The Daily Morning Post.

THOS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19.

TOO MUCH LEGISLATION.—The Ohio Legislature has adjourned *sine die*, and the Statesman contains a list of the acts and Resolutions passed during the session. This occupies more than *six columns* of the paper. When printed, we suppose they will fill two good sized volumes, and will take their place along with the shelf loads of laws enacted by former legislatures, which already present a ponderous mass of tautology and contradiction, that could scarcely be read in a lifetime. There can be no manner of doubt that there has been too much legislation in Ohio; and the evil is not confined to that State alone, but is common to every member of the confederacy. Pennsylvania suffers immensely from this passion of her legislators to amuse themselves with new and silly projects, evidently resorted to more for the purpose of killing time and protracting the session than any thing else. It seems to us that a remedy (partial though it may be) could be found for this evil by holding stated sessions of the legislature but once in three years. It is true, our Solons might, when they would get together under such an arrangement, make up for lost time, by passing laws more rapidly. But still, they could not do so much, for sheer want of time. Under the existing arrangement, an experimenter who wishes to get his name up as the author of a law, may bring in, at a day's notice, some crude and ill digested project involving material consequences to the people; he may urge it in the House, with earnestness if not with eloquence and sound argument, for with this last he takes no trouble to fortify himself, and he may diligently electioneer for his scheme out of doors until it is adopted. After it has become a law, and its injurious practical operation begins to be felt by those who voted for it, many of them for the first time begin to discover that they have committed an error, and often seek to excuse themselves by saying that the law can be repealed at the next session, and can not vex the people for more than a year! If the sessions of our legislature were triennial, there would be much more care and deliberation used in the preparation and adoption of laws. Then, members would not compromise with their consciences and vote for bills of doubtful utility or propriety, under the suggestion that if the law proposed would prove injurious or oppressive, it could soon be repealed. Instead of hasty projects and fancy experiments in legislation, we should have cautious, careful and practical movements. And another argument in favor of triennial sessions, an argument, too, that the condition of our Treasury makes important, is the great reduction of expenses that would result from it. We do believe that if the people were to reflect on the proposition, they would conclude that they could get along quite as well with one-third of the legislation we now have.

JOURNAL OF INSANITY.—A new work with this title has appeared in New York. It is devoted to the elucidation of the subject of Insanity, statements of the progress of particular cases, the result of the various modes of treatment, and the discovery of means to mitigate the sufferings of those stricken with that terrible malady. We cannot sufficiently admire the noble philanthrophy of those who have devoted themselves to the objects above recounted. The New York papers notice a number of the Journal, embellished with a view of the New York Insane Institution at Utica, and filled with valuable and interesting matter, on the subject of which it treats.

This notice, unimportant as it may seem, furnishes food for painful reflection to every Pennsylvanian.—While we rejoice for humanity's sake, that our sister commonwealth has advanced so far in this labor of benevolence—while we see with pleasure that she has built a noble edifice as a refuge for her insane, and invoked the power of the press to spread abroad the means of meliorating their condition,—we must hang our heads in shame if asked, What has Pennsylvania done in this great and good work? While millions of taxes are levied, collected and spent, with but little regard to economy or the good of the commonwealth, we cannot afford to spare a few thousands to establish a State Asylum for the Insane. It is a disgrace to old Pennsylvania, for which her lawgivers should make atonement as ample and speedy as is in their power.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—The Boston Post of Friday, contains returns from 60 towns in New Hampshire, which are enough for a reliable calculation as to the result for Governor of that State. STEEL, dem., will probably be elected by about 500 of a majority over all others. He will beat the whig candidate about 10,000. The democratic Congress ticket is undoubtedly elected, including Mr WOODBURY, the special competitor of JOHN P HALE. In 53 towns, 54 democrats, 29 whigs and 2 abolitionists are elected to the House of Representatives. The democrats will have strong majorities in both branches. The whigs, possibly, may have one member in the Senate.

This, under the circumstances, is a glorious victory for the Democrats of the Granite State. The defection of HALE at a critical moment, the very eve of the election, not only disconcerted our friends for a time, but gave unwonted vigor and energy to both the whig and abolition whigs of the opposition. But the result shows that nothing can prevail against the indomitable democracy of New Hampshire. Let their glorious example be emulated by their brethren in other States.

THE OHIO PHALANX.—It is not true that this Association (located in Belmont county, Ohio) have divided their property and dispersed, as stated in many papers. They have made some change in their organization, and, in consequence, some few members have thought proper to leave. But the main body of the Phalanx are still on their domain, determined to carry out the design, and well-convinced of their ability to succeed.

