...CONVENTION.

...the Liberty men of Allegheny ... Townsend Hall, Pittsburgh, ... from nearly ... counties ...

...elected officers of ... WILLIAM A. PENNIMAN, ... Presidents, NATHAN MEARS, of ... WALKER, of Moon; Secretaries, ... M. Carothers, and Oliver ...

...stated the objects of the Convention ... delegates to the State Convention, ... city on the 22d of January, 1845, and ... some efficient plan of organizing the ... of our country.

...Convention then selected the following gentlemen delegates to the State Convention:

Elders, Edward Smith, William F. Austin, ... Wm A Patterson, Russell Errett, John ... Craig, James Moffitt, John Jakes, ... Jr, Benjamin Forsyth, Wm Lanster Jr, ... James Robb, Robert Wilson, Thomas ... M Parke, Thomas M Carothers, ... Holland, H B Herren, James Clark, Al... James Austin T Stewart.

...Resolved, that a Business Committee be appointed to report resolutions for the ... Convention to plan for the organization ... county.

... were appointed on that committee, ... A Wills, Neville B Craig, ... R Errett.

... then adjourned to meet on Wednesday.

WEDNESDAY, December 25.

... re-assembled; the Business Committee reported the following resolutions, which were ... adopted.

Resolved, That the Liberty party is devoted to the ... of American Slavery, and the redemption of ... Government from the control of the slave ... that it is in rapid progress, and must and will ... this great result—and that its means are reformation and political action.

Resolved, That the entire system of action and ... employed by the Liberty party throughout the ... Presidential Campaign were right in principle, judicious in their application, and abundantly justified ... results.

Resolved, That we claim the honor of having given ... heaviest blow to the dominant spirit of slavery, and ... hope it had repeat it till the old enemy is totally ... exterminated.

Resolved, That felt, and feared as we now are, ... the North and the South, we are already "in ... ," and will hereafter walk by the same rule and ... the same thing, looking steadily to the end of ... the salvation of our country, from the ... and ruin of domestic slavery.

Resolved, That the enlightened benevolence of ... principles contemplate with equal kindness, the ... interests and honor of both the oppressor and the ... oppressed.

Resolved, That ours is not a scramble for office and ... Hurrah, but a war of great principles, to ... fought with lawful weapons only, and that hereto... have striven faithfully for the true and right, ... see even wanting the first fruits of our integrity ... the speedy progress of our principles.

Resolved, That deriving courage and confidence ... what we have undergone and achieved in this ... for liberty, we will press onward in the straight ... which is before us, until the *one great idea* of ... for all men shall have triumphed over that ... idea of slavery for the many, which has hitherto ... the States of our country and the world.

Resolved, That the Liberty party principles assert ... natural rights of all men, without respect to ... complexion; and war alike against robbery ... and piracy, however practised and however sanctioned; that abolitionism sympathizes with every suffering, and labors with every laborer.

Resolved, That we are shocked and disgusted to find that the aristocracy of wealth has dared to *avow* its determination to punish, where it has failed to control the freedom of the laboring citizen in the exercise of their sacred rights at the ballot box. The tyrant spirit of pro-slavery is the same everywhere, and is ... as natural and familiar at the North as at the South, but its brazen effrontery surprises us.

Resolved, That this convention recommends the establishment of Liberty Associations throughout the country in every election district, whose object it shall be to hold frequent meetings to discuss Liberty principles, and the dissemination of information in regard to ... the officers of which shall also be standing committees of vigilance, whose special duty it shall be to ... charge of the interest of the Liberty cause in ... respective districts.

Resolved, That every Liberty man is a Liberty advocate and bound to give to every man a reason ... the hope that is in him: our country requires ... do his duty. The means are not wanting ... the will exists.

Resolved, That William Larimer, Jr., James McThomas Oliver, James Robb, Jno Johnson, ... Williams, James, H Young, John B Sanderson, ... Gwinglie and Oliver Peppard, be a committee of vigilance, to serve until the meeting of the convention.

Resolved, That all the District Liberty Associations in this county committee, the names ... and generally all matters of interest ... Liberty cause in their several districts.

Resolved, That the progress of Liberty principles in Allegheny county demands that efficient measures should be immediately taken for the establishment of a Daily Liberty newspaper in the city of Pittsburgh, as we never can cope with the other political parties on an equal footing, until this shall be done.

Resolved, That the most feasible plan for effecting this object is, extending the circulation of the Spirit of Liberty, both in the party and out of party, as the increased circulation of the weekly paper will furnish the means for establishing the daily.

Resolved, Therefore, That the convention pledges itself to use its utmost efforts to extend the circulation of that paper in this county, to at least three times its present number; that every Liberty man be recommended to take it, to use his influence with others to induce them to take it, and that at every Liberty meeting held throughout the county, a subscription paper shall be presented, and efforts made to obtain subscribers.

