. 112 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH,

ARE now receiving a very large stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, all purchased within three weeks last past, comprising as handsome and desirable goods as were ever brought to a western market, and which will be offered to country or city buyers, at such rates as will compare with eastern prices, and that without "addition of carriage."

They solicit an examination of their stock by purchasers. ap 3-d6w

REMOVAL.

W M'DONALD has removed his Book Store to Market Street, near Third, next door to Martin's Exchange Office. He has just received a large assortment of Miscellaneous, School, and Classical Books, together with a variety of memorandum Books, Steel Pens, Printer's Blanks, Portfolios, Blank Promissory Notes with steel engravings, and plain, &c. &c.

W M'DONALD, No 44 Market Street, has just received the following books:—Comstock's System of Elocution, Caldwell's Manual of Elocution, Porter's Rhetorical Reader, Pictorial History of the United States, Pictorial History of France, Oswald's Etymological Dictionary, Moffit's Johnston's Chemistry Do Philosophy, Bullion's Grammars, Willard's Histories, Cobb's New Series, Gummere's Surveying, Phillips' Curran, and Grattan's Speeches, Chatham, Burke, Erskine and McIntosh's Speeches, American Oratory.

Poetry—Mrs Hemans, by her sister, Wordsworth, Southey, Rogers, Campbell, Scott, Norton, Barton, Mrs Hemans by Griswold, Willis' Poems, Gems of Modern Poets, Cowper, Ossian's Poems, the Flower Vase, Autumn Flowers, the Irish Girl, by Mrs Ellis; &c., &c.

Religious—Some fine Oxford Bibles, a very large assortment of Family Bibles, Polyglott Bibles, with tucks; the finest edition of the Common Prayer ever published in the United States, published by George & Wayne; beautiful common Prayers, with tucks; Louth's Sermons, Burkitt's Notes, &c, &c.

ap 8

Lost

ON Saturday evening the 29th February, between the U S Hotel, and the packet boat landing, in Allegheny city, a small Valese, and a Red Tin Dressing Case. Any person finding the above, will be rewarded by leaving them with Wm B Thompson, at the U S Hotel, Pittsburgh. ap 8

Situation Wanted.

A person who perfectly understands the business, is desirous of obtaining a situation as *Coachman* or *Waiter*. As employment is his principal object, he would make himself generally useful to any one who will engage his services. A line addressed to James Hughes, left at the office of the Morning Post will be attended to. ap 8-3t*

Shawls, Alpaccas, Cashmeres, &c.

83. *Market Street, Pittsburgh.*

SELLING OFF AT COST.

B. E. CONSTABLE requests the attention of the public to his stock of shawls; consisting of Blanket Cloth, Cashmere, embroidered Thibet and Belvidere, and Broche, at prices ranging from 50 cents up to $12.

Alpaccas, figured and plain, Romelins, Zenobia Cloths, &c., at from 18¾ cents up to 50 and 62 1-2c.

Cashmeres D'Cose from 25 up to 50 cents, the newest imported styles.

Just received, another lot of Flannels, imported as the only kind that is not liable to shrink. jan 15

150 BUSHELS DRIED PEACHES; in store and for sale at S. M'KEE & CO'S,
ap 8 d2w 110 Second street.

Notice.

THE public is warned against buying a certain house and lot situated between Virgin alley and Wood street, belonging to the heirs of Marshall, as I am the only one who can give a title to it.

a 8–3t* ISABELLA GARNEAU,
St. Louis, Mo.

Wanted,

A MATRON for the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Orphan Asylum. A middle aged lady would be preferred. Reference required.

Apply to MRS. ROBINSON,
mar 7 Federal street, Allegheny.

For Mortgage.

A GENTLEMAN wishes to raise $300,00. for a few years on an incumbered farm of 70 acres, situate in N. Sewickly Township, Beaver county, about 8 miles from the town of Beaver, and on the New Grade from Beaver to New Castle.

Apply to BLAKELY & MITCHEL.
ap 7

Piano Fortes.