GEN CAMERON.—We see that the "Statesman," the Native organ at Harrisburgh (for which we are indebted to a friend) claims Gen C.'s election as a Native triumph!—and says he is "*now* a strong and zealous advocate of the great leading measures of the Native American Party." Who will claim Gen C. next? The whigs say he is half theirs—the Natives claim him bodily—meantime we are told that he promises an earnest and honest support to the administration.—One thing is certain—he should speedily put an end to the circulation of these charges of Nativism and whigism, by a public denial of them.

The St Louis Reporter of the 8th inst, says: The weather yesterday was rainy. The river at this point is falling slowly, but there is sufficient water in the channel between this place and Cairo, for the largest steamers. The Upper Mississippi is free of ice as far up as Dubuque, with a fair stage of water—four and a half feet water on the Rapids. The Illinois continues in good boating order. The produce market here is steady, and operations are made at fair rates. Steamers are busily employed on all the rivers, and the spring trade opens with considerable briskness.

OHIO PHALANX RE-ORGANIZED.—It is well known to the public that this Association has been in a disorganized state since the 23d of December; on which day it was resolved into its original element, Civilization. Since that time, "Chaos come again" has ruled supreme.

The causes which prompted the dissolution will be given more fully in detail in due time; at present I will briefly say that nothing has occurred of the most trivial moment to shake the faith of intelligent Associationists; pecuniary embarrassment, (over which the science of Universal Unity can have no control,) and a number of worthless members, who should never have been admitted, made it imperatively necessary that something should be done. The dissolution was thought best, but it was a fatal error. It has severed old and tried friends, and played havoc with the prospects of a re-union. All parties made mistakes; all committed errors which they will not cease to regret while in this "mortal coil." But, let it not be forgotten that Association is not to be held responsible for the conduct of "poor humans" while thus held in a state of solution. The restraint of organization—of unity of interests; was not imposed during the past two months. But the Association is afloat again, and success is as certain as any thing in this fleeting world can be.

I am not a member of the new organization and have no interest in the Phalanx, yet I do say candidly that I would rather risk money in this Association than in any of the institutions of Civilization. The rent of the land has been reduced to two thousand dollars, just *half the former amount*, and arrangements are making by which the members will at the end of two years become owners in fee simple. Thus it will be seen that the only difficulty that was ever regarded as discouraging has been removed.

More anon, J. D. T.

FOR THE POST.

The Chimes, by Dickens.

The author of this—I hardly know in what class of books to place it, and so I call it, non-descript—has little claim to the attention of American readers, since his gratuitous, and to those of them who flattered and feted and danced attendance upon him, when in this country, ungenerous and ungrateful assaults upon us and our institutions. But there is one redeeming trait in his character, which, even in our opinion, should extenuate his offence. It is his overflowing kindness towards a numerous class of his own countrymen, whose great and grievous crime, in the eyes of certain functionaries and theorists, is to be poor; and whose condition he seems, perhaps from having himself originally emerged from the same class, and mingled much with them in his earlier days, to appreciate fully and commiserate deeply. "The Chimes" afford evidences, that this sympathy for the poor and laboring and half-starved classes of his native land, so conspicuous in all his works, has not been impaired or diminished by the better fortune which his genius and talents as a writer have brought to him. As, however, a considerable portion of the work, on which much of its force depends, from want of knowledge of the existing state of things there, may be, in a great measure, obscure to readers here; with a view to throw some light on the probable enigmas of the sketch or tale, particularly on an allusion to one prominent individual, I subjoin an extract from a brief review of the work in an English Periodical of January last.

"With the avowed object of the present story," says the reviewer, "we cannot but sympathize; viz: the claims of the poor on the merciful sympathies of their fellows. To have always held this moral purpose is one, perhaps the great secret, of this writer's success. In "the Chimes" we find the inborn claims of the poor man; his beautiful side; his surprising cheerfulness under sorrows, and what shows Dickens's keen observation of nature, the real cause of his apparent sulkiness and unimpressibility, well sketched off. It is a true lesson, that often the poor man most wants, most desires, to be let alone. We think "Boz" decidedly unfair to some with whom we own affinities, if he imagines that *their* earnestness for the poor is confined to the cricket playing; but bating this, we scorn the growing picturesque view of the poor; we are beginning to treat them as we do torn thatch, ruined groves, and blasted trees; as "nice bits" in a landscape; as telling contrasts, as subjects for sickly sentimentalities. How far district visiting in carriages (we have seen it ourselves,) May-pole dancing during a lull in the opera season, and soup-kitchens, when the frost stops the hunting, may have given *some* occasion to Mr Dickens's most bitter sarcasms, we are not called upon to say: we all know that there is something in it. Anyhow, nothing is more improper than the constant pestering and badgering of the poor, which is getting into vogue—the constant "See what a poor wretch you are, and see what a good, kind gentleman or lady, I am." For showing up this *sham* we thank "The Chimes." And when we can get any book, with a circulation of twenty thousand, which will, as the present does, cut clear through the detestable school of economists, Malthus, and the "coarser kind of food" gentry, the preventive-check heathen, and the "natural effluxes" people, we will welcome it as heartily as we do the present. We hardly know whether it was worth Dickens's purpose to show up an individual, the most contemptible of his contemptible class, such as Sir Peter Lawrie, the worthy who "puts down" everything—poverty, because it touches his pocket,—suicide and sorrows, because they disturb the city's porpriety and peace. But let this pass; the work is done, and never mind who does it. Aldermen Cute is settled once and forever." (See Harper's edition, pages 9, 10, for a portrait of this London Alderman and police magistrate, which, the reviewer remarks, "the shallowest newspaper reader must recognize."

