The Daily Morning Post.

THOS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22.

The Republic is Safe!!

STUPENDOUS WHIG VICTORY!—By reference to the list of City Officers, elected yesterday by the Councils, it will be seen that the indomitable, persevering and magnanimous whigs have achieved an unprecedented victory—CHARLES GLENN, Weighmaster at the Hay Scales, has been displaced! This is a tremendous achievement by the majority in councils—it is a whig victory which will immortalize the stern, unbending patriots who gained it, and should be sent "all abroad" to give comfort and encouragement to the "universal whig party." We are determined to do our share in chronicling this great deed, and so, we once more proclaim that old Mr GLENN, Weighmaster at the Hay-scales—(an office worth $200 per annum, clear)—is ejected from a place that he has held by common consent for we don't know how many years.

Now may the great Harry of Ashland dry the scalding tears wrung from him by the mortification of his defeat—for is he not avenged? Have not the intrepid whigs of Pittsburgh gained a victory worth two such as that lately won by Democrats in electing Polk?—Have they not, by the force of party drill, stifled and destroyed all the kindly and sympathetic feeling that should be awakened by the condition of a poor and harmless man, stricken in years, and without any means of livelihood? Have they not in the most resolute manner, regardless alike of the power of a man of three score and ten, the odium which must forever attach to the deed, have they not made old Mr GLENN surrender his place?

Dry your eyes then, Mr Clay—your four defeats are amply revenged by the great triumph of the whigs of Pittsburgh, and CHARLES GLENN, late Weighmaster at the Pittsburgh Hay Scales, stands with you on the platform of defeated candidates. What chivalrous whig will not rejoice and take courage at this event, so auspicious for the party?

THE WEATHER, &c.—The mildness of the weather continues unbroken. There has not been a week of cold weather here this winter. It rains and snows a little alternately, and so the streets are kept in the worst possible condition. Perhaps the Street Commissioner, who was elected yesterday, will endeavor to remedy the last evil. They say a "new broom sweeps clean," and we cannot see why a new scraper should not scrape clean.

Navigation still continues good, and boats are daily arriving and departing. The Monongahela Navigation is open and doing a fine business.

CATHOLIC INSTITUTE.—This Literary Society celebrated its anniversary on Monday evening. The large audience which was present on the occasion, evinced the highest gratification with the exercises of the evening. The address was delivered by the Reverend Mr DRANE—subject, "The Jesuits." Mr D acquitted himself ably; his address was evidently the result of much research and labor.

The Essays of Dr M'MEAL and of M M'BRIDE, Esq., were highly creditable productions, and were received by the listeners in the most flattering manner. The Institute bids fair to be a popular and useful Society, and we wish it much success.

NEW PUBLICATIONS, AT COOK'S.—Cook has received the Ladies' National Magazine, for February, 1845. This work is edited by that accomplished authoress, Mrs Ann S Stephens. It has two beautiful engravings and a plate of Fashions. Mrs Sigourney contributes to this number.

GODEY'S MAGAZINE for February, is received. It has four fine engravings, and articles by POE, Miss LESLIE, Miss Sedgewick, and other good writers.

PHELIM O'TOOLE'S COURTSHIP, by W CARLETON, is also on hand at Cook's. We cannot speak of the quality of the work, for we have not yet had time to look farther than the title.

A FANATIC AND HIS FOLLOWERS.—A letter from Paris says: "You have doubtless heard of the Sclavonian prophet, Towiausky, whose mystical fancies and questionable auguries have involved him more than once with the tribunals of justice. Another of his doctrines has just been revealed by a professor of the French college, which defies Napolen, supposing him to preside, as a mysterious spirit, over the destines of man. Towiausky has till now inhabited Switzerland, where he made a daily pilgrimage to the tomb of the great Kosciusko, and where he was surrounded by a crowd of disciples. He has now just left that country for Belgium, where he is now followed by his absurd but unhappy proselytes. He has some in Paris much wiser; they follow him, but in imagination alone.—Our 'France of 1830,' who stirred up the Poles to revolt, alas! now only affords them in adversity barren sympathy."

A Do Nothing Society.—In Belgium, a numerous society has been formed to found the *Far niente* Club. The title is borrowed from Italy, for the members of it would not take the trouble of finding a name for it. To be a member of this club, proofs of laziness and guarantees of future indolence must be given, the members must enter into the most formal engagements to abstain from all occupation, and to maintain a state of complete inactivity of body and mind.