Resolved, That a Committee, consisting of one from each election district in the county, and from each ward in the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, be appointed to solicit subscribers to the Spirit of Liberty.

Resolved, That we urge the circulation of petitions to the Legislature and Congress, on the several points on which they have control, affecting human Liberty.

The Convention was harmonious, and spirited addresses were made by Dr Elder, Rev E Smith, John ... Wills, Jas Maffit, W Larimer, jr, H B Herren, F ... Hamilton, and others.

Resolved, That the newspapers in the city, are respectfully requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

The Convention then adjourned.

WM A PENNIMAN, Pres't.

JOHN WALKER, NATHAN MEARS, } Vice Pres'ts.

E Errett, T M Carothers, Oliver Peppard, } Sec'ys.

THE NEW YORK ARSON CASE.—The outrage which we noticed yesterday, as having been committed by a monster named Klein, in New York, on Mrs. Hanlin and her two children, by setting fire to the house in which they were sleeping, has now assumed the form of arson and murder. Mrs. Hanlin died on Christmas morning, in the hospital, from the effects of wounds and bruises inflicted on her, and of the burns she received while *nailed up* in the blazing dwelling. She had evidently received several blows from an axe or some other weapon. It will be remembered that one of her children, a lad eleven years of age, escaped unharmed through the window; but another, a babe in her arms, was badly burned. The latter is doing well, and will probably recover. The perpetrator of the foul deed, tried both for murder and arson, and as the evidence is clear and direct, he has little chance of escaping the extreme penalty of the law.

The Anti-Renters.—Gov Bouck, of New York, has issued a proclamation calling on the Sheriffs to do their whole duty in the suppression of the anti-rent riots, by summoning and arming all the force of their respective counties, if necessary; and stating that any countenance on the part of those officers will be regarded by him as a sufficient cause of removal from office.

The Daily Morning Post.

THOS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 31.

FOR MAYOR,
HENRY S. MAGRAW.

OVERSEERS OF THE POOR.

JOSEPH O'BRIEN, I. J. ASHBRIDGE.

AUDITORS.

D. M. GEESE, J. T. CONNOLLY, WM. M. EDGAR.

U S SENATOR.—We observe that some of our eastern cotemporaries are permitting themselves to get into a passion on the subject of a U S Senator. Unkind remarks about any one of the candidates will not be of the slightest advantage to any of the other aspirants, but may have the effect of disseminating bitter personal feelings among those who should act with harmony and good will. It will require the united efforts of the democratic representation in the Legislature to elect a man who will properly represent the wishes and principles of a majority of the people of the State. Many of the gentlemen that have been named for the distinguished station are well deserving the confidence of the party, and their election would be received with great satisfaction. We are confident that none but a worthy man and sound democrat will be chosen, and we consider it the height of folly for the organs of the party to work themselves into a passion about the merits of those who do not stand the slightest chance of an election, and who, perhaps, do not desire it.

It is a settled feeling in all parts of the State, that the Senator to be elected at the ensuing session of the Legislature, must be selected from the west. This part of the State has brought forward a number of men, whose commanding talents, unswerving attachment to the principles of democracy and ardent efforts in every measure that will contribute to the welfare of the people, would cause the election of either of them to be hailed with universal public approbation. We believe that the claims of the west will not be disputed, and with such candidates as it will present, we cannot understand why any other section of the State should endeavor to push forward other aspirants for the station.

In whatever discussion may take place on the subject, we hope all personal criminations may be avoided, and as the merits, personal and political, of all the candidates are well known, we hope it will be left to the Legislature to decide upon. There is no danger that any one unworthy the confidence of the party will be selected, and we believe it bad policy to get up a discussion about the matter, in which injustice may be done to those who are in every respect deserving of any favor the public can bestow.

NATIVISM AND HARTFORD CONVENTIONISM.—Many of the leaders of the Native party, would be much offended if charged with being, personally, no better than the Hartford Conventionists, who tried to plot treason during the last war, and to devise means to thwart the efforts the country was then making to drive back a foreign foe. The following was one of the amendments to the Constitution suggested by the Hartford Convention, and we would like to know in what it differs from the amendment demanded by the Natives of the present day.

"No person who shall hereafter be naturalized, *shall be eligible as a member of the Senate or House of Representatives of the United States, nor capable of holding any civil office* under the authority of the United States."

THE GARLAND FORGERY.—JAMES G. BIRNEY and the Executive Committee of the Liberty men of Detroit, Michigan, have prepared a long statement, sustained by affidavits and letters, showing that a letter purporting to be from MR BIRNEY to a Mr J B GARLAND, which was issued on the eve of the Presidential election, was a FORGERY. The friends of Mr BIRNEY promptly denounced it as a forgery, when it appeared, and the Pittsburgh Gazette affected much indignation at the author when it was ascertained to be so. As the Gazette published the injurious letter, it is but just that it should insert the full Refutation. Will it do so? We shall see.