"As a *literary* work, we cannot speak highly of "The Chimes;" the clumsy and thread-bare trick of a dream is managed with more than its ordinary maladroitness. The pathetic passages are among the most turgid and absurd whims this very clever writer has perpetrated; and remembering his many and very grotesque attempts at fine writing, this is saying not a little. But above all this, there is scarcely a striking feature which we have not fallen in with before:—the influence of the chimes, and the leading idea of the story, is taken from Schiller's Song of the Bell; the mysterious affection and attraction between the Bells and Toby Veck, may be traced to Quasimodo, in Victor Hugos' "Notre Dame de Paris" a good deal of the diction is a palpable borrowing from Carlyle, and, while it most resembles the higher portions of Punch, the false, yet catching, attempt to combine personal degradation and sin with high moral refinement—we allude to the fate of Lilian,—from the wicked "Mysteries of Paris," the goblin spirits of the greater bells from Reztch, and the multitudinous, swarming, trooping, mass of sprites from sources, Irish, German and others, which will be at once apparent. "Boz" repeats himself in Will Fern—we have seen it somewhere, but we cannot recal where, in his own works:"

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"Dickens, in the Bell Spirits, seems to have got hold of a thought which proved too high and spiritual for him; he has broken down under it. The world of spirits is with Mr. Dickens, very much, indeed, of the cast which we used to witness in the last scene of a pantomime; the tin-foil, wires and tinsel, are too palpable a vast deal; and to talk nonsense is not the language of the spiritual world. The best part of the book is its light portion, and especially the character of Toby Veck: quite a projection, and a single, well-defined image, this, though Pickwick and Mrs. Gamp are infinitely better. And Mr. Filer, Alderman Cute, and Sir Joseph Bowley, we recommend heartily."

Xth. Remembrancer, January, 1845.

This spirit, if not this mode, of dealing with the poor, has made its way to this country, and is beginning to be rife among ourselves. Much of the affected kindness, but real cruelty, so graphically described and justly censured in this tale, finds a counterpart in the sentiments and schemes of sickly philanthrophists on this side of the water, and too close a resemblance to its representations is seen in the general treatment of those who are so unfortunate as to be dependent on the public bounty. The work, therefore, may not be without influence, as it certainly is not without pertinence, in many portions of our own land. PROBY CON.

The United States and Mexico.—In confirmation of the reports which have been in circulation here and have already found their way into the eastern papers, we learn that the minister of Mexico to this country (Gen Almonte) has signified to this government the termination of his mission, in consequence of the passage of the act for the annexation to the United States of the province of Texas. He has addressed a letter to the Secretary of State, entering a solemn protest, in the name of his government, against that law, which he declares to be an act of aggression the most unjust that modern history records, being, as he alleges, the spoliation of a friendly nation of a considerable part of its territory.

The minister has further asked for his passports, it being his purpose to leave this city for New York as early as practicable, and there to embark for Mexico.

Nat. Intelligencer, 10th.

In this, says the Boston Post, the Mexican minister, Gen. Almonte, has followed for his own government the example set by the Spanish minister, in 1820, when this government recognized Mexico as an independent nation. The latter then entered a solemn protest against the action of this government. And it was in the face and eyes of this protest that John Q. Adams commenced his negotiatons with Mexico for the purchase of Texas! *Then* the idea that Spain had a perpetual claim on Texas was scouted as anti-American. *Then*, the very politicians who now, for party purposes, defend Mexico, were defending Adams But the cases are analagous. Spain then claimed Texas and Mexico, and had armies in the field to conquer them to her dominion. Yet this protest did not prevent the offer by Adams and Clay of millions to Mexico for the territory of Texas. The latter for nine years has been an independant nation, and yet Mexico considers Texas a part of its territory!

IMPORTANT MOVEMENT IN THE SENATE.