The Belgian literati are admitted in all right to the *Far niente* Club, provided they prove themselves to be men of letters; no further testimonial or guarantees are required from them. This society does not so far differ from other Clubs as would at first appear. A mechanic, or a man who works with his hands, is disqualified for admission to the London Clubs, and association with their Right Honorable blacklegs and debauchees.—*Sp of Times.*

RED RIVER.—Our latest accounts are to the effect that this stream continues unusually low, and with but poor prospects of a rise at present. The Alexandria Republican of the 4th instant has the following:

"The river continues to fall, and there is now barely water enough for light draught boats. Heaven only knows what is to become of the large number of steamboats seeking employment on this river. There is, compared with other years, but a trifling amount of cotton above, which must be taken at very low rates of freight, up river freights will be inconsiderable, and as dollars are not quite as plenty as blackberries in June, passengers will be few and far between. Sorry prospect, decidedly."

MEXICO.

The New Orleans Courier of the 7th inst., states that a letter has been received by a commercial house in that city from Tabasco, which states that a proclamation, dated Jonuta, Dec 27, had been made by Don Miguel Bruno, calling upon the inhabitants of the Department to second the movement of Paredes, and making honorable mention of Gen. Santmanat. A postscript to the same communication says that news had just been received of the complete rout of Santa Anna near the city of Mexico, by the forces under Paredes.

An arrival at New Orleans from Campeachy brings information that a number of young men, four or five hundred, had marched against Tobasco; and that the city had been revolutionized and declared in favor of the new or federal party.

MEETING OF COUNCILS.

The Councils met yesterday afternoon at 1½ o'clock, for the purpose of electing city officers for the ensuing year.

After the Convention organized, the list of members was called over—all of which answered to their names.

The Convention proceeded to the election of city officers.

TREASURER.

	1st bal.	2d bal.
J. Hanna,	14	10
W. Pentland,	5	1
J. A. Bartram,	18	29
J. M'Caskey,	3	

SOLICITOR.

C B. M. Smith,	20
C. S Eyster,	19

ASSESSOR.

T Perkins was elected unanimously.

STREET COMMISSIONER.

J M'Ilwaine,	24
W M'Kever,	11
W Graham, jr.,	3

WHARF MASTER MONONGAHELA.

T M'Fadden was elected.

WHARF MASTER ALLEGHENY.

	1st bal,	2d bal.
J W Lightner	19	24
J Patterson	7	8
J Smith	13	12

COLLECTOR AT AQUEDUCT.

H Kinney	23
Wightman	1
S Turbett,	12
J Barker,	3

CITY GAUGER

J M'Dowell	26
Jas Anderson	13

SUP'T. WATER WORKS,

R Moore, elected unanimously.

RECORDING REGULATOR.

R E M'Gowan,	26
E H Heastings,	13

ASSISTANT REGULATORS.

	1st bal.	2d bal.
Wm Buyne,	2	25
E H Heastings,	15	14
D M'Gowan,	22	

SEALER OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Otis Young was elected unanimously.

WEIGH MASTER AT HAY SCALES.

Chas Glenn,	19
F Fleeger,	21

WEIGH MASTER AT MARKET.

A Hartupeo,	30
S Hubley,	3
Wm Diehl,	6

SALT INSPECTOR.

D Hunter,	24
J R Hague,	13
R Donaldson,	1
P Updegraft,	1

INSPECTOR OF POT AND PEARL ASHES.

J P Pears, was elected unanimously.

INSPECTOR OF TOBACCO.

Geo Wilson,	20
J Fullerton,	1
W Diller,	15
G Weyman,	3

COLLECTORS OF CITY TAXES.

1st Ward, W M'Cutcheon, elected unanimously.

2d Ward, J K Henderson,	24
J M'Kee,	6
D Kincaid,	6
Third Ward, T. Fairman,	31
W. B. M'Conlogue,	8

Fourth Ward, R. Hope elected unanimously.

Fifth Ward, J. Dalzell,	23
A. Glass,	16

BOARD MEASURERS.

First Ward, J Owens elected unanimously.

Second Ward, D M'Clelland,	27
Caleb Herst,	2
Third Ward, J C Creighton,	25
J Ivory,	15

Fourth Ward, J M'Clure, elected unanimously.

Fifth Ward, R Donaldson,	25
D Ellis,	13
Wm McGreagor.	1

ADDITIONAL BOARD MEASURER.

	1st bal.	2d bal.
Caleb Herst,	20	
Wm M'Greggor,	5	6
D Ellis	12	14
A M'Kelvy		21

According to the advice and consent of the editor of the American, the whig majority in the Councils made a clean sweep of it. Nothing had any charm but clear, unadulterated whiggery, and some most worthy and competent men of their own party, were rejected to make way for others, who were neither so competent or deserving, but who are probably more submissive to the will of the leaders. This is all fair, we suppose, and we hope our whig friends will now feel secure and satisfied. They are a great and magnanimous party.

