The Daily Morning Post.

THOS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1845.

MEXICO AND THE WHIGS.—The correspondent of the New York Express, writing from Washington under date of March 15, concludes an article intended to alarm the people about the anger of Mexico, with the following sentence: "All the accounts from that country agree that both the Government and the people are united in feeling to re-conquer Texas." It has been the the fate of federal whigs to be in the opposition since 1801, nearly all the time, and it has been their invariable fashion to sympathise and encourage any nation which has real or imaginary cause of quarrel with ours. Whether it is the natural tendency of parties opposed to the administration of the government to take sides with the enemies of their country, we know not—but we know that the federalists sympathised with Britain in the last war—the whigs sympathised with the French when JACKSON had the brush with them—and now they are disposed to patche Mexicans on the back. It is very evident that the wish of the author of the above prediction was the father of his thought. It is impossible that he could know any thing about the disposition of the Mexicans to "reconquer" Texas, as manifested since the passage of the annexation Resolutions. And what act of the Mexican people previous to the passage of these resolutions should induce belief in the truth of the supposition of the correspondent of the Express? It is well known that one of the most darling objects of Santa Ana's ambition, indeed, after stealing and hoarding money, the great purpose of his life was to bring TEXAS once more under the Mexican yoke. To this object he was incited, not only by the hope of obtaining political glory, but by a feeling much stronger in a mean and malignant heart like his—the desire to obtain revenge for a stinging personal disgrace. Texas had not only been lost to Mexico during his administration of the government, but he himself had been shamefully beaten by the Texans, who won their liberty from the tyrant himself on the field of battle. With all these incentives to urge the "re-conquering" of Texas—which he did on all occasions—with absolute power over the pecuniary means and military resources of Mexico, Santa Ana found it impossible to induce the Mexican people to second him in his desire to gratify at once his political ambition and his personal revenge.

While still full of the project of acquiring Texas—while talking largely of preparations to subdue it—he was deposed from the Presidency, was for a time a hunted and a hated wanderer, and at this moment is confined in a gloomy dungeon, awaiting a trial, which those with the best means of information suppose will result in his condemnation to be shot—a sentence, which, considering the exasperation of his countrymen against him, would be more merciful than otherwise, as it might save him from death in a more revolting form.

Under these circumstances, is it not fair to presume that Santa Ana's policy with regard to Texas was disapproved by his countrymen, and was one cause of their furious rage against him? Is it not reasonable to suppose that if they wished to "re-conquer" Texas, they would have sustained him in his repeated attempt to accomplish its subjugation? There can be but one answer to these questions in the minds of impartial men. But it would seem that our whig friends are suddenly smitten with a preference for the Mexicans, just like that of our federal predecessors for the British people, and they undertake to predict that the Mexicans are "united in feeling to re-conquer Texas." If the Mexicans should realize the prophetic hopes so freely expressed, and again attempt what they have failed or neglected to do for 9 years past, why we do not see any thing in it so very alarming.—If they do not, the whig politicians will be very likely to denounce them for their want of spirit. It would be a sore disappointment to them, if their Mexican friends should decline the efforts to "reconquer Texas."

CANAL COMMISSIONER.—The State Central Committee, at their meeting on Buehler's on Thursday last, fixed on Thursday, the 4th of September next, for holding the State Convention to nominate a Canal Commissioner. It would have been better, we think, to have held the Convention before the adjournment of the Legislature. Many counties could have been represented in the convention by their members of Assembly, who will not take the trouble to send delegates to the Convention on the 4th of September.—The consequence will be that there will not be a full convention, and the wishes of the people may not be fairly ascertained nor carried out. We have heard it suggested, that the State Committee might have the selection of candidates for Canal Commissioner, in those years when a democratic state convention is not held. And when the Gubernatorial convention meets, a candidate for Commissioner could be selected.

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONERS.—This board completed its labors on Saturday last. That those labors will prove very beneficial to the State we are somewhat induced to doubt. We do not call in question the disposition of the Board to perform its duties properly, but, we do not believe that the advantage derived to the commonwealth from convening it will be commensurate with cost of calling and maintaining it.

FROM SANTA FE.—By the arrival of a party of traders from Santa Fe, at Independence, Mo., news from that region to the 1st of January had been received.

At Santa Fe, at the time of their departure, news had been received of the revolutions which had taken place in Chihuahua, Senora, Durango, Zacatecas and Guadalaxara, and an attempt at revolt was daily anticipated by the Governor of Santa Fe, Martinez. It is supposed that Armigo, the former Governor, will be the leader in the revolt. Martinez, it is said, has already made his arrangements to make his escape.

That Martinez knows the first duty of a Mexican officer, is sufficiently proved by this cunning foretho't.