The Washington correspondent of the Newark Daily Advertiser, gives the following particulars, with respect to the action of the Senate, in the matter of John Tyler's conduct after the passage of the Texas resolutions:

"I have learned quite an interesting fact respecting the subject matter under consideration yesterday, and to-day, in the Senate, and which mostly occupied its attention. It was the reported action of John Tyler, after the passage of the Texas resolutions: his having made the election between the House Resolution and the Senate amendment, deciding in favor of the former, and forthwith despatching the same, by a special message, to the Government of Texas. I am allowed to understand that the peculiar friends of Mr Benton proposed making a call upon the President for the necessary official information with particular reference to the procedure on the part of Mr Tyler, and a resolution was introduced for that purpose.

I feel myself so well grounded in my information as still further to state that, either embraced in the call for information, or by an independent proposition, it is proposed to direct the President to take immediate measures for the revocation and nullifying of all proceedings in the premises, assumed by John Tyler, and now in process of confirmation; directing, also, that the President shall submit to the Government of the Republic of Texas the amendment of the Senate to the Joint Resolutions of the House, as *the* plan for the Annexation of Texas."

SENATE.

The CHAIR submitted the credentials of the Hon. Simon Cameron, elected by the legislature of Pennsylvania on the 13th inst, a senator of the United States from that State for the remainder of the term for which the Hon. James Buchanan (resigned) was elected. They were laid on the table.

The Senate was in executive session till half-past three o'clock. Several nominations were confirmed; the only important ones, however, were Charles H. Haswell as engineer in the naval service, and Mr. Laughlin, of Tennessee, as Recorder in the General Land Office.

The Zoll Verein treaty was laid over for further consideration till next session. Several treaties of minor importance were considered and ratified.

It is understood that the Senate will be able to adjourn *sine die* on Tuesday or Wednesday next.

General Jackson's Birthday.—This day (15th of March) the venerable hero of the Hermitage enters on his 76th year. The President had a letter from him last night, fraught with more true eloquence than any he ever before received. This argues that his health is not worse. [*Globe.*

ANTI-RENT WAR IN DELAWARE—A SHERIFF BESIEGED.

The following letter from prominent citzen of Delaware county, gives some interesting particulars of a fresh "Indian" outbreak in that county:—

DELHI, March 11. 1845.

Dear Sir—I write hastily among a crowd to inform you of the state affairs here. The following copy of a letter received from O N Steele, a deputy sheriff, now held in duress at Andes, a village about ten miles from this place, will explain itself:

ANDES, March 11, 1845.

To the Sheriff.

Sir—We left Andes yesterday about 5 o'clock for Delhi, but were stopped on the road and compelled to return to this place. We are now at Hunting's. The house is surrounded by men in disguise, about one hudred strong. They intend, as near as I can ascertain, to take my papers, tar and feather me, and pass me over to the Middleburgh tribe. I shall never be able to reach home, unless you come over with all the force you can raise. Let every man come armed and determined to do his duty or die on the spot. Lose no time, but get here as soon as possible.

Yours, O. N. STEELE.

9 o'clock, A M.

The messenger, whom Steele fortunately obtained to bring his letter with all possible speed, informs me that he left Steele, with Charles Parker, another officer whom the Anti Renters have taken, in a small garret in the house into which they had been driven, retaining possession of the pistols with which they armed. This outrage is in consequence of Steel's having lately arrested Squires on a bench warrant. The sheriff is summoning a posse to go in pursuit of the rioters Every man in the village who can procure arms will leave within half an hour. I have no time to describe the outrages that are daily committed. The country is in a state of actual rebellion.

Yours, &c.

How to pack a Capet Bag.—A southern cotemporary gives the following directions for packing a carpet bag:—The bag should be packed by placing the clean linnen in first, including the frilled shirts. After which, stuff in the coat and boots; garnish with shaving tackle, and ram down with hair brush. If the packing is not then successful, insert your foot into the bag, and pull fiercely at the handles. It does not matter about the carpet bag being wide open at both sides, so as it is closed with a padlock in the middle.

Number of Free Colored People in the several States.