ALABAMA STATE DEBT.—The Committee of Ways and Means, of the House of Representatives of Alabama, have made a manly report upon the subject of the indebtedness of that State, accompanied by a bill to levy such taxes as will preserve the public faith untarnished. From this report we learn that the debt of Alabama is $14,109,000. Of this sum $9,215,000 are in bonds issued in favor of banking institutions; the remainder is in the form of bank circulation, for which the state is responsible, and a debt due the University and Common School Funds of over one million. The interest upon the whole debts amounts to nearly $568,000 per annum. This, together with the amount necessary to defray the expenses of Government, imposes the obligation of raising annually for the necessities of the Treasury $700,000.

The Committee think that upon the winding up of the banks there will will be a deficit in their assets, which, taken in connection with the circulation and school debt, will leave the State a sum of $7,000,000 to make good. The report states, that the ingenuity of counsel could not devise a means of coercing payment by legal process, and the Committee cite this fact as strengthening the moral obligation of the State to discharge every dollar she owes. Up to this period, we are told that the Stae has maintained her faith untarnished, and that at some sacrifice she is already prepared to pay the interest due this year.—From the tone of confidence, in which the report is drawn up, we would infer that the people of Alabama will acquiesce in any legislation designed to uphold the honor and character of the Commonwealth. The Committee add that the citizens have gone in advance of the Legislature is holding public meetings upon the subject and calling upon their representatives to levy taxes for the support of the Government and the payment of the State debt.

BISHOP ONDERDONK.—It is announced as in press, Bishop Onderdonk's own statement of facts and circumstances connected with the recent trial of the Bishop of New York.

CONGRESS.

The *Senate* did not sit to-day.

The time of the *House*, till two o'clock to-day was occupied in the consideration of private bills in Committee of the Whole House. At that hour, the report of the Committee on Accounts in the case of Mr. M'Nulty, Clerk of the House, came up according to postponement. Mr. Taylor, Chairman of the Committee, informed the House that the Committee met this morning at 10 o'clock, and remained in session till 12 o'clock, but that Mr. M'Nulty failed to appear before them. He had, however, sent to Mr. Kershaw, his accounting clerk, to them, with a number of papers, which they had not time to examine so as to make a report to-day, but wishing to have some information to give to the House, they had asked Mr. Kershaw if he knew what had become of the unexpended balance of the contingent fund, whether it was deposited in bank or in the hands of individuals. To this Mr. Kershaw answered that Mr. M'Nulty might answer that question himself.

After some conversation, and an explanation from Mr Weller, the question was put on the first resolution dismissing Mr M'Nulty, and decided in the affirmative—yeas 196, nays none. The two remaining resolutions, directing the Secretary of the Treasury to adopt the means necessary to recover the amount of public money in Mr McNulty's hands, and requesting the President of the Unnited States to cause proceedings to be instituted against him under the sub-treasury act, were also adopted. Mr Hopkins then offered a resolution that B B French, of New Hampshire, the first assistant clerk, be appointed clerk of the House; and the rule requiring such election to be conducted *viaa voce* being dispensed with, the resolution was unanimously adopted, and B B French was declared to be duly elected, and sworn in as clerk of the House. The House then adjourned.—*Globe, Jan* 18.

RATHER SNAPPISH.

In the early days of the country there lived in one of the frontier, out-of-the-way counties of Georgia, a certain justice of the peace who was remarkably tenacious of his judicial opinions and disposed to consider it a personal affront if any one had the hardihood, or rather temerity, to express dissatisfaction at his decisions; and as the 'Squire was an able-bodied, double fisted fellow, pluck to the back bone and nearly gifted with what is now fashionably termed the knowledge of "knocking a man down on scientific principles," and as he was ever ready to thrash any one who differed in judicial opinion with him, but few of his decisions were questioned, appealed from, or carried to a higher court.

But at length one of his unsuccessful litigants, who had a plain case in his favor decided directly against him, he applied to the Judge of the Superior Court with a complaint that an appeal had been denied him by the refractory justice. The case was so clear that the Judge at once issued a writ of *certiorari* commanding the justice, in most peremporary terms, at once to send up all the papers for a rehearing. When the writ was placed in the hands of the sheriff the Judge charged him to execute it without fail. The sheriff, however, knew his man, and at once intimated to his honor that no little risk of severe personal injury would attend such a mission. The Judge, who had also had an inkling of the pugnacious propensities of the justice, at once suggested that a couple of stout constables should accompany the sheriff on his perilous embassy, and with this force the latter started out.