THE NEW YORK POLICE.—The following is the number of the police of the city of New York, under the new system, with their salaries annexed:

Superintendent,	$1,250
Eight captains, each	700
Eight assistants, each	600
Sixteen sergeants, each	550
Two hundred privates, each	500
Aggregate expense,	120,000

MEXICO.—We have received, says the New Orleans Bulletin, by the brig Leopold O'Donnell, Capt. Davis, from Vera Cruz, papers up to the 27th of February. The National Congress were occupied with the discussion of the new constitution, which very nearly resembles that of the United States. The principal sections have already been adopted. M. Gomez Faria, who has been received with the greatest enthusiasm at Vera Cruz, proceeded to Mexico. Santa Anna was still a prisoner in the Castle of Perote, and the general opinion is that he will neither be put to death nor banished, but will be imprisoned for the remainder of his life.

☞ In writing of a probable change of Ministry in France, the U S Gazette's correspondent makes the following queer but just illustration of the matter:

The King of the French likes his ministers as he does his trowsers or his boots when they fit him: when they are worn out, he throws them away and gets him a pair of new ones. There is rather a tight, uncomfortable fit, but Guizot has become threadbare and requires a patch.

This writer thinks Count Mole will succeed Guizot, when the latter is forced to yield his post.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—The Boston Post of Saturday gives returns from 143 towns. The Post concludes that STEELE, dem. will be elected by 1000 or 1500 votes over all others. The Maryland Patriot thinks he will have but about 500 majority. The Patriot believes that it is "extremely doubtful" whether WOODBURY is elected or not.

ALABAMA M. E. CONFERNCE.—The Alabama Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Chorch, which recently met at Wetumpka, adjourned on the 5th instant. Bishop Andrews presided. The proceedings of the Conference, we learn from the Mobile Register, were marked by a spirit of perfect harmony and concord. Resolutions were unanimously adopted, approving of the action of the southern delegation at the General Conference, in view of a division of the church, and appointing representatives, as recommended, to the Louisville Convention.

THE RANDOLPH FAMILY.—There has been much speculation about the result of the great Randolph Will Case. It was said, at one time, that St. George Randolph, a journeyman printer in Kentucky, (and who was, many years ago, employed in this city) had received a large share. This, unfortunately for the poor typo, is a false rumor. The Baltimore Clipper's correspondent at Washington city, has the following in relation to the Randolph family. It would seem that the poor lunatic has the largest share of the estate of his uncle:

"John Randolph's father was named John. His mother was a daughter of Col Theodorick Bland, well known in Virginia Revolutionary History. He had two brothers, Richard, older than himself, and Theodorick, I think, was the youngest. Their father died when they were mere infants. John and Theodorick were never married. Richard married Judith, the daughter of Col Thomas Mann Rondolph, of Tuckahoe. One of her brothers was afterwards Governor of Virginia, and married the daughter of Thomas Jefferson. Richard Randolph, the brother of John, and Judith his wife, had two children, Tudor and St. George. Tudor died many years ago St George is still alive, and is the tenant of a Lunatic Asylum either of Baltimore or Philadelphia. He has been deaf and dumb from his birth. He is the person who inherits the larger portion of John Randolph's estate. His father left him and his brother a very large estate. When Tudor died, John Randolph, as the guardian of St. George, had the management of his estate of When his nephew became hopelessly insane, he of course was the person designated by law as his successor, and would have inherited the whole estate had he survived that nephew. In all his wills he has willed away St George's estate as well as his own—it being clearly his under the circumstances. Without any will, St George would likewise be his heir. John Randolph's mother, after the death of her first husband, married St George Tucker, Esq., from Bermuda. He died a Judge of the Court of Appeals of Virginia. Beverly Tucker, Professor of Law at William and Mary, and Henry St. George Tucker filling the same Chair at the University of Virginia, are the sons of this gentleman, and the half brothers of John Randulph. He had, also, one half sister, (Mrs. Coulter.) John Randolph has no living nephew of the whole blood but St. George Randolph, spoken of above. METROPOLIS.

LATIN.—A correspondent of the Savannah Republican says: "It is a fact not generally known, that the Latin is still a living language among the nobility and educated classes of Hungary. Until about five years since, the debates of the Diet were conducted in that language. By a decree of that body, however, the Magyer or Original Selavonian language of the country, is now used instead of it."

CONSUL AT LIVERPOOL.—General Robert Armstrong, of Nashville, to whom the brave old Hero of the Hermitage, has given his sword, has been appointed by the President and Senate, Consul at Liverpool. Gen Armstrong is a veteran in the service of his country, and also in the cause of Democracy. He takes place of Joel W White, of Connecticut.

☞ The army maintained by France consists of 344,000 men and 83,446 horses. Of these there are in France 284,000 men, with 69,520 horses; and in Algiers 60,000 men, with 13,896 horses.