SERIOUS INSURRECTION.—A letter from Laguyra, dated the 15th ult. published in the U S Gazette, states that an insurrection of rather a serious character, has recently broken out in the neighborhood of Lezama, in that province, some 60 or 70 miles from Caracas. A body of troops was immediately despatched by the Government to the camp of the insurgents, for the purpose of restoring order; on their arrival a flag a truce was sent to the hostile army, with offers of pardon and protection to all who would return peaceably to their homes. These offers were, however, rejected, and a battle ensued, which resulted in the complete overthrow of the revolters, and the death of their leaders, Canteno and Alvarado.

INCIDENT AT THE GREAT FIRE IN SALEM.—The Salem Register, of Monday, records several incidents of the great fire in that city on Thursday. Among them is the following: A little babe, in one of the houses destroyed, whether through accident or design we know not, was enveloped in a feather bed, thrown from the window, and the bed removed to a distance from the conflagration. The poor mother, at the fate of her innocent, was almost distracted, and filled the air with her shrieks, until her child was found uninjured and unconscious, sleeping safely in its novel quarters in the street.

ENGLISH MINISTER AT ROME.—The English Government have applied, through some nobleman at Rome, to Cardinal Acton, in the hope of obtaining his interest with the Pope, in favor of a renewal of diplomatic intercouse between the Vatican and St James. The Cardinal replied that before such a measure can be entertained by his Holiness, all the penal laws against Popery must be repealed in Parliament; and, when that is done, it will be a *sine qua non* in any Convention that may be offered by the Pope that there shall be a nuncio at St James'.

THE THREE U S SLOOPS OF WAR.—The three new sloops of war, the Portsmouth, built at Portsmouth, New Hampshire; the St Mary's, built at Washington, and the Jamestown, built at Norfolk, are now all at anchor in the harbor of Norfolk, where they have been ordered for the purpose of testing their respective sailing qualities. They are all spoken of as unusually swift vessels, of the most perfect model and finish, and the result of their trial of speed will be looked to with great interest.

☞ The Millerites blame the election of Polk and Dallas with the defeat of their project to destroy the world. This is not enumerated among the charges made by the whigs against the democratic candidates, but it is about as true as any that they have advanced.

"THE SPOTTED FOWEN."—A new song, with this title, is forthcoming in Cincinnati, says a correspondent in the New York Mirror. Is there not a mistake in the title as given in the Mirror? Should it not be "Spotted Fawn?"

JUDGE VS. JURY.—Judge Cranch, of the N. O. Criminal Court, in consequence of the petit jury having found a verdict of *not guilty* in two cases of assault and battery, in opposition to his charge, directed the sheriff to discharge the jury, for the reason, as he said, "that no justice could be expected from such men," and said they had perjured themselves by their verdict. Mr Pandelli, a respectable citizen, and a member of the jury, the next day when his name was called, refused to serve until the Judge retracted his improper and insulting language. The Judge ordered him to be imprisoned immediately for forty-eight hours. An application by an Attorney was made to suspend the sentence for a short time, in order that Mr Pandelli might reflect on what had occurred. The Attorney observed that the usual mode of proceeding was to take a rule to shew cause, by which means the party had an opportunity to be heard by counsel, and that it was rather hard that a juror should be sent to prison in such a summary manner, without a trial and unheard. The judge said he must decline suspending the execution of the sentence, and ordered the commitment to be made out forthwith. Such a judge should be removed from the bench. That is no place to exhibit passion.

PROGRESS OF THE ANTI-RENT DISTURBANCE.—The Albany Argus, of Wednesday, contains some further accounts of the anti-rent difficulties. It seems the Governor has issued a proclamation calling on the Sheriffs to do their whole duty in the suppression of the anti-rent riots, by summoning and arming all the force of their respective counties, if necessary, and stating that any remissness on the part of those officers will be regarded by him as a sufficient cause of removal from office. It was understood that an anti-rent meeting was to be held on Wednesday, at Claverack, or Chatham Four Corners, by persons from the counties of Albany, Rensselaer, Columbia and Schoharie. Meetings, numerously attended, were held at Claverack on Saturday and Sunday.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MILITIA BILL.—The bill providing for a voluntary militia system, the whole number of soldiers not to exceed 9000, passed the House, Wednesday, Dec 18. On the test vote the majority for the bill was 133. The bill abolishes militia trainings, except of Volunteer Companies, whose members are to be paid for their services, $3 per annum each. It provides for an enrollment of all persons of an age to do military duty, on the 1st of April in each year, of which a return is to be made to the Adjutant General on the 1st of June ensuing.