Arriving at the office of the justice, which was nothing but a rough log cabin, the Sheriff at once made known his business. The justice told him he would not comply—the Sheriff said he must. The justice informed the officer that he would see him in—a place out of the confines of Georgia before he would give up the documents, and then he would'at. The Sheriff grew angry and belligerent—the justice a little more so. The Sheriff turned his head towards his associates, as much as to say that he depended upon them, and then made a hostile advance upon the justice—the next moment he was knocked sprawling upon the floor. The constables came up to the rescue—the justice pitched into them, and soon both were piled upon the prostrate Sheriff. All three rallied and made a second attack—all three were a second time keeled over by the vigorous blows of the lusty justice. At him again they went, rough-and-tumble; but he was more than a match for the entire posse, and in less time than it takes us to record it they were all soundly thrashed and the justice was left in quiet and undisturbed possession of his premises, papers and all.

After retreating into the yard, the Sheriff and his assistants paused a moment to wipe the blood from their faces, get their hats into shape, brush their clothes and repair damages generally, and before mounting their horses the following short soliloquy took place: "The Judge is a little snappish this morning," said the Sheriff. "*Raither* inclined that way," retorted one of the constables. "And disposed not to be so particularly d—d accommodating as he might be, eh?" queried the other. We have never been able to learn whether the fighting justice had another call for the papers in question or not.

[*N O Picayune.*

The Steamer Mount Pleasant.—The following letter is in answer to one of inquiry directed to Captain Parker of the brig Martha, who reported that he had seen the wreck of a boat answering, as was supposed, to the ill-fated steamer Mount Pleasant:—*Phil Times.*

BALTIMORE, Jan 4, 1845.

Dear Sir: We passed the wreck in question, about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, 21st of December, clear, moderate weather, at about ten yards distance. She was level with the water's edge, on her side. The windows in the side were square, above the white streak, and I think that the length of the wreck was about fifty feet from the stern. There was some copper about the stern. The ends of the plank aft, appeared broken off, as if run down or broken in two. Nothing of her deck was to be seen, neither wheelhouses, machinery, nor cabin. There was a black streak below the white one. A wreck of the same description was also seen by Capt Gorham of the bark Elvira, of Boston, a few hours previous to the time when I saw it.

JOSEPH BARKER, Jr. brig Martha.

THE CASE OF GEORGE O'BLENIS.

This individual was yesterday conveyed on board the Concordia, in custody of two officers of the Second Municipality police, who were charged with his delivery to the sheriff of the parish of Point Coupee.

Our readers are already aware that he is charged with the murder of young Frank Coombs, but further than this they know little of the affair. Well, then, without at all prejudicing the case, the substance of his own version of it may be given. It is this:—That young Coombs and he were neighbors; that some time since a difficulty about a dog, or some other trivial matter, arose between them; that subsequently, whenever they met, the language and the manner of Coombs were provokingly offensive towards him; that on the day previous to Coomb's death, O'Blenis called at the house of Mr Clarke, a mutual neighbor, on business, and while there, Coombs came in. Mr Clarke invited him to be seated, but he refused, indignantly objecting to sit in any house where O'Blenis was, who, he said, ought to have been in the penitentiary ten years ago; that then O'Blenis seized a gun which he found lying by, and that Coombs seized a sword, but that the persons present prevented a conflict; that he (O'Blenis) then determined to bring the thing to an issue the first opportunity; he made his will, arranged his affairs, and told Mr Wells, a neighbor of both himself and Coombs, to warn him (Coombs) not to pass by his door; that on the next day, notwithstanding this warning, he saw him, in company with Mr J H Johnson, ride past; that his passions were instantly aroused—that he mounted and followed them, and when he got up to them called on Coombs to stop, as the affair between them was then to be settled; that both Coombs and Johnson dismounted and were approaching him, Coombs with his right hand in the pocket of his pantaloons; that immediately he discharged one barrel, to frighten off Johnson, and the other at Coombs, which killed him on the moment; that Johnson cried out, You have killed my best friend;" and that he (O'Blenis) remarked, seeing a pistol fall on the ground from Coombs's hand, he would have himself been killed if he had not shot his adversary. He then rode off, and Johnson went and made affidavit before a neighboring magistrate that he had deliberately murdered Coombs, on which affidavit he was arrested.