No country in the world, says a correspondent of the United States Gazette, has such a staff of officers as France. There are not less than 9 marshals, 76 lieutenant generals, 137 field marshals in activity or disposable, and 61 lieutenant generals and 103 field marshals in reserve.

☞ A bit of a wag on board the steamboat from Norfolk, being not a little disquieted in his slumber by some legions of fellow-lodgers who seemed to dispute his claim to the berth, called out hallo, Steward! What, Massa? Bring me the way-bill. What for, Massa? I want to see if these bed bugs put down their names before I did; if not, I want 'em turned out.

☞ The following is not a bad specimen of the havoc sometimes made by those who write complimentary notes in the third person: "Mr. A. presents his compliments to Mr. C. I have got a hat which is not *his*; if *he* have got a hat which is not *yours*, no doubt *they* are the expected one."

CANAL BETWEEN THE TWO OCEANS.—The project of building a canal to connect the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans has been agitated for some years. One Mr Garay is now in England trying to raise funds to accomplish it. He proposes to erect it across the isthmus of Tehuantepec, as it presents on the Pacific a good harbor in the water from 15 to 18 feet in depth, affords a healthy and well wooded route, has been surveyed, and can be accomplished for 17 millions of dollars. A small sum—to be sure.

THE WHEAT INSECT.—We find a letter in the N. York Mirror, from Mr R S Pell, dated March 7th, which gives the following facts as having occurred on his farm near the city. It is, no doubt, a matter of much interest to the agriculturists:

"In the spring of '44, I placed a bag containing half a bushel of white flint wheat, in a seed drawer, under glass, and near the furnace of my green house. On the 6th of March, 1845, I opened the bag, and to my surprise found thousands of living insects, such as are now presented you—some we on the point of leaving the kernel, others were just commencing to eat through, and many were perfectly formed, and running about in all directions.

"Six years ago I was in the habit of soaking my early grains in salt brine, for the purpose of destroying the egg of the insect, which I assured my neighbors, much to their amusement and unbelief, was enseconced in the kernel. Now, by accident, the fact is made manifest. This insect would not have appeared until June, perhaps, had the wheat been sown. The warm situation it occupied in the green house brought it thus early to maturity."

☞ We see it stated that Graham, the publisher of the Philadelphia monthly, paid Mr Cooper fifteen hundred dollars for his contributions during seventeen months.

St. Patrick's Day Celebration.

In pursuance of previous notice, a large and respectable concourse of the friends of Ireland, assembled at the Washington Coffee House, on the 17th inst; and after partaking of a splendid supper served up by the gentlemanly proprietor of the above house, (Mr. Armstong,) were organized by calling P M'KENNA, Esq., to the Chair, and appointing Capt JOSEPH O'BRIEN, WM M'ELROY, Esq., and Dr MERRITT, Vice Presidents, and S W Black, and David Geese, Secretarys. After the cloth had been removed, the following Regular and Volunteer toasts were read, and enthusiastically cheered. Wm E Austin, being loudly called for after the reading of the 11th Regular Toast, responded to the call, by delivering an able and eloquent address.

REGULAR TOASTS.

1. The day we celebrate: Let it be consecrated to the memory of the devotion and piety of the Saint whose honored name it bears.

2. Ireland: The Isle of saints, and the land of song—the home of the brave, but not the free. In long suffering, in heroic fortitude, intellectual greatness and moral grandeur of position, history furnishes no counterpart.

3. The United States of America: The temple of practical Liberty—may the liberal and expansive policy of the sages who projected the glorious structure, never be thwarted by the degenerate spirit of prejudice and bigotry.

4. The memory of George Washington: The first general of our armies—the first President of our Republic—the first of American benefactors, "first in war—first in peace, and first the hearts of his countrymen."

5. The President of the United States.

6. The Governor of Pennsylvania.

7. The memory of Robert Emmett: The victim of tyranny and oppression; his patriotic zeal consigned him to a martyres grave. The constancy and fidelity of his countrymen, will yet mark the spot of his repose in conformity with his parting request.

8. The neglected memory of the United Irish, who fell fighting for Ireland and Liberty, in '98.

9. The Tythe system: The political screw of royalty; Irishmen can never be free in their country, while they lie guilty under its oppression. Irishmen will not be true to their patriotic sires, who cease to resist unto the end, this system of piracy

10. Civil and religious liberty all over the world.

11. Daniel O'Connell: The untiring opposer of British misrule, and the uncompromising advocate of toleranee both in Church and State—in so patriotic a cause, so patriotic a man cannot fail to consummate his object.

12. Repeal: Ireland wants no special privileges, she asks no boon for her virtue or intelligence, but insists on an equality of rights, with those who are neither better nor wiser; a simple act of justice, an abrogation of that stamp act of iniquity which was born in corruption, and nurtured in blood,—a repeal of the Union.

13. Woman. Good everywhere, but at home better.

VOLUNTEER TOASTS.