Free States.		Slave States.	
New Hampshire,	1,355	Delaware,	16,919
Maine,	538	Maryland,	69,020
Vermont,	730	Virginia,	49,842
Massachusetts,	8,669	N. Carolina,	22,732
R. Island,	3,239	S. Carolina,	8,276
Connecticut,	8,105	Georgia,	2,753
New York,	50,027	Alabama,	2,039
New Jersey,	21,898	Mississippi,	1,366
Pennsylvania,	47,854	Louisiana,	25,502
Ohio,	17,942	Arkansas,	465
Indiana,	7,162	Tennessee,	5,524
Illinois,	3,598	Kentucky,	7,317
Michigan,	707	Missouri,	1,574
Wisconsin,	185	D. Columbia,	8,361
Iowa,	172	Florida,	817
	170,781		215,507
			170,781
Total,			386,288

Statistics of Wesleyanism.—The *Wesleyan* says: "there are 426 circuits in Great Britain, 1,120 itinerant and supernumerary preachers, averaging 2¾ to each circuit. There are 14,413 local preachers, averaging 31½ to each circuit. The number of sermons delivered weekly by itinerant and supernumerary preachers is 3,851, or 205,442 in the year. The number of sermons by local preachers weekly is 11.644, or 705,-332 in the year. The number of miles annually travelled by itinerant preachers (exclusive of special journeys and conference) is 319,092. Number of miles annually travelled by local preachers 2,947,443. Total, three millions two hundred and sixty-one thousand one hundred and forty miles; or a distance equal to one hundred and thirty times the circumference of the globe."

Singular Cure for the Headache.—I had a violent headache, which the captain undertook to cure, and he certainly succeeded. He made me sit down, seized hold of my caput, and, placing a thumb on each of my temporal arteries, pressed them in such a way as to almost stop the whole circulation of my blood.—He then directed me to heave as long a sigh as I could, and I walked into dinner completely cured I have seen ladies in this country, whilst suffering under such malady, appear with a wafer stuck on each temple, which I presume, was only a milder way than my friend the captain employed of driving off this tormentor.—*My Adventures.*

Clairvoyance.—Mr. Raymond, a medical writer, rather celebrated in Paris as a wag, narrates the following incident on his own authority:

A friend, puzzled at the apparent accuracy of a somnambulist, asked what his (the interrogator's) father was then doing. In answer, he was told that his father was visible a long way off; and a number of details were given, exactly specifying how the father was engaged.

"I fear you have made a slight anachronism—my father," said the triumphant disbeliever, "has been dead these twenty years."

"No, sir, no mistake! You appear to forget," replied the somnambulist, "that it takes a wise child to know his own father."

☞ Nothing proclaims more forcibly the broad contrast between the conditions of the middle classes in England and in this country, than the advertisements frequently to be met in the London daily papers, offering very large sums for employment. The Times habitually contains great numbers of such offers. One person offers £3000 reward to any one who will obtain for the advertiser an adequate mercantile appointment, and another from £3,000 to £5,000 for a similar situation. Smaller sums are offered daily for less profitable employments. In this country persons who can command anything like these sums, can always command business.

SUGGESTIONS BY STEAM.

When woman is in rags, and poor,
And sorrow, cold, and hunger tease her,
If man would only listen more
To that small voice that crieth—"Ease her!"

Without the guidance of a friend,
Though legal sharks and screws attack her,
If man would only more attend
To that small voice that crieth—"Back her!"

So oft it would not be his fate
To witness some despairing dropper
In Thames' tide, and run too late
To that small voice that crieth—"Stop her!"

T Hood.

JOHN W. BLAIR,
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,
No 120, Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

KEEPS constantly on hand the most extensive assortment of BRUSHES in the west, which he will sell as low as any in the United States of the same quality, and on more *liberal* terms. Also, Corn Hand and Fire Whisks. Also, a full supply of

SHOE FINDINGS,

including Pegs, Sparables, Kitt, Binding and Lining Skins, &c., together with the most complete assortment of FISHING TACKLE to be found in this city. Wholesale and Retail on the most reasonable terms. mar 19-d&w2

Adjourned Sale of Real Estate.

BY order of Executors, will be sold agreeably to adjournment, on the premises, on Friday next, March 21st, at 11 o'clock, A M., by order of the Executors of the Estate of Benjamin Bakewell, deceased, that valuable Lot of ground, situate at the corner of Smithfield street and Virgin Alley, having a front of 55 feet on the former, and extending along the latter 86 feet, to a four feet alley, on which is erected a convenient brick meeting house, about 35 feet by 50 feet, well paved and lighted with Gas, capable of accommodating 300 persons.

Terms, which will be liberal, made known at time of sale. J. D. DAVIS,
Pittsburgh, March 19, 1845. Auctioneer.

Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing, &c.

WILL be sold at M'Kenna's Auction Mart, corner of 2d and Wood sts., on Thursday, the 20th inst, at 10 o'clock, A M. a variety of Dry Goods, consisting in part of Cloths, Casinets, Kentucky Jeans, Bed Tickings, Woolle Shawls, &c. Also, at the same time a small lot of ready made clothing.

And at 2 o'clock P M, new and second hand furniture, among which are bedsteads, tables, chairs, bureaus, &c. Terms at Sale.