ANOTHER PRESIDENT TYLER.—Daniel Tyler, Esq. of Norwich, has accepted the appointment of President of the Morris Canal Company.

COUNTERFEITS.—Beware of counterfeit half dollars, dated 1838, face of Liberty well done, reverse not so well. Lighter in weight than the genuine coin.

ARREST FOR MURDER.—Two of the anti-rent party have been arrested in Grafton, New York, for the murder of Mr. Smith at one of the meetings. No resistance was made, as many of the "Indians" have seceded from the party since it has resorted to such desperate means to maintain its lawless position.

☞ The name of the Moyamensing Bank has been changed to that of the "Bank of Commerce."

ASSOCIATION OF FACTORY OPERATIVES.—The Factory Girls of Lowell talk of establishing a large Factory, to be worked by themselves, and of which they shall be *Joint Stock Proprietors*.

FINE FISHING.—Twenty-eight vessels belonging to Hingham, caught and packed during the last season, 5367 barrels of mackerel.

JAIL TO LET.—The Jail in Plymouth, Mass., is empty.

CHEAP TRAVELLING.—The fare from Boston to New York is only $3,50.

CANAL COMMISSIONER.

JOSHUA HARTSHORNE, Esq., the newly elected Canal Commissioner, assumes the duties of his office on the second Tuesday of January, 1845, and his term of service is three years. Mr H was formerly a representative in the State Legislature from Chester county, where he furnished many proofs of sound, practical ability, and of consistent devotion to the principles of Democracy.

Mr H. succeeds the Hon JESSE MILLER, by whose vacation the state loses the services of an able and efficient officer. During the administration of the present Board the revenue derived from our public works has constantly increased, thus fully justifying the anticipations formed by those who originally favored an election by the people.—*Dem Union.*

THE ANTI-RENT INSURRECTION.—Every day brings more alarming news from the scene of violence and insubordination along the Hudson. The authorities having so far slept, apparently, have at length become alarmed, and are bestirring themselves in earnest.—The following letter gives the latest particulars:

Hudson, Dec 25.—Our anti-rent troubles are on the increase. The examination of four prisoners now going on, is likely to unravel all the secrets of their association formed in this county, on the 19th of October last. It enrols some very respectable farmers, and what is more astonishing, some too who own their lands in fee.

A very respectable farmer was committed to-day from witness's stand, who refused to testify and to answer a question which he said did not criminate himself. After some hours, he sent a message to the Court that he was willing to answer all question put to him. He was then put on the stand, and testified to many important facts. So that with a few such witnesses we shall at no distant day put a quietus upon that agrarian spirit in this county. This rebellion flourishes well in our manor towns, as ignorance is a genial soil for its growth. Last evening a messenger arrived from Albany, informing us that in the noon cars of to-day, the Burgess Corps, with 300 stand of arms, in addition to their own, would come to our aid, and if we can fetch the first of January, I shall then have full faith in our new Governor elect as he will probably at once declare these several counties in a state of insurrection, and quarter troops in every infected district. Our sheriff received a message this morning, and from a reliable source, that the anti-renters were personally notified last night in the town of Copake to hold themselves in readiness, at a minute's warning to march to Hudson, fire the city and release the prisoners."

Severe Sentence.—Henry Bowyer, alias Henry Boyd, a free colored man, from New Bedford, employed on board the brig Cornelia, Captain Ricketson, belonging to that port, was tried before the County Court of Norfolk, on Thursday last, charged with enticing and abetting the boy Tom, belonging to Mr J Rudder, of that town, to escape from his master. The boy had been employed on board the Cornelia in fanning grain, when the prisoner persuaded him to secret himself on board, and furnished him with provisions after he was secreted. After the vessel left she ran aground on Crany Island flats, when on searching the vessel the Captain discovered him, and immediately returned and delivered him up to his owner. The prisoner was sentenced to serve four years in the Penitentiary.

A Pirate.—The ship John Marshall, which arrived at New York on Tuesday, from Rotterdam, reports having seen a very suspicious vessel. It is supposed to have been a piratical schooner which had boarded a brig, (which was in sight) and intended to have boarded the John Marshall, had not the latter made its escape in the night. The captain says,—"she hoisted Genoese colors at the same time she had a black flag hoisted at her main; we hoisted colors, when she hauled down her black flag."

From the Baltimore Sun.

TWENTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27, 1844.

The Senate was not in session to-day, having adjourned till Monday. What a strange thing it is, that the roast beef and plum pudding of Christmas render men unfit for legislation.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr Hammet said there was a question in which all took a very deep interest, viz: that of the annexation of Texas. Various projects had been submitted and referred to a committee of the whole. It therefore became important to know at what time the discussion was to take place. This was important both to the friends of annexation, as well as those who are opposed to the measure. This was a short session, and it must be evident there was not much time to spare.—He therefore desired the Chairman of the committee on Foreign Affairs to state what his views were on the subject.