P M'Kenna, Pres't—Daniel O'Connell: The uncompromising advocate of universal liberty. The prisons and fetters of tyranny will not deter him in his effort to regenerate his native land.

B McKenna—The Star Spangled Banner: We had none at home, how could we fail to love the flag of an adopted country. While the Stars fill us with bright hopes here the stripes remind us of oppression from which we are now free. An Irishman who would not die for the American flag is unworthy of his native or adopted home.

R W Irons—Geo Washington Custis: His high literary attainments and noble zeal in favor of Irish rights and Ireland's parliament, has endeared him to the lovers of liberty to every nation.

By a Guest—Education and popular government: May the important truth never be forgotten that in order to secure and strengthen the latter, the former must be fostered and encouraged.

By a Guest—General George Washington: Peace to his ashes, Immortality to his fame.

H B Alward—Geo W Wallis: The able and eloquent advocate of Irish rights, and the restitution of the Irish Parliment. Irishmen and the friends of Ireland will place his name with an Emmet and Curran.

Jas Casey—Daniel O'Connell: His exertions in favor of Irish emancipation has given him a place in the affections of the friends of that oppressed country which will never be erased.

Wm Carrol—The Wisdom of Soloman, the strength of Sampson, the courage of a Game Cock to every true hearted Irishman.

B F Lincoln—Ireland: May the restoration of her People's Parliament cap the zenith of his glory ere the return to beauty of her ever green Isles.

J G Haslett—Erin's sons have spilt their blood with profusion fighting the battles for liberty in other lands, may they achieve a bloodless victory in their own.

By the Company—John Cormick, Esq., Chairman, and the other members of the Committee of Arrangement: Their Resolution on prohibiting party politics, as well as their efficient discharge of duty, render them entitled to our thanks.

By P. M'Steen—Our worthy President, P. M'Kenna, Esq.: His dignified deportment and ardent love for his native land, has endeared him to every advocate of Ireland's rights.

By the Company—Wm. E. Austin, Esq., orator of the evening: Distinguished alike for his talent, eloquence and love of liberty.

F H Cooley—Ireland: May she soon be "redeemed, regenerated, and disenthralled by the genius of universal emancipation."

James A Creighton—The Restoration of the Irish Parliament: The ashes of the Immortal Emmett loudly calls for it, in order that his epitaph may be written.

Bernard M'Kenna, Jr—H Keenan, Esq., European and American agent: His zeal and devotion in the cause of Ireland is only equalled by his energetic efficiency in discharge of his professional duties.

By the Company—Our worthy Host and Hostess: Their ample and tasty provisions for our palates on this present occasion, is a sufficient proof of their capabilities.

Poor Powder.—A boozier walked into a country store on the bank of the Ohio River, and asking the owner if he had any good powder, he was answered in the affirmative. "Is it first rate?" "First rate, sir," was the reply. "I will take a quarter of it to try." He got his powder, stept out of the store, loaded his rifle, looked around to find an object to shoot at, when the store keeper pointed to the opposite side of the river, (which was about three hundred yards) where there was a goose picking grass. "There," says he, "shoot that goose!" The boozier leveled his rifle, fired, and over tumbled the goose. A boy jumped into the boat, and soon brought the goose across the river. The ball had passed through its head. The boozier shook his head, walked into the store, threw his powder down, and demanded his money back, grumbling, "you sold me this powder for first rate, and it ain't worth a cent." "How so?" inquired the shop-keeper, "you have made an excellent shot"—pointing to the goose's head." "That be hanged for a shot! If the powder had been good, I should have shot it through the eye! Don't you see the ball is full a quarter of an inch below it!" The store-keeper at once returned him his money.

McCurry.—From a brief history in the Baltimore Sun, of this person, now under conviction of murder, it appears that he has had no less than three wives, all living at the same time—two in Cincinnati, Ohio, and one in Ireland. *Pennsylvanian.*

☞ It is stated that in the metropolis and manufacturing towns of England, there are 1000 Italian organ boys, who draw from the public a sum exceeding £20,000 annually.

A PROFITABLE SPECULATION.—We see it stated, that the United States Government has within the last forty years extinguished the Indian title to 450,000,000 of acres of land for 82,000,000 of dollars. At this rate they paid the Indians an average rate of less than 20 cents per acre. Now, if the United States disposed of those lands to their citizens at the present low government price of one dollar and twenty-five cents, they have received into their treasury the sum of 455,500,000 dollars above the original cost.

A LARGE ORGAN.