There is now a new feature in the case. During the time of the confinement of O'Blenis in the Second Municipality prison, a watchman named Hanly kept guard over him; he made several overtures to Hanly to wink at his escape. Hanly, first apprizing his captain of the state of things, gave an apparent assent to the proposition, and it was concluded that for $150 in gold, a note for $100, payable at a future period, and after rewards not specified, he was to be permitted to escape. A friend, who was to visit him on Monday, was to bring him the money and also a skeleton key. The friend did visit him, and about 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning he paid over to the watchman $150 in gold and the note for $100, thinking that then, at the cabalistic words, "Open sesame!" the doors of his prison would fly open. But he was mistaken; for from that moment his confinement was made the closer, the head of the police, Capt Winters, having been apprizod, as we before said, of all his contemplated movements, and having taken the necessary steps to frustrate them.

N O Picayune.

AFFAIR OF HONOR—TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS.—From the following, it appears that a couple of printers in New York, have been trying their *metal*,—we think they would have been better employed with *sticks* in their hands:

Satisfactory Satisfaction.—Members of Congress are not the only high belligerent parties who obey the summons of honor to the field. All the 'chivalry" is *not* confined to the south of Mason & Dixon. It is *not* yet, as has come to be generally supposed, ridiculous among us to fight duels. Gentlemen in search of satisfaction and the picturesque, may still find both articles over at Hoboken. The glory has not all departed.

Yesterday afternoon one of these thrilling tragedies was again acted on that memorable field. These parties were two of the printers employed in the office of our neighbor, the *Tribune*—French and Hickox the names in which they rejoiced before they went out, and more cordially rejoice in now that they have come back safe. The proximate but unconsciously moving excuse we presume to have been the general state of acrimonious and bellicose feeling that had gradually absorbed into their own composition in their labors of composition upon the articles of their Editor's composition since the late election. The immediate cause was that one so far outraged the manly sensibilities of the other as to call him a "*fireside soldier*,"—shades of Alexander and Julius Cæsar, a "fireside soldier!" "You're a bladder!" was the spirited and soldierly retort;—a "*bladder*," or some word there or thereabouts, which being novel to our ear in the vocabulary of our vernacular, we do not trust to print, for fear of exposing so gallant a hero to an insinuation of a want of perfect elegance and purity in his English. Two such beings as a 'bladder" and a "fireside soldier" could not reasonably be expected to co-exist on the same continent. *Argal*, Hoboken and muskets, of course.

Another compositor in the same office, "Major Moulton," went out in the capacity of surgeon. We presume from the military title, it was an army-surgeon. The two principals represented the two great military interests which were united in one toast at the Democratic supper on the Eighth, the "Army and Militia of the United States." Hickox being a member of the City Guard, and French having been in the regulars and covered with glory at Lundy's Lane—at least so say the impartial voices of history and himself.

They met—not with their deserts exactly, but with each other. Seconds, and so forth, all *energic*.—Twenty paces. Muskets loaded, powder, wadding and all—all but bullets. This little circumstance was known to the seconds and one of the parties. The other, Mr French, was alone in a state of ignorance on that head, which did not quite realize the poetical idea that "ignorance is bliss." If not "bliss," however, it at least afforded him a signal opportunity of displaying a virtue which sits with peculiar grace on the laurelled brow—*piety* Mr French knelt down, like the Swiss at Morgarten, or the Scotch at Bannockburn, or the Puritans at Marston. With a singular felicity of logic and consistency, when on the point of fighting a duel, to murder or be murdered, he knelt down, (so the story is told) and prayed to Heaven—we presume for its blessing on his aim, or its kind consideration for the feelings of a gentleman, if the aim of the adverse musket should go true. He rises. All the formalities are complete. Back to back.—The word of command. They wheel—a shutting of eyes—a pulling of triggers—and the two muskets go off—the one with a report, the other with a reporter.

Hickox's aim hits French on the hand with his *wad*. Had the bullet been in company with the wad, a good compositor would have been lost to the craft in general, and the *Tribune* office in particular.

Enough. Satisfaction is satisfied. Feelings are appeased. Honor is again "right end up with care." Mr. French is *not* a "bladder," nor anything there or thereabouts; and that Mr. Hickox is not a "fireside soldier," considering the state of the thermoter yesterday on the river, in crossing the Barclay street ferry, is now conclusively demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the human race at large, as well as that of our two heroic Typos in particular. [*News.*

A MAGNIFICENT PROJECT.—We understand that a magnificent project is soon to be submitted to the attention of Congress by Mr Whitney, a distinguished merchant of this city. The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger furnishes the following statement in regard to the subject:

The enterprise contemplates the construction of a railroad from the western shore of Lake Michigan, in a direct line through to the Columbia River, covering a distance of 2100 miles, which shall be the point of debarkation for China.