Mr C J Ingersoll, the chairman of the committee, said it was his intention to have called for the consideration of the subject on Monday last, but as experience had shewn there was a general indisposition to take up important questions before the holidays, he had forborne. For his part he was prepared to go into the discussion at any moment, but owing to the thin attendance this morning, he thought the better plan would be to fix Monday next for the consideration of the subject. So on that day the debate will take place.

Mr Parmenter desired to go into committee of the whole on the bill to limit the number of warrant officers of the navy, etc, but he did not succeed.

Mr C J Ingersoll argued in favor of taking up a bill providing for the distribution of $300,000, paid by Peru to this country.

Finally, however, the House went into committee of the whole, and resumed the consideration of the bill providing for the reduction of the price of public lands.

Mr Smith, of Illinois, took the floor, and made a long speech in favor of the bill. By way of illustrating one of his positions, he referred to Governor Dorr, and said if the people of the State of Rhode Island, were not oppressed by an aristocratic government, they would instantly release the Governor from his prison.

Mr Pettit followed, also in favor of the bill. He shewed the inducement it afforded to poor men to go and acquire independence in the west, and drew a comparison between the situation of the poor, sickly, confined workmen in the manufactories of the south, and that of the "lord" in the west, whose occupation lay amidst the sweet smell of the clover-field or the new made hay.

Mr McClernand next took the floor, and gave his views.

[At this stage of the proceedings, a drunken man, named John Morgan, a resident, I am told, of this city, commenced shouting in the gallery. He was instantly removed by the officers of the House.]

When Mr McClernand concluded, the committee rose.

After the presentation of some Executive communications and the reference of Senate bills, the House adjourned to Monday. Among those who voted for the adjournment was Mr Cave Johnson. It quite surprised his friends, who talk of a "service of pinte."—I believe it is the first time this modern Aristides has done so.

From the Nashville Union, Dec 19.

CABINET-MAKING AND PRESIDENT-MAKING.

It will strike most of our readers with surprise to see, from the caption of this article, that there is some connection between Cabinet-making and President-making. But it will remove that surprise to learn that this connection exist only in the artful machinations of certain shrewd whigs, who are solicitous to sow dissensions in our ranks. The scheme of division in our ranks seems to be this—Mr Wright is to be held up as the Northern Democratic candidate for the Presidency, and Mr Calhoun is to be held up as the Southern Democratic candidate. The jealousy which would naturally spring up between the respective friends of these two gentlemen, is the result from which whigism calculates upon accession to its ranks. It is possible that some democrats may be found *soft* enough to fall into this snare; but there is one part of the game which will prove abortive, unless we are greatly mistaken in the true character of the President elect. We refer now to the conjectures and speculations as the probable preferences of Col Polk as to his successor, as they may be indicated in the selection of his cabinet. If he should retain Mr Calhoun, the scheme of the plotters is, that his retention is to be heralded as conclusive of the President's preference as to the successor. On the other hand, if Mr Calhoun should not continue in the Cabinet, and his place should be filled by some distinguished Northern democrat—then the inference to be drawn is, that the President has decided in favor of Mr Wright as his successor.

The ingenuity of this scheme is apparent—but there is one fact about it which blows it to *thin air—it is a whig scheme.* When this fact is kept in view the whole plot will explode without injury to any body.—If any democrat has been deceived for a moment in this matter, we trust he will at once right himself.

We have not had one word of conversation or consultation in any way with Col Polk about his Cabinet, or his preferences between Messrs Wright and Calhoun. What we say, therefore, we say from our knowledge of the character of the man. He will not permit himself to be entangled in any scheme connected with the succession. His sole aim will be to administer the government prosperously for four years. He will leave the succession entirely to the people. In making up his cabinet, he will not have any regard to the question of the succession. He will not take sides between Messrs Calhoun and Wright. He knows them both to be men of splendid abilities, of sterling virtues, of sound democracy and of pure characters.—But which of them, or whether either of them shall be his successor, he will leave to the sovereign people, without in the slightest degree undertaking to influence their choice. If Mr Calhoun should be retained in the Cabinet, we therefore undertake to assert that such retention would in no degree indicate the preference of Col Polk for him over Mr Wright or any other democrat for the Presidency. Nor would Mr Calhoun's withdrawal from the Cabinet and the filling of his place by another, be susceptible of a construction going to indicate Col Polk's feelings or preferences.

Although we speak entirely upon our own responsibility, we think we know the President elect so well that we cannot mistake his views, when we assert that in making his Cabinet, his selections will be made exclusively with an eye to the success of his own administration, and not in the smallest degree with an eye to helping any particular friend to be his successor. If there be democratic *cliques*, as we have seen stated, let these *cliques* learn at once that as *such* they will never receive any countenance from the President elect. His democracy is of that stamp which looks to the prosperity of the whole party and the entire country. He has seen the fatal consequences of division in our ranks, and his course will be taken with an eye to harmony and union in our party. He will not permit the selection of his Cabinet to be in any *way* connected with the succession.