At Freybourg, in Switzerland, is a very powerful organ, which is well described by a correspondent of the N Y Observer:

"It has 7800 pipes, some of them 32 feet long, and 94 stops. It is an instrument of power, and though the traveller is compelled to pay eleven francs to hear it on a week day, it is worth the money. At first one imagines a trick is played upon him, and that a full orchestra accompanies the organ. The mellow tones melt in and float away with the heavier notes, as if a band of musicians were playing out of sight. Many refuse to believe it is not a deception, till they go up and examine every part of the instrument. The effect is perfectly bewildering. There is the trombone, the clarionet, the flute, the fife, and ever and anon the clear ringing note of the trumpet. The performance is closed with an imitation of a thunder storm, in which the wonderful power of the instrument is fully tested. At first you hear the low distant growl swelling up and slowly dying away. The next peal breaks upon the ear with a more distinct and threatening sound.—Nearer and nearer rolls up the thunder cloud, sending its quick and heavy discharges through the atmosphere, till clap follows clap with stunning rapidity, rolling and crashing through the building till its solid arches tremble as if the real thunders of heaven were bursting overhead. I did not dream that a single instrument could possess so much power.

"The same correspondent also described two suspension bridges in Freybourg; one remarkable for its great length, the other for its extraordinary beauty. The latter connects the top of two mountains, swinging over a frightful gulf which makes one dizzy to look down into. There are no buttresses or mason-work, in sight at a little distance. Shafts are sunk in the solid rock of the mountains, down which the wires that sustain it are dropped. There it stretches, a mere black line nearly 300 feet in the heavens from summit to summit. It looks like a spider's web flung a chasm; its delicate tracery showing clear and distinct against the sky. While you are looking at the fairy creation suspended in mid-heaven, almost expecting the next breeze will waft it away, you see a heavy wagon drive on it. You shrink back with horror at the rashness that could trust so frail a structure at that dizzy height. But the air-hung cobweb sustains the pressure, and the vehicle passes in safety. Indeed weight studies it, while the wind, as it sweeps down the gulf, makes it swing under you.

The large suspension bridge is supported on four cables of iron wire, each one composed of 1,056 wires. As the Menai bridge of Wales is often said to be longer than this, we give the dimensions of both —Freybourg, length 905 feet, height 174 feet, breadth, 28 feet; Menai, length, 580 feet, height, 130 feet, breadth, 25 feet. A span of 905 feet, without any intermediate pier, seems impossible at first, and one needs the testimony of his own eyes, before he can fully believe it." [*N. Y. Sun.*

Another Coming.—The Great Gun, a rival of the London Punch, has the following—"A new royal mail from Worcester, will commence running on Sunday next. Another royal *mule* from Windsor, may be expected in the autumn, but when it will commence running is uncertain."

Lowell.—This town is acquiring great character and celebrity. It was commenced in 1822, and contains over 25,000 inhabitants, has 35 mills, mostly manufacturing cotton cloth, runs 204,000 spindles, over 6,000 looms, employing near 7,000 females, 2,500 males, making 1,500,000 yards cloth per week, consuming 1,175 bales cotton per week, and employing a capital of $11,000,000. The average wages of females is $1 75 per week, clear of board. Amount of wages per month, $138,000. Besides the factories belonging to the manufacturing corporations, there are manufactories of powder, flannel, blankets, batting, paper, cards, and whips, &c., employing about 550 hands and a capital of $600,000.

From the Boston Post.

THE DANGERS OF EARLY RISING.

A lad stood on a ladder tall,
A painting of a sign;
An new short sign, and "Lang syne auld"
He whistled; the sun did shine.

And tune or sun moved snow on roof,
Unused to melting mood;
It slid and peeped or eves above,
Eaves dropping where he stood.

He gazing down on Miss beneath,
Dreamed not Miss Chance was near,
But held his bucket in his hand,
And brushed away a T R.

He was a painter's 'prentice boy,
I need not print his name;
He came of high descent indeed,
But now 'tis all the same.

For ah, the snow! too soon it fell,
As if with fell design;
He kicked the bucket, down he went,
He died and made no sign!

NEW-ORLEANS MARKET.

SUNDAY MORNING, March 9.

The demand for Cotton opened again yesterday with some animation, but the high prices demanded by holders have had a tendency to impede operations. Notwithstanding this the sales amounted to 5000 bales, and the market closes with extreme firmness at our last quotations. Some 1500 bales were taken for a Western manufactory, and a list of 1656 bales at 6¼c. is intended, as we are informed, for shipment to the Continent of Europe.

The Sugar market continues very animated, and prices are decidedly in favor of sellers. Extreme qualities range from 3½ 5¾c. ℔ lb. Several parcels have been taken on Plantation at 4¼ to 4½c. ℔ lb. Molasses is scarce, and prices are very firm at 22 to 22½c ℔ gallon.

The Tobacco market is steady, and yesterday's transactions amounted to about 200 hhds. at previous rates.

There is no change in the Flour market; we quote Ohio $4 10 to $4 15, and Missouri City Mills at $4 25 to $4 75 for very favorite brands. Provisions of all kinds are in good request. Lard is up to 7c. ℔ lb. for a prime article, and there is scarcely any remaining on sale. Pork is firm at $11 for Mess and $9 ℔ bbl. for Prime.