The cost of the road, when completed, is estimated at fifty millions of dollars, and twenty-five years would be required to perfect the scheme. Eight days would be about the traveling time from New York city to the terminus of the road, and if steam facilities were employed, some twenty-five more would convey one to Amoy, in China; so that by this short cut, a journey across the globe might be accomplished within the narrow limits of a single month.

By the establishment of this means of communication, we should be enabled to command the Chinese market, and to extend our commerce with South America, Mexico, India and other parts.

And in addition to the vast results that would necessarily ensue from such a work, by the force of circumstances, we should secure the the transportation of the English trade, on account of the great shortening of time. The shortest voyage on record between England and China was made in eighty-five days, and the passages average nearly four months. Adopting the premises laid down, a cargo might be shipped from China via of the United States, and landed at the Liverpool docks within fifty days.

The long discussed project of the European Government for constructing a railroad across the Isthmus of Suez, will, in all probability be abandoned, inasmuch as it would not shorten the distance of the overland route to China, and only lessen the time of communication some twenty-two hours, which would not recompense the heavy outlay that would be necessary. England has then no means of curtailing the route to China, but through Russia, which, from the nature of the climate and soil, would at least be a questionable enterprise, were there not the insuperable difficulty of obtaining the assent of Russia, and jealousy of the increase of British power and dominion. Necessity would thus compel England to follow in our track, as being the most expeditious and certain, and to employ our railroads and vessels for transporting her commerce; or else she would be driven from the richest and most unlimited market of the world.

All the co-operation and assistance that Mr Whitney asks of the government, is a grant of sixty miles wide of the public land, from one terminus of the contempleted road to the other, for which a full consideration would be given, in carrying the mails and transporting ammunition, stores, soldiers, and all public matters, free of cost.

Such is a general and imperfect outline of this vast and comprehensive scheme. So far as the destiny of our country is concerned and the perpetuity of free institutions is to be regarded, the accomplishment of such a work, would do more to elevate the first and to rivet the other, than the united efforts of our whole people for a century to come. It would not only give us the command, but place us five hundred years in advance of the civilized world, with the various resources of science, genius, energy and intellect that would be evoked under its operation. With the arms of a bold and enterprising people like ours, stretching from ocean to ocean, and a week's journey from one shore to the other, with a sufficient Navy in the Atlantic and Pacific, and the great markets of the world inviting us to enter, with the facility of procuring information from India and China sixty days in advance of all that part of Europe which competes with our trade and manufacture, what nation on the face of the earth has power to resist our onward march? And who is there rash enough to prescribe the boundaries of American power or to measure the length of her destiny?

LAW SCHOOL.

Western University of Pennsylvania.

THE next term will commence on the third Monday of February next, and continue until the first of July.

The course of instruction is very thorough, the class recitations being daily, with occasional lectures on important branches of law. The lectures during the next term will be on CONSTITUTIONAL LAW.

A MOCK COURT is held weekly for instruction in the practice of law, to the benefits of which all the students are invited.

The tuition fee is *thirty seven and a half dollars* a term.

Students pursuing a course of study at the Law School are admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Law, on the terms usual at such institutions.

Persons desiring further information are desired to call on the PROFESSOR, WALTER H. LOWRIE, at his office in 4th street, above Smithfield street.

jan 22-2w*

STRAY COW.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in the 1st Ward, Allegheny, on the 17th inst., a Red Heifer, supposed to be three years old—has a white stripe down her back, a white tail and white belly. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JOHN NEEL,
jan 21-3t* at Irwin's Rope Walk.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Conrad Upperman, late of Butler county, deceased, he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to call and make immediate payment, and all persons having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES BLAKELY,
jan 21-6t Penn st.

ISAAC CRUSE, J. B. LIPPINCOTT.

CRUSE & LIPPINCOTT,
Commission, Produce, and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 87 & 98 (old number) SMITH'S WHARF,
BALTIMORE, (MD.)

REFERENCES:—The Merchants of Pittsburgh in general. jan 13-6m

Stray Cow.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber, living in Baldwin township, about the 30th of December last, a muly cow, of a reddish color, white belly, back, and face. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

jan 21-d3t. MATHEW RILEY.

DUQUESNE HALL,
OVER THE POST OFFICE.

Monday, Tuesday, & Wednesday Evenings,
January 20th, 21st and 22d.

THE Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh and vicinity, are most respectfully informed, that

CHRISTY'S FAR-FAMED BAND
OF
MINSTRELS,

Whose previous Concerts in this City have been received with approbation by large and highly respectable audiences, will have the honor of giving

THREE MORE

of their *original* and amusing entertainments at the above fashionable resort, on which occasions they will introduce a variety of

New Songs, Refrains, Choruses, &c.