P M'KENNA,
m19. Auctioneer.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

A SMALL FARM, situated in Indiana township, Allegheny County, about 16 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 47½ acres, with allowance, lately occupied by William Hunter, adjoining lands of Jacob Myers, Marshall and Cook.

There is on the place a fine, young, thriving orchard of Apple and Peach Trees, of the best kinds. Also, a Valuable Coal Bank, the only one in the neighborhood. It will be sold low for cash, and an indisputable title given.

If not sold by the first of April next, it will then be for rent. For further particulars inquire of George Kirkpatrick, Diamond Alley, or to the subscriber, Lower St Clair township. JOHN M'CLURG.
m19-w3t.

Situation Wanted.

A PROFESSIONAL GARDNER, who has had much experience in his business, in Europe as well as in this country, wishes to procure a situation. The most satisfactory references as to character and skill, can be shown by him. Enquire at this office. m19-2t.*

Come at Last.

A LOT of the real Goshen Cheese, of very superior quality and flavor.

A. G. REINHART.
mar 13 140 Liberty st.

MOLASSES—300 Bbls N O Molasses; received and for sale by
HAILMAN, JENNINGS & Co.,
mar 8 43 Wood st.

LOAF SUGAR—15 Bbls Loaf Sugar;
5 bxs do just received for sale by HAILMAN, JENNINGS & Co.,
mar 8 43 Wood st.

The Girard Life Insurance, Annuity and Trust Company of Philadelphia.
INCORPORATED IN 1836.
Capital paid $300 000—Charter perpetual.

PRESIDENT—B. W. RICHARDS.
ACTUARY AND TREASURER—JOHN F JAMES.

THIS COMPANY effects insurance on lives, either during the life of the applicant, for a specified period. It also grants annuities and endowments, and is further empowered to receive funds on interest and to execute Trusts and manage Estates, either from individuals, Courts of Justice or Corporations for the true and faithful performance of which the whole capital is pledged. Premiums of insurance are very low and every facility is offered for effecting the same, and every policy of Insurance for life is entitled to a Bonus of the profits at stated periods thereby, combining the advantages of a Mutual Insurance, with the security of a permanent Capital.

As the public attention has not been much directed to the subject of Life Insurance in this city, the following instances taken from the records of the Company will show its beneficial operation.

Policy No. 485.—A man who had insured his life paid his premiums for 3 years, amounting to $41 80, when he died, and his wife and family received from the Company $1000.

Policy No. 546—The insured paid 102 per annum, for two years, when his decease occurring, his family received $5000.

Policy No. 250.—The insured paid but one premium of $22 56, when his decease occurred, and his family received $1600.

In case of the death of the party insured, the amount of the policy will be paid with the utmost promptitude.

In order to extend the practice of Life Insurance, in this city, and the west generally, this Company has appointed the subscriber their agent, who will attend to any business connected with the objects of the Corporation. For further particulars apply to

WILLIAM BAKEWELL,
Office in Bakewell's Law Buildings.
mar 18-d3m Grant st. Pittsburgh.

Just Received,

A LARGE assortment of Mrs. Bett's abdominal supporters, for the cure of "Prolapsus Uteri," &c., for sale by WM. THORN,
mar 18 No 53, Market st.

School for Young Ladies.

THE Rev W J, Mrs and Miss Bakewell, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that their next quarter will commence on Monday, March 24th, at their new residence, Little's Buildings, foot of Third, Liberty street.
m17-d1w*

Wandering Jew, No 8.
HARPER'S BIBLE, No. 20.

JUST RECEIVED at Cook's, 85 4 h st., this morning, a great variety of new works, among which are the following:

Harper's Bible, No. 20;
Wandering Jew, " 8;
Blackwood's Magazine, for February;
Cecil, or the Adventures of a Coxcomb, generally attributed to Sir E. L. Bulwer.
Mount Sorel, or the adventures of the De Veres, by the author of "Two Old men's Tales."
Safis, or the magic of Count Caglinstra.
Phil Purcel, and other stories of Ireland, by Wm. Carleton, with engravings.
The Comic Miscellany for 1845, by Jno. Poole, author of Paul Pry.
The Ghost Hunter and his family, by the author of Tales of the "O'Hara Family."
Englishman in Egypt, being No 2 of the Home and Travelling Library.
Knickerbocker for March.
Cyclopedia of Practical Medicine, No 24 and last, the book being now complete.
Pictorial History of the World, by Jno. Frost, L. L. D.
Living Age, No 42
Supplement to Ure's Dictionary.
Harper's Illuminated Shakspeare, No 39 and 40.
Illustrated "Chimes" by Dickens, in one neat little volume. mar 17

For Sale.