Both Foreign and Domestic Exchange continues in good demand at our previous figures. We quote Sterling 8½ to 9 ℔ cent. premium; Francs 5f.28¾ to 5f.32½. New York 60 days 1½ to 2 ℔ cent. discount; Sight Checks par to ½ ℔ cent. discount.

N. O Picayune.

2000 FIRE BRICK, a prime article, for sale by
mar 20 D. & G. W. LLOYD.

50 BBLS. fresh family Flour, on hand and for sale by
mar 20 D. & G. W. LLOYD.

Furniture, Farming Utensils, &c. at Auction.

AT the Riceville Hotel, in Riceville, kept by F. G. Schirk, on Friday next, March 25th, at 10 o'clock, A M., as he is declining business, he will sell without reserve: Horses, Cows, Hogs, Wagons, Furniture, Bar-fixtures, &c. All knowing themselves indebted to the subscriber will please make payment, and those having any claims, will present their bills for settlement. F. G. SCHIRK.
mar 20 J. D. DAVIS, Auct'r.

Adjourned Sale of Dry Goods.

AT Davis' Commercial Auction Rooms, corner of Wood and 5th sts., (this day) Thursday, March 20th, at 10 o'clock, A M., will be sold agreeably to adjournment, a large lot of fresh and seasonable Dry Goods. J. D. DAVIS,
mar 20 Auctioneer.

D. C. STOCKTON. WM. STOCKTON.

D. C. STOCKTON & CO.,
(LATE STOCKTON, DICK & CO.)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
No. 114, *Wood street,*
mar 13 PITTSBURGH, PA.

A Farm and Steam Mill for Sale.

FOR SALE, an excellent well improved Farm of 120 acres. There is two good Frame and a Log dwelling house, good stabling and an excellent stream of water passing through a Meadow of 15 acres, in which there is a large excellent Steam Mill—a good double Barn—about 100 acres cleared on the Farm. It lies 11 miles from Pittsburgh and 6 miles from East Liberty, on the old Franklin road. It has upwards of 100 apple and about 80 choice peach trees and a variety of other fruit trees on it. The dwelling House, Mill and Farm, are all in good order, and will be sold low on accommodating terms. For further particulars please apply at HARRIS'S General Agency and Intelligence Office, No 9, Fifth street.
mar 20

MONONGAHELA ROUTE.

THE PASSENGER BOATS,
LOUIS McLANE, JACOBS, Master,
CONSUL, CLARKE, Master.
Will leave hereafter at 8½ A. M.
mar 26 F. MOORHEAD, Agent.

For Rent Very Low.

A neat little BRICK CHURCH, in a public part of the City, capable of accommodating 200 persons. The building has been handsomely fitted up within a few months, and is well furnished with seats, lamps and other suitable conveniences. Apply to
mar 20 JOHN J. MITCHEL.

JOHN W. BLAIR,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
No 120, *Wood Street, Pittsburgh.*

KEEPS constantly on hand the most extensive assortment of BRUSHES in the west, which he will sell as low as any in the United States of the same quality, and on more *liberal* terms. Also, Corn Hand and Fire Whisks. Also, a full supply of

SHOE FINDINGS,

including Pegs, Sparables, Kitt, Binding and Lining Skins, &c., together with the *most* complete assortment of FISHING TACKLE to be found in this city. Wholesale and Retail on the most reasonable terms. mar 19-d&w2

Situation Wanted.

A PROFESSIONAL GARDNER, who has had much experience in his business, in Europe as well as in this country, wishes to procure a situation. The most satisfactory references as to character and skill, can be shown by him. Enquire at this office. m19-2t.*

The Girard Life Insurance, Annuity and Trust Company of Philadelphia.
INCORPORATED IN 1836.
Capital paid $300 000—*Charter perpetual.*

PRESIDENT—B. W. RICHARDS.
ACTUARY AND TREASURER—JOHN F JAMES.

THIS COMPANY effects insurance on lives, either during the life of the applicant, for a specified period. It also grants annuities and endowments, and is further empowered to receive funds on interest and to execute Trusts and manage Estates, either from individuals, Courts of Justice or Corporations for the true and faithful performance of which the whole capital is pledged. Premiums of Insurance are very low and every facility is offered for affecting the same, and every policy of Insurance for life is entitled to a Bonus of the profits at stated periods thereby, combining the advantages of a Mutual Insurance, with the security of a permanent Capital.

As the public attention has not been much directed to the subject of Life Insurance in this city, the following instances taken from the records of the Company will show its beneficial operation.

Policy No. 485.—A man who had insured his life paid his premiums for 3 years, amounting to $41 80, when he died, and his wife and family received from the Company $1000.

Policy No. 546—The insured paid 102 per annum, for two years, when his decease occurring, his family received $5000.