For particulars of each Concert, see small bills with programmes.

Cards of admission, *Front Seats*, 50 cents; Back Seats, (a limited number,) 25 cts.; Children accompanied by their Parents, or Guardians, half price.

Doors open at quarter past 6 o'clock; Concert will commence at 7 precisely. jan 20

READ THIS!
SELLING OFF AT COST,
AT THE
FANCY STORE,
No. 96, Market street.

THE undersigned having made arrangements to make considerable alteration in his business, will dispose of his entire stock of FANCY AND VARIETY GOODS AT COST, at wholesale or retail. The greater portion of his stock was purchased last November in New York for cash, at very low prices.—His stock is very large and complete, and comprises the best assortment of Jewelry and Variety Goods ever offered in this city. He respectfully invites his friends and the citizens generally to call and examine his stock and prices.

The following catalogue comprises, in part, his stock:

JEWELRY.

Gold Lever Watches;	Silver Butter Knives;
Silver " "	German silver do
Gold Pencils;	Gold Breast Pins;
Silver "	do Finger Rings;
do Thimbles;	do Bracelets;
Gold do	do Lockets;
do Ear Rings;	Jet Hair Pins;
do Studs;	do Breast do
do Hearts and Crosses;	do Bracelets;
Silk Watch Guards;	do Crosses;
Gum do do	do Necklaces;
Fine Hair Pins;	Silver Darts & Ornaments.

FANCY GOODS.

Rosewood Work Boxes;	Shell Card Cases,
do Dressing cases;	Gold and Steel Beads;
do Desk do	Coral do
do Shaving do	Amber do
Ivory Card cases;	Cut Glass do
Velvet do do	Bead Necklaces;
Chess Men;	Dissected Maps;
do Boards;	Globes;
Dominoes;	Geographical Slates;
Silk Bags;	Fine Cutlery;
Silk Purses;	Worsted Caps;
Bead Bags;	French Accordeons.

COMBS.

75 doz Shell back	Combs;
84 doz do twist	do
147 doz do side	do
do reding	do
do pocket	do
950 doz fine ivory	do
1350 doz No 1 tuck	do
655 doz No 3 do	do
250 doz No 4 do	do
740 doz dressing	do
150 doz grass wood pocket combs;	
9 doz do do	do

VARIETY GOODS.

425 lbs patent thread;
750 doz six corded spool thread;
125 doz gum suspenders;
60 doz worsted do
75 doz web do
150 gross hooks and eyes;
200 do do on cards;
75 do whalebones;
350 packs American pins;
47 boxes cotton cord;
150 gross do do
140 doz fancy soaps;
390 M percussion caps;
150 gross pearl buttons;
222 gross buttons, assorted;
50 doz toy books;
33 brass clocks;
150 gross eyelets, assorted;
67 doz woolen comforts and 40 doz mitts;
250 doz kid dolls;
40 doz doll heads;
325 straw baskets;
280 willow do
27 M marbles;
227 doz essences;
12 doz walking canes;
375 M drilled eyed needles;
45 gross steel pens;
350 doz snuff boxes;
12 doz sea bells;

With a large assortment of toys, &c. Terms cash.
jan 20-d1w ZEBULON KINZEY.

To Carpenters, Builders and Others.
(Immediate attention requested.)

PROPOSALS will be received until Wednesday, the 22d inst., at 10 o'clock, by the Managers of St Paul's Church, for the purpose of securing the foundations of the tower and front of St Paul's Cathedral; the proposals to state the manner and plan of securing said building, and the contracting parties to enter into sufficient securities for the faithful performance of the contract and guarantee against all damages that may arise to aforesaid building from said operations, or from the insufficiency of the plan proposed for protecting it.

The proposals to be left at the Sacristy of the Church.
jan 21-d2t

Sugar and Molasses.

25 HHDS. N. O. Sugar, (new.)
20 Bbls. " " Molasses;
20 " Sugar House Molasses, (Prime,)
R. GALWAY,
Jan 21-1w* Liberty street.

A Capital Assortment

OF new and cheap works at COOK'S, 85, 4th st.—Just received the following:

"Punch's" Heathen Mythology, with 10 engravings.
Littell's Living Age, No 34.
Illustrated Bible. History of the Old and New Testaments.
Wandering Jew, No 11. World edition.
Edith Vernon, or Crime and Retribution; a tragic story of New England, by F A Durivage.
The Dancing Feather, or the Amateur Freebooters, a romance of New York.
Eclectic Magazine for January, edited by Agnes.
Graham's Magazine for February.
Philip Augustus, by G P R James.
Also—Agincourt, Atila, Mary of Burgundy, &c, by James. jan 20

Family Medicines, &c.