THE subscriber offers for sale a large and splendid assortment of Piano Fortes, from $200 to $450 each The above instruments are of superior workmanship, and made of the best materials; the tone is not to be excelled by any in this country.

F. BLUME.

Corner of Penn and St Clair streets, opposite Exchange Hotel. ap 7

ONE Piano Forte with Coleman's celebrated Æolian attachment for sale at
ap 7 F BLUME'S.

A SMALL Church Organ with six stops of good tone and workmanship, low for cash at
ap 7 F BLUME'S.

MAHOGANY VENEERS AND BOARDS, just received a large assortment of the above for sale by ap 7 F BLUME.

JUST received a large assortment of Musical Instruments, consisting of Violins, Flutes, Guitars, and all kinds of Brass Instruments, for sale by
ap 7 F BLUME.

500 LBS Cane for chair seats, for sale by
ap 7 F BLUME.

Wool Hats.

50 doz of good Wool Hats on hand, and for sale by S MOORE, 93 Wood street.
ap 5.1w

Premium Hats.

JUST received a few dozen of New York Premium Silk Hats. (latest style.) which for beauty and durability cannot be surpassed.

ap 5.1w. S MOORE, 93 Wood street.

LADIES' FANCY SHOE STORE.
O. J. BECKLEY

Would respectfully inform the
Ladies of Pittsburgh and Allegheny cities,
THAT HE HAS OPENED AT
NO. 11 FIFTH STREET,
(FIVE DOORS FROM MARKET ST.)
A Ladies' Fancy Shoe Manufactory.

Having procured his materials in the East—also the latest fashions—he is prepared to manufacture all kinds of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Gaiters, Half-Gaiters, Buskins and Slippers, of Kid or Fancy color, on the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

☞ N. B.—Satin Slippers made to order on a few hours notice.

☞ All shoes made at this shop WARRANTED.

ap 2-2w

IMPROVED LARD OIL, of superior quality, entirely free from Gum and equal to the best Sperm Oil; a few bbls received on consignment and for sale by
mar 12 CHURCH & CAROTHERS.

20000 FIRE BRICK, a prime article, for sale by
mar 20 D. & G. W. LLOYD.

Fire Brick, Extra Large.

20,000 A prime article, for sale by
mar 21 D. & G. W. LLOYD.

Nos. 9 and 10 Wandering Jew.—No. 22 Harper's Bible.

JUST received this morning at Cook's Literary Depot, the following new and cheap publications:

Harper's Illuminated Bible—No. 22. No. 23 is nearly ready. The publishers are making such arrangements as they trust will enable them to complete this truly magnificent work during the present year; and every effort to this end will be made consistent with the execution of the remainder of the work in the same superb style as the numbers already issued. Price 25 cents per number. Back numbers supplied.

Keeping House and Housekeeping, a story of Domestic Life; edited by Mrs. Sarah J. Hale, in one neat volume.

New Orleans as I found it, by H. Didimus.

Voyage round the World from the death of Capt. Cook to the present time.

Illustrated Shakspeare—Nos. 43 and 44. This is certainly the most beautiful edition of Shakspeare ever published. Back numbers supplied.

Albany Cultivator for April. ap 5.

JUST RECEIVED, a superior lot of Sugar House Syrup, in bbls and half bbls; also a fine lot of Sugar House Molasses.

mar 12 CHURCH & CAROTHERS.

BENNETT & BROTHERS,
QUEENSWARE MANUFACTURERS,
Birmingham, Pa.; Ware Rooms No 65 Wood street, Pittsburgh:

WILL keep constantly on hand a good assortment of ware, of their own manufacture, and of a superior quality. Wholesale and country Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves, as they are determined to sell cheaper than has ever before been offered to the public.

N B. Orders sent by mail, accompanied by the cash, or good reference, will be promptly attended to.

ap 5–3m.

AT DR. JOHN BEADEL'S *Medical Agency Office, No. 50, Post Office Buildings, 3d st.*, is to be found a large assortment