Policy No. 250.—The insured paid but one premium of $22 50, when his decease occurred, and his family received $1600.

In case of the death of the party insured, the amount of the policy will be paid with the utmost promptitude.

In order to extend the practice of Life Insurance, in this city, and the west generally, this Company has appointed the subscriber their agent, who will attend to any business connected with the objects of the Corporation. For further particulars apply to
WILLIAM BAKEWELL,
Office in Bakewell's Law Buildings.
mar 18-d3m Grant st Pittsburgh.

Just Received,

A LARGE assortment of Mrs. Bett's abdominal supporters, for the cure of "Prolapsus Uteri," &c., for sale by WM. THORN,
mar 18 No 53, Market st.

School for Young Ladies.

THE Rev W J, Mrs and Miss Bakewell, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that their next quarter will commence on Monday, March 24th, at their new residence, Little's Buildings, foot of Third, Liberty street.
m17-d1w*

Wandering Jew, No 8.
HARPER'S BIBLE, No. 20.

JUST RECEIVED at Cook's, 85 4 h st., this morning, a great variety of new works, among which are the following:
Harper's Bible, No. 20;
Wandering Jew, " 8;
Blackwood's Magazine, for February;
Cecil, or the Adventures of a Coxcomb, generally attributed to Sir E. L. Bulwer.
Mount Sorel, or the adventures of the De Veres, by the author of "Two Old men's Tales."
Safia, or the magic of Count Cagliastra.
Phil Purcel, and other stories of Ireland, by Wm. Carleton, with engravings.
The Comic Miscellany for 1845, by Jno. Poole, author of Paul Pry.
The Ghost Hunter and his family, by the author of Tales of the "O'Hara Family."
Englishman in Egypt, being No 2 of the Home and Travelling Library.
Knickerbocker for March.
Cyclopedia of Practical Medicine, No 24 and last, the book being now complete.
Pictorial History of the World, by Jno. Frost, L. L. D.
Living Age, No 42.
Supplement to Ure's Dictionary.
Harper's Illuminated Shakspeare, No 39 and 40.
Illustrated "Chimes" by Dickens, in one neat little volume. mar 17

GLASS STAINING,

By J. Newton, Fourth street Road, near Toll Gate,

THE only Glass Stainer west of the mountains. A specimen of this glass is to be seen on the steamboat Cambria. All orders promptly attended to.
feb. 19-wadtf.

Pittsburgh Manufactures.

50 DOZ. Estep & Son's *Cast Steel* Axes, *warranted.*
100 " Berger & Son's *Steel Hoes*, trowel tempered.
100 " Shaw's & Nelson's Sickles.
50 " Marsh's Grass & Corn Scythes.
30 Gross Spinning Wheel Irons.
100 Dozen Shovels and Spades.
50 " Manure and Hay Forks.
80 " Mattocks and Picks.
Lamonte's Patent Vices, solid boxes.
Window Glass, assorted sizes;
For sale at reduced prices, by
GEO. COCHRAN,
No 26 Wood st., Agent for the manufacturers.
feb 19

Peaches.

28 SACKS for sale by
mar 13. M B RHEY & Co.

Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the undersigned, on account of his official business as Overseer of the Poor, will please present them immediately, for settlement. I J ASHBRIDGE, O. of P.
mar 13.

Shawls, Alpaccas, Cashmeres D'Coses.
83. *Market Street, Pittsburgh.* 83.
SELLING OFF AT COST.

B. E. CONSTABLE requests the attention of the public to his stock of shawls; consisting of Blanket Cloth, Cashmere, embroidered Thibet and Belvidere, and Broche, at prices ranging from 50 cents up to $12.

Alpaccas, figured and plain, Romelins, Zenobia Cloths, &c., at from 18¾ cents up to 50 and 62 1-2.

Cashmeres D'Cose from 25 up to 50 cents, the newest imported styles.

Just received, another lot of Flannels, imported as the only kind that is not liable to shrink. jan 15

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between M'Gargill & Maguire, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 7th day of February, 1845. James M'Gargill is alone authorized to settle up the business of the firm. JAMES M'GARGILL,
WM. A. MAGUIRE.

N. B. I will be in attendance at the Store of J. N. Bausman, on Smithfield, between First and Second streets, where all persons having dealings with M'Gargill & Maguire, late Coal Merchants, will please call. Persons indebted to said firm will take notice, that all bills not settled in two weeks from this date, will be left in the hands of proper officers for collection. JAMES M'GARGILL.
Pittsburgh, March, 15, 1845-d6t

For Sale.

20 NESTS best cucumber, milk and butter bowls; a supply of churns, tubs and buckets; an assortment of all sizes window sash and glass; Lockville lime, by the bbl. or retail; bed chalk, and clothes lines; carpet chain, Coffee mills, axes, hatchets, augurs, mortocks, shovels, and spades. ☞ FURITURE FOR SALE ☜ cheap for Cash, &c., by
ISAAC HARRIS, Ag't and Com.
mar 17-4td&1tw Merchant, No 9, 5th st.