FOR SALE low for cash, wholesale and retail;

Dr Evan's Camomile Pills;	
do Aperient	do
do Female and Domestic Pills;	
do Fever and Ague	do
do Invigorating	do
do Restorative	do
do Soothing Syrup;	
Dr Hunt's Botanic	do
Baron Von Hutcheler's	do
Dr Hawley's Anti-Billious	do
Lee's do	do
Brodie's do	do
Goodlie's Female	do
Ward's cure for Corns;	
Fahnestock's Vermifuge;	
Hawley's Vegetable Salve;	
Covert's Balm of Life;	
Oil of Tannin; British Oil;	
Oil of Spike; Nerve and Bone Liniment, &c.	

At HARRIS' Agency and Intelligence Office, No 9, 5th st. jan 20-1wd&3w

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny.

The petition of James Armstrong, of the 4th ward, city, in the county aforesaid, respectfully sheweth

That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the city aforesaid, and prays that your honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

JAMES ARMSTRONG.

We, the subscribers, citizens of 4th ward Pittsburgh, do certify, that James Armstrong, the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

Geo W Smith,	F Blume,
Jacob G Curry,	Samuel Hare,
James Graham,	M Whitmore,
J Smith,	Dennis Leonard,
E Warner,	F Brown,
R Brown,	Eber Townsend.

Jan 20-d&w3t*

SANTA FE! TEXAS!
THE PRAIRIE WILDS! THE INDIANS!
Commerce of the Prairies, or
THE JOURNAL OF
A SANTA FE TRADER,
By Josiah Gregg.

"It treats of a subject which is already of vast importance to our city, and is every day becoming more interesting to our business men and manufacturers."
Pittsburgh Post.

"These are a couple of most interesting volumes, well worthy to occupy a place beside the rich narratives of Irving, Kendall, Townsend and others. The writer appears to talk of what he fully understands, and in his perilous experience has gathered incidents illustrative of the peculiar character of the trade of the country and the inhabitants, that hold the reader with a power equal to the magic web of fiction—softens the heart with the privations and sufferings of our fellow man, and expand the mind with the wondrous realities and vicisitudes of Life on the Prairies."
Philadelphia Saturday Courier.

"We have here in two handsome volumes, a large amount of matter, not only of importance and value, but of deep interest."—*N Y Cou & Enq.*

This work was also very favorably noticed by all the other most important N York Journals, as well as the press generally throughout the Union: also by many English Magazines and other periodicals. The following is from the London Palytechnic Review:

"It is a valuable contribution to general literature, a very necessary and useful addition to our stock of ethnological knowledge, a most amusing, exciting and delightful narrative, not surpassed in interest by any we have lately read. We earnestly recommend the book to our readers."

For sale at the principal Bookstores in this city, and at the warehouse of A Beelen, No 39, Front street, Pittsburgh. jan 17-d6t

RETAIL HARDWARE STORE FOR SALE.

THE subscriber intending to decline business by the 1st of April next, offers for sale his stock of HARDWARE on hand, on liberal terms, (together with a lease of the store and dwelling.) The stock has been purchased of the importers, and is well selected. To any person wishing to commence the retail Hardware business, this would be an excellent opportunity, as there are no other hardware stores in the ward. Apply to JAMES BLAKELY.
jan 18.

Teas.

50 PACKAGES Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Imperial, and Black Teas, for sale by
HAILMAN, JENNINGS & CO.,
jan 16 43 Wood street.

Loaf Sugar.

5 BOXES Loaf Sugar for sale by
HAILMAN, JENNINGS & CO.,
jan 16 43 Wood street.

Corn Brooms.

30 DOZ. Corn Brooms for sale by
HAILMAN, JENNINGS & CO.,
jan 16 43 Wood street.

Patent Buckets.

10 DOZ. patent Buckets for sale by
HAILMAN, JENNINGS & CO.,
jan 16 43 Wood street.

Dry Fruit.

200 BUSHELS Dried Peaches, (halves;)
20 bushels Dried Apples, in store and for sale by
HAILMAN, JENNINGS & CO.,
jan 16 43 Wood street.

Molasses.

20 BBLS. prime N O Molasses for sale by
HAILMAN, JENNINGS & CO.,
jan 16 43 Wood street.

Coffee.

250 BAGS Rio Coffee;
50 " Laguyra do;
5 " Java do;
5 " Manilla do; in store and for sale low by
HAILMAN, JENNINGS & CO.,
jan 16 43 Wood street.

English Epsom Salts.

1500 LBS just received at the drug store of J KIDD & CO.