20 NESTS best cucumber, milk and butter bowls; a supply of churns, tubs and buckets; an assortment of all sizes window sash and glass; Louisville lime, by the bbl. or retail; bed chalk, and clothes lines; carpet chain, Coffee mills, axes, hatchets, augurs, mattocks, shovels, and spades. ☞FURITURE FOR SALE☜ cheap for Cash, &c., by
ISAAC HARRIS, Ag't and Com.
mar 17-4td&1tw Merchant, No 9, 5th st.

☞ Carpet and Paper Rags and Country Carpet, &c. bought.

Notice.

THIS is to warn all persons from purchasing of Alex. C. Forbs, my note for $30—on which there is a receipt for $5—as I am determined not to pay it, having received no value for the same.
mar 17-d3t GEORGE BAER.

Fancy Hardware, Just Received.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now opening a fine assortment of Fancy house-furnishing Hardware, consisting in part of

Table Cutlery, Britannia table and tea spoons;
German silver tea and table spoons;
Britannia Tea Setts, Coffee and Tea Pots,
Sugar Bowls and Cream Jugs, (seperate,)
Japanned Tea Waiters, Bread Trays;
Fire Irons in setts and single pairs;
Fire Fenders, (of various sizes;)
Chimney Hooks;
Solar Lard Lamps, Britannia and Japanned hand ditto.

Window and Curtain Bands, Glass Curtain Pins (for blinds) of all the various sizes. With a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be offered at unusually low prices.

THOS. A. HILLIER,
House-furnishing Warehouse, 104 Wood st.,
mar 17. below Fifth.

Carmina Sacra.

A LARGE supply of this valuable Music Book, this day received and for sale at the wholesale and Retail Book and paper warehouse of

CHARLES H. KAY,
mar 14 corner of Wood and 3d sts.

WARRANTED GENUINE.—Dr. WILLIAM EVAN'S CAMOMILE PILLS.

CERTIFICATES.—Letter from the Hon. Abraham M'Clellan, Sullivan County, East Tenn., Member of Congress.

WASHINGTON, July 3d, 1845.

Sir—Since I have been in this city I have used some of your Dyspeptic medicine with infinite benefit and satisfaction, and believe it to be a most valuable remedy. One of my constituents, Dr A Carden, of Campbell county, Tennessee, wrote to me to send him some, which I did, and he has employed it very successfully in his practice and says it is invaluable. Mr Johnson, your agent at this place, thinks you would probably like an agent in Tennessee. If so, I would recommend Dr A Carden, as a proper person to officiate for the sale of your celebrated medicine. Should you commission him he is willing to act for you. You can send the medicine by water to the care of Robert King & Sons, Knoxville county, Tennessee, or by land to Graham & Houston, Tazwell, East Tennessee. I have no doubt but if you had agents in several counties in East Tennessee, a great deal of medicine would be sold. I am going to take some of it home for my own use, and that of my friends, and should like to hear from you whether you would like an agent at Blountville, Sullivan County, East Tennessee; I can get some of the merchants to act for you as I live near there. Yours respectfully,

ABRAHAM M'CLELLAN, of Tennessee.

For sale Wholesale and Retail, by
R. E. SELLERS, Agent.
sep 10 No 20 Wood street, below Second.

GLASS STAINING,
By J. Newton, Fourth street Road, near Toll Gate,

THE only Glass Stainer west of the mountains. A specimen of this glass is to be seen on the steamboat Cambria. All orders promptly attended to.
feb. 19-w3tif.

Shawls, Alpaccas, Cashmeres D'Coses.
83. *Market Street, Pittsburgh.* 83.
SELLING OFF AT COST.

B. E. CONSTABLE requests the attention of the public to his stock of shawls; consisting of Blanket Cloth, Cashmere, embroidered Thibet and Belvidere, and Broche, at prices ranging from 50 cents up to $12.

Alpaccas, figured and plain, Romelias, Zenobia Cloths, &c., at from 18¾ cents up to 50 and 62 1-2.

Cashmeres D'Cose from 25 up to 50 cents, the newest imported styles.

Just received, another lot of Flannels, imported so the only kind that is not liable to shrink. jan 15

FRESH ARRIVAL,
At No. 49, Liberty St.,
P. DELANY,

RESPECTFULLY invites the early attention of his friends and all who are about supplying themselves with

SPRING AND SUMMER
CLOTHING,

To his present stock, which he has purchased in the cities of PHILADELPHIA and NEW YORK,

AT STILL LOWER PRICES THAN HERETOFORE.

This stock is large, and comprises
EVERY DESCRIPTION
Of Fashionable and New Style Goods,

in his line of Business. The very liberal patronage given to the subscriber, enables him to employ persons competent to cut and make work in such a style, as will be SURE TO PLEASE, and at least

TWENTY PER CENT LOWER

than they can otherwise suit themselves. A glance at the Goods and Prices will satisfy any good judge that he can get

BETTER GOODS, AT LOWER PRICES,

(made or unmade,) than are to be found at any other establishment, particularly articles of a superior quality.