☞ Carpet and Paper Rags and Country Carpet, &c. bought.

Fancy Hardware, Just Received.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now opening a fine assortment of Fancy house-furnishing Hardware, consisting in part of
Table Cutlery, Britannia table and tea spoons;
German silver tea and table spoons;
Britannia Tea Setts, Coffee and Tea Pots,
Sugar Bowls and Cream Jugs, (seperate,)
Japanned Tea Waiters, Bread Trays;
Silver Plated and German Silver framed Castors, with 4, 5 and 6 bottles;
Britannia framed do, Silver Plate Candlesticks;
Brass do., Snuffers and Trays;
Fire Irons in setts and single pairs;
Fire Fenders, (of various sizes;)
Chimney Hooks;
Solar Lard Lamps, Britannia and Japanned hand ditto.
Window and Curtain Bands, Glass Curtain Pins (for blinds) of all the various sizes. With a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be offered at unusually low prices.
THOS. A. HILLIER,
House-furnishing Warehouse, 104 Wood st.,
mar 17. below Fifth.

WINDOW GLASS & WHITE LEAD—
150 boxes Window Glass 8x10;
50 do do do 10x12;
25 do do do 10x14;
100 large sizes, *selected*, including 10x114, 11x16, 12x16, 12x18 and 12x20.
Gregg & Eaton's White Lead, Red Lead and Litharge. For sale by GEO. COCHRAN.
mar. 12.

PRINTING INK.
A FRESH SUPPLY OF C. JOHNSON'S
SUPERIOR PRINTING INK,
IN LARGE AND SMALL KEGS,
Just received at the office of the "Post."
mar 10.

Spring Fashion.
No 93 *Wood St, Third door below Diamond Alley.*

HAVING JUST RECEIVED FROM New York, the SPRING FASHION for HATS, I am now, prepared to supply my customers and all those who may please to favor me with a call, with this new and beautiful style of Hat. S. MOORE.
mar 14-d&w2m (Western Star copy.)

Looking Glasses! Looking Glasses!
CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!!

THE subscriber has now in store a large assortment of Looking Glasses of his *own* and *Eastern manufacture*, of superior quality and lower prices than can be obtained west of the Mountains. Persons about refurnishing their houses for the Spring, and merchants, would do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as the undersigned is determined not to be undersold by any establishment in his line in this city. All work of frames will be warranted to be of *seasoned* lumber, and *plates* of the first quality of importations.

N. B. All kinds of repairing attended to and Glasses removed and re-hung.
THOS. A. HILLIER,
Looking Glass manufacturer, 104 Wood near 5th.
mar 15-2wd

Valuable Property.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that by order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, held in the city of Pittsburgh, in and for said county, on the 8th day of July, A. D, 1844, will be exposed to sale by Public Vendue or Outcry, on Thursday the 10th day of April, A D., 1845, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, P. M., four certain contiguous Lots or pieces of Ground, situate on the south side of the Monongahela River, in St Clair township, Allegheny county aforesaid, in the town of Birmingham, marked in the general plan of said town Nos. 94, 95, 101 and 102, bounded by lots Nos. 87 and 88, by Neville street, by other ground and by the Monongahela River. The said lots 95 and 102 containing together in breadth on Neville street aforesaid 120 feet, and in length 95 feet, the said 94 and 101 containing together in breadth 120 feet, and in length from said lots 95 and 102 to the Monongahela River, with the appurtenances, being part of the estate of James Patterson, Sr. late of Allegheny county aforesaid, dec'd.

Terms of Sale—one third of the purchase money in hand, and the balance, one third in nine months from date of sale, and the other one third in eighteen months from date of sale, with interest, the said two-thirds to be secured by bond and mortgage on the properly so sold.
JAMES PATTERSON, } *Executors.*
WM. O'LEARY.
march 14-w&dt10sp

Oranges and Lemons.

25 BOXES Oranges and Lemons in prime order, for sale low by P. C. MARTIN,
mar 13 60 Water street.

Smoked Herring.

20 BOXES smoked and scaled Lubec Herring, for sale low by P. C. MARTIN,
mar 13 60 Water street.

Potatoes.

30 BARRELS Neshannock Potatoes, for sale low by P. MARTIN,
mar 13. 60 Water street.

JUST RECEIVED, a superior lot of Sugar House Syrup, in bbls and half bbls; also a fine lot of Sugar House Molasses.
mar 12 CHURCH & CAROTHERS.

JUST RECEIVED on consignment per Steamers Hibernia and Monongahela:
130 Boxes superior Cincinnati Soap;
50 " " Star Candles, 4s, 5s and 6s;
For sale by
mar