This position of the President elect is in many respects extremely delicate—but knowing his promptness, his firmness, his wisdom, his perseverance and his ardent patriotism, as we do, we shall repose with perfect confidence in the belief that his confidence in the belief that his difficulties will be dissipated as he meets them, and that his administration will be eminently successful in securing the prosperity of the whole people and in maintaining the high character of the government.

New Brunswick in trouble.—Some of the New Brunswick people are getting rather warm, for winter weather, on the subject of timber on the public lands. On the waters of the upper St John, there are many timber trespassers, and they, with their friends who supply them and will reap a profit, are out quite fiercely, against the government taking any decisive steps to stop these proceedings. In the mean time, says the Bangor Whig, the trespassers not being restrained as to limits, by any 'permits,' came in contact with each other, and neither being willing to give up, they fought it out. At Baker's Brook, a few days since, a pitched battle took place between two parties. One man's arm was broken near his body, and he was otherwise much injured, while nearly all received bruises and banged eyes. If they begin to fight so early in the season, while lumber is plenty, they will be likely to have sharp work by spring.

THE IRISH MOTHER'S LAMENT.

BY MRS. CRAWFORD.

My beautiful, my bright-eyed boy,
And whither art thou running?
Thy mother's hope, thy mother's joy,
I watch to see thee coming.
I watch the sails of every ship,
But all return without thee,
I ask for thee with quivering lip,
But none knows aught about thee.
Avoureen Deelish!

O shame, Avoureen! summer's fled,
The reaper's time is gone, dear!
I will not dream that thou art dead,
And I am left all alone, dear!
Our cabin is a dreary place,
The very walls look sorrow;
But could I see thy darling face,
They'd sing with joy to-morrow.
Avoureen Deelish!

O shame, Avoureen! art thou dead?
And didst thou brave the danger
Of stormy seas to toil for bread,
And perish with the stranger?
My beautiful, my young, my brave!
Thy mother's heart is riven;
But though I may not share thy grave,
Our souls will meet in heaven.
Avoureen Deelish!

Quick Work.—The Natchez Courier thus chronicles the doings of a chap in that vicinity:

"*Smart.*"—A fellow landed here a few days since from a steamboat, took a horse from Mr Cregier's at the landing, rode him up to Philip Sisloff's mill, traded him off for another horse and $25, took the last obtained horse back to Cregier's track, left him, and stepped on board the same steamboat he had just left, and was soon on his way to the Crescent City.—The owners of the two horses meeting shortly after, the matter was explained.

POLITICAL MATTERS.—*Nomination for 1845.*—The New York Tribune says the whigs of Genessee and Yates counties, of Ledyard, Cayuga Co., Fort Plain, Montgomery Co., and several other portions of that State, have recently held Conventions to decide on and indicate their future course. In every instance, resolutions were unanimously adopted in favor of maintaining the Whig Principles and the Whig Name, and *repudiating all alliances inconsistent with either, or with good faith toward any portion of their advocates.* The Whigs of Yates county nominated Henry Clay as their candidate for President in 1848. Out of this city, we believe there are just *three* Whig journals in our State which are favorable to Nativism—two of them in Albany and one in Ulster county—not one North or West of Albany. So in Pennsylvania, we notice some traces of Nativism in Pittsburgh, and none other out of Philadelphia. In Ohio, not a single Whig journal inclines to Nativism, and the Senate of that State has just disclaimed it by a vote of 24 to 1. So it is, with the exception of a few large cities, throughout the Union. Out of one thousand Whig journals in the country, not twenty incline to Nativism. Reflection has reclaimed thousands who, in the first agony of defeat resolved to enlist in the Native ranks. New York City, which first fanned the flame of intolerance by the fatal error of our last Charter Election, will retrieve her mistake, so far as may be, at the election next April. The great body of the Whigs will never again be trapped as they were last month. One such experiment suffices them abundantly.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

FRIDAY, December 27.

Flour—City Mills has sold at $4 12½ to $4 25, the latter on time; but the transactions have been light.—Howard street has sold at $4 12½ for good mixed brands, from store, and $4 from the cars, to dealers.—There is no Susquehanna in market. The inspections for the week comprise the following kinds and quantities: Howard street 4 354 bbls, and 297 half bbls; City mills 2,282 bbls and 698 half bbls; Susquehanna 70 bbls; Family flour 562 bbls. Total—3,764 bbls, and 995 half bbls wheat flour. There was also inspected 176 bbls rye flour, and 284 bbls, 201 half bbls and 37 hogshead corn meal.

Grain.—The supply is less heavy in general, and Wheat in particular; but the latter is without any variation in prices; their prevailing carrying from 88 to 92 cents for good to prime red, and 75 to 87 for inferior to fair qualities. Rye may be quoted 65 to 68 cts. for Maryland and Pennsylvania. Corn has been pretty steady, but the market rather heavier than last week; we quote white 37 to 38 cents, and yellow 39 to 40. Oats have sold at 25 to 27 cents. Clover seed is firm at $4 50, for prime, inferior going off at something less. Flaxseed sells at $1 [illegible] a $1 25 per bushel.—*Balt Sun.*

Pittsburgh Infirmary,

FOR the reception and treatment of deformities of the human frame, such as *Club or Reeled feet, contracted joints, wry-neck* and *Strabismus* or *Squinting*, and of *Diseases of the Eye*, such as *Cataract*, etc, under the care of

ALBERT G WALTER, M.D.

Liberty, near the corner of Fourth street.

dec 31–hf

Books at Auction.

WILL be sold at M'Kenna's Auction Mart, corner of 2d and Wood streets, this evening, at 6½ o'clock, a valuable collection of Books suitable for New Year's presents. Among which are Standard, Historical, Theological and Miscellaneous works in fancy bindings; with many other articles.

dec 31. P M'KENNA, Auctioneer.

New Year Gifts at Auction.

AT Davis' Commercial Auction Rooms, corner of Wood and 5th street, this evening (Tuesday) December 31st, at 6 o'clock will be sold a variety of Annuals, in handsome binding for 1845, with other articles suitable for New Year presents.

J. D. DAVIS,
dec 31 Auctioneer.

Balance of a Retail Grocery Store
AT AUCTION.

THIS day, Tuesday, December 31st, at 2 o'clock, P. M., will be sold, at Davis's Commercial Auction Rooms, corner of Wood and 5th streets, the balance of a Retail Grocery Store, as the owner is declining business; the stock consists in part of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Spices, Tobacco, Queensware, 1 Patent Balance, Cotton Yarn, Window Glass, Bed-cords.—A lot of Kitchen Furniture, &c. &c.

dec 31. J D DAVIS, Auctioneer.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny.

The petition of John Oberly, of East Deer township, in the county aforesaid, respectfully sheweth

That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the township aforesaid, and prays that your honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

JOHN OBERLY.

We, the subscribers, citizens of E. Deer township, do certify, that John Oberly, the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and convenience for the accommodation of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

James Dickey, Robert Dunn,
Jacob Hershberger, Geo H Lee,
John Vance, Joseph Adams,
John M Stuart, Russel Kennedy,
John Aber, James Vance,
Geo W Rhine, Geo Corbit.
dec 30–3t*

Express for the East.

PACKAGES left at the office of the Express Line, No 39, Front st, will be forwarded to the Eastern cities promptly. dec 28–6t

FRENCH WHITE WINE VINEGAR.—A further supply just landed, and for sale by

REINHART & STRONG,
dec 27. 140 Liberty st.

HONEY Dew Syrup Molasses—a fresh supply of this delicious article received this day and for sale by REINHART & STRONG,
dec27 No 140 Liberty st.

A Boy wanted.

A BOY about 14 years of age, of industrious habits, is wanted to work about our store, and carry out packages to customers. He must be acquainted with the city.

REINHART & STRONG,
140 Liberty street.

Lost,

On the evening of the 26th inst. [illegible] between Fifth and Smithfield st, and Fifth ave. The finder will be rewarded by leaving them with Messrs Hailman & [illegible], 43 Wood st, opposite the Mer[illegible] House.

dec 28.

Election.

THE qualified citizens of the City [illegible] are hereby notified, that an election will be held at the usual places and time for holding City Elections, on Tuesday, the 7th of January, 1845, for the election of two persons qualified to serve as Overseers of the Poor for one year from 1st April, and for 3 persons for Auditors.

E F PRATT,
I J ASHBRIDGE,
dec 28 Overseers of the Poor.

Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Woon & Harris, in the Grocery business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

WM B WOOD,
JOHN W. HARRIS.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 27th, 1844.

N. B.—The business will be continued by John W. Harris, on the north-east corner of Smithfield and Third streets. JOHN W. HARRIS.

dec 28–d3t&w1t*

New Piano Music

At J. H. Mellors', No. 122, Wood street.

HUNTER'S Piano Forte Instructor.
Willig's do do
Jarvis's do do
Ethiopian Overture, containing all the Ethiopian Melodies.
Overture, "Caliph de Bagdad" for two performers.
Swiss Air, "when the day with rosy light" arranged as a duett for two performers, by T Hunter.
Covatina, "while this heart its joy revealing," by Herz.
Band March; Grand Russian March; Hewitt's Quick Step.
Empress Henrietta's Waltz; "L'Albertine," a grand waltz; Ostrich Feather waltz; Allegheny Waltz; Fiorella waltz; Nora
Polkas, a
Songs; "Li
dict; "Rockw
man spare the
lover Blind B
be thy guide,"
song two num
Clarke's Co
Cook's Art
All the ab

dec 28 [illegible]

Music Books.

THE ODEON—a collection of secular melodies, arranged and harmonized for 4 voices, by Mason & Webb:

The Vocalist—consisting of short and easy Glees or Songs, in parts, arranged for Soprano, Alto, Tenor and Bass voices, by Lowell Mason & G. J. Webb;

Twenty-one Madrigals—Glees and part songs, for choir practice and choir singing;

Carmina Sacra—Mason's Sacred Harp;

Missouri Harmony—Boston Academy Collection;

Bradbury and Sanders's Young Choir;

The Boston School Song Book;

with a general assortment of School Books and Stationary, Piano music, Musical Instruments.

All the above are on hand and for sale at eastern prices, by J. H. MELLOR,
dec 28. 122 Wood street.

A NEW NOVEL BY JAMES,
AND
HARPER'S BIBLE, NO 15.
At Cook's, No 85, Fourth street.

COOK has this day received "AGINCOURT," a new novel by G P R James.

Harper's Illuminated Bible, No 15.

The Ladies National Magazine for January.

The Book of beauty.

Campbell's Poems, a splendidly bound edition.

Illustrated Life of Christ, a beautiful book.

Wilton Harvey and other tales by Mrs Sedgwick.

History of the Reformation in Germany.

Niebuhr's History of Rome, now complete in five parts, or bound in 2 volumes.

European Times and London Punch.

Living Age, Nos 31 and 32.

Shakspeare illustrated, No 37.

Cyclopedia of Practical Medicine, Nos 16 and 19.

Atilla and Richelieu, by James, new supply.

Musical Library for December.

Splendid Juvenile Books,
FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS

Pictorial Life of Napoleon; Tales of the Kings of England;
History of Fox and Hofer; Book for Girls;
Child's own Story Book;
Bagley's Stories about Insects; Nursery Rhymes of England;
American Girls' Book; Bagley's Stories about Travellers;
Little Gift; Nursery Songs;
Child's Gem; Saint Nicholas Gift;
Two Half Dollars; Boys' and Girls' Library;
Masterman Ready; Parlor Book;
Every Day Book; Poetic Garland;
History of A Day; Robinson Crusoe;
Paul Percival; Robin Hood;
Happy Hours; Christmas Tales;
Paul and Virginia; Evenings at Home;
Little Keepsake; Play House and Workshop;
Stories for Little Girls; Interesting Stories;
Parlor Magic; Parley's Young American.
Boys' Week-day Book;

The above, with a great assortment of Splendid Books, adapted for Christmas New Year and Birth Day presents, for sale by C. H. KAY, corner of Wood and 3d streets. dec 25.

Penn Insurance Company.

AN Election for Directors of this Institution will be held at the office of the Company, southeast corner of Market and Third streets, Pittsburgh, on Monday the 6th day of January, 1845, between the hours of 9 and 12 o'clock, A. M.

J. FINNEY, Jr.,
dec 25–dte. Secretary.

Books, Paper, Tracts, &c.,
FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS.

SABBATH Temperance societies and the Public on hand and receiving from New York city, an from the American Temperance Union and Tract societies, &c. a large assortment of tracts in packages—Temperance papers, pamphlets, books, &c. Also 500 American temperance journals, and 10,000 temperance advocates, and supplies of Temperance Sailors—Presbyterian—Loomis' and Pittsburgh Almanac's, and a variety of books, &c for Christmas and New Years; for sale low at wholesale and retail.

Beeswax, tallow, dried apples and peaches.—Bean carpet and paper rags &c. taken in payment or exchange. ISAAC HARRIS.

d25 d1w 1w

Pittsburgh Navigation and Fire Insurance Company.

THE Annual election for Directors of the Pittsburgh Navigation and Fire Insurance Company will be held at the Office, No 35, Market street, on Monday, January 6th, 1845, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 2, P. M. JAMES S CRAFT,
dec 24—dtd. Secretary.

83 Market Street, Pittsburgh.

B. E CONSTABLE, respectfully calls the attention of his customers [illegible] to his [illegible] Plaid Poplin, French Broche Shawls Mode[illegible] Plaid Poplin, all wool, just imported: [illegible] 9, 10, and 11 quarters, nov
style of patterns, de[illegible]
worth $14; high[illegible] Bridge Stock.
lisse Cloths [illegible]
cts. per [illegible]; for sale by
GEO. COCHRAN,
No 26 Wood st.
dec 5, 1844.