THIS IS THE PLACE

Where a GOOD DRESS COAT for from $8 to 9 and $10, of any fashionable color,
CLOTH AND MAKING WARRANTED,
☞ Made to order at the same prices.

CASSIMERE PANTALOONS,

for from $3 to $3 50, and $4 and 5 dollars—fine qualities in proportion. French and English Cloth

COATS MADE TO ORDER.

And ready made for from $12 to 14, 15, and 18 dollars. A great variety of

VESTS AND VESTING

Of the most elegant and varied style—a large assortment on hand. Every description of

TWEED COATS

For from 2 to 3 and 4 dollars. Also, a general variety of other SUMMER WEAR, with a general stock of

SHIRTS, STOCKS, HANDKERCHIEFS, SUSPENDERS, and all other articles in the Clothing line,

20 MINUTES,

spent in looking through the finery of this establishment will be better spent, and save more money than could be saved by looking through half the tailor shops in the city,

Walk in at 49!

You will be sure to get exactly what you want—or something better.
mar 15 P. DELANY.

Spring Fashion.
No 93 Wood St, Third door below Diamond Alley.

HAVING JUST RECEIVED FROM New York, the SPRING FASHION for HATS, I am now, prepared to supply my customers and all those who may please to favor me with a call, with this new and beautiful style of Hat.
mar 14-d&w2m S. MOORE.
(Western Star copy.)

Looking Glasses! Looking Glasses!
CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!!

THE subscriber has now in store a large assortment of Looking Glasses of his *own* and *Eastern manufacture*, of superior quality and lower prices than can be obtained west of the Mountains. Persons about refurnishing their houses for the Spring, and merchants, would do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as the undersigned is determined not to be undersold by any establishment in his line in this city. All work of frames will be warranted to be of *seasoned* lumber, and *plates* of the first quality of importations.

N. B. All kinds of repairing attended to and Glasses removed and re-hung.

THOS. A. HILLIER,
Looking Glass manufacturer, 104 Wood near 5th.
mar 15-2wd

Valuable Property.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that by order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, held in the city of Pittsburgh, in and for said county, on the 8th day of July, A. D, 1844, will be exposed to sale by Public Vendue or Outcry, on Thursday the 10th day of April, A D., 1845, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, P. M., four certain contiguous Lots or pieces of Ground, situate on the south side of the Monongahela River, in St Clair township, Allegheny county aforesaid, in the town of Birmingham, marked in the general plan of said town Nos. 94, 95, 101 and 102, bounded by lots Nos. 87 and 88, by Neville street, by other ground and by the Monongahela River. The said lots 95 and 102 containing together in breadth on Neville street aforesaid 120 feet, and in length 95 feet, the said 94 and 101 containing together in breadth 120 feet, and in length from said lots 95 and 102 to the Monongahela River, with the appurtenances, being part of the estate of James Patterson, Sr. late of Allegheny county aforesaid, dec'd.

Terms of Sale—one third of the purchase money in hand, and the balance, one third in nine months from date of sale, and the other one third in eighteen months from date of sale with interest, the said two-thirds to be secured by bond and mortgage on the properly so sold.

JAMES PATTERSON, } *Executors.*
WM. O'LEARY. }
march 14-w&d10ap

Oranges and Lemons.

25 BOXES Oranges and Lemons in prime order. for sale low by P. C. MARTIN,
mar 13 60 Water street.

Smoked Herring.

20 BOXES smoked and scaled Lobec Herring, for sale low by P. C. MARTIN,
mar 13 60 Water street.

Potatoes.

30 BARRELS Neshannock Potatoes, for sale low by P. MARTIN,
mar 13. 60 Water street.

JUST RECEIVED, a superior lot of Sugar House Syrup, in bbls and half bbls; also a fine lot of Sugar House Molasses.
mar 12 CHURCH & CAROTHERS.

JUST RECEIVED on consignment per Steamers Hibernia and Monongahela;
130 Boxes superior Cincinnati Soap;
50 " " Star Candles, 4s, 5s and 6s;
For sale by
mar 12 CHURCH & CAROTHERS.

IMPROVED LARD OIL, of superior quality, entirely free from Gum and equal to the best Sperm Oil; a few bbls received on consignment and for sale by
mar 12 CHURCH & CAROTHERS.

Fish.

45 BARRELS White Fish;
10 Drums Codfish; for sale low to close consignment.
mar 13. M B RHEY & Co.

Peaches.

28 SACKS for sale by
mar 13. M B RHEY